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| +10 | 73 | | George Washington John Adams John Jay R. H. Harrison John Rutledge John Hancock George Clinton | | | 69 | |
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POR BOOKS RELATING TO POLITICS AND FINE ARTS



AMERICAN ALMANAC

AND

Treasury of Facts,

STATISTICAL, FINANCIAL, AND POLITICAL,

FOR THE YEAR

1879,

EDITED BY

AINSWORTH R. SPOFFORD,

Librarian of Congress.

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THE AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY.

1879.

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PREFACE.

THE second issue of this statistical annual, delayed a few weeks by the care so essential in tabulating and combining the great mass of figures it contains, is substantially a new work. Only the most indispensable official tables of the former book, brought up to the latest attainable date, have been preserved. It is hoped that the volume will be found an improvement upon its predecessor, not only in the arrangement of material, but in comprehensiveness, freshness, and utility.

Although the edition for 1878 did not meet its expenses, owing to the heavy cost of tabular matter and the comparatively small number sold, the editor has been induced, by the assurances of those whose judgment he is not at liberty to disregard, that the work meets a positive public want, to prepare another volume. Whether the AMERICAN ALMANAC AND TREASURY OF FACTS will be continued must depend upon the encouragement received. The editor here records his thanks to the many correspondents in and out of public life who have testified their appreciation of his labors, to the press, who have given the work unanimous and cordial welcome, to the officers of the National and State Governments, who have supplied him with material, and to the members of his family, for constant and efficient aid.

Washington, Feb. 5, 1879.

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ECLIPSES, FESTIVALS, ETC., IN 1879.

FIXED AND MOVABLE FESTIVALS.

| Epiphany, | Jan. 6 | Easter Sunday, | April 13 |
|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------------|
| Septuagesima Sunday, | Feb. 9 | Low Sunday, | April 20 |
| Sexagesima Sunday, | Feb. 16 | Rogation Sunday, | May 18 |
| Quinquagesima Sunday | , Feb. 23 | Holy Thursday (Asc | ension- |
| Ash Wednesday, | Feb. 26 | day), | May 22 |
| First Sunday in Lent, | March 2 | Whit Sunday, (Pente | ecost), June 1 |
| Quadragesima Sunday, | March 2 | Trinity Sunday, | June 8 |
| St. Patrick, | March 17 | Corpus Christi, | June 12 |
| Mid-Lent Sunday, | March 23 | Michaelmas Day, | Sept. 29 |
| Palm Sunday, | April 6 | Advent Sunday, | Nov. 30 |
| Good Friday, | April 11 | Christmas Day, | Dec. 25 |

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| Lunar Cycle, or Golden Number, 18 | Jewish Lunar Cycle, | 15 |
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ECLIPSES IN 1879.

There will be three eclipses during this year, two of the Sun and one of the Moon.

I. The first will be an Annular eclipse of the Sun, January 23, 7 o'clock and 6 minutes in the morning; invisible in North America.

The eclipse begins on the earth in longitude 25° 52′ E. from Wash-

ington, D. C., and latitude 23° 55' S.

Ends on the earth in longitude 124° 13' E. from Washington, and latitude 11° 23' N.

II. An Annular eclipse of the Sun, July 19, 4 o'clock and 21 minutes in the morning; invisible in North America.

III. A partial eclipse of the Moon, December 27-28, 11 o'clock and 31 minutes in the forenoon; invisible at Washington.

MORNING STARS.

EVENING STARS.

Venus, after Sept. 23. Venus, until Sept. 23. Mars, until July 1. Mars, after July 1. Jupiter, after Feb. 8 until June 2. Jupiter, until Feb. 8; after June 2. Saturn, after March 26 until July 7. Saturn, until Mch. 26; after July 7.

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ist Month.]

JANUARY, 1879. [31 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | | | |
|--------|----------|--|----------|-----------|----------|-----|---------------|
| Day | Day | 1 | | | _ | | |
| of | of | Full Moon 8 6 41 morn. | | un Es. | | TS. | Moon Sets. |
| Month. | Week. | Last Quarter 15 5 55 morn. | Itis | ED. | SE. | LD. | 5213. |
| | | New Moon 22 6 44 eve. | 1 | | | | |
| | | First Quarter 30 6 38 morn. | 1 | | 1 | | |
| | | | _ | | | | |
| _ | XX7. 3 | 1000 Time I to The state of the The | | M. | • | M. | н. м. |
| 1 | Wed. | 1863 Lincoln's Emancipation Pro- clamation. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 49 | 12 38 |
| 2 | Thur. | 1788 Georgia ratified the Constitu- tion. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 50 | 1 37 |
| 8 | Fri. | 1777 Battle of Princeton. | 7 | 19 | 1 | 51 | 2 39 |
| 4 | Sat. | 1858 Death of Rachel. | 7 | 19 | | 52 | 3 41 |
| 5 | Sun. | 1781 Richmond, Va., burned by Arnold. | 1 - | 19 | - | 52 | 4 33 |
| 6 | Mon. | 1844 First telegraph between Balti- | 7 | 19 | 4 | 53 | 5 31 |
| _ | m | more and Washington. | | | ١. | | 4 07 |
| 7 | Tues. | 1718 General Putnam born. | | 19 | | | 6 27 |
| 8 | Wed. | 1815 Defeat of the British at New Orleans. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 55 | rises. |
| 9 | Thur | 1788 Connecticut ratified the Con- | - | 19 | | 20 | 6 39 |
| U | t nui. | stitution. | 1 | 19 | 4 | 56 | 0 00 |
| 10 | Fri. | 1840 Penny Postage established in England. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 57 | 7 51 |
| 11 | Sat. | 1757 Alexander Hamilton born. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 58 | 9 00 |
| 12 | Sun. | 1808 Salmon P. Chase born. | | 18 | 4 | | 10 14 |
| 13 | Mon. | 1825 Slavery abolished in Mexico. | 7 | 18 | 5 | | 11 22 |
| 14 | Tues. | | 7 | 18 | 5 | | morn. |
| 15 | Wed. | 1759 British Museum opened. | 7 | 18 | 5 | 2 | 12 27 |
| 16 | Thur. | | 7 | 17 | 5 | 8 | 1 42 |
| 17 | Fri. | 1600 Calderon de la Barca born. | 7 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 2 54 |
| 18 | Sat. | 1782 Daniel Webster born. | 7 | 16 | 5 | 6 | |
| 19 | Sun. | 1848 Gold discovered in California. | 7 | 16 | 5 | 7 | |
| 20 | Mon. | 1779 David Garrick died. | 7 | 15 | 5 | 8 | 5 27 |
| 21 | Tues. | | 7 | 15 | 5 | 9 | 6 25 |
| 22 | Wed. | 1783 Byron born. | 7 | 14 | 5 | 10 | |
| 23 | | 1806 William Pitt died. | 7 | 14 | 5 | 11 | 6 46 |
| 24 | Fri. | 1712 Frederick the Great born. | 7 | 13 | 5 | 12 | 7 42 |
| 25 | Sat. | 1759 Robert Burns born. | 7 | 12 | 5 | 13 | 8 34 |
| 26 | Sun. | 1837 Michigan admitted into the Union. | 7 | 12 | 5 | 15 | 9 41 |
| 27 | Mon. | 1756 Mozart born | 7 | 11 | | | 10 42 |
| 28 | Tues. | 1859 William H. Prescott died. | 7 | 10 | 5 | 17 | 11 41 |
| 29 | Wed. | 1861 Kansas admitted to the Union. | 7 | 9 | 5 | 18 | morn. |
| 30 | Thur. | 1649 King Charles I. beheaded. | 7 | 8 | 5 | 19 | 12 46 |
| 81 | Fri. | 1849 Abolition of the Corn Laws. | 7 | 8 | 5 | 20 | 1 51 |
| | <u> </u> | ., | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | |

2d Month.]

FEBRUARY, 1879. [28 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|-------|------------|---|-----------|---------------|
| Day of Month. | Day of Week. | Full Moon 6 8 34 eve. Last Quarter 13 1 49 eve. New Moon 20 10 57 eve. | | un Bes. | | un TS. | Moon Sets. |
| | | | ſ | ¥. | | x. | н. ж. |
| 1 | Sat. | 1552 Sir Edward Coke born. | 7 | 7 | | 21 | 2 54 |
| 2 | Sun. | 1848 Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo | 7 | 6 | 5 | 23 | 3 55 |
| 8 | Mon. | signed. 1811 Horace Greeley born, | 7 | 5 | | 24 | 4 55 |
| 4 | Tues. | 1555 John Rogers burned. | | 4 | | 25 | |
| 5 | Wed. | 1788 Sir Robert Peel born. | 7 7 7 | 8 | | 26 | |
| 6 | Thur. | | 7 | 2 | | | rises. |
| _ | | Constitution. | | | _ | | |
| 7 | Fri. | 1812 Charles Dickens born. | 7 | 1 | | 28 | |
| 8 | Sat. | 1587 Mary Queen of Scots beheaded. | 7 | 0 | | 29 | |
| 9 | Sun. | | 6 | | | 30 | |
| 10 | Mon. | 1876 Reverdy Johnson died. | 6 | | 5 | 32 | 10 02 |
| 11 | Tues. | | 6 | 57 | 5 | 33 | 11 17 |
| 12 | Wed | 1809 Abraham Lincoln born. | 6 | 55 | | | morn. |
| 13 | Thur. | 1689 William III, and Mary pro- claimed. | 6 | 54 | 5 | 85 | 12 27 |
| 14 | Fri. | 1859 Oregon admitted to the Union. | 6 | 53 | - | 36 | 1 35 |
| 15 | Sat. | 1710 Louis XV. born. | | 52 | | 38 | |
| 16 | Sun. | 1857 Dr. E. K. Kane died. | | 51 | | 39 | |
| 17 | Mon. | 1815 The War of 1812 ended. | 6 | | | 40 | |
| 18 | Tues. | 1564 Galileo born. | 6 | 48 | | 41 | |
| 19 | Wcd. | 1821 Florida ceded to U. S. by Spain. | 6 | 47 | | 42 | |
| 20 | Thur. | 1716 David Garrick born. | 6 | 46 | 5 | 44 | sets. |
| 21 | Fri. | 1801 John Henry Newman born. | 6 | 44 | | 45 | 6 32 |
| 22 | Sat. | 1732 George Washington born. | 6 | 43 | | 46 | 7 30 |
| 23 | Sun. | | 6 | 42 | 5 | 47 | 8 29 |
| 24 | Mon. | 1863 Territory of Arizona organized. | 6 | 40 | 5 | 48 | 9 27 |
| 25 | Tues. | 1791 First U. S. bank chartered. | 6 | | | | 10 29 |
| 26 | Wed. | 1848 French Republic proclaimed. | 6 | | | | 11 32 |
| 27 | Thur. | 1807 Henry W. Longfellow born. | 6 | 36 | | | morn. |
| 28 | Fri. | 1820 Rachel born. | 6 | 34 | 5 | 53 | 12 40 |

3d Month.]

MARCH, 1879.

[31 Days.

| | | | | - | | | |
|----------|-------|--|----|----------|---|----------|-----------------------|
| | | Moon's Phases. WASHINGTON. | | | | | |
| Day | Day | DAY. H. M. | s | UN | s | UN | Moon |
| Month. | | First Quarter 1 2 50 morn. | | SES. | | TS. | SETS |
| | | Full Moon 8 8 2 morn. | | | 1 | | |
| | l | Last Quarter 14 10 35 eve. | | | | | |
| | | New Moon 22 3 59 eve. First Quarter 30 7 59 eve. | | | 1 | | |
| | | First Quarter 50 1 00 cvc. | - | | - | | |
| 1 | Sat. | 1867 Nebraska admitted to the Union. | 11 | ж. 33 | i | м. 54 | н. м. 1 38 |
| 2 | Sun. | 1853 Territory of Washington organized. | 6 | 32 | 5 | 55 | 2 34 |
| 3 | Mon. | 1845 Florida admitted to the Union. | 6 | 30 | 5 | 56 | 3 28 |
| 4 | Tues. | 1791 Vermont admitted to the Union. | 6 | 29 | 5 | 57 | 4 19 |
| 5 | Wed. | 1770 Boston Massacre. | 6 | 27 | 5 | 57 | 4 52 |
| 6 | Thur. | 1836 Massacre of the Alamo, Tex. Ash Wednesday. | 6 | 26 | 5 | 59 | 5 27 |
| 7 | Fri. | 1274 St. Thomas Aquinas died. | 6 | 24 | 5 | 59 | 5 57 |
| 8 | Sat. | 1702 Accession of Queen Anne: | | 23 | 6 | 1 | rises. |
| | | William III. died. | | | _ | | |
| 9 | | 1451 Americus Vespucius born. | 6 | 21 | 6 | 1 | 7 37 |
| 10 | Mon. | First Sunday in Lent. | | 20 | 6 | 2 | 8 40 |
| 11 | Tues. | | | 18 | 6 | 3 | 9 41 |
| 12 | Wea. | 1684 Bishop Berkeley born. 1841 Steamer President lost. | | 17 15 | 6 | | 10 47 11 51 |
| 18 | Fri. | 1782 Thomas H. Benton born. | | 13 | 6 | | morn. |
| 14 15 | Sat. | 1820 Maine admitted to the Union. | | 12 | 6 | | morn. 12 51 |
| 16 | | | 6 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 1 45 |
| 17 | | 1751 James Madison born. 1776 British evacuated Boston. | 6 | 9 | 6 | 9 | 2 29 |
| 18 | | 1766 Stamp Act repealed. | 6 | 7 | | 10 | 8 09 |
| 19 | Wed. | 1813 David Livingstone born. | 6 | 6 | | 11 | 3 49 |
| 20 | Thur | 1727 Sir Isaac Newton died. | ð | 4 | | 12 | 4 31 |
| 21 | Fri. | 1413 Henry V. of Eng. crowned. | 6 | 3 | | 13 | 5 11 |
| 22 | Sat. | 1765 Stamp Act passed. | 6 | 1 | 6 | 14 | sets. |
| 23 | | 1749 La Place born. | | 59 | | 15 | 7 24 |
| 24 | Mon. | 1603 Queen Elizabeth died. | | 58 | | 16 | 8 14 |
| 25 | Tues. | 1609 Hudson River discovered. | | 56 | | 17 | 9 09 |
| 26 | Wed. | 1827 Beethoven died. | | 54 | | | 10 24 |
| 27 | Thur. | 1512 Florida discovered by Ponce de | | 53 | | | 11 37 |
| 90 | Fri. | Leon. | 5 | 51 | 6 | 10 | morn. |
| 28 29 | Sat. | 1793 Henry R. Schoolcraft born. 1772 Swedenborg died. | | 50 | | | morn. 12 38 |
| 80 | | 1867 Alaska acquired by treaty with | | 48 | | 21 | 1 43 |
| 90 | Jun. | Russia. | ľ | 10 | v | ~- | 1 40 |
| 31 | Mon. | 1850 John C. Calhoun died. | 5 | 47 | 6 | 22 | 2 29 |
| | | | | | | | |

4th Month.] APRIL, 1879. [30 Days.

| | - | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Day of Month. | Day of Week. | Full Moon 6 5 13 eve. Last Quarter 13 9 2 morn. New Moon 21 5 48 morn. First Quarter 29 5 09 morn. | Sun Rises | Sun Sets. | Moon Sets. |
| | | | н. м. | н. м. | н. м. |
| 1 | Tūes. | 1789 First House Representatives organized at New York. | 11 | 1 | 2 59 |
| 2 | Wed. | 1792 U. S. Mint estab. at Phila. | 5 44 | 6 24 | 8 23 |
| 3 | Thur. | 1783 Washington Irving born. | 5 42 | 6 25 | 4 01 |
| 4 | Fri. | 1841 President Harrison died. | 5 41 | 6 26 | 4 34 |
| 5 | Sat. | 1794 Execution of Danton. | 5 39 | 6 27 | 5 03 |
| 6 | Sun. | 1789 First Senate organized at New York. | 5 37 | 6 28 | rises. |
| 7 | Mon. | 1780 William Ellery Channing born | 5 36 | 6 29 | 7 44 |
| 8 | Tues. | 1848 Donizetti died. | 5 34 | 6 30 | 9 00 |
| 9 | | 1626 Lord Bacon died. | 5 33 | 6 31 | 10 14 |
| 10 | Thur. | 1816 U. S. Bank incorporated. | 5 31 | | 11 20 |
| 11 | Fri. | 1713 Peace of Utrecht. | 5 30 | 6 33 | |
| 12 | Sat. | 1777 Henry Clay born. | 5 28 | | 12 20 |
| 13 | Sun. | 1593 Thomas Wentworth Strafford | 5 27 | 6 35 | 12 51 |
| | | born. | | | 4 00 |
| 14 | Mon. | 1865 President Lincoln assassinated | | 6 36 | 1 33 |
| 15 | | 1814 John L. Motley born. | 5 24 | 6 37 | 1 59 |
| 16 | Wed. | 1786 Sir John Franklin born. | 5 23 | 6 38 | 2 25 |
| 17 | | 1790 Benjamin Franklin died. | `5 21 | 6 39 | |
| 18 | Fri. | 1847 Battle of Cerro Gordo. | 5 20 | 6 40 | 3 16 |
| 19 | Sat. | 1775 Battles of Lexington and Concord. Good Friday. | 5 18 | 6 41 | 3 44 |
| 20 | Sun. | 1808 Napoleon III. born. | 5 17 | | 4 16 |
| 21 | Mon. | 1836 Battle of San Jacinto. Easter Sunday. | | | |
| 23 | | 1509 Accession of Henry VIII. | 5 14 | 6 43 | 8 26 |
| 23 | Wed. | 1616 Shakespeare died. | 5 13 | | 9 28 |
| 24 | Thur. | 1704 Boston News Letter, first paper in the U. S. | | | 10 13 |
| 25 | Fri. | 1599 Oliver Cromwell born. | 5 10 | | 11 22 |
| 26 | Sat. | 1711 David Hume born. | 5 9 | | morn. |
| 27 | Sun. | 1737 Edward Gibbon died. | 5 8 | | 12 24 |
| 28 | Mon. | 1788 Maryland ratified the Constitution. | | | 1 12 |
| 29 | Tues. | 1856 Peace proclaimed after Crimean War. | 5 5 | 6 50 | 2 03 |
| 30 | Wed. | 1812 Louisiana admitted to the Union. | 5 4 | 6 51 | 2 32 |

5th Month.] MAY, 1879.

[31 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. WASHINGTON. | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|---------------|---------|--------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Day of Month. | Day of Week. | Full Moon 6 1 5 morn. 12 New Moon 21 First Quarter 28 6 39 eve. | Sun Rises. | | SUN SETS. | | Moon Sets. | |
| | Thur. | 1775 Boston besieged by American | н. 5 | м. 2 | | м 52 | н. м. 2 59 | |
| • | Thu. | army. | ľ | ~ | Ŭ | ٠. | | |
| 2 | Fri. | 1494 Jamaica discovered. | 5 | 1 | 6 | 53 | 3 15 | |
| 3 | Sat. | 1845 Thomas Hood died. | 5 | 0 | в | 54 | 3 29 | |
| 4 | Sun. | 1780 John J. Audubon born. | 4 | 59 | 6 | 55 | 3 59 | |
| 5 | Mon. | 1821 Napoleon Bonaparte died. | 4 | 58 | 6 | 56 | 4 24 | |
| 6 | Tues. | 1859 Alex. von Humboldt died. | | 57 | 6 | 57 | rises. | |
| 7 | Wed. | 1869 Union Pacific Railroad completed. | | 55 | 6 | 5 8 | 9 10 | |
| 8 | Thur. | 1871 Treaty of Washington with Great Britain. | 4 | 54 | 6 | 59 | 10 12 | |
| 9 | Fri. | 1502 Columbus sailed, 4th voyage. | 4 | 53 | 7 | 0 | 11 00 | |
| 10 | Sat. | 1876 Centennial Exhibition opened. | 4 | 52 | 7 | 1 | 11 44 | |
| 11 | Sun. | 1858 Minnesota admitted to the Union. | 4 | 51 | 7 | 2 | morn. | |
| 13 | Mon. | 1763 Andrew Jackson born. | 4 | 50 | 7 | 2 | 12 22 | |
| 13 | Tues. | 1607 First settlement at Jamestown, Va. | 4 | 49 | 7 | | 12 54 | |
| 14 | Wed. | 1610 Henry IV. killed by Ravaillac. | 4 | 49 | 7 | 4 | 1 20 | |
| 15 | Thur. | 1847 Daniel O'Connell died. | 4 | 48 | 7 | 5 | 1 42 | |
| 16 | Fri. | 1801 Wm. Henry Seward born. | 4 | 47 | 7777 | 6 | 2 05 | |
| 17 | Sat. | 1829 John Jay died. | 4 | 46 | 7 | 7 | 2 29 | |
| 18 | Sun. | 1804 Napoleon I. proclaimed emperor | 4 | 45 | | 8 | 2 54 | |
| 19 | Mon. | 1780 Dark Day in New England. | | 44 | 7 | 9 | | |
| 20 | | | | 43 | | | | |
| 21 | Wed. | | | 43 | | | sets. | |
| 22 | Thur. | | | 42 | | 11 | | |
| 23 | Fri. | 1836 Edward Livingstone died. | 1 - | 41 | | 12 | | |
| 24 | Sat. | 1864 Territory of Montana organized. | _ | 41 | | | 10 34 | |
| 25 | Sun. | 1803 Ralph Waldo Emerson born. | | 40 | | | 11 24 | |
| 26 | Mon. | 1781 Bank of North America established. | 4 | 39 | 7 | 14 | 11 57 | |
| 27 | Tues. | 1199 King John crowned. | 4 | 39 | 7 | 15 | morn | |
| 28 | Wed. | 1807 Louis Agassiz born. | | 38 | | | 12 48 | |
| 29 | Thur. | | | 38 | 7 | 17 | 1 14 | |
| 30 | Fri. | Decoration Day, soldiers' graves | 4 | 37 | 7 | 17 | 1 48 | |
| 31 | Sat. | 1791 First U. S. copyright law. | 4 | 37 | 7 | 18 | 2 10 | |

6th Month.]

JUNE, 1879.

[30 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. WASHINGTON. | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|---|-----|----------|----|------------|---------|-----|
| Day | Day of | Full Moon 4 8 34 morn. | | JN | | JN | Mo | |
| of Month. | Week. | Last Quarter 11 11 51 morn. | RIS | E8. | SE | T5. | SE | rs. |
| MOMUN. | | New Moon 19 3 15 eve. | 1 | | | | | |
| | | First Quarter 27 12 50 morn. | 1 | | | | | |
| | | Inst Quarter 27 12 00 morn. | | | | | | _ |
| 1 | Sun. | 1792 Kentucky admitted; 1796, | | ж. 36 | | ж. 19 | н. 2 | |
| ,1 | | Tennessee admitted. | | | | - | | |
| 2 | Mon. | 1773 John Randolph born. | | 36 | | 19 | | 59 |
| 8 | Tues. | 1861 Stephen A. Douglas died. | | 36 | | | | 23 |
| 4 5 | Wed. | 1859 Battle of Magenta. | | 35 | 7 | 21 | ris | |
| 5 | Thur. | | | 35 | | 21 | | |
| 6 7 | Fri. | 1779 Patrick Henry died. | | 35 | | | | |
| 7 | Sat. | 1765 First American Congress, N.Y. | | 35 | | | 10 | |
| 8 | Sun. | 1845 Andrew Jackson died. | | 84 | | | 10 | |
| 9 | Mon. | 1870 Charles Dickens died. | | 34 | | | 11 | |
| 10 | Tues. | 1580 Camoens died. | | 34 | | | 11 | |
| 11 | Wed. | 1727 Accession of George II. | | 34 | 7 | 25 | mo | rn |
| 13 | Thur. | 1846 Oregon treaty signed. | | 34 | | | 19 | |
| 13 | Fri. | 1786 Gen. Winfield Scott born. | | 34 | | | 12 | |
| 14 | Sat. | 1777 U. S. flag, 13 stars and stripes, adopted. | | 34 | | | | 06 |
| 15 | Sun. | 1836 Arkan sas admitted to the Union. | 4 | 34 | | 26 | 1 | 34 |
| 16 | Mon. | 1846 Pius IX. elected Pope. | 4 | 34 | 7 | 27 | 2 | 90 |
| 17 | Tues. | 1775 Battle of Bunker Hill. | 4 | 34 | 7 | 27 | 2 | 48 |
| 18 | Wed. | 1815 Battle of Waterloo. | | 34 | | 28 | | 40 |
| 19 | Thur. | 1863 West Virginia admitted to the Union. | 4 | 34 | l | 28 | | 8. |
| 20 | Fri. | 1782 Great Seal of United States adopted. | 4 | 84 | 7 | 28 | 8 | 4(|
| 21 | Sat. | 1788 New Hampshire ratified the Constitution. | 4 | 34 | 7 | 2 8 | 9 | 18 |
| 23 | Sun. | 1815 Napoleon's final abdication. | 4 | 35 | 7 | 28 | 9 | 56 |
| 23 | Mon. | 1859 Battle of Solfering. | 4 | 35 | 7 | 29 | 10 | 20 |
| 24 | Tues. | 1497 New Foundland discovered by Cabot. | 4 | 35 | 7 | 29 | 10 | 58 |
| 25 | Wed. | 1788 Virginia ratified Constitution. | 4 | 35 | 7 | 29 | 11 | 24 |
| 26 | Thur. | 1830 George IV. died. | 4 | 36 | 7 | 29 | 11 | 54 |
| 27 | Fri. | 1805 Francis W. Newman born. | 4 | 36 | 7 | 29 | mo | rn |
| 28 | Sat. | 1836 James Madison died. | 4 | 37 | 7 | 29 | 12 | |
| 29 | Sun. | 1852 Henry Clay died. | | 37 | 7 | 29 | 1 | 04 |
| 30 | Mon. | 1834 Indian country set apart by | 4 | 37 | 7 | 29 | 1 | 40 |
| | ľ | Congress, | | | | | 1 | |

7th Month.] JULY, 1879.

[31 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|--|-----------|------------|----|------------|---------------|-----------|
| Day of Month. | Day of Week. | Full Moon 3 4 31 eve. Last Quarter 11 3 48 morn. New Moon 19 5 9 morn. First Quarter 26 5 30 morn. | St Ris | | SE | un TB. | Moon Sets. | |
| | | | н. | | | M. | • | M. |
| 1 | Tues. | 1690 Battle of the Boyne. | | 38 | | 29 | | 35 |
| 2 | Wed. | 1850 Sir Robert Peel died. | | 38 | | 29 | | 21 |
| 3 | Thur. | | | 39 | | | ris | |
| 4 | Fri. | 1776 Declaration of Independence signed. | | 39 | | 28 | | 14 |
| 5 | Sat. | 1755 Sarah Siddons born. | 4 | | | 28 | | 44 |
| 6 | Sun. | 1535 Sir Thomas More beheaded. | | 41 | 7 | | | 08 |
| 7 | Mon. | 1844 Native American riots in Philadelphia. | 4 | 41 | - | 28 | ย | 34 |
| 8 | Tues. | | 4 | | | 27 | | 56 |
| 9 | Wed. | 1755 Gen. Braddock's defeat—Monongahela. | 4 | 42 | 7 | 27 | 10 | 08 |
| 10 | Thur. | | 4 | 43 | 7 | 27 | 10 | 40 |
| īĭ | Fri. | 1767 John Quincy Adams born. | | 44 | | | 11 | |
| 12 | Sat. | 1831 Belgium separated from Hol- land. | 4 | 44 | 7 | 26 | 11 | 22 |
| 13 | Sun. | 1787 Ordinance of 1787 passed Congress. | 4 | 4 5 | 7 | 2 6 | 11 | 59 |
| 14 | Mon. | 1873 Great Fire in Chicago. | 4 | 46 | 7 | 25 | mo | rn. |
| 15 | Tues | 1828 Houdon the sculptor died. | 4 | | | | 12 | |
| 16 | Wed. | 1790 District of Columbia establis'd | | 47 | | 24 | | 18 |
| 17 | Thur. | 1797 Paul Delaroche born. | | 48 | 7 | 23 | 2 | |
| 18 | Fri. | 1778 British evacuation of Phila. | | 49 | | | 3 | |
| 19 | Sat. | 1786 Fitch's first steamer on the Delaware. | | 50 | | | set | |
| 20 | Sun | 1806 John Sterling born. | 4 | 51 | 7 | 21 | 8 | 17 |
| 21 | Mon. | 1796 Robert Burns died. | 4 | | | 21 | | |
| 22 | Tues. | | 4 | | | 20 | | 10 |
| 23 | Wed. | 1803 Emmett's insurrection in Ire- | | 53 | | 19 | | 36 |
| 21 | Thur. | | 4 | 54 | 7 | 18 | 10 | 05 |
| 25 | Fri. | 1868 Territory of Wyoming organ- ized. | 4 | | 7 | | 10 | |
| 26 | Sat. | 1788 New York ratified the Consti- | 4 | 56 | 7 | 17 | 11 | 23 |
| 27 | Sun | 1789 State Department established. | 4 | 57 | 17 | 16 | mo | יויו |
| 28 | Mon. | 1794 Robespierre guillotined | | 58 | | | 12 | |
| 20 29 | Tues. | | | 58 | | 14 | | 14 |
| ε̈́0 | Wed. | 1784 Diderot died. | | 59 | 7 | 13 | | 12 |
| £1 | Thur. | | | 59 | | 12 | | 08 |
| 0.1 | Inul. | 2010 22 dien vonnson died. | T | " | • | מו | ٦ | 00 |

8th Month.] AUGUST, 1879. [31 Days.

| | | | | == : | | |
|--------------|----------------------|--|-----|------|------|----------|
| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | | |
| Day | Day | DAY. H. M. | S | UN | SU | Moon |
| of Month. | of We ek . | Full Moon 2 2 6 morn. | | Es. | SET | |
| -conva. | | Last Quarter 9 9 3 eve. | 1 | | l | ł |
| | | New Moon 17 3 4 eve. | 1 | | | • |
| | 1 | First Quarter 24 10 5 morn. | | | | 1 |
| | | Full Moon 31 1 49 eve. | | | | |
| | | | н. | M. | H. 1 | |
| 1 | Fri. | 1876 Colorado admitted to the Union. | 5 | 0 | 7 1 | 1 4 03 |
| 2 | Sat. | 1830 Charles X. abdicated. | 5 | 1 | | 0 rises. |
| 3 | Sun. | 1492 Columbus sailed from Palos to America. | 5 | 2 | 7 | 9 7 52 |
| 4 | Mon. | 1792 Percy Bysshe Shelley born. | 5 | 3 | 7 | 8 8 14 |
| 5 | | 1858 First Atlantic cable landed. | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 8 40 |
| 6 | Wed. | 1775 Daniel O'Connell born. | 5 | 5 | 7 | 6 9 12 |
| 7 | Thur. | 1789 War Department established. | 5 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 9 44 |
| 8 | Fri. | 1779 Benjamin Silliman born. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 4 10 12 |
| 9 | Sat. | 1842 First Treaty of Washington | 5 | 7 | 7 | 2 10 41 |
| 10 | Sun. | signed. 1821 Missouri admitted to the Union. | 5 | 8 | 7 | 1 11 07 |
| 11 | Mon. | 1763 J. V. Moreau born. | 5 | 9 | 7 | 0 11 50 |
| 12 | Tues. | 1775 C. Malte-Brun born. | 5 | 10 | | 9 morn. |
| 13 | Wed. | 1838 Banks in the U.S. resumed | 5 | 11 | | 8 12 55 |
| 4.4 | m | specie payment. | _ | 40 | | 0 00 |
| 14 | | 1714 C. Joseph Vernet born. | 5 | 12 | 6 5 | |
| 15 | Fri. | 1769 Napoleon I. born. | | 13 | 6 5 | |
| 16 | Sat. | 1777 Battle of Bennington. | 5 | | | |
| 17 | Sun. | 1786 Frederick the Great died. | 5 | | | 2 sets. |
| 18 | Mon. | 1870 Battle of Gravelotte | 5 | | | |
| 19 | Tues | 1812 Frigate Guerriere captured. | 5 | | | |
| 20 | Wed. | 1745 Francis Asbury born. | 5 | 17 | | |
| 21 | Thur. | 1567 Francis de Sales born. | 5 | 18 | | |
| 23 | Fri. | 1485 Battle of Bosworth Field. | 5 | 19 | | |
| 23 | Sat. | 1769 Cuvier born. | 5 | | | 4 10 10 |
| 21 | Sun. | ington. | | 21 | | 3 11 02 |
| 25 | Mon. | 1825 Uruguay declared independent. | 5 | | | 1 11 50 |
| 26 | Tues. Wed. | 1346 Battle of Crecy. | | 23 | | 0 morn. |
| 27 | Wed. | 1776 Battle of Long Island. | 5 | 24 | 6 8 | 8 12 52 |
| 28 | Thur. | 1749 J. W. von Goethe born. | 5 | 25 | | |
| 29 | Fri. | 1632 John Locke born. | 5 | | | |
| 30 | Sat. | 1814 Alexandria taken by British. | 5 | | | |
| 31 | Sun. | 1688 John Bunyan died. | 5 | 27 | 6 8 | 2 rises. |
| | | li l | 1 | | I | |

9th Month.] SEPTEMBER, 1879. [30 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. | Washington, | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|---|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------|
| Day | Day of | Last Quarter 8 | и. м. 2 58 eve. | St | | | JN | Mo | |
| Month. | Weck. | New Moon 16 1 | 2 50 morn. | Ris | K8. | SE | TS. | Ris | Es. |
| • | | | 4 15 eve. | ļ | | | | | |
| | | Full Moon 30 | 4 12 morn. | | | | | | |
| | | 4848 T WITT 1: 1 | | 1 | M. | | ¥. | и. | |
| 1 | Mon. | 1715 Louis XIV. died. | | | 28 | | 31 | | 55 |
| 2 | Tues. | 1789 Treasury Departn | | | 29 | | 29 | | 11 |
| 3 | Wed. | 1783 Definitive treaty of England. | - | | 30 | | 28 | | 40 |
| 4 | Thur. | 1870 French Republic | | 5 | 31 | | 26 | | 04 |
| 5 | Fri. | 1513 Balboa discov. Pa | cific Ocean. | 5 | 32 | 6 | 25 | | 36 |
| 6 | Sat. | 1757 La Fayette born. | | 5 | 33 | 6 | 23 | | 11 |
| 7 | | 1707 Buffon born. | | | 34 | | 22 | | 56 |
| 8 | Mon. | 1781 Battle of Eutaw | | | 35 | | | 10 | |
| 9 | ' | Union. Utah Te | | 1 | 35 | | | 11 | |
| 10 | Wed. | 1813 Perry's victory or | n Lake Erie. | | 36 | | | mo | |
| 11 | Thur. | 1777 Battle of Brandy | | | 37 | | 17 | | 05 |
| 12 | Fri. | 1847 Battle of Chepult | | | 38 | | 15 | | 19 |
| 13 | Sat. | 1759 French lose Cana Quebec. | | - | 39 | | 14 | | |
| 14 | Sun. | 1872 Geneva decision Claims announ | | 5 | 40 | 6 | 12 | 4 | 05 |
| 15 | Mon. | 1789 J. Fenimore Coop | per born. | 5 | 41 | 6 | 10 | 4 | 55 |
| 16 | Tues. | 1812 Burning of Mosc | ow. | 5 | 42 | 6 | 9 | se | ts. |
| 17 | Wed. | 1787 Constitution of the | | 5 | 43 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 47 |
| 18 | Thur | 1793 Washington laid of the Capitol. | | 5 | 44 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 13 |
| 19 | Fri. | 1779 Lord Brougham l | orn. | 5 | 44 | 6 | | | 11 |
| 20 | Sat. | 1697 Peace of Ryswic | | | 45 | | 2 | | |
| 21 | Sun. | 1832 Sir Walter Scott | died. | | 46 | | | | 53 |
| 22 | Mon. | 1789 Post-Office Depar 1836 Madame Malibrat 1846 Battle of Monter | tment estab. | | 47 | 5 | 58 | 10 | 50 |
| 23 | Tues. | 1836 Madame Malibra | n died. | 5 | 48 | 5 | 58 | 3 11 | 51 |
| 24 | Wed. | 1846 Battle of Monter | ey. | 5 | 49 | 5 | 56 | m | o r n |
| 25 | Thur. | 1734 Louis Réné Roba | n born. | 5 | 50 | | | | 50 |
| 26 | Fri. | 1846 Thomas Clarkson | a died. | 5 | 51 | 5 | 58 | | . 51 |
| 27 | Sat. | 1854 U. S. Steamer A: | rctic lost. | 5 | 52 | 5 | 51 | | 54 |
| 28 | Sun. | 1746 Sir William Jone | es born. | 5 | 58 | 5 | 50 |) 8 | 57 |
| 29 | Mon. | 1066 William the Con- in England. | queror landed | 5 | 54 | 5 | 48 | 3 5 | 02 |
| 30 | Tues. | 1399 Henry IV. of Eng | land crowned | 5 | 55 | 5 5 | 4 | 3 ri | ses. |

10th Month.] OCTOBER, 1879.

[31 Days.

| | | | | | = | _ | == | = |
|--------|--------|--|-----|----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | , | | | | |
| Day | Day | DAY. H. M. | St | | ١, | UN | Mo | |
| of | of | Last Quarter. 8 8 38 morn. | Rus | | | UN TB. | SE | |
| Month. | Week. | New Moon 15 10 2 morn. | | | | | ~- | |
| | | First Quarter 22 1 12 morn. | | | | | | |
| | | Full Moon 29 9 03 eve. | | | | | | |
| | | | - | | _ | M. | | — ж. |
| 1 | Wed. | 1833 U. S. Deposits removed from | | м. 55 | | 43 | | 31 |
| • | | U. S. Bank. | | | _ | | | - |
| 2 | Thur. | | 5 | | | 42 | | 02 |
| 3 | Fri. | 1803 Samuel Adams died. | | 57 | | 40 | | 42 |
| 4 | Sat. | 1777 Battle of Germantown. | 5 | | | 39 | | 18 |
| 5 | Sun, | | 5 | 59 | 5 | 37 | 8 | 58 |
| 6 | Mon. | the Thames. 1821 Jenny Lind born. | 6 | 0 | 5 | 35 | Ω | 40 |
| 7 | Tues. | 1780 Battle of Kings Mountain, N.C. | 6 | ĭ | | | 10 | |
| á | Wed | 1754 Henry Fielding died. | 6 | 2 | | | 11 | |
| 8 9 | Thur. | | Ğ | ร | | | mo | |
| | | Berne. | | | | | | |
| 10 | Fri. | 1871 Great Fire at Chicago. | 6 | 4 | | | 12 | |
| 11 | Sat. | 1809 Meriwether Lewis died. | 6 | 5 | | 28 | | 21 |
| 12 | Sun, | at San Salvador. | | 6 | | 26 | | 43 |
| 13 | Mon. | 1822 Canova died. | 6 | 7 | | 25 | | 55 |
| 14 | Tues. | 1644 Wm. Penn born in London. | 6 | 8 | | 23 | | 06 |
| 15 | Wed. | | 6 | 9 | | | set | |
| 16 | Thur. | 1725 First paper in New York, New York Gazette. | 6 | 10 | 5 | 21 | 6 | 01 |
| 17 | Fri. | 1777 Surrender of Burgoyne at Sar- | 6 | 11 | 5 | 19 | 6 | 43 |
| 18 | Sat. | atoga. 1865 Lord Palmerston died. | 6 | 12 | 5 | 18 | 7 | 36 |
| 19 | Sun. | | | 18 | | 16 | | 40 |
| | | Yorktown. | | | | | | |
| 20 | Mon. | 1784 Lord Palmerston born. | | 14 | | 15 | | 48 |
| 21 | l'ues. | 1805 Battle of Trafalgar. | | 15 | | | 11 | |
| 22 | Wed. | | 6 | 16 | | | mo | |
| 23 | | 1872 Theophile Gautier died. | 6 | 18 | | | 12 | |
| 24 | Fri. | 1852 Daniel Webster died. | | 19 | 5 | 10 | | |
| 25 | Sat. | 1415 Battle of Agincourt. | | 20 | 5 | 9 | | 52 |
| 26 | Sun. | 1807 Treaty of Fontainebleau. | | 21 | 5 | 8 | | 52 |
| 27 | Mon. | 1492 Columbus discovered Cuba. | 6 | 22 | 5 | 6 | | 51 |
| 28 | Tues. | 1874 Rhinehart, sculptor, died. 1864 John Leech died. | 6 | 23 | 5 | 5 | | 54 |
| 29 | Wed. | 1864 John Leech died. | 6 | 24 | | | set | |
| 80 | Thur. | 1735 John Adams born. | 6 | 25 | - | 2 | | 45 |
| 31 | Fri. | 1864 Nevada admitted to the Union. | 6 | 26 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 20 |
| | | | | ==: | <u> </u> | _ | <u> </u> | = |

lith Month.] NOVEMBER, 1879. [30 Days.

| | | Moon's Phases. Washington. | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| Day of Month. | Day of Week. | Last Quarter 7 7 12 49 morn. New Moon 13 7 32 eye. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | Moon Rises. |
| | | First Quarter 20 1 49 eve. Full Moon 28 4 59 eve. | | | |
| 1 | Sat. | 1700 Charles II. of Spain died. | н. м. | н. м. | н. м. |
| 2, | Sun. | 1783 Washington's farewell orders to American armies. | 6 27 | | |
| 3 | Mon. | 1800 Battle of Hohenlinden. | 6 29 | 4 58 | 9 03 |
| 4 | Tues. | 1791 St. Clair's defeat by Indians in Ohio. | 6 31 | | 10 18 |
| 5 | Wed. | 1811 Indians defeated by Harrison at Tippecanoe. | 6 32 | 4 56 | 11 18 |
| 6 | Thur. | 1860 Lincoln elected President. | 6 33 | 4 55 | morn. |
| 7 | Fri. | 1665 London Gazette first published. | | 4 54 | 12 26 |
| 8 | Sat. | 1835 New York and Eric Railroad begun. | 6 35 | 4 53 | 1 35 |
| 9 | | 1872 Great fire in Boston. | 6 36 | | |
| 10 | Mon. | 1876 Centennial Exhibition closed. | 6 37 | 4 51 | 3 06 |
| 11 | | 1864 John R. McCulloch died. | 6 58 | | |
| 12 | | 1857 Financial panic in England. | 6 39 | | |
| 13 | Thur. | 1862 Johann L. Uhland died. | 6 40 | | sets. |
| 14 | Fri. | 1831 G. W. F. Hegel died. | 6 41 | | 5 15 |
| 15 | Sat. | 1708 Earl of Chatham born. | 6 43 | | |
| 16 | | 1717 D'Alembert born. | 6 44 | | |
| 17 | Mon. | 1800 First meeting of Congress in Washington. | H | | 8 30 |
| 18 | Tues. | 1647 Pierre Bayle born. | 6 46 | | 9 26 |
| 19 | Wed. | 1794 Jay's treaty with England signed. | | | |
| 20 | Thur. | 1272 Edward I. crowned. | 6 48 | | 11 41 |
| 21 | Fri. | 1789 North Carolina ratified the Constitution. | | | morn. |
| 23 | Sat. | 1643 Cavelier de la Salle born. | 6 50 | | |
| 23 | | 1873 Steamer Ville du Havre lost. | 6 51 | | |
| 24 | Mon. | 1784 Zachary Taylor born. | 6.52 | | |
| 25 | ٠, | 1783 Evacuation of New York by British. | | | |
| 26 | Wed. | 1806 Berlin decree by Napoleon. | 6 55 | | |
| 27 | Thur. | 1635 Madame de Maintenon born. | 6 56 | | |
| 28 | Fri. | 1776 Washington crossed the Dela | 11 | 1 | |
| 29 | Sat. | 1802 Ohio admitted to the Union. | 6 58 | | |
| 30 | Sun. | 1700 Charles XII. wins battle of Narva. | 6 59 | 4 39 | 6 32 |

12th Month.]

DECEMBER, 1879.

[31 Days.

| | | | | | | === | |
|-----------|-------|--|-------|---|----------|------------|----------------|
| | | Moon's Phases. Washington | | | | | ٠. |
| Dag | Day | ΔΔΥ, H. W. | 1 _ | | _ | | l |
| Day of | or | Last Quarter 6 2 38 eve. | | UN Bes. | | | Moon Rises, |
| Month. | Week. | New Moon 13 5 59 morn. First Quarter 20 6 7 morn. | - | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 5.5 | 15. | 161020. |
| | | | 11 | | ļ | | |
| | | Full Moon 28 11 6 morn | 1 | | İ | | |
| | | l il | -! | | <u> </u> | | |
| | | | | M. | ır. | M. | и. и. |
| 1 | Mon. | 1841 Greenough's "Washington | '. 7 | 0 | 4 | 39 | 7 46 |
| | | placed in the Capitol. | !! | | | | |
| 2 | Tues. | 1805 Battle of Austerlitz. | 7 | 1 | | 39 | |
| 3 | Wed. | 1818 Illinois admitted to the Union | . 7 | 2 | | | 10.06 |
| . Ą | Thur. | 1783 Washington's farewell to the army. | 7 | 2 | 4 | 3 8 | 11 19 |
| - 5 | Fri. | 1782 Martin Van Buren born. | 7 | 3 | 4 | 38 | morn. |
| 6 | Sat. | 1823 Max Müller born. | 1 7 | 4 | | | 12 26 |
| ž | Sun. | 1787 Delaware ratified the Constitu | - 7 | 5 | | 38 | |
| • | | tion. | il | | | | |
| 8 | Mon. | 1765 Eli Whitney born. | 7 | 6 | | 33 | |
| 9 | Tues. | 1807 American ports closed to the | 7 | 7 | 4 | 38 | 2 55 |
| 13 | Wed. | 1817 Mississippi admitted to the Union. | 7 | 8 | 4 | 38 | 8 34 |
| - 11 | Thur. | 1816 Indiana admitted to the Union | . 7 | 9 | | 38 | |
| - 12 | Fri. | 1787 Pennsylvania ratified the Con | - 7 | 9 | 4 | 39 | 6 04 |
| | | stitution. | | | 1 | | |
| 13 | Sat. | 1850 Territory of N. Mexico orga'd | . 7 | | | | sets. |
| 14. | Sun, | 1819 Alabama admitted to the Union | 7 | | | 39 | |
| 15 | Mon. | 1814 The Hartford Convention met | 7 | | | 39 | 6 56 |
| 16 | | 1773 Destruction of tea in Boston harbor. | | | | 40 | 7 42 |
| 17 | Wed. | 1770 Beethoven born. | 7 | 13 | | 40 | |
| 18 | Thur. | 1865 Amendment abolishing slaver declared adopted. | 7 | 14 | 4 | 40 | 10 04 |
| - 19 | Fri. | 1154 Henry II. of England crowned | . 7 | 14 | 4 | 41 | 11 10 |
| 20 | Sat. | 1767 Emmerich Vattel died. | 7 | 15 | | 41 | morn. |
| 21 | Sun. | 1639 Jean Racine born. | 7 | | 4 | 42 | 12 12 |
| 22 | Mon. | 1620 Pilgrims settled at Plymouth Mass. | 7 | 16 | 4 | 42 | 1 14 |
| 23 | Tues. | 1783 Washington resigned his commission. | 7 | 16 | 4 | 4 3 | 2 16 |
| 24 | Wed. | 1814 Treaty of Peace signed a Ghent. | 7 | 17 | 4 | 43 | 3 20 |
| 25 | Thur. | 1642 Sir Isaac Newton born. Christ | 7 | 17 | 4 | 44 | 4 34 |
| 26 | Fri. | 1716 Thomas Gray born. | 7 | | 4 | 44 | 5 37 |
| 27 | Sat. | 1595 Sir Francis Drake died. | 7 | | | 45 | 6 44 |
| 28 | Sun. | 1846 Iowa admitted to the Union. | 7 | 18 | | | rises. |
| 29 | Mon. | 1845 Texas admitted to the Union. | 1 7 | 18 | | 47 | 6 27 |
| 80 | Tues. | 1870 Juan Prim died. | 7 | | | 47 | 7 51 |
| 31 | Wed. | 1814 Jules Simon born. | 7 | 19 | 4 | 4 8 | 9 07 |
| | | ▼ | 11 | | <u> </u> | | |

PERPETUAL ALMANAC.

A Calendar for ascertaining any Day of the Week in any given Time during the Nineteenth Century.

| | | | | | | | 1 | teen | th Ce | ntur | y • | | | | | _ | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---------|---|---|----------|---------|----------|---|--|--|
| | | | YE | ARS | 1801 | то 1 | 900. | | | | 31 Jan. | 28 Feb. | 31 Mar. | 30 Apr. | 31 May. | 30 June. | 31 July. | 31 Aug. | 30 Sept. | 31 Oct. | 30 Nov. | 81 Doc. |
| 1801 | 1807 | 1818 | 1829 | 1835 | 1846 | 1857 | 1863 | 1874 | 1885 | 1891 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 2 |
| 1802 | 1813 | 1819 | 1830 | 1841 | 1847 | 1858 | 1869 | 1875 | 1886 | 1897 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 |
| 1803 | 1814 | 1825 | 1831 | 1842 | 1853 | 1859 | 1870 | 1881 | 1887 | 1898 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| 1805 | 1811 | 1822 | 1833 | 1839 | 1850 | 1861 | 1867 | 1878 | 1889 | 1895 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| 1806 | 1817 | 1823 | 1834 | 1845 | 1851 | 1862 | 1873 | 1879 | 1890 | | 3 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 |
| 1809 | 1815 | 1826 | 1837 | 1843 | 1854 | 1865 | 1871 | 1882 | 1893 | 1899 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 5 |
| 1810 | 1821 | 1827 | 1838 | 1849 | 1855 | 1866 | 1877 | 1883 | 1894 | 1900 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| То | ascert | ain ar | y day | of th | e weel | , first | L | EAP | YEAD | gg. | | 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| quired | , and | under | the 1 | month | the ye is are f | igures | | 1832 | 1860 | 1888 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| at the | head | of the | colum | ns of | days h | elow. | _ | - | 1864 | | 5 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| or rea | o year | s, look | for 18 | 76, an | in the d in a 6, which | paral- | 1010 | - | 1868 | - | 3 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 2 |
| rects t | o colu | mn 6, fell or | in wh | ich it | will be | e seen | _ | _ | | - | 1 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| what day fa | day of | the i | nonth | any p | given : Thu | week- | 1000 | _ | 1876 | | 6 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 5 |
| (electi | on da | y) 1878 are g | s, is sh | own i | n colu e figur be th | mn 5, e 5 in | | _ | - | | 4 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 |
| day of | the n | oppos nonth. | ite 18 | 78, to | be th | e 5th | | | 1881 | | 2 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 |
| | 1 | . 1 | | 2 | -1 | | 3 | 1 | | 4 | | | 5 | | 1 | | 6 | 1 | 1 | | 7 | |
| Thur Trids T | lay lay day lay lay lay lay lay lay lay lay lay l | 2 3 7 6 6 8 M T V T 12 S 8 M T V 10 11 2 S 8 M T V 17 8 F S 8 S M T V 17 8 F S 8 S M T V 17 22 3 V T 2 | Cuesdi: Cuesdi | esday lay lay lay lay lay lay lay lay lay l | 2 T F S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S S M T V T T S M T M T S M T M T M T M T M T M T | Thurse ature | lay y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y y | 2 3 5 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 3 24 25 6 27 28 9 30 1 | Thursk Friday Saundd Mondi Friday Saundd Mondi Friday Saundd Mondi Friday Saturc Standd Mondi Friday Saturc Friday Saturc Friday Saturc Friday Saturc Mondi Friday Saturc Mondi Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Friday Saturd Mondi Friday Saturc Friday Saturc Friday Saturc Saturc Saturc Friday Saturc Sa | lay | 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 100 111 122 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 200 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 8 29 30 | Mon Tue Wec Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue We Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue Tue Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue Thu Frid Satu Mon Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue Tue | nrda; day sdaydhese rsda lay urda; dayydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese lay urda; sdaydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese sdaydhese rsda lay urda; sdaydhese sdaydhese rsda | day | 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 22 23 24 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 | Saturday 1 Sunday 2 Monday 3 Tuesday 4 Wednesday 5 Friday 7 Saturday 9 Saturday 9 Sunday 10 Tuesday 11 Sunday 10 Tuesday 12 Thursday 13 Friday 14 Saturday 16 Sunday 16 Monday 17 Tuesday 17 Tuesday 17 Tuesday 17 Tuesday 18 Wednesday 19 Tuesday 22 Sunday 22 Sunday 22 Sunday 22 Sunday 22 Sunday 22 Thursday 22 | | | | unda onda iedne iday iturda onda aesd: iday iturda onda aesd: iday iturda inday iturda iturda inday iturda | ay a | 5 6 7 8 9 10 y 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 1 22 2 28 |

SOME FACTS CONCERNING THE CENSUS.

THE tenth census of the United States must be taken, under the provisions of our national constitution, in the year 1880. No legislation prescribing the officers or the methods for taking the enumeration has yet been adopted by Congress, although the Senate and the House of Representatives at the session of 1877-78, each constituted a

select committee to consider and report upon the subject.

It is a noteworthy fact that the United States was the first nation to provide in its fundamental law for the periodical enumeration of the people. The first census under the constitution, 1790, antedates the first British census, taken in 1801, by eleven years; for although several attempts to guess at the population of Great Britain were made during the eighteenth century, no systematic census was ever taken. By act of Congress approved March 1st, 1790, the marshals of the several judicial districts of the United States were required to cause all the inhabitants within their districts to be enumerated.

These Federal officers were empowered to appoint as many assistants as required. The enumeration, commencing August 1st, 1790, was to be completed within nine months, and transmitted to the President of the United States. The inquiries to be answered in this primitive census were only six in number: (1) Names of the heads of families; (2) free white males of sixteen years and upwards, including heads of families; (3) free white males under sixteen years; (4) free white females, including heads of families; (5) all other free

persons; (6) slaves.

Ten years later, in 1800, a new act concerning the census was passed, which enlarged the schedule of inquiries, provided for a census of ages, and some other features of less importance. By this act, the direction of the census was placed in the Department of State, where it continued until 1850. The censuses of 1810 and 1820 comprehended little beyond those of the two previous decades, except an attempt to obtain some statistics of industry and manufactures. which, however, yielded results almost worthless, and embraced only a portion of the States in the Union. In 1830 the attempt to obtain industrial statistics was not repeated; but whether this was owing to the unsatisfactory results of previous efforts, to indifference on the subject, or to other causes, does not appear. In 1840 a much larger variety of statistics was collected, including the number of persons employed in agriculture, mining, manufactures, and commerce, and educational statistics in considerable variety, including the number of white persons over twenty years of age, unable to read and write. An attempt was made to return the statistics of industry, which was only partially successful.

Before the taking of the seventh census [1850], the subject clicited

much public attention and discussion. By act of March 3d, 1849. Congress created a Census Board consisting of the Secretary of State, the Postmaster-General, and the Attorney-General, to prepare forms of schedules and regulations for taking the next census. The Senate also by a special committee on the census, appointed early in 1850, matured a bill which, after various amendments, became a law on the 23d of May, 1850. This act created a census office in the Department of the Interior, and placed the taking of the census under the charge of an officer to be called the Superintendent of the Census. The singular instruction that not more than one hundred distinct inquiries were to be embodied in the schedule was placed in the act. There were added to the enumeration of questions previously required an important class of inquiries regarding vital statistics and mortality, while separate and distinct enumerations were required under the head of productions of agriculture, products of industry, and social statistics, the latter including schools, churches, illiteracy, etc. Under this act of 1850, three censuses have been taken, including the last, at which the actual enumeration of inhabitants began June 1st, 1870, and was completed in the last State January 9th, This census, although taken under the many obstacles and annoyances of imperfect schedules, misdirected inquiries, and defective powers, was most ably compiled by the Superintendent, Francis A. Walker and his assistants, and as remarked by an encyclopædical authority, "It is not too much to say that the reports of the Ninth Census form one of the noblest contributions which any country has ever made to statistical science." In this enumeration were included, for the first time, statements of the parentage of population, showing what number of people are native and foreign born, and what number are born of foreign parents; also a schedule reporting the public debt of all towns, cities, counties, and States in the Union. This census was published in three quarto volumes, illustrated by fourteen graphic maps, showing the various classes of statistics, and was preceded by a most useful "Compendium of the Census of 1870, in an octavo volume of 942 pages. Congress also authorized the publication of a folio Statistical Atlas of the United States, exhibiting in graphic form, by a series of shadings, the most interesting groups of facts recorded in the census. The whole work of the compilation was completed within two years from the conclusion of the cnumeration; and the Superintendent expressed his belief that with a properly modified census law, such as would insure that the original material should reach the Census Office in proper form of tabulation, the entire editing and publication of our census might be concluded within one year from the date of the first re-This consummation, so greatly to be wished, ceipt of returns. could only be reached, however, by radical amendment of the census law of 1850. This law is characterized by the Superintendent as a "clumsy, antiquated, and barbarous statute." Indeed, in view of the numerous imperfections of that law, its sins both of omission and commission, its failure to furnish practical and available means of reaching the ends of the census inquiry, and the absolute obstacles it throws in the way of availing ourselves of better methods, there seems to be no room for a difference of opinion on the subject, and by the united judgment of those who are versed in statistical inquiry, any attempt to take the census of 1880 under the antiquated law of 1850 would be nothing less than disgraceful.

Below will be found a table of figures showing the cost of each

census, from 1790 to 1870, inclusive.

| YEAR. | Cost of census. | YEAR. | Cost of census. | YEAR. | Cost of census. |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1790 1800 1810 | | 1820 1580 1840 | | 1850 1860 1870 | |

Although the Constitution provides that a census shall be taken as often as once in every ten years, there seems to be no good reason why it should not be taken more frequently. In view of the prodigiously rapid growth of the country, not only in population but in industry, wealth, agriculture, and commerce, to say nothing of the extremely important vital statistics, which demand a more frequent census in order to be of value, a semi-decennial enumeration would seem to be almost a necessity of the times. The legislator, the publicist. or the journalist, who attempts to build conclusions upon the figures of a ten years old census, figures which would be dwarfed in many departments and completely falsified in others by the actual facts of to-day, is liable to continual error in his judgments. Some industries which were flourishing with great vigor according to the figures of the last census, have since become paralyzed, or are almost in a decline. Other industries which may have had no existence at all in 1870, have been developed into great proportions in the many years that have succeeded. The great fluctuations in the immigration from other countries, the constant flow of the waves of population from State to State, and the facts of mortality as modified by climate, epidemics, and other influences, the inequalities of the sexes in certain localities, the decline of marriages—in short, the appearance of every check or stimulus to population—these are facts which an enumeration taken but once in ten years cannot successfully exhibit. By the time the census is published and distributed, much of its information will be obsolete, and many of the facts which it embodies will already have become fictions.

That a people so full of the elements of progress, and so ready to put in practice the exact methods of every business as the Americans, should go on resting content with so defective, inadequate, and infrequent a census of their resources, is certainly surprising. It may be said that in other countries occupying the highest rank in civilization, there is a similar infrequency as to taking the complete census of the people; and we may be pointed to Great Britain, which takes a decennial census, as one example. But it must not be forgotten that in Great Britain there has been organized now for forty years a complete statistical bureau, under control of the Registrar-General, of births, marriages, and deaths; and the annual enumerations made by this agency, and published in a large yearly volume of statistics, show the progress of the population, not decennially, but annually, and are full of the minutest and most thorough tabular details as to vital statistics of every kind. In the principal countries of Europe, the following table will show with what frequency the taking of a

census is provided for:

| Austria-Hungary | nce in | 6 : | years. | Greece | | Irre | gular. |
|-----------------|--------|-----|--------|-------------|-------|--------|--------|
| Belgium | ** | | ** | Norwayor | ce ir | 1 10 j | rears. |
| France | ** | •,, | 44 | Russia | ** | 10 | 4. |
| Germany | | | " | Spain | ** | 8 | ** |
| Italy | 44 | 5 | ** | Switzerland | 4. | 10 | ** |
| Great Britain | ** | 10 | 44 | 1 | | | |

In several of these countries, notably in Austria, Germany, Great Britain, and Switzerland, permanent bureaus of statistics have charge of the enumeration of the people, and the most important facts regarding the movements of the population are published annually.

Again, it may be said that a census taken by the authority and at the expense of the States themselves, midway between the decades represented by the Federal censuses, might supply the want of more frequent statistics. But this suggestion is met at the threshold by the fact (so little understood abroad, but so obvious at home) of the great diversity of the State constitutions, laws, and policies, which must forever prevent any general and uniform system upon this subject, except so far as the want may be supplied by Congress and the general government. While the statement has been widely published that in all the States, except Connecticut, Georgia, and Virginia, a census is authorized or required by their constitutions, the fact remains that in sixteen States only out of thirty-eight was any census taken in the decade commencing with 1870, and now about to close. These States, with the dates of their censuses and the enumeration of the population, will be found below.

| STATES. | United States Census, 1870. | Stat | e Censuses. | Increase. | Per Cent Increase. |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 Iowa 2 Kansas | 1,194,020 864,399 | 1875 | 1,350,544 528,437 | 156,524 164,038 | 13 45 |
| 3 Louisiana 4 Massachusetts | 726,915 1,457,851 | 44 | 857,039 1,651,912 | 130,124 | 18 13 |
| 5 Michigan | 1,184,059 | 1874 | 1,334,031 | 194,561 149,972 | 18 |
| 6 Minnesota | 439,706 1,721,295 | 1875 1876 | 597,407 2,085,537 | 157,701 364,242 | 36 · 21 |
| 8 Nebraska 9 Nevada | 122,993 42,491 | 1875 | 257,747 52,540 | 184,754 10,049 | 109 24 |
| 0 New Jersey | 906,096 | 1610 | 1,019,413 | 113,317 | 13 |
| 1 New York | 4,382,759 90,923 | " | 4,705,208 104,920 | 322,449 13,997 | 7 15 |
| 3 Rhode Island | 217,353 705,606 | " | 258,239 923,447 | 40,886 217,841 | 19 31 |
| 5 Wisconsin | 1,054,670 | 44 | 1,236,599 | 181,929 | 17 |
| Total | 14,610,686 | | 16,963,020 | 2,852,384 | 16 averag |

In more than twenty States the constitutional provisions on this subject have fallen into neglect, and neither ambition nor interest as to their condition or material progress appears to have prevailed with their legislative bodies to take action in the matter. While this failure may be attributed in the majority of cases to the spirit of economy, it is possible that other considerations, or want of consideration, may elsewhere have prevailed. Such great commonwealths as Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Illinois, while providing for certain classes of statistical reports through executive and State officers, have no provision whatever for the record or publication of vital statistics, or a complete periodical census of their populations.

In all States where the census is regularly taken (mostly in 1875), a comparison of the results with the United States census of 1870 yields most interesting and instructive conclusions. Our only regret must be that what is found so important and helpful in inquiries regarding the material condition of a few States, and their absolute

and relative progress in population and the arts of life, cannot be

extended so as to embrace the whole country.

In all those States taking their own census, except in Massachusetts, the enumeration is made by officers appointed for the purpose, who themselves fill up the schedules under each head of inquiry, by personal interview with the head of the family or other competent member of the same. In the State of New York there was great complaint of the careless and indifferent manner in which the enumerators performed their duties, especially in the city of New York itself. There is grave reason to doubt whether the forms adopted in the National Census Act of 1850, and followed generally by the States, requiring the enumerators or the marshals to fill the blanks themselves, is a wise one. Massachusetts appears to be the only State which has adopted the British system of circulating the blank schedules containing inquiries, in advance, among the people. The Massachusetts census of 1875 was taken by what is termed a simultaneous enumeration—that is, a statement of the entire number of inhabitants in the State, with the various statistics involved, on a certain day, returned by each householder or head of the family. The census taken in pursuance of this method, and published in 1877 in three large volumes, has been generally accepted as the most complete and satisfactory one yet tabulated in this country. The British system of enumeration is so methodical, expeditious, and complete, as to win the admiration of a statistician at first sight, however many drawbacks and obstacles might be found to putting it in practice in this country. The census of Great Britain is committed to a trained class of nearly three thousand permanent officers. under control of the Registrar-General of births, marriages, and The whole kingdom is divided into 2191 sub-districts, each having a fixed territory, and each of these is under the charge of an officer, disciplined, intelligent, and experienced, used to this kind of work, in continual intercourse with the people, and making annual inquiries and full records as to their domestic condition and history. Each of these officers, moreover, for the purposes of the decennial census, is required to divide his sub-district into others so small, and containing so few houses and families, that an enumerator can visit each, and collect all the facts in one day. At the last census, in 1861, there were 31,144 of these small districts, and as many enumerators appointed by the sub-registrars, in England and Wales. The censustakers employed were required to be intelligent and active, not younger than eighteen years of age, nor older than sixty. were all persons of respectability and courteous manners, many of them teachers and clergymen, who undertook the work partly from public motives; and no difficulty was experienced in securing the services of persons well acquainted with the districts in which they were to act. The schedules prepared at the General Registry Office in London, one for every family in the kingdom, were sent out in advance and left by the enumerators with each family one week before the 8th of April, which was the date to which the answers to all the inquiries in the blanks were to apply. On the 8th of April the enumerator called on every family in his district, examined the filling up of the blank, went over item by item with the head of the family, to make certain that the censuses were correctly made, and in cases where no written return had been made, through ignorance or other causes, took the most intelligent member of the family, or other witness that he could find, and with his aid made the requisite record for himself. By this means, so carefully matured and systematically

carried out, the census of England and Wales has been twice taken

in one day.

The sources of error in census-making are so numerous, and the liability to reach erroneous conclusions, by reasoning from them, so great, that no care or pains can be too scrupulously exercised in devising proper safeguards at every step of the enumeration. One of the most fruitful causes of partial and incorrect returns appears to have been the provision of the present United States law regulating the taking of the census, by which the marshals and deputies are to collect the entire statistics by oral questions, instead of by schedules left with each family to be filled up by a given time. Take, for example, the farmer, and suppose him questioned hurriedly, and all at once, upon forty or fifty different topics relating to his farm and its products during the year ending at a period then for the first time proposed. He is asked to give instant account of the number of bushels of corn, wheat, rye, oats, barley, potatoes, etc., he harvested, the number of tons of hay, the acreage of land devoted to each crop, the variations in his farm stock and its value, the prices realized for each and every product, and a multitude of other particulars too numerous to dwell even in the memory of the most accurate, and hopeless of being answered correctly without reflection or opportunity of reference, comparison, and recollection. Obviously, we should be certain of far more correct if not substantially accurate returns, by allowing a week to the farmer to fill up a clearly arranged and printed schedule, with each item of fact desired, than if a hundred inquiries were hastily addressed to him by a horseback census-marshal, bent on collecting, in the shortest possible time, by the old-fashioned pumphandle method, the statistics of American agriculture.

Still more forcible is the objection to this method of taking a census, when applied to the products of manufacturing industry. And there is here an additional element of weakness and error in the vague classification required by the present law, under the terms of "raw materials" and "manufactured products." There is, and can be, no common standard, clearly defined and of universal application, of such terms, nor would the census enumerators themselves agree as to the distribution of the products of industry to be inventoried under them. Is pig iron a "raw material" or a "manufactured product"? And to which class shall we assign the manifold products of our sawmills and grist-mills? What is needed, and all that is needed, is a specific statement of the amount and value of each product of every manufactory, large or small, domestic or corporate, in the United And this statement can only be obtained by affording to all concerned the requisite leisure and facilities for making it out. inquiries of a census-taker, made in the midst of pressing business, and confusing the mind of the manufacturer by their very variety and multiplicity, can be productive only of a census compounded of guess-work and error piled upon error.

In the census of 1840, the number of "persons engaged in trade or commerce," in Albany, New York, was returned as thirty-five, while the same class in Troy, with less than half the population, was reported at 786. In the same census many towns were reported on one page as having no colored inhabitants, and on another as having from one to eight colored insane or blind persons. In another census the marshal's returns show that all the 133 patients in the Massachusetts State Lunatic Hospital at Worcester were colored, and this is reaffirmed in the printed report, which says that out of the 151 colored inhabitants of Worcester 183 are insane. Infants under one

year were reported as dying of delirium tremens; persons fifty or sixty years old dying of teething; persons frozen to death in the extreme South in July and August; persons sun-struck in the farthest

North in January.

Among the statistics for which most inadequate and mistaken provision is made in the census act of 1850, may be classed the tables of Occupations, those of Mechanical Industry, and those styled the True Value of Property, and the Statistics of Farms, both as to land worked and as to products. The Superintendent of the last Census constantly refers, in his carefully prepared reports, to the discrepancies and omissions caused by the grossly deficient schedules under which he was compelled by law to have the census taken. Some of these forms, by their vagueness, appear to offer a direct premium upon blunders and inaccuracy. In collecting the statistics of agriculture, the absurd regulation was applied that no farm should be reported of less than three acres, a mere arbitrary distinction, as it is impossible to assign any good reason why a four-acre farm should be reported more than a two-and-a-half-acre one, equally or perhaps more pro-The schedule of agriculture required the products of each farm in the United States to be recorded for the year ending June 1st, while it is a palpable fact that there is no agricultural year ending June 1st, but this provision of the act cuts the agricultural year in two. Says the Superintendent of the Census in regard to the statistics of agriculture:

"The census has little authority in respect to minor productions. Where a cro "The census has little authority in respect to minor productions. Where a crop is of small importance, or is only occasionally cultivated, the assistant marshal will naturally and almost inevitably fail to put the question at every house. The farmer, on the other hand, on account of its little importance among the products of the year, will fail to mention it, and the result will be an inadequate representation of that crop.

This frank admission in regard to the slight value of the statistics of the census in respect to the minor crops should have no effect to disparage the authority of its statements in respect to the staple products of the country as a whole, or of any section. The very laws of mind by which the former lose even the slight attention they deserve, give the strongest assurance for the general completeness and correctness of the latter.

"A second limitation of the agricultural statistics of the census is found in the

"A second limitation of the agricultural statistics of the census is found in the inapplicability of the schedule to sections in the condition of the several territories, as also of the State of Texns and some portions of the States of California, Kansas, and Nebraska. That schedule was framed wholly with reference to the agricultural requirements of the older States, where the land is divided up into well-defined farms, and the operations of a comparatively advanced agriculture are systematicalby carried on. It is utterly inadequate to represent the grazing industry of the great plains beyond the Missouri, and the results in respect to this region might, perhaps, have been omitted from the publication with credit to the census."

The estimates by the census enumerators, or deputy marshals, of the property of the people, are among the statistics which are of more than doubtful value. So far as is known, the United States is the only prominent nation which has attempted by law to take a census of the private wealth of its people. From the very nature of the case, any such attempt is beset by all the difficulties that attend the listing of personal property for purposes of taxation, with the added obstacle that the field attempted to be covered is so vast in the case of the census that no enumerator, necessarily employed for a brief time, and in a hurried manner, to take statistics of vast extent and intricacy, could possibly obtain estimates of the realized wealth of any district which would be at all trustworthy. The standard of valuation must of course vary in different localities to the extent of more than fifty per cent. Says the Superintendent of the Census in regard to these statistics:

"At the best, these figures represent but the opinion of one man, or of a body of men in each State, acting under advice in the collection of material and in the cal-

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culation of the several elements of the public wealth. . . No attempt has been made to eliminate that portion of the personal property of the country which is based on the value of real estate. To that extent, therefore, there is a duplication of wealth. The reasons why it was not deemed expedient to undertake the work of reducing the aggregate valuation of real and personal property by the amount of the latter, which merely represents the former, were:

"1. In nearly all the States of the Union, land and buildings are taxed to their full

(assumed) value, without deduction on account of mortgages, while the mortgages are also taxed at their full value.

"2. The personal property representing real property is not always, perhaps not generally, owned in the immediate community where the real property is situated. Hundreds of millions are owned in the East in the form of mortgages on the real estate of the West. If these gigantic amounts are to be excluded from such tables as the following, they must be excluded as personal property from the valuations of the Eastern States. But to do so would be in the highest degree unjust. The wealth of these States consists in the value of their own real estate, their manufacturing, commercial, and banking capital, their furniture, apparel, and equipage, pius the claims they have upon the lands, buildings, and railways of the newer States.

"3. Even were it desirable, in view of the two considerations here presented, to eliminate the element of duplicated valuations, it will appear, on reflection, clear that the difficulties in the way of any thing approaching an accurate determination of the amount to be excluded would be almost insuperable.

"On all these accounts it was believed that it would be far more satisfactory to aggregate the totals of real and of personal property as separately obtained, without any inquiry how far the value of one merely represents the value of the other. The result reached must, at best, be characterized rather as an impression than an opinion."

In regard to the statistics of manufactures, we cite the forcible language of Superintendent Walker, as follows:

"The census returns of capital invested in manufactures are entirely untrustworthy and delusive. The inquiry is one of which it is not too much to say, that it ought never to be embraced in the schedules of the census; not merely for the reason that the results are, and must remain, wholly worthless, but, also, because the inquiry in respect to capital creates more prejudice and arouses more opposition to the progress of the enumeration than all the other inquiries of the manufacturing schedule united. It is, in fact, the one question which manufacturers resent as needlessly obtrusive, while, at the same time, it is perhaps the one question in respect to their business which manufacturers, certainly the majority of them, could not answer to their own satisfaction, even if disposed. No man in business knows what he is worth—far less can say what portion of his estate is to be treated as

capital.

"The aggregate amount of capital invested in manufactures in the United States as returned is \$2,118,208,769. It is doubtful whether this sum represents one fourth of the capital actually contributing to the annual gross product of \$4,222,325,442. It is a pity, and may almost be said to be a shame, that statistical information, in many respects, of high authority and accuracy, should be discredited by association with statements so flagrantly false, even to the least critical eye; yet, as the manufacture of the statements and according to the same of the statements and according to the same of t facturing schedule annexed to the Act of 1850 requires this return, and as there is a vague popular notion that the statement of capital in this connection is of real and great importance (instead of being, as it is, at the best, of the least consequence), the Superintendent does not feel at liberty to withhold the results from publica-

The true and only remedy for the manifold and alarming errors which are inseparable from a census carelessly taken, or inaccurately tabulated, lies in a thoroughly organized system of responsibility. Let nobody be trusted to collect information or to tabulate returns but who is possessed of ample intelligence for the purpose. Then let a system of complete revision and scrutiny of the schedules be devised, by which all errors and improbabilities shall be referred back to the persons returning them before it is too late, and the proper corrections made. Errors are of course inseparable from any census; the vast extent and multiplicity of the facts involved, and the large number of officers employed, render them inevitable; but they may be indefinitely reduced, and the census rendered an approximation, at least, to accuracy, by applying to its management the same rules of rigid examination, intelligence, and responsibility which prevail in the business and the accounts of private firms and companies.

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TAXATION, ITS HISTORY AND PRINCIPLES.

OF all the difficult questions connected with Government and its administration, there is none more difficult or more complicated than the problem of taxation. How to raise the requisite means to provide for the public defence, and defray the cost of the diversified business of the Government, with the least oppression to the taxpayers, and the most equitable distribution of the burdens, is a question which has exercised the minds and divided the opinions of publicists and legislators in all ages. While the right to tax is a right absolutely essential, if not inherent, in every government, the most expedient methods of taxation are open to the widest possible controversy. Whether taxes should be directly upon property and income, or indirectly upon imported commodities and domestic products; whether direct taxation should include both real and personal property, or should be levied exclusively upon real estate; whether mortgages should be taxed, or exempted on the ground of duplicate taxation; whether a large share of the revenues of the Government should, or should not, be derived from corporations devoted to banking, mining, and transportation, thus taxing the people's exchanges and means of communication, or leaving them wholly free; whether the property of religious, educational, and benevolent associations should be taxed, or exempted; whether the larger share of taxes should be levied upon luxuries, or placed heavily upon ardent spirits, tobacco, etc., with the combined object of revenue, and discouragement to certain habits of consumption; whether indirect taxes (as duties upon imported commodities) should be levied solely with a view to revenue, or with the aim of excluding or diminishing the importation of certain articles, for the benefit of the domestic production of the same articles; whether the tariff on importations should be confined to the fewest number of articles, or should be widely extended so as to tax the larger share of imported goods; all these are questions not only of great interest to legislators and citizens, but of great importance in the economy of nations.

The problem of taxation, always of commanding interest in the policy of any government, becomes peculiarly so from an American point of view. In this country, the divided jurisdiction between the Federal Government and the governments of States, renders the whole question of taxation a remarkably complex one. The citizen of the United States who is taxed to maintain the central government which manages foreign relations, and legislates for commerce and navigation, public lands, pensions, patents, copyrights, currency, and other interests of National consequence, owes also allegiance to a State government which taxes him to maintain a large body of legislative, executive, and judicial officers, an extensive public-school

system, many institutions for the care and maintenance of the unfortunate classes, for the punishment of crime, and frequently for a system of public and internal improvements of great extent, besides numerous collateral objects of expenditure. But the taxation does not stop here. After the citizen has contributed his share to the two hundred and forty millions of National expenditure, and has added to it his contribution to the millions of State expenditure, he is still further required to contribute his quota to the county expenditure, including highways, and the administration of justice. besides, in frequent cases, taxes for public buildings, bridges, or other objects of county necessity or ambition. But even here the muchtaxed citizen does not rest; for after he has discharged his obligation to the United States, to the State in which he lives, and to the county in that State to which he belongs, he is still further subject to taxation, frequently very onerous, to maintain a city or town government, in the place of his immediate abode. It sometimes happens, too, that the ambition or extravagance of municipal governments far exceeds, in its demands upon the resources of the taxpayer, the combined drafts of all the other tax-gathering governments, National, State, and County, combined. Nor can the much-plundered taxpayer lay the flattering unction to his soul that, although his pocket is depleted and his means of living curtailed by these complicated contrivances to support what is called government, he has, nevertheless, the satisfaction of bearing an influential part in making the laws which tax him. It has too often happened in the experience of communities, even in democratic America, that so far from the public authorizing the expenditure which piles up debt, interest, and taxes, mountain high, such expenditure has been created by irresponsible bodies in the most flagrant abuses of trust, and in defiance of the most wholesome restraining laws. It is eminently true in regard to the excesses and abuses of power by legislators or executive officers, that to the taxpayer eternal vigilance is the price of exemption from oppression. Unless citizens everywhere take a zealous personal interest in the conduct of government, and watch with continual scrutiny the levying and expenditure of taxes, whether National, State, or local, they will too often find themselves the unwilling victims of unjustifiable and avoidable extravagance.

The history of taxation in the United States, for the purposes of the general Government, is a varied record of shifting policies and remarkable changes in the main objects of revenue. Beginning July 4th, 1789, with the first act for laying a duty on goods, wares, and merchandise imported into the United States, in which the highest taxes imposed were from five to ten per cent ad valorem, the tariff system of the United States has undergone some twenty-five distinct revisions, sometimes amounting to revolutions, besides many more nu-

merous partial changes. This is no place to review the changes of the tariff policy, brought about through the successive prevalence of one or another party, or to notice the controversies which led to them. There has resulted from these numerous changes, not only enormous fluctuations in the total revenue derived from customs (running its extremes from eleven millions to two hundred and sixteen millions of dollars customs revenue per annum in the last fifty years), but also continuous uncertainty to the importers and consumers of commodities. The sum of the alternate gains and losses to mercantile and manufacturing interests through the numerous and frequent radical changes in the tariff, has been incalculable. If we take the changes in the familiar

| articles of tea and coffee only, we find the duties levied by successiv | е |
|---|---|
| tariffs undergoing the following permutations: | |

| Coffee. | DUTY PER LB. | TEA. | DUTY PER LB. |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1789-90 1790-94 1794-1812 1812-16 1816-28 1828-30 1828-30 1830-32 1832-61 1861-70 1870-72 | 4 " 5 " 10 " 5 " 2 " 1 " Free. 5 cts. | 1780-90. 1790-97. 1797-1818. 1812-16. 1816-52. 1882-61. 1861. 1862-64. 1864-70. 1870-72. | 6 to 20 ct#, 10 to 32 " 12 to 32 " 14 to 50 " Free, 15 cts. 20 " 25 " Free. |

Equal, or even greater, have been the variations in the amount of duty imposed upon other leading commodities; and the prodigious number and variety of articles upon which the tariff laws have imposed duties (formerly numbering nearly four thousand articles, but reduced by successive exemptions to the still very large number of sixteen hundred articles by the tariff of 1872) have operated to enhance the expenses of collection, and sometimes to defeat the ends for which the taxes were imposed. From tables elsewhere given in this volume, may be gathered the present rates of duty imposed upon all leading articles of consumption, as also the principal changes in

the tariff by the legislation of Congress from 1789 to date.

The first internal revenue tax levied by the authority of the general government was in the act of March 3d, 1792, imposing an excise duty upon distilled spirits of from eleven to thirty cents per gallon. To this were added in other enactments prior to 1800, according to the necessities of the revenue, taxes upon snuff, refined sugar, and stamp duties, taxes on auction sales, on retail wine dealers and distilleries, and by act of June 5th, 1794, a yearly tax upon all carriages for hire, or the conveying of passengers, from one dollar to ten dollars each. Opposition to the collection of this carriage tax led to the notable decision by the Supreme Court, which affirmed its validity and constitutionality. The opposition and armed resistance to the collection of the whiskey tax in Western Pennsylvania led to the calling out of Federal and State troops, President Washington going in person to the disaffected district, and the insurgents being summarily put down and punished, with subsequent elemency to the leaders.

The first direct tax levied by the Federal Government, not upon commodities, but upon lands and dwelling-houses (to which was added while slavery still existed, a tax upon the value of slaves), was enacted July 9th, 1798, under the constitutional provision which requires that "all direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States, according to their respective numbers." This act divided the States into districts, with a large body of assessors, surveyors, and collectors of the revenue, who levied the tax provided for. This tax was limited to two years, and brought into the treasury about one million and a half of dollars. It was renewed in 1813 to 1815, during the expensive war with Great Britain, and, at the same time, heavy excise taxes were reimposed upon domestic spirits.

These taxes were gradually withdrawn as the public debt was

reduced, and expenditure diminished after the war. Twenty years of prosperity, with regular receipts from customs, and economical government, together with the constantly increasing sales of the public lands, brought the Government, in 1836, into the happy condition of being out of debt for the first and last time in its history hitherto. More than this; so many millions accumulated in the Treasury through the prodigious purchases of public lands in the flush times of 1835-6 (the Treasury receipts from sales in these two years alone having been about forty million dollars, or nearly double the entire annual receipts of the Government from all sources for twenty years before, and ten years after) that the surplus of the revenue was actually distributed by act of Congress, among the States. The amount thus divided (act of June 23d, 1836) was \$37,-468,860, distributed among the twenty-six States, in proportion to their number of electoral votes for President.

Very shortly after this unexampled financial act, followed the disastrous panic of 1837, the great real estate and paper money bubbles of the preceding year having burst, strewing the country with wrecks, and followed by several years of severe commercial and industrial depression. The result was such a cutting down of the customs revenue and land receipts as to compel the Government, in

1838-40, to borrow money to meet current expenses.

The entire revenue to maintain the Government now continued to be raised by customs duties (with the added receipt of about two million dollars annually from the public lands) for more than twenty years. At the outbreak of the civil war, in 1861, which, unlike the preceding one, was a year of great commercial distress and many failures, the finances of the Federal Government were at a very low ebb, and as high as eight and ten per cent had been paid for tem-The first legislation of Congress was directed towards porary loans. increasing the receipts of the Government, and in 1862-63 was organized that vast system of internal revenue taxes, and enhanced tariff duties, which drew from the elastic resources of the country the prodigious sum of \$3,739,136,870 in ten years (1863-1873), or an average of 374 million dollars per annum, excluding all receipts from To raise these enormous sums, rendered necessary to meet the current expenses of the great army in the field, and the interest on the rapidly growing public debt, necessitated the extension of the tax-gatherer's hand over almost every element of production and consumption. Not only were the tariff duties upon imports raised in many instances fifty to one hundred per cent above former rates, and a multitude of commodities before free subjected to taxation. but a direct tax of twenty million dollars per annum was apportioned among the States, an income tax (the first in our history) of three per cent was imposed on all annual incomes over \$600, and five per cent on all above \$10,000, afterwards increased to five per cent on all below \$5000 and ten per cent on the excess over \$5000 income. The following table shows succinctly the successive modifications of the income-tax law, with the annual amount derived from it, up to its repeal:

AMOUNT OF REVENUE FROM INCOME TAX DURING RACH YEAR.

[From the Annual Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

| YEARS. | Incomes over \$600 and not over \$10,000 8 per cent. Act of July 1, 1862. | Incomes over \$10,00 5 per cent. Act of July 1, 1872. | Incomes over \$600 and not over \$5000 5 per cent, Act of Mar. 3, 1865. | lacomes Incomes over \$600 and to over \$600 ove | Incomes over \$1000 5 per cent. Act of Mar. 2, 1867. | Incomet over \$2000 2% per cent. Act of July 14, 1870. | Incomes from bank dividends and profits. | Incomes from canal companies, dividends, etc. | Incomes from insur- ance comps- nies' divi- dends, etc. | Incomes from rallroad companies' dividends and interest on bonds. | Incomes from turn- pike compa- nies' divi- dends, etc. | Incomes from salaries of United States offic'rs | Annal Total. |
|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|-----------------|
| 1868a | 172,770 | \$77,462 | • | • | • | • | 766,808 | 4,210 | 236,488 | 502,582 | 1,101 | 696,181 | 2,741,857 |
| 1864a | 7,944,164 | 6,855,160 | | : | | | 1,577,011 | 92,121 | 445,866 | 1,524,252 | 17,496 | 1,705,125 | 20,294,738 |
| 1865a. | 9,697,247 | 9,362,339 | 589,143 | 801,942 | | | 4,016,722 | 386,223 | 708,771 | 8,819,598 | 28,213 | 2,826,492 | 82,050,017 |
| 1866 | - | | 26,046,760 | 34,501,123 | | | 4,240,664 | 908,284 | 788,882 | 8,461,769 | \$7,888 | 8,717,895 | 72,982,160 |
| 2981 | | | 81,492,694 | 25,547,947 | | | 8,774,975 | 195,382 | 568,474 | 8.879,962 | 80,708 | 1,029,992 | 66,014,429 |
| 1868 | | | | | 82,027,611 | | 8,624,775 | 215,280 | 605,490 | 8,880,830 | 49,562 | 1,043,561 | 41,455,599 |
| 6981 | | | | | 25,025,069 | | 8,769,186 | 220,608 | 847,668 | 8,884,967 | 188,28 | 561,968 | 84,791,857 |
| 1870 | | : | | | 27,115,046 | | 8,578,272 | 251,049 | 926,519 | 4,768,171 | 88,280 | 1,109,526 | 87,775,873 |
| 1871 | | | | | 10,680,967 | 8,758,988 | 1,542,668 | 47,048 | 243,205 | 2,095,785 | 11,788 | 787,263 | 19,162,652 |
| 328 | | | | | : | 8,416,686 | 2,162,564 | 186,052 | \$70,581 | 8,142,838 | 14,140 | 294,565 | 14,436,861 |
| 1878 | | | | : | : | 8,927,258 | 85,271 | 94,615 | 8,678 | 996,573 | 2,889 | 117,542 | 5,069,312 |
| (4 years) | : | : | | | | : | | : | | : | | 140,891 | 140,391 |
| Grand | 17,814,171 | 16,494,961 | 58,078,597 | 60,851,011 | 94,848,692 | 16,097,921 | 29,188,714 | 1,785,812 | 5,689,070 | 81,404,584 | 287,385 | 14,029,995 346,908,740 | 846,908,740 |

a. Besides the collections in the above table, there was collected in the first three years' operation of the law the sum of \$442,885 from interest on U. S. securities and property of citizens residing abroad, which taxes were soon repealed. The aggregate footings, of 1863, 1864, and 1965 include these amounts, for which there was not room in the detailed table.

It may be interesting to compare these statistics with the following table of receipts from the income tax in Great Britain, where this tax has been continuous for the past thirty-four years, although constantly changing by Parliamentary legislation, in the percentage levied.

Great Britain's Receipts from Income Tax-1844-1878.

[Compiled from the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom].

| | TOTAL | RATE ON £1 OF INCOME. | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|-----|------|--------------|----------|
| YEARS. | REVENUE. | | Smal | l Inco | mes. 1 | | Larg | e Inco | mes. |
| 1844 | £ 5,888,000 | 0 | pence | - n | per cent. | 7 | nenc | e = 8 | per cent |
| 845 | 5,830,000 | lŏ | pence | = 0 | per cent. | 7 | penc | = 8 | bei cen |
| 846 | 5,188,000 | ŏ | 44 | = ŏ | 66 | 7 | ** | = 8 | 46 |
| 847 | 5,544,000 | l ŏ | 44 | = 0 | 46 | 7 | " | = 8 | 44 |
| 848 | 5,613,000 | lő | 66 | = 0 | ** | 1 7 | ** | = 8 | 66 |
| | 5,485,000 | lŏ | 66 | = 0 | 66 | 7 | 66 | = 8 | 66 |
| 849 | 5,565,000 | l ŏ | | = 0 | 44 | 7 | " | = 8 | 44 |
| | 5,511,000 | l ŏ | 44 | = 0 | 44 | 7 | 44 | = 8 | ** |
| 851 | 5,440,000 | l ŏ | ** | = 0 | ٠. | 7 | 44 | = 8 | 44 |
| 858 | 5,658,000 | l ŏ | 44 | = 0 | ** | 7 | • • | = 8 | " |
| 854 | 5,780,000 | 1 5 | 66 | = 2 | | 1 7 | | = 3 | 66 |
| 855 | 10,922,000 | 10 | 44 | = 41 | 44 | 14 | | = 6 | 66 |
| 856 | 15,159,000 | 1113 | | = 43 | | 16 | 44 | = 64 | 64 |
| 857 | 16,051,000 | 1113 | | = 44 | | 16 | 44 | = 6 | |
| 858 | 11,896,000 | 5 | | $= \frac{47}{2}$ | ** | 107 | ** | = 8 | 44 |
| 859 | 6,610,000 | 5 | 66 | = 2 | 4. | 5 | 66 | = 0 | 66 |
| 860 | 9,666,000 | 61 | ** | = 2 | | 9 | " | = 8 | |
| 861 | 10.05,000 | 7 | | = 27 | 4 | 10 | 46 | = 4 | 44 |
| 001 | 10,957,000 10,471,000 | 6 | 44 | = 21 | 44 | 10 | " | = 81 | |
| 862 | | 6 | 46 | = 21 | | | ** | = 8 | |
| 868 | 10,483,000 | 7 | 66 | = 8 | 44 | 9 | " | | 66 |
| 864 | 9,102,000 | 63 | 46 | = 0 = 21 | u | | 44 | = 8 = 21 | |
| 865 | 7,986,000 | 43 | | | | 6 | " | | |
| 866 | 6,822,000 | 43 | | = 19 = 19 | 44 | 4 | 46 | = 11 = 11 | |
| 8 67 | 5,637,000 | 53 | | = 18 | 44 | 5 | 44 | = 1 | 44 |
| 869 | 6,184,000 | 63 | | = 21 | | | 46 | | |
| 870 | 8,618,000 | 53 | | | ** | 6 5 | ** | = 21 | 44 |
| | 10,044,000 | 43 | | = 2 = 18 | 44 | 4 | 66 | | |
| 871 872 | 6,850,000 | 63 | | = 21 | 44 | 6 | 66 | = 1 = 2 | |
| 878 | 9,084,000 | 44 | | | | 1 4 | " | | |
| | 7,500,000 | 84 | | = 15 = 13 | 44 | 8 | ** | | |
| 874 875 | 5,691,000 | | 66 | | 44 | | 44 | | |
| 876 | 4,806,000 | 24 | | = { | " | 2 | ** | - 1 | |
| | 4,109,000 | | | = , | | 2 | | = , | |
| 877 | 5,280,000 | 88 | | = 1 | | 3 | ** | = 1 | • |
| 878 | 5,820,000 | 85 | ••• | = 1 | | 8 | ••• | = 11 | • •• |

But the heaviest burden of taxation in the United States during the war period and the years immediately following, fell upon the productive industries of the country, and unquestionably had some share in leading to the state of things which produced the great financial revulsion and the prolonged industrial depression of 1873-78. The drain upon the resources of the country, though prodigious and unexampled, was, however, by no means in excess of

 ^{£100} a year and under £150.
 £150 a year and upwards.
 With abstement of £80 on all incomes below £200.
 With abstement of £30 on incomes under £300.
 With abstement of £30 on incomes under £300.
 On incomes of above £150, with abstement of £120 on incomes between £150 and £400.

the public spirit, which sustained the Government in the crisis and under the strain of war. Congress was at first reluctant to impose a direct or internal tax, apprehending popular discontent, and perhaps overrating the effects of long exemption from taxation in a direct form. It was not until 1863 that the more profitable and farreaching internal revenue taxes were imposed. On this point may be cited the following, from a paper by David A. Wells, Special Commissioner of Internal Revenue of the United States, from 1866

"Everywhere the opinion was expressed that taxation in all possible forms should immediately, and to the largest extent, be made effective and imperative; and Congress devised a system of internal and direct taxation, which for its universality and peculiarities has probably no parallel in anything which has heretofore been recorded in civil history, or is likely to be experienced hereafter. The one necessity of the situation was revenue, and to obtain it speedily and in large amounts through taxation, the only principle recognized—if it can be called a principle—was akin to that recommended to the traditionary Irishman on his visit to Donnybrook Fair, 'Wherever you see a head, hit it.' Wherever you find an article, a product, a trade, a profession or a source of income tax it! And san edict.

Donnybrook Fair, 'Wherever you see a head, hit it.' Wherever you find an article, a product, a trade, a profession, or a source of income, tax it! And so an edict went forth to this effect, and the people cheerfully submitted.

"Raw cotton was taxed at the rate of two cents per pound; salt was taxed at the rate of six cents per 100 pounds; tobacco from filteen to thirty-five cents per pound; cigars from \$3 to \$40 per thousand; sugar from two to three and one half cents per pound. Distilled spirits were first taxed in 1863, at the rate of twenty cents per gallon; the next year, 1864, sixty cents; then \$1.50; and subsequently at \$2. But the most curious and complex taxes were those imposed on the various products of what may be termed ordinary manufacturing industry, the tax, by intent or construction, having been imposed first on the raw material, and then on the total or increased value, according to circumstances, on each successive stare of its total or increased value, according to circumstances, on each successive stage of its elaboration up to the finished product. And, as if this was not enough, every man-

could be increased value, according to circumstances, on each successive stage of its elaboration up to the finished product. And, as if this was not enough, every manufacturer was also compelled to take out an annual license, while the goods produced, if sold by dealers or agents independent of the manufacturers, were subject to an additional tax of one tenth of one per cent., reckoned upon the amount of sales. This tax upon manufactures and products, with the exception of a few articles, was at first fixed, in 1864, at an average of five per cent.: but in 1865 the rate was increased uniformly twenty per cent., making the tax for most articles six per cent. Under the operation of this law, the Government actually levied and collected from eight to fitteen, and in some instances as much as twenty per cent. on every finished industrial product.

"In the case of books and pamphlets, it was proved by the New York Publishers' Association that, including the license and income taxes, the finished book and its constituents materials paid from fifteen to twenty separate and distinct taxes before it came to the reader—the paper and its constituents, the cloth, the glue, the starch, the leather, the slanghtered animal from whence the hide furnishing the leather was obtained, the dyes with which the cloth or leather was colored or stained, the thread, the gold-leaf, the type-metal, the type, and the mychinery; and then, when the whole were combined, the finished book paid an additional tax of five per cent., which was levied, not upon the cost of manufacture, but upon the price at which the book was sold. In addition to all these, the manufacturer or publisher paid, for the privilege of doing business, an annual license to tax, and an income tax of from five to tax per cent. on his profits, if he had any. In short, it was as if a frontier had been drawn about each individual article or product in the nation, across which nothing could pass without being submitted to atx which was repeated at each border.

"We have said t

nation, across which nothing could pass without using submitted to such a system.

"We have said that the people of the United States submitted to such a system. They did more; for such was the fervor of patriotiem and the determination to push the war to a successful issue, that they rejoiced in it; and during the continuance of hostilities there was no movement or protest attempted against the system which found any notable response among the masses. The country was rich, and its accumulated resources for nearly two generations had not been in any degree drawn upon by the national Government for extraordinary taxation. Wealth, moredrawn upon by the national Government for extraordinary taxation. Wealth, moreover, was very uniformly distributed; and the people pointed with pride to the annually increasing receipts of revenue under the new system, which, starting with \$48,500,0004m 1863, rose rapidly to \$117,000,000 in 1864, \$211,000,000 in 1865, and culminated in 1866 with the large sum of \$10,000,000, making the total revenue for that year, drawn from all sources by taxation, five hundred and fifty-nine millions.

"So long, moreover, as the war lasted, the attempts to evade taxation were exceptional, and in amount inconsiderable. The demand for most manufactured and agricultural products, owing to the enormous consumption of the armies, and the withdrawal of labor, by enlistment, from its accustomed avocations, was fully equal to or in excess of supply: prices rose rapidly with every increase of taxation.

equal to or in excess of supply; prices rose rapidly with every increase of taxation,

or additional issues of paper money; and, under such circumstances, the burdens of the war were not regarded by the majority of producers as oppressive."

Notwithstanding these facts, it is none the less true that when the stimulus, growing out of the war demand for products, and the rising markets, began to be withdrawn, and, more than all, when the paper-money expansion began to be succeeded by contraction, the whole attitude of the manufacturing and mercantile classes towards the system of taxation underwent a change. Impositions, which before were borne without complaint, and were even popular, became odious, and the public agitation, with a new demand for retrenchment and economy in the Government, compelled the repeal by Congress, first of the intenal revenue taxes upon domestic manufactures; then of the larger share of stamp duties, and all the taxes upon provisions, sales, and licenses, except as to the dealers in spirits and tobacco; and, finally, of the entire tax upon incomes. These successive remissions of taxation were enacted in 1866-67-68. original vast system of taxation was enacted at wholesale, under the pressure of urgent necessity, to obtain the largest revenue within the shortest time, without regard to the effect upon the country's in dustries, or to the proper relation of the tariff to the internal revenue tax upon the same article, so the vast fabric of taxation, with all its complications, underwent a wholesale repeal, with but little regard to the adjustment of a sound, equitable, and permanent system. While Congress swept away direct taxes (including the entire tax upon incomes), which had brought over two hundred million dollars annually into the treasury, it permitted the enormous duties upon imported commodities to stand for years unrepealed, and, in many cases, undiminished. When the tariff was finally reduced by the legislation of 1872, tea and coffee, articles of semi-luxury, which are the source of abundant revenue, were wholly exempted from duty.

The experience of the United States in the raising of revenue corroborates the principle that it is not always the heaviest tax which produces the largest revenue. A notable illustration of this was found in the variations of tax upon distilled spirits. The following table of the successive raising and reduction of the tax, with the revenue gathered under each rate imposed, will be found instructive:

| Riscal Year. | Tax on Spirits. | REVENUE. | Fiscal Year. | TAX ON SPIRITS. | REVENUE. |
|--------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1868 | 20 cts. | \$5,176,590 | 1867 | \$2.00 | \$38,542,952 |
| | 20 to 60 cts. | 80,829,150 | 1868 | 2.00 | 18,655,581 |
| | \$1.50 to \$2.00 | 18,781,422 | 1869 | 60 cts. | 45,071,231 |
| | \$2.00 | 88,268,173 | 1870 | 60 " | 55,606,094 |

What are the sources of taxation from which the present revenues of the United States are derived?

About three fifths of the amount for the support of the Government comes from the duties on imported commodities, and two fifths from internal revenue taxes. The latter are raised almost wholly from luxuries; spirits, fermented liquors and tobacco paying more than nine tenths of the internal revenue taxes. But in the taxes imposed upon imported commodities the rule is reversed, and the largest amount of revenue is derived, not from luxuries, but from articles classed among the necessaries of life. An analysis of

the customs receipts of the United States shows that the largest share of revenue is derived from the following commodities:

| ARTICLES TAXED. | | MS DUTIES CEIVED. |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Cotton manufactures | | \$6,730,000 |
| Wool and its manufactures | | 20,259,000 |
| Flax and manufactures | | 5.270,000 |
| Hemp and manufactures | | 1.532,000 |
| Iron and steel manufactures | | 3,778,500 |
| Earthen and crockery ware | | 1,300,000 |
| Glass ware | | 800,000 |
| Leather fabrics | | 2,668,000 |
| Breadstuffs and provisions | | 1,285,000 |
| Rice | | |
| Salt | | 786,000 |
| Wood manufactures | • | 886,000 |
| Sugar and molasses | · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Tin and manufactures. | • • • • • • • • • | 2,460,000 |
| | _ | |
| | | \$86,035,500 |

Here are over \$86,000,000 of revenue derived from commodities in universal use, out of a total revenue of \$131,000,000, in the year 1877, to which these figures apply. The same year, the articles of luxury which paid any considerable revenue into the Treasury were the following:

| ARTICLES TAXED. | Customs | DUTIES |
|--|---------------|-----------|
| ABTICLES TAKED. | RECE | IVED. |
| Diamonds, precious stones, and jewelry | | \$196,000 |
| Dolls. | | 110,000 |
| Embroideries | • • • • • • | 902,000 |
| Fans, feathers, flowers, etc | • • • • • • | 829,500 |
| Furs and manufactures of. | · · · · · · · | 491,000 |
| China many descrited | • • • • • • • | 884,000 |
| China ware, decorated | · · · · · · · | |
| Glass, plate and decorated | • • • • • • | 1,000,000 |
| Marble and its manufactures | • • • • • • | 271,000 |
| Musical instruments | | 172,000 |
| Opium | | 285,000 |
| Paintings and statuary | | 89,000 |
| Papier maché wares | | 391,200 |
| Silk and silk manufactures | 1 | 2,800,600 |
| Spices, etc | | 820,000 |
| Spirits and wines | | 5.627,995 |
| Tobacco and cigars | | 4,364,000 |
| Toys | | 125.400 |
| | | 288,593 |
| Watches | • • • • • • • | 400,093 |

\$29,097,288

It results from the above figures, which are fairly representative of the general average of duty collected from articles of luxury and necessity (omitting a multitude of minor articles), that much the larger percentage of the whole revenue is derived from articles enter-

ing into general consumption among the people.

Under the high tariff imposed during the pressure of war necessities, and not heavily reduced for the past fifteen years, the average duty on all dutiable commodities has been rather over than under 40 per cent ad valorem. The following table will show the percentage on the gross importations charged with tariff duties from the year 1821 to 1978, inclusive, the figures being from the tables published by the Treasury Department:

CUSTOMS REVENUE OF THE UNITED STATES.

A Comparative Statement showing the Customs Revenue, Amount of Dutiable and Free Goods Imported, and the Average Rate of Duty in each Year from 1821 to 1877, inclusive.

[From the Official Reports on Commerce and Navigation.]

| | Receipts | | Imports. | | Per | Per |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| YEAR. | from Customs, | Free. | Dutiable. | Total Amount Imported. | cent on Dutiable | Aggre- gate. |
| 1821 | \$18,475,704 | \$10,082,313 7,298,708 | \$52,503,411 | \$62,585,724 | 35.6 | 29.5 |
| 1822 | 24,066,066 | | 75,942,833 | 83,241,541 | 31.7 | 28.9 |
| 1823 | 22,402,024 | 9,048,288 | 68,530,979 | 77,579,267 | 82.7 | 28.8 |
| 1824 1825 | 25,486,817 31,653,871 | 12,563,773 10,947,510 | 67,985,234 85,392,565 | 80,549,007 96,840,075 | 37.5 37.1 | 31.6 32.8 |
| 1826 | 26,083,862 | 12,567,769 | 72,406,708 | 84,974,477 | 34.6 | 30.7 |
| 1827 | 27,948,957 | 11,855,104 | 67,628,964 | 79,484,068 | 41.8 | 35.1 |
| 1828 | 29,951,252 | 12,379,176 | 76,130,648 | 88,509,824 | 39.8 | 33.8 |
| 1829 | 27,688,701 | 11,805,501 | 62,687,026 | 74,492,527 | 44.8 | 87.1 |
| 1830 | 28,389,505 36,596,118 | 12.746,245 | 58,130,675 | 70,876,920 | 48.8 | 40 85.4 |
| 1831 1832 | 29,341,176 | 13,456,625 14,249,453 | 89,734,499 86,779,813 | 103,191,124 101,029,266 | 40.8 33.8 | 29 |
| 1833 | 24,177,578 | 32,477,950 | 75,670,861 | 108,118,311 | 31.9 | 22.4 |
| 1834 | 18,960,706 | 68,393,180 | 58,128,152 | 126,521,832 | 82.6 | 15 |
| 1835 | 25,890,727 | 77,940,493 | 71,955,249 | 149,895,742 | 36.0 | 17.2 |
| 1836 | 30,818,328 | 92,056,481 | 97,923,554 71,739,186 | 189,980,035 | 81.6 | 16.2 |
| 1837 | 18,134,131 | 69,250,031 | 71,739,186 | 140,989,217 | 25.3 | 12.4 |
| 1838 1839 | 19,702,825 25,554,534 | 60,860,005 76,401,792 | 52,857,399 85,690,340 | 113,717,404 162,092,132 | 87.8 29.9 | 17.8 15.8 |
| 1840 | 15,104,791 | 57.196.204 | 49,945,315 | 107,141,519 | 30.4 | 14.1 |
| 1841 | 15,104,791 19,919,492 | 66,019,731 | 61,926,446 | 127,946,177 | 32.2 | 15.6 |
| 1842 | 16,662,747 | 30,627,486 | 69,534,601 | 100,162,087 | 23.1 | 16.6 |
| 1843 | 10,208,000 | 35,574,584 | 29,179,215 | 64,753,799 | 35.7 | 15.7 |
| 1844 | 29,236,357 30,952,416 | 24,766,881 22,147,840 | 83,668,154 95,106,724 | 108,435,035 117,254,564 | 35.1 32.5 | 26.9 26.4 |
| 1845 1846 | 26,712,668 | 24,767,739 | 96,924,058 | 121,691,797 | 261/2 | 21.9 |
| 1847 | 23.747.865 | 41,772,636 | 104,773,002 | 146,545,638 | 221/2 | 16.2 |
| 1848 | 31,757,071 28,346,739 | 22,716,603 | 132,282,325 | 154,998,928 | 24 | 20.4 |
| 1849 | 28,346,739 | 22,377,665 | 125,479,774 | 147,857,489 | 23 | 19.2 |
| 1850 | 39.668,686 | 22,710,382 | 145,427,936 191,118,345 | 178,138,818 | 25.2 | 22.3 |
| 1851 1852 | 49,017,568 47,339,326 | 25,106,587 29,692,934 | 183,252,508 | 216,224,932 212,945,442 | 26 26 | 22.6 22.2 |
| 1853 | 58,931,865 | 31,383,534 | 236,595,113 | 212,945,442 267,978,647 | 25 | 22 |
| 1854 | 64,224,190 | 33,285,821 | 271,276,560 | 304,562,381 | 28.5 | 21.1 |
| 1855 | 53,025,794 | 40,090,336 | 221,378,184 | 261,468,520 | 23 | 20.8 |
| 1856 | 64,022,863 | 56,955,706 | 257,684,236 | 314,439,942 | 25 | 20.8 |
| 1857 1858 | 63,875,905 41,789,621 | 66,729,306 80,319,275 | 294,160,835 202,293,875 | 360,890,141 282,613,150 | 21.5 20 | 17.7 14.8 |
| 1859 | 49,565,824 | 79,721,116 | 259,047,014 | 338,768,180 | 19 | 14.6 |
| 1860 | 53,187,511 | 90,841,749 | 279,872,327 | 362,166,254 | 19 | 14.7 |
| 1861 | 39,582,126 | 117,469,962 | 218,180,191 | 835,650,153 | 18.14 | 11.79 |
| 1862 | 49,056,398 | 69,136,705 | 136,635,024 | 205,771,729 | 35.90 | 28.84 |
| 1863 1864 | 69,059,642 102,316,158 | 44,826,0 29 54,241,944 | 208,093,891 275,320,951 | 252,919,920 529,562,895 | 33.19 37.16 | 27.80 31.04 |
| 1865 | 84,928,260 | 54,329,583 | 194,226,064 | 248,555,652 | 43.75 | 84.17 |
| 1866 | 179,046,630 | 69,728,618 | 375,783,540 | 445,512,158 | 47.65 | 40.19 |
| 1867 | 176,417,811 | 45,203,970 | 372,627,601 | 417,881,571 | 47.84 | 42.22 |
| 1868 | 164,464,599 | 29,379,149 | 342,245,659 | 371,694,808 | 48.06 | 44.25 |
| 1869 1870 | 180,048,427 | 41,454,568 | 395,859,687 415,845,856 | 487,314,255 | 45.48 | 41.17 |
| 1871 | 192,878,265 206,270,408 | 46,508,7 95 57,857,7 61 | 483,635,947 | 462,354,651 541,493,708 | 46.87 42.64 | 38.11 |
| 1872 | 216,370,287 | 61,010,902 | 579,327,864 | 640,338,766 | 37.84 | 33.77 |
| 1873 | 188,089,523 | 166,296,821 | 497,320,326 | 663,617,147 | 87.82 | 28.34 |
| 1874 | 163,103,884 | 180,117.061 | 415,748,693 | 595,865,754 | 39 🚛 | 27.54 |
| 1875 | 157,167,722 | 167,255,005 | 879,795,113 | 547,050,118 | 41.88 | 28.78 |
| 1876 1877 | 148,071,985 130,956,498 | 156,298,5 94 181,528,2 51 | 390,879,277 298,989,288 | 476,677,871 480,517,489 | 46.21 | 81.06 27.25 |
| 1878 | 130,170,680 | 171,099,579 | 295,778,267 | 466,872,846 | 44.01 | 27.88 |
| | | -12,000,010 | | 1 200,01.2,010 | 71.01 | 1 2 |

Note.—The percentages of duty are only approximately, not absolutely, correct, the rates being computed for the earlier years upon the gross value of merchandise, etc., imported, instead of upon the value of goods entering into consumption in the respective years.

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The other great branch of revenue for the general Government the internal revenue receipts—shows the following proportions derived from the various objects of taxation for the fiscal year 1878:

This shows that 90 per cent of the entire internal taxation of the Federal Government is levied upon articles of luxury, while the remainder, or about 10 per cent, is derived from the commercial and financial transactions of the people. Out of the small still remaining taxes by stamp duties, less than 2½ per cent of the whole amount of revenue is from the tax on matches, while 3 per cent comes from check stamps, perfumery, medicines, or preparations of all kinds. The share of internal taxes, therefore, which cân be regarded as compulsory is excessively small; the taxes on liquors and tobacco (with the single exception of such amount of spirits and alcohol as are used in the arts) belong wholly to the category of voluntary taxes. It may be stated in general terms that while the larger share of tariff taxation in the United States is compulsory, and must be paid for by all consumers of commodities, nearly the whole internal revenue taxation, on the other hand, is voluntary, and can be escaped by those who choose to do without certain luxuries.

One very important point in the revenue system is the cost of collection, and this is largely dependent, so far as regards customs, upon the number and variety of articles subjected to duty, and the simplicity or intricacy of the classification and valuation adopted for the purpose of bringing commodities to contribute revenue to the Treasury. Formerly the very extensive and complicated list of articles taxed increased the cost of collection, by necessitating the employment of large numbers of appraisers and other officers in the custom-Accordingly, we find from the annual reports of the Treasury giving the expense of custom-house collection, that the cost of collecting the revenue for the last fifty years has varied from three per cent to eleven per cent on the gross amount collected. The cost of the custom-houses (87 in number) for the fiscal year 1877 was \$7,335,-615; the amount of revenue collected was \$130,956,493, showing that the expense of collection was very nearly 6 per cent. In the collection of internal revenue taxes, the articles taxed being now comparatively few, and the number of officers employed having been largely reduced of late years, the cost of collection is proportionately small It is stated, in the annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to have been about 3½ per cent for the fiscal year 1877, and 3.69 per cent in 1878, on the gross amount collected.

In Great Britain, the cost of collecting the revenue from customs, according to the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, has averaged from 4½ to 5 per cent on the amount of revenue collected during the past fifteen years. The expense of collecting the inland revenue, during the same period, has averaged from 3½ to 4 per cent

on the gross receipts.

40

In regard to taxation under State governments, the wide diversity of the systems and the constant changes in legislation constitute a chaos which it would require the most laborious and protracted study, and the most careful tabulation, to reduce to order. In several States, commissions on the tax system have been appointed at various times within the last ten years, and their reports, while far from comprehensive, have embodied valuable information and instruction. These reports, as well as the writings of those who have treated the question of taxation in the public press and elsewhere, go to show the evils, contradictions, and inequalities of existing systems of State They also establish the fact that in no State are the laws laying the taxes upon property executed with success. One of the most elaborate reports on this subject is that prepared by the commissioners appointed by the State of New York in 1870, to revise the laws for the assessment of taxes, of which commission David A. Wells was chairman. These reports, published in 1871-72, set forth the great necessity for reform in the tax system of New York. They showed that the existing tax laws had in view very little more than to include in the range of assessment a large number of productive items, without considering the influence of local taxation on the cost of production, the progress of the State, or the equitable distribution of the burdens of the Government. Notwithstanding a State law requiring the assessors of property to make oath that they had estimated the full and true value of all property at rates at which they would appraise the same in payment of a just debt, it was shown that a competition existed between the assessors of counties, and the cities and towns in each county, for the least possible valuation. The State tax being apportioned among the counties on the basis of their respective valuations, it follows that the county exhibiting the smallest schedule of property would be subjected to the least tax. The result was seen in the fact that while some assessors approximated to within 50 or 60 per cent of the real value of the property, the rate in a majority of the counties varied from 25 to 35 per cent of the true worth of property, while in some instances the assessors' valuation for the purposes of taxation went as low as 20 per cent of the real value. short," says the report, "there cannot probably be found a single instance in the whole State, unless possibly in the property of non-resi-

inconsistent with the exact truth."

But great as were the inequalities, and enormous as became the exemptions, under the valuation and assessment of real property, those which prevailed in respect to personal property were much greater. It has been laid down as a principle by some economic writers that the market value of the aggregate of land, and that of the aggregate productive capital, are about equal. Certainly, in densely populated States like New York, Massachusetts, etc., the two separate aggregates of property classed as real and personal must nearly approximate each other in actual value. Yet the assessed valuation for the purposes of taxation universally shows a prodigious discrepancy. Take, for example, the amount of taxable property as assessed in the

dents, where the law respecting the valuation of real property is fully complied with, and where the oaths of the assessors are not wholly

following large States for the year 1877:

| States. | Real property. | Personal property. | Per cent borne by real estate. | Per cent borne by personal property. |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| California. Illinois. Indiana Massachusetts New York Ohio. Tennessee Virginia Wisconsin | \$ 454,641,311 931,199,306 638,246,860 1,191,499,228 2,376,252,178 1,084,796,732 212,228,546 242,756,548 274,417,873 | \$ 140,481,866 197,291,491 222,862,781 508,965,487 879,488,140 490,524,810 24,854,206 78,560,940 77,362,481 | 76.40 82.60 74.16 70.00 86.05 68.96 89.71 75.55 78.01 | 28.60 17.40 25.84 30.00 18.95 31.04 10.29 24.45 21.99 |

It will be observed that in not a single instance does the valuation of personal property, or the amount of revenue raised therefrom, approximate that contributed by real estate. In no case is the value attributed to capital so much as 50 per cent of that of land, while in the case of New York, which is known to be the largest State in the Union, in its concentration of capital, the latter is valued at less than 17 per cent of the value of real estate. The same remark holds good with regard to city valuations, where we find the ratio of personal to real property sometimes strangely disproportionate. In Brooklyn, for example, the ratio of personal property taxed was to real as 1 to 10.46; in Buffalo it is 1 to 4.38; in Chicago, 1 to 3.86; in New York City, 1 to 2.42; in Boston, 1 to 1.67; and in Cincinnati, where a more equal system of valuation seems to have prevailed, the ratio of personal to real property was assessed as 1 to 1.23.

In Massachusetts, the only State which publishes in full detail its valuation, the assessments of several of the smaller cities actually exhibit an aggregate of personal property in excess of real estate; New Bedford, for example, showing a proportion of fourteen dollars personal property to eight dollars in real estate, while in many others the approximation in valuation of the two classes of property is very close. Massachusetts is said to be the most successful State in the Union in executing the law of taxation, which is built upon the theory of subjecting all real and personal property to a uniform rule of assessment and taxation. Yet in Massachusetts the most expert assessors testify that of the personal property of citizens subject to taxation, fully one third escapes assessment. All kinds of evasions and subterfuges, to say nothing of flat perjury, are resorted to, to escape the tax-gatherer. In 1878, in one of the suburbs of Boston, a citizen dying, who had been taxed for some years on \$75,000 of personal property, assumed by the assessors as the amount of his capital (he refusing to make a sworn return), was found to be possessed of bonds and other moneyed assets to the amount of over \$600,000. He had successfully avoided taxation on more than half a million of property for a series of years, and upon discovery, and the subjection of his estate to the full operation of the tax laws, so great a change was made in the tax duplicate of the town as to reduce the tax of every other citizen by about one half per cent.

In Illinois, the Chicago Board of Trade published the statement that the valuations of property for taxation are not nore than one quarter the actual cash value of the property assessed; and this notwithstanding the law requires all property to be assessed and taxed at its actual value. In the midst of the great practical difficulties of enforcing taxa.

tion upon personal property, a kind of property that is easy of transfer, and the value of which it is difficult and even impossible to arrive at, there have not been wanting those who advocate the levying of all taxes directly upon real estate, without attempting to subject personal property to taxation. The statement is made that in no other nation but in the United States do governments levy a direct tax on personal property in the possession of individuals; that such an attempt is beyond any power in the Constitution, and cannot be effected with any degree of equality; that the chief burdens of taxation upon personal property fall upon those possessed of comparatively little means, while the very rich almost invariably contrive to escape the tax-gatherer; that governments necessarily fail to collect large portions of the tax levied, from want of tangible security or property subject to distraint; that all faithful enforcement of such laws is, in its very nature, inquisitorial and arbitrary, subjecting the citizens to the caprice, or favoritism, or animosity, of the officers of the law; that the attempt to enforce personal property taxation opens the widest possible door to perjury, offers a direct premium upon falsehood and dishonesty, and ends in complete failure to secure the object of the tax system, which is equality and certainty in the assessment and collection of the tax. Many attempts have been made to render the present tax laws of States more effective by rendering them more stringent. The legislation of Massachusetts and Illinois may be cited as examples of this, but the testimony already adduced evinces that the endeavor has not been wholly suc-It is alleged by the opponents of personal taxation, that such laws cannot be made operative without making them far more stringent and severe, investing assessors with almost arbitrary powers of inquiry, and even of fine or punishment; that some central authority must be created to prevent, or to punish, under the most stringent penalties, not only the evasions of tax-payers, but the derelictions of the assessors and tax-gatherers themselves. It is further asserted that the use and value of oaths as a matter of restraint or a guarantee of truth in respect to official statements must be wholly abandoned, at least so far as regards the sworn statements of owners of property. An oath, it is said, in respect to matters in which the Government is a party, is required as a mere matter of form, and a mechanical procedure, and its violation with a mental reserve is not felt to be a crime. We are pointed to the fact that the assessors of every State continually make oath, and renew the perjury every year, that they have valued all property for assessment at its actual value.

Another point made by the opponents of personal property taxation is, that a uniform system, subjecting personal property to tax, requires that all mortgages of real estate should pay the same rate as all other securities, and this, while the real estate itself is taxed, becomes a double taxation. Its effect, it is alleged, is either to drive away the capital, which would otherwise be loaned upon real estate, or to largely increase the burdens of borrowers, the capitalist charging higher interest, or otherwise recouping himself on mortgage loans for the tax he is compelled to pay. The effect of this, it is declared, is to enhance the price of money, and discourage enterprise, subjecting borrowers, who would otherwise develop the industries and resources of the State they live in, to burdens and discouragements

they are ill able to bear.

On the other hand, the advocates of personal property taxation allege with much force, that the only equitable rule is one which subjects all classes of property alike; that the contribution by every citi-

zen to the expenses of the State, in proportion to his ability, is just, and must be recognized everywhere; that to exempt personal property from taxation would be to exempt the capitalist, whose possessions are not in the form of real estate, from all taxation whatever; that such an exemption would be in the highest degree unjust, and oppressive upon the owners of real estate; that it would further tax farmers and small proprietors by just so much more as the ratio of personal property exempted bore to the real estate in the commonwealth: that it would, in effect, reverse the rule sometimes insisted upon, that wealth should bear the largest share of taxation, and would compel the poorer men to bear the burdens of the richer; that such a system would induce capitalists to put all their property into the form of stocks, bonds, money, and other securities, thus tending to form a great money-lending class, and withdrawing capital from fixed forms of investment, from the improvement of cities and towns, and from the channels of active enterprise.

It has been suggested as a compromise between these two opposite views that all capital invested in corporations, whether railroad, mining, insurance, banks, carrying companies, or manufacturing and commercial companies, might be taxed; and that real estate taxation might be so modified as to assess and collect the taxes upon rents, rather than upon the fluctuating valuations which prevail in the States under the present laws and unsuccessful system. It is alleged in behalf of this scheme, that taxes upon corporations are more easily and inexpensively collected, and can be diffused with less burden through the community, than almost any other tax. It is claimed that taxing the rental value of all premises would, for the first time, bring real estate to a substantially uniform and just valuation. This system prevails in England and France, where almost all classes of personal property are left untaxed, and upon the ground that the enforcement of any general taxation of money or credits is impossible. In lieu of such tax, Great Britain derives an extraordinarily large share of its revenue from luxuries, the excise tax on spirits of all kinds having been maintained for years at ten shillings a gallon, while the duty on imported liquors is ten shillings and fivepence, or about \$2.50 per gallon. Of the 350 to 400 million dollars in round numbers, annually raised in the form of revenue by Great Britain, the sum of over 200 millions of dollars is raised on alcoholic drinks and tobacco alone. The various classes of property and consumption pay the following proportions, as calculated by R. Dudley Baxter, in his work on the Taxation of the United King-

| dom: | |
|--|---------------------------|
| Taxes on expenditure solely (spirits, wines, tobacco, tea, coffee, as sugar) | nd £48. 084.000 |
| Taxes on expenditure (plate, dogs, race-horses, windows, etc.) | 8.624.000 |
| Taxes on income and property | 7,488,000 |
| liquor licenses, mercantile and other trades) | 6,560,000 |
| Taxes payable out of capital (probate, legacy, and successions dut and stamps on deeds) | y, 6,258,000 |
| - . • | |

As to the relative proportions of taxation borne by different classes of population in England, Mr. Baxter calculates that while the upper and middle classes pay £54,000,000 of revenue annually for the support of the Government, the manual-labor classes pay only £29,112,000. In other words, while capital and well-to-do industry and commerce pay two thirds, labor in its cruder forms pays only one third.

It may be suggested, however, that Mr. Baxter's figures are a little deceptive; since he places the whole tax on land and houses (amounting to some £1,700,000) in the category of taxes paid by the upper and middle classes, while the manual-labor class are exempt. Yet no fact is better capable of demonstration than that taxes on lands and houses are paid at last by the tenants, or by labor.

In the State of New York, the commissioners to revise the laws regarding taxation reported a code, carrying into effect a radical change in the whole system of valuation and taxation in regard to real estate and personal property. The leading features of this pro-

posed scheme were:

1. The exemption of personal property from taxation, except that of corporations created by the State, whose franchises are in the na ture of a monopoly.

2. The taxation of land, exclusive of buildings, at a uniform val-

uation of 50 per cent of its true market value.

3. The taxation of buildings, conjointly with land as real estate, at a uniform valuation; and then, as an equivalent for all taxation on personal property, a tax upon the occupant, whether owner or tenant of any building, on a valuation of three times the rental of the premises occupied. This proposed plan of taxation has not been carried

into effect by the requisite legislation.

Meanwhile the sentiment is growing in nearly all the States that the question of taxation is the most vital one of the time. The prodigious expenditure during the last fifteen years of all our governments, National, State, County, and municipal, has been such as not only to create great debts, with consequently enhanced burdens of taxation, but to expend the money raised directly from the tax-payers in vast and before unheard-of public improvements. In the item of public buildings alone, Congress has appropriated above \$45,000,-000 since 1865, or more than twice as much as had been expended for such purposes during the whole existence of the Government from 1789 to the close of the war. Some of the States and cities have scarcely been behind in the magnitude and costliness of public buildings-witness the new State House of New York, at Albany, and the unfinished City Buildings of Philadelphia. Many State asylums for the insane have been constructed on a scale which has brought the cost of lodging paupers greatly above the average expense of lodging in the best hotels or more elegant private houses. All kinds of railroad enterprises, street improvements, etc., have been carried on upon a scale so extensive as to burden the citizens with taxes amounting in some cities almost to confiscation of property. State and municipal extravagance (sometimes combined with fraud) have wrung some hundreds of millions of dollars from the people, which it is not too strong a statement to say might far better have remained in the pockets of the tax-payers than to have been lavished or squandered upon the costly fixed investments which have absorbed it.

The fact is becoming more widely appreciated that the State owes to all its citizens, not only that they should be taxed equally, but that all unnecessary taxation should be avoided. The injustice of taxing mortgages is evident upon the simple statement, that the land mortgaged has been once taxed as real estate, and when the State imposes in addition a tax upon the money loaned upon the land, the mortgages collects the amount from the mortgagor, thus making the latter pay double. In Massachusetts, by a recent official statement, there are 103,500 laborers owning houses, 46,000 of which are mortgaged

to an average amount of \$1000 each. The State and local taxes being about two per cent, the enormous sum of one million dollars is yearly taken from the savings of the men who are struggling to pay for their places, while the unfair exemption of much money deposited in savings banks is perpetuated. It results that the working-man who has \$1000 in a house, and has borrowed another thousand dollars on mortgage, is taxed \$44, while another working man who has \$1000 in the bank is taxed only \$7.50; and this is but one among

many of the not less glaring inequalities of taxation.

Among the many different objects of taxation of which governments may avail themselves without serious oppression, or obstructing the industries of the people, may be classed taxes on simple luxuries, on legacies, successions, dividends, incomes, carriages, dogs, plate, and certain employments. Among taxes which, though readily collected, may be in practice the most burdensome, are taxes on the means of living, on mortgages, on ordinary manufactures and commercial sales, and, in certain communities, capitation taxes. The great leading resource of all our State governments for raising taxes, is found to be real estate, or landed property and the buildings and improvements thereon. In a portion of the States a poll tax of one dollar or two dollars is levied on each citizen of the legal age for voting, and is sometimes made a condition precedent to the exercise of the elective franchise.

As to the amount of State taxation, and the percentage levied upon property, the variations in the different States are very great, as may be seen by consulting the table in another place of State valuation and taxes. The percentage levied for State taxes varies from ten cents on each one hundred dollars (or one tenth of one per cent) in Tennessee, to one dollar on each one hundred, or one per cent, in South Carolina. This is for State purposes merely; but the taxation by counties, cities and towns, when added, so swells the amount that the citizens in no part of the country that is well populated escape with less than one and one quarter to one and one half per cent tax on the valuation of their property, while in some ambitious cities taxes have been carried up to the enormous rate of between four and five per cent. The average, in the more thickly settled parts of the country, may be fairly stated at two per cent; and this of course is exclusive of all taxes paid to the general Government, which are levied almost wholly upon consumption.

THE CLIMATES OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE vast extent of territorial domain occupied by the United States, gives to it a greater variety of climate than that of any other single country on the globe. While there are countries whose territory stretches over more degrees of latitude in a continuous line, there are but one or two approximating it in the breadth of its domain from east to west, measured by degrees of longitude. Nor is there any which affords by differences of elevation and conformation of land and water greater elements of climatic changes. The influence of our great longitudinal chains of mountains alone, including the great Appalachian chain in the east, the Rocky Mountains, the Sierra Nevada and the Cascade range in the west, upon the climate of the States and Territories is prodigious. While the valleys between these mountains are often reservoirs of heat, the sides and summits of the mountains themselves yield a temperature far below that of the plains and table-lands in similar latitudes.

It may be said, almost without exaggeration, that the United States possesses all climates, from those of the frigid zone up to those of the torrid. The mean annual temperature ranges from summer heat, or 76° Fahrenheit in Florida, to 36° on the elevated plains of Minnesota, which latter may be said to represent the coldest regions of The American citizen may thus choose his clithe United States. mate, and need only possess the means of transit and the willingness to labor to enable him to settle in a country where it is almost perpetual summer, and the fruits of the tropics grow around him in rich profusion; or in a region where the colder clime will brace his energies to steady struggle with the great forces of nature. changing his relations to government or laws (save in the insignificant differences that subsist between the legislation of the different States), the American citizen may go from clime to clime, according as his taste or his necessities may impel him. The traveller, too, in search of perpetual spring, may take up his carpet-bag and go from the balmy January or February of Florida or Louisiana, northward through every State until he finds the spring late in May or early June breaking into bud upon the bleak and rock-bound shores

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of Maine. Reversing his course, he may travel southward, and, leaving the short-lived northern summer behind him, find a medium temperature of delicious moderation in the Middle States in October and November, which the far Southern States will continue for him all through the winter.

The mountains of the United States, though inferior in height to the great overtopping summits of the Himalayas or to the noted peaks of South America, are equal in elevation to any on the Continent of While Mont Blanc, the monarch of mountains, pierces the sky to the height of 15,732 feet, Mount St. Elias, in Alaska, rises yet higher, to the elevation of 17,876 feet in the air. California has two mountains, Shasta and Tyndall, 14,400 feet each, closely approximating the Matterhorn, which is 14,710 feet. Colorado has no less than nine distinct peaks rising to a height of 14,000 feet and upwards above the sea level, on any of which the enterprising and adventurous explorer may climb nearly as far towards heaven as he could possibly get in Switzerland. Among the less elevated mountain ranges of the Eastern States, it was long supposed that the White Mountains were the loftiest, and many geographical books still repeat this erroneous information. Modern measurements, however, have shown that the peaks of the Black Mountains in North Carolina overtop Mount Washington by a few hundred feet. The Black Dome rises to the height of 6760, Mitchell's Peak to 6576 feet above the sea level, and eleven other North Carolina mountains exceed 6300 feet, while the elevation of Mount Washington is only 6288 feet.

In the recently published tables of the atmospheric temperature in the United States, made up from all existing accessible observations by the Smithsonian Institution, many facts are recorded of the highest interest regarding the effects of clevation, ocean currents, valley isolation, etc., upon temperature. Thus it is given as a result of comparative observations, derived from a large variety of places, through long periods of time, that the temperature falls one degree for every rise above the earth's surface of 250 to 500 feet. At the top of a mountain 5000 feet high, therefore, the thermometer would indicate from ten to twenty degrees lower temperature than at its base, this large range of variation being affected by many collateral circumstances in different places. Among the circumstances which modify temperature the most powerfully, are to be reckoned the dampness or dryness of the atmosphere, the slope of the elevation, the condition of the surface, as wooded or barren, etc. In the eastern part of the United States the distribution of heat is far more uniform than in This is indicated by the isothermal lines running bethe western. tween forty-four and sixty-eight degrees of temperature, which follow with approximate uniformity the parallels of latitude. In the Western United States, on the contrary, there is great irregularity in the distribution of heat and cold, the climate of California being

quite abnormal, and exhibiting an undue degree of cold in summer and of heat in winter. In the coast regions of California (notably in San Francisco Bay), under the influence of a brisk sea-breeze, the rays of even a high sun at noonday fail to impart any appreciable heat to the air.

We give below a table prepared by selection from the voluminous records of the recent work on American temperature, showing the mean annual temperature of the atmosphere at a given point in each of the forty-nine States and Territories of the Union. The place is selected as either the capital or some leading city or town where observations have been most continuously kept:

| State or Territory. | Place of observation. | Mean annual temper- ature. | State or Territory. | Place of observation. | Mean annu tempe ature |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Alabama | Mobile | 66° | Mississippi | Jackson | 64 |
| Alaska | Sitka | 46° | Missouri | St. Louis | 55 |
| Arizona | Tucson | 69° | | Helena | 48 |
| Arkansas | Little Rock | 63° | | Omaha | 49 |
| California | San Francisco | 55° | | C'p Winfi'ld Scott | |
| Colorado | Denver | 48° | New Hampshire | Concord | |
| Connecticut | Hartford | 50° | New Jersey | Trenton | 5 |
| Dakota | Fort Randall | 470 | New Mexico | Santa Fé | 5 |
| Delaware | Wilmington | 53° | New York | Albany | 4 |
| Dist. Columbia. | Washington | 55° | North Carolina. | Raleigh | 59 |
| Florida | Jacksonville | 69° | Ohio | Columbus | 5 |
| Georgia | Atlanta | 58° | | Portland | 5 |
| Idaho | Fort Boise | 52° | Pennsylvania | Harrisburg | 5 |
| Illinois | Springfield | 50° | | Providence | 48 |
| Indiana | Indianapolis | 51° | South Carolina. | Columbia | 6 |
| Indian Territ'y. | | 60° | Tennessee | | 58 |
| lowa | Des Moines | 490 | Texas | | 6 |
| Kansas | Leavenworth | 51° | Utah | Salt Lake City | 59 |
| Kentucky | Louisville | 56° | Vermont | | 48 |
| Louisiana | New Orleans | 69° | Virginia | Richmond | 5 |
| Maine | Augusta | 45° | Washington T | Steilacoom | 5 |
| Maryland | Baltimore | 54° | West Virginia | Romney | 55 |
| Massachusetts | Boston | 480 | Wisconsin | Madison | 4 |
| Michigan | Detroit | 470 | Wyoming | Fort Bridger | 4 |
| Minnesota | St. Paul | 420 | | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | - |

It will readily be gathered from the above that the warmest climates in the Union are Louisiana and Florida, at New Orleans and Jacksonville, as shown in the mean temperature of 69° for the year, while the coldest is that of Minnesota, whose mean temperature goes as low at St. Paul as 42°, being colder by 4° than Sitka, in the far northern Territory of Alaska. In the latter case, however, the severity of the seasons is tempered by the warm Pacific waters, giving a milder mean temperature for the year than either Vermont, Maine, Wisconsin, or Wyoming possesses.

THE WORLD'S STOCK OF THE PRECIOUS METALS.

[Freely translated and condensed from the Économiste Français, Sept. 14 and 21, 1878.]

In two notable articles recently published in the Revue des Deux Mondes, two publicists of opposite schools have discussed the question of the precious metals, their relative abundance in the past, present, and future, and the effect of an increase or decline in the production of gold and silver upon prices. In one of these articles, by M. Emile de Laveleye, who is an advocate of bi-metallic money, it is attempted to show that the world's stock of the precious metals, so far from increasing, is constantly decreasing. M. de Laveleye estimates the entire annual production of gold and silver at 850,000,000 francs (\$170,000,000), and he maintains that a decline in the production of gold and silver mines has set in which must soon result in a deficiency of metallic money for the wants of the world's commerce, resulting in a great and general fall in the prices of merchandise, to take place before the close of the nineteenth century.

M. de Laveleye sets out by accepting the general conjecture (rather than estimate) that at the close of the fifteenth century there was in the world about 700,000,000 of francs in silver (\$140,000,000), and only 300,000,000 gold (\$60,000,000). From the year 1500 to the year 1848, the production of the precious metals, it is further estimated. was 30 milliards of silver (\$6,000,000,000) and 14 milliards of gold (\$2,800,000,000). During all this time, silver constituted the principal money of account among the vast majority of the world's It is a curious fact that up to the discoveries of gold in Australia and California, the relation was almost exactly maintained between the values of the aggregate quantity of the two metals. But from 1848 the production of the precious metals, and especially of gold, began to be largely increased. It is estimated that from 1848 to 1870, 20 milliards of gold and silver (\$4,000,000,000) were added to the circulation, causing an increase in the money metals of not less than 45 per cent. If we add 6 milliards (\$1,500,000,000) for the production of the last seven years (1870-77), we have a total of 70 milliards (\$14,000,000,000) of the precious metals put in circulation.

According to M. de Laveleye, with 70 milliards (\$14,000,000,-000) of metallic money, and 1,200,000,000 of inhabitants in the world. we should have about 60 francs in specie for each person (\$12 per capita), which seems a sufficiently handsome sum to answer all human wants, if we take into account the fact that all civilized people have paper-money in addition. But, according to M. de Laveleye, this view is wholly deceptive, and we are on the very brink of a great scarcity of the circulating medium. He arrives at this conclusion from the following considerations: The total of \$14,000,000,000 of the precious metals represents the gross products of the mines since A.D. 1500, which must be diminished by deducting all the gold and silver employed in the arts and manufactures, and the amount that is lost by circulation, abrasion, etc. Statisticians are absolutely unable to solve the problem how much these various causes diminish the product of the precious metals which is put in circulation. to M. Ernest Seyd, a London financial writer, there is in the western world 18 milliards (\$3,600,000,000) in gold coin and bullion, and in silver coin and bullion 6 milliards (\$1,200,000,000). In the eastern world he estimates the circulation of the precious metals at 6 milliards (\$1,200,000,000), which would give, in all, 30 milliards (\$6,000,-000,000) of money in circulation in the whole world. ing to another specialist, M. Xeller, there was in 1868, in the western world, 20 milliards (\$4,000,000,000) of the precious metals in circulation. It is hardly possible to harmonize these estimates, or to believe that while 70 milliards (\$14,000,000,000) have been produced since the year 1500, there yet remains in circulation only 30 milliards (\$6,000,000,000). Forty milliards (\$8,000,000,000), according to this, are lost, or have disappeared in industrial uses, such as jewelry, etc.

But M. de Laveleye claims that the production of the two metals has diminished for some years past. In 1852 the gold product alone reached 900,000,000 francs; now, according to M. de Laveleye, it amounts to between 400,000,000 and 500,000,000 francs (\$100,000,000) The production of silver, on the contrary, has increased from 250,000,000 to 350,000,000 of francs, making the annual product of both metals about 850,000,000 (\$170,000,000), while but a few years ago it exceeded 1,000,000,000 (\$200,000,000) annually. This amount, he claims, is wholly insufficient for the wants of civ-The results of this deficit will become manifest in a very few years; we shall see a great augmentation in the purchasing power of money, and consequently a fall of prices in all that is purchased by money. This fall M. de Laveleye finds to be full of evil, overlooking entirely the troubles which the great rise in prices caused by the influx of Californian and Australian gold have occasioned, an expansion of circulation, an increase of expenditure, and an undue rise of prices to all consumers. He devotes himself to show the results of an insufficient circulation as depressing manufacturing and commercial enterprise, greatly lowering the wages of labor, and stifling the development of mankind. He further draws from his statistics an argument in favor of the bi-metallic system, and against the policy which prevails in Great Britain, Germany, and some other nations,

rejecting silver as money of account of full value.

But, in the first place, the figures of M. de Laveleye are not generally admitted. M. Victor Bonnet, in the Revue des Deux Mondes, maintaining the view that the single gold standard is the only possible or expedient monetary system, cites the opinion of M. Feer-Herzog, an eminent Swiss financial writer, to the effect that the annual production of the precious metals is even now 1,150,000,000 francs--710,-000,000,000 of gold and 440,000,000 of silver. The difference between these figures and those of M. de Laveleye is very considerable, being 300,000,000 of francs (\$60,000,000) annually. But if we accept his figures of production, it is impossible to admit other elements in his calculation. His estimate that 280,000,000 of francs in gold and silver are annually employed in the industrial arts may possibly be correct; for the English economist McCulloch fixed this consumption years ago at 375,000,000 francs. While it is evident that we can have nothing but conjecture on this point, civilized nations do employ much gold and silver in jewelry, plate, etc. But it should not be forgotten that the fabrication of this jewelry does not consume the metal newly furnished annually by the mines. On the contrary, many fabrics of gold and silver are annually melted and reappear in a new form. Even granting that 280,000,000 are annually consumed in commerce, M. de Laveleye's second calculation that 250,000,000 more must be deducted from the circulation for wear and tear is entirely too large. The estimates for abrasion vary very much, but are usually from one quarter to one half per cent on the whole amount of coin in circulation. It should be taken into account that modern nations make less and less use of coin passing from hand to hand, substituting checks and bills of exchange, while the coin sleeps in tho vaults of the banks or in strong-boxes.

But what is absolutely inadmissible in the calculations of M. de Laveleye is his third point. He deducts a sum of 250,000,000 france annually from the coin of which Europe stands in need, to regulate its exchanges with the east, and this he takes from the annual product of the mines. The amount flowing to the east may have averaged 259,000,000 francs for the last twenty-five years, but these are by no means average years. Thus, for the whole period of five years from 1861 to 1866, corresponding to the American war, the exports of India were enormously increased, notably in cotton, resulting in a great and unprecedented drain of silver from Europe. Since that time the normal state of things has returned, the imports and exports of India generally balance, and no such sum as 250,000,000 francs annually is

Adding these three figures: 280,000,000 for the industrial arts. 250,000,000 for loss by abrasion, and 250,000,000 to represent the balance of trade between Europe and Asia-M. de Laveleye finds a total of 780,000,000 francs, which expresses, according to him, the annual wants of the civilized world to be added to the specie in circulation, supposing that the population and commerce remain stationary. But population continually increases, and commerce likewise; now as, according to M. de Laveleye, the production of the precious metals is only 850,000,000 francs a year, and we must deduct 780, 000,000 from this for the uses already described, there remains only 70,000,000 per annum to keep pace with the progress of population and commerce—a sum altogether insufficient, since in Europe and the two Americas the population increases at the rate of 5,000,000 souls per annum; estimating the want of coin at 30 francs per head, which is little enough, there would be required 150,000,000 (\$30,000,000) annually; whereas, as we have seen, we have but 70,000,000, presenting thus a deficit of 80,000,000. Thus, according to M. de Laveleye, the insufficiency of the actual production of the precious metals is demonstrated. It is to be remarked that M. de Laveleye exaggerates strangely when he insists that the wants of each country for coin circulation increase in proportion to the increase of its population and its commerce. Further, he commits a great oversight in not taking into consideration the many substitutes for money of which custom avails itself more and more continually, as bank notes, bills of exchange, checks, etc.

Nevertheless, there is some truth at the bottom of M. de Laveleye's observations. The great depreciation of the precious metals which has been seen for twenty years past, as a consequence of a sudden enlargement in their production, is perhaps approaching its term;

but this would not be a misfortune.

required for the east.

The element of new discoveries of mines of precious metals has of course been wholly left out by M. de Laveleye. He writes as if civilization had already penetrated every corner of the globe, and revealed all the treasure, of gold and silver that are buried in the bowels of the earth. Humboldt (repeating a remark of Herodotus) says that gold always comes from the extreme limits of civilization; this is borne out by the discovery of mines, both ancient and modern. in the new regions opened up to human occupation. That gold is no longer produced in countries long inhabited furnishes no argument against its probable discovery in regions not yet occupied. Civilization and colonization, as represented by the white race, have by no means reached their period. It is doubtful, as geographers tell us, whether half of the earth has been actually explored by men belonging to civilized nations, and we all know that hardly a third or a quarter is yet inhabited by them.

Who knows what undeveloped wealth may yet exist in Mexico, or in Central and South America? The Cordilleras may yet have

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their secrets; the banks of the Amazon, the La Plata, and their great affluents are almost a terra incognita. It is only eight years since gold regions were discovered in French Guiana. Australia and New Zealand, so rich in the past, are by no means exhausted in the present. Africa, that land of marvel and mystery heretofore, is now being opened by continual fresh explorations. In Siberia the gold product is actually increasing, but that country, where the cold is as forbidding as the torrid heat is in Africa, is as yet very imperfectly known.

But do we really need that enormous increase in the precious metals which from 1848 to 1878 has enlarged the world's stock more than one half? This sudden expansion, notwithstanding the great development of commerce and industry, has produced a great rise in prices; and was this rise an unmingled good? By no means. the contrary, what is most sought for by all financiers, and what would actually be an economic ideal, is an absolute fixed standard of value, subject neither to sudden increase nor diminution, increasing moderately and regularly each year, so as to keep pace with business and population; so that those violent fluctuations of prices caused by sudden changes in the supply of currency should not take place. It is true that a recent great decline in prices has set in; but this decline is rather due to intrinsic or collateral causes than to any rise in the value of money. Coal, iron, grain, and some of the raw materials most used in manufactures have been very largely produced of late years. The reduction in the cost of transportation and the opening of new fields of production are largely accountable for the fall in prices. Add to this that there is an enormous and steadily growing substitution of bank credits, bills of exchange, and checks, for the actual transfer of the precious metals, and it will be found, we think, that there is yet, and will continue to be, plenty of gold and silver for The railroads and telegraphs to-day give the wants of commerce. us the means of economizing incalculably the use of coin and bullion, which, while it stays in the vaults of the banks of New York, is transferred by the touch of an electric wire to pay a debt in London or San Francisco. The great clearing-houses of London and New York, where every day sees millions upon millions of debts discharged without handling a single dollar, are other instances, purely modern, of the lessening need for a large quantity of gold and silver.

Finally, M. de Laveleve has overlooked the fact that the progress of cultivation and intelligence tends to bring the gold and silver already coined out of its hoards among the populations of the globe. That great dormant unknown quantity of the precious metals which slumbers in these private receptacles is continually emerging from its retirement, through the spirit of intelligence and of the modern methods which commerce has adopted, and takes part in the circulating medium. In France, where the English and American use of bank-checks has been comparatively unknown, there is an infinite number of little mines of gold and silver hidden away in almost every hut, and under almost every mansard. These will tend constantly to come to the light, and will add their store to the world's wealth in the precious metals. In fine, we by no means consider that the production of gold and silver is too small for the wants of the civilized world, nor that any violent fall in prices is to be feared, which would be a phenomenon the reverse of that which we have seen for fifty years past. Perhaps, on the contrary, we may find that the closing quarter of the nineteenth century will be, in regard to the stability of prices and the steadiness of value in the precious metals, a great improvement upon the last two quarters of the century in which we

live.

THE COTTON PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE first culture of cotton in the United States dates from the year 1621, when cotton-seed was planted in Virginia as an experiment, and its "plentiful coming up" was a subject of interest in America and in England. Cotton wool is named in the earliest books and pamphlets relating to Virginia as one of the products of that happy country "seated neare the midst of the world, between the extremities of heate and cold." Its cultivation was long limited to gardens or small patches for home use. Cotton culture appears first to have grown northward rather than southward. The traces of its culture are found in Maryland, Delaware, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, down to 1776, when it was recorded that the home-grown cotton near Philadelphia was sufficient for domestic wants. It must be said, however, that very little cotton was then used, as linen and

woollen fabrics formed the chief clothing of the people.

Cotton was first planted in Georgia and the Carolinas in 1733-4, and in Louisiana in 1742. Several bags of cotton were exported from Charleston in 1747. In 1770 there were shipped to Liverpool three bales from New York, four from Virginia and Maryland, and three barrels full from North Carolina. It was not until the close of the eighteenth century that the cotton export trade began, which in the past eighty years, has grown to proportions so large in quantity and value, and so important to the commerce of the world, as to affect the welfare of nations. The cotton crop of 1791 in the United States was set down at two million pounds. In 1795 the few American cotton factories were still importing foreign cotton, the imports of that year being 4,107,000 pounds, and the exports 6,276,300 pounds. of 1801 was put down at 48,000,000 pounds, 21,000,000 of which were exported. In 1810 the exports rose to 94,000,000 pounds. In 1813, when the war with Great Britain was on foot, we exported only 19,400,000 pounds, the price here ruling at twelve cents, while in England it was nearly three times as much, or from 16d, to 26d. United States cotton crop in 1821 was 180,000,000 pounds; 124,893,-405 of which was exported. In 1825 the crop had grown to 255,000,-000 pounds. The following table gives the annual production since, or for fifty years. It must be noted that the cotton year, as stated in the authorities upon that industry, begins with the year of production, and closes during the year in which the crop is marketed. Thus, though the seed may be planted in April, and the cotton picked in October, very few bales of cotton reach the market before December, while the heaviest marketing of the crop runs from January to March, and the whole product of cotton cannot usually be summed up before August, shipping being distributed over so long a period.

The years in the following table therefore represent the year of marketing the crop ripened the year preceding:

COTTON CROP OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 50 YEARS. YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 1.

From the Commercial and Financial Chronicle.

| Year. | Bales. | Year. | Bales. | Year. | Bales. | Year. | Bales. |
|-------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|
| 1829 | 870,415 | 1841 | 1,634,945 | 1853 | 3,262,882 | 1866 | 2,193,987 |
| 1830 | 976,845 | 1842 | 1,683,574 | 1854 | 2,930,027 | 1867 | 2,019,774 |
| 1831 | 1,038,848 | 1843 | 2,378,875 | 1855 | 2,847,339 | 1868 | 2,593,993 |
| 1832 | 987,487 | 1844 | 2.030,409 | 1856 | 3,527,845 | 1869 | 2,439,039 |
| 1833 | 1,070,439 | 1845 | 2,394,503 | 1857 | 2,939,519 | 1870 | 3,154,946 |
| 1834 | 1,205,324 | 1846 | 2,100,537 | 1858 | 3,113,962 | 1871 | 4 352 317 |
| 1835 | 1,254,328 | 1847 | 1,778,651 | 1859 | 3,851,481 | 1872 | 2,974,351 |
| 1836 | 1,360,752 | 1848 | 2,347,634 | 1860 | 4,669,770 | 1873 | 3,930,508 |
| 1837 | 1,422,930 | 1849 | 2,728,596 | 1861 | 3,656,006 | 1874 | 4,170,388 |
| 1833 | 1,801,497 | 1850 | 2,096,706 | 1862 | | 1875 | _ 3,832,991 |
| 188) | 1,330,532 | 1851 | 2,355,257 | to | No record | 1876 | 4,669,288 |
| 1840 | 2,177,835 | 1852 | 3,015,029 | 1865 | i) | 1877 | 4,485,423 |
| - 1 | | .1 1 | | 11 | | 1878 | - 4,811,265 |

Notz.—The average net weight per bale is 440 lbs.

The cotton belt of the United States, or the area in which cotton is cultivated, may be seen in the following table:

ACREAGE IN COTTON

Of the Ten Cotton-growing States, as Reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture—1871 to 1877.

| STATES. | 1871. Acres. | 1872. Acres. | 1873. Acres. | 1874. Acres. | 1875. Acres. | 1876. Acres. | 1877. Acres. |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| N.Carolina. | 388,474 | 450,629 | 513,717 | 457,208 | 621,428 | 609,000 | 584,640 |
| S. Carolina. | 523,535 | 570,652 | 627,717 | 571,222 | 955,050 | 945,500 | 917,135 |
| Georgia | 1.170,832 | 1,311,331 | 1,455,577 | 1,310,020 | 1,611,702 | 1,515,000 | 1,530,150 |
| Florida | 143,727 | 158,099 | 167,584 | 152,501 | 185,398 | 165,000 | 166,650 |
| Alabama | 1,250,427 | 1,387,972 | 1,499,009 | 1,289,148 | 1,732,250 | 1,732,250 | 1,766,895 |
| Mississippi. | 1,397,835 | 1,537,618 | 1,706,755 | 1,501,944 | 2,016,326 | 1,976,000 | 2,055,040 |
| Louisiana | 847,044 | 940,218 | 1,034,239 | 827.391 | 1,415,730 | 1,260,000 | 1,335,600 |
| Texas | 774,806 | 914,269 | 1,097,122 | 1,119,064 | 1,483,500 | 1,483,500 | 1,706,025 |
| Arkansas | 597,857 | 693,512 | 811,409 | 722,154 | 1,133,000 | 1,133,000 | 1,189,650 |
| Tennessee. | 463,042 | 518,605 | 596,395 | 548,683 | 780,000 | 741,000 | 755,820 |
| Total acres. | 7,557,579 | 8,482,905 | 9,509,524 | 8,499,335 | 11,934,379 | 11,560,250 | 12,007,605 |

It will be seen that Mississippi and Alabama cultivated the largest area of the cotton crop; Louisiana, Georgia, and Texas coming next, while the smallest amount is grown in North Carolina, Tennessee, and Florida. The yield of cotton per acre varies from 100 pounds to 250 pounds; the heaviest recorded production per acre for a series of years being in Arkansas, Texas, and Louisiana. Half a bale of cotton to the acre is regarded as a good yield.

The culture of cotton is arduous, and the result of the crop proverbially uncertain. The tender plant which peculiarly loves the sun is at the mercy of the seasons, and a wet summer or an early frost may diminish the product by one fourth or one third. The young plant, too, has numerous insect enemies, and is liable to diminution by irregular or inefficient culture. Tall native grass and weeds, with which the luxurious Southern soil teems, continually obstruct its growth. The planting of the seed begins in Texas in February, but later as we come north; not closing until after the first of May in North Carolina and Tennessee. The cotton seed, resembling a beau in its early growth, shoots up two green leaves, striking a tap-root down into the earth, and growing in a few days two or three inches More leaves soon appear, and in about three weeks a process of plowing and chopping out the superfluous plants begins, leaving only three or four plants in a bunch, the bunches being from twelve to twenty-four inches apart. The plowing is twice repeated, followed by the hoe, cutting out all the grass, and all the plants but one in a hill. What is called the stand of cotton is of the utmost consequence, a poor stand insuring a short crop. Bringing to a stand, and cutting out all the plants except one, gives additional growth, vigor, and productiveness to the remaining plants. The cotton bloom, white in the morning and red in the evening, comes usually in June, the flower dropping off after three days, leaving a small boll, which enfolds the cotton wool, that finally bursts its shell and is ready for. picking from the bush, all the way from September to December, according to the latitude, the season, or the time of planting. The boll is about the shape and size of a guinea egg. The cotton is picked by the fingers by laborers equipped with large sacks of coarse cotton, loosely suspended from the shoulders, each hand picking 150 to 200 pounds a day.

After picking comes ginning, or the separation of the fibre from the seed by the cotton gin. This consists of a revolving apron and circular saws run at high speed to cut the fibre from the seed. The seed falls to the ground, and the cotton is blown from the gin into the picking room. To every 500 pound bale of cotton there are found about 900 pounds of seed, about one fourth of which is retained for planting, and the rest sold for making oil. The cotton is next baled in a cotton press, which compresses the white fibre into the narrowest possible space, when it is firmly hooped in oblong bales, each of which is sewed up in bagging, and weighs from 400 to 500 pounds. The culture of cotton, while declining in some other producing regions, is constantly on the increase in the United States. This is shown in the fact that while the thirteen years before the civil war, 1849-61, produced 40,994,419 bales, the thirteen years since the war, 1866-78, have produced no less than 45,627,847 bales, and this, too, notwithstanding the complete revolution in the labor

element in the cotton States.

The price of cotton from 1825 to 1877 inclusive is shown on another page, by a table of the lowest and highest prices of each year, which will be found much more satisfactory and less misleading than the averages for the year commonly given. The price from 1862 to 1877, being in United States currency, may be reduced to gold value by the table of the average price of gold in each year, commencing with the paper money issues of 1862.

It will be seen that the uncertainties of the crop are only equalled by the fluctuations in its price. We give an interesting table of the

COST OF PRODUCTION AND PRICE OBTAINED FOR THE COTTON CROP OF 1876 (MARKETED IN 1877).

As estimated by the Department of Agriculture from the reports of its correspondents. The prices quoted are those obtained at the nearest home markets (not the ports). Grade not stated, but probably average strict good ordinary.

| STATES. | Cost of Production, per pound. | Price obtained, per pound. |
|--|---|---|
| North Carolina. South Carolina. Georgia Florida. Alabama. Mississippi Louisiana Texas Arkansas Tennessee | 94. " 94. " 85. " 94. " 94. " | 9 % cents. 9 % 9 % 9 % 10 % 10 % 10 % 9 % 9 % |
| Average of the U.S | 975 cents. | 918 cents. |

If the above figures are correct, it follows that the cotton crop of two years ago paid to the planters of the ten producing States, at an average profit of six tenths of a cent per pound, the large profit of twelve million dollars, nearly. The total value of the crop at place of shipment is but a fraction less than \$200,000,000 per annum.

Great Britain is the largest customer for American cotton, our exports to that country averaging about 2,000,000 bales per annum, for the last ten years, out of the average crop of 4,000,000 bales. Of the remaining half of the crop, an average of nearly 1,000,000 bales is exported to the continent of Europe, while over 1,300,000 bales are consumed by the cotton mills of the United States. The statistics of cotton goods manufactured in the United States are unfortunately not accessible at a later date than the year 1875, there having been no authentic returns. The following table for the year ending July 1, 1875, is from the New York Commercial and Financial Chronids:

COTTON GOODS MANUFACTURED IN THE UNITED STATES.

Notz.—The table is in thousands, of pounds or yards—i. e., 000's omitted, to save space. Adding them, we have as many millions as the table exhibits thousands.

| YEAR ENDING JULY 1, 1875. | New Engl'nd States. | Middle and West'rn States. | Total, North'n States. | Total, South'n States. | Total, United States. |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Threads, yarns, and twines (lbs.) Sheetings, shirtings, and similar plain | 45,000 | i ' | 64,000 | | |
| goods (yds.) Twilled and fancy goods, Osnaburgs, | 540,000 | l ' | 634,000 | | |
| jeans, etc. (yds.) | 180,000 | 46,000 | 226,000 | 21,000 | 247,000 |
| Print cloths (yds.) | 640,000 | 109,000 | 749,000 | | 749,000 |
| Ginghams (yds.) | | | | | 35,000 |
| Ducks (yds.) | 12,000 | 16,000 | | | 28,000 |
| Bags (number) | 8,000 | 2,000 | 10,000 | | 10,000 |

The subjoined table distributes the manufacture by States, and shows the relative number of bales of cotton used, the number of mills and spindles, etc., engaged in the manufacture.

| 3 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| STATES. | No. of Mills. | No. of Spindles. | Average Size of Yarn. No. | Average Running Time. Weeks. | Average Consump- tion of Cotton per Spindle. Lbs. | Quantity of Cotton used. Lbs. | Quantity of Cotton used. Bales. |
| NOETHERN. Maine. N. Hampshire. Vermont. Massachusetts. Rhode Island. Connecticut. New York. New York. Pennsylvania. Delaware. Maryland Ohio. Indiana. | 129 108 60 | 633,944 815,709 46,844 3,775,634 1,488,479 889,784 615,205 178,928 451,900 48,376 127,352 13,000 | 23.14 22.66 29.55 28.69 33.88 30.66 36.38 29.13 18.07 23.17 11.05 8.00 15.70 | 50.50 50.22 50.54 46.17 48.00 47.20 49.65 50.83 43.62 52.00 47.88 43.50 | 53.00 70.25 51.51 55.83 42.69 51 12 46.30 57.62 69.96 168.25 135.69 141.80 | 83,608,236 57,326,126 2,372,420 208,894,352 61,409,470 45,492,513 28,473,469 10,114,300 31,572,305 8,856,162 21,368,020 1,764,000 3,3261,340 | 123,535 5,513 450,204 132,346 98,044 61,365 21,796 68,044 7,246 46,042 8,802 |
| THUMBUR | | 1 200 | 10.10 | 30.00 | 144.00 | 0,201,010 | .,000 |
| Total North. | | 9,057,548 | | 47.52 | 56.25 | 509,009,618 | |
| | 694 14 2 47 8 8 9 8 | | 28.42 | | | | 1,097,001 14,561 285 50,214 5,216 |
| SOUTHERN. Alabams Arkansas Georgia Kentucky Louisiana Mississippi Missour North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Texas | 694 14 2 47 8 8 81 118 40 | 58,480 1,781 131,840 9,514 2,260 18,256 19,700 54,500 70,282 55,884 5,700 | 28.42 12.75 10.38 12.87 6.92 8.50 11.07 11.85 11.28 4.00 11.66 12.00 | 47.52 45.50 46.34 46.85 50.45 50.00 46.00 48.05 43.97 51.15 43.17 50.63 | 56.25 114.51 78.56 177.39 254.40 815.50 110.60 140.52 121.72 187.57 121.85 172.34 | 6,756,170 192,400 28,299,308 2,429,362 713,638 1,990,800 2,810,485 6,694,641 9,671,028 6,701,718 982,385 | 1,097,001 14,561 285 50.214 5,916 1,587 4,391 6,057 14,428 19,945 14,443 2,117 |

The statistics of our cotton exports, and of the imports and exports of cotton manufactures into and from the United States, for a series of years, are given elsewhere, in the full tables of imports and exports.

The statistics of the European consumption of cotton may be seen in the following table, which is to be regarded merely as an estimate, exact statistics not being attainable.

[From W. B. Dana's "Cotton from Seed to Loom." N. Y., 1878.]

| • . | No. of Spindles. | Lbs. per spindle. | Total lbs. | Bales of 400 lbs. |
|--|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Great Britain Russia and Poland Sweden and Norway Germany Austria Switzerland Holland Belgium France Spain | \$9,500,000 | 83 | 1,908,500,000 | 8,256,000 |
| | 2,500,000 | 65 | 162,500,000 | 406,250 |
| | 310,000 | 80 | 24,864,000 | 62,160 |
| | 4,700,000 | 55 | 258,500,000 | 646,250 |
| | 1,558,000 | 67 | 104,386,000 | 260,965 |
| | 1,850,000 | 25 | 48,250,000 | 120,625 |
| | 800,000 | 60 | 48,000,000 | 84,500 |
| | 5,000,000 | 48 | 240,000,000 | 120,000 |
| | 1,775,000 | 48 | 85,200,000 | 600,000 |
| ItalyIndia | 880,000 | 67 | 58,960,000 | 147,400 |
| | 1,281,000 | 75 | 92,325,000 | 287,000 |
| Total | 60,834,000 | | 2,440,285,000 | 6,106,150 |

Of the British consumption of cotton, the United States supplies 63 per cent; of the consumption of the Continent, 45 per cent; and of the European consumption generally, 56 per cent.

SILK MANUFACTURES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Detailed Statement of the Quantities and Values of Silk Goods manufactured in the United States during the Calendar Years 1873 to 1877, inclusive.

[From the Annual Reports of the Silk Association of Am rica.]

| ARTICLES. | 1878. | | 1874. | | 1875. | | 1876. | | 1877. | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|------------------------------|--|---------|----------|
| | Pounds | Value. | Pounds | Value. | Pounds. | Value. | Pounds | Value. | Pounds | Value. |
| Tram } Organz'e } Spun silk . Fringe silk . Floss silk . | 821,709 140,000 48,983 7,100 | 1,120,000 338,122 | 140,000 18,845 | 109,270 | 150,000 42,327 | 1,819,000 | 184,567 140,000 33,862 | 2,768,490 1,614,961 805,000 203,172 85,428 | 41,040 | 1,353,43 |
| | 517,792 | 4,857,814 | 540,801 | 3,863,825 | 891,312 | 5,931,558 | 733,049 | 5,427,051 | 723,251 | 4,830,38 |

Note.—The above descriptions of silk, after being advanced to the state of manufacture in which their values are as above stated, are sold for use in subsequent manufactures in which they form the warp or the woof of other fabrics. The completed fabrics are included in the following statement with their values respectively.

| ARTICLES. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| AMIULEO. | Value. | Value. | Value. | Value. | Value. |
| | | | | | • |
| Sewing-silk | 991,350 | 917,809 | 885,079 | 951,460 | 349,499 |
| Machine-twist | 5,658,332 | 4,848,839 | 5,535,754 | 6,301,059 | 4,126,400 |
| Dress goods | 1,159,300 | 1,400,000 | 1,412,500 | 1,350,535 | 1,712,083 |
| Foulards and millinery silks (tie) | 1,558,617 | 1,663,961 | 2,994,191 | 2,151,166 | 1,319,08 |
| Handkerchiefs | 250,000 | 313,516 | 905,115 | 927,000 | 1,324,16 |
| Women's and children's scarfs | | | 134,523 | 119,946 | 109,950 |
| Ribbons | 2,652,011 | 2,776,836 | 4,815,485 | 4.526.536 | 8,927,49 |
| Laces | 150.450 | 103,000 | 164,000 | 220,000 | 156,500 |
| Coach laces | 76,000 | 40,000 | 35,652 | 24.500 | 18.00 |
| Veils and veiling | 50,000 | 83,706 | 65,264 | 16,518 | 11.99 |
| Silk hose | | | 6,000 | 8,200 | 4,50 |
| Braids and bindings | 381,000 | 893,790 | 383,100 | 315,000 | 290.40 |
| Military trimmings | 87,000 | 68,000 | 33,000 | 28,000 | 22,500 |
| Upholstery trimmings | 383.000 | 340,000 | 459,613 | 526,036 | 889.20 |
| Ladies' dress trimmings | 2,760,500 | 3,404,700 | 8,397,237 | 3,705,076 | 2,896,33 |
| Total product woven and thread silk | 16,157,560 | 16,219,157 | 21,226,518 | 21,166,052 | 16,581,05 |
| | | | | | ,, |

Summary of Electors, or Those having the Right of Suffrage in Great Britain.

From the Financial Reform Almanac, 1877.

| Eng- land. | Pop. | Wales. | Pop. | Scot- land. | Pop. | Ire- land. | Pop. | Total. | Total Pop. |
|----------------------|------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|----------------------|------------|
| Voters. 2,211,470 | 21,495,531 | Voters. 129,293 | 1,217,135 | Voters 295,420 | 3,360,018 | Voters. 230,773 | 5,411,016 | Voters. 2,866,956 | 81,483,700 |

NOTE.—The political complexion of the present House of Commons stands as follows: Conservative, 850; Liberal, 299. Conservative majority, 51.



POPULATION OF CITIES HAVING 100,000 INHABITANTS OR UPWARDS.

| CITY. | Country. | CENSUS. | Population |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Abbeokuta | West Africa | | 150,000 (? |
| Adrianople | West Africa Turkey | | 150,000 (9 |
| Agra | India | 1871 | 149,008 |
| Ahmedabad | India | 1871 | 116,873 |
| A lexandria | Egypt | 1-72 | 212,031 |
| Allahabad | India | 1871 | 143,693 |
| Amoy | China | | 300,000 (|
| Amriteur | India | 1871 | 135,813 |
| | Netherlands | 1875 | 289,983 |
| Antwerp | Belgium | 1875 | 145,101 |
| Bahia | | | 128,929 267,854 |
| Baltimore | Maryland, United States | 1870 | 267,354 |
| Bangalore | India | 1871 | 142,513 |
| Bangkok | SiamSpain | | 500,000 (9 189,948 |
| Barcelona | Spain | 1860 | 189,948 |
| Sareilly | India. Prussia, Germany | 1871 | 102,982 |
| sarmen and Kiberfeld | Prussia, Germany | 1875 | 167,093 |
| | India | 1871 | 112,077 |
| Balavia | Java | | 135,000 |
| | Ireland | 1871 | 174,394 |
| Benares | India | 1871 | 175,188 968,634 |
| | Prussia, Germany | 1875 | 968,634 |
| Beyrout | | | 100,000 (1 349,787 115,957 |
| Birmingham | England | 1871 | 343,787 |
| Bologna | Italy | 1871 | 110,907 |
| Bombay | India | 1871 1876 | 1 044,400 |
| Bordeaux | | 1875 | 215,140 341,919 |
| Bradford | England. | 1871 | 145,830 |
| Bremen | | 1875 | 102,177 |
| Breslau | Prussia | 1875 | 239,050 |
| Brighton | | 1871 | 103,758 |
| Bristol | | 1871 | 182,552 |
| Brooklyn | New York, U. S | 1875 | 484,606 |
| Brusa | Turkey | | 100,000 |
| Brussels | Belgium | 1875 | 376,965 |
| Bucharest | Turkey. | | 221,805 |
| Buda-Pest | Hungary | 1869 | 270,476 |
| Buenos Ayres | Argentine Republic | 1869 | 177,787 |
| Buffalo | New York, U. S | 1875 | 134,393 |
| Cairo | Egypt | 1872 | 349,883 |
| Jaicutta | India | 1871 | 794,645 |
| Canton | China | | 1,000,000 (? |
| Cawnpore | India | 1871 | 122,770 |
| Changkiakau | China | | 200,000 (? |
| Changchow | China | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1,000,000 (|
| Chefoo | China | . | 120,000 (1 |
| Chingtu | China | | 800,000 (1 |
| Chinkiang | China. | | 130,000 (? |
| hungking | China Illinois, U. S. | | 250,000 (? |
| ChicagoCincinnati | Illinois, U. S | 1870 | 298,977 |
| Zincinnati | Ohio, U. S | 1870 | 216,239 |
| Cologne | Prussia | 1875 | 135,518 |
| Colombo | Ceylon | 1871 | 100,238 |
| Constantinopie | Turkey | 1070 | 600,250 (? |
| opennagen | Denmark | 1870 | 197,576 |
| Jamascus | Turkey | 1001 | 150,000 (? |
| Delhi Detroit | India Michigan, U. S | 1871 1874 | 154,417 (? 101,255 |
| Jetruit | India | 1914 | 101,200 |
| Dhar | India | 1875 | 100,000 |
| Jiusuuu | Saxony | 1871 | 197,295 |
| Dundoo | Scotland | 1871 | 246,826 |
| Junuce | Scotland | 1871 | 119,141 197,531 |
| MIIIDUTEIL | DCOMANU | | 181,001 |
| Person m | | | |
| Erzroum Fez | Morocco | | 100,000 150,000 (1 |

POPULATION OF CITIES HAVING 100,080 INHABITANTS OR UPWARDS—(Continued).

| CITY. | COUNTRY. | CENSUS. | POPULATION |
|-------------------------|--|-------------|---|
| Florence (Firenze) | Italy | 1871 | 167,093 |
| Foo-chow | China. Germany. Italy. Belgium. Scotland | ' | 600,000 (5 |
| Frankfort-on-the-Main . | . Germany | 1875 | 108,815 |
| Genoa | Italy | 1871 | 130,269 |
| (thent | Belginm | 1875 | 130,092 |
| Glasgow | Scotland | 1871 | 477,144 |
| Greellor | India | 10 | 200,000 (5 |
| Gwallor Hague | India | 1875 | 200,000 (7 100,254 |
| Hambur | Company | 1875 | 064 658 |
| Hamourg | Germany | | 264,675 |
| Hankow | China | *********** | 600,000 (1 |
| Hanover | Prussia | 1875 | 106,689 |
| Hanyang | China | | 100,000 (|
| Havana | Cuba | | 205,676 |
| Hérat | Afghanistan | | 100,000 (7 125,504 |
| Hong Kong | China (British Colony) | . | 125,504 |
| Hnli | Knolend | 1 1871 | 121,892 |
| Hwangvoven | China | | 150,000 (? |
| Hyderahad | India | | 200,000 (1 |
| Jersey City | India New Jersey, U.S | 1875 | 109,227 |
| Jondnore | IndiaJapan | 20.0 | 150,000 (? |
| Vacceima | Tonon | | 180,000 (? |
| Kagosina | Tadia | | 150,000 (1 |
| Necho | India Russia | ********** | 150,000 (1 |
| Kichinew | Russia | 1870 | 102,427 116,774 |
| Kiew | Russia | 1870 | 110,774 |
| Kirin | China | | 120,000 (? |
| Königsberg | Prussia | 1875 | 122,445 |
| Kumamoto | Japan | | 300,000 (1 |
| Leeds | England | 1871 | 259,212 |
| Leicester | England | 1871 | 109,830 |
| Leingkong | England | | 250,000 (? |
| Leinzia | Sarony | 1875 | 127,887 |
| Leon | Saxony | 10.0 | 100,000 (7 |
| Liége | Belgium | 1875 | 115,956 |
| Liege | Belgium | | 110,800 |
| Lille | France | 1876 | 162,775 100,078 |
| Lima | Peru | 1876 | 100,078 |
| Lisbon | Portugal | 1864 | 224,068 |
| Liverpool | Engiang | 1871 | 498,405 |
| London | England Kentucky, U. S | 1871 | 8,254,260 100,758 284,779 |
| Louisville | Kentucky, U. S | 1870 | 100,758 |
| Lucknow | India | 1871 | 284,779 |
| Lvon | France | 1876 | 342,815 897,552 332,024 |
| Madras | India | 1871 | 897.552 |
| Madrid | Spain | 1870 | 832 024 |
| Magdehurg | Clarmany | 1875 | 122,789 |
| Manchaetor | Germany England | 1871 | |
| Mandales | Dumah | | 851,189 |
| Manualay | Burmah | | 100,000 (? |
| Madha | Philippines | | 160,000 (1 |
| Marsellies | France | 1876 | 318,869 |
| Melbourne | Australia | 1874 | 212,178 |
| Messina | Sicily | 1871 | 111,854 |
| Mexico | Mexico | l | 280,000 (1 |
| Miako (Kioto) | Japan | | 374,496 (|
| Milan | Italy | 1871 | 199,009 |
| Milwankoo | Italy | -0 | 100 175 |
| Montavideo | Transport | 1872 | 105,905 |
| Montevideo | Uruguay | | 107,008 |
| Montreal | Danie | 1871 | 601 660 |
| | Russia | 1870 | 100,000 |
| Mukden | China | | 230,000 (1 374,496 (1 199,009 100,175 105,295 107,225 601,669 170,000 (1 |
| Munich | Bavaria | 1875 | |
| Nagasaki | Japan | | 111,281 (|
| Nankino | China | l | 450,000 (|
| Nantes | France | 1876 | 122,247 |
| Nanles (Nanoli) | France | 1871 | 448,885 |
| Newark | . Italy | 1875 | 123,810 |
| Newcastle | England | 1871 | 128 448 |
| | | 1875 | 1,046,087 |
| New York | LYCW IUIK, U. D | 1012 | 1,020,001 |

POPULATION OF CITIES HAVING 100,000 INHABITANTS OR UPWARDS—(Continued).

| CITY. | COUNTRY. | CENSUS. | POPULATION. |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Ningpo | China | | 245,000 (?) |
| Odesa | Russia | 1870 | 139,462 |
| Osaka Ouroumtsi | Japan | | 878,000 (*) |
| Ouroumtsi | China | 4000 | 150,000 (?) |
| Palermo | China | 1871 | 219,398 |
| Paris | China France | 1876 | 120,000 (7) 1,988,806 |
| Patna | India | 1871 | 158,900 |
| Peking | China | | 1,000,000 (1) |
| Pernambuco | Brazil Pennsylvania, U. S | 1872 | 116,671 |
| Philadelphia | Pennsylvania, U.S | 1876 | 817,448 |
| Poona Portsmouth | India | 1871 | 118,886 113,569 |
| Prague | England | 1869 | 189,949 |
| Providence | Austria | 1875 | 100.675 |
| Riga | Russia | 2014 | 102,048 274,972 |
| Rio de Janeiro | Brazil | 1872 | 274,972 |
| Rome | Italy | 1871 | 244,484 182,054 |
| Rotterdam | Netherlands | 1875 | 132,054 |
| Rouen | France | 1876 1876 | 104,9 02 126,019 |
| St. Louis | France | 1876 | 498,182 |
| St. Petersburg | Russia | 1870 | 667,963 |
| Salford | England | 1871 | 124,801 |
| Sentiero | Chili | 1875 | 115,877 |
| San Francisco | California, U.S | 1870 | 149,478 |
| Seville | Spain | 1860 | 118,298 |
| Shanghai | China. | | 276,640 (?) 100,000 (?) |
| ShihlungSheffield | China England | 1871 | 990,000 (1) |
| Siangtan | China | 1911 | 289,946 1,000,000 (?) |
| Si-ngan | China | | 1,000,000 (?) |
| Smyrna | Turkey | | 150,000 (?) |
| Stockholm | Sweden | 1875 | 152,582 180,985 |
| Stoke-upon-Trent | England | 1871 | 180,985 |
| Stuttgart | Würtemburg | 1875 | 107,273 500,000 (7) 106,842 |
| Su-chowSunderland | China England | 1871 | 106.249 |
| Surat | India | 1871 | 107,149 |
| Swatow | China | | 120,000 (2) |
| Sydney | Australia | 1871 | 107,149 120,000 (?) 134,756 |
| Tabriz, or Tauris | Persia | | 220,000 (7) |
| Tai-yuen | China | | 250,000 (?) |
| Tängchow | China | ••••• | 230,000 (?) 100,000 (?) |
| Teheran | Persia China | • | 930,000 (1) |
| Tokao | China | | 220,000 (?) |
| Toulouse | France | 1876 | 181,142 |
| Trieste | Austria | 1869 | 109.824 |
| Tsinan | China | | 200,000 (?) |
| Tungkwan | China | | 120,000 (?) 125,000 (?) |
| Tunis | Tunis, Africa | *********** | 125,000 (1) |
| Turin (Torino) | ItalySpain | 1871 1860 | 212,644 |
| Valentia Valparaiso | Chili | 1875 | 107,703 100,000 (?) |
| Venice (Venezia) | Italy | 1871 | 128,901 |
| Vienna | Austria | 1875 | 1,020,770 |
| Warsaw | Russia | 1870 | 297,090 |
| Washington | Russia. District of Columbia, U. S. | 1870 | 109,199 |
| Wu-chang | China | | 200,000 (?) |
| Wu-chow | China | | 500,000 (7) 860,000 (7) |
| YangchowYarkand | China | | 200,000 (1) |
| Yedo (Tokio) | Japan | | 674,447 (?) |
| Voltabama | JapanJapan | | 180,000 (?) |
| I OKOHAIHA | | | 200,000 (?) |

LEGISLATIVE BODIES OF THE WORLD, WITH THEIR NUMBERS.

| | | 8 v. | Number of Members. | | |
|---|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|
| COUNTRY. | Name of Legislature. | ONE OR TWO CHAMBERS. | UPPER. | Lower. | SINGLE CHAMBUR. |
| A Covernor I myor (| Senate | | | | |
| Congress. | House of Deputies | 2 | 28 | 50 | |
| Austria | 1. Herrenhaus 2. Abgeordnetenhaus | \ 2 | 191 | 353 | |
| DELGIUM | Senate Chamber of Representatives. | } 2 | 62 | 124 | |
| Congress. | Senate | } 2 | •• | | |
| Legislative Assembly | Senate | } 2 | 58 | 122 | |
| Chili | Senate | 2 | 36 | 108 | |
| Colombia | Senate House of Representatives | } 2 | 27 | 61 | |
| COSTA RICA | Congreso Constitucional | ′ 2 1 | 25 | 29 | 36 |
| ECUADOR | Senate | } 2 | 18 | 30 | |
| FRANCE | Chamber of Deputies | } 2 | 300 | 532 | ١ |
| GERMANY-Empire | Chamber of Deputies Bundesrath | 1 2 | 59 | 397 | ١ |
| Anhalt | Reichstag Diet Upper Chamber | ' 1 | | ١ | 36 |
| Baden | Lower " | } 2 | 29 | 63 | |
| Bavaria | Chamber of Reichsräthe Chamber of Deputies | } 2 | 72 | 156 | |
| Bremen | Senate. Bürger-Convent | } 2 | 18 | 150 | |
| Brunswick | Diet | , 1 | •• | | 46 |
| Hamburg | Senate | } 2 | 18 | 196 | |
| Невве | First Chamber | }. 2 | 84 | 50 | |
| Lüppe | Chamber of Deputies | 1 2 | 14 | 120 | 21 |
| Mecklenburg-Schwerin and | House of Burgesses |) | | | l |
| Mecklenburg-Strelitz | DietLandtag | 1 1 | •• | | 78 33 |
| Prussia | Herrenhaus | } 2 | 302 | 434 | |
| Reuss-Greiz | Chamber of Deputies | 1 | | | 12 |
| Saxe-Altenburg | Diet | 1 | •• | :: | 16 30 |
| Saxe-Coburg-Gotha Saxe-Meiningen | " | 1 | :: | :: | 80 24 |
| Saxe-Weimar | Upper Chamber. | 1 2 | 48 | 80 | 31 |
| Saxony | Lower " | F ~ 1 | ••• | | 15 |
| Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt Schwarzburg-Sondershausen | Chamber of Representatives. Diet | 1 1 | •• | | 16 15 |
| Waldeck | Standesherrenhaus | , 1 | :. | •• | 41 |
| Würtemberg | Abgeorductenhaus | } 2 | 45 | 93 | |

LEGISLATIVE BODIES OF THE WORLD .- (Continued.)

| | | 0 % | Number of Members. | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|
| COUNTRY. | NAME OF LEGISLATURE. | ONE OR TWO CHAMBERS. | UPPER. | LOWEB. | SINGLE CHAMBLR. |
| GREAT BRITAIN | House of Lords | 1 2 | 497 | 652 | ١ |
| Parliament. } Canada (Dominion of)} | House of Commons Senate House of Commons | 2 | 78 | 206 | |
| Parliament. | House of Commons | 13 | 21 | | ''' |
| Cape of Good Hope | House of Assembly | } 2 | | 66 | 28 |
| New South Wales | Legislative Council | 1 2 | 21 | 72 | |
| Parliament. } New Zcaland | AssemblyLegislative Council | ! " | 45 | 78 | '' |
| Parliament. Queensland. | House of Representatives Legislative Council | } 2 | | | |
| Parliament. | " Assembly | } 2 | 21 | 42 | |
| South Australia | Legislative Council | } 2 | 18 | 36 | |
| Tasmania | Legislative Council | } 2 | 16 | 32 | ۱ |
| Victoria | Legislative Council | , 2 | 30 | 90 | ١ |
| Parliament. Western Australia | Legislative Council |) 7 | | | 21 |
| GREECE | BouléCouncil of State | , 1 | •• | •• | 188 |
| _ Congress. | House of Representatives | } 2 | 24 | 52 | |
| National Assembly. | SenateChamber of Deputies | } 2 | 3 0 | | |
| Honduras | SenateChamber of Deputies | } 2 | 7 | 14 | |
| HUNGARY | House of Magnates | 1 2 | 731 | 414 | ١ |
| Reichstag | House of Representatives Senato | . 2 | 270 | 508 | |
| Parliament. | Camera de Deputati Senate | | | | |
| Congress. | House of Representatives | } 2 | 8 | 13 | |
| Mexico | Senate | } 2 | 56 | 831 | :: |
| Montenegro. Netuérlands. | SenateStates-General | 1 2 | 89 | 80 | 16 |
| NICARAGUA | Senate | } 2 | 10 | 11 | |
| Congress. | House of Representatives Lagthing | } 2 | 23 | 83 | ŀ |
| Storthing. PARAGUAY | Odelsthing Senate | 11 | ~~ | | ٠٠. |
| Congress. | House of Deputies | } 2 | •• | ••• | ٠٠ |
| Congress. | Senate House of Representatives | } ^ | 44 | 110 | ٠٠. |
| PORTUGAL | Cámara dos Parés Cámera dos Deputados | } 2 | 133 | 108 | ٠ |
| ROUMANIA | Senate Chamber of Deputies | } 2 | 76 | 157 | |
| Russia | (No Legislature) Consego conservador | · | •. | | ٠ |
| SAN DOMINGO | Consego conservador Tribunado | 2 | 5 | 15 | |
| SAN SALVADOR | Senate | } 2 | 12 | 24 | |
| SERVIA | SovjetSkupstina | } 2 | 17 | | ١ |
| SPAIN | SkupstinaSenate | 2 | | | 408 |
| Cortes | Senate Congress First Chamber | 3 | ••• | | 400 |
| Diet. | Second " | 3 | 131 | 198 | |
| SWITZERLAND Parliament. | Ständerath | } 2 | 44 | 135 | |
| TURKEY | (No Legislature) | , :: | 76 | 293 | |
| Congress. | House of Representatives | } 2 | 10 | 298 | |
| | 1 | | 00 | 310 | |

LEGISLATIVE BODIES OF THE WORLD .- (Continued.)

UNITED STATES:

THE STATE LEGISLATURES--Number in Senate and House:

| States. | No. of Sena- tors. | No. of Repre- senta- tives. | STATES. | No. of Sena- tors. | No. of Representa- tives. |
|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 Alabama | 83 | 100 | 26 New York | 82 | 128 |
| 2 Arkansas | 81 | 93 | 27 North Carolina | 50 | 120 |
| 3 California | 40 | 80 | 28 Ohio | 87 | 111 |
| 4 Colorado | 26 | 49 | 29 Oregon | 80 | 60 |
| 5 Connecticut | 21 | 246 | 30 Pennsylvania | 50 | 201 |
| 6 Delaware | ~ <u>9</u> | 21 | 31 Rhode Island | 36 | 72 |
| 7 Florida | 24 | 53 | 82 South Carolina | 33 | 124 |
| 8 Georgia | 44 | 168 | 33 Tennessee | 25 | 75 |
| 9 Illinois | 51 | 153 | 34 Texas | 81 | 93 |
| 10 Indiana | 50 | 100 | 35 Vermont | 80 | 242 |
| 11 Iowa | 50 | 100 | 86 Virginia | 43 | 182 |
| | 40 | 125 | | 24 | 65 |
| 12 Kansas | 38 | 100 | 87 West Virginia | 88 | 100 |
| 18 Kentucky | 36 · | 120 | 38 Wisconsin | - 00 | 100 |
| 14 Louisiana | 30 \ 31 | 151 | 1 | | ! |
| 15 Maine | | | Ø | a | TT |
| 16 Maryland | 26 | 84 | TERRITORIES. | Council. | House. |
| 17 Massachusetts | 40 | 240 | | 40 | |
| 18 Michigar | 32 | 100 | 1 Arizona | 18 | 26 |
| 19 Minnesota | 22 | 47 | 2 Dakota | 18 | 26 |
| 20 Mississippi | 83 | 107 | 3 Idaho | 18 | 26 |
| 21 Missourl | 34 | 143 | 4 Montana | 18 | 26 |
| 22 Nebraska | 80 | 84 | 5 New Mexico | 18 | 26 |
| 23 Nevada | 25 | 50 | 6 Utah | 18 | 26 |
| 24 N. Hampshire | 12 | 379 | 7 Washington | 18 | 96 |
| 25 New Jersey | 21 | 60 | 8 Wyoming | 18 | 26 |
| JRUGUAYParliament. | 7 | Chamber | of Representatives. | 13 | 40 |
| Congress. | | ff | Representatives | 5 | |

PAPER MONEY IN ANTIQUITY.

[Abridged from the Journal des Économistes, Marco Polo's Travels, and other sources.]

THE true definition of paper money is a promissory note on which a law of the government confers the character of money. A distinction exists between paper money and money of paper. The latter grows out of contracts between man and man, while the former is a direct creation of the political power. The promises to pay, which we may call money of paper, are exchangeable against their value in specie, while the holder of paper money has no claim to have it redeemed in specie at all. Money of paper is freely accepted or refused in commercial transactions; paper money, on the contrary, has a forced currency, and cannot lawfully be refused. While money made of gold or silver, quite independently of its government stamp or numismatic character, has an intrinsic value in all ages and throughout all countries, paper money, on the other hand, has no intrinsic value whatever.

It is not necessary that irredeemable money should be made of paper. Any other material without intrinsic value would possess all the characteristics of irredeemability. All sorts of currency which has no intrinsic value, regardless of the material of which it is composed, may be called paper money. Thus, at Carthage, and at one time in Lacedæmonia, money was made of leather, and given a forced currency; although, from the slight and fugitive allusions to the matter made by the classic historians, it is evident that this kind of

money could have had but a brief temporary circulation.

In Russia, during the middle ages, the furs of wild animals came into use as a medium of exchange, and at last the government began to stamp pieces of these skins with a seal, and gave them forced currency as a representative of money, or a bank-note. These stamped pieces represented the entire skin of a fur-bearing animal, and were redeemable in value received—that is, in precious furs; but when the government had parted with the furs which they represented, these leather bank-notes no longer rested upon any solid value, and became simple paper money. So when the Mongolian conquerors refused to recognize this singular species of money, sudden bankruptcy was the result to Russia.

The Chinese, that pre-historic nation which claims to have discovered the use of printing, gunpowder, and the magnetic needle, ages before Europe rediscovered them, were also completely familiar with the use and abuse of paper money, and that, too, as early as the second century before the Christian era. The form employed by the Chinese for his paper money was either little pieces of parchment or

of cards similar to the smallest playing cards of modern days. It was the Emperor Won-Ty, who reigned in China 119 B.c., who had the honor of introducing the first paper currency of which any trace remains in historic records; and he appears to have resorted to it as a war measure to carry on a campaign against the Hiong-Nous Being in want of money to support the expense of his costly expeditions; and at his wits' end to know by what means to procure it, he bethought himself of bringing together in his parks a great number of white stags. He then prohibited his nobles from raising any stags of that color, and when they came to the court to pay him a visit of ceremony, he gave them in exchange for the presents they brought him a piece of the skin of his white stags, which was taxed by the Emperor at the value of 400,000 trier, or pennies. These pieces of deerskin did not, perhaps, properly constitute paper money, but they furnished to the Emperor Won-Ty an expedient precisely resembling the modern issues of assignats or inconvertible paper.

For this fact regarding the introduction of paper money in China, we are indebted to the Journal Asiatique. But this stag currency of the Emperor Won-Ty was, it appears, of short duration; and we hear no more of paper money in China until the year 807 of our era. Then merchants, who made deposits of the precious metals in the Imperial Treasury, began to receive for them what was called a "light money," or billets known as tsychy, which were given circulation in the place of specie, and which could be exchanged against deposits. "This was not real money," says the learned Chinese publicist, Matananlin; "it was simply a means of transporting the

value of the metallic monev."

"The public credit," says Biot, "was totally ruined by the uncertainty of redemption, and there is even no probability that any series of the paper money emitted after 1160 was ever redeemed except by other emissions of paper." Duties, taxes, public works, the army salaries of public officers, all were paid in paper; but it profited nobody, and at last the whole civil and military population of the empire threw off the yoke, and replaced the paper money dynasty by a national specie-paying government.

The following conversation is reported as taking place between Ogodai, one of the Emperors of the Song Dynasty, and his minister,

Thsan-Thsai:

"Learned minister," said the Prince, "it has been proposed to me this day to create a paper money. What do you think of it?" "From the time of Tchang-Sanang of the Golden Dynasty," answered Thsan-Thsai, 'they began to put paper in circulation concurrently with money. The minister of that day made a great profit by the emission of that paper—so much so, indeed, that they gave him the surname of "Signor Billet." Things went to such a point that for ten thousand billets one could scarcely pay for a rice cake. The people suffered much, and the State was ruined. That was an example of which your Majesty should not lose sight. If paper money should now be emitted, it should on no account exceed the sum of one hundred thousand ounces of gold (750,000 francs)."

Marco Polo, the Venetian traveller who visited the East in the thirteenth century, and journeyed long through the realms of Kubla Khan and Far Cathay, gives an account of paper money made of the bark of the mulberry tree, which had a forced currency through the Emperor's dominions. "The Khan causes every year to be made," says Marco Polo, "such a vast quantity of this money, which costs him nothing, that it must equal in amount all the treasure of the

world. Nobody, however important he may think himself, dares to refuse them on pain of death." Our traveller further informs us that when any of these pieces of mulberry paper stamped with vermilion are spoiled, the owner carries them to the treasury, and by paying three per cent on the value gets new paper money in exchange. The redemption bureau of his Majesty seems to have done a thriving business.

Marco Polo, in his naïve descriptions of province after province which he visited in China, keeps repeating continually that "the people of this city" (or province, as the case may be) "are all idola-

ters, and have paper money."

The "Golden Dynasty," which went before the Mongols, issued a flood of rapidly depreciating paper, and the Mongol dynasty, in A.D. 1287, put forth a complete new currency, one note of which was exchanged against five of the previous series of equal nominal value. Thus early in the centuries was the swindle of the French assignats, converted into mandats by forced currency at a greatly depreciated

ratio, put in practice in China.

Pauthier has given, from the Chinese annals of the Mongol dynasty, a table of the issues of paper money for nearly forty years, or from 1260 to 1294. The lowest issue of any year was 228,000 ounces, which, at the rate of two dollars to the ounce, amounted to nearly \$500,000; and the highest issue was in 1290, when fifty million ounces of this money were emitted in paper, equivalent to one hundred millions of our money. The total amount issued in thirty-four years was over six hundred millions of dollars in nominal value. According to the Chinese authorities, the credit of these issues was continually diminishing. In 1448, the note of one thousand cash was worth only three cash; and it became worthless and totally extinct in seven years more, so that after 1455 there is no more mention in Chinese history of irredeemable paper.

Persia also seems to have made its experiment with paper money about A.D. 1294, the notes being direct imitations of Kubla Khan's, even to the Chinese characters printed in vermilion, which were imitated. They were manufactured at the suggestion of a financial officer called Izzuddin. After the constrained use of this paper of less than a week, the great city of Tabriz was in an uproar, the markets were closed, the people rising, murdered Izzuddin, and the

whole project had to be abandoned.

The statement has been widely published that the Bank of Venice (commonly supposed to be the oldest banking institution known to history) used to issue irredeemable paper. This bank originated in the palmy days of the Venetian Republic, A.D. 1171, and was first established as a chamber of loans for the government. The contributors to the loans were made creditors of the chamber, from which they were to receive an annual interest of 4 per cent. This bank is stated in Macpherson's Annals of Commerce to have been the most ancient establishment of a permanent national debt, or the funding system. The loans were inscribed in a great book authenticated by the government, and made evidence of the amount of the debt belonging to each subscriber. The interest was promptly paid by the government into the office and drawn thence by those entitled to it. The capital of the loans was made transferable with great facility, the inscriptions, or the right of receiving interest upon them, being bought and sold constantly.

This system, found so convenient and valuable in regard to a loan of the government, soon became a medium of payment in com-

mercial transactions. After two centuries of experience, in which the power and utility of the Bank of Venice as a financial agent of the republic was demonstrated, it was decreed in 1423 that all bills of exchange payable in Venice, domestic or foreign, should be paid in the bank, unless otherwise stipulated, and that all wholesale payments should be effected also in bank. Those paying debts carried money to the bank, receiving credits on the books therefor; while creditors received payments in bank by a similar transfer from their debtors. He who was creditor on the books of the bank became debtor as soon as he had made his transfer or payment to another, who became creditor in his place. Thus the parties did but change their position without necessitating any actual payment in money. The business closely resembled that of modern clearing-houses, save that the government kept the books. These Bank of Venice credits performed the same functions as money, having the same value. who had a credit in the bank could obtain money for it whenever they chose, while the republic, by employing the funds which the bank furnished, drew effective aid for its wants, an aid estimated to be greater than that derived from taxation.

The facility given to commerce and the regular payments of trade by this system was incalculably great. The operations of the Bank of Venice gave universal satisfaction, and contributed greatly to the commercial prosperity of that republic. After a time, the government ceased to pay interest for the sums received from the bank, continuing to take all money paid in as a consideration for carrying it to the credit of the depositor on the books of the bank, and of paying every draft on these credits on demand. During the whole existence of the bank, with slight exceptions, the bank funds or credits bore a considerable premium over coin, on account of their superior convenience. This new substitute for money, according to the uniform testimony of authorities, consisted in substituting as a medium of payment the debt of the republic for current coin. There was a great multiplicity of old and new coins in Italy, whither flowed the coinage of many countries of the far East. Merchants found it difficult in transacting business to effect their exchanges through this multifarious currency of the different nations. But the government, taking

the coin once for all, and giving therefor a corresponding credit in the bank, with power of transfer to the depositor, effected the commercial

exchanges with much greater economy as well as rapidity.

This system of payments proved so well adapted to the exchanges of commerce that it was maintained for almost four hundred years in the great commercial city of Venice, and only perished when the city itself fell, at the conquest of Italy by Napoleon. The Bank of Venice issued no paper money, but the transfers of credit on its books, made in the presence of the parties, or their agents duly authorized, bore on their face the nature of the transaction. Parties making transfers appeared before the bank clerks, whose ledgers were minutely sub-divided according to the letters of the alphabet. To prevent mistakes or frauds, a double set of these entry and transfer books was kept. The clerk in charge of each separate book made entry of every bill of exchange or balance of account. The strictness of the regulations enforced exceeded any required by the bank authorities of the present day. The bank was shut one day in each week to balance and thoroughly supervise the books. The bank does not appear to have discounted bills on its own account, and as the credits in which it dealt equalled the sum of bullion actually in its coffers, it made no increase in the quantity of currency in circulation.

THE HOMESTEAD AND EXEMPTION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Compiled chiefly from Thompson's Trentise on Homestead and Exemption Laws, St. Louis, 1878.]

THE principle which lies at the basis of the homestead exemption laws is dictated by enlightened public policy. The intention of such acts is to secure to every householder or head of a family the possession of a permanent home. The policy looks to the general welfare and the highest interest of the Government, as well as that of the individual citizen.

"The law," said the Supreme Court of Iowa, in an early case, "is based upon the idea that, as a matter of public policy, for the promotion of the prosperity of the State, and to render independent and above want each citizen of the Government, it is proper he should have a home—a homestead—where his family may be sheltered and live beyond the reach of financial misfortune and the demands of creditors who have given credit under such law."

Said Thomas H. Benton, in the Senate of the United States:

"Tenantry is unfavorable to freedom. . . . The tenant has, in fact, no country, no hearth, no domestic altar, no household god. The freeholder, on the contrary, is the natural supporter of a free government, and it should be the policy of republics to multiply their freeholders, as it is the policy of monarchies to multiply their tenants."

As the liability of the debtor's lands and tenements to sale for the benefit of his creditors is a statutory right, non-existent in common

law, so the homestead right is purely the creation of statute.

The first American Homestead Law was enacted by the Congress of the Republic of Texas in 1839. Ten years later, the Legislature of Vermont enacted such a law, and from that time the policy of protecting the homestead of a debtor, being the head of a family, from forced sale for the payment of his debts became a favorite of the legislatures of most of the States. Such laws now exist in all the States except Connecticut, Rhode Island, Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, and Oregon. The policy of exempting a debtor's family homestead from execution has thus been adopted in thirty-two States of the Union.

The beneficent aim of homestead laws, like that of many other legal and social arrangements, has been greatly perverted in some States by loose legislation and by still looser judicial construction, so as to exempt not only the bare shelter and necessaries of a family, but nearly all the property of a debtor from liability for his debts.

In nearly all the States the personal property exempt from execution is limited, either to certain enumerated articles or else to chattels of a defined value. In many of the States the homestead reserved from forced sale is limited in value, beginning with \$500 in Vermont, and ending with \$5000 in California. But in several of the Western States the homestead is not restricted in value, but is limited to a certain number of acres in the country, and to a certain area of ground in the city, together with the improvements thereon. A Pennsylvanian will open his eyes when told that the palatial residence of Jay Cooke, if situated in Wisconsin or Iowa, could not have been subjected to the payment of his debts. The other day, a severe struggle took place in the United States Circuit Court at Des Moines, over a palace worth \$100,000, belonging to an insolvent banker. debtor insisted that it was exempt from forced sale as his homestead, and the creditors wanted it sold to satisfy their demands. itors succeeded, but only on the ground that he had abandoned the occupancy of the place as his residence at the time the debts were contracted.

In Virginia, in the Homestead Cases (22 Grattan, 266), Judge

Christian showed that, if all the property in the State were equally distributed among the resident householders, all of it would be withdrawn from execution, and the measure would still not be full; and

this is no doubt true in several other States.

In experimenting upon the protection of the family homestead, the legislatures of the States soon found that a mere immunity from sale under execution or attachment was but an inadequate remedy if the family could still be deprived of the homestead by the improvidence of its head in selling or incumbering it. Accordingly, amendments were made prohibiting the alienation of the homestead unless the wife should join in the deed. These restraints upon alienation have been a perfect Pandora's box of litigation, and have opened the door to an unprecedented amount of fraud and roguery, sanctioned, in many cases, with solemn gravity, by the highest judicial tribunals. To illustrate: A man in Iowa borrowed of Eastern capitalists \$11,-250, and gave a deed of trust of some real estate, in which deed his wife apparently joined. He was allowed to keep both the money and the land, on the ground that the latter was his homestead, and that his wife had not signed the deed, but that he had forged her name to it. (Morris v. Sargent, 18 Iowa, 90.) The law of this case is indisputable; but the application of it involved a judicial sanction of such appalling roguery, that one of the judges could not stand it; Judge Dilion dissented. In 1851 the Legislature of Illinois passed a homestead law declaring, among other things, that "no release or waiver of such homestead shall be valid unless the same shall be in writing subscribed by such householder, and acknowledged in the same manner as conveyances of real estate are required by law to be acknowledged." In 1857 this provision was amended by inserting after the words, "subscribed by such householder," the words, "and his wife, if he have one." After this, a great many honest and careful men continued to lend money on homesteads, taking mortgages executed in the ordinary form by husband and wife, with the usual covenants of warranty and seizin; when suddenly the Supreme Court declared that these mortgages were of no validity, because the right of homestead had not been mentioned in them. (Kitchell v. Burgwin, 21 Ill. 45.) The discovery was made that a joint deed of husband and wife was not sufficient to bar the homestead right without express mention thereof, although, in terms, it conveyed with warranty every claim, interest, and estate, of whatever description, whether at law or in equity. (Redfern v. Redfern, 38 Ill. 509; Patterson v. Kreig, 29 Ill. 514.) The roguish debtor and his discreet wife, intrenched behind an impregnable barrier of insolvency, were allowed to keep both the money and the land; and the guileless creditor was left to muse upon the old maxim of law that "wherever there is a right, there is a remedy."

The doctrine of the Illinois court has been declared by the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts (Conner v. McMurray, 2 Allen, 202; Greenough v. Turner, 11 Gray, 332), and by a very learned chancellor in Tennessee (Hoge v. Hollister, 2 Tenn. Ch. 606).

In North Carolina, where an extension of the existing homestead exemption had been made by the constitution of 1868, and a case was made upon a debt contracted prior to the adoption of that constitution, the Supreme Court of Georgia held that the debt could not be recovered because barred by the constitutional provision of the State. On appeal, however, to the Supreme Court of the United States, this judgment was reversed, upon the ground that the State constitutional ordinance, upheld by the State Court, operated to uproot a lien, and thus to destroy a vested right, and could not be allowed retroactive

effect. This decision establishes that a homestead or other exemption law, in so far as it attempts to withdraw from the reach of creditors property which would have been liable under the laws which were in force at the time of the contracting of the debt, is unconsti-

tutional and void. (Gunn v. Barry, 15 Wallace, 610.)

By the law of Louisiana, the homestead is, in general terms, declared "exempt from seizure and sale." The statute contains no restraint upon the power to sell or mortgage the homestead. Nevertheless, the Supreme Court of that State has recently held that a mortgage upon property exempt under the statute, cannot be enforced, and that the owner of such property may sell the same free from the mortgage he has imposed upon it. In reaching this conclusion, the court proceeded on the view which has influenced the courts of several of the States to declare that the engagement of a debtor, in contracting a debt, not to avail himself of the benefit of the exemption laws, is void as against public policy, upon the same principle which avoids a usurious contract.

The courts of Texas have gone even farther than this, and decided that the constitution of Texas in 1845, exempting a homestead from forced sale for any debt, and providing that the owner cannot alienate the same except by consent of his wife, must operate to prevent a sale under a mortgage duly executed by the owner, his wife joining in the prescribed manner. In several States the courts have held that

a widow takes a homestead in addition to her dower.

Amid the many discordant decisions of judicial tribunals, it becomes evident that those dealing with property interests cannot be too careful in guarding at every step against contingencies which may arise to affect their rights. The following compilation of the legal provisions exempting real and personal property from liability for debt in the various States, will be useful as exhibiting the wide diversities which prevail, and the specific exemptions in each locality. There is a provision in the law of the United States granting homesteads to actual settlers on the public lands, that no lands acquired under its provisions shall be liable for any debts of the settler contracted prior to the issuing of the patent for his homestead (Revised Statutes of the U. S., 423, Sec. 2296).

HOMESTEAD AND OTHER PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS.
[Compiled from the Revised Statutes and Session Laws of the several States.]

| STATES. | REAL ESTATE EXEMPTION. | Personal Property Exemption. |
|-------------|---|--|
| Alabama | 160 acres with house in country, or lot and dwelling to value of \$2,000 in city. | To amount of \$1,000. |
| Arkansas | 160 acres in country, or city lot with improvements to value of \$5,000. | To amount of \$2,000. |
| California | Homestead to value of \$5,000. | \$200 furniture and a multitude of special articles. |
| Colorado | Not over \$2,000. | Tools, books, stock in trade to amount of \$300, and various ar- ticles. |
| Connecticut | No real estate exemption. | \$300 in library, necessary furni- ture and clothing. |
| Delaware | No real estate exemption. | Wearing apparel, library, tools, and \$200 additional property. |
| | 160 acres of land in country, or ½ acre and residence in town. | To amount of \$1,000. |
| Georgia | Homestead value in specie, \$2,000. | Value in specie, \$1,000. |

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| STATES. | REAL ESTATE EXEMPTION. | PERSONAL PROPERTY EXEMP- TION. |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Illinois | Residence worth \$1,000 | \$100 furniture, stock, or tools clothing, library, and \$100 in other property. |
| Indiana Iowa | \$300 real or personal, or both. | \$300 real or personal, or both. \$100 furniture, also clothing, tools |
| 97 | I WITH DONE IN FOWN SH | i isim snimsis, etc. miziki brint |
| | 1 | ing-press and type for printer. \$500 furniture, library, clothing tools, farm animals, \$800 farm- ing utensils, \$400 stock in trade |
| Kentucky | of \$1,000. | \$100 furniture, clothing, and do mestic animals. |
| Louisiana | 160 acres land with buildings, etc., amounting to \$2,000, with personal property | |
| | Land and dwelling, value of \$500. | \$50 furniture, \$150 library, \$300 farm animals, clothing, tools etc. |
| Maryland | No real estate exempted. | Necessary tools, apparel, books etc. |
| | Homestead to value of \$800. | \$100 furniture, \$50 library, cloth- ing, farm animals, stock, and materials, \$100. |
| Michigan | 40 acres in country, or city lot and residence to value of \$1,500. | \$250 furniture, \$250 stock in trade, \$150 books, farm animals, and miner articles |
| | 80 acres and dwelling in country, or lot and house in town. | \$500 furniture, \$400 tools or stock in trade, \$800 farming utensils, library, clothing. |
| Mississippi | 80 acres in country, or \$2,000 town property, including homestead. | Sundry personal effects. |
| Kissouri | 160 acres, worth \$1,500 in country, or buildings in city to value of \$1,500 to \$3,000. | \$300 worth. |
| | 160 acres with improvements. | \$500 exempted when no real estate is owned. |
| New Hampshire | To the amount of \$5,000. Homestead worth \$500. | \$1,500 exempted. \$100 furniture, \$200 in library, \$100 in tools, \$50 fuel and pro- visions, clothing, comestic ani- mals. |
| | l . | To amount of \$200. \$25 mechanics' tools, furniture, instruments, library, etc. |
| Sorth Carolina Chio | To value of \$1,000. To amount of \$1,000. | To value of \$500. Clothing, bedding, and \$500 additional exemption if no real estate is owned. |
| Oregon | No real estate exemption. | \$300 furniture, \$100 clothing, \$400 tools, etc., \$50 for each member of family, farm animals. |
| Pennsylvania Rhode Island | No real estate exemption. No real estate exemption. | Clothing, cow and hog, \$200 fur- niture, \$50 tools, etc., of pro- fession. |
| South Carolina | Homestead worth \$1,000. Homestead worth \$1,000. | Clothing, \$500 furniture, etc. \$500 value. |
| rexas | try, or lot and residence | \$500 furniture, horse, saddle and bridle, clothing, books, animals, |
| Vermont | Homestead worth \$500 and growing crops. | and one year's provisions. Clothing, furniture, farm animals, and sundry stores, \$200 in teams, \$200 professional library. |
| - | \$2,000 in real or personal property. | woo protossional notary. |
| West Virginia Wisconsin | Homestead worth \$1,000. | \$500 worth. \$200 furniture, farm animals. \$50 farm tools. \$200 mechanics |
| | town. | tools, \$200 professional library. |

SUGAR PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

ALTHOUGH the sugar-producing region of the United States is in narrow compass, comprising but five or six parishes (or counties) in the State of Louisiana, with a small part of Texas, and fragmentary plantations in other Southern States, the amount and value of the crop has been such as to constitute an important element in our national wealth. The production of sugar in Louisiana has fallen very largely since the Civil War, the breaking up of the old industry and the more or less unsuccessful attempts to bring new methods and machinery to bear, having resulted in many failures and disappointments. The speculative class who engaged in the raising of sugar cane expecting large and immediate profit have not succeeded in realizing their hopes. The present Commissioner of Agriculture has for more than a year past devoted special attention to the means of restoring the domestic sugar production of the country to more than its former proportions, and has instituted inquiries through a wide range of the sugar-producing region, the results of which have been made public in a special report.

While the United States is shown by the statistics which follow to be the largest consumer of sugar and molasses, in proportion to population, to be found among the nations of the world, we are yel importing from abroad more than five-sixths of our annual consumption of sugar, and about three-fourths of the molasses annually consumed. Cuba is and has been our leading source of supply, contributing 275,000 tons, valued at about 41 million dollars, out of the annual importation of from 55 to 75 millions. The consumption of sugar and molasses in the United States is shown in the following

table:

| Consum | | UGAR IN TE 1860–1877. | E UNITED | CONSUMPTION OF MOLASSES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1860-1877. | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|------------|------------|--|
| YEARS. | Total consumption. | Imported. | Domestic. | YEARS. | Total consumption. | Imported. | Domestic. | |
| | - | | | | - | | | |
| | Tons of 2,240 lbs. | Tons of 2,240 lbs. | Tons of 2,240 lbs. | | Gallons. | Gallons. | Gallons. | |
| 1860 | 415,281 | | 119,081 | | 47,318,877 | 28,724,205 | 18,594,672 | |
| 1861 | 363,819 | | | 1861 | 40,191,556 | 20,383,556 | 19,808,000 | |
| 1862 | 432,411 | | | 1862 | 62,668,400 | | 37,018,000 | |
| 1868 | 284,308 | | | 1863 | 37,569,088 | 26,569,088 | | |
| 1864 | 220,660 | | | 1864 | 32,410,325 | | | |
| 1865 | 350,809 | | | | 35,185,038 | 34,335,038 | | |
| 1866 | 391,678 | | 8,500 | 1866 | 45,140,110 | | | |
| 1867 | | | | 1867 | 49,776,465 | | | |
| 1868 | 469,533 | | 23,000 | 1868 | 55,957,969 | | | |
| 1869 | 492,899 | | | 1869 | 54,361,092 | | | |
| 1870 | 530,692 | | | 1870 | 49,323,171 | 42,723,171 | 6,600,000 | |
| 1871 | 633,314 | | | 1871 | 52,065,784 | | | |
| 1872 | 637,373 | | | 1872 | 53,695,203 | | | |
| 1878 | 652,025 | | 59,300 | 1873 | 51,485,526 | 41,985,526 | | |
| 1874 | 710,369 | | | 1874 | 48,206,257 | 39,506,257 | | |
| 1875 | | | | 1875 | | | | |
| 1876 | 638,369 | | 77,000 | 1876 | 48,809,504 | | | |
| 1877 | 666,194 | 577,194 | 89,000 | 1877 | 39,965,906 | 27,065,906 | 11,900,000 | |

From which table it appears that, in the years named, the United States produced less than 13 per cent of the cane-sugar it consumed, and little more than 21 per cent of the molasses consumed.

The full statistics of sugar imported into the United States each year, from 1821 to 1878, inclusive, will be found on another page. The average annual value of sugar and molasses imported is over 80

million dollars, the duty on which covers into the Treasury the large sum of from 37 millions to \$41,000,000 annually.

The authorities describe the sugar-growing region of Louisiana as lying on both sides of the Mississippi River, from about sixty miles below New Orleans, to about 200 miles above, including a tract along the banks of the Red River, embracing the parishes of Avoyelles and Rapides, and the level lands of Vermillion and Saint Martin. The average area annually cultivated in sugar-cane in Louisiana has not exceeded 150,000 acres, or about half of an ordinary county.

But the sugar limit is not confined to Louisiana. In ten other States cane, with ordinary cultivation and appliances, has been found to give fair returns, while the reports of yields in the Gulf regions of Texas give promise of great future results. Much of Florida bordering the Gulf-coast is indisputably well adapted to profitable sugarculture. It would be very difficult, if indeed at all practicable, to secure accurate reports of the cane-product outside of Louisiana, in which it is a leading staple carefully noted; but, relying upon the United States censuses for 1860 and 1870, the following is the exhibit of cane-products in the Southern States in the years 1859 and 1869:

| | 1 | 359. | 1869. | | |
|----------------|---------|------------|--------|-----------|--|
| States. | Sugar. | Molasses. | Sugar. | Molasses. | |
| | Hhds. | Galls. | Hhds. | Galls. | |
| North Carolina | 38 | 12,494 | 35 | 33,888 | |
| South Carolina | 198 | | 1,055 | 436,889 | |
| Georgia | 1,167 | 546,749 | 644 | 553,199 | |
| Florida | 1,669 | 436,857 | 952 | 344,839 | |
| Alabama | 175 | 85,115 | 31 | 166,009 | |
| Mississippi | 506 | 10,016 | 49 | 152,164 | |
| Lonisiana | 221,726 | | 80,706 | 4,585,150 | |
| Texas | 5,099 | 408,858 | 2,020 | 246,062 | |
| Arkansas | | | 92 | | |
| Missouri | 402 | | 49 | | |
| Tennessee | 2 | 2,830 | 1,410 | 3,623 | |
| Totals | 230,982 | 14,963,996 | 87,043 | 6,593,823 | |

Louisiana lands within the sugar-range are cheap and abundant. It is stated by competent authority that sugar-lands, on the navigable rivers and bayous, may be purchased at from \$15 to \$20 per acre, while they have a capacity for the production of 2,000 to 4,000 and even 5,000 pounds of sugar, with a proportionate turn-out of molasses.

SUGAR PRODUCT OF LOUISIANA, 1828-1877.

| Years. | Hogs- heads. | Years. | Hogs- heads. | Years. | Hogs- heads. | Years. | Hogs- heads. |
|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| 1823 | 30,000 | 1838 | 70,000 | 1851 | 236,547 | 1865 | 18,070 |
| 1824 | 32,000 | 1839 | 115,000 | 1852 | 321,934 | 1866 | 41,000 |
| 1825 | 30,000 | 1840 | 87,000 | 1853 | 449,324 | 1867 | 37,647 |
| 1826 | 45,000 | 1841 | 90,000 | 1854 | 346,635 | 1868 | 84,256 |
| 1827 | 71,000 | 1842 | 140,000 | 1855 | 231,427 | 1869 | 87,090 |
| 1828 | 88,000 | 1843 | 100,000 | 1856 | 73,296 | 1870 | 144,881 |
| 1829 | 48,000 | | 200,000 | 1857 | 279,697 | 1871 | 128,461 |
| 1882 | 70,000 | | 186,000 | 1858 | 362,296 | 1872 | 108,520 |
| 1833 | 75,000 | 1846 | 140,000 | 1859 | 221,840 | 1873 | 89,498 |
| 1834 | 100,000 | | 240,000 | 1860 | | | 116,867 |
| 1835 | 30,000 | | 220,000 | 1861 | 459,410 | | 144,14 |
| 1836 | 70,000 | | 247,923 | 1863 | 76,801 | 1876 | 169,33 |
| 1887 | 65,000 | 1850 | 211,201 | 1864 | 10,387 | 1877 | 127,75 |

The average weight of the hogshead is reckoned at 1,137 pounds net.

The methods employed in the culture of sugar have been of such a character that there may be said to have been a mimimum of production, considering what might have been done with good culture and thoroughly scientific manipulation of the cane. While Louisiana gives 1,200 to 1,800 pounds of sugar to the acre (taking the last three seasons as the standard), the West India product is given at 3,000 to 5,000 pounds, and that of the East Indies often runs up to 7,000.

The product of sugar to the acre, through what is known among sugar planters as deterioration, has been rather lessening than increasing of late years. While the exhaustion of land and the use of unsuitable mineral fertilizers, with bad seasons and overflows of the Mississippi, have contributed seriously to discourage planters of sugar, yet the demand for this staple is so enormous, and the price of the product customarily so high, that very great profits are necessarily

consequent upon its successful culture.

One hundred acres of cane, averaging 60,000 pounds per acre, should yield 571,428 pounds of sugar, at 8 cents per pound, and 380,-952 pounds of molasses, at 4 cents per pound; total, \$60,951.82. expenses of cultivation and management and the cost of manufacture should not be more than \$18,951.32, leaving a net profit of \$42,000, or \$40,000 more than is now derived from 100 acres of cane on an average. These considerations give some idea of the enormous losses inflicted upon the sugar-interest and upon the country by unthrifty methods of production. The special report of the Commissioner of Agriculture traces the following deductions as the net result of his comprehensive inquiry into the subject:

1. That the United States is paying annually to other nations immense sums of money for a staple article of consumption which, the proper encouragement and support being afforded, might be produced at home.

2. That the production of sugar in Louisiana, our chief source of domestic supply, was about 63 per cent. less in 1876 than in 1861, while at the same time in the control of the production of of

years of largest production a very insignificant part of the whole body of canc-bearing lands have at any time been under cultivation.

3. That the system of sugar production heretofore followed has not been of a character calculated to produce the best results, great losses having been entailed on account both of the agricultural methods and the mechanical appliances used in ex-tracting the saccharine matter, the loss through unscientific handling of the bagasse

alone amounting to at least 40 per cent.

4. That an improved system of labor, involving the division and the cultivation of smaller tracts by individual owners, and a more thorough and scientific handling of the cane, would very largely increase the sugar product and go far toward keeping pace with the annually-increasing demand of the whole country.

5. That successive plantings of the same seed cane have resulted in a deteriora-tion of the stock that demands serious and immediate attention.

6. That there are immense tracts of unoccupied and abandoned sugar-lands in

Louisiana which are purchasable at low rates.

7. That the absorption of these lands by small cultivators depends upon the protection afforded by a good levee system, the establishment of central factories, and the construction of transportation ways.

3. That a very large area, heretofore highly productive, cannot be safely worked on account of inundations arising from the bad condition of levees.

9. That the new system of ownership of small farms, which is now being encouraged, will give growth to individual independence, draw around itself educational and refining influences, and build up and energize new and thriving communities such as exist wherever self-reliant and intelligent labor flourishes.

It is also urged by the Southern correspondents of the Agricultural Department that protection of sugar-producing lands from overflow by a levee system is indispensably necessary, and that such a protective system can only be obtained by the active pecuniary co-operation of the Federal Government.

SUGAR PRODUCTION OF THE WORLD.

An eminent English authority gives the following tables showing the production of cane and beet-root sugar in 1875 in the producing countries of the world:

CROPS OF CANE-SUGAR, IN ROUND NUMBERS.

Tons.

Tons. 1

| Cuba | 700,000 | Louisiana | 75,000 |
|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Porto Rico | 80,000 | Peru | |
| British, Dutch, and Danish West | | | |
| Indies | 250,000 | Egypt Central America and Mexico | 40,000 |
| Java | 200,000 | Reunion | |
| Brazil | 170,000 | British India and Penang | |
| Manila | 130,000 | Honolulu | |
| China | 120,000 | Natal | |
| Mauritius | 100,000 | Australia | |
| Martinique and Guadalonpe | 100,000 | | |
| Total tona | 100,000 | | |
| 10001 10115 | | | 2,120,000 |
| 1 | BEET-ROO | T SUGAR. | |
| | Tons. | † | Tons. |
| German Empire | 346,646 | | |
| France | 462,259 | | |
| Russia and Poland | | Holland and other countries | |
| Russia and Poland | 2/40,000 | nonand and other countries | au,uuu |

The highest and lowest prices for raw sugar in the New York market from 1825 to 1877 are given elsewhere; also the consumption of sugar per capita in various countries.

Brief History of the Continental Money, the French Assignats, and the Confederate Currency.

THE first issue of so-called continental currency to meet the expenses of the Revolutionary War, was dated May 10, 1775, but not circulated for some months after; and for about one year, or until the total issues exceeded nine millions of dollars, the bills passed at their nominal value.

The following table exhibits the total issues of continental money from first to last, according to a statement made by the Register of the United States Treasury, in 1790:

| In 1776 | \$20,064,465 | In 1780 | \$83,799,557 |
|---------|--------------|---------|--------------|
| " 1777 | 26,426,333 | " 1781 | 12,587,344 |
| " 1778 | 66,965,269 | - | |
| " 1779 | 149,703,857 | Total | 359,546,823 |

The rate of exchange at which the continental bills were taken for hard money was stated by Mr. Pelatiah Webster, writing in 1783, as follows:

| 1777 | · ` @ | 6 | 1780 | 40 @ 100 100 @ 500 |
|--------|-------|----|------|-----------------------|
| 1779 7 | ` ŏ 4 | 45 | | |

On the 31st of May, 1781, the continental bills ceased to circulate as money, but were bought up for speculation at various prices from 100 for one up to 1000 for one. Says Mr. Webster:

"The depreciation of continental money never stopped the circulation of it. As long as it retained any value at all, it passed quick enough; and would purchase hard money or anything else, as readily as ever, when the exchange was 200 for one, and when every

hope, or even idea, of its being ultimately redeemed at nominal value

had entirely vanished.

"The facility of raising ways and means, in the early part of the war by issues of paper, led to much extravagance in the commissary department, and prevented the establishment of a sound system of finance. It is said that when a proposition was before Congress to establish a regular revenue system, one member exclaimed, "Do you think, gentlemen, that I will consent to load my constituents with taxes, when we can send to our printer, and get a wagon-load of money, one quire of which will pay for the whole!"

The statement has been frequently made that no provision whatever for redemption of the continental currency was ever made. This is erroneous. By the act "making provision for the debt of the United States," August 4, 1790, Congress enacted that the bills of credit issued by authority of the United States should be funded in the loan providing for the full amount of the domestic debt, "at the rate of one hundred dollars in the said bills for one dollar in specie." (1 Statutes at Large, 140.) This provision was the fruit of a protracted controversy in which the arguments for the public faith on the one side, and on the other the fact that the original holders of the bills could reap no benefit, that they had nearly all fallen into the hands of speculators, and that it was a sheer impossibility to redeem them, so enormous was their amount in proportion to the population and feeble resources of the country, were urged with great force.

The history of the French assignats has been too frequently told, and is too familiar to require repetition here. Briefly, the assignats were paper money, issued by the French Government in 1790, and the following years, based on the security of the national domains, and irredeemable at any fixed period. Following this issue, notwithstanding the enormous extent and value of the public lands pledged as their security, the assignats began to depreciate almost immediately, but were kept up to 90 per cent by various expedients until 1792. The first issue was 1200 millions of francs, which was swollen by successive issues to the enormous amount of 45,578,000,000 francs, or \$9,115,600,000. The most stringent laws, coupled with the severest penalties, were enacted to give the assignats forced circulation as legal tender, but they soon fell to 60 per cent, and in 1795 were worth only 18 per cent. At last, in 1796, the whole issue was recalled by law, and redeemed in mandats at one thirtieth the face value of the assignats. The mandats enabled the holders to enter at once into the possession of the public lands at a fixed price. In spite of this, the mandats quickly fell to one seventieth of their nominal value, and at length, in July, 1796, the law was passed which authorized the mandats to be taken at their current value, resulting, of course, in the rapid disappearance of the notes.

THE CONFEDERATE CURRENCY.

[Compiled from Pollard's Southern History of the War—Currency of the Confederate States, by Wm. Lee, and the Richmond *Enquirer*.]

Before the outbreak of the civil war in 1861, the amount of specie held in the vaults of the banks in the eleven seceding States was about thirty millions of dollars. At the same time, the paper circulation outstanding in the shape of bank notes in those States was about fifty millions of dollars. In addition to this currency it was estimated by the financial authorities at that time, that the specie in circulation among the people of the South did not exceed twenty millions of dollars. Thus the approximate amount of currency of all

kinds in the Confederate States was perhaps fifty millions in coin,

and a paper circulation of about the same amount.

The first thing that happened when hostilities were fairly begun, was a hoarding of specie in the hands of the people. The thirty millions of specie in the vaults of the banks continued long unemployed. A large part of it was secreted from motives of safety, another part was taken possession of by the Confederate Government, and a small portion captured in the course of military operations by the Federal authorities. Yet a very considerable portion of it was shipped abroad during the war, to pay for munitions of war and other supplies in behalf of the Confederate cause. At any rate, the close of the war found a very small fraction of the thirty millions held by the banks in 1861 still in their possession.

The condition of the currency in the Southern States before their government had begun to put out its flood of Confederate currency, was eminently a healthy one. The banks, it is true, suspended specie payments just before the close of the year 1861; but this suspension was not from any want of ability to take care of their circula-With only fifty millions of paper in circulation, and at least the same amount of coin in the South, the larger part of which was held by the banks themselves, the latter were quite able to provide for their paper currency. But the suspension of specie payments was resolved upon in self-defence. It was to prevent the certain drain of specie that would have ensued from the large purchases of merchandise at the North and elsewhere, which the prospect of a long war and an increasing embargo would have induced.

One of the first things found out at the South as the war advanced, was that the stimulus of all branches of trade would absorb a large increase of paper circulation. Thus the fifty millions of currency afloat at the outset was quite unequal to the active condition of business brought about by the war. The Confederate Government immediately borrowed from the banks in the form of discounts upon notes drawn by the Confederate Secretary of the Treasury. loans to the Government were advanced in extra issues of paper money, by the Southern banks themselves. They thus supplied the Government for a time with the sinews of war, and at the same time supplied that deficiency of currency which was stringently felt among the people. Nevertheless these loans ultimately proved the ruin of the banks. The issue of Confederate treasury notes, or irredeemable paper, which, once begun, had to be continually resorted to, soon filled the Southern country with two competing paper mediums. Of these two, the Southern people somehow had an instinct that the Confederate money was the least valuable. As a result, the notes of the Southern banks were hoarded, on that familiar financial principle that of two conflicting currencies the least valuable will drive out of circulation the more valuable. As silver and gold were hoarded at the North, becoming virtually demonetized for years, so the notes of the Southern banks were hoarded at the South, and their place was supplied by the new currency issued in torrents by the Confederate Government.

The first emission of paper authorized by the Confederate Congress was an issue of Treasury notes to the amount of one million dollars, to run one year, and to be not less than fifty dollars face This act was dated at Montgomery, Alabama, March 9, 1861, and the paper bills were engraved by the National Bank Note Company of New York. Two months later, on the 16th of May, 1861, the Confederate Congress at Montgomery passed another act, authorizing an issue of Treasury notes to the amount of \$20,000,000, to embrace issues as low as five dollars in value, and redeemable within two years after date. These Confederate Treasury notes are comparatively common. Instead of the finely-engraved copper-plate work of the National Bank Note Company, they exhibit a cheap lithograph face, muddily printed on thin white paper, and bearing the device "Two years after date the Confederate States of America will pay five dollars to bearer, Richmond, July 25, 1861." The notes were inscribed at the head "Fundable in eight per cent stock or bonds of the Confederate States of America," and on the lower portion of the note, they bore the inscription, "Receivable in payment of all dues except export duties."

The notes were quickly worn out, and specimens of them, when found, are commonly in a very dilapidated condition. Poor as they were, however, they constituted the principal sinews of war for a long time to the Southern arms. At a later period, the Southern Confederacy, through its active agents, succeeded in importing all the materials for turning out Confederate graybacks, including the stones, paper, inks, colors, and even printers. The latter were imported from

England.

Only three months after the last issue, or on the 19th of August, 1861, the Confederate Congress passed an act authorizing the emission of Treasury notes to the amount of one hundred millions more. These were to be of denominations not less than five dollars. Their condition of payment was changed from the last issue, which had been made "redeemable in two years," and the hundred millions were to run until "six months after the conclusion of a peace between the Confederate States and the United States of America." The Confederate notes emitted under this last act all had backs of plain white. By continued attrition and handling, however, the white soon became a dingy, dirty gray. Hence the term "gray-backs" as

applied to the Confederate currency. The issues of the year 1861 of non-interest-bearing Confederate notes amounted to \$161,500,000; in 1862 there were issued \$123,000 more; and in 1863 the enormous amount of \$511,182,000 of this paper money was put forth. From time to time there was recalled or paid back to the Confederate Government of non-interest-bearing notes a total of \$177,012,960. The Confederate Government acted precisely as the French Directory did, in the days of the assignats: money was manufactured over night to meet the financial demands of the next morning. Printing presses were kept continually running, and the money paid out as fast as it was needed. Besides the large amount printed by outside contractors, Colonel Blanton Duncan and others, the note division of the Confederate Treasury Department itself had grown to two hundred and fifty employees who prepared the notes for issue after they came from the printers. They issued fully a million notes a week, making daily reports thereon. Each engraved plate made 30,000 notes, and when the quantity exceeded a hundred thousand another series was commenced.

The following table exhibits the progressive decline and fall of the Confederate currency. The amounts required to buy one hundred dollars in specie were in

| December, | 1861 | \$120 | of \$1. |
|------------|------|-------|---------|
| " | 1862 | | .331/4 |
| 6 4 | 1863 | 1,900 | .051/2 |
| 66 | 1864 | 5,000 | .02 |
| March, 186 | 5 | 6,000 | .01% |

The Confederate States did the best that could be done with a currency exclusively of paper; they provided it in sufficient quantities to suit; they based it upon the faith and credit of their Government; they made it a legal tender for all debts, public and private; they secured it by the whole produce of their soil, including the great cotton monopoly, a necessity for all the world; they supported it by no end of penal statutes and patriotic resolutions; they made it a felony for anybody to refuse to take it at par; and they pledged the whole taxable resources of ten millions of people for its redemption. They were constrained to support it by every motive of interest and of patriotism that could influence men; and yet, with all these aids, the Confederate currency, amounting to \$654,465,963.50, never was redeemed, and never will be redeemed. Even had the Confederate arms succeeded, no people would have submitted to the taxation requisite to the payment of so vast an emission of irredeemable currency.

Not less than fifteen hundred distinct notes (including in that term the series and their letters) would be needful to make up a complete collection of Confederate currency. This, too, exclusive of the countless collateral issues of the notes of separate States, cities, corporations, and individuals. Very shortly after the heavy issue authorized by the Confederate Congress, August 19, 1861, of \$100,000,000 in treasury notes, to run until six months after peace, this currency began to depreciate in value. In less than six months some of the prices current in Richmond were as follows: Coffee, \$5.10 a pound; calicoes, \$2 to \$2.25 a yard; printing paper, \$4 a pound; writing paper, \$45 to \$80 a ream; lard and bacon, 35 to 45 cents a

pound. (From the Richmond Enquirer, of March 20, 1862.)

In April, 1862, General Winder issued an order regulating the prices of all country produce in the markets of Richmond. The papers of that date complain of this order as unfairly discriminating against the farmers by putting down their prices, while no similar attempt was made to regulate the prices of groceries and dry goods by martial law. At that moment salt was held by the Richmond merchants at \$25 a bushel, sugar, from 60 to 80 cents a pound, and molasses at \$1.40 a gallon. But the marketmen soon found out a way to nullify General Winder's martial law, and fix their own prices. They retaliated by charging their customers General Winder's prices for their produce, and then charging another price for its delivery, which just about doubled their receipts in rag-money, over what they would have been but for this ingenious subterfuge. By the month of June, 1862, bacon had risen from 45 to 60 cents a pound, eggs were 60 cents a dozen, fresh meat from 50 to 60 cents a pound, butter \$1 a pound, and lard 60 cents a pound.

The following lines on the Confederate paper currency were written by Major S. A. Jonas, of the Texas Brigade, shortly after the surrender of Lee's army at Appomattox Court-house. They have been printed on the backs of many of the Confederate bills.

"In Memoriam.

"Respectfully Dedicated to the Holders of Confederate Treasury Notes.

"Representing nothing on God's earth now, And naught in the waters below it, As a pledge of the Nation that's dead and gone, Keep it, dear friend, and show it.

"Too poor to possess the precious ores, And too much of a stranger to borrow, We issued to-day our promise to pay, And hoped to redeem on the morrow.

- "The days rolled on, and weeks became years, But our coffers were empty still; Coin was so rare that the Treasury quaked, If a dollar should drop in the till.
- "We knew it had hardly a value in gold, Yet as gold our soldiers received it; It gazed in our eyes with a promise to pay, And each patriot soldier believed it,
- "Keep it, for it tells our history all o'er, From the birth of its dream to the last; Modest, and born of the Angel Hope, Like the hope of success—it passed."

A scale of depreciation of Confederate currency, legally established, will be found in the following

ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA IN 1865.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, That the following scale of depreciation be and the same is hereby adopted and established as the measure of value of one gold dollar in Confederate Currency, for each month (and the fractional parts of the month of December, 1864), from the 1st day of November, 1861, to the 1st day of May, 1865, to wit:

| Months. | | 18 | 61. | 1 | 862. | 1 | 963. | 18 | 64. | 18 | 65. |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|-----|---------|-------|
| January | | | | \$1 | 20 | \$3 | 00 | \$21 | 00 | \$50 | 00 |
| February | | | | | 180 | 8 | 00 | 21 | 00 | 50 | 00 |
| March | | | | | 50 | 4 | 00 | 23 | 00 | 60 | 00 |
| April | | | | | 50 | 5 | 00 | 20 | 00 | 100 | 00 |
| May | | | | | 50 | 1 5 | 50 | 19 | ÕÕ | | |
| June | | | | | 50 | lě | 50 | 18 | 00 | | |
| July | | | | | 50 | g | | 21 | 00 | | • • • |
| August | | | | | 50 | | ŏŏ | 23 | | | |
| September | | | | | | | ŏŏ | 25 | | | |
| October | | • • • • | • • • • | | | | õõ | 26 | | | |
| November | | | | | 50 | | ŏŏ | | ŏŏ | | |
| | | | | | 2 50 | | 00 | 00 | | • • • • | |
| December | | | | | | | | 1 | ٠ċ٠ | • • • • | |
| December 1st to 10th, inclusive | ••• | ••• | • • • • | • • • • | • • • • • | | • • • • • | | | | |
| December 11th to 20th, inclusive | • • • | • • • | • • • | - | • • | • ••• | • • • • | 42 | | | • • • |
| December 21st to 31st, inclusive | ٠٠٠ | | | | | | • • • • | 49 | 00 | | ••• |

The following table exhibits the amount per capita issued of the Continental money, the French assignats, the Confederate currency, and the legal-tender greenbacks and national bank-notes of the United States.

| | Population. | Amount issued. | Amount per head. |
|-------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Continental money | 28,500,000 (France in 1790). 9,108,832 (11 Confederate States, 1860). | Dollars. 359,546,825 9,115,600,000 654,465,963 Highest amount in circulation, Jan., '66 750,820,228 | Dollars. 119 84 843 98 71 89 |

THE BUDGETS OF NATIONS.

The word Budget is derived from the Latin and French, meaning a bag or purse, and England has applied it to the great leather bag which for a long time contained the documents presented to Parliament on the expenditure, resources, and wants of the country. It has become a fixed usage in financial legislation to speak of all estimates of receipts and expenditures as "the Budget." The same term is in equally general use in France, a nation always remarkable for the clearness and systematic precision of its public accounts. Nowhere in the world has finance, considered as a policy, received so much study as in the French nation. From the days of the great Finance Minister Colbert, who brought order out of chaos, and economy out of bankruptcy, in the days of Louis XIV., to the latest budget presented to the Corps Legislatif of the French Republic, it has been recognized that good accounting is an art worthy of the highest

regard of all administrations.

The French financial system is based on an accurate and carefully examined general budget, prepared by the Finance Minister, or under his responsibility. This includes all the expected National revenues from all sources for one year, together with the liabilities of all departments, so clearly and fully drawn up as to show at the end of each year how far the anticipated revenue and liabilities arranged under detailed heads have been realized. The fiscal year begins and ends with the calendar year, or the 1st of January, instead of the 1st of July, as in the United States, or the 1st of April, as in Great Britain. A Court of Accounts is constituted, which takes the whole "of the public accounts of France and reduces them to order and system," so as to include the whole transactions of the service of the year in every French department, both of receipt and expenditure of public money. The accounts are then laid before the Legislative Chamber, with an elaborate report from the Court of Accounts. forms used in every department of the administration are framed on one model. The French public service is full of administrative The minuteness and completeness with which details are ability. stated in the Budget, leaves nothing to be desired. This system prevents misappropriations of the public moneys, furnishes exact information for checking any unnecessary or loose expenditure, and brings into parallel view the receipts and expenditures of successive The advantage of this course is that facts are ascertained and data accumulated for accurate reference and comparison, and those unseemly disputes which we continually see in Congress over the facts of our financial receipts and expenditures, cannot possibly occur in France.

In England, the annual budget, or estimates of appropriations needed for the administration, is sent into Parliament in connection with detailed estimates of the revenues at the very beginning of each session. This budget is printed in the utmost detail, forming a vol-

ume two or three times as large as that furnished to Congress under the title of Estimates of Appropriations. Besides the Civil Service estimates, a separate folio volume is annually devoted to the Budget of Estimates for the Army, and a third volume to the Navy. All the heads of department and of subordinate bureaus are held responsible by the House of Commons for the accurate and economical character of these estimates. Very seldom, indeed, has it ever been necessary to go behind them to check extravagance or to control indefinite expenditure. The latter is indeed almost impossible in the strict system of the British budget.

Recent systematic inquiries, set on foot by the Cobden Club of London, elicited returns from several leading nations as to the methods prevailing in each regarding the appropriation of public The nations embraced in these interesting summaries of information are France, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Russia, Italy, Denmark, Sweden, Portugal, the Netherlands, and the United States. The first question put by the Cobden Club was whether, in the representative government of the countries reported upon, it was the practice to present a budget to the legislative body at the beginning of its session, or at some other fixed date. The result of the responses was, that it was a fixed and recognized obligation of the government to present its budget, or estimate for expenses, to the two chambers at the beginning of their session. The second, fourth, and fifth questions of the Cobden Club had reference to the method of examination, discussion, and voting upon appropriations. Were they examined by permanent committees or special commissioners? Did these committees or commissioners represent the various administrative departments of the government? Were their labors and their actions final, or subject to the ultimate revision and sanction of the legislative body? The correspondents of the Cobden Club inform us as to this particular, that the system of permanent committees on the Budget prevails only in Belgium, in Holland, and in the United States. these countries this system is a consequence of the general practice of dividing one or both branches of the legislature into committees to take charge of the various subjects. For example, in Belgium the Chamber of Deputies is divided at the beginning of each session into six sections, which correspond precisely to the six ministerial departments, to wit: The Department of Justice, of Foreign Affairs, of the Interior, of Finance, of War, and of Public Works. When the Budget is submitted to the Chamber of Deputies, each of these committees takes charge of the division which naturally belongs to it. In Holland the upper and lower chamber of the legislature is each divided into five permanent committees, while in the United States the committee having general charge of appropriations in the House, and the Standing Committee of Finance in the Senate, although changed as to personnel at the beginning of each Congress, are permanent committees in substance.

In other countries the legislature appoints commissions for special purposes, composed of a varied number of members in different counties. In Austria the Commission of Finance of the Lower House embraces thirty-six members, or one-tenth of the entire Chamber. In the Reichstag of the German Empire, and in the Russian Chamber of Deputies, this commission consists of fourteen to thirty-five persons. In Italy it consists of thirty from the Chamber of Deputies and of tifteen from the Senate. Notwithstanding these differences in methods of procedure and the varying manner, sometimes oral, sometimes written, in which the Ministers of Government advance their own

ideas and defend their propositions before the committees or commissions, the legislature in all countries reserves to itself the final vote

upon these propositions.

The seventh and last question was as follows: Has experience shown that legislative action has had the effect of reducing public expenditure and repressing administrative abuses? And it has received various replies, which, however, authorize the general conclusion that, in spite of all legislative control, public expenditure manifests a general tendency in all countries towards a constant increase. In Belgium, M. de Beaulieu, Professor of Political Economy and Member of Parliament, writes that the public expenditures which in 1835, with a population of 3,876,000, were only 87,104,105 francs, were increased in 1875, and for 5,336,000 inhabitants, to 256,000,000 francs-that is to say, that the twenty-two francs per head, which the expense of the government represented forty years ago, had reached more than double that amount (forty-eight francs) at the present time. M. de Beaulieu, who is by no means an absolutist, believes that the legislative body in Belgium does not diminish public expenditure, because it is not controlled by public opinion. In that country the payment of a direct tax of forty-two francs is the measure of the right of suffrage, which consequently is shared by about 130,000 privileged Moreover, the voice of the rural population in legislative matters is drowned in that of the cities. From this double combination of circumstances it results that the minority of the electors may furnish a parliamentary majority. Moreover, among the hundred thousand voters, one third may be considered as having a personal interest in the increase instead of the diminution of expenses. seen in the fact that public expenditure in Belgium presents itself in the shape of public works or employment thereon, and thus the internal improvements of the empire have become a sort of electoral circulating medium. The government does not even limit itself to the construction of public works. It manages not only the mails and the telegraphs, but more than half of the railways, and the other half is now soliciting government purchase. Probably this will be carried out, and a new system of public expenditure will be added to the old ones. Worst of all, there is no remedy for this situation in near prospect, and there will be none as long as the state of suffrage remains in its present abnormal condition, so unjust and impolitic, as M. de Beaulieu believes.

In Denmark, the spirit of the constitution, which is very democratic, and rests upon universal suffrage, appears to control the parliamentary body in favor of public economy. The bulk of the Danish nation is composed of landed proprietors, of peasants, and of workmen; the two latter classes making common cause, and the peasants sitting in person (as in the other nations of Scandinavia) in the Lower House, of which they form the majority. This House willingly votes appropriations for railways and primary schools, and even for the encouragement of scholars and men of learning; but it keeps a firm hand on the salaries of public functionaries, and rejects all expenditure for fortifications and the increase of the army, which the government and the wealthier classes would like to see enlarged.

The replies received from France by such publicists as Messrs. Léon Say, Maurice Block, etc., set forth the fact that France has inherited a most expensive government from the Empire; that the Republic is heir to the terrible situation to which twenty years of the Empire—that is to say, government without control and constant extravagance—have brought public affairs in that country. What is

needed is many years of good government, inspired by a true republican spirit, to repair these disasters, to reform the financial system, which is far from being based on economic principles, and which is composed of incongruous materials, made up largely of bad precedents and old abuses. Little permanent reform, however, is to be looked for in France until Europe is cured of that military disease, which has been for generations eating out the substance of the people, and making government continually more expensive.

In Italy, the answer to the inquiry as to the public expenditure sets forth the fact that the detestable luxury of arms of precision, of rifled cannon, of ironclads, and of costly fortifications, has inflicted in great part on that kingdom its enormous debt of two thousand mil-

lions of dollars.

In Russia, where there is no legislative body, the Council of the Empire, which is the highest power after the Emperor, and is composed of members named for life by the Crown, has charge of the Budget. A Comptroller-General furnishes the estimates to this Council, which distributes its details for minuter examination among permanent sections of its own body, after which all the sections of the Council deliberate upon and agree to the Budget, as a whole, and, having received imperial sanction, it comes to have the force of law.

The answers from the United States, prepared by Messrs. Horace White, Charles Nordhoff, Governor Hoffman, J. S. Moore, Senator Dawes, David A. Wells, and others, agree that Congress acts as a useful and active restraint upon the continually growing tendency to expense of the Federal Government. Mr. Dawes estimates that \$9,000,000 a year was the average reduction to which the Treasury estimates were subjected in their passage through Congress during the double presidency of General Grant, and Mr. Moore fixes the cutting down of expenditure by the 44th Congress at \$18,000,000 to \$20,000,000 below the estimates of the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Wells remarks the strong tendency of all the departments and bureaus to enlarge their expenses, but says that the two branches of Congress itself form no exception to the tendency. Everything, it is added, tends to grow less dear in the United States except the Government, and in the last analysis the opinion is advanced that, under our republican government, the best safeguard against fiscal abuses is an earnest and intelligent sentiment in favor of economy.

Immemorial usage in Great Britain requires that the Crown, being the executive power, and charged with all the revenues of the State, and the payments for the public service, should make known to the Commons the pecuniary wants of the government. The House of Commons grants such aids or supplies as are required to satisfy these They provide by taxes and by appropriations of the pubdemands. lic income the ways and means to meet the supplies which are granted by them. Thus (1) the Crown demands money; (2) the Commons grant it; and (3) the Lords assent to the grant. But the Commons do not vote money unless it be required by the Crown; and the speech of the sovereign at the opening of every Parliament must distinctly ask for supplies of revenue, while the Commons are as distinctly thanked when each Parliament is prorogued for the supplies granted. Early in each session it is usual for the Chancellor of the Exchequer to move that a supply be granted to her Majesty; to which the House always agrees, and appoints a day on which they will resolve themselves into a committee "to consider supplies granted to her Majesty," or, as it is commonly called, the Committee of Supply. The duty of this committee is to consider the estimates for the succeeding year,

which are ordered to be laid before them. This is a committee of the whole House, although usually rather thinly attended. The member of the Administration representing each Department for which the supplies are required explains to the committee the estimates, and proceeds to propose each grant in succession. The chairman of the Committee of Supply is chosen at the beginning of each new Parliament, and he continues to act as such from that time for the remainder of the Parliament, his salary being voted in the annual estimates. This official chairman is designated the chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, which is another committee of the whole House. When the Committee of Supply has made its first report to the House of Commons, and it has been agreed to, a day is next appointed for the House to resolve itself into a committee to consider ways and means for raising a supply granted to her Majesty. This committee is never appointed until the House has formally voted a sum of money as the foundation of its future proceedings, nor is the committee permitted to vote ways and means in excess of the expenditure previously voted by the Committee of Supply.

The functions of these two committees of the whole House are thus discriminated by Sir T. E. May, in his treatise on the Laws,

Privileges, Proceedings, and Usage of Parliament (ed. 1873):

"The Committee of Supply considers what specific grants of money shall be voted as supplies demanded by the Crown, for the service of the current year; and explained by the estimates and accounts prepared by the executive government, and referred by the House to the Committee. The Committee of Ways and Means determines in what manner the necessary funds shall be raised, to meet the grants which are voted by the Committee of Supply, and which are otherwise required by the public service. The former committee controls the public expenditure; the latter provides the public income; the one authorizes the payment of money; the other sanctions the imposition of the taxes, and the application of public revenues, not otherwise applicable to the service of the year."

It is the province of the Committee of Ways and Means alone to originate all taxes; and it is in that committee that the Chancellor of the Exchequer usually develops his views of the resources of the country, the income, expenditure, etc., in the set speech known as

"the Budget."

When the supplies for any one year have all been granted, the Committee of Supply stops its sittings; after which every application for money out of the exchequer to meet the several grants of the year must be formally authorized by votes in the Committee of Ways and Means. Then a comprehensive bill is brought in, known as the Consolidated Fund Bill, or more generally as the Appropriation Bill. This bill enumerates every grant made during the whole session, and authorizes the several sums as voted by the Committee of Supply to be issued and applied to each separate service. It also enacts that the said supplies shall not be issued or applied to any purpose other than those mentioned.

Very early in the history of the American Congress the committee of that body which has primary charge of the estimates and appropriations for carrying on the government was constituted. On July 24, 1789, the following record is found in the journal of the House of Representatives:

[&]quot;Ordered, That a Committee of Ways and Means, to consist of a member from each State, be appointed, to which it shall be referred to consider the report of a



[&]quot; On motion,

committee appointed to prepare an estimate of supplies requisite for the service of the United States the current year, and to report thereupon."

Eleven members were elected in pursuance of this order of the House, two States of the old thirteen, Rhode Island and North Carolina, not being represented in the first Congress until the following By the terms of the resolution, this first Committee of Ways and Means was not made permanent; but on the 21st of December, 1795, we find the following provision in the journal of the House:

"On motion.

"On motion,
"Resolved, That a Standing Committee of Ways and Means be appointed, whose
duty it shall be to take into consideration all such reports of the Treasury Department and all such propositions relative to the revenue, as may be referred to them
by the House; to inquire into the state of the public debt; of the revenue, and of
the expenditures; and to report from time to time, their opinion thereupon."

It was further ordered by the House that fourteen members be appointed a committee pursuant to the said resolution, and to this standing committee a member was afterwards added to make one from each of the fifteen States in the Union. At the next session, December 16, 1796, a Standing Committee of Ways and Means of sixteen members was appointed, one from each State as before, to which was referred all business connected with the estimates for appropriations, receipts, and expenditures of the Treasury, and the collecting of direct taxes among the several States. This action was subsequently confirmed in the Standing Rules and Orders for conducting the business of the House of Representatives, adopted January 7, 1802. The number of the Ways and Means Committee, instead of one member from each State, was by these rules and orders fixed at seven mem-Only four other standing committees were then provided for, of seven members each, to be appointed at the commencement of each session (not Congress) by the Speaker, unless otherwise ordered by the House. In 1833 the Committee of Ways and Means was increased to nine members, and, by order of the House, adopted March 3, 1873. to eleven members.

The very great amount and variety of public business pressing upon the Committee of Ways and Means led to the division of its functions, and the creation of a distinct Committee on Appropriations, which was ordered March 2, 1865. At the same time a Committee on Banking and Currency was provided for, to have special charge of all propositions connected with banking and the currency, while to the Committee on Appropriations was assigned the care of all executive communications and such other propositions, in regard to carrying on the several departments of the Government, as may be presented and referred to them by the House. Each of these committees consists of eleven members. This very necessary division of labor leaves to the Committee of Ways and Means the proper charge of all measures for raising revenue, including the tariff, internal revenue system, etc.

The Senate has no titular Committee of Ways and Means, but its Committee on Finance has charge of all business connected with the public revenue, taxation, banking, currency, etc., while a Senate Committee on Appropriations, constituted in 1867, has care of all appropriation bills. Conflicts have sometimes arisen regarding the power of the Senate to originate any measure connected with the revenue or the expenditure of money. Here, as in the Parliament of Great Britain, the Lower House has been tenacious of its immemorial privilege to originate all bills for raising revenue, confided by the constitution to the immediate representatives of the people.

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POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

| | States and Territories. | 1790. | 1800. | 1810. | 1820. |
|----------------|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | The United States | 8,929,214 | 5,308,483 | 7,239,881 | 9,633,822 |
| | The States | 8,929,214 | 5,294,890 | 7,215,858 | 9,600,783 |
| ā | AlabamaArkansas | 1 1 | | | 19 127,901 25 14,255 |
| 8 4 5 | California. Connecticut. Delaware | 8 237,946 16 59,096 | 8 251,002 17 64,278 | 9 261,942 19 72,674 | 14 275,148 22 72,749 |
| 6 | FloridaGeorgiaIllinois | 18 82.548 | 12 162,686 | 11 252,433 28 12,282 | 11 840,985 24 55,162 |
| 9 10 | Indianalowa Kansas | | 20 5,641 | 21 24,520 | 18 147,178 |
| 12 | | 14 78,677 | 9 220,955 | 7 406,511 18 76,556 | 6 564,185 17 152,923 |
| 15 16 | Maryland Massachusetts | 6 319,728 4 878,797 | 14 151,719 7 841,548 5 422,845 | 14 228,705 8 880,546 5 472,040 | 12 298,269 10 407,850 7 528,159 |
| 17 18 19 | Minnesota Mississippi | | | 24 4,762 20 40,352 | 26 8,765 21 75,448 |
| 21 22 | Missouri. Nebraska. Nevada. | | | 20,845 | 28 66,557 |
| 23 24 | New Hampshire New Jersey New York | 9 184.189 | 11 183,858 10 211,149 8 589,051 | 16 214,460 12 245,562 2 959,049 | 15 244,022 13 277,426 1 1,872,111 |
| 26 27 | North CarolinaOhio | 893,751 | 3 589,051 4 478,103 18 45,365 | 4 555,500 18 230,760 | 1 1,872,111 4 638,829 5 581,295 |
| 29 30 | OregonPennsylvaniaRhode IslandSouth Carolina | 9 484,878 15 68,825 | 2 602,865 16 69,122 | 3 810,091 17 76,981 | 3 1,047,507 20 88,015 |
| 32 33 | Tennessee | 17 85,691 | 6 345,591 15 105,602 | 6 415,115 10 261,727 | 8 502,741 9 432,771 |
| 84 35 36 | | 12 85,425 1 747,610 | 13 154,465 1 880,200 | 15 217,895 1 974,600 | 16 235,966 2 1,065,116 |
| 37 | | | | | |
| 1 | The States | | 5,294,390 | 7,215,859 | 9,600,783 |
| 2 | Colorado Dakota | 1 | 1 14,098 | | |
| - 5 | Montana | | | | 1 83,089 |
| 7 8 9 | New Mexico Utah Washington | | | | |
| 10 | Wyoming The Territories | | 14.009 | 04.000 | |
| | Total population | | 14,098 5,308,483 | 24,023 7,239,881 | 9,633,822 |
| | | | Increase per cent, 1790–1800, 85.10 | Increase per cent, 1801-10, 36.38 | Increase per cent, 1810-20, 33.06 |

Note.—The narrow column under each census year shows the order of the

AT EACH CENSUS, 1790-1870.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | 1830. | 1840. | 1850. | 1860. | 1870. |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| The United States | 12,866,020 | 17,069,458 | 23,191,876 | 31,443,321 | 38,558,37 |
| The States | 12,820,868 | 17,019,641 | 23,067,262 | 31,183,744 | 38,115,64 |
| Alabama | 15 309,527 | 12 590,756 | 12 771,622 | 13 964,201 | 16 996,99 |
| Arkansas | 27 30,388 | 25 97,574 | | 25 435,450 | |
| California | | | 29 92,597 | 26 379,994 | |
| Connecticut | 16 297,675 | 20 309,978 | | 24 460,147 | |
| Delaware | 24 76,748 | 26 78,085 | | | 34 125,01 |
| Florida | | 27 54,477 | | 31 140,424 | 99 107 74 |
| Georgia | | 9 691,392 | 9 906,185 | 11 1 057 000 | 33 187,74 12 1,184,10 |
| llinois | 20 157,445 | 14 476,183 | | | 1 0 590 90 |
| ndiana | 19 949 091 | 10 605 066 | | 6 1.350.428 | 4 2,539,89 |
| Illinois | 13 343,031 | 10 685,866 | | 6 1,350,428 | 6 1,680,63 |
| OW & | | 28 43,112 | 27 192,214 | | 11 1,194,02 |
| Kansas | | | | 33 107,206 | |
| Kentucky | 6 687,917 | 6 779,828 | | | |
| Louisiana | 19 215,739 | 19 352,411 | | | |
| daine | 12 399,455 | | | | |
| Maryland | 11 447,040 | | 17 583,034 | 19 687,049 | 20 780.89 |
| Massachusetts | 8 610,408 | 8 737,699 | 6 994,514 | 7 1 231 066 | 7 1 457 35 |
| Michigan | 26 31,639 | | 20 397,654 | | 13 1,184,059 |
| Minnesota | | | 33 6,077 | 30 172,023 | 28 439,706 |
| Mississippi | 22 136,621 | 17 375,651 | | 14 791 305 | 18 827,922 |
| Missonri | | | 13 682,044 | 8 1.182 012 | 5 1,721,295 |
| Missouri | | 10 000,104 | 15 002,044 | | 0 1,421,290 |
| Nebraska | | | | | |
| Nevada | 10 000 000 | 004 574 | | 36 6,857 | |
| New Hampshire | 18 269,328 | 22 284,574 | 22 317,976 | 27 326,073 | |
| New Jersey | 14 320,823 | | 19 489,555 | 21 672,035 | |
| New York | 1 1,918,608 | 1 2,428,921 | 1 3,097,394 | 1 3,880,735 | 1 4,382,759 |
| North Carolina | 5 737,987 | 7 753,419 | 10 869,039 | 12 992,622 | 14 1,071,361 |
| Ohio | 4 937,903 | 3 1,519,467 | 3 1,980,329 | 3 2,339,511 | 3 2,665,260 |
| Oregon | | | 32 13,294 | 34 52,465 2 2,906,215 | 36 90,928 |
| ennsylvania | 2 1,348,233 | 2 1,724,033 | 2 2,311,786 | 2 2,906 215 | 2 3,521,951 |
| Rhode Island | 23 97,199 | | | 29 174,620 | 32 217,358 |
| South Carolina | 9 581,185 | | 14 668,507 | 18 703,708 | |
| Tennessee | 7 681,904 | 5 829,210 | | 10 1.109 801 | 9 1,258,520 |
| rexas | 1 001,001 | 0,20,210 | 25 212,592 | | |
| Vormont | 17 280,652 | 21 291,948 | 23 314,120 | | |
| Vermont | | | | 5 1 500 910 | 30 330,551 |
| Virginia | , | 4 1,239,797 | 4 1,421,661 | 5 1,596,318 | 10 1,225,163 |
| West Virginia | | 00 000 | | 15 | 27 442,014 |
| Wisconsin | | 29 30,945 | 24 305,391 | 15 775,881 | 15 1,054,670 |
| m a. | 10,000,000 | 17,010,011 | 00.002.000 | 01.100.014 | 00 115 011 |
| The States | 12,820,868 | 17,019,641 | 23,067,262 | 31,183,744 | 38,115,641 |
| Arizona | | | | | 9 9,658 |
| Colorado | | | | 4 34,277 | 4 39,864 |
| Colorado | | | | | |
| Dakota Dist. of Columbia | 1 39,834 | 1 40 740 | 0 54 000 | | |
| oist. or Columbia | 1 39,834 | 1 43,712 | | 2 75,080 | 1 131,700 |
| daho | | | | | 7 14,999 |
| Montana | | | | | 6 20,595 |
| New Mexico | | | 1 61,547 | 1 93,516 | 2 91,874 |
| Utah | | | 3 11,380 | 3 40,273 | 3 86,786 |
| Washington | | | | 5 11,594 | 5 23,955 |
| Wyoming | | | | | 10 9,118 |
| The Territories | 39,834 | 43,712 | 124,614 | 259,577 | 442,730 |
| Total population | 12,866,020 | 17,069,453 | 23,191,876 | 31,443,321 | 38,558,371 |
| Condition of | Increase | Increase | Increase | Increase | Increase |
| TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF | | per cent. | | | |
| ALL SOME STATE OF | per cent, | | per cent, | per cent, | per cent, |
| the latest the same | 1820-30, | 1830–40, | 1840-50, | 1850-60, | 1860-70, |
| | 32.51 | 33.52 | 35.83 | 35.11 | 22.65 |

States and Territories when arranged according to magnitude of population.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[From the Official Returns of the Ninth Census.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Aggregate | WHITE. | Colored. | CHINESE. | INDIAN (ESTI- MATED |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|----------|---------------------------|
| Alabama | | F01 004 | 455 540 | | |
| Alabama Arkansas | 996,992 | 521,384 | 475,510 | 98 | 99 |
| California | 484,471 | 362,115 | 122,169 | | 90.00 |
| | 582,031 | 499,424 | 4,272 | 49,310 | 29,02 |
| Connecticut | 537,454 | 527,549 | 9.668 | 2 | 23 |
| Delaware | 125,015 | 102,221 | 22,794 | | |
| Florida | 188,248 | 96,057 | 91,689 | | 50. |
| Georgia | 1,184,109 | 638,926 | 545,142 | 1 | 4 |
| Illinois | 2,539,891 | 2,511,096 | 28,762 | 1 | 8 |
| Indiana | 1,680,637 | 1,655,837 | 24,560 | | 24 |
| Iowa | 1,194,320 | 1,188,207 | 5,762 | 3 | 84 |
| Kansas | 373,299 | 346,377 | 17,108 | | 9,81 |
| Kentucky | 1,321,011 | 1,098,692 | 222,210 | 1 | 10 |
| Louisiana | 726,915 | 362,065 | 364,210 | 71 | j 56 |
| Maine | 626,915 | 624,809 | 1,606 | 1 | 49 |
| Maryland | 780,894 | 605,497 | 175,391 | 2 | |
| Massachusetts | 1,457,351 | 1.443,156 | 18,947 | 97 | 15 |
| Michigan | 1,187,234 | 1,167,282 | 11,849 | 2 | 8.10 |
| Minnesota | | 438,257 | 759 | | 7,04 |
| Mississippi | | 382,896 | 444,201 | 16 | 80 |
| Missouri | | 1,603,146 | 118,071 | 3 | 7 |
| Nebraska | | 122,117 | 789 | | 6,41 |
| Nevada | 58,711 | 38,959 | | 3,152 | 16,24 |
| New Hampshire | 318,300 | 817,697 | 580 | 0,100 | 20,02 |
| New Jersey | 906,096 | 875,407 | 30,658 | 15 | ìî |
| New York | | 4,330,210 | 52,081 | 29 | 5,14 |
| New IOIR | 4,337,464 | 678,470 | 391,650 | 28 | |
| North Carolina | 1,071,361 | | | 1 | 1,24 |
| Ohio | 2,665,260 | 2,601,946 | 63,213 | | 10 |
| Oregon | 101,833 | 86,929 | 846 | 3,830 | 11,27 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,522,050 | 8,456,609 | 65,294 | 14 | 13 |
| Rhode Island | 217,353 | 212,219 | 4,980 | | 15 |
| South Carolina | 705,606 | 289,667 | 415,814 | 1 | 12 |
| l'ennessee | 1,258,520 | 986,119 | 322,331 | | 7 |
| Texas | 818,899 | 564,700 | | 25 | 69 |
| Vermont | 330,551 | 829,618 | 924 | | 1 1 |
| Virginia | 1,225,163 | 712,089 | | 4 | 22 |
| West Virginia | 442,014 | 424,083 | | | |
| Wisconsin | 1,064,985 | 1,051,851 | 2,113 | ••••• | 11,52 |
| The States | 38,205,598 | 83,203,128 | 4,835,106 | 56,179 | 111,18 |
| Alaska | 70,461 | 461 | | | 70,00 |
| Arizona | 41,710 | 9,581 | 26 | 20 7 | 32,09 |
| Colorado | 47,164 | 39,221 | 456 | · · | 7,9 |
| Dakota | 40,501 | 12,887 | 94 | | 27,52 |
| District of Columbia | 181,700 | 88,278 | | 3 | 1 |
| Idaho | 20,583 | 10,618 | 60 | 4,274 | 5,63 |
| Indian Country | 68,152 | 2,407 | 6,378 | | 59,36 |
| Montana | 39,895 111,303 | 18,806 | 183 | 1,949 | 19,45 |
| New Mexico | 111,803 | 90,393 | 172 | | 20,73 |
| Utah | 99,581 | 86,044 | 118 | 445 | 12,97 |
| Washington | 37,432 | 22,195 | | 234 | 14,79 |
| Wyoming | 11,518 | 8,726 | 183 | 143 | 2,46 |
| The Territories | 720,000 | 389,117 | 51,281 | 7,075 | 272,52 |
| Total in United States | 38,925,598 | 33,592,245 | 4,886,387 | 63,254 | 383,71 |

Note.—The above figures of population vary from other tables given in the Census of 1870 by including in the aggregate the population of Alaska (estimated), and the Indian population (partly estimated and partly enumerated). No provision is made by law for taking the census of Indians not taxed, and the Superintendent of the Census therefore caused careful estimates to be made throughout the Indian agencies, and the result has been added to the enumerated population. This increases the aggregate population of the United States in 1870 from 38,558,371 (as in most of the tables) to 38,925,598.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, AS NATIVE, FOR-EIGN-BORN, AND OF FOREIGN PARENTAGE.

[From the Official Returns of the United States Census of 1870.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Total Por- ulation. | NATIVE. | Foreign- Born. | HAVING ONE OR BOTH PAR- ENTS FOR- EIGN-BOEN. |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| 1 Alabama. 2 Arkansas 2 Arkansas 3 California 4 Connecticut. 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia. 8 Illinois. 9 Indiana 10 Ilowa. 11 Kansas 12 Kentucky 13 Louisiana 14 Maine 15 Maryland 16 Massachusetts 17 Michigan. 18 Minnesota 19 Mississippi 20 Missouri 21 Nebraska 22 Newada 23 New Hampshire 24 New Jersey 25 New York 26 North Carolina 27 Ohio 28 Oregon 29 Pennsylvania 30 Rhode Island 31 South Carolina 27 Tennessee 33 Texas 34 Vermont. 55 Virginia 36 West Virginia | 996, 992 484, 471 580, 247 587, 444 125, 015 187, 748 1, 184, 109 1, 680, 637 1, 194, 020 384, 399 1, 321, 011 786, 915 780, 894 1, 457, 381 1, 184, 039 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 21, 295 42, 491 1, 271, 361 1, 285, 280 90, 023 3, 221, 351 217, 383 705, 606 1, 285, 529 818, 579 830, 551 1, 225, 163 442, 014 1, 054, 670 | 987,080 479,445 350,145 350,145 115,879 115,879 117,72,982 2,024,683 11,539,163 989,328 316,007 1,257,613 989,328 1,539,163 987,482 1,104,032 1,10 | 9,962 5,026 209,831 118,639 9,186 4,967 11,127 515,196 141,474 204,692 48,392 63,398 61,827 48,881 160,697 11,191 222,267 80,748 18,901 188,943 1,188,943 1,188,943 3,029 872,493 31,196 1,100 545,396 8,074 19,316 62,411 47,155 13,754 17,001 18,316 17,017 18,316 18,317 19,316 62,411 47,155 13,754 17,001 18,316 18,316 18,316 18,317 19,316 | 21,844 10,617 223,507 208,650 20,361 9,295 23,814 986,035 341,001 416,139 87,211 142,730 132,011 91,651 181,362 628,211 488,159 2285,516 18,756 445,125 50,017 25,117 44,592 350,316 2,225,627 6,464 849,815 20,705 1,151,208 16,449 36,326 107,327 83,615 80,794 46,204 717,832 |
| The States | 38,115,641 | 82,642,612 | 5,473,029 | 10,732,483 |
| 1 Arizona 2 Colorado. 3 Dakota 4 District of Columbia 5 Idaho 6 Montana 7 New Mexico 8 Utah 9 Washington 10 Wyoming. | 14,999 20,595 91,874 86,786 23,955 9,118 | 3,849 33,265 9,366 115,446 7,114 12,616 96,254 56,064 18,931 5,605 | 5,809 6,599 4,815 16,254 7,885 7,979 5,620 80,702 5,024 3,513 | 6,766 10,707 7,319 34,106 9,305 10,246 8,677 59,024 8,382 5,000 |
| The Territories | 442,730 | 348,530 | 94,200 | 159,532 |
| Total Population | 38,558,371 | 82.991,142 | 5,567,229 | 10,892,015 |

NATIVITY OF THE FOREIGN-BORN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[Selected from the Official Returns of the Ninth Census.]

| Living in. | All Foreign Countries | Austria. | Bohemia | British America. | China. | Den- mark. | France. | Germany. |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| The U.S | 5,567,229 | 30,508 | 40,289 | 498,464 | 63,042 | 80,107 | 116,402 | 1,690,533 |
| Alabama | 9,962 | 99 | 29 | 183 | 1 | 80 | 594 | 2,482 |
| Arkansas | 5,026 | 41 | 21 | 342 | 98 | 55 | 237 | 1,563 |
| California | 209,831 | 1,078 | 90 | 10,660 | 48,826 | 1,837 | 8,068 | 29,701 |
| Connecticut Delaware | 113,639 | 154 | 95 1 | 10,861 112 | 11 | 116 8 | 821 127 | 12,443 1,142 |
| Florida | 9,136 4,967 | 8 17 | 3 | 174 | ····i | 4î | 126 | 1,142 |
| Georgia | 11,127 | 84 | 23 | 247 | 4 | 42 | 812 | 2,761 |
| Illinois | 515,198 | 2,099 | 7,350 | 32,550 | 8 | 3,711 | 10,911 | 203,758 |
| Indiana | 141,474 | 443 | 141 | 4,765 | 6 | 315 | 6,363 | 78,060 |
| Iowa | 204,692 | 2,691 | 6,766 | 17,907 | 8 | 2,827 | 8,130 | 66,162 |
| Kansas | 48,892 | 448 | 105- | 5,324 | | 503 | 1,274 | 12,775 |
| Kentucky Louisiana | 63,398 61,827 | 146 435 | 40 23 | 1,082 714 | 8 79 | 53 291 | 2,057 12,341 | 30, 3 18 18,933 |
| Maine | 48,881 | 10 | 1 | 26,788 | 4 | 102 | 137 | 508 |
| Maryland | 83,412 | 266 | 789 | 644 | Ĝ | 107 | 649 | 47.045 |
| Massach'its | 353,319 | 255 | 110 | 70,055 | 115 | 267 | 1.629 | 18,072 |
| Michigan | 268,010 | 795 | 1,179 | 89,590 | 4 | 1,354 | 8,121 | 64,143 |
| Minnesota | 160,697 | 2,647 | 2,166 | 16,698 | 6 | 1,910 | 1,743 | 41,864 |
| Mississippi. | 11,191 | 85 | 2 817 | 375 | 16 | 193 665 | 630 | 2,960 |
| Missouri Nebraska | 222,267 30,748 | 1,493 299 | 3,517 1,770 | 8,448 2,635 | 4 2 | 1,129 | 6,298 340 | 113,618 10,954 |
| Nevada | 18,801 | 157 | 1,110 | 2.365 | 8,146 | 208 | 414 | 2,181 |
| | 29,611 | 9 | 4 | 12,955 | 5 | 11 | 60 | 436 |
| N. H'pshire New Jersey | 188,943 | 686 | 271 | 2,474 | 30 | 510 | 8,130 | 54,001 |
| New York | 1,138,353 | 8,928 | 2,071 | 79,042 | 177 | 1,701 | 22,302 | 316,908 |
| N. Carolina. | 8,029 | 18 | 1 . 5 | 171 | 4 | ~8 | 54 | 904 |
| Ohio Oregon | 372,493 11,600 | 8,699 53 | 1,429 | 12,988 1,187 | 12 3,327 | 284 87 | 12,781 308 | 182,897 1,875 |
| Pennsylv'a. | 545,309 | 1,536 | 580 | 10,022 | 32 | 561 | 8,695 | 160,146 |
| Rhode Isl'd | 55,396 | 1,500 | 19 | 10,242 | | 24 | 167 | 1.201 |
| S. Carolina. | 8,074 | 10 | 1 | 77 | 6 | 50 | 143 | 2,754 |
| Tennessee | 19.316 | 112 | 37 | 587 | 4 | 88 | 562 | 4,589 |
| Texas | 62,411 47,155 | 1,748 | 781 | 597 | 20 | 159 | 2,232 | 28,965 |
| Vermont | | 2 | | 28,544 327 | 8 | 21 23 | 93 | 870 4.050 |
| Virginia W. Virginia | 13,754 17,091 | 56 | 81 | 207 | · • | 21 | 369 223 | 6,238 |
| Wisconsin | 364,499 | 4,486 | 10,570 | 25,666 | | 5,212 | 2,704 | 162,314 |
| *************************************** | | | 10,010 | | | | | |
| The States | 5,478,829 | 30,116 | 40,071 | 487,605 | 55,974 | 24,574 | 115,140 | 1,679,146 |
| Arizona | 5,809 | 24 | 2 | 142 | 21 | 19 | 69 | 879 |
| Colorado | 6,599 | 51 | 15 | 753 | 7 | .77 | 209 | 1,456 |
| Dakota | 4,815 | 171 | 158 | 906 | | 115 | 57 | 563 |
| District of (Columbia (| 16,254 | 26 | 9 | 290 | 4 | 29 | 233 | 4,920 |
| Idaho | 7.885 | 26 | 1 | 334 | 4.268 | 88 | 144 | 599 |
| Montana | 7,979 | 86 | 23 | 1,172 | 1,943 | 95 | 193 | 1,233 |
| New Mexico | 5,620 | 10 | 2 | 125 | | 15 | 124 | 582 |
| Utah | 80,702 | 4 | 8 | 687 | 446 | 4,957 | 63 | 358 |
| Washington | 5,624 | 19 | 2 | 1,121 | 236 | 84 | 113 | 645 |
| Wyoming | 3,513 | 25 | 8 | 329 | 143 | 54 | 57 | 652 |
| Territories | 94,200 | 392 | 218 | 5,859 | 7,068 | 5,588 | 1,262 | 11,387 |
| Total, Uni- ted States | 5,567,229 | 30,508 | 40,289 | 498,464 | 68,042 | 30,107 | 116,402 | 1,690,583 |

NATIVITY OF THE FOREIGN-BORN POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[Selected from the Official Returns of the Ninth Census.]

| Living in. | Eng- | Ireland. | Scot- | Wales | Hol- | Italy. | Mexi- | Nor- way. | Swe- den. | Swit- zer- land. |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|---------|------------|----------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|
| The U.S | 550,924 | 1,855,827 | 140,835 | 74,533 | 46,802 | 17,157 | 42,435 | 114,246 | 97,332 | 75,153 |
| Alabama | 1.041 | 3,893 | 458 | 39 | 14 | 118 | 13 | 21 | 105 | 168 |
| Arkansas | 526 | 1,428 | 156 | 24 | 71 | 30 | 14 | 19 | 135 | 104 |
| California | 17,699 | 54,421 | 4,949 | 1,517 | 452 | 4,660 | 9,339 | 1,000 | 1,944 | 2,927 |
| Connecticut | 13,001 | 70,630 | 3,238 | 288 | 99 | 117 | 5 | 72 | 323 | 492 |
| Delaware | 1,421 | 5,907 | 229 | 43 | 16 | 5 | | | 9 | 33 |
| Florida | 399 | 737 | 144 | 6 | 7 | 56 | 41 | 16 | 30 | 14 |
| Georgia | 1,088 | | 420 | 61 | 42 | 50 | 9 | 14 | 35 | 103 |
| Illinois | 53,871 | 120,162 | 15,737 | 3,146 | 4,180 | 761 | 73 | 11,880 | 29,979 | 8,980 |
| Indiana | 9,945 | 28,698 | 2,507 | 556 | 873 | 95 | 17 | 123 | 2,180 | 4,287 |
| Iowa | 16,660 | 40,124 | 5,248 | 1,967 | 4,513 | 54 | 14 | 17,556 | 10,796 | 3,937 |
| Kansas | 6,161 | 10,940 | 1,531 | 1,021 | - 300 | 55 | 63 | 588 | 4,954 | 1,328 |
| Kentucky | 4,173 | 21,642 | 1,019 | 347 | 270 | 325 | 31 | 16 | 112 | 1,147 |
| Louisiana | 2,811 | 17,068 | 814 | 114 | 232 | 1,889 | 409 | 76 | 358 | 873 |
| Maine | 3,650 | 15,745 | 998 | 279 | 26 | 48 | 4 | 58 | 91 | 907 |
| Maryland | 4,855 | 23,630 | 2,432 | . 994 | 236 | 210 | 19 20 | 18 302 | 100 1.386 | 297 491 |
| Massachu'ts | 34,099 | | 9,003 | 576 | | 454 110 | 20 | 1,516 | 2,406 | 2,116 |
| Michigan | 35,051 | 42,013 | 8,552 2,194 | 558 944 | | 40 | 5 | 35,940 | | 2,162 |
| Minnesota | 5,670 | 21,746 3,359 | 434 | 25 | 35 | 147 | 32 | 78 | 970 | 266 |
| Mississippi. | 1,088 14,314 | 54,983 | | | | 936 | 90 | 297 | 2,302 | 6,597 |
| Missouri Nebraska | 3,603 | 4,999 | 792 | 220 | 180 | | 11 | 506 | 2,352 | 593 |
| Nevada | 2,549 | 5,035 | 630 | 301 | 44 | | 226 | 80 | 217 | 247 |
| N. H'pshire | 2,679 | 12,190 | 892 | 27 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 55 | 42 | 11 |
| New Jersey | 26,614 | 86,784 | 5,710 | 804 | | | 46 | 90 | 554 | 2.061 |
| New York | 110,071 | 528,806 | 27,282 | | 6,426 | | 127 | 975 | 5,522 | 7,916 |
| N Carolina | 490 | 677 | 420 | 10 | | | 2 | 5 | 38 | 80 |
| Ohio | 36,561 | 82,674 | 7,819 | 12,939 | 2,018 | 564 | 41 | 64 | 252 | 12.727 |
| Oregon | 1 347 | 1,967 | 394 | 63 | | 31 | 51 | 76 | 205 | 160 |
| Pennsylv'ia | 69,665 | 235,798 | 16,846 | 27,633 | 819 | | 86 | 115 | 2,266 | 5,765 |
| Rhode Isl'd | 9,291 | 31,534 | 1,948 | 56 | | | 2 | 22 | 106 | 74 |
| S. Carolina. | 617 | 3,262 | 310 | | | | 2 | | 61 | 45 |
| Tennessee | 2,085 | 8,048 | 555 | 314 | | 483 | 17 | 37 | 349 | 802 |
| Texas | 2,037 | 4.031 | 621 | 55 | | 186 | 23,020 | 403 | 364 | 599 19 |
| Vermont | 1,946 | 14,080 | 1,240 | 565 | 20 | 17 | 5 | 34 | 83 | 148 |
| Virginia | 1,909 | 5,191 | 705 | 148 | 231 | 162 | 13 | 17 | 30 | 325 |
| W. Virginia | 1,811 | 6,823 | 746 | 321 | 174 | 34 | 47 | 40,046 | 2,799 | 6,069 |
| Wisconsin . | 28,192 | 48,479 | 6,590 | 6,550 | 5,990 | 104 | | - | | - |
| The States | 528,990 | 1,838,726 | 136,846 | 74,607 | 16,561 | 16,766 | 33,920 | 112,116 | 94,447 | 73,972 |
| Arizona | 134 | 495 | 54 | 3 | 11 | 12 | 4,348 | 7 | 7 | 23 |
| Colorado | 1,358 | 1,685 | 188 | 165 | 17 | 16 | 129 | 40 | 180 | 140 |
| Dakota | 248 | 888 | 77 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 1,179 | 380 | 33 |
| District of) | 1,422 | 8.218 | 352 | 29 | 23 | 182 | 17 | 5 | 22 | 175 |
| Columbia 5 | Fig. 1 | - | 1000 | | | | | 1 | 1.5.0 | 52 |
| Idaho | 540 | | 114 | 335 | 9 | 11 | 46 | 61 | 91 | 97 |
| Montana | 692 | 1,635 | 208 | 197 | 18 | | 31 | 88 | 141 | 42 |
| N. Mexico | 120 | 543 | 36 | 9 | | 25 | 3,913 | 5 | 1,790 | 509 |
| Utah | 16,073 | 502 | 2,391 | 1,783 | 122 | | 8 | 613 | 1,790 | 50 |
| Washington | 791 | 1,047 | 309 | 44 | 25 5 | 24 | 13 | 104 | 109 | 60 |
| Wyoming | 556 | 1,102 | 260 | 58 | | _ | | | | |
| Territories | 21,934 | 17,101 | 3,980 | 2,620 | 241 | 391 | 8,515 | 2,130 | 2,885 | 1,181 |
| Total, Uni- ted States | 550,924 | 1,855,827 | 140,835 | 74,533 | 46,802 | 17,157 | 42,435 | 114,246 | 97,332 | 75,153 |

ILLITERACY BY STATES AND TERRITORIES: DISTIN-GUISHED INTO WHITE AND COLORED, NATIVE AND FOREIGN-BORN.

[Compiled from the Census of the United States for 1870.]

| | | TOTAL | | CAN | NOT WR | ITE. | | CANNOT READ. |
|-----|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| - | STATES AND | POPULA- | White. | Colored. | Native. | Foreign Born. | Total. | Total. |
| | Territories. | 1870. | 10 years | 10 years and up- | 10 years | 10 years | 10 years | 10 years |
| - 1 | | | and up- | and up- | and up- | and up- | and up- | and up- |
| ! | | | ward. | ward. | ward. | ward | ward. | ward. |
| 1 | Alabama | 996,992 | 92,059 | 290,898 | 382,142 | 870 | 383,012 | 849,771 |
| 2 | Arkansas | 484,471 | 64,095 | 68,533 | 183,048 | 29 6 | 138,339 | 111,799 |
| 3 | California | 560,247 | 26,158 | 586 | 9,520 | 22,196 | 31,716 | 24,877 19,680 |
| 4 | Connecticut Delaware | 587,454 125,015 | 27,913 11,280 | 1,675 11,820 | 5,678 20,631 | 23,938 2,469 | 29,616 23,100 | 19,356 |
| 6 | Florida | 187,748 | 18,904 | 52,894 | 71,235 | 568 | 71,803 | 66,238 |
| 7 | Georgia | 1,184,109 | 124,939 | 333,687 | 467,508 | 1,090 | 468,593 | 418 KKR |
| 8 | Illinois | 2,539,891 | 123,624 | 9,950 | 90,595 | 42,989 | 133,584 | 86,368 |
| .9 | Indiana | 1,680,637 1,191,792 | 120,761 | 8,258 1,524 | 113,185 | 13,939 20 ,692 | 127,124 | 76,634 24,115 |
| 11 | Iowa Kansas | 384,399 | 44,145 16,978 | 7,218 | 24,979 20,449 | 4,101 | 45,671 24,550 | 16,369 |
| 12 | Kentucky | 1,321,011 | 201,077 | 131,050 | 324,945 | 7,231 | 332,176 | 249,567 |
| 13 | Louisiana | 726,915 | 50,749 18,754 | 224,998 | 268,773 | 7,385 | 276,158 | 257,184 |
| 14 | Maine | 628,915 | 18,754 | 171 | 7,986 | 11,066 | 19,052 | 13,486 |
| 15 | Maryland | 780,894 | 46,792 95,576 | 88,703 | 126,907 7,912 | 8,592 89,830 | 135,499 97,742 | 114,100 74,935 |
| 17 | Massachusetts Michigan | 1,457,851 1,184,059 | 48,649 | 2,148 2,655 | 22,547 | 30,580 | 53,127 | 84,618 |
| 18 | Minnesota | 439,706 | 23,941 | 102 | 5,558 | 18,855 | 24,413 | 12,747 |
| 19 | Mississippi | 827.922 | 48.02 8 | 264,902 | 312,483 | 827 | 813,310 | 291,718 |
| 20 | Missouri | 1,721,295 | 161,763 | 60,622 | 206,827 | 15,584 | 222,411 | 146,771 |
| 21 | Nebraska | 122,993 42,491 | 4,630 653 | 205 21 | 3,552 98 | 1,309 774 | 4,861 872 | 2,365 727 |
| 23 | Nevada New Hampshire. | 318,300 | 10,131 | 95 | 1,992 | 7,934 | 9,926 | 7,618 |
| 24 | New Jersey | 906,096 | 46,386 | 8,297 | 29,726 | 24,961 | 54,687 | 37,057 |
| 25 | New York | 4.382,759 | 228,424 | 10,730 | 70,702 | 168,569 | 239,271 | 163,501 |
| 26 | North Carolina | 1,071.361 | 166,397 | 230,606 | 397,573 | 117 | 397,690 | 339,789 |
| 98 | Ohio Oregon | 2,665,260 90,923 | 142,383 2,411 | 20,766 96 | 134,102 3,003 | 39,070 1,424 | 178,172 4,427 | 92, 730 2, 609 |
| 29 | Pennsylvania | 3,521,791 | 206,458 | | 126,803 | 95,553 | | 131,728 |
| 30 | Rhode Island | 217,353 | 20,031 | 870 | 4.444 | 17,477 | 21,921 | 15,416 |
| | South Carolina | 705,606 | 55,167 | 235,164 | 289,726 | 653 | | 265,898 |
| 83 | Tennessee | 1,258,520 818,579 | 178,727 70,895 | 185,952 | 362,955 203,834 | 1,742 18,369 | | 290,549 |
| 34 | Vermont | 330,551 | 17,584 | 150,617 116 | 3,902 | 18,804 | 17,706 | 189,493 15,185 |
| 35 | Virginia | 1,225,163 | 123,538 | 322,236 | 444,623 | 1,270 | 445,893 | 390,918 |
| 36 | West Virginia | 442,014 | 71,493 | 9,997 | 78,389 | 3,101 | 81,490 | 48,800 |
| 37 | Wisconsin | 1,054,670 | 54,845 | 460 | 14,118 | 41,328 | 55,441 | 35,081 |
| | The States | 38,115,641 | 776,158 | 2,765,370 | 4,791,935 | 760,553 | 5,552,488 | 4,438,206 |
| 1 | Arizona | 9,658 | 2,729 | 1 | 262 | 2,491 | 2,753 | 2,690 |
| 2 | Colorado | 39,864 | 6,564 | 146 | 6,568 | 25 5 | 6,823 | 6,297 |
| 3 | Dakota | 14,181 | 914 | 31 | 758 | 805 | | 1,249 |
| | Dist. of Columbia | 131,700 14,999 | | | 26,501 138 | 2,218 8,250 | 28,719 3,388 | 22,845 3,293 |
| 6 | Idaho Montana | 20,595 | | | | 524 | 918 | 667 |
| 7 | New Mexico | 91,874 | 51,130 | 109 | 49,811 | 2,909 | 52,220 | 48,836 |
| 8 | Utah | 86,786 | 7,097 | 22 | 8,334 | 4,029 | | 2,515 |
| | Washington | 23,955 | | | | 503 336 | | 1,018 463 |
| 10 | Wyoming | 9,118 | 451 | 49 | 200 | 000 | - 002 | 403 |
| | The Territories | 442,730 | 75,753 | 24,319 | 88,336 | 17,320 | 105,656 | 89,878 |
| ı | Total in the U.S. | 38,559,371 | 2,851,911 | 2,789 .689 | 4,880,271 | 777,873 | 5,658,144 | 4,528,084 |

Note.—The second column shows the white population of ten years and over who are unable to write, in each State and Territory, and for the whole United States; the sixth column sums up all classes and nativities over ten years who are unable to write; and the last column shows the aggregate of all classes and nativities over ten years who are unable to read.

CITIZENSHIP, WITH THE TOTAL MALE POPULATION— 1870.

[From the Official Returns of the United States Census, 1870.]

| | STATES AND | TOTAL | MAL | ES 21 YE | ARS AND | UPWAR | D. | 21 AND UPWARD |
|-----|-------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| | TERRITORIES. | MALE. | All Classes. | White. | Colored. | Chi- nese. | In- dian. | Male Citizens |
| 100 | The United States | 19,493,565 | 9,439,206 | 8,353,719 | 1,032,475 | 47,531 | 5,481 | 8,425,94 |
| | Alabama | 488,738 | 203,315 | 105,474 | 97,823 | | 18 | 202,040 |
| 2 | Arizona | 6,887 | 5,353 | 5,311 | 18 | 19 | 5 | 3,39 |
| | Arkansas | 248,261 | 104,083 | 77,195 | 26,789 | 83 | 16 | 100,40 |
| 4 | California | 349,479 | 227,256 | 186,823 | 1,731 | 36,890 | 1.812 | 145,805 |
| 5 | Colorado | 24,820 | 16,294 | 16,083 | 197 | 6 | 8 | 15,518 |
| 6 | Connecticut | 265,270 | 150,415 | 147,659 | | | 56 | 127,499 |
| 7 | Dakota | 8,878 | 5,724 | 5,496 | | | 200 | 5,234 |
| 8 | Delaware | 62,628 | 30,035 | 24,811 | | | | 28,207 |
| 9 | Dist. of Columbia | 62,192 | 33,329 | 23,178 | | 1 | 7 | 31,622 |
| 10 | Florida | 94,548 | 39,907 | 21,064 | | | 1 | 38,854 |
| 1 | Georgia | 578,955 | 237,640 | 129,665 | | 1 | 12 | 234,919 |
| 2 | Idaho | 12,184 | 10,313 | 6,501 | 38 | 3,766 | 8 | 5,55 |
| 3 | Illinois | 1,316,537 | 625, 139 | 617,435 | 7,694 | 1 | 9 | 542,83 |
| 14 | Indiana | 857,994 | 388,231 | 382,070 | 6,113 | | 48 | 376,780 |
| 15 | Iowa | | 290,717 | 289,162 | | 1 | 11 | 255,80 |
| 16 | Kansas | 202,224 | 105,671 | 101,480 | | | 206 | 99,069 |
| 7 | Kentucky | 665,675 | 289,471 | 245,133 | | | 17 | 282,30 |
| 8 | Louisiana | 362,165 | 174,187 | 87,066 | | 68 | 140 | 159,00 |
| 9 | Maine | 313,103 | 169,821 | 169,192 | | 1 | 131 | 153,160 |
| 20 | Maryland | 384,984 | 184,742 | 145,619 | | 1 | 2 | 169,84 |
| | Massachusetts | 703,779 | 398,157 | 394,031 | 4,073 | 20 | 33 | 312,770 |
| | Michigan | 617,745 | 315,937 | 311,712 | 3,130 | 2 | 1,093 | 274,459 |
| 3 | Minnesota | 235,299 | 114,739 | 114,344 | 246 | | 149 | 75,274 |
| 4 | Mississippi | 413,421 | 174,845 | 84,784 | 89,926 | 15 | 120 | 169,737 |
| 25 | Missouri | 896,347 | 408,206 | 384,314 | 23,882 | 2 | 8 | 380,23 |
| 26 | Montana | 16,771 | 13,424 | 12,545 | 108 | 742 | 29 | 11,523 |
| 27 | Nebraska | 70,425 | 39,080 | 38,782 | 290 | | 8 | 36,169 |
| 8 | Nevada | 32,379 | 26,920 | 24,245 | 203 | 2,467 | 5 | 18,652 |
| 9 | New Hampshire | | 91,016 | 90,834 | 176 | | 6 | 88,361 |
| 0 | New Jersey | 449,672 | 231,862 | 223,983 | 7,870 | 5 | 4 | 194,109 |
| 1 | New Mexico | 47,135 | 23,332 | 23,176 | 85 | | 71 | 22,442 |
| | New York | 2,163,229 | 1,158,901 | 1,144,165 | 14,586 | 23 | 127 | 981,587 |
| | North Carolina | 518,704 | 217,813 | 139,535 | 78,019 | | 259 | 214,224 |
| | Ohio | 1,337,550 | 640,820 | 625,176 | 15,614 | 1 | 29 | 592,350 |
| 5 | Oregon | 53,131 | 28,616 | 25,640 | 143 | 2,789 | 44 | 24,608 |
| | Pennsylvania | 1,758,499 | 865,883 | 848,790 | 17,072 | 9 | 12 | 776,345 |
| 7 | Rhode Island | 104,756 | 58,752 | 57,312 | 1,404 | | 36 | 43,996 |
| | South Carolina | 343,902 | 148,052 | 62,547 | 85,475 | 1 | 29 | 146,614 |
| | Tennessee | 623,347 | 263,200 | 199,056 | 64,131 | | 13 | 259,016 |
| | Texas | 423,557 | 184,094 | 132,390 | 51,575 | 14 | 115 | 169,215 |
| 1 | Utah | 44,121 | 18,042 | 17,654 | 36 | 316 | 36 | 10,147 |
| 3. | Vermont | 165,721 | 90,806 | 90,522 | 278 | | 6 | 74.867 |
| 5 | Virginia | 597,058 | 269,242 | 161,500 | 107,691 | 4 | 47 | 266,680 |
| 4 | Washington | 14,990 | 9,241 | 8,750 | 67 | 185 | 239 | 7,902 |
| 2 | West Virginia | 222,843 | 95,317 | 91,345 | 3,972 | | | 93,435 |
| 6 | Wisconsin | 544,886 | 255,159 | 254,262 | 642 | | 255 | 203,077 |
| 7 | Wyoming | 7,219 | 6,107 | 5,908 | 101 | 97 | 1 | 5,297 |
| 1 | Totals | 19,493,565 | 9,439,206 | 8,353,719 | 1,032,475 | 47,531 | 5,481 | 8,425,941 |

Note.—The last column on the right indicates the total number of citizens under the Constitution, born or naturalized in the United States, who have reached the age qualifying them for the right of suffrage.

ACREAGE AND VALUE OF FARMS IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1860 AND 1870.

| STATES | LA | ND IN FAR | MS. | Value of | Value of | SIZI FAI | E OF |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| TERRITO- RIES. | Total Acres. | Improved, Acres. | Unim- proved, Acres. | Farms, 1870. | Farms, 1860. | 1870 Acres | 1860 Acres |
| The U.S. | 407,735,041 | 188,921,099 | 218,813,942 | Dollars. 9,262,803,861 | Dollars. 6,645,045,007 | 153 | 19 |
| Alabama | 14,961,178 | 5,062,204 | 9,898,974 | 67,739,036 | 175,824,622 | 222 | 34 |
| Arizona | 21,807 | 14,585 | 7.222 | 161,340 | | 127 | |
| Arkansas. | 7,597,296 | 1,859,821 | 5,737,475 | 40,029,698 | 91,649,773 | 154 | 24 |
| California | 11,427,105 | 6,218,133 | 5,208,972 | 141,240,028 | 48,726,804 | | 46 |
| Colorado | 320,346 | 95,594 | 224,752 | 3,385,748 | | 184 | |
| Connect't. | 2,364,416 | 1,646,752 | 717,664 | 124,241,382 | 90,830,005 | 93 | 9 |
| Dakota | 302,376 | 42,645 | 259,731 | 2,085,265 | | 176 | 21 |
| Delaware. | 1,052,322 | 698,115 | 354,207 | 46,712,870 | | 138 | 15 |
| D. of Col | 11,677 | 8,266 | 3,411 | 3,800,230 | | 56 | 14 |
| Florida | 2,373,541 | 736,172 | 1,637,369 | 9,947,920 | | 232 | 44 |
| Georgia | 23,647,941 | 6,831,856 | 16,816,085 | 94,559,468 | 157,072,803 | | 43 |
| Idaho | 77,139 | 26,603 | 50,536 | 492,860 | 101,012,000 | 186 | 30 |
| Illinois | 25,882,861 | 19,329,952 | 6,552,909 | 920,506,346 | | | 14 |
| Indiana | 18,119,648 | 10,104,279 | 8,015,369 | 634,804,189 | | 112 | 12 |
| Iowa | 15,541,793 | 9,396,467 | 6,145,326 | 392,662,441 | | 134 | 16 |
| Kansas | 5,656,879 | 1,971,003 | 3,685,876 | 90,327,040 | | | 17 |
| Kentucky | 18,660,106 | 8,103,850 | 10,556,256 | 311,238,916 | 291,496,955 | | 21 |
| Louisiana | 7,025,817 | 2,045,640 | 4,980,177 | 68,215,421 | 204,789,662 | | 58 |
| Maine | 5,838,058 | 2,917,793 | 2,920,265 | 102,961,951 | | | 10 |
| Maryland | 4,512,579 | 2,914,007 | 1,598,572 | 170,369,684 | | | 19 |
| Massa'tts. | 2,730,283 | 1,736,221 | 994,062 | 116,432,784 | | | 9 |
| Michigan. | 10,019,142 | 5,096,939 | 4,922,203 | 398,240,578 | | | 11 |
| Minn'sota | 6,483,828 | 2,322,102 | 4,161,726 | 97,847,442 | | | 14 |
| Mississ'pi | 13,121,113 | 4,209,146 | | 81,716,576 | | | 37 |
| Missouri. | 21,707,220 | 9,130,615 | 12,576,605 | 392,908,047 | | | 21 |
| Montana | 139,537 | 84,674 | 54,863 | 729,198 | | 164 | ~ |
| Nebraska. | 2,073,781 | 647,031 | 1,426,750 | 30,242,186 | | | 25 |
| Nevada | 208,510 | 92,644 | 115,866 | 1,485,505 | | | 6 |
| N. H'shire | | 2,334,487 | 1,271,507 | 80.589.318 | | 122 | 1 |
| N. Jersey. | | 1,976,474 | 1,013,037 | 257,523,376 | | | 1 |
| N. Mexico | | 143,007 | 690,542 | | 2,707,386 | | 2 |
| New York | 22,190,810 | 15,627,206 | 6,563,604 | | | | 1 |
| N. Carol'a | | 5,258,742 | 14,576,668 | 78,211,088 | 143,301,065 | | 3 |
| Ohio | 21,712,42) | 14,469,133 | 7,243,287 | 1,054,465,226 | 678,132,991 | | i |
| Oregon | 2,389,252 | 1,116,290 | 1,272,962 | 22,352,989 | | 315 | 3 |
| Penns'nia | 17,994,200 | 11,515,965 | 6,478,235 | 1,043,481,582 | | 103 | 1 |
| Rhode Is. | | 289,030 | 213,278 | 21,574,968 | | | |
| S. Carol'a. | | 3,010,539 | 9,094,741 | 44,808,762 | | | 4 |
| Tenness'e | 19,581,214 | 6,843,278 | 12,737,936 | 218,743,747 | | 166 | 2 |
| Texas | 18,396,523 | 2,964,836 | 15,431,687 | 60,149,950 | 88.101.320 | 301 | 5 |
| Utah | 148,361 | 118,755 | 29,606 | 2,297,922 | | | 1 |
| Vermont. | | 3,073,257 | 1,455,547 | 139,367,075 | | | 1 |
| Virginia | | 8,165,040 | 9,980,871 | 213,020,845 | | | 3 |
| Wash'ton | | 192,016 | 457,123 | 3,978,341 | | | 3 2 |
| W. Virg'a. | 8,528,394 | 2,580,254 | 5,948,140 | 101.604,381 | ~,~1,01 | 214 | 1 |
| Wisc'nsin | 11,715,321 | 5,899,343 | 5,815,978 | 300,414,064 | | | 1 |
| Wyoming | | 338 | 4,003 | | | 25 | |
| Total in | 407,735,041 | 188,921,099 | 010 010 040 | 0.000.000.000 | 6,645,045,007 | 153 | 1 |

VALUES OF FARM PRODUCTIONS AND WAGES-1870.

From the Tables of the Ninth Census.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | All Farm productions including betterments and stock added. | Animals Slaughter- ed. | Forest Products. | Market Garden Products. | Orchard Products. | Wages paid, in- cluding value of board. |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| United States | Dollars. 2,447,538,658 | Dollars. 398,956,376 | Dollars. 36,808,277 | Dollars. 20,719,229 | Dollars. 47,335,189 | Dollars. 310,286,285 |
| Alabama | 67,522,335 | 4,670,146 | 85,983 | 139,636 | 37,590 | 11,851,870 |
| Arizona | 277,998 | 9,400 | 94 605 | 2,850 | 157,219 | 104,620 |
| Arkansas California | 40,701,699 | 3,843,923 | 34,225 | 55,697 | | 4,061,952 |
| Colorado | 49,856,024 2,335,106 | 6,112,503 | 566,017 | 1,059,779 55,020 | 1,384,480 | 10,369,247 416,230 |
| Connecticut | 26,482,150 | 252,394 4,881,858 | 1,224,107 | 599,718 | 535,594 | 4,405,064 |
| Dakota | 495,657 | 22,066 | 700 | 500 | 000,004 | 71,150 |
| Delaware | 8,171,667 | 997,403 | 111,810 | | 1,226,893 | 1,696,571 |
| Dist. Columbia | 319,517 | 455 | 111,010 | 112,034 | 6,781 | 124,338 |
| Florida | 8,909,746 | 520,966 | 7,965 | 31,983 | 53,639 | 1.537.060 |
| Georgia | 80,390,228 | 6,854,382 | 1,281,623 | 193,266 | 352,926 | 19,787,086 |
| Idaho | 637,797 | 57,932 | | 24,577 | 725 | 153,007 |
| Illinois | 210,860,585 | 56,718.944 | 1,087,144 | | 3,571,789 | 22,338,767 |
| Indiana | 122,914,302 | 30,246,962 | 2,645,679 | 487,479 | 2,858,086 | 9,675,348 |
| Iowa | 114,386,441 | 25,781,223 | 1,200,468 | 244,963 | 1,075,169 | 8,377,878 |
| Kansas | 27,630,651 | 4,156,386 | 368,947 | | | 2,519,452 |
| Kentucky | 87,477,374 | 24,121,861 | 574,994 | | 1,231,385 | 10,709,382 |
| Louisiana | 52,006,622 | 817,831 | 92,596 | | 142,129 | 11,042,789 |
| Maine | 33,470,044 | 4,939,071 | 1,531,741 | 266,397 | 874,569 | 2,903,292 |
| Maryland | 35,343,927 | 4,621,418 | 613,209 | | 1,319,405 | 8,560,367 |
| Mussachusetts. | 32,192,378 | 4,324,658 | 1,616,818 | | 939,854 | 5,821,032 |
| Michigan Minnesota | 81,508,623 33,446,400 | 11,711,624 3,076,650 | 2,559,682 311,528 | | 3,447,985 15,818 | 8,421,161 4,459,201 |
| Mississippi | 73,137,953 | 4,090,818 | 39,975 | | 71,018 | 10,326,794 |
| Missouri | 103,035,759 | 23,626,784 | 793,343 | | | 8,797,487 |
| Montana | 1,676,660 | 169.092 | 918 | | | 325,213 |
| Nebraska | 8,604,742 | £54.850 | | | | 882,478 |
| Nevada | 1,659,713 | 104,471 | 36,700 | | | 438,350 |
| N. Hampshire | 22,473,547 | 3,720,243 | 1,743,944 | | 743,552 | 2,319,164 |
| New Jersey | 42,725,198 | 6,982,162 | 352,704 | | 1,295,282 | 8,314,548 |
| New Mexico | 1,905,060 | 224,765 | 500 | | 13,609 | 523,888 |
| New York | 253,526,153 | 28,225,720 | 6,689,179 | | 8,347,417 | 34,451,362 |
| North Carolina | 57,845,940 | 7,983,132 | 1,089,115 | | 394,749 | 8,342,850 |
| Ohio | 198,256,907 | 40,498,375 | 2,719,140 | 1,289,272 | 5,843,679 | 16,480,778 |
| Oregon | 7,122,790 | 1,365,737 | 259,220 | | 310,041 | 719,875 |
| Pennsylvania | 183,946,027 | 28,412,903 | 2,670,370 | | 4,208,094 | 23,181,944 |
| Rhode Island South Carolina. | 4,761,163 | 755,552 | 254,683 | | 43,036 | 1,124,118 |
| Tennessee | 41,909,402 86,472,847 | 2,507,149 15,856,880 | 167,253 335,317 | | | 7,404,297 7,118,008 |
| Texas | 49,185,170 | 4,835,284 | 66,841 | 74,924 | 69,172 | 4,777,638 |
| Utah | 1,973,142 | 172,382 | 800 | | 43,928 | 133,695 |
| Vermont | 34,647,027 | 4,320,619 | 1,238,929 | | | 4,155,385 |
| Virginia | 51,774,801 | 8,375,975 | 686,862 | | 891,231 | 9,753,041 |
| Washington | 2,111,902 | 292,280 | 19,705 | 74,462 | 71,863 | 215,523 |
| W. Virginia | 23,379,692 | 4,914,792 | 363,668 | | 848,773 | 1,903,788 |
| Wisconsin | 78,027,032 | 11,914,643 | 1,327,618 | | | 8,186,110 |
| Wyoming | 42,760 | 11,712 | | | | 3,075 |
| Total-U.S | 2,447,538,658 | 398,956,376 | 36,808,277 | 20,719,229 | 47,335,189 | 310,286,285 |

Note.—The Census of Agriculture in the United States must be received with many grains of allowance, because of the very imperfect character of the forms or schedules under which it was taken. The schedule required the products of each farm in the United States for the year ending June 1. But there is no agricultural year ending June 1. Moreover, there were excluded from the enumeration the produce of all farms of less than three acres in extent, unless producing vegetables, etc., to the amount of \$500, or upwards, in value. Very large products must therefore have been excluded from the Census of Agriculture by its very terms.

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PRINCIPAL CEREAL PRODUCTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1870.

[From the Official Report of the Ninth Census, 1870.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Wheat. | Indian Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rye. | Buck- wheat. |
|----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. | Bushels. |
| The U.S | 287,745,626 | 760,944,549 | 282,107,157 | 29,761,305 | 16,918,795 | 9,821,721 |
| Alabama | 1,055 048 | 16,977,948 | 770,866 | 5,174 | 18,977 | 141 |
| Arizona | 27,052 | 32,041 | 25 | 55,077 | | |
| Arkansas | 741,736 | 13,382,145 | 528,777 | 1,921 | 27,645 | 226 |
| California | | 1,221,222 | 1,757,507 | 8,783,490 | 26,275 | 21,928 |
| Colorado | | 231,903 | 332,940 | 35,141 | 5,235 | 178 |
| Connecticut | | 1,570,364 | 1,114,595 | 26,458 | 289,057 | 148,155 |
| Dakota | | 133,140 | 114,327 | 4,118 | | 179 |
| B Delaware | | 3,010,390 | 554,388 | | | 1,349 |
| Dist. of Columbia | | 28,020 | 8,500 | | 3,724 | |
| Florida | | 2,225,056 | 114,204 | 12 | 545 | |
| Georgia | | 17,646,459 | 1,904,601 | 5,640 | 82,549 | 40: |
| 2 Idaho | | 5,750 | 100,119 | 72,316 | 1,756 | |
| Illinois | 30,128,405 | 129,921,395 | 42,780,851 | 2,490,400 | 2,456,578 | 168,863 |
| Indiana | 27,747,222 | 51,094,538 | 8,590,409 | 356,262 | 457,468 | 80,231 |
| Iowa | | 68,935,065 | 21,005,142 | 1,960,779 | 505,807 | 109,432 |
| Kansas | | 17,025,525 | 4,097,925 | 98,405 | 85,207 | 27,820 |
| Kentucky | 5,728,704 | 50,091,006 | 6,620,103 | 238,486 | 1,108,933 | 3,44 |
| Louisiana | 9,906 | 7,596,628 | 17,782 | 1,226 | 984 | 260 |
| Maine | 278,793 | 1,089,888 | | 658,816 | 34,115 | 465,633 |
| Maryland | 5,774,503 | 11,701,817 | 3,221,643 | 11,315 | 307.089 | 77,867 |
| Massachusetts | | 1,397,807 | 797,664 | 133,071 | 239,227 | 58,049 |
| Michigan | . 16,265,773 | 14,086,238 | 8,954,466 | 834,558 | 144,508 | 436,75 |
| Minnesota | . 18,865,073 | 4,743,117 | 10,678,261 | 1,032,024 | 78,088 | 52,43 |
| Mississippi | 274,479 | 15,637,316 | 414,586 | 3,973 | 14,852 | 1,619 |
| Missouri | | 66,034,075 | | 269,240 | 559,532 | 36,25 98 |
| Montana | 181,184 | 320 | | 85,756 | 1,141 13,532 | |
| Nebraska | . 2,125,086 | 4,736,710 | | 216,481 | | 3,47 |
| Nevada | . 228,866 | | | 295,452 | 47,420 | 100.03 |
| New Hampshire . | 193,621 | 1,277,768 8,745,384 | | 105,822 | | |
| New Jersey New Mexico | | | | | 42 | 353,98 |
| 2 New York | 12,178,472 | | | 7,434,621 | 2,478,125 | |
| 3 North Carolina | 2,859,879 | | | 3,186 | | 20,10 |
| 4 Ohio | 27,882,159 | | | 1,715,221 | 846,890 | 180,34 |
| oregon | 2,340,746 | | | 210,736 | | 1,64 |
| Pennsylvania | 19,672,967 | | | | | |
| 7 Rhode Island | 784 | | | | | 1.44 |
| South Carolina | 783,610 | | | | | |
| 9 Tennessee | 6,188,916 | | | | | |
| 0 Texas | 415,112 | | | | | 4 |
| 1 Utah | . 558.479 | | | | | |
| 2 Vermont | 454,703 | | | | | 415,09 |
| 3 Virginia | 7,398,787 | | | | | |
| 1 Washington | | | | | 4,453 | |
| 5 West Virginia | 2,483,548 | | | | | |
| 6 Wisconsin | . 25,606,344 | | | | | |
| 7 Wyoming | | | | | | |
| | 1 | | 000 108 18 | 00 761 00 | 10 010 705 | 0.001 50 |
| Total-U.S | 287,745,626 | 5 760,944,549 | 282,107,15 | 29,761,303 | 16,918,795 | 9,821,72 |

Note.—The production of the six cereals above named, at the two preceding censuses, was as follows:

| | Wheat. | Indian Corn. | Oats. | Barley. | Rye. | Buck- wheat. |
|----------------|--|--|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Census of 1850 | Bushels. 100,435,944 173,104,924 | Bushals. 592,071,104 888,792,742 | 146,584,179 | 5.167.015 | Bushels. 14,188,813 21,101,380 | 8,956,912 |

DOMESTIC ANIMALS IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[From the Official Tables of the Ninth Census.]

| States and Territories. | Horses. | Mules and Asses. | Neat Cattle. | Sheep. | Swine. |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| 1 Alabama | 92,807 | 76,675 | 500,206 | 241.934 | 719,75 |
| 2 Arizona | 4,482 | 401 | 38,633 | 803 | 790 |
| 3 Arkansas | 102,240 | 36,202 | 379,023 | 161.077 | 841.12 |
| 4 California | 241.146 | 17,588 | 669,280 | 2,768,187 | 444.61 |
| 5 Colorado | 13.317 | 1,178 | 159,456 | 120,928 | 5,50 |
| 6 Connecticut | | 190 | 231,094 | 83,884 | 51,98 |
| 7 Dakota | 8,243 | 225 | 56,724 | 1,901 | 2,03 |
| 8 Delaware | 18,633 | 8,584 | 58,990 | 22,714 | 39,81 |
| 9 District of Columbia. | | 124 | 1,801 | 604 | 57 |
| 0 Florida | 14,451 | 8,835 | 453,451 | 26,599 | 158,90 |
| 1 Georgia | 110,237 | 87,426 | 809,667 | 419,465 | 988,56 |
| 2 Idaho | 2,775 | 371 | 59,996 | 1,021 | 2,31 |
| 3 Illinois | 1,017,646 | 85,075 | 1,944,578 | 1,568,286 | 2,703,34 |
| 4 Indiana | 558,203 | 43,259 25,485 | 1,182,998 | 1,612,680 | 1,872,29 |
| 5 Iowa | 482,786 152,000 | 11,786 | 1,137,045 | 855,498 | 1,858,90 206,58 |
| 6 Kansas 7 Kentucky | | 99,230 | 998,347 812,380 | 109,088 936,765 | 1.858.22 |
| 8 Louisiana | | 61,338 | 383,364 | 118,602 | 838,82 |
| 9'Maine | | 336 | 428,826 | 484,666 | 45,76 |
| 0 Maryland | | 9.830 | 231,399 | 129,697 | 257.89 |
| 1 Marsachusetts | | 103 | 271,315 | 78,560 | 49.17 |
| 2 Michigan | | 2,353 | 635,134 | 1,985,906 | 417,81 |
| 3 Minnesota | 102,678 | 2,350 | 365,241 | 132,348 | 148,47 |
| 4 Mississippi | 104,600 | 85,886 | 581,247 | 232,732 | 814,38 |
| 5 Missouri | 545,822 | 111,502 | 1,269,065 | 1,352,001 | 2,306,48 |
| 6 Montana | 6,733 | 475 | 82,380 | 2,024 | 2,59 |
| 7 Nebraska | | 2,682 | 892,716 | 22,725 | 59,44 |
| 8 Nevada | 14,400 | 990 | 40,969 | 11,018 | 3,29 |
| 9 New Hampshire | 43,835 | 37 | 236,169 | 248,760 | 83,12 |
| 0 New Jersey | 108,663 | 8,853 | 229,086 | 120,067 | 142,56 |
| 1 New Mexico 2 New York | 26,500 | 6,141 4,407 | 186,301 2.086,230 | 619,438 2,181,578 | 11,26 518,25 |
| North Carolina | 856,941 114,406 | 50.684 | 618,263 | 463,485 | 1,075,21 |
| 4 Ohio | 704,664 | 16,065 | 1.521.421 | 4.928,635 | 1,728,96 |
| 5 Oregon | 64,625 | 2.581 | 150,246 | 318,123 | 119,45 |
| 6 Pennsylvania | 611,488 | 18,009 | 1,505,897 | 1,794,301 | 867.54 |
| 7 Rhode Island | 11,113 | 43 | 40,105 | 23,938 | 14,60 |
| 8 South Carolina | 54,052 | 41.827 | 289,207 | 124,594 | 395,99 |
| 9 Tennessee | 273,200 | 102,983 | 682,318 | 826,783 | 1.828,69 |
| 0, Texas | 574,641 | 61,322 | 8,990,158 | 714,851 | 1,202,44 |
| 1 Utah | 14,281 | 2,879 | 190,934 | 59,672 | 3,150 |
| 2 Vermont | 69,015 | 252 | 846,501 | 580,347 | 46,34 |
| 3 Virginia | 168,988 | 26,903 | 578,152 | 370,145 | 674,670 |
| 4 Washington | 13,923 | 943 | 51,979 | 44,068 | 17,49 |
| 5 West Virginia | 99,362 | 2,139 | 387,881 | 552,327 | 268,03 |
| 6 Wisconsin | 270,083 | 4,195 | 831,953 | 1,069,282 | 512,77 |
| 7 Wyoming | 3,758 | 283 | 36,472 | 6,409 | 146 |
| Total-United States. | 8,690,219 | 1,125,415 | 28,074,582 | 28,477,951 | 25,134,56 |

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED TRUE VALUE OF PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[From the Returns of the Ninth Census, 1870.]

| The United States. Alabama 2 Arkansae. 3 California. 4 Connecticut. 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia. 8 Illinois. 9 Indiana. 10 Iowa. 11 Kansas. 12 Kentucky. 3 IJoulsiana. | Total. 14,178,986,732 155,582,595 94,528,343 269,644,068 425,433,237 64,787,223 32,480,343 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,561 409,544,284 258,377,190 204,253,780 204,253,780 1,501,983,112 | \$ 9,914,780,825 117 223,043 63,102,304 176,527,160 204,110,509 48,744,783 20,197,691 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,243,376 134,580,157 286,910,332 | Personal Estate. 4,264,205,907 38,859,552 81,426,539 93,116,908 221,332,728 16,042,440 12,283,152 88,271,308 134,465,669 203,334,670 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | Real and Personal Estate. \$ 30,068,518,507 201,855,841 156,834,891 638,767,017 774,631,534 97,180,835 44,128,664 268,169,97 1,268,180,544 717,644,75 188,882,014 604,318,553 322,125,666 |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1 Alabama 2 Arkansas. 3 California 4 Connecticut 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia 8 Illinois 1 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas 2 Kentucky | 155,582,595 94,528,343 269,644,068 425,433,287 64,787,223 32,480,843 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,661 409,544,284 258,871,590 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 117 223,043 63,102,304 176,527,180 204,110,509 48,744,783 20,197,691 148,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 38, 359, 552 81, 426, 539 93, 116, 908 221, 382, 728 16, 042, 440 12, 283, 152 83, 271, 303 134, 465, 669 203, 334, 070 75, 904, 780 26, 626, 496 98, 064, 600 62, 028, 514 | 30,068,518,507 201,855,841 156,394,693 638,767,017 774,631,594 97,190,833 44,123,654 268,169,307 1,268,190,544 717,644,735 188,832,014 604,318,563 322,125,666 |
| 2 Arkansas. 3 California. 4 Connecticut. 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia. 8 Illinois. 9 Indiana. 10 Iowa. 11 Kansas. 12 Kentucky. | 94,528,348 269,644,068 425,433,287 64,787,228 32,480,348 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,661 409,544,284 258,371,690 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 63,102,304 176,527,180 204,110,509 48,744,783 20,197,691 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,187 | \$1,426,539 \$3,116,908 \$21,322,728 16,042,440 12,283,152 83,271,308 134,465,669 203,334,070 -75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 156,894,691 638,787,017 774,631,594 97,180,835 44,123,655 268,189,907 2,121,640,577 1,268,180,577 1,268,180,577 188,892,014 604,318,535 322,125,666 |
| 3 California 4 Connecticut 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia 8 Illinois 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas 12 Kentucky | 269,644,068 425,433,237 64,787,223 32,480,343 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,561 409,544,234 253,377,190 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,691,983,112 | 176,527,180 204,110,509 48,744,783 20,197,691 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 93,116,908 221,322,728 16,042,440 12,283,152 83,271,303 134,465,669 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 638,767,017 774,631,508 97,180,835 44,103,665 268,169,307 1,268,180,545 717,644,75(188,892,014 604,318,555 323,125,666 |
| 4 Connecticut 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia 8 Illinois 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas | 425,433,387 64,787,223 32,480,343 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,661 409,544,294 253,871,890 204,253,780 1,591,983,112 | 204,110,509 48,744,783 20,197,691 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,378 134,580,157 | 221,322,728 16,042,440 12,283,152 83,271,308 134,465,669 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 774,631,524 97,180,833 44,163,655 268,169,057 1,268,180,543 717,644,751 188,892,014 604,318,555 323,125,666 |
| 5 Delaware 6 Florida 7 Georgia 8 Illinois 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas 12 Kentucky | 32,480,848 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,61 409,544,284 253,871,690 204,253,780 1,591,983,112 | 20,197,691 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 16,042,440 12,283,152 83,271,308 134,465,669 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 97,190,88; 44,163,68, 268,169,307 2,121,660,54 717,644,75; 188,892,014 604,318,55; 323,125,666 |
| 7 Georgia 8 Illinois 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas | 227,219,519 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,661 409,544,294 253,371,690 204,258,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 143,948,216 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 83,271,308 134,465,669 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 268,169,30 2,121,650,57 1,268,180,54 717,644,75 188,892,01 604,318,55 323,125,66 |
| 8 Illinois. 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas. | 482,899,575 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,661 409,544,224 253,371,90 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 348,433,906 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 134,465,669 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 2,121,680,577 1,268,180,54 717,644,75 188,892,01 604,318,55 323,125,66 |
| 9 Indiana 10 Iowa 11 Kansas 12 Kentucky | 663,455,044 302,515,418 92,125,61 409,544,294 253,371,90 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 460,120,974 226,610,638 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 203,334,070 75,904,780 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 1,268,180,54 717,644,75 188,892,01 604,318,55 323,125,66 |
| 11 Kansas 12 Kentucky | 92,125,561 409,544,294 253,371,590 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 65,499,365 311,479,694 191,343,376 134,580,157 | 26,626,496 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 188,892,014 604,318,555 323,125,666 |
| [2 Kentucky | 409,544,294 253,371,690 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 311,479,694 191,343,376 134.580,157 | 98,064,600 62,028,514 | 604,318,555 323,125,666 |
| 3 Louisiana | 253,371,690 204,253,780 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | 191,343,37 6 134.580,15 7 | 62,028,514 | 323,125,666 |
| | 423,834,918 1,591,983,112 | | 69,673,623 | |
| Maine | 1,591,983,112 | 280,910,332 | 100 004 100 | 848,155,671 643,748,970 |
| 5 Maryland | | 901,037,841 | 136,924,586 690,945,271 | 2,132,148,74 |
| [7 Michigan | 272,242,917 | 224,663,667 | 47,579,250 | 719,208,116 |
| 18 Minnesota | 84,135,332 | 62,079,587 | 22,055,745 | 228,909,590 |
| 19 Mississippi 20 Missouri | 177,278,890 556,129,969 | 118,278,460 418,527,535 | 59,000,4 80 137, 6 02,4 34 | 209, 197,840 1,284,922,897 |
| Nebraska | 54,584,616 | 38,365,999 | 16,218,617 | 69,277,48 |
| Nevada | 25,740,978 | 14,594,722. | 11,146,251 | 81,184,019 |
| New Hampshire | 149,065,2 90 624,868,971 | 85,231,288 448,832,127 | 63,834,002 176,036,844 | 252,624,111 940,976,064 |
| ZOLINEW I OFK | 1,967,001,185 | 1,532,720,907 | 434,280,278 | 6,500,841,264 |
| Morth Carolina | 130,378,622 | 83,322,012 | 47,056,610 | 260,757,244 |
| 27 Ohio | 1,167,731,697 31,798,510 | 707,846,836 | 459,884,861 | 2,235,430,80 |
| Oregon | 1,313,236,042 | 17,674,202 1,071,680,934 | 14,124,308 241,555,108 | 51,558,98 8,808,340,11 |
| Rhode Island | 244,278,854 | 132,876,581 | 111,402,278 | 296,965,640 |
| Si South Carolina | 183,913,337 | 119,494,675 | 64,418,662 | 208,146,980 |
| Rannessee | 253,782,161 149,732,929 | 223,035,37 5 97,186, 568 | 30,746,7 86 52,546,3 61 | 498,237,79 159,052,549 |
| 4 Vermont | 102,548,528 | 80,993,100 | 21,555,428 | 235,349,55 |
| 35 Virginia 36 West Virginia | 365,439,917 | 279,116,017 | 86,323,900 | 409,588,18 |
| Wisconsin | 140,538,278 833,209,838 | 95,924,77 4 252,322,10 7 | 44,613,499 80,887,731 | 190,651.49 702,307,32 |
| | 14,021,297,071 | 9,804,687,462 | 4,216,659,609 | 29,822,525,140 |
| 1 | 1 410 905 | | | |
| 1 Arizona | 1,410,295 17,338,101 | 538,3 55 8 ,840,8 11 | 871,940 8,497,290 | 3,440,791 20,243,80 |
| 9 Dekote | 2,924,489 | 1,695,728 | 1,228,766 | 5,599,75 |
| 4 District of Columbia. | 74,271,693 | 71,437,468 | 2,834,225 | 126,873,618 |
| 5 Idaho 6 Montana | 5,292,205 9,943,411 | 1,926,5 65 2,728,1 28 | 8,865,640 7,215,288 | 6,552,68 15,184,52 |
| 7 New Mexico | 17,784,014 | 9,917,991 | 7,866,028 | 81,349,79 |
| 8 Utah | 12,565,842 | 7,047,881 | 5,517,961 | 16,159,99 |
| 9 Washington | 10,642,863 5,516,748 | 5,146,776 863,665 | 5,496,087 4,653,088 | 13,562,164 7,016,748 |
| The Territories | 157,689,661 | 110,143,368 | 47,546,298 | 245,988,367 |
| 1 | 14,178,986,732 | 9,914,780,825 | 4,264,205,907 | 30,068,518,507 |

PUBLIC INDEBTEDNESS OF THE STATES IN 1870.

[From the Official Report of the Ninth Censu , 1870.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Total. | State. | County. | Town, City, etc. |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| The United States | \$ 868,676,758 | \$ 352,866,698 | \$ 187,565,540 | \$ 828,244,590 |
| Alabama | 13,277,154 | 8,477,018 | 1,704,178 | 8,094,968 |
| Arkansas | 4,151,152 | 8,459,557 | 536,649 | 154,946 |
| California | 18,089,082 | 8,429,027 | 13,807,741 | 842,844 |
| Connecticut | 17,088,906 526,125 | 7,275,000 | 7,008 139,875 | 9,806,903 386,250 |
| Florida | 2,185,838 | 1,278,697 | 443,041 | 454,100 |
| Georgia | 21,753,712 | 6,544,500 | 561,785 | 14,647,477 |
| Illinois | 42,191,869 | 4,890,937 | 12,817,922 | 24,488,010 |
| Indiana | 7,818,710 | 4,167,507 | 1,127,269 | 2,528,934 |
| Iowa Kansas | 8,043,13 3 6,442,2 82 | 534,498 1,592,306 | 3,732,9 29 3,736,9 01 | 8,774,706 1,112,075 |
| Kentucky | 18,953,484 | 3,892,480 | 7,173,644 | 7.897.860 |
| Louisiana | 53,087,441 | 25,021,734 | 1,326,635 | 26,739,072 |
| Maine | 16,624,624 | 8,067,900 | 274,153 | 8,982,571 |
| Maryland | 29,032,577 | 13,317,475 | 1,565,779 | 14,149,828 |
| Massachusetts Michigan | 69,211,5 38 6,725,2 31 | 28,270,881 2,385,028 | 680,1 23 1,275,479 | 40,988,534 8,064,724 |
| Minnesota | 2,788,797 | 350,000 | 472,694 | 1,966,103 |
| Mississippi | 2,594,415 | 1,796,280 | 655,585 | 141,600 |
| Missouri | 46,909,865 | 17,866,000 | 11,819,012 | 17,224,853 |
| NebraskaNevada | 2,089,264 | 244,300 | 1,769,564 | 70,600 |
| New Hampshire | 1,986,0 93 11,153,3 78 | 642,8 94 2,817,8 69 | 987,4 23 745,0 70 | 355,776 7,590,434 |
| New Jersey | 22,854,304 | 2,996,200 | 6,935,315 | 12,922,789 |
| New York | 159,808,234 | 32,409,144 | 50,679,784 | 76,719,306 |
| North Carolina | 32,474,086 | 29,900,045 | 1,732,778 | 841,218 |
| Ohio | 22,241,988 | 9,732,078 | 4,237,548 | 8,272,867 6,000 |
| Oregon | 218,4 86 89,027,1 31 | 106,5 83 31,111,6 62 | 105,9 08 49,173,8 40 | 8,741,619 |
| Rhode Island | 5,938,642 | 2,913,500 | 40,110,010 | 8,025,142 |
| South Carolina | 13,075,229 | 2,913,500 7,665,909 | 97,112 | 5,312,208 |
| Tennessee | 48,827,191 | 38,539,802 | 2,729,659 | 7,557,780 |
| Texas | 1,613,907 | 508,641 | 426,866 | 678,400 |
| VermontVirginia | 3,594,700 55,921,255 | 1,002,500 47,290,8 39 | 8,042 1,865,766 | 2,584,148 7,164,650 |
| West Virginia | 561,767 | (a) | 329,833 | 281,954 |
| Wisconsin | 5,903,5 32 | 2,252,057 | 1,077,828 | 2,574,247 |
| The States | 864,785,067 | 352,866,698 | 186,297,048 | 825,621,326 |
| Arizona | 10,500 | | 10,500 | |
| Colorado | 681,158 | | 708,829 | 2,329 |
| Dakota | 5,761 | | 5,671 | 90 |
| District of Columbia | 2,596,545 | | 010 800 | 2,596,545 |
| Idaho | 222,621 278,719 | | 218,522 276,219 | 4,699 2,500 |
| New Mexico | 7.560 | | 7,560 | 2,000 |
| Utah | | | | |
| Washington | 88,827 | | 71,196 | 17,630 |
| The Territories | 3,891,691 | | 1,268,497 | 2,628,194 |
| | | | | |
| The United States | 868,676,758 | 852,866,698 | 187,585,540 | 828,244,520 |

AMOUNT RAISED BY LOCAL TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1860 AND 1870.

| | | | 1870. | | | 1860. |
|------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | Popula- | Total Taxes. | State. | County. | Town and City. | Total Taxation |
| The U.S | 38,558,371 | \$ 280,591,524 | 68,051,298 | \$ 77,746,115 | \$ 134,794,108 | \$ 94,186,740 |
| Alabama | 996,992 | 2,982,932 | 1,456,024 | 1,122,971 | 403,937 | 851,17 |
| Arkansas | 484,471 | 2,866,890 | 950,894 | 1,738,760 | 177 236 | 635,39 |
| California | 560,247 | 7,817,115 | 2,540,383 | 5,068,041 | 208,691 | 2,981,129 |
| Connecticut | 537,454 | 6,064,843 | 1,875,024 | 20,113 | ,169,706 | 1,015,03 |
| Delaware | 125,015 | 418,092 | 83,666 | 189,994 | 144,432 | 205,89 |
| Florida | 187,748 | 496,166 | 248,768 | 168,389 | 79,009 | 159,12 |
| Georgia | 1,184,109 | 2,627,029 | 248,768 945,394 | 906,270 | 775,365 | 797,88 |
| Illinois | 2,539,891 | 21,825,008 | 3.620,681 | 5,242,137 | ,962,190 | 6,121,76 |
| Indiana | 1,680,637 | 10,791,121 | 2,943,078 | 4,654,466 | 3,193,577 | 3,701,35 |
| lowa | 1,191,792 | 9,055,614 | 832,918 | 3,052,931 | 5 169 765 | 2,378,40 |
| Kansas | 364,399 | 2,673,992 | 809,608 | 1,160,138 | 5,169,765 704,246 | 195,85 |
| Kentucky | 1,321,011 | 5,730,118 | 2,254,413 | 1,307,833 | 2,167,872 | 2,148,24 |
| Louisiana | | 7,060,722 | 2,671,693 | 4,109,999 | 270,020 | 4,960,78 |
| | 726,915 | | | | 279,030 3,683,141 | 2,257,21 |
| Maine | 626,915 | 5,348,645 | 1,350,305 | 315,199 | 9,000,141 | 0 150 00 |
| Maryland | 780,891 | 6,632,842 | 1,781,252 | 1,542,218 | 3,309,372 | 2,158,89 |
| Massachusetts . | 1,457,351 | 24,922,900 | 7,408,962 | 653,500 | 16,860,438 3,451,442 1,066,302 | 7,436,57 |
| Michigan | 1,184,059 | 5,412,957 | 396,352 | 1,565,163 | 3,451,442 | 1,766,69 |
| Minnesota | 439,706 | 2,648,372 | 511,126 | 1,070,944 | 1,066,302 | 666,00 |
| Mississippi | 827,922 | 3,736,432 | 1,309,655 | 2,299,699 | 127,078 | 954,80 |
| Missouri | 1,721,295 | 13,908,498 | 2,778,697 | 4,402,227 | 6,727,574 | 4,109,65 |
| Nebraska | 122,993 | 1,027,327 | 262,505 | 753,022 | 11,800 | 91,86 |
| Nevada | 42,491 | 820,308 | 298,411 | 498,062 | 23,835 | |
| New Hampshire | 318,300 | 3,255,793 | 955,126 | 318,666 | 1,982,001 | 1,261,86 |
| New Jersey | 906,096 | 7,416,724 | 373,046 | 2,397,348 | 4,646,33 | 1,457,50 |
| New York | 4,382,759 | 48,550,308 | 8,720,156 | 2,397,348 15,102,761 | 24,727,390 | 15,363,42 |
| North Carolina. | 1,071,361 | 2,352,809 | 1,200,854 | 923,604 | 228,351 | 1,044,73 |
| Ohio | 6,665,260 | 23,526,548 | 4,727,318 | 6,501,941 | 12,297,289 | 9,611,02 |
| Oregon | 90,923 | 580,956 | 177,653 | 362,753 | 40,550 | 199,05 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,521,791 | 24,531,397 | 5,800,172 | 4,263,898 | 14,467,327 | 8,729,73 |
| Rhode Island | 217,353 | 2,170,152 | 489,253 | -,, | 1,680,899 | 686,13 |
| South Carolina. | 705,606 | 2,767,675 | 1,321,837 | 575,005 | 870,833 | 1,280,38 |
| l'ennessee | 1,258,520 | 3,381,579 | 1,056,261 | 1,302,836 | 1,022,482 | 1,102,79 |
| Гехая | 818,579 | 1,129,577 | 589,363 | 312,335 | 227,879 | 533,26 |
| Vermont | 330,551 | 1,547,128 | 588,792 | 40,329 | 918,007 | 908,08 |
| Virginia | 1,225,163 | 4,613,798 | 2,847,635 | 842,069 | 924,094 | 3,672,68 |
| West Virginia | 442.014 | 1,722,158 | 734,722 | 555,885 | 431,551 | 0,014,00 |
| Wisconsin | 1,054,670 | 5,387,970 | 874,677 | 1,507,605 | 3,005,688 | 2,330,01 |
| The States | 38,115,641 | 277,802,495 | 67,786,674 | 76,849,111 | 133,166,710 | 93,774,42 |
| Arizona | 9,658 | 31,323 | 7,782 | 23,541 | | |
| Colorado | 39,864 | 362,197 | 63,425 | 267,201 | 31,571 | |
| Dakota | 14,181 | 13,867 | 1,269 | 12,598 | | |
| Dist. of Col | 131,700 | 1.581.569 | | 49,975 | 1,531,594 | 260,21 |
| daho | 14,999 | 174,711 | 40,594 | 132,171 | 1,946 | |
| Montana | 20,595 | 198,527 | 38,131 | 157,396 | 3,000 | |
| New Mexico | 91,874 | 61,014 | 34,115 | 26,101 | 798 | 29,79 |
| Utah | 86,786 | 167,355 | 39,402 | 80,419 | 47,534 | 65,00 |
| Washington | 23,955 | 163,992 | 83,743 | 119,294 | 10,955 | 57,31 |
| Wyoming | 9,118 | 34,471 | 6,163 | 28,308 | | |
| The Territories. | 442,730 | 2,789,026 | 264,624 | 897,004 | 1,627,398 | 412,32 |
| Total U.S | 38,558,371 | 280,591,521 | 68,051,298 | 77,746,115 | 134,794,108 | 94,186,746 |

MANUFACTURES IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1870.

[Compiled from the Tables of the Ninth Census.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | No. of Establish- ments. | No. of Hands Employed | Capital Invested. Dollars. | Wages Paid. Dollars. | Value of Products. Dollars. |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| The United States. | 252,148 | 2,053,996 | 2,118,208,769 | 775,584,343 | 4,232,825,445 |
| 1 Alabama | 2,188 | 8,248 | 5,714,082 | 2,227,968 | 13,040,644 |
| 2 Arizona | 18 | 84 | 150,700 | 45,580 | 185,410 |
| 3 Arkansas | 1,079 | 3,206 | 1,782,913 | 673,963 | 4,629,234 |
| 4 California | 8,984 | 25,392 | 39,728,202 | 13,136,722 | 66,594,550 |
| 5 Colorado | 256 | 876 | 2,885,605 | 528, 221 | 2,852,820 |
| 6 Connecticut | 5,128 | 89,523 | 95,281,278 | 38,987,187 | 161,065,47 |
| 7 Dakota | 17 800 | 91 9.710 | 79,200 10,889,093 | 21,106 3,692,195 | 178,570 16,791,88 |
| 8 Delaware 9 District of Columbia. | 952 | 4,685 | 5,021,925 | 2,007,600 | 9,292,17 |
| 10 Florida | 659 | 2,749 | 1,679,930 | 989,592 | 4,685,40 |
| 11 Georgia | 8,836 | 17,871 | 13,930,125 | 4,844,508 | 81,196,11 |
| 12 Idaho | 101 | 265 | 742,300 | 112,372 | 1,047,62 |
| 13 Illinois | 12,597 | 82,979 | 94,368,057 | 31,100,944 | 205,620,67 |
| 14 Indiana | 11,847 | 58,852 | 52,052,425 | 18,366,780 | 108,617,27 |
| 15 Iowa | 6,566 | 25,032 | 22,420,183 | 6,893,292 | 46,534,82 |
| 16 Kansas | 1,477 | 6,844 | 4,319,060 | 2,377,511 | 11,775,88 |
| 17 Kentucky | 5,390 | 30,63 6 | 29,277,809 | 9,444,524 | 54,625,80 |
| 18 Louisiana | 2,557 | 80,071 | 18,313,974 | 4,593,470 | 24,161,90 |
| 19 Maine | 5,550 | 49,180 | 89,796,190 | 14,282,205 | 79,497,52 |
| 20 Maryland | 5,812 | 44,860 | 86,438.729 | 12,682,817 | 76,598,61 |
| 21 Massachusetts | 18,212 | 279,380 | 231,677,862 | 118,051,886 | 558,912,56 |
| 22 Michigan | 9,455 | 63,694 | 71,712.283 | 21,205,355 | 118,894,67 |
| 28 Minnesota | 2,270 | 11,290 | 11,998,729 | 4,052,887 | 28,110,70 |
| 24 Mississippi | 1,731 | 5,941 | 4,501,714 80,257,244 | 1,547,428 31,055,445 | 8,154,75 206,218,42 |
| 25 Missouri | 11,871 201 | 65,354 701 | 1,794,300 | 370,8 43 | 2,494,51 |
| 27 Nebraska | 670 | 2,665 | 2,169,963 | 1,429,913 | 5,788,51 |
| 28 Nevada | 330 | 2,859 | 5,127,790 | 2,498,473 | 15,870,53 |
| 29 New Hampshire | 8,342 | 40,783 | 36,023,743 | 13,823,091 | 71,088,24 |
| 30 New Jersey | 6,636 | 75,552 | 79,606,719 | 32,648,409 | 169,287,78 |
| 81 New Mexico | 182 | 427 | 1,450,695 | 167,281 | 1,489,86 |
| 82 New York | 36,206 | 851.800 | 366,994,320 | 142,466,758 | 785,194,65 |
| 83 North Carolina | 8,642 | 13,622 | 8,140,473 | 2,195,711 | 19,021,82 |
| 84 Ohio | 22,773 | 137,202 | 141,923,964 | 49,066,488 | 269,718,610 |
| 85 Oregon | 969 | 2,884 | 4,376,849 | 1,120,178 | 6,877,88 |
| 36 Pennsylvania | 87,200 | 319,487 | 406,821,845 | 127,976,594 | 711,894,84 |
| 37 Rhode Island | 1,850 | 49,417 | 66,557,322 | 19,354,256 | 111,418,85 |
| 38 South Carolina 39 Tennessee | 1,584 5,817 | 8,141 19,412 | 5,400,418 15,595,295 | 1,543,715 5,390,6 30 | 9,858,98 34,362,63 |
| | 2,399 | 7,927 | 5,284,110 | 1,787,835 | 11,517,80 |
| 40 Texas | 533 | 1,534 | 1,391,898 | 395,365 | 2,843,019 |
| 42 Vermont | 3,270 | 18,686 | 20,329,637 | 6,264,581 | 82,184,60 |
| 43 Virginia | 5,983 | 26,974 | 18,455,400 | 5,343,099 | 38,364,32 |
| 44 Washington | 269 | 1,026 | 1,893,674 | 574,986 | 2,851,05 |
| 45 West Virginia | 2,444 | 11,672 | 11,084,520 | 4,322,164 | 24,102,20 |
| 46 Wisconsin | 7,013 | 43,910 | 41,981,872 | 13,575,642 | 77,214,82 |
| 17 Wyoming | 32 | 502 | 889,400 | 347,578 | 765,424 |
| Total—United States | 252,148 | 2,053,996 | 2,118,208,769 | 775,584,843 | 4,232,325,445 |

See remarks of the Superintendent of the Census on these statistics, p.29.

STATISTICS OF CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

I.-BY STATES.

[From the Returns of the U. S. Census, 1870.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Aggregate Popula- tion. | Church Organizations. | Church Edifices. | Church Sittings. | Church Property. |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| The United States. | 38,559,371 | 73,459 | 63,082 | 21,665,062 | \$354,4£8,5 |
| Alabama | 996,992 | 2,095 | 1,958 | 510,810 | \$2,414,51 |
| Arizona | 9,658 | 4 | -,4 | 2,400 | 24,00 |
| Arkansas | 484,471 | 1,371 | 1,141 | 264,225 | 854,9 |
| California | 560,247 | 643 | 532 | 195,558 | 7,404 2 |
| Col orado | 89,864 | 55 | 47 | 17,495 | 207,2 |
| Connecticut | 537,454 | 826 | 902 | 338,735 | 18,428,10 |
| Dakota | 14,181 | 17 | 10 | 2,800 | 16,30 |
| Delaware | 125,015 | 267 | 252 | 87,899 | 1,823,9 |
| District of Columbia | 131,700 | 111 | 112 | 63,655 | 3,393,10 |
| Florida | 187,748 | 420 | 890 | 78,920 | 426,5 |
| Georgia | 1,184,109 | 2,873 | 2,698 | 801,148 | 3,561,9 |
| Idaho | 14,999 | 15 | 12 | 2,150 | 18,2 |
| Illinois | 2,539,891 | 4,298 | 3,459 | 1,201,403 | 22,664,2 |
| Indiana | 1,680,637 | 3,698 | 8,106 | 1,008,380 | 11,942,2 |
| Iowa | 1,194,020 | 2,763 | 1,446 | 431,709 | 5,730,3 |
| Kansas | 364,399 | 530 | 801 | 102,135 | 1,722,7 |
| Kentucky | 1,321,011 | 2,969 | 2,696 | 878,039 | 9,824,4 |
| Louisiana | 726,915 | 638 | 599 | 213,955 | 4,048,5 |
| Maine | 626,915 | 1,328 | 1,104 | 376,788 | 5,200,8 |
| Maryland | 780,894 | 1,420 | 1,389 | 499,770 | 12,088,6 |
| Massachusetts | 1,457,351 | 1,848 | 1,764 | 882,317 | 24,488,2 |
| Michigan | 1,184,059 | 2,239 | 1,415 | 456,226 | 9,133,8 |
| Minnesota | 459,706 | 877 | 582 | 158,266 | 2,401,7 |
| Mississippi | 827,922 | 1,829 | 1,800 | 485,398 | 2,360,8 |
| Missouri | 1,721,295 | 3,229 | 2,082 | 691,520 | 9,709,8 |
| Montana | 20,595 | 15 | 11 | 8,850 | 99,3 |
| Nebraska | 122,993 | 181 | 108 19 | 32,210 | 386,0 |
| Nevada | 42,491 | 32 633 | 624 | 8,000 | 212,0 |
| New Hampshire New Jersey | 318,300 906,093 | | 1,384 | 210,090 573,303 | 3,803,7 |
| New Mexico | | 1,402 158 | 152 | | 18,847.1 822,6 |
| New York | 91,874 4,382,759 | 5,627 | 5,474 | 81,560 2,282,876 | 66,078,7 |
| North Carolina | 1,071,361 | 2,683 | 2,497 | 718.310 | 2,487.8 |
| Ohio | 2,665,260 | 6,488 | 6,284 | 2,085,586 | 25,554,7 |
| Oregon | 90,923 | 220 | 135 • | | 471.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 8,521,951 | 5,984 | 5,668 | 2,332,288 | 52,758,8 |
| Rhode Island | 217,853 | 295 | 283 | 125,183 | 4,117,2 |
| South Carolina | 705,606 | 1.457 | 1.308 | 491,425 | 3,276,9 |
| Tennessee | 1,258,520 | 3,180 | 2,842 | 878,524 | 4,697,6 |
| Техав | 818,579 | 843 | 647 | 199,100 | 1,035,4 |
| Utah | 86,786 | 165 | 164 | 86,110 | 674,6 |
| Vermont | 830,551 | 699 | 744 | 270,614 | 8,718,5 |
| Virginia | 1,225,163 | 2,582 | 2,405 | 765,127 | 5,277,8 |
| Washington | 23,955 | 47 | 36 | 6,000 | 62,4 |
| West Virginia | 442,014 | 1,529 | 1,018 | 297,315 | 1,835,7 |
| Wisconsin | 1,054,670 | 1,864 | 1,466 | 428,015 | 4,890.7 |
| Wyoming | 9,118 | 12 | 12 | 3,500 | 46,0 |

STATISTICS OF CHURCHES IN THE UNITED STATES.

II.-BY DENOMINATIONS.

[From the Returns of the U. S. Census, 1870.]

| | DENOMINATIONS | Church Organi- zations. | Church Edifices. | Church Sittings. | Church Property. |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | Total-All Denominations | 72,450 | 63,082 | 21,665,062 | \$354,483,581 |
| 1 | Baptist (regular) | 14,474 | 12.857 | 8,997,116 | \$39,229,221 |
| 2 | Baptist (other) | 1,355 | 1,105 | 368,019 | 2,378,977 |
| 81 | Christian | 8,578 | 2.822 | 865,602 | -6,425,137 |
| 4 | Congregational | 2,887 | 2,715 | 1,117,212 | 25,069,698 |
| 5 | Episcopal (Protestant) | 2.835 | 2,601 | 991,051 | 36,514,549 |
| 6 | Evangelical Association | 815 | 641 | 193,796 | 2,301,650 |
| 7 | F riends | 692 | 662 | 224,664 | 3,939,560 |
| 8 | Jewish, | 189 | 152 | 73,265 | 5,155,234 |
| 9 | Lutheran | 3,032 | 2,776 | 977,332 | 14,917,747 |
| 10 | Methodist | 25,278 | 21,837 | 6,528,209 | 69,854,121 |
| 11 | Miscellaneous | 27 | 17 | 6,935 | 135,650 |
| 12 | Moravian (Unitas Fratrum) | 72 | 67 | 25,700 | 709,100 |
| 18 | Mormon New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian). | 189 | 171 | 87,838 | 656,750 |
| 14 | New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian). | 90 | 61 | 18,755 | 869,700 |
| 15 | Presbyterian (regular) | 6,262 | 5,683 | 2,198,900 | 47,828,732 |
| 16 | Presbytcrian (other) | 1,562 | 1,388 | 499,844 | 5,436,521 |
| | Dutch Reformed) | 471 | 469 | 227,228 | 10,859,255 |
| 18 | Reformed Church in the U. S. | | | 404 500 | |
| | (late German Reformed) | 1,256 | 1,145 | 481,700 | 5,775,215 |
| | Roman Catholic | 4,127 | 8,806 | 1,990,514 | 60,985,566 |
| 20 | Second Advent | 225 | 140 | 84,555 | 806,240 |
| 21 | Shaker | 18 | 18 | 8,850 | 86,900 |
| 60 | Spiritualist | 95 831 | 22 | 6,970 | 190,150 |
| 20 | Unitarian | 1.445 | 810 937 | 155,471 | 6,282,675 |
| 29± | United Breinren in Unrist | | 602 | 265,025 | 1,819,810 |
| 20 | Universalist | 719 26 | 27 | 210,884 11,925 | 5,692,325 687,800 |
| 27 | Unknown (Local Missions) Unknown (Union) | 409 | 552 | 153,202 | 965,295 |
| × 1 | OHEHOWII (OHIOII) | 409 | 99% | 100,203 | 900,290 |

NOTE.—"Baptist (other)," consists of Free-will, German (also called Dunkers or Tunkers—styling themselves "Brethren"), Mennonite, Seventh-day, Six-Principle, and Winebrenearian. "Presbyterian (other)," consists of Cumberland, Reformed (Synod of the United States), Reformed (General Synod of the United States), Associated Reformed, and United.

Extract from the Report of the Superintendent of the Ninth Census, regarding the accuracy of the Statistics of Churches therein embodied:

"The principal inquiry, under the head of religion, in the schedule of the census law, viz.: 'Number of churches,' is, unfortunately, ambiguous. As the censuses of 1850 and 1860 were taken, it is impossible to feel any assurance, in any particular case, whether church organizations or church edifices are returned in answer to the inquiry, 'Number of Churches,' In preparation for the Ninth Census (1870), this inquiry was divided into 'Number of church organizations. Number of church edifices.'"

| DAYB | |
|--|-------------------|
| FIVE | |
| FROM | |
| PERIODS | |
| FOR | |
| ANCE | HB. |
| INSUR | TO ELEVEN MONTHS. |
| FIRE | EVEN |
| OF | 片 |
| RATES | Đ. |
| SHORT | |
| THE | |
| TABLE SHOWING THE SHORT RATES OF FIRE INSUBANCE FOR PERIODS FROM FIVE DAYS | |
| TABLE | |
| | |

| | | Ā | REM | PREMIUMS | r sy | PER | 200 | | FOR | PER | TOE | 8 | PERIODS SHORT | | O.F | ONE | | YEAR. | o. | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|--------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------|------|------|--------|--------|-------|--------|----------|--------|------|------|--------|-------|---------|--|
| | 2 | cts. c | cts. c | cts. c | cts. | cts. | 0 | . ° | | | .c. | ee C. | 60 | | | ن ن | 5 | & c. | |
| ANNUAL PREMIUM. | _ | 108 | 35 | 4 | 13 | 20 | 55 | 09 | 9 | 2.0 | 120 | 8 | 82 | 90 | 8 | 1 10 1 | 25 | 1 50 | 1 75 | CS. | 00 2 2 | 25 2 | 50 3 | 120 | 00 4 | 8 | |
| 5 Days | - | CS | 6 | 8 | -co | 60 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 | 10 | 20 | .6 | 9 | 4 | œ | 6 | 10 | 12 | | 14 1 | 15 | 17 | 130 | 08 | 22 | |
| 10 Days | <u> </u> : | 00 | 60 | 4 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 9 | -3 | 1- | 00 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 111 | 12 | 15 | 18 | | 20 2 | 1 63 | 135 | 27 | 30 | 40 | |
| 15 Days | : | 4 | 4 | 123 | 9 | 9 | 00 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 133 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 50 | 25 | 588 | | 30 | 1 88 | 36 | 40 | 53 | |
| 20 Days | 1: | 120 | 120 | 9 | 2- | 00 | 6 | 10 | 11 | = | 15 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 50 | 25 | 30 | 833 | i | 88 | 43 | 45 | 20 | 99 | |
| 1 Month | <u> </u> : | 9 | ţ- | 00 | 6 | 10 | H | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 50 | 22 | 25 | 30 | 35 | | 40 4 | 45 | 20 | 55 | 09 | 80 | |
| 2 Months | 1: | 0 | 10 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 125 | 55 | 24 | 25 | 22 | 30 | 88 | 88 | 45 | 55 | 09 | | 2.9 | 120 | 85 | 90 | 20 | |
| 3 Months | 1: | 125 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 22 | 98 | 88 | 30 | 35 | 34 | 36 | 40 | 4 | 20 | 09 | 0.2 | | 6 08 | 90 1 | 00 1 | 101 | 201 | 40 | |
| 4 Months | 1: | 15 | 17 | 08 | 25 | 135 | 22 | 80 | 35 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 3 | 45 | 20 | 55 | 63 | 7.5 | 88 | 1- | 00 1 1 | 191 | 25 1 | 37 1 | 20 50 | 00 | |
| 5 Months | 1: | 18 | 21 | 24 | 22 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 3 | 45 | 48 | 51 | 25 | 09 | 99 | 7.5 | 90 | 1 05 | - | 20 1 2 | 351 | 50 1 | 651 | 80 | 40 | |
| 6 Months | 1: | 21 | 24 | 88 | 32 | 35 | 88 | 42 | 46 | 49 | 52 | 55 | 29 | 63 | 20 | 22 | 88 | 1 05 | 1 22 | - | 40 1 5 | 57.1 | 122 | 92.2 | 10 | 2 80 | |
| 7 Months | : | 183 | 27 | 32 | 36 | 33 | 43 | 47 | 51 | 120 | 28 | 62 | 99 | 0.2 | 182 | 85 | 88 | 1 17 | 1 37 | - | 58 1 7 | 76 1 | 86 2 | 15 2 | 34 | 3 00 | |
| 8 Months | 1: | 25 | 53 | 34 | 88 | 42 | 46 | 20 | 55 | 29 | 63 | 67 | 17 | 7.5 | 84 | 93 | 1 05 | 1 26 | 1 47 | 1- | 68 1 8 | 89 | 10 2 | 81 2 | 52 | 3 20 | |
| 9 Months | 1: | 56 | 31 | 35 | 40 | 4 | 48 | 53 | 57 | 159 | 99 | 202 | 22 | 62 | 88 | 97 | 1 10 1 | 1 32 | - | 54 1 7 | 75 1 8 | 88 | 202 | 42 | 64 | 3 40 | |
| 10 Months | : | 22 | 32 | 37 | 42 | 46 | 20 | 55 | 09 | 64 | 69 | 55 | 28 | 83 | 92 | 1 01 | 1 15 | 1 38 | 1 61 | 1 - | 84 2 | 07.2 | 30 3 | 23 | 92 | 3 60 | |
| 11 Months | 1 | 53 | 88 | 39 | 43 | 8 | 23 | 22 | 63 | 19 | 72 | 111 | 20 | 98 | 96 1 | 1 05 1 | 1 20 1 | 4 | 44 1 6 | 68 1 9 | 65 | 16.2 | 40 2 | 64 2 | 88 | 88 3 90 | |

Nors.—Where policies are cancelled at the request of the assured, the above short-rate table is the basis of calculation. Where cancelled by the Company, the pro-ratar-ste is charged.

IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES, 1820-1878.

PRIOR to the year 1820, no statistics of immigration were officially kept. By the act of Congress of March 2d, 1819, Collectors of Customs were required to keep a record and make a quarterly return to the Treasury of all passengers arriving in their respective districts from foreign ports; and these reports, published from time to time by the officers of the Treasury Department, constitute the sources of information as to the growth and progress of immigration. The total number of foreign-born passengers arriving at the ports of the United States, in the several years from 1820 to 1870 inclusive, is given below.

| Year. | Total | Year. | Total |
|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 car. | Immigration. | | Immigration |
| 18 20 | | 1850 | 869,98 0 |
| l821 | | 1851 | 379,466 |
| | | 1852 | 871,608 |
| 823 | | 1853 | 368,645 |
| 824 | | 1854 | 427,883 |
| 823 | . 10,199 | 1855 | 200,887 |
| 826 | . 10,837 | 1856 | 200,486 |
| 827 | . 18,875 | 1857 | 251,306 |
| 828 | | 1858 | 123,126 |
| 829 | . 23,520 | 1859 | 121,282 |
| 830 | . 23,322 | 1860 | 153,640 |
| 881 | . 22,633 | 1861 | 91,920 |
| 832 | . 60,482 | 1862 | 91,987 |
| 888 | . 58,640 | 1863 | 176,282 |
| 8 34 | . 65,365 | 1864 | 193,416 |
| 835 | 45,874 | 1865 | 249,061 |
| 8 86 | . 76,242 | 1866 | 318,494 |
| 887 | . 79,340 | 1867 | 298,358 |
| 8 3 8 | . 88,914 | 1868 | 297,215 |
| 889 | | 1869 | 395,922 |
| 840 | . 84,066 | 1870 | 878,796 |
| 841 | . 80,289 | 1871 | 367,789 |
| 842 | . 104,565 | 1972 | 449,483 |
| 843 | | 1873 | 437,004 |
| 844 | | 1874 | 277,593 |
| 845 | . 114,871 | 1875 | 209,036 |
| 846 | . 154,416 | 1876 | 182,027 |
| 847 | . 234,968 | 1877 | 149,020 |
| 848 | | 1878 (6 months, Jan. to June) | 88,241 |
| 849 | | , | |
| | | Total | 9.754.068 |

Note.—The above figures, from 1850 to 1877, are for calendar years—January 1st to December 31st. Other statements of immigration vary, being for fiscal years ending June 30th. Another source of variation is that some tables give the total number of aliens arriving in the United States; others what is called the net immigration only. As the latter is not ascertainable for all the years, the figures above given represent the total immigration of aliens in each year.

Chinese Immigration into the United States for each Calendar Year from 1855 to 1876, inclusive.

| Year. 1835. 1856. 1857. 1858. 1859. 1859. 1860. 1861. 1862. 1863. | 8,526 4,788 5,944 5,128 3,457 5,467 7,518 3,633 | 1869. 1870. | 11,943 6,039 | Year. 1878. 1874. 1875. 1876. 1876. 1877. 1878 (Jan. to June). Total. | 16,651 19,088 16,879 |
|---|--|----------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------|
|---|--|----------------|-----------------|---|----------------------------|

NOTE.—The statement is made that nearly one half of all the Chinese who have arrived in the United States have returned to their native country.

Population of all Cities and Towns in the United States having a Population of over 10,000 in 1870, with Population by State or Local Census of Later Date.

| | g | Popul | ation. | G | g | Popul | ation. |
|----------------|--------|------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------|------------------|-------------|
| CITIES. | STATES | 1870. | 1875. | CITIES. | STATES | 1870. | 1875 |
| \dams | Mass | 12,090 | 15,760 | Evansville | Ind | 21,830 | |
| kron | 0 | 10,006 | | Fall River | Mass | 26,766 | 45,84 |
| Albany | N. Y | 76,216 | 86,013 | Fitchburg | Mass | 11,260 | 12,2 |
| lexandria | Va | 18,570 | 00,010 | Fond du Lac | Wis | 12,764 | 15,80 |
| Allegheny | Penn | 58,180 | | Fort Wayne | Ind | 17,718 | ,- |
| Allentown | Penn | 13,884 | | Galesburg | III | 10,158 | |
| litoona | Ponn | 10,610 | | Galveston | Tex | 13,818 | · · · · · · |
| tlanta | Genu | 21,789 | | Georgetown | D. C | 11,384 | |
| Luanua | N V | 21,709 | 10 950 | Gloucester | Mass | 15,389 | 16.7 |
| uburn | | 17,225 | 18,359 | | | | 25.9 |
| ugusta | | 15,389 | | *Grand Rapids | | 16,507 | |
| | III | 11,162 | | Greenburgh | N. Y | 10,790 | 10,9 |
| Baltimore | | 267,354 | | Hamilton | 0 | 11,081 | |
| Bangor | Me | 18,289 | | Hannibal | Мо | 10,125 | |
| | Mich | 7,064 | 13,690 | Harrisburg | Penn | 23,104 | |
| Biddeford | Me | 10,282 | | Hartford | Conn | 37,180 | |
| inghamton | N. Y | 12,692 | 15,550 | Haverhill | Mass. | 13,092 | 14,6 |
| loomington | III | 14,590 | | Hoboken | N. J | 20,297 | 24.7 |
| Boston | Mass | 250,526 | 841,919 | Holyoke | Mass | 10,733 | 16,2 |
| | Conn | 18,969 | | Indianapolis | Ind | 48,244 | |
| rookliaven | | 10,159 | 11,451 | *Jackson | Mich | 11,447 | 13.8 |
| rooklyn | | 396,099 | 484,616 | Janesville | Wis | 8,789 | 10,1 |
| uffalo | NV | 117,714 | 184,578 | Jersey City | N. J | 82,546 | 109.2 |
| | Ĩowa | 14,980 | 19,987 | †Kansas City | Mo | 82,260 | 32.7 |
| urlington | Vt | 14,887 | 10,001 | | Iowa | 12,766 | 11.8 |
| ambridge | Mass | 89,634 | 47,838 | Keokuk Kingston City. | | newl | 20.4 |
| | N. J | | | | | 7,785 | 11,1 |
| amden | | 20,045 | 83,852 | La Crosse | Wis | | |
| harleston | S. C | 48,956 | 56,540 | Lufayette | Ind | 18,506 | |
| harlestown | | 28,823 | [Bost'n] | Lancaster | Penn | 20,233 | |
| | Mass | 18,547 | 20,737 | Lawrence | Mass | 28,921 | 84,9 |
| hicago | m | 298,977 | *** | Leavenworth. | Kan | 17,878 | |
| | Mass | 9,607 | 10,335 | Lewiston | Me | 18,600 | |
| incinnati | Q | 216,239 | | Lexington | | 14,801 | |
| leveland | 0 | 92,829 | | Little Rock | Ark | 12,380 | |
| ohoes | N. Y | 15,357 | 17,516 | Lockport | N. Y | 12,426 | 12,6 |
| olumbus | 0 | 81,274 | | Logansport | Ind | 12,191 | |
| oncord | N. H | 12,241 | <i>.</i> | Long Isl'd City | N. Y | [new] | 15,6 |
| ouncil Bluffs. | Iowa | 10.020 | 9,287 | Louisville | Ку | 100,753 | l |
| ovington | Kv | 24,505 | | Lowell | Mass | 40,928 | 49.6 |
| avenport | | 20,038 | 21,234 | Lynn | Mass | 28,233 | 82,6 |
| ayton | | 80,473 | , | Macon | Ga | 10,810 | |
| es Moines | | 12,085 | 14,443 | Madison | Ind | 10,709 | l |
| Detroit | | 79,577 | 101,255 | Malden | Mass | 10,100 | 10,8 |
| mbuque | | 18,484 | 23,605 | Manchester | N. H | 23,536 | 10,0 |
| aston | | 10,987 | رس, دس | | | 40,226 | •••• |
| | | 11,850 | 17,804 | Memphis | Tenn | | • • • • • |
| East Saginaw | | | | | Coun | 10,495 | 100 * |
| lizabeth | | 20,832 | 25,923 | Milwaukee | Wis | 71,440 | 100,7 |
| lmira | | 15,863 19,646 | 20,538 | Minneapolis Mobile | Minn | 13,066 32,034 | 82,7 |
| rie | | | | | | | |

^{*} Census of 1874.

[†] Census of 1876.

POPULATION OF CITIES AND TOWNS IN THE U. S.—(Continued).

| CITIES. | STATES | Popu | lation. | Commen | 0 | Popu | lation. |
|---------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-----------|
| CITIES. | STATES | 1870. | 1875. | CITIES. | STATES | 1870. | 1875. |
| Montgomery | Ala | 10,588 | | Rockford | m | 11,049 | |
| Morrisania | N. Y | 19,609 | | Rome | N.Y. | 11,000 | 11,995 |
| Nashville | Tenn | 25,865 | 1 | Rondout | N. Y | 10,114 | Kingst' |
| Vashua | N. H | 10.543 | | Sacramento | Cal | 16,283 | ' wmgst i |
| New Albany | Ind | 15,396 | | tSt. Joseph | Mo | 19,565 | 23.09 |
| Newark | N. J | 105,059 | 123,810 | tSt. Louis | Мо | 310,864 | 498,18 |
| New Bedford | Mass | 21,320 | 25,805 | St. Paul | | 20,030 | 83,17 |
| N. Brunswick. | N. J | 15.058 | 16,660 | Salem | Mass | 24,117 | 25,95 |
| Newburgh | N. Y | 17.014 | 17,827 | Salt Lake City. | Iltoh T | 12,854 | |
| Newburyport | Mass | 12,595 | 13,323 | San Antonio | | 12,256 | ····· |
| New Haven | Conn | 50,840 | 10,000 | Sandusky | | 13,000 | |
| New Orleans | La | 191,418 | | San Francisco. | | 149,473 | |
| Newport | Ку | 15.087 | | Saratoga Spr's. | | 8,537 | |
| Newport | R. I | 12,521 | 14,028 | Savannah | Ga | 28,235 | 10,77 |
| Newton | Mass | 12,825 | 16,105 | Schenectady | | | |
| New York | N.Y | | | | | 11,026 | 12,74 |
| Norfolk | Va | 942,292 19,229 | 1,046,037 | Scranton | Penn | 35,092 | |
| | Va | | | | | 14,685 | : 1,86 |
| Vorristown | Penn | 10,753 | | Springfield | | 17,364 | |
| Northampton | | 10,160 | 11,108 | Springfield | | 26,703 | 81,05 |
| Norwich | Conn | 16,658 | • • • • • • | Springfield | | 12,652 | |
| Vorwalk | | 12,119 | | Stockton | | 10,06 6 | |
| Oakland | | 10,500 | | Syracuse | N. Y | 43,051 | 48,31 |
| Ogdensburg | N. Y | 10,076 | 13,204 | Taunton | | 18,629 | 20,44 |
| Omaha | Neb | 16,083 | | Terre Haute | | 16,10 3 | |
| Oshkosh | Wis | 12,663 | 17,015 | Toledo | 0 | 31,584 | [|
|)swego | N. Y | 20,910 | 22,455 | Trenton | N. J | 22,874 | 25,03 |
| Paterson | N. J | 33,579 | 38,814 | Troy | N. Y | 46,465 | 48,82 |
| awtucket | | 6,619 | 16,620 | Utica | N. Y | 28,804 | 32,07 |
| Peoria | III | 22,849 | | Vicksburg | Miss | 12,443 | |
| Petersburg | Va | 18,950 | | Washington: | D. C | 109,199 | 131,94 |
| Philadelphia. | Penn | 674,022 | 817,448 | Waterbury | Conn | 10,826 | |
| Pittsburg | Penn | 86,076 | | Watertown | N. Y | 9,336 | 10,04 |
| Pittsfield | Mass | 11,112 | 12,267 | West Troy | N. Y | 10,693 | |
| Portland | Me | 81,413 | | Wheeling | | 19,280 | |
| Portsmouth | 0 | 10,592 | | Wilkesbarre | Penn | 10,174 | |
| Portsmouth | | 10,492 | | Williamsport | | 16,030 | |
| Pottsville | Penn | 12.384 | | Wilmington | Del | 30,841 | |
| Poughkeepsie. | N. Y | 20,080 | 19,859 | Wilmington | | 13,446 | |
| Providence | R. I | 68,904 | 100,675 | | Minn | 7,192 | 10,73 |
| Quincy | | 24,052 | | Woonsocket | | 11,527 | 13,16 |
| Racine | | 9,880 | 13,274 | Worcester | | 41,105 | 49.31 |
| Reading | | 33,930 | 10,~.1 | Yonkers | | 12,733 | 17,26 |
| Richmond | | 51,038 | | York. | | 11,003 | 11,20 |
| Rochester | | 62,386 | 81,673 | Zancsville | Ô. | 10,011 | |
| | | 04,000 | 01,010 | ,260001110 | 0 | 10,011 | |

^{*} Annexed to New York City in 1873. † Census of 1876. ‡ Census of 1878.

Classification of the Landholders of Great Britain.

| | | | | Owners. No. | Extent of Lands. Acres. | Gross Estimated Rental. |
|---------|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | of less than | | | 816,294 | 179,348 | £34,927,725 |
| ** | between | 1 and | 10 acres | 131,454 | 508,006 | 7,871,430 |
| ** | ** | 10 " | 50 " | 76,109 | 1,827,698 | 7,352,761 |
| ** | ** | 50 " | 100 | 27,052 | 1,878,088 | 4,682,347 |
| ** | ** | 100 " | 500 " | 84,684 | 7,383,718 | 15,855,533 |
| 4. | | 500 '' | 1,000 " | 5,625 | 8,900,419 | 7,691,075 |
| ** | | 1,000 " | 2.000 " | 3,310 | 4.634.549 | 9,094,127 |
| ** | ** | 2,000 " | 5,000 | 2,402 | 7,372,568 | 11,525,818 |
| ** | ** | 5.000 ** | 10,000 " | 831 | 5,701,593 | 6,566,129 |
| ** | 44 | 10.000 ** | 20,000 " | 882 | 5,248,785 | 5,302,189 |
| ** | ** | 20,000 ** | 50,000 ** | 169 | 4,988,804 | 8,277,217 |
| ** | . " | 50,000 " | 100,000 " | 47 | 3,220,554 | 777,534 |
| ** | 100,000 a | cres and up | wards | 47 25 6,945 | 5,113,500 | 785,022 |
| No Area | | | | 6,945 | | 2,842,192 |
| | als stated. | •••• | | 124 | 2,570 | |
| | | Totals. | | 1,164,967 | 51,960,208 | £113,051,105 |

DISCOVERY OF THE SATELLITES OF MARS.

From the Popular Science Monthly, Cornhill Magazine, etc.

The recent and wholly unexpected discovery of two Martial satellites has awakened a new and lively interest in all that relates to our neighboring planet. Its telescopic aspect and the probable nature of its physical constitution are especially worthy of renewed consideration.

The mean distance of Mars from the sun is 139,877,000 miles. Its orbit deviates more from the circular form than that of any other principal planet, with the exception of Mercury, its eccentricity being 0.09326. The difference, therefore, between its greatest and least distance amounts to about 27,000,000 miles. But the eccentricity, though great, is nevertheless increasing; and, when it shall have attained its superior limit, the aphelion distance will be 196,000,000 miles. This is greater than the perihelion distance of many asteroids. Mars, therefore, occasionally invades the cluster of minor planets.

The diameter of Mars is about 4700 miles, and it revolves on its own axis in 24 hours, 37 m., 23 s. Its surface is rather more than one third that of the earth, while its volume is to that of our planet in the ratio of two to nine. Its greatest distance from the earth is 245,249,000 miles; its least distance, 62,389,000 miles.

We come now to the history of one of the most interesting discoveries of the nineteenth century. With the single exception of our own moon, Mars is the most favorably situated of all the heavenly bodies for telescopic observation. The most careful scrutiny, however, for more than two centuries, had failed to furnish any indication of the existence of a satellite. The opposition of Mars in August, 1877. occurred when the planet was very near its perihelion. The body was, therefore, in the best possible position for close examination. At the approach of this favorable epoch the new twenty-six-inch refractor of the Naval Observatory at Washington. under the skilful direction of Prof. Asaph Hall, was turned upon the planet. On the night of August 11th, 1877, a small star was observed near the disc of Mars, but its true character was not then suspected, or at least not determined. On Thursday night, the 16th, at 11 h., 42 m., Prof. Hall again noticed a star of the thirteenth or fourteenth magnitude, very close to Mars, and measured its apparent distance from the planet. On the same night about two o'clock he again examined the planet, and to his great surprise found that the small star had moved in company with Mars. He had therefore discovered a Martial satellite. On Friday morning, the observations were submitted to Prof. Simon Newcomb, who, from the data furnished by a watch of five hours, calculated the time of revolution, which he fixed as a first approximation at 31 or 32 hours. This showed that the satellite must pass behind Mars, some time during the following night. It was accordingly invisible when first looked for in the evening, but, as predicted by Newcomb, it reappeared about one o'clock.

About four o'clock on the morning of August 18th, Prof. Hall discovered a second satellite, interior to the orbit of the first, and of about the same apparent magnitude. The astronomers of Europe were officially notified of the facts by the following dispatch from the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution:

"WASHINGTON, Aug. 18, 1877.

"Two satellites of Mars have been discovered by Hall at Washington. First, elongation west, Aug. 18th, eleven hours, Washington time. Distance eighty seconds, period thirty hours. Distance of second, fifty seconds.

"JOSEPH HENRY."



The statement of fifty seconds as the distance of the inner satellite was subsequent'y found to be quite erroneous,

The distance of the inner satellite from the centre of the planet Mars is about 5700 miles; that of the outer, 14,200. The distance of the former from the surface of Mars, is but 3300 miles—no greater, in fact, than that of London from New York. The apparent magnitude of Mars, as seen from this satellite, is two thousand times greater than that of the sun, or moon, as seen from the earth.

Prof. Newcomb gives 8) h. and 14 m. as the period of revolution of the outer satellite about its primary, and 7 h. and 38 m. as that of the inner. Both move, like our moon, from west to cast. The period of the inner is less, while that of the outer is greater than a Martial day. It is obvious, therefore, that, as seen from the surface of the planet, the apparent motion of the satellites will be in opposite directions, the inner rising in the west and setting in the cast, the outer rising in the east and setting in the west; so that the phenomenon of two moons meeting in mid-heaven will be to the Martiallists no unusual occurrence.

Before the discovery of these satellites the determination of the mass of Mars was a problem of great difficulty, the body being too small to have much effect in disturbing the motions of other planets.

The value assigned by Burckhardt was yandyny, that of the sun being unity. The difficulty of the problem is now happily removed, and Newcomb has found, from the elements of the exterior satellite, a value of your a mass less than Burckhardt's in the ratio of six to seven.

The fiery red appearance of Mars to the naked eye is changed when seen through a powerful telescope, when it shows not only an atmosphere, but land, water, snow, icc, clouds, and mists.

LOWEST AND HIGHEST PRICES OF COMMODITIES FOR FIFTY-THREE YEARS-1825-1877.

(Compiled from the Reports of the Secretary of the Treasury for 1863 and 1873, the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, Reports of the N. Y. Chamber of Commerce, and the N. Y. Shipping List and Frice Current.)

Note.—In the American Almanac and Treasury of Facts for 1878, pp. 278-9, appeared a table of prices compiled on the basis of the average price of each article in New York, the 1st of January of each year. Such a table, however useful, fails to give the data which are important in forming a judgment of the whole range of prices for each year. The following table, carefully compiled from the sources indicated, takes the prices of the twelve months in each year, selecting the highest and lowest quotation for each article. It is to be understood, where no mention of quality is made, that the price quoted is for the cheapest grade of each commodity.

The prices are those of the New York market.

| Year. | Beef, Mess. | Butter. Chee | Anthracite. | Coffee, Rio. | Corn. | Cotton, Upland. | Flour, West. | Hams. |
|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| | Bbl. | 1b. 1b. | Ton. | lb. | Bush. | lb. | Bbl. | lb. |
| | L. II. | L. H. L. I | I. L. II. | L. H. | L. H. | L. II. | L. II. | L. H. |
| 1825. 1826. 1827. 1828. 1832. 1832. 1833. 1834. 1836. 1837. 1848. 1849. 1841. 1846. 1847. 1846. 1847. 1848. | Bbl. L. II. 8 00 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 8 50 10 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 | b. b. ct. ct. | Anthracite. Ton. T. L. H. 10 8 00 11 00 12 00 12 11 00 12 | Rio. Ib. | Bush. L. H. cts. 75 62 83 54 75 62 83 54 75 50 87 75 50 87 65 86 58 75 70 1 12 1 00 1 15 76 1 00 75 98 46 63 47 81 54 68 48 54 45 85 55 72 55 72 55 72 55 72 56 98 64 82 76 98 98 1 15 98 98 1 15 58 1 03 | Upland. L. II. | Bbl. L. II. \$ 4 25 5 75 4 37 6 500 5 00 8 87 4 55 500 7 00 5 500 11 62 6 77 00 7 25 5 500 6 87 7 00 7 25 6 87 7 00 7 10 25 7 7 00 7 9 12 4 68 7 500 4 425 5 637 4 425 5 637 4 425 5 637 4 425 5 637 4 425 5 637 4 425 5 637 6 7 7 50 10 18 4 25 6 30 6 25 12 4 4 30 6 25 12 4 4 30 6 25 12 4 4 30 6 25 12 4 4 37 7 50 7 25 10 75 7 25 10 | Ib. Cta. 7 111 8 110 12 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8 10 14 4 19 8 9 11 6 11 6 11 6 11 6 11 8 10 9 11 9 11 6 11 8 10 7 11 8 10 9 13 |
| 1850. 1860. 1861. 1862. 1863. 1864. 1865. 1866. 1867. 1868. 1869. 1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1875. 1876. | 5 00 9 75 4 50 5 50 5 00 6 25 | 8 22 2 4 14 30 8 8 21 48 12 20 88 10 5 15 48 7 28 60 7 16 55 11 18 46 5 11 42 42 5 20 39 10 18 39 12 17 5 83 8 | 11 5 25 5 5 5 6 0 0 0 4 20 6 0 0 15 0 | 10 13 11 15 11 17 10 38 26 83 38 52 21 22 11 7 19 16 17 11 13 11 17 16 19 19 23 16 28 11 20 16 28 11 20 16 28 11 20 16 28 | 76 1 05 64 93 48 74 50 175 69 1 23 1 25 1 97 70 97 1 00 1 40 1 01 1 1 1 1 01 1 1 1 1 75 1 16 76 1 15 65 90 61 80 50 77 53 84 49 76 88 49 41 58 | 11 12 10 11 11 28 20 68 54 88 72 1 90 83 1 22 15 86 16 83 15 26 15 26 15 26 18 21 11 11 11 13 | 4 00 6 50 4 25 5 59 3 90 5 65 4 20 5 85 5 10 8 00 7 15 11 75 5 00 8 80 5 25 11 70 6 25 11 30 | 9 18 10 18 7 11 5 9 8 11 17 11 28 11 18 10 16 11 18 17 24 0 14 6 13 6 13 6 11 7 18 |

LOWEST AND HIGHEST PRICES OF COMMODITIES FOR FIFTY-THREE YEARS-1825-1877.

These tables of prices have been compiled upon the basis of selecting the leading articles entering into general consumption, whether as semi-luxuries or the necessaries of life. The prices quoted being those of the New York market, still wider variations would in some cases have enablibited if other markets, near the centres of production of some leading staples, had been collated with these. The tables exhibit the violent fluctuations of the civil war period in the United States—1861-55—and the years of expansion immediately succeeding, in contrast with the general decline of the past few years, which has not yet reached, however, save in a few articles, the minimum prices which prevailed before the war.

| Ten. Ten. | Bush. L. H. 26 40 42 60 31 56 24 87 27 46 26 40 27 48 38 56 30 48 33 75 40 75 |
|---|--|
| 1825 | 26 40 42 60 81 56 24 87 27 46 26 40 27 48 38 56 80 48 28 48 33 75 40 75 |
| 1825 | 26 40 42 60 31 56 24 87 27 46 26 40 27 48 88 58 80 48 28 48 33 75 40 75 |
| 1851 | 25 60 30 60 30 60 31 43 37 50 25 53 27 34 27 37 38 48 39 65 32 51 33 49 45 50 41 52 42 83 35 60 40 53 36 58 40 66 40 53 37 67 58 49 58 59 58 58 59 58 58 59 58 58 59 58 58 59 58 5 |

LOWEST AND HIGHEST PRICES OF COMMODITIES FOR FIFTY-THREE YEARS-1825-1877.

(Compiled from the Reports of the Secretary of the Treasury for 1863 and 1873, the Commercial and Financial Chronicle, Reports of the N. Y. Chamber of Commerce, and the N. Y. Shipping List and Price Current.)

Nors.—In the American Almanac and Treasury of Facts for 1878, pp. 278-9, appeared a table of prices compiled on the basis of the average price of each article in New York, the 1st of January of each year. Such a table, however useful, fails to give the data which are important in forming a judgment of the whole range of prices for each year. The following table, carefully compiled from the sources indicated, takes the prices of the twelve months in each year, selecting the highest and lowest quotation for each article. It is to be understood, where no mention of quality is made, that the price quoted is for the cheapset grade of each commodity.

| | Pork, Mess. | Rice. | Salt, Liverpool. | Sugar, Raw. | Tobac- co, Ky. Leaf. | Wheat. | Whiskey. | Wool. |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Year. | Bbl. | 100 lbs. | Sack. | lb. | lb. | Bush. | Gal. | lb. |
| | L. H | L. H. | L. II. | L. H. | L. H. | L. H. | L. H. | L. II. |
| 1825 1826 1827 1829 1831 1831 1834 1836 1836 1838 1838 1840 | 12 00 ⁴ 14 75 10 00 12 00 11 25 15 25 12 00 15 00 11 00 13 75 11 00 15 50 12 00 15 25 12 50 14 25 12 50 14 25 12 50 18 50 18 50 18 50 85 16 60 24 50 14 50 28 50 18 75 13 50 | 2 75 4 50 3 00 4 25 | \$ 37 3 00 2 12 2 60 2 15 2 25 2 25 3 25 2 12 3 00 1 75 2 20 1 75 2 25 1 75 2 50 1 40 1 80 1 40 2 12 1 60 2 12 1 60 2 2 2 1 62 2 62 1 62 | | 4 8 6 11 6 10 3 9 4 13 | 75 1 06 84 1 02 90 1 25 95 1 62 1 00 1 75 1 00 1 15 1 06 1 85 1 12 1 85 1 15 1 28 1 02 1 10 1 04 1 50 1 137 2 12 1 155 2 10 1 15 2 2 00 1 15 1 37 95 1 25 90 1 50 | 26 86 20 26 20 26 21 82 27 87 26 85 20 29 36 20 29 30 38 41 20 48 20 48 21 30 41 30 | 20 32 20 32 20 32 20 32 20 32 27 32 25 34 25 55 28 44 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 20 33 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 |
| 842 843 844 845 846 847 849 850 851 852. 853 854 856 | 6 75 10 25 7 50 11 50 9 25 14 12 9 25 16 00 9 00 13 00 9 87 14 25 10 00 13 00 9 87 14 25 10 00 11 87 12 06 15 50 14 62 19 75 12 12 16 00 12 50 23 00 12 50 23 00 | 2 00 3 81 1 87 3 00 2 25 3 62 2 82 4 75 2 87 4 50 2 87 5 13 00 2 25 3 50 2 25 3 50 2 25 3 50 4 12 4 62 2 50 5 87 4 12 4 62 2 50 5 87 3 62 4 87 | 1 37 2 25 1 35 1 62 1 32 1 47 1 25 1 50 1 32 1 47 1 25 1 50 1 20 1 40 1 15 1 75 1 02 1 60 1 10 1 15 1 12 1 62 1 12 1 62 | 3 77 5 77 5 8 8 10 15 6 4 6 6 8 6 10 | 2 9 7 6 7 7 8 8 9 14 10 13 16 16 16 16 | 83 1 30 84 1 20 82 1 10 85 1 40 1 35 1 05 1 35 1 05 1 35 1 20 1 35 1 20 1 35 1 30 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 1 | 16 21 18 24 20 28 18 25 24 34 21 27 20 28 23 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 28 22 27 23 28 24 41 25 28 27 20 28 28 28 28 27 20 28 28 28 29 20 28 20 | 18 2 18 2 24 3 18 2 23 3 18 2 20 3 30 4 36 4 25 4 25 4 26 4 27 4 38 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 28 4 38 4 28 4 38 5 38 4 38 5 38 5 |
| 868. 869 870 871 | 16 50 25 70 15 85 19 00 14 60 18 12 16 12 19 75 16 12 19 75 18 25 18 00 11 00 14 50 11 15 01 8 25 19 00 31 50 21 18 33 55 19 00 33 50 22 18 30 30 30 12 85 23 00 12 85 23 00 | 3 25 5 87 2 75 8 75 3 00 4 62 3 00 7 25 6 62 7 75 9 75 14 00 11 55 15 25 8 25 11 25 7 25 10 00 6 7 7 50 | 70 84 62 80 75 1 07 68 1 15 50 95 85 1 52 1 20 1 70 1 75 2 50 2 50 4 10 2 50 3 00 2 50 3 00 2 40 3 25 2 80 3 25 2 80 3 25 | 9 11 5 8 6 8 4 9 7 11 7 14 11 25 11 17 10 10 9 12 9 13 9 10 7 10 | 6 18 4 14 3 13 3 16 6 30 8 55 7 45 8 18 9 16 8 15 7 12 6 11 | 1 25 1 95 1 20 1 50 1 30 1 65 1 35 1 70 1 35 1 5 1 35 1 5 1 25 2 00 1 40 2 20 3 45 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 21 85 22 29 19 27 15 21 19 39 60 2 03 1 92 2 25 2 10 2 32 91 2 30 90 1 14 82 1 05 85 95 | 30 27 84 34 40 68 75 1 1 25 25 25 84 32 45 33 45 35 |
| 1867 1868. 1869 1870 | 18 90 24 10 21 10 29 50 26 50 33 87 20 00 30 00 | 8 50 12 50 8 25 11 25 7 25 10 00 5 50 9 50 | 2 50 2 75 2 50 2 60 2 50 3 00 2 40 3 25 | 9 10 9 12 9 13 9 10 7 10 7 9 | 9 16 8 15 8 13 7 12 6 11 9 16 9 16 7 25 9 28 | 2 30 3 40 2 05 3 25 1 45 2 18 1 40 1 90 | 91 2 30 90 1 14 82 1 05 85 95 82 91 86 1 05 92 1 03 93 1 19 | 25 84 82 84 |

II.—OCCUPATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES: NUMBER OF PERSONS ENGAGED IN EACH CLASS, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES-1870.

[From the Official Returns of the Ninth Census, 1870.]

| | 10 years and over. | in all kinds of occupa- tions. | Engaged in agri- culture. | in profes- sional and personal service. | Engaged in trade & transpor- tation. | factures, mec'anic' trades and mining. |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|---|
| The U. S | 28,228,945 | 12,505,923 | 5,922,471 | 2,684,793 | 1,191,238 | 2,707,42 |
| Alabama | 706,802 | 365,258 | 291,628 | 42,125 | 14,435 | 17,070 |
| Arizona | 8,237 | 6,030 | 1,285 | 3,115 | 591 | 1.039 |
| Arkansas | 341,737 | 135,949 | 109,310 | | 5,491 | 6,271 |
| California | 430,444 | 238,648 | 47,863 | 76,112 | 33,165 | 81,505 |
| Colorado | 30,349 | 17,583 | 6,462 | 3,625 | | |
| Connecticut | 425,896 | 193,421 | 43,653 | 38,704 | 24,720 | |
| Dakota | 10,640 | 5,887 | 2,522 | 2,704 | 204 | 45 |
| Delaware | 92.586 | 40,313 | 15,973 | 11,389 | 3 437 | 9.51 |
| District Columbia . | 100,453 | 49,041 | 1,365 | 29,845 | | 11,70 |
| Florida | 131,119 | 60,703 | 42,492 | 10,897 | 3,023 | 4,29 |
| | 835,929 | 414,678 | 336,145 | 64,083 | | |
| deorgia | 13,189 | 10,879 | 1,462 | 1,423 | 721 | 7,27 |
| daho | 1,809,606 | 742,015 | 376,441 | 151,931 | 80,422 | 133,22 |
| llinois | 1,197,936 | 459,369 | 266,777 | 80,018 | 36,517 | 76,05 |
| ndiana | | | 210,263 | | 28,210 | 47,31 |
| owa | 837,959 | 344,276 | 73,228 | | | 18,12 |
| Kansas | 258,051 | 123,852 | | | 11,762 25,292 | 44.19 |
| kentucky | 930,136 | 414,593 | 261,080 | | | |
| Louisiana | 526,392 | 256,452 | 141,467 | 65,347 | 23,831 | 25,80 |
| Maine | 493,847 | 208,225 | 82,011 | 36,092 | 28,115 | 62,00 |
| Maryland | 575,439 | 258,543 | 80,449 | 79,226 | 35,542 | 63,32 |
| Massachusetts | 1,160,666 | 579,844 | 72,810 | | 83,078 | 292,66 |
| Michigan | 873,763 | 404,164 | 187,211 | 104,728 | 29,588 | 82,63 |
| Minnesota | 305,568 | 132,657 | 75,157 | 28,330 | | 18,58 |
| Mississippi | 581,206 | 318,850 | 259,199 | | 9,148 | |
| Missouri | 1,205,568 | 505,556 | 263,918 | 106,903 | 54,885 | 79,85 |
| Montana | 18,170 | 14,048 | 2,111 | 2,674 | 1,233 | 8,03 |
| Nebraska | 88,265 | 43,837 | 23,115 | 10,331 | 4,628 | 5,76 |
| Nevada | 36,655 | 26,911 | 2,070 | | 3,621 | 13,78 |
| New Hampshire | 260,426 | 120,168 | 46,573 | 18,528 | 8.514 | 46,55 |
| New Jersey | 680,687 | 296,036 | 63,128 | 83,380 | 46,206 | 103,32 |
| New Mexico | 66,464 | 29,361 | 18,668 | 7,535 | 863 | 2,29 |
| New York | 3,378,959 | 1,491,018 | 374,323 | | | 476,77 |
| North Carolina | 769,629 | 351,299 | 269,238 | | | 20,59 |
| Ohio | 1,953,374 | 840,889 | 397,024 | 168,308 | | 197,01 |
| Oregon | 64,685 | 30,651 | 13,248 | | | 8,69 |
| Pennsylvania | 2,597,809 | 1,020,544 | 260,051 | 283,000 | 121,253 | 356,24 |
| Rhode Island | 173,751 | 88,574 | 11,780 | | | |
| South Carolina | 503,763 | 263,301 | 206,654 | 34,383 | 8,470 | 13,79 |
| Tennessec | 890,872 | 367,987 | 267,020 | 54,396 | 17,510 | 29,06 |
| Texas | 571,075 | 237,126 | 166,753 | 40,882 | 13,612 | 15,87 |
| Jtah | 56,515 | 21,517 | 10,428 | 5,317 | 1,665 | |
| Vermont | 258,751 | 108,763 | 57,983 | | | |
| Virginia | 890,056 | 412,665 | 244,550 | | | 49,41 |
| Washington | 17,334 | 9,760 | 3,771 | 2,207 | 1,129 | |
| West Virginia | 308,424 | 115,229 | 73,960 | | | |
| Wisconsin | 751,704 | 292,808 | 159,687 | | | |
| Wyoming | 8,059 | 6,645 | 165 | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |

RECORD OF BUSINESS FAILURES IN ALL THE STATES IN 1873 AND 1875-77.

[From the Quarterly Circulars of Dun, Barlow & Co., N. Y.]

| 55 65 61 | | 1873. | | 1875. | | 1876. | | 1877. | |
|--|-----------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | No. of fail- ures. | Amount of liabilities. | No. of fail-ures. | Amount of liabilities. | No. of fail- ures. | Amount of liabilities. | No. of fail-ures. | Amount of liabilities. | Num- ber of traders, 1877. |
| EASTERN STATES. | | 8 | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | |
| Maine New Hampshire | 80 27 | 752,600 513,000 | 130 73 | 1,537,500 | 138 48 | 1,916,450 559,255 1,410,930 | 149 | 2,037,400 762,728 738,269 | 10,926 |
| Vermont | 21 | 350,000 | 63 | 1,076,400 772,700 | 73 | 1,410,930 | 70 96 | 738,269 | 7,483 6,893 |
| Massachusetts Boston City | 309 | 11,224,000 | 772 | 27,494,943 | 462 | 12,994,829 | 480 | 6 659 054 | 10 K 540 |
| Rhode Island | 58 | 15,259,000 | | 6,281,695 | 258 138 | 10,510,000 6,079,056 | 130 114 | 3 599 607 | 9,592 4,999 |
| Connecticut | 104 | 1,452,000 | | 2,851,926 | 197 | 4,186,548 | 314 | 6,469,300 3,599,607 5,821,649 | 12,283 |
| Total Eastern States. | 599 | 29,550,000 | 1,335 | 40,015,164 | 1,314 | 37,657,068 | 1,353 | 26,088,007 | 77,724 |
| MIDDLE STATES. | | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | | | |
| New York City | 544 644 | | 706 | 11,920,822 49,263,667 | 998 | 19,311,933 33,244,018 | 1,012 | 15,994,846 32,490,974 | 80,057 |
| New Jersey | 119 | 92,635,000 2,482,000 | 951 134 | 2,830,485 | 887 159 | 2,273,141 | 865 177 | 3,313,958 | 36,299 18,807 |
| Pennsylvania | 576 | | 1 | 18,247,872 | 545 | 10,731,880 | 632 | 15,540,795 | 52.314 |
| Philadelphia City Delaware | 31 | | 10000 | | 138 | 4,281,495 | 175 | 4,946,443 193,000 | 18,539 |
| Maryland | 63 | 663,000 1,229,000 | 107 | 259,500 9,084,690 | 19 145 | 209,600 2,104,637 | 15 129 | 3 603 634 | 3,644 12,608 |
| District of Columbia | 13 | 240,000 | 18 | 164,924 | 18 | 87,977 | 44 | 3,603,634 1,090,100 | 2,439 |
| Total Middle States | 1,990 | 142,415,000 | 2,520 | 92,771,960 | 2,909 | 72,244,681 | 3,049 | 77,173,750 | 224,707 |
| Southern States. | | | | | | | | 1. 2. | The same |
| Virginia | 125 | 2,188,000 | 138 | 3,296,307 | 172 | 3,351,289 | 159 | 1,312,705 | 9,833 |
| North Carolina | 63 | | | | 126 | 994,918 | 70 | 439,569 | 4,321 6,313 |
| South Carolina | 36 | 672,000 1,927,000 | 131 | 928,429 2,781,048 | 89 | 1,500,114 | 66 | 1,168,501 | 4,591 |
| Georgia | 67 10 | 2,113,000 | 156 | 6,128,464 262,800 | 147 | 3,110,145 | 103 | 1,181,631 | 7,308 |
| Florida. Alabama. Mississippi Louisiana. | 52 | 258,000 1,337,000 | 16 42 | 1,118,100 | 14 51 | 121,000 771,821 | 11 43 | 149,000 | 1,720 5,108 |
| Mississippi | 79 | 909,000 | 45 | 913,565 | 81 | 771,821 738,258 | 86 | 690,000 1,079,986 | 5,660 |
| Louisiana Texas | 74 116 | 2,831,000 | 58 250 | 2,937,684 | 80 | 1.438.143 | 61 | 803 510 | 7,549 |
| Arkansas | 17 | 1,751,000 307,000 | 31 | 2,495,849 391,300 | 167 35 | 1,900,515 268,257 | 138 23 | 270 775 | 10,662 3,806 |
| Kentucky | 125 | 2,287,000 | 148 | 3,669,758 | 241 | 6,659,247 | 227 | 1,890,696 270,775 6,994,428 | 16,496 |
| Tennessee | 77 | 1,636,000 | 136 | 1,121,839 | 158 | 2,229,553 | 91 | 1,201,110 | S,416 |
| Total South'n States. | 841 | 18,216,000 | 1,207 | 26,045,143 | 1,361 | 23,083,260 | 1,078 | 17,271,920 | 91,783 |
| WESTERN STATES. Ohio Cincinnati City | 821 | 11 020 000 | 389 | 6 000 000 | 371 | 5,414,893 | 373 | 5,866,818 | 39,850 |
| Cincinnati City | | 11,520,000 | 10000 | 7,993,282 | 96 | 3.191.349 | 126 | 3,710,584 5,718,700 8,117,091 10,065,300 | 5,404 |
| Indiana. (Illinois (Chicago City Michigan. Wisconsin | 134 | 2,260,000 | | 4,804,052 | 362 434 | 4,787,401 6,079,710 9,164,200 | 352 454 | 5,718,700 | 25,439 |
| Chicago City | 329 | 7,109,000 | 409 | 8,218,470 | 199 | 9.164.200 | 206 | 10,065,300 | 37,589 11,644 |
| Michigan | 248 | 3,917,000 | 283 | 4,123,718 | 576 | 9,736,851 | 350 | 8,032,902 | 23,180 |
| | 81 141 | 1,574,000 1,917.000 | 245 183 | 2,130,346 1,610,305 | 209 491 | 4,307,314 3,909,080 | 154 850 | 8,032,902 2,128,710 2,604,100 | 20,219 |
| Minnesota. (Missouri | 61 | 944,000 | | 1,803,406 | 132 | 1 565 684 | 114 | 1,291,859 | 22,759 8,206 |
| Missouri | 188 | 5,867,000 | 189 | 3,748,793 | 84 | 1,272,737 2,618,557 | 81 | 717,232 | 18,022 |
| Kansas | 94 | 821,000 | 88 | 829,400 | 83 48 | 2,618,557 435,900 | 141 50 | 1,291,852 717,232 7,239,850 355,635 | 7.545 7.614 |
| Nebraska | 22 | 311,000 | 38 | 197,400 | 37 | 93,600 | 45 | 338,300 | 4,086 |
| Total West'n States | 1,619 | 36,040,000 | 2,290 | 35,459,172 | 3,122 | 52,577,277 | 2,756 | 56,187,074 | 231,557 |
| PACIFIC STATES & TER. | | | | | | | 7 733 | | 100 |
| regon | | | 18 | 219,448 | 34 | 422,416 | 29 | 266,170 3,252,852 | 2,364 |
| California San Francisco C'y. | 70 | 1,500,000 | 237 | 5,281,111 | 169 79 | 1,674,973 2,202,698 | 288 163 | 3,252,852 8,483,424 | 10,487 5,704 |
| | | | 70 | 918,351 | 45 | 505,582 206,167 | 58 | 880,103 | 2.239 |
| Nevada | | | 45 | 1,011,700 | 25 | 206,167 | 56 | 880,103 659,786 44,300 | 1,490 |
| New Mexico | | | 8 | 240,500 | 1 | 6,000 | 11 4 | 44,300 16,300 | 1,155 |
| Wyoming | | | | | 10 | 140,900 | 4 | 7,200 | 339 391 |
| daho | | | 1 | 3,000 | 3 | 30,500 | 4 | 7,200 46,000 | 259 572 |
| Montana | | | 6 | 92,000 | 10 | 83,400 | 8 | 31,300 | 572 |
| Novada. Utah New Mexico. W yoming daho. Dakota. Montana. Washington Arizona. | | | 1 | 2,804 | 6 | 75,000 203,864 | 7 | 207,800 | 349 768 |
| Arizona Fer. not before separ | 44 | 868,000 | | | 1 | 8,000 | 4 | 54,000 | 178 |
| Lor, nov before bepar | 2- | | | | | | | | |
| Total Pac. St's & Ter. | 114 | 2,368,000 | 386 | 7,768,914 | 386 | 5,555,500 | 636 | 13,949,185 | 26.235 |
| | 5,183 | | 7,740 | 7,768,914 | 9,092 | 5,555,500 | 8,872 | 13,949,185 | 26,235 |

AGGREGATE NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES FOR 21 YEARS: 1857—1878.

[Compiled from Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, and Dun, Barlow & Co.'s Circulars.]

| Year. | | Northern ates only. | In al | l the States. | Year. | In all | the States. | No. of traders. | Per- centage of failures. |
|-------|-------|------------------------|-------|---------------|-------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | No. | | No. | | 1000 | No. | Liabilities. | | |
| | | | | \$291,750,000 | 1868. | | \$63,694,000 | | |
| 1858. | | | | | 1869. | | 75,054,000 | | ::: |
| 1859. | | | | | 1870. | | 88,242,000 | | 1 in 120 |
| 1860. | 2,733 | 61,739,000 | 3,676 | 79,807,009 | 1871. | 2,915 | 85,252,000 | 475,145 | 1 in 163 |
| 1861. | 5,935 | 188,632,000 | 6,993 | 207,210,000 | 1872. | 4,069 | 121,036,000 | 528,971 | 1 in 130 |
| 1862. | 1,652 | 23,049,000 | | | 1873. | 5.183 | 228,499,000 | 559,764 | 1 in 108 |
| 1863. | | | | | 1874. | 5.830 | 155,239,000 | 600,490 | 1 in 103 |
| 1864. | 520 | 8,579,000 | | | 1875. | | 201,060,000 | 642,423 | 1 in 82 |
| 1865. | 530 | | | | 1876. | | 191,117,000 | 690,992 | |
| 1866. | 632 | | | | 1877. | | 190,669,000 | | |
| 1867. | | | | | 1878. | | 197,211,129 | | Jan,-Oct.) |

Norz.—The larger proportional number of failures in 1878 is attributed to the repeal of the National Bankrupt Law, taking effect September 1, 1878, and availed of by many seeking a discharge from their obligations.

SPECIE RESUMPTION IN ENGLAND.

What is commonly known as the suspension of specie payment in Great Britain, which continued twenty-four years, from 1797 to 1821, was called in parliamentary language a Restriction of Cash Payments. While the paper of the Bank of England was never made a legal tender, it was effectually kept from being redeemed in coin by a "Bank Restriction Act," annually renewed, and constantly regarded as a mere temporary necessity growing out of war exigencies. The average amount of Bank of England notes circulated during ten years before the restriction, was only £10,800,000, with coin on hand varying from £3,000,000 to £6,000,000. There were also in 1797, in England and Wales, a large number of country banks, variously stated at from two hundred to three hundred and fifty, most of which were required to redeem their notes either in gold, in Bank of England notes, or in bills of exchange on London.

No exact statement exists of the amount of country bank note paper. Several years of war had brought the British Government into distressing financial embarrassments, during which it had drawn heavily upon the Bank of England in the form of temporary loans. A drain of gold to the continent set in, and the treasure of the Bank fell from £6,000,000 in 1795 to £1,200,000 at the close of 1796. The country banks rushed to the Bank of England for assistance or for gold, and a universal panic pervaded London. The Bank had contracted its issues from nearly £11,000,000 to £8,640,000, notwithstanding which its treasure bore the proportion to its paper promises to pay of only about 12 per cent. Hopeless of continuing, the bank directors informed Mr. Pitt, then Prime Minister, that suspension was inevitable, and on the 27th of February, 1797, an Order in Council was posted on the door of the Bank prohibiting further payments in cash.

When Parliament met, the crisis was not passed, and it became

necessary to legalize, in some way, what had been done by the adminis-Parliament, while never recognizing any incapacity on the part of the Bank to meet its obligations, passed an indemnity act, and added to it clauses prohibiting it from issuing cash except in sums under one pound, obliging the collectors of the revenue to receive bank notes in payment. The operation of the Restriction was limited to one year, which was subsequently converted into an act to continue the measure until the conclusion of peace. The Bank now increased its issues, and commerce returned to its old channels. During all this time, the pleasant fiction was kept up by the government that there was no suspension of specie payments, and no irredeemable currency. The idea of an inconvertible currency was associated at the close of the eighteenth century only with the continental paper of the American Congress and with the assignats put forth in the French Revolution. Although there were found advocates on the floor of Parliament and among commercial men for a strictly irredeemable currency, that idea found no lodgment among the mass of those who controlled public opinion. The forbearance of Mr. Pitt, under pressure of the most enormous financial difficulties, from issuing paper money when his power was almost unlimited, has been regarded as one of the chief merits of that distinguished minister.

Yet the finance-minister under whose reign England was fated to become for a time an irredeemable-paper-money country, was thus

satirised in a current epigram of the day:

"Of Augustus and Rome
The poets still warble;
How he found it of brick,
And left it of marble;

So of Pitt and of England
We may say without vapor,
That he found it of gold,
And left it of paper."

The issues of the Bank (for they were never direct paper issues by the government) during the whole time of the Restriction of cash payments never rose above 28 million pounds (\$140,000,000), and the premium on gold fluctuated from 3 per cent to 34 per cent. At one time, in 1799-1800, foreign exchanges being very favorable, there was an accumulation of nearly 8 million pounds of specie in the Bank vaults against a circulation of less than 13 million pounds. the solidity of this position was soon reversed by deficient harvests, continued war, and a perpetual demand for gold on the continent. This was thought to compel an increase of issues, and the circulation rose to 164 million pounds in 1801. The price of gold also rose until it stood at 10 per cent premium. Importations increased greatly, gold flowed abroad incessantly, and the Bank issues continued to swell until in 1810 the circulation had risen to 25 millions of pounds. that year occurred a prodigious financial and commercial panic. through which half the traders in the Kingdom became bankrupt, many country banks were swept out of existence, and the distress, which amounted to a universal collapse of credit, spread through Europe and even extended to America. A thorough parliamentary inquiry into the currency question followed, resulting in the notable Bullion Report of Mr. Francis Horner and his associates, the whole aim of which was to bring England back to a currency founded on a gold basis and redeemable in specie. But the continued costliness of the war, the drain upon British resources by its great armies fighting against Napoleon, with the condition of domestic industry and production, prevented for years any serious attempt to return to the gold basis.

On the approach of peace in 1814, it was thought that the restriction might safely be repealed, and an act was introduced in that year to continue the restriction for one year only. The war being ended in 1815, though prosperity was not fully restored, another renewal of the restriction of cash payments was passed for another year. Again, in 1816, after the conclusion of the peace of Paris, the country being in an exhausted state, and the waste of resources by war both in England and on the Continent having prostrated the market for English manufactures, the nation was in great commercial distress, amounting to a panic in the money market. It was under these circumstances that the ministry of the day carried through Parliament a continuation of the restriction of cash payments for two years longer, or until 1818. The bill was intended to give time to the Bank of England for preparation.

Gold had begun to fall in 1814 on the first success of the allied armies, but with the return of Napoleon from Elba, threatening a new and prolonged war, to be waged on paper money issues, gold rose to 1.37, falling on the news of Waterloo, in June, 1815, to 1.28, and by September declining to 1.15. By July, 1816, the premium had actually fallen to 1 per cent. At about the same time Parliament had passed the memorable act establishing the single gold standard in Great Britain, which has continued to this day. This act, which refused to silver the quality of legal tender in sums above two pounds sterling, was passed, like the American silver demonetization act of

1873, in a season of the suspension of cash payments.

The year 1818 having arrived, the Earl of Liverpool, the head of the ministry, brought into the House of Lords a bill for the continuance of the bank restriction still another year. The alleged ground for this measure and for the consequent delay in the resumption of cash payments was the great loans then being raised in France to pay off the war indemnity, which it was expected would seriously disturb the London money market. So the timid capitalists joined hands with the paper-money party, who held that the circumstances of the country were so changed that they never could return to cash payments. The Earl of Harrowby declared, in the House of Lords, that there was no reason for asserting that the quantity of paper then forming a part of the circulating medium was excessive. He held that the rise in prices was not owing to the suspension of cash payments, but to other adequate causes, among which was the great increase in Too early a date fixed for resumption would the amount of taxation. entail highly injurious consequences upon the country. He held that there was much greater apprehension among the moneyed classes lest the Bank might be called on to pay in cash one year too soon, rather than one year too late. The French loan would drain the country of its gold, and the time was most unpropitious to return to the policy of paying in specie.

To these arguments the Marquis of Lansdowne replied, that no resumption of cash payments could possibly produce so great evils as those under which the whole commerce, agriculture, and industry of the country were actually suffering. The French loan had little to do with the ability of England to pay specie on demand. The exportation of the precious metals could only be carried to a certain extent.

There would always be some reason for continuing the suspension. Now it was a French loan, next it would be some other pretext. There would never be any want of a reason for persevering in this dangerous course.

The Earl of Harrowby said:

"He was one of a great majority who held, that without the bank restriction this country could never have attained the eminence it had acquired; without it, it never could have reached that height of mercantile prosperity which had made it the envy of the world. . . . If at too early a date an artificial circulation were abandoned, the consequence might be that it would be found necessary to return to it, and the consequences of such a proceeding must be highly injurious."

to it, and the consequences of such a proceeding must be highly injurious."

"It was incorrect to say that human misery had been increased by the restriction of cash payments. . . The supporters of the bill were asked when would the proper time come for resuming cash payments? The only proper moment, in his opinion, to remove the restrictions would be when no person in the country could perceive they were removed, and when things would slide naturally into their old train. The water should be level on both sides when the flood-gate was opened, otherwise it would rush with such violence as to shut the gate again. He thought the dangers of recurring to cash payments, at the present critical moment, much greater than any attendant on a continuance in a system under which the country had flourished so long."

Mr. Hudson Gurney said:

"I confess I consider it fortunate that the bank did not resume its cash payments in 1816; and I am even inclined to consider it fortunate that it does not resume them now; as I lean most strongly to the opinion that, before the bank can ever pay in specie, with safety to the State, the government must rectify what appears to me to have been no small error. . . To the pound of account of the times existing, you must adjust your coinage; or on reverting to payments in specie after so long a cessation, your embarrassment will be, I fear, unbounded. It is upon that pound all outstanding contracts were calculated. If, on either side, the scale of justice must incline, the creditor can receive, as he has received, gradually, somewhat less than has been his due. The debtor cannot suddenly be made to pay him more, because he has it not. . . Previously to the Bank of England being again opened for the payment of specie, after a cessation of so many years, it will be necessary to readjust the coinage to the value of the pound contemplated in the mass of outstanding contracts."

Earl Bathurst was fearful of the most serious injury to commerce if the restriction of cash payments were not continued another year. If the Bank were now to resume cash payments and pay gold, it must diminish its issues of paper in proportion. The consequence would be the gold would be taken out of the country, and the paper circulation contracted at the same time.

The Earl of Lauderdale said that the opponents of cash payments used arguments which, if they believed in them, ought to induce them forever to oppose a return to payments in specie. Why did they favor putting an end to the restriction in July, 1819, rather than in July, 1818? The loans to be negotiated in France were a pretext which could be made the same use of next year as the present. He would support an amendment limiting the restriction to six weeks after the next meeting of Parliament.

The Earl of Liverpool (representing the ministry) though sincerely desirous of putting a speedy end to the restriction of cash payments, thought the present was not a proper time for carrying such a measure into effect. Nevertheless, he was anxious to put an end to the restriction, because the tendency of an incontrovertible paper currency was to create fictitious wealth; bubbles, which by their bursting, produced inconveniences. It was because he wished the restriction to be put an end to, that he was desirous to have cash payments resumed at a time favorable to such an operation, and when it might be likely that it would be well received by the community.

Lord Grenville said:

"Satisfied as he was then, and confirmed as he was now, that there never had been a more fatal measure than the commencing and continuing the suspension of cash payments, he looked with the greatest anxiety to the time when we should be again free from that clog. He confidently believed that Parliament had given the country a sacred pledge which nothing but the most urgent necessity, such as a general failure of the bank, at least, could tempt them to forego—a pledge which he

deemed so inviolable that nothing but insuperable difficulties could tempt them to renew the restriction. . . In former times they were told that the existence and safety of the country were at stake, and the suspension of cash payments was justified as a necessary provision against the most fatal consequences. It was then adopted for a short period; but since then it had been renewed at different periods, until now it had assumed an indefinite character, being defended in a manner which placed it beyond the power of any man to assign a probable limit to its operation. It was admitted upon all hands that the banks should pay their notes in cash; but it was attempted to be inferred that on the slightest possible ground—on such a ground, for instance, as that France was about to make a grant—no one knew to what amount—the practice of cash payments should be interrupted. Parliament should do away with the landmarks of public credit, and blindly persevere in a system which had already brought the country to the verge of destruction, and which, if still adhered to, must lead it, not to the verge, but inevitably down the precipice. There was this evil attending the state of our circulation under its influence, that no class of society, from the highest to the lowest, could know what were their means, what their income, or their wages. . . They issued paper at one period until it was depreciated to the extent of twenty-five per cent, below the currency it represented, so that no man received his rent without suffering a loss of twenty-five per cent. or more. The grievance was then felt; the mockery of receiving only seventy-five per cent. in payment of private debts was felt; the mockery, and cruelty, and gross injustice of exposing the public creditor to the same hardship in a transaction with the State itself were felt. But how was it encountered, after all? Not by retracing the steps which were so taken, but by forcing a circulation—by enacting a law which made that depreciated currency a legal tender, imitating th

graced the country.

"He was confident that the principal, the sine qua non cause of all our late calamities rose from the extensive issue of bank paper, and the ruin consequent on the depreciation of that issue. To that was to be ascribed the tears and want of families reduced from comfort to dependence, and the distress, which, embracing all orders, from the highest to the lowest, had almost ground to destruction the

middle classes of society."

The House of Commons again passed the Restriction-of-cash-payments Bill, on May 18th, 1818, postponing resumption until July 5th, 1819, by a vote of 88 yeas to 27 nays, and it went through the House of Lords without a division.

The repeated postponement of resumption in Great Britain, after it had been fully resolved upon, is a matter which still continues the subject of controversy. The main causes assigned which brought about this postponement were the great speculations of the year 1817, the excess of imports, and the large number of European loans draining English capital abroad, followed by stagnation in business and a great decline in prices. This state of things had in 1819 produced such an effect in and out of Parliament, that the Bank directors, after paying out 4 million pounds in redemption of their notes, under the conditions fixed by the statutes of 1816, and fearing the entire exhaustion of their treasure, applied to Parliament to be relieved from the further performance of their own promises.

And now there arose a considerable party in Parliament which insisted that a return to specie payment under the original standard of value would be a monstrous injustice to the community. The fund-holders alone, it was said, would be benefited by it. The people would be taxed to pay in gold debts which had been created in paper. Capital should not be thus favored at the expense of the labor of the country. If Parliament were determined to restore specie payments, it was said, it should in justice establish a new standard; the value of sterling money should be reduced by 25 per cent., or else resumption should be coupled by the allowance of an equivalent reduction to every debtor on the amount of his obligations. On the other hand, a large party in the House of Commons insisted that the national honor was involved in paying every obligation at its face value, penny for penny. Parliament, while consenting to renew the suspension law from year to year, had repeatedly pledged itself

to ultimate resumption. The government had borrowed largely on the faith of these pledges; every debt, public or private, had been contracted with full knowledge of the acts of Parliament fixing the time of resumption; and every bank note bore a promise to pay spe-

cie upon its face.

Early in 1819, each House of Parliament appointed a secret committee "respecting the Bank of England resuming cash payments." These committees, after a protracted examination of witnesses on the financial question from all classes of the kingdom, brought in their The report in the House of Lords on cash payments set forth the fact that at the suspension in 1797, the amount of circulating medium had been about forty-two millions of pounds, or \$210,-000,000. This was made up of Bank of England notes to the amount of £10,500,000, country notes (including Scotland) £7,000,000, and gold coin in circulation, estimated at £25,000,000 sterling. The gold in circulation thus exceeded the paper in the ratio of about twenty-five to seventeen. In 1817 the paper emissions of the Bank of England had risen to almost £29,000,000 sterling, or very nearly three times their amount before the suspension of cash payment. At the same time the country banks had notes in circulation amounting to from fifteen to twenty million pounds; so that the whole paper currency varied from forty-five to fifty million pounds sterling, against only seventeen millions in the year 1797, when the first suspension of specie payments took place, being thus nearly three times the amount of paper currency before the war. The report of the committee recommended that provision should be made for the restoration of cash payment; first, by a repayment of the debt of government to the bank to a considerable amount, such payment to precede resumption; and second, that the bank should be required to redeem its notes in gold bullion for two years, and that on the 1st of May, 1823, cash payments should be resumed in full. This, as will be seen, was giving four years for preparing for resumption, as was done by the act of Congress of January 14, 1875, providing for the resumption of specie payments on the 1st of January, 1879.

No sooner were these reports fairly before Parliament than that body was besieged by remonstrances on the part of some mercantile interests. On the 21st of May, 1819, the Earl of Lauderdale presented a petition of merchants, bankers, traders, and others, of the city of London, remonstrating against the passage of any law for the termination of the restriction upon payments in cash by the Bank of

England. The following is an extract from this petition:

"That your petitioners have reason to apprehend that measures are in contemplation with reference to the resumption of cash payments by the Bank of England, which, in the opinion of your petitioners, will, as they humbly submit to your lordships, tend to a forced, precipitate, and highly injurious contraction of the circulating medium of the country.

ing medium of the country.

"That the consequences of such contraction will, as your petitioners humbly conceive, be to add to the burthen of the public debt, greatly to increase the pressure of the taxes, to lower the value of all landed and commercial property, seriously to affect both public and private credit, to embarrass and reduce all the operations of agriculture, manufactures and commerce, and to throw out of employment a great proportion of the industrious and laboring men of the community."

The debate in Parliament on specie resumption was long and interesting. The Earl of Liverpool cogently argued that while in the last three years of the war gold had risen from the standard of £3 17s. 10d. per ounce, to the enormous price of £5 4s. 0d. per ounce, being a rise of between twenty and thirty per cent above the standard of

the country, yet when peace came the price of gold was greatly lowered, until now, in the year 1819, it had varied only from three to ten per cent above the standard. The Earl of Liverpool declared:

"This fact was unquestionable at least, that no country in the world had ever established a currency without a fixed standard of value. The standard might be altered as their circumstances changed—as they became richer or poorer. It might be gold, it might be silver, it might be copper, or even iron. It might be anything that had real value in it; though the metals had been preferred for this purpose by the general consent of all nations. But it could not be paper, which has no value, and is only promise of value; and there was no principle in morals nor in politics that could be more clear than that in time of peace, and without the existence of the dangers to which they were exposed by war, they should not precipitate a system which could only be justified by the difficulties of the country."

He continued to urge the expediency and practicability of returning to the universal standard of value as required by policy, good

· faith, and common honesty.

Lord Granville said he had found occasion to lament the part he had himself taken in prolonging the suspension of cash payments during the term of the lately existing war. He now could not help expressing his joy and satisfaction that the country had at last arrived at a period when it could look forward with certainty to the repeal of this injudicious and unfortunate measure. He referred to the tendency of an inflated paper currency to produce speculation and commercial failures:

"As an illustration of his argument, he would refer their lordships to a list of bankrupts from the year 1790 to the present time; and their lordships could not fail to remark the striking coincidence of increased bankrupteies with the system of increased facilities. While the bank was lending money with one hand, with the other it was shaking the foundations of contracts, affecting all prices and involving the country in district an end in which the country in district and in which the country in district and in which are the country in district and in which is the country in th the country in distress and individuals in ruin, and in a proportion ten-fold greater than any advantage that would arise from their liberal issues."

Lord Granville challenged the opponents of specie payments to dony that paper money had been depreciated more than thirty per cent. He declared that there was no security whatever against the recurrence of such an evil. Parliament had by repeated acts first fixed the termination of the system; then prorogued it, and then prorogued it again. No man ventured to deny that at some period cash payments should be resumed. Every postponement of the obligation to pay in specie led to fresh issues of paper by the Bank. The question now was, would Parliament perform its duty?

In the House of Commons Sir Robert Peel, who brought in the bill for resumption, took the lead in the debate. He first referred to his own opposition at a former period (1810-11) to the resumption of

cash payments.

"He was ready to avow, without shame or remorse, that he went into the com-"He was ready to avow, without shame or remorse, that he went into the committee with a very different opinion from that which he at present entertained; for his views of the subject were most materially different, when he voted against the resolutions, brought forward in 1811, by Mr. Horner, as the chairman of the Bullion Committee. Having gone into the inquiry, determined to dismiss all former impressions that he might have received, and to obliterate from his memory the vote which he had given some very some when the same outstion was discussed. vote which he had given some years since, when the same question was discussed, he had resolved to apply to it his undivided and unprejudiced attention, and adopt every inference that authentic information or mature reflection should offer to his mind. . . From the nature of the evidence of practical men before the Committees of Parliament, and of the other information he had received, he felt himself called upon to state candidly and honestly that he was a convert to the doctrines regarding our currency which he had once opposed.

"New and extraordinary opinions had been promulgated, which, if the Housewas prepared to act on them, must inevitably lead to an indefinite suspension of

cash payments. When he recollected that the necessity for a resumption of cash payments was recognized in the preamble of different acts of Parliament—when he knew that no objection was formerly made to the principle of doing so, he confessed he was not exactly prepared to hear that a principle the very reverse would be contended for. But judging from certain publications, by which he feared the public mind was influenced, it did appear that the return to cash payments was viewed in some quarters with alarm; and he came to this conclusion, that if weight and authority were given to the principles and sentiments contained in those works, amongst the various propositions which have been advanced on the subject, was one which at first appeared very plausible, and was made by those who admitted the advantage of reverting to a metallic standard of value. The argument they used was, that a variable standard exposed the country to great danger; but at the same time, as we had now been twenty-two years without a metallic circulation, it would be extremely difficult and hazardous to revert to the ancient system. These persons maintained, that we ought to regulate the value of gold by the market price; and their plan amounted to neither more nor less than this—we ought to extricate ourselves from our prosent difficulties by depreciating the precious metals. They proposed that the bank should regulate the payment of its notes, not by a fixed standard, but by the price of gold, whatever it might be. In other words, in place of the ancient system of the country, by which paper was placed on a par with gold, they would reduce gold to a par with paper. That was a proposition which could be viewed in no other light than as a fraud on the public creditor.

He felt himself bound to caution the House against all arguments in support of a course which, though fraudulent, would not accomplish its own objects, while it aggravated present difficulties. The House must be prepared to legislate for an indefinite suspension. It was, therefore, absolutely necessary, in the outset, that Parliament should make up its mind on this point, whether a metallic standard of value should or should not be resorted to? On this account it was that, in a second resolution, he had called on the House to affirm the necessity for the adoption of a metallic standard. The House must now make up its mind upon the question whether the old metallic standard should be restored or not, and after an experience of twenty-two years, it was in his mind impossible that any considerate an eman should hesitate upon that question, or upon the expediency of returning to the ancient system of fixing upon some standard of value. Upon the necessity of establishing such a standard lie could appeal to the opinion of all writers on political economy, and to the practice of every civilized country, as well as to that of our own, antecedent to the year 1797. All the witnesses, indeed, examined before the committee, strongly recommended the establishment of this standard, one witness alone excepted (Mr. Smith, a very respectable man), who was an advocate for the indefinite suspension of cash payments.

"Sir Isaac Newfon, returning from the sublime study in which he chiefly passed his life—from the contemplation of the heavenly bodies—from an investigation of the laws by which their motions were guided—entered on the examination of this subject; but that great man came back at last to the old, the vulgar doctrine, as it was called by some, that the true standard of value consisted in a definite quantity of gold bullion. Every sound writer on the subject came to the same conclusion, that a certain weight of gold bullion, with an impression on it denoting it to be of that certain weight and of a certain fineness, constituted the only true, intelligible and adequate standard of value; and to that standard the country must return, or the difficulties of our situation would be aggravated as we proceeded. . It was notorious that the restoration of a metallic standard of value was essential to our relief

from those difficulties.

"But it was said the Bank was safe; their affairs were prosperous; the utmost confidence prevailed; their issues were made upon the best security, and the public faith was pledged to them. This was perfectly true, and clearly distinguished the Bank of England from all other establishments of the like nature. But did it follow that, because the Bank was solvent, there could be no over-issue of its paper? If solvency alone was a sufficient proof that there was no excess of circulation, the theory of Mr. Law was just, and the land as well as the funds, might be safely con-

verted into a circulating medium.

"In the year 1815, our commerce was in full activity, a great impulse had been given, speculation was at its height, and the exports were great beyond example. But in 1816 and in 1817 came the natural result of these overstrained hopes and exertions. A languor, proportionate to the degree of excitation, succeeded. An immense accumulation of property had taken place for which there was no demand. Prices fell, the country banks stopped their issues, and thousands were in a moment stricken to the ground by a blow which they could not foresee, and against which it was impossible to provide. The amount of Bank of England notes in circulation previous to 1814 was about £225,000,000; in 1815 it was about £225,000,000; in 1815 it was about £225,000,000; in 1816,

Peel further declared to the House of Commons that it would answer no good purpose to promise a resumption of cash payments without fixing upon some definite period, because such a promise had been made no less than five times, and every time had proved delusive. The country, in order to be satisfied, must see that a serious resolution

to be carried into effect existed upon this subject.

After protracted discussions, of which the above is the barest outline, the resistance to the principle of resumption was beaten by a great majority. Though the immediate resumptionists, not being sustained by the Ministry, won no victory, Mr. Peel's bill was adopted by the House of Commons without a dissenting voice amid loud cheers. In the House of Lords it was also passed without a division, and received the royal assent July 2d, 1819. It provided for a gradual return to specie payment in four years. When the bill passed in 1819, gold stood at 5 per cent premium. The bill required that after the 1st of February, 1820, the Bank should be liable to deliver on demand gold for paper at the rate of £4 1s. per ounce—that is to say, any party presenting bank-notes to the amount of £243 should receive in return a bar of gold worth £233. After October 1st, 1820, he was to pay only £238 for the same quantity of gold, and after May 1st, 1821, gold ingots were to be made purchasable at their par value in notes. Two years more were allowed for the full trial of this experiment, and the Bank was required, on May 1, 1823, to begin the

redemption of its notes in coin.

This rather clumsy graduation scheme of resumption, it will be seen, did not require the payment of actual coin, but of gold ingots or bullion, and the act itself contained an admission or official acknowledgment of depreciation in attempting to force the price of Within a few months after the adoption of this resumption act, gold fell to par, where it has ever since remained. Bank got ready its bullion bars to redeem its notes, but no one wanted On the contrary, large amounts of gold were poured into its vaults, evincing the familiar fact that when specie is to be had for convertible paper, the public prefers the paper. Early in 1821, the directors asked Parliament to pass a new act providing for the entire resumption of cash payments on the 1st of May of that year—two years in advance of the time originally fixed for resumption. brought about the result silently and without shock, the Bank circulation remaining actually undiminished except so far as gold sovereigns were substituted for the one and two pound notes, which were

And it was the suppression of these small notes, which had played a prominent part during the whole time of suspension, and had been put forth by the country banks even more freely than by the Bank of England, which led to grave financial troubles after resumption. From 1819 to 1822 there was a steady and sharp decline in prices throughout England, a decline attributed generally to the contraction brought about by Peel's bill. The contraction in credits and business enterprises then much complained of, was doubtless due to the "discounting" of the effects of resumption in specie, and how much of this contraction was wholesome and how much disastrous is still the subject of controversy. Though the agricultural and the shipping interests were much depressed—a fact attributed by some to their undue previous expansion - manufacturing interests extended and prospered, and there were fewer bankruptcies in the three years ending in 1821 than in any corresponding period since 1809. shrinkage in prices and the difficulty of doing business at a profit was such as to create an agitation against contraction, and especially against the suppression of the one-pound and two-pound notes—one of the great features of resumption. Parliament at length yielded to the pressure, and in 1822 passed an act postponing, for the long term of eleven years, the prohibition of the small notes. The result was a general reissue of one and two-pound notes by the bankers, a stimulus to joint stock and all other enterprises, and a great speculation in goods, stocks, and foreign loans. The increasing plethora of small paper-money, with the long term before the banks of its legalized currency, produced all the effects of a great inflation. In 1825 the issues of the country bankers were 50 per cent more than in 1822. Prices continually rose—on some commodities 25 per cent, and on others 50 per cent. Five hundred and thirty-two new joint-stock companies were created in one year, with a nominal capital amounting to £441,649,600, or more than two thousand millions of dollars. The crisis came in 1825. Credit, which had been pushed to the utmost, began to weaken, private banking-houses in London tumbled, and the financial ruin of multitudes followed. There were 1,100 bankruptcies in 1825, and in 1826 the number rose to 2,600. was drained abroad to an enormous amount to pay for the government loans and other enterprises in which sanguine Englishmen had invested. Wages fell, employment fell off, and wide distress spread through all classes of community. The government was besieged for an order in council to restrain payments in specie, but Mr. Canning firmly refused. The Bank of England met the crisis by doubling its discounts, instead of fanning the flame of distrust by refusing credit. Still, the insatiable demand for gold which had set in would have led to the worst results, but for the fact that the Bank paid it out promptly and resolutely as fast as its notes were offered. On Dec. 4th, 1825, the coin and bullion in its vaults was reduced to only £1,024,000; this, too, with an outstanding circulation in paper of £25,709,000. The directors of the Bank then bethought them of a box of one pound notes which had been put by, and application was made to the government for permission to issue them, which was granted (the power already existing by law) on condition that it should be strictly temporary. The issue of the small notes worked wonders. It proved, first, that the money famine was rather a want of small change than a necessity for gold; and, secondly, that the run on the banks, firmly met as it had been by specie, had nearly spent its force, when the public were glad to receive one pound notes for their large bills, in place of sovereigns.

Parliament met a month later, when the panic was investigated, and attributed by its committees to the inflation produced by the heavy issues of small notes by the country banks in the two preceding years. It was insisted by the majority that the restoration of a metallic issue could not be effected so long as small notes were permitted; that wherever there was a paper circulation of the same denomination as the specie currency, the coin was sure to be expelled by the paper; and the chancellor of the exchequer brought in a bill limiting the circulation of small notes issued by the Bank of England or other banks to three years, (or from Nov. 26, 1826 to Nov. 26, 1829), after which they were to be extinguished. Parliament promptly acted by passing an act requiring the withdrawal of the small-note circulation, to be substituted by metallic currency, and the panic having spent its force, prosperity was once more re-established in

England.

Table showing the Issues of Paper by the Bank of England during the Suspension of Cash Payments; also, the amount of Specie on hand each Year, and the price of Gold.

| YEAR. | Circulation. | Bank treasure. | Price of gold. | YEAR. | Circulation. | Bank treasure. | Price of gold. |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | £ | £ | | | £ | £ | |
| 1797 | 9,674,780 | 1,086,170 | 100 | 1813 | 23,210,930 | 2,884,500 | 180 |
| 1793 | 13,095,830 | 5,828,940 | 100 | 1814 | 24,801,080 | 2,204,480 | 134 |
| 1799 | 12,959,800 | 7,563,900 | 100 | 1815 | 27,261,650 | 2,036,910 | 115 |
| 1800 | 16,844,470 | 6,144,250 | 109 | 1816 | 27,013,620 | 4,640,880 | 105 |
| 1801 | 16,213,280 | 4,640,120 | 107.85 | 1817 | 27,397,900 | 9,680,970 | 100.8 |
| 1802 | 15,186,880 | 4,152,950 | 106.2 | 1818 | 27,770,970 | 10,055,460 | 104.5 |
| 1803 | 15,319,930 | 3,776,750 | 103 | 1819 | 25,126,700 | 4,184,620 | 104 |
| 1804 | 17,077,830 | 3,372,140 | 103 | 1820 | 23,484,110 | 4,911,050 | 100 |
| 1865 | 17,871,170 | 5,883,800 | 103 | 1821 | 23,884,920 | 11,869,900 | 100 |
| 1806 | 17,730,120 | 5,987,190 | 103 | 1822 | 18,665,350 | 11,057,150 | 100 |
| 1807 | 16,950,680 | 6,142,840 | 103 | 1823 | 18,033,635 | 10,384,000 | 100 |
| 1808 | 18,188,860 | 7,855,470 | 103 | 1824 | 19,927,120 | 14,200,000 | 100 |
| 1809 | 18,542,860 | 4,448,700 | 115.5 | 1825* | 25,709,000 | 1,024,000 | 100 |
| l 810 l | 21,019,600 | 3,501,410 | 115 | 1826 | 23,515,000 | 2,460,000 | 100 |
| 1811 | 23,360,220 | 3,350,940 | | 1827 | 21,891,000 | 10,159,000 | 100 |
| 812 | 23,408,320 | 2,983,190 | 122 | | 145.519.55.15 | ,,. | |

^{*} Dec. 24.

Area of the Coal Fields of the United States, and Annual Production.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Area, square miles. | Tons produced in 1869 (U.S. census, 1870). | Value, 1870. | Tons produced, 1877. (Saward's estimate). |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| 1 Pennsylvania, { Anthracite 2 Ohio 3 Ohio 3 Illinois 4 Maryland, Bituminous 5 West Virginia. 6 Iowa 7 Indiana 8 Missouri 9 Kentucky 10 Tennessee 11 California 12 Colorado 13 Kansas 14 Oregon 15 Alabama 16 Washington 17 Wyoming 18 Virginia 19 Michigan 20 Nebruska 21 Utah 22 Rhode Island 23 Arkansas 44 Texas | 22,256 5,330 185 6,700 3,000 | 2,527,285 2,624,181 1,819,824 608,878 263,487 437,870 621,930 150,582 133,418 4,500 32,938 11,000 17,844 50,000 61,803 28,150 1,425 5,800 | 13,921,099 5,482,999 5,487,482 6,697,482 2,400,208 1,035,680 1,035 | 750,000 600,000 800,000 200,000 200,000 175,000 150,000 90,000 30,000 45,000 14,000 |
| | | 32,863,690 | 73,524,992 | 54,898,250 |

STATISTICS OF COAL.

The first coal discovered in America was by Father Hennepin, in 1669, in what is now Ottawa, Illinois. It appears from the figures given by Macfarlane in "The Coal Regions of America," 1873, that Illinois has a larger area of coal fields than any other of the United States. The coal of the Western States, and a very large share of that produced in the Middle States, is bituminous, generally called soft coal. Anthracite, or hard coal, is found only in an area of about four hundred and seventy square miles, in Pennsylvania, in the counties of Schuylkill, Carbon, Luzerne, Northumberland, Dauphin, and Columbia. The first mining of coal was in the year 1813, when five ark loads of flinty coal were floated down the Lehigh River, and sold at Philadelphia for twenty-one dollars a ton. The fuel of the country was then almost wholly wood, Liverpool coal being a rare luxury. The entire importation of coal as late as the year 1821 was only 22,122 tons for the whole United States.

The first regular shipments of coal from the mines of Pennsylvania began in 1820, and the table of the annual product since is given herewith. The coal industry of Pennsylvania is one of enormous proportions, the annual product being valued at fifty millions of dollars. Besides more than twenty million tons of anthracite coal, there are mined in this State nearly ten million tons of bituminous coal per annum. Of the latter, the States of Ohio and Illinois produce the next most extensive yield, estimated for each at about three million tons annually. Maryland comes next with something more-than two million tons annually, of bituminous, or Cumberland coal. great coal field, located in Alleghany County, the extreme western part of Maryland, was first worked in 1842. It finds the sea-board market through the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal (from Cumberland to Alexandria, D.C.), and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. The coal is of high quality for bituminous, producing from fifty to sixty-five per cent of carbon; thirty-one to forty-seven per cent of volatile combustible matter; and three to eleven per cent of ashes. Ohio soft coal averages about fifty-seven per cent of carbon; Pennsylvania anthracite has from eighty-eight to ninety-one per cent of carbon, two and a half to five per cent of volatile combustible matter, and five to seven per cent of ashes.

| Number of collieries in the United States in 1870 | 1,566 |
|---|---------------|
| Number of hands employed | 92,454 |
| Capital invested in coal mining | \$110,008,029 |

Production of Cumberland Coal from the commencement of the Trade.—Shipments only—Tons of 2,240 lbs.

[Compiled from official sources in the office of the Cumberland and Pennsylvania R.R. Co.]

| Year. | Tons. | Year. | Tens. | Ycar. | Tons. | Year. | Tons. |
|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|
| 1842 | 1,708 | 1852 | 884,178 | 1862 | 317,634 | 1872 | 2,855,471 |
| 1848 | 10,082 | 1858 | 538,979 | 1868 | 748,345 | 1878 | 2,674,101 |
| 1844 | 14,890 | 1854 | 659,681 | 1864 | 657,996 | 1874 | 2,410,895 |
| 1845 | 24,658 | 1855 | 662,272 | 1865 | 902,495 | 1875 | 2,842,778 |
| 1846 | 29,793 | 1856 | 706,450 | 1866 | 1,079,331 | 1876 | 1,835,081 |
| 1847 | 52,940 | 1857 | 582,486 | 1867 | 1,193,822 | 1877 | 1,574,389 |
| 1848 | 79.571 | 1858 | 649,656 | 1868 | 1.330,443 | | |
| 1849 | 142,449 | 1859 | 724,854 | 1869 | 1,882,669 | Total | £2,090,877 |
| 1850 | 196,848 | 1860 | 788,909 | 1870 | 1,717,075 | 11 | |
| 1851 | 257,679 | 1861 | 269,674 | 1871 | 2,845,158 | 11 1 | |

THE ANTHRACITE COAL PRODUCTION OF PENNSYL-VANIA. 1820-1877.

[From The Engineering and Mining Journal, New York.]

| | trom the r | sugmeeting and Min | ing Journal, New Yor | rk.j |
|--------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Year. | 1. The Schuyl- KILL Region. Schuylkill, Nor- thumberland, Columbia, Dau- phin, and Leba- non counties. | 2. THE WYOMING REGION. Luzerne and Sullivan counties. | 8. THE LEHIGU REGION. Carbon, Columbia, and Luzerne counties. | All the regions. |
| Before | Tons, 2,240 lbs. | Tons, 2,240 lbs. | Tons, 2,240 lbs. | Tons, 2,240 lbs. |
| 1820 | 5,000 | 10,000 | 8,000 | 18,000 |
| 1820 1821 | 500 800 | 800 1,000 | 665 1,478 | 1,963 8,273 |
| 1822 | 1.000 | 1,200 | 2,740 | 4,940 |
| 1828 1824 | 1,200 1,500 | 1,800 1,700 | 6,528 10.441 | 9,023 13,641 |
| 1825 | 7.006 | 2,000 | 29,493 | 88,499 |
| 1826 1827 | 19,885 82,898 | 2,700 4,000 | 82,780 84,274 | 54,815 71,167 |
| 1828 | 52,481 | 6,200 | 83,283 | 91,914 |
| 1829 1830 | 87,293 104,584 | 16,800 58,200 | 29,110 46,850 | 133,203 209,684 |
| 1881 | 104,854 | 78,800 | 47,166 | 230,320 |
| 1882 1883 | 243,771 298,333 | 121,700 161,777 53,008 | 82,700 132,100 | 448,171 5 9 2,210 |
| 1884 | 274,977 | 53,008 | 128,874 | 456,859 |
| 1885 1886 | 410,805 521,478 | 108,900 125,360 | 158,812 178,891 | 678,517 82 5, 729 |
| 1887 1888 | 630,898 | 139.041 | 269,802 | 1,089,241 |
| 1889 | 521,951 545,446 | 94,083 146,760 177,867 | 256,979 265,230 | 873,018 957,436 |
| 1840 | 560,421 | 177,867 | 269,932 | 1,008,220 |
| 1841 1842 | 725,978 659,047 | 229,955 301,856 | 171,072 825,692 | 1,127,005 1,286,595 |
| 1843 | 819,276 | 840,441 | 819,209 | 1,478,926 |
| 1844 1845 | 1,015,628 1,298,336 | 435,434 536,829 | 448,683 509,761 | 1,899,690 2,344,426 |
| 1846 | 1,480,247 | 614,291 | 612,783 | 2,707,821 |
| 1847 1848 | 1,889,165 1,978,185 | 689,185 808,581 | 748,905 790,979 | 8,827,155 8,572,695 |
| 1849 1850 | 1,942,168 | 862,635 | 920,009 | 3,724, 812 |
| 1851 | 2,079,887 2,705,591 | 972,692 1,355,028 | 811,286 1,130,071 | 8,868,365 5,190,690 |
| 1852 1858 | 2,967,88 <u>4</u> 2,984,765 | 1,502,865 1,728,655 | 1,254,899 | 5,725,148 |
| 1854 | 3.572.182 | 1,868,052 | 1,231,488 1,406,879 | 5,939,853 6,846,556 |
| 1855 1856 | 4,130,852 4,143,288 | 2,060,267 | 1,493,423 | 7,684,542 |
| 1857 | 8,906,857 | 2,288,194 2,261,114 | 1,568,285 1,526,671 | 7,999,767 7,694,84 2 |
| 1858 1859 | 8,741,790 8,979,809 | 2,527,125 | 1,595,815 | 7,864,230 |
| 1860 | 4,819,576 | 8,151,846 8,888,978 | 1,879,071 2,098,569 | 9,010,7 26 9,807,118 |
| 1861 1862 | 8,684,916 8,987,175 | 0,010,411 | 1,999,184 | 9,147,461 |
| 1863 | 4.478.877 | 8,608,198 4,304,754 | 1,549,658 2,169,446 | 9,095,081 10,953,077 |
| 1864 1865 | 4,756,582 4,979,457 | 4,526,685 8,720,717 | 2,348,288 | 11,681,400 |
| 1866 | 6,245,599 | 5,418,958 | 2,082,858 2,433,280 | 13,733,033 14,092,837 |
| 1867 1868 | 5,899,505 6,097,947 | 6,089,272 6,846,699 | 2,356,867 2,865,820 | 14,345,644 |
| 1869 | 6,782,146 | 7,279,548 | 2,313,989 | 13,810,466 16,375,678 |
| 1870 1871 | 5,516,812 -7,120,340 | 8,814,024 7,690,251 | 8,489,364 2,568,764 | 17,819,700 |
| 1872 | 7,131,209 | 10,750,050 | 4,202,824 | . 17,379,855 23,084,083 |
| 1878 1874 | 7,385,333 7,386 ,793 | 11,744,141 10,241,032 | 8,801,447 4,139,561 | 22,880.921 21,667,886 |
| 1875 | 6,713,113 6,500,000 | 11,062,520 | 2,867,876 | 20,643,500 |
| 1876 | 6,500,000 8,600,000 | 8,530,000 8,323,000 | 3,970,000 4,400,009 | 19,000,000 21,323,000 |
| Total | 157,770,236 | 151,639,369 | 72,422,227 | 831,887,833 |

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THE IRON INDUSTRY.

[Condensed chiefly from "Statistics of the American and Foreign Iron Trades," by the Secretary of the American Iron and Steel Association, Philadelphia, 1878.]

THE iron industry of the United States centres most largely in Pennsylvania, and forms one of the chief sources of wealth to that

State, so rich in mineral productions.

Of the aggregate American product of pig iron in 1877, 2,314,585 tons, Pennsylvania produced 1,153,356, or almost precisely fifty per cent. of the whole product of the country. Ohio came next with 400,398 tons, and New York third with 230,442 tons. At the average price of \$19 per ton, the value of Pennsylvania's product of pig iron was nearly \$22,000,000 in 1877, while in 1872, with a product of 1,401,497 tons, and an average price of \$49 per ton, the value of the product was \$68,673,380, or more than three times as much. figures forcibly exhibit the violent contrasts in the wealth realized from mining industry in a season of flush times and high prices, and one of low prices and hard times. In the whole history of the iron trade, prices have never ruled quite so low as during the years The highest average price for any period during the last 35 years, obtained for pig iron, was \$59.25 in 1864. The lowest average was in 1878, ruling within a fraction of \$18 per ton, for No. 1 anthracite in Philadelphia. Tables, elsewhere given, show the price of Scotch pig in the New York market from 1825 to 1877. Scotch pig commands the highest price of any leading manufacture of crude iron, ruling generally from 20 to 25 per cent. higher than Pennsylva-Taking the average price of the latter for thirty-five years past, would be somewhat deceptive. The following table gives the highest and lowest price of Pennsylvania pig iron each year in the Philadelphia market:

| 1844. | 24 | 28 | 1858 | 821X | 37% | 1862 | 20 | 31 1 ₆ | 1871 | 3014 | 371X |
|-------|-------|-------|------|--------|-------|------|------|-------------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 1845. | 261/4 | 341/6 | 1854 | 351/2 | 38 | 1868 | 3134 | 431/4 | 1872 | 37 | 58% |
| 1846. | 27 | 29 | 1855 | 261/2 | 811% | 1864 | 431 | 735% | 1878 | 321/4 | 48% |
| 1847. | 28 | 85¾ | 1856 | 26 | | 1865 | 35 | 581/4 | 1874 | 24 | 82 |
| 1848. | 24% | 81 | 1857 | 2314 | 27% | 1866 | 41% | 50% | 1875 | 231/4 | 27 |
| 1849. | 20 | 25 | 1858 | 21 1/4 | 231/4 | 1867 | 41 | 48% | 1876 | 211 | 281/4 |
| 1850. | 20 | 21% | 1859 | 223/ | 241/ | 1868 | 37 | | 1877 | 18 | 2037 |
| 1851. | 21 | 22 | 1860 | 221/4 | | 1869 | 3914 | 42 | 1878 | 161 | 181 |
| 1852. | 901/4 | 2814 | 1861 | 18% | 21 % | 1870 | 3114 | 36⅓ | (10 mo.) | | |

The cost of Pennsylvania pig iron, as stated by Mr. W. E. S. Baker, Secretary of the Eastern Iron Masters' Association, was as follows for each year from 1850 to 1875 inclusive:

| 1850 | \$15.30 | 1857 | \$18.71 | 1864 | \$22.56 | 1870 | \$31 69 |
|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|-------|---------|
| 1851 | 14.35 | 1858 | 18.95 | 1865 | 33.82 | 1871 | 31 47 |
| 1852 | 15.49 | 1859 | 17.42 | 1866 | 29.52 | 1872 | 35 33 |
| 1858 | 16.10 | 1860 | 18.21 | 1867 | 29.68 | 1873 | 84 49 |
| 1854 | 17.37 | 1861 | 18.18 | 1868 | 27.93 | 1874 | 29 25 |
| 1855 | 20.16 | 1862 | 17.66 | 1869 | 28.54 | 1875 | 25 11 |
| 1856 | 19.26 | 1863 | 17.93 | 2000 | | 12000 | |

The average cost of the 26 years is put at \$23.15 per ton, divided thus: ore, 40 per cent; coal, 25 per cent; labor, 12 per cent; limestone, 7 per cent; interest, 6 per cent; contingencies, 10 per cent.

Although the market price of this great staple has reached an un-

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exampled depression, and more than half the furnaces, and many rolling mills, remain idle, with frequent failures and suspensions, the year was an eminently favorable one for the consumers of American iron, and the era of low prices has brought in an increase of consumption. The production of pig iron for 1877 exceeded that of 1876 by 221,349 tons, or about ten and one-half per cent, evincing a decided reaction from extreme depression; but still falling far short of the heavy products of 1872-73, in the midst of the railroad expansion era. The following table exhibits the statistics of pig iron production for six years, divided by States, and showing the number of furnaces working or out of blast in 1876 and 1877 respectively:

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON IN THE SIX YEARS, 1872 TO 1877, BY STATES.

[Statistics collected from the manufacturers by The American Iron and Steel Association.]

| | Dec. 31, | Fu | ondi rnace cemb | s on | De- | М | ake of Pig | g Iron in | Tons of 2, | 000 pound | ls. |
|--|--|---|--|------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|
| STATES. | P. C | 18 | 76. | 18 | 77. | | | | | ٠ | |
| | 1877 | In Bl't | Out of Bl't | In Bl't | Out of Bl't | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
| Pennsylvania. Ohio. New York. Michigan. Missouri. Illinois. New Jersey. Kentucky. Alabama West Virginia. Maryland. Tennessee. Wisconsin. Indiana Connecticut. Georgia. Virginia. Massachusetts Maine. Texas. N. Carolina. Vermont. Oregon. Utah. | 278 107 59 32 18 12 19 22 24 22 15 8 10 11 33 6 6 1 7 7 | 1133 383 223 7 6 6 33 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 1666 622 344 277 133 99 144 199 99 66 66 99 277 22 112 2 | 5 2 5 5 | 16 10 12 15 6 10 18 16 11 | 1,401,497 399,743 291,155 100,222 101,152 78,627 103,558 67,396 12,512 20,796 63,031 42,454 65,036 39,221 22,700 2,945 21,445 17,070 | 496,029 296,858 85,552 55,736 102,341 60,859 22,233 23,056 55,955 43,134 32,456 26,475 26,475 21,750 1,432 | 1,213,133 425,001 326,721 136,662 75,817 37,946 90,150 61,227 32,863 30,131 54,556 48,770 50,792 13,732 14,518 9,756 29,451 1,012 1,340 2,500 | 960,884 415,833 266,431 114,805 59,717 49,762 64,06) 48,339 25,108 25,277 38,744 28,311 10,889 21,255 21,255 2,046 | 1,000,613 403,277 181,620 181,620 181,620 25,349 25,349 34,686 24,732 41,165 19,576 24,555 11,231 14,547 10,160 10,518 13,046 400 550 1,750 | 1,153,356 400,398 230,442 82,216 73,565 61,333 52,909 47,607 41,241 31,905 26,959 22,205 15,450 14,413 13,233 12,431 13,233 12,431 2,904 1,960 525 22,105 |
| Total | 716 | - | - | 270 | 446 | 2,854,558 | 2,858,278 | | 2,266,581 | 2,093,236 | 2,314,585 |

At the close of 1877 there were in twenty-five States and the Territory of Wyoming 338 rolling mills, containing 4,531 single puddling furnaces, each double furnace being counted at two single furnaces. There were also 51 single puddling furnaces connected with steel works and forges, the total number of puddling furnaces in the United States in 1877 being 4,582. Of the whole number of mills, 253 were in operation during the whole or a part of the year. Of the whole number, including those connected with Bessemer steel establishments, 99 were built to make rails—60 heavy and 39 light rails; and of these, 38 heavy and 17 light rail mills—55 in all—made rails in 1877. The rolling-mill capacity of the country, like its blast furnace capacity, is double the production of 1877.

A remarkable development has attended the introduction of Besse-

mer steel rails in this country, as in all others where that excellent and economical substitute for iron rails has been introduced. The following table shows in detail the production of iron and steel rails in this country since the beginning of the manufacture of Bessemer steel rails:

| Years. | Iron Rai's all kinds. Net tons. | Bessemer Steel Rails. Net tons. | Total. Net tons. | Years. | Iron Rails all kinds. Net tons. | Bessemer Steel Rails. Net tons. | Total. Net tons. |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1867 1869 | 459,558 499,489 | | 462,109 506,714 | | 761,052 584,469 | | 890,077 729,413 |
| 1869 1870 | 583,986 583,093 | 9,630 | | | 501,619 467,168 | 290,863 | 792.512 879,629 |
| 1871 1872 | 737,483 905,980 | 83,250 | | 1877 | 882,540 | | 761,709 |

The above table exhibits the remarkable fact that steel rails are crowding out the old-fashioned iron material with great rapidity. It has been estimated abroad on trustworthy evidence that the replacement of track required on a railway worked to its full capacity is 70 per cent less when steel rails are used, than when iron is employed.

Of the railroad iron made in the United States in 1877, Pennsylvania made 45½ per cent; Illinois, 16 per cent; Ohio, 11 per cent; Indiana, 4½ per cent; New York, 4½ per cent; and Missouri, 4 per cent; twelve other States contributing small quotas to the aggregate product. The price of iron rails and Bessemer steel rails exhibits a similar decline to that of pig iron. American iron rails were sold in Philadelphia in 1872 at the average price of \$85 per ton. In 1877 the average was \$35.25 per ton. The price of Bessemer steel rails is seen in the following yearly average:

| Years. | Yearly average. | ¥ | Yearly | Vacan | Yearly | Veem | Yearly average. | Vacan | Yearly average. |
|--------|--------------------|------|--------|--------------|--------|------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1868 | 1581/4 | 1870 | | 1872 1873 | | | | 1876 1877 | 5914 |
| 1869 | 1321/4 | 1871 | 1021/2 | 1878 | 1201/2 | 1875 | 68% | 1877 | 451/6 |

The statistics of American importation and exportation of pig iron and of manufactured iron and steel, from 1821 to 1878, will be found and exportation and steel are specific.

on another page.

The annual production of iron ore in the United States cannot be given, no statistics existing from which it can be made up. The Lake Superior iron region is the only one which furnishes annual reports of production. This is greatly to be regretted. Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Missouri, and other States, should provide by law for

the collection of full statistics of their mining industries.

If we turn from the United States to Europe, the annals of the iron industry exhibit almost precisely the same statistics of decline in prices that have attended it in this country. Hunt's Mineral Statistics of the United Kingdom states that of 974 blast furnaces in the iron producing districts in 1877, only 489 were actually in blast, or about one-half. This, we have seen already, is the situation, though in a somewhat larger ratio of inactivity, in the United States. The average price of Scotch pig iron, with the production for fifteen years past, both of coal and iron, is shown in the following table from the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom for 1878:

BRITISH PRODUCTION OF COAL AND IRON-1863-1877.

| | Co | ▲L. | | Pig Inon. | |
|--------|--|--|---|---|---|
| YEARS. | • | Value at place of production. | | Value at place of production. | Average price. |
| 1863 | Tone. 86,292,215 92,787,873 96,150,587 101,630,544 104,500,480 103,141,157 107,427,557 110,451,192 117,352,028 123,497,316 127,016,747 125,043,257 131,887,105 133,344,766 139,179,968 | £ 21,573,053 22,197,968 24,557,646 25,407,635 26,125,145 25,785,289 26,856,889 27,607,738 85,205,608 45,211,143 47,631,280 45,849,194 46,163,486 46,670,668 | Tors. 4,510,040 4,767,951 4,819,254 4,523,897 4,761,023 4,970,206 5,445,757 5,963,515 6,627,179 6,566,451 5,991,408 6,365,462 6,555,997 6,300,000 | £ 11,275,100 11,919,877 12,048,133 11,909,748 11,909,748 11,909,557 12,381,280 13,614,397 14,908,787 16,667,947 18,540,304 18,057,739 16,476,878 15,645,774 16,062,192 14,490,000 | 52 6 52 9 53 8 54 4 59 0 101 10 117 8 87 6 65 9 58 6 |

The actual cost of Scotch pig at the pit's mouth has been stated to be as low as £1 19s., or about \$9.50 a ton. The cost, however, of this, as of all other manufactures, must vary continually with the change in all the elements of labor, machinery, interest of capital, freight, etc., which go to make up the cost of production and transportation to market. The heavy decline of the price of iron and its numerous products may be seen in the following figures showing the exports of British iron and steel manufactures from 1871 to 1877:

| 1871 1872 1878 | 85,996,167 87,731,239 | 1875 1876 1877 | 20.787,410 |
|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------|
| | 02,200,000 | | |

A steady decline in quantities has occurred since 1872, with the exception of a slight increase in 1877, when, though the export in tons was increased, the value was largely lessened. A large decline

in values has yearly taken place since 1873.

Of the iron and steel exported from England in 1877, Germany took 285,000 tons, British India 229,000, Holland 222,000, Australia, 216,000, the United States 168,000, France 123,000, and British North America, 119,500, and other countries lesser amounts. The Bessemer steel trade of England and Wales is constantly increasing, while prices have steadily declined. The maximum price for steel rails of £15 10s. per ton, the average of 1873, has given place to the minimum of £5 15s. per ton, which has been rather above than below the average price for 1878. The trade in iron rails is slowly dying out. Germany is a great consumer of foreign iron and steel, as well as a large manufacturer on its own account. The production of pig iron in Germany has averaged something less than two million tons per annum since 1872, while the total value of iron and steel products in Germany in 1873 was placed at 568,647,247 marks, or about 142 million dollars. Only three out of twenty leading German iron works paid dividends in 1876. In France the production of pig iron was,

in 1877, 1,350,393 tons, being a decline of about five per cent, compared with the three preceding years. The consumption of iron and steel rails in France shows the following proportions from 1872 to 1877, and exhibits the same revolution in the relative use of the two materials for railways, that has taken place in this country. But the change from iron to steel has been much more rapid and complete in France:

| Years. | Iron. | Steel. | Years. | Iron. | Steel. |
|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| 1872 | 101,686 | 52,191 | 1875 | 96 889 | 120,660 |
| 1873 | 124,717 | 64,037 | 1876 | 57,935 | 130,681 |
| 1874 | 123,667 | 102,227 | 1877 | 43,883 | 136,549 |

There were opened in France 423 miles of new railway in 1877. "Bessemer steel rails," says the report of the American Iron and Steel Association, "cannot be made at a profit in France, for less than £8 or \$40 a ton, yet the ruling price in England shows that France might import steel rails at less than £6 a ton, if not excluded by protective duties." "The French tariff," says the report, "has, in the past year, saved the Bessemer steel industry in France from foreign competition, which it would have been powerless to resist."

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF COAL, IRON, AND STEEL.

[From the Annual Report of the Secretary of the American Iron and Steel Association, for 1878, with additions from The Coal Trade, by F. E. Saward, 1878, etc.]

| _ | Coal area | 1. Min | ERAL COAL. | 2. Cast | or Pig Iron. | 3. STEEL. |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| COUNTRIES. | in square miles. | Years. | Tons of 2,240 lbs. | Years. | Tons of 2,240 lbs. | Tons of 2,240 lbs. |
| Great Britain | 11,900 | 1877 | 134,179,968 | | 6,300,000 | 1,000,000 |
| United States * | 192,000 | | 50,000,090 | | 2,066,594 | |
| Germany | 1,770 | | 48,337,950 | 1877 | 1,566,800 | 870,000 |
| France | 2,086 | | 16,778,779 | 1877 | 1,822,869 | |
| Belgium | 510 | | 14,099,281 | 1877 | 418,366 | |
| Austria-Hungary | 1,800 | | 12,852,048 | | 472,285 | 75,000 |
| China | | 1877 | 3,000,000 | | | |
| Russia | 30,000 | | 1,152,850 | | 420,484 | 15,000 |
| Australasia |] | 1875 | 1,250,000 | | 10,000 | |
| Canada | | 1877 | 1,000,000 | 1876 | 7,500 | |
| weden | | | | 1876 | 346,955 | |
| Luxemburg | | | | 1877 | 250,000 | |
| Spain | 3,500 | | 500,000 | | 73,000 | |
| india | 2,000 | 1875 | 500,000 | | | |
| Furkey | | | | | | |
| [taly | | 1874 | 182,500 | | 25,000 | |
| Switzerland | | | | 1872 | 7,500 | |
| Mexico | | | | 1876 | 7,500 | |
| Japan | 5,000 | 1874 | 890,000 | | 10,000 | |
| Norway | | · • • • • • • • | | 1870 | 8,975 | |
| All other countries. | | | 1,000,000 | | 10,000 | 20,00 |
| Total | | | 285,368,376 | | 13,358,628 | 2,400,00 |

^{*}Other estimates make the coal fields of the United States, reckoning the Permian and tertiary coals, to embrace an area of over 600,000 square mile.. But all estimates of their extent are as yet conjectural, and a very large portion of their actual area contains no workable coal.

STATEMENT OF MILES OF RAILROAD IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY FROM 1868 TO JANUARY 1, 1878.

From Poor's Manual of the Railroads of the United States, 1878-79.

| Miles of R.R. in . | . 1868. | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|--------------------|---------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|
| Alabama | 953 | 916 | 1,157 | 1,496 | 1,628 | 1,722 | 1,722 | 1,732 | 1,738 | 1,80 |
| Arkansas | 86 | 128 | 256 | 258 | 450 | 700 | 700 | 740 | 788 | 767 |
| California | 468 | 702 | 925 | 1,013 | 1,042 | 1,208 | 1,328 | 1,503 | 1,919 | 2,08 |
| Colorado | | | 157 | 328 | 483 | 603 | 682 | 807 | 957 | 1,04 |
| Connecticut | 637 | 692 | 742 | 820 | 868 | 897 | 897 | 918 | 918 | 92 |
| Dakota | | 00.0 | . 120 | 65 | 234 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 29 |
| Delaware | 165 | 210 | 224 | 227 | 254 | 264 | 280 | 285 | 285 | 27 |
| Florida | 437 | 446 | 446 | 466 | 466 | 466 | 484 | 484 | 484 | 48 |
| Georgia | 1,575 | 1,652 | 1,845 | 2,108 | 2,160 | 2,260 | 2,260 | 2.264 | 2,306 | 2.33 |
| Illinois | 3,440 | 4,031 | 4,823 | 5,904 | 6,361 | 6,589 | 6,759 | | 7,285 | 7,39 |
| Indiana | 2,600 | 2,863 | 3,177 | 3,529 | 3,649 | 3,714 | 3,890 | 7,109 | | |
| Indian Territory. | . 2,000 | 2,000 | 0,111 | 92 | 279 | 279 | 279 | 3,963 | 4,003 279 | 4,05 |
| | | 2,095 | 2,683 | | | | | 279 | | 27 |
| Iowa | | | | 3,160 | 3,643 | 3,728 | 3,765 | 3,850 | 3,939 | 4,13 |
| Kansas | . 648 | 931 | 1,501 | 1,760 | 2,063 | 2,100 | 2,150 | 2,150 | 2,238 | 2,35 |
| Kentucky | . 813 | 852 | 1,017 | 1,123 | 1,266 | 1,320 | 1,326 | 1,326 | 1,475 | 1,50 |
| Louisiana | . 335 | 375 | 479 | 539 | 539 | 539 | 539 | 539 | 539 | 49 |
| Maine | . 560 | 580 | 786 | 871 | 871 | 905 | 957 | 980 | 1,000 | 99 |
| Maryland and D.C | 535 | 588 | 671 | 820 | 1,012 | 1,046 | 1,060 | 1,077 | 1,107 | 94 |
| Massachusetts | . 1,425 | 1,430 | 1,480 | 1,606 | 1,658 | 1,755 | 1,786 | 1,817 | 1,837 | 1,86 |
| Michigan | . 1,199 | 1,325 | 1,638 | 2,116 | 2,976 | 3,253 | 3,315 | 3,346 | 3,395 | 3,47 |
| Minnesota | | 795 | 1,092 | 1,612 | 1,906 | 1,950 | 1,990 | 1,990 | 2,020 | 2,19 |
| Mississippi | .1 898 | 990 | 990 | 990 | 990 | 990 | 1,018 | 1,018 | 1,044 | 1,08 |
| Missouri | . 1,354 | 1,712 | 2,000 | 2,580 | 2,673 | 2,858 | 2,880 | 2,905 | 3,146 | 3,19 |
| Nebraska | . 473 | 473 | 705 | 943 | 1,051 | 1,107 | 1,107 | 1,127 | 1,150 | 1,28 |
| Nevada | . 402 | 402 | 593 | 593 | 611 | 629 | 650 | 650 | 680 | 63 |
| New Hampshire. | . 667 | 702 | 736 | 790 | 810 | 877 | 918 | 934 | 940 | 96 |
| New Jersey | . 973 | 1,011 | 1,125 | 1,265 | 1,378 | 1,418 | 1,438 | 1.511 | 1,601 | 1,66 |
| New York | . 3,329 | 3,658 | 3,928 | 4,470 | 4,925 | 5,165 | 5,250 | 5,423 | 5,525 | 5,72 |
| North Carolina | . 1,097 | 1,130 | 1,178 | 1,190 | 1,250 | 1,265 | 1,315 | 1,528 | 1,570 | 1,42 |
| Ohio | . 3,398 | 3,448 | 3,538 | 3,740 | 4,108 | 4,258 | 4,398 | 4,461 | 4,687 | 4.87 |
| Oregon | . 19 | 60 | 159 | 241 | 241 | 251 | 251 | 251 | 251 | 24 |
| Pennsylvania | 4.393 | 4,598 | 4,656 | 5,113 | 5,369 | 5,550 | 5,687 | 5,868 | 5,983 | 5,92 |
| Rhode Island | | 125 | 136 | 136 | 136 | 159 | 173 | 179 | 189 | 20 |
| South Carolina | 1.076 | 1,101 | 1,139 | 1,201 | 1,290 | 1,320 | 1,320 | 1,335 | 1,353 | 1.40 |
| Tennessee | | 1,451 | 1,492 | 1,520 | 1,520 | 1,620 | 1,630 | 1,630 | 1.645 | 1,65 |
| Texas | 513 | 583 | 711 | 865 | 1,078 | 1,578 | 1,650 | 1,685 | 2,085 | 2,21 |
| Utah | . 0.0 | 257 | 257 | 257 | 349 | 372 | 459 | 515 | 515 | 50 |
| Vermont | 605 | 614 | 614 | 675 | 710 | 721 | 778 | 810 | 810 | 87 |
| Virginia | 1,464 | 1,483 | 1,486 | 1,490 | 1,537 | 1,573 | 1,638 | 1,638 | 1,649 | 1,63 |
| Washington Torn | 1,204 | 1,400 | 1,400 | | | | | | | 1,05 |
| Washington Terr. | 365 | 387 | 387 | 25 485 | 65 | 105 576 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 63 |
| West Virginia | 1 900 | | | | 561 | | 576 | 576 | 584 | |
| Wisconsin | . 1,235 | 1,512 | 1,525 | 1,725 | 1,878 | 2,360 | 2,546 | 2,566 | 2,707 | 2,70 |
| Wyoming | . 447 | 447 | 459 | 459 | 459 | 459 | 459 | 459 | 459 | 46 |

RECAPITULATION.

| STATE3. | 1863. | 1860. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| Southern States Pacific States | 9,765 16,889 10,688 889 | 10,752 19,884 11,107 1,164 | 10,991 23,540 12,196 1,677 | 12,380 28,269 13,246 1,765 | 13,499 32,112 14,112 1,959 | 14,019 83,905 15,353 2,198 | 14,291 84,954 15,602 2,339 | 14,740 35,802 15,919 2,514 | 5,694 15,085 37,055 16,676 2,960 77,470 | 15,166 41,224 13,840 8,156 |

Note.—The slightly decreased mileage in some States in 1877 is due to corrections of former statements.

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TABLE SHOWING THE MILEAGE, CAPITAL, COST, AND REVENUE OF ALL THE RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 1877.

[From Poor's Manual of the Railroads of the United States for 1878-79.]

| | V41 | Sidings, | | CAPITAL | ACCOUNT. | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| States. | Length of line. | double track, etc. | Capital stock. | Funded debt. | Other debt. | Total amount. |
| 1 . | Miles. | Miles. | \$ | \$ | \$ | 94,210,02 |
| 1 Alabama 2 Arkansas | 2,899.20 474.00 | 161.04 13.70 | 41,925,093 3,502,900 | 47,927,451 7,650,000 | 4,357,479 276,528 | 94,210,02 16,429,42 |
| 8 California | 1,875.46 | 116.48 | 56,473,384 | 38,045,000 | 8.975,891 | 103,494,27 |
| 4 Colorado | 843.26 | 31.43 | 17,590,300 | 14,800,500 | | 32,899,66 |
| 5 Connecticut 6 Dakota | 1,019.70 295.50 | 312.91 11.00 | 38,225,047 6,279,933 | 15,694,000 1,489,950 | | 56,834,23 7,976,27 |
| 7 Delaware | 199.12 | 18.43 | 2,659,019 | 1,853,700 | 265,362 | 4,778,08 |
| 8 Florida | 450.20 | 24.65 | 10,310,000 | 6,082,000 23,942,500 | | 16,952,96 64,303,10 |
| 9 Georgia O Illinois | 2,3\$8.42 9,027.37 | 147.50 1,668.54 | 39,063,596 237,298,428 | 202,670,143 | | 464,479,77 |
| l Indiana | 8,704.90 | 486.22 | 79,786,786 | 89,900,124 | 15,312,792 | 184,999,70 |
| 2 Iowa | 2,827.99 2,283.44 | 191.38 175.24 | 55,548,207 36,484,950 | 37,491,500 70,333,100 | | 96,352,63 110,289,77 |
| 18 Kansas | 1,528.92 | 193.86 | 40,717,372 | 27,499,730 | 2,108,344 | 70,325,44 |
| 5 Louisiana | 991.75 | 80.82 | 22,504,825 | 13,293,500 | 259,000 | 36,057,32 42,221,13 |
| l6 Maine 17 Maryla'd & D. C. | 1,006.88 1,187.81 | 126.92 738.86 | 16,138,104 44,774,242 | 24,215,111 72,541,887 | 1,867,917 2,410,837 | 42,221,13 119,726,96 |
| 8 Massachusetts | 2,010.57 | 1,107.39 | 109,819,748 | 42,681,334 | | 165,035,40 |
| 19 Michigan | 8,299,99 | 579.27 | 56,582,543 | 84,927,657 | 14,971,349 | 156,481,54 |
| 20 Minnesota | 2,103.32 324.50 | 136.31 21.25 | 39,813,171 3,512,708 | 35,141,580 5,804,714 | 2,260,903 187,136 | 77,215,65 9,544,55 |
| 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri | 4,852.24 | 557.02 | 121,736,741 | 125,097,217 | | 252,259,36 |
| 23 Nebraska | 736.98 | 61.23 | 14,188,278 | 18,788,237 | 1,143,901 | 34,120,41 |
| 24 Nevada | 189.75 798.77 | 57.00 141.36 | 2,500,000 16,763,420 | 2,500,000 6,279,077 | 280,000 | 5,280,00 |
| 86 New Jersey | 1,699.15 | 1,040.34 | 89,069,491 | 104,172,500 | 523,081 3,022,993 | 5,280,00 23,565,57 196,264, 98 |
| 86 New Jersey 27 New York | 5,684.68 | 3,301.23 | 274,189,476 | 203,236,912 | 21,858,460 | 499,284,84 |
| 8 North Carolina | 1,216.55 5,795.31 | 60.18 1,932.10 | 17,622,683 215,488,709 | 12,057,224 196,584,954 | | 31,099, 17 434,549,70 |
| O Oregon | 247.50 | 9.39 | | 11,250,000 | 1,000,000 | 12,250,00 658,755,39 |
| 31 Pennsylvania | 5,541.07 | 3,229.87 | 297,569,367 | 324,272,834 | 36,913,194 | 658,755,39 |
| 32 Rhode Island 38 South Carolina | 138.19 1,483.80 | | 4,573,393 21,105,388 | 2,479,500 16,697,462 | | 7,281,65 40,237,57 |
| 4 Tennessee | 1,058.55 | 92.80 | 16,418,770 | 15,334,100 | 2,221,061 | 33,973,93 |
| o Texas | 2,096.71 | 143.09 | 26,891,333 | 56,315,991 | 5,466,775 | 88,674, 0 9 11,331,00 |
| 36 Utah | 283.25 776.71 | 30.16 195.44 | 5,505,000 23,882,964 | 5,670,000 20,570,400 | | 48,116, 3 0 |
| 88 Virginia | 1,883.20 | 183.71 | 44,453,852 | 53,301,517 | | 106,000,69 |
| 89 Washington | 191.00 | | 3,758,150 | 379,800 | | 4,509,21 |
| 10 West Virginia 11 Wisconsin | 147.70 2,901.74 | 28.80 276.16 | 6,214,285 58,357,542 | 555,000 58,329,252 | | 9,457,94 119,571,52 |
| 1 | | | | | | |
| Union Pac. R. R. Cent'l Pac. R. R. | 1,042.40 1,203.85 | | | 78,062,512 82,740,680 | | 115,824,81 148,615,00 |
| | Rec | apitulatio | n by Groups | of States. | · | |
| iow England | 5,750.32 | 1,943.58 | 209,402,676 | 111,919,422 | 21,732,215 | 843,054,31 |
| Middlo | 14,459.43 18,744.09 | 8,302.43 1,090.10 | 706,203,195 263,848,572 | 702,755,888 222,495,198 | 95,778 978 | 1,478,441.08 512,199.74 |
| Southern Vestern & S. West. Pacific | 18,744.09 40,749.75 2,265.96 | 6.262.69 221.85 | 974,549,821 | 999,520,205 57,844,800 | 103,239,587 10,783,160 | 1,478,441,09 512,122,74 2, 076,2 99 ,56 186,864,49 |
| Pacific Railreads | 76,962.60 2,245.73 | | 2,222,240,798 91,037,800 | | | 4,541,762,91 964,439,81 |
| | | | | | | |
| United States | 79,208.35 | 18,009.49 | 2,813,278,508 | 2,25 5,318,650 | 287,604,774 | 4,806,202,0 |

TABLE SHOWING THE MILEAGE, CAPITAL, COST, AND REVENUE OF ALL THE RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 1877—(Concluded).

[From Poor's Manual of the Railroads of the United States for 1878-79.]

| Alabama 2 Arkansas. 3 California. 4 Colorado 5 Connecticut. 6 Dakota. 7 Delaware. 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa. 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louislana. 16 Maine. 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan. 20 Minnesota. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri. 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Hampshire. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. 40 West Virginia. | railroad and equipment. \$ 8,729,645 16,429,428 99,845,256 32,035,150 55,303,077 4,716,907 7,479,000 59,441,622 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 42,83,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 188,971,992 76,607,048 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 44,681,784 5,280,000 421,622,317 44,681,784 5,280,000 421,622,317 44,681,784 5,280,000 421,622,317 44,681,784 5,280,000 421,622,317 44,681,784 5,280,000 421,622,317 46,680,726 408,381,505 264 608,726 408,381,505 264 608,726 408,381,505 264 608,726 408,381,505 608 | Gross carnings. \$ 5,903,907 463,104 5,770,151 1,064,223 9,241,186 485,001 553,885 6,683,0443 8,071,888 6,675,620 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 6,008,909 1,801,724 444,77,847 1,607,744 1,847,244 4,77,847 1,847,747,847 1,666,176 6,008,909 1,801,724 444,77,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,843,434 1,77,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,847,847 1,84 | Working expenses. 4,599,758 4,599,758 388,136 4,127,851 635,178 332,708 373,417 4,195,296 4,738,479 12,157,344 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,061 10,632,258 6,647,64 10,632,258 | Net earnings. \$ 1,394,149 194,968 1,642,300 429,0415 152,293 160,416 22,001,581 3,564,598 1,256,950 3,113,959 678,244 4,212,2095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 7,194,808 4,76 7,978,988 19,464,997 7,978,988 19,464,997 575,217 | 245,823 830,820 117,796 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 | 85,818 1,263,756 7,408,265 344,605 656,228 653,276 437,826 1,373,376 3,213,891 205,918 |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| 2 Arkansas. 3 California. 4 Colorado. 5 Connecticut. 6 Dakota. 7 Delaware 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa. 13 Kansas. 4 Kentucky. 14 Louisiana. 16 Maine. 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan 10 Minnesota. 11 Mississippi. 22 Missouri. 23 Nebraska. 44 Nevada. 54 New Jersey. 7 New York. 85 North Carolina. 10 Oregon. 11 Pennsylvania. 12 Rhode Island. 13 South Carolina. 14 Tennessee. 15 Texas. 16 Utah. 17 Vermont. 18 Virginia. | 16, 429, 428 90, 845, 256 32, 035, 150 55, 930, 077 17, 429, 000 50, 441, 622 447, 547, 826 447, 828 97, 676, 358 65, 018, 725 36, 427, 328 92, 210, 861 451, 177, 805 138, 977, 992 76, 607, 048 7, 561, 581 231, 907, 771 24, 681, 78 5, 280, 000 23, 055, 005 421, 622, 317 6, 637, 448 6, 828, 447 44, 681, 78 6, 697, 698 7, 561, 581 6, 795, 016 7, 955, 016 7, 955, 016 7, 957, 016 421, 622, 317 6, 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 | 463,104 5,770,151 1,064,223 9,241,186 455,001 533,835 6,561,680 6,630,443 8,071,638 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,626 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 868, 136 4,127,851 5 655,178 5 665,476 332,708 373,417 4,195,296 34,738,479 12,157,244 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,23,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,396,667 12,687,238 36,543,812 2,206,667 | 194.988 1,642,300 429.045 3,575,710 152,293 160,418 2,366,384 22,001,581 1,256,950 8,113,920 2,713,539 688,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,988 19,464,997 575,217 | 2,635,712 245,823 830,820 117,796 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,485,146 | 2,299,983 85,819 1,268,75 7,408,263 344,600 656,222 553,270 437,821 1,373,377 3,213,89 205,911 178,140 |
| 2 Arkansas. 3 California. 4 Colorado. 5 Connecticut. 6 Dakota. 7 Delaware. 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Jowa. 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louislana. 16 Maine . 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan . 20 Minnesota. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri. 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 16, 429, 428 90, 845, 256 32, 035, 150 55, 930, 077 17, 429, 000 50, 441, 622 447, 547, 826 447, 828 97, 676, 358 65, 018, 725 36, 427, 328 92, 210, 861 451, 177, 805 138, 977, 992 76, 607, 048 7, 561, 581 231, 907, 771 24, 681, 78 5, 280, 000 23, 055, 005 421, 622, 317 6, 637, 448 6, 828, 447 44, 681, 78 6, 697, 698 7, 561, 581 6, 795, 016 7, 955, 016 7, 955, 016 7, 957, 016 421, 622, 317 6, 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 680, 726 | 463,104 5,770,151 1,064,223 9,241,186 455,001 533,835 6,561,680 6,630,443 8,071,638 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,626 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 868, 136 4,127,851 5 655,178 5 665,476 332,708 373,417 4,195,296 34,738,479 12,157,244 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,23,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,396,667 12,687,238 36,543,812 2,206,667 | 194.988 1,642,300 429.045 3,575,710 152,293 160,418 2,366,384 22,001,581 1,256,950 8,113,920 2,713,539 688,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,988 19,464,997 575,217 | 2,635,712 245,823 830,820 117,796 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,485,146 | 2,299,987 85,818 1,268,767 7,408,363 344,603 656,222 553,277 437,820 1,373,377 3,213,899 205,912 178,146 |
| 3 California. 4 Colorado 5 Connecticut 6 Dakota 7 Delaware 8 Florida 9 Georgia 10 Illinois 11 Indiana 12 Iowa 13 Kansas 14 Kentucky 15 Louisiana 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Hampshire 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 39 Washington | 99,845,256 32,035,150 55,393,077 7,976,277 4,716,907 17,490,000 59,441,622 447,549,804 162,736,695 59,447,283 97,676,358 65,018,725 24,487,325 42,383,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 145,177,805 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,623,317 6,080,726 421,632,344,041 378,457,418 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 5,770,151 1,044,25,001 1,044,25,001 533,835 6,561,680 6,6830,060 15,721,683 8,6675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 4,127,851 695,178 5 665,476 393,708 393,417 4,195,296 34,738,479 12,157,249 4,373,493 4,977,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,23,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,26,507 | 1,642,300 429,045 3,575,710 152,293 160,418 2,366,324 22,001,581 3,564,598 1,256,950 3,113,929 678,359 678,359 678,474 4,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 748,186 748,186 748,186 748,186 748,186 | 245,823 830,830 117,796 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,063 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,816 175,000 202,467 4,65,146 10,148,551 | 85,815 1,263,756 7,408,265 344,605 656,225 653,276 487,826 1,373,377 3,213,899 205,919 178,146 |
| 4 Colorado. 5 Connecticut. 6 Dakota. 7 Delaware. 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 22 Iowa. 33 Kansas. 4 Kentucky. 15 Louisiana. 6 Maine. 7 Maryl'd & D. C. 8 Massachusetts. 9 Michigan 10 Minnesota. 11 Mississippi. 22 Missouri. 33 Nebraska. 4 Nevada. 5 New Hampshire. 6 New Jersey. 7 New York. 8 North Carolina. 9 Ohio. 10 Oregon. 11 Pennsylvania. 12 Rhode Island. 13 South Carolina. 14 Tennessee. 15 Texas. 16 Utah 17 Vermont. 18 Virginia. 18 Virginia. 19 Washington. | 32,035,150 55,303,077 7,976,277 4,716,907 17,490,000 59,441,622 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,549,804 447,325 36,427,325 36,427,325 36,427,325 145,177,805 138,971,992 76,607,048 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 62,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 | 1,064,223 9,241,186 455,601 533,835 6,561,680 6,583,080 15,721,638 6,633,443 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,854,875 14,077,624 4,48,050 999,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 635,178 5 665,476 332,708 373,417 4,195,296 4,738,479 12,157,244 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,061 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,223,955 1,012,998 2,306,667 12,421,345 1,012,998 36,543,812 2,306,667 | 429.045 3,575,710 152,293 160,416 2,366,324 22,001,581 1,256,950 1,256,950 2,713,539 638,246 639,233 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 17,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 17,734,808 3,551,234 1,242,095 17,784,808 19,464,997 | 245,823 830,830 117,796 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,063 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,816 175,000 202,467 4,65,146 10,148,551 | 85,81; 1,263,75,408,26; 344,60; 556,22; 553,27; 437,82; 1,373,37; 3,213,89; 205,91; 178,14; 695,07; 3,854,79; |
| 6 Dakota 7 Delaware 8 Florida 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 21 Iowa. 23 Kansas. 4 Kentucky. 5 Louisiana. 6 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 8 Massachusetts. 10 Michigan 10 Minnesota. 11 Mississippl. 22 Missouri. 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 6 New Jersey. 7 New York. 88 North Carolina. 90 Oregon. 11 Pennsylvania. 28 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 7.976,277 4.716,907 17,420,000 50,441,622 447,549,804 162,7736,695 54,447,283 97,676,358 65,018,725 92,210,861 145,177,805 145,177,805 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,682,317 32,234,641 6,080,726 6,080,726 | 455,001 523,825 6,561,680 6,580,060 15,721,638 5,630,443 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 4,46,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 332,708 373,417 4,195,296 34,738,479 12,157,244 4,377,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,315,754 10,632,258 3,223,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,206,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 2,366,824 22,001,881 3,564,598 1,256,950 2,718,539 638,476 6092,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 1,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 85,81 1,263,7408,26 344,60 556,22 553,27 437,82 1,373,37 3,212,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 7 Delaware. 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa. 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louisiana. 16 Maine. 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 44 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 38 Virginia. 38 Virginia. | 4.716,907 17,499,000 59,441,622 447,549,804 102,736,695 95,447,283 97,676,358 65,018,725 36,427,325 32,427,325 145,177,805 138,971,992 76,607,048 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,641 378,457,413 6,080,726 003,881,505 | 533,885 6,561,680 15,721,638 5,633,403 5,633,443 8,671,438 8,671,634 3,854,855 14,077,624 23,510,626 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 21,466,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 373,417 4,195,296 34,788,479 12,157,244 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,233,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,396,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,206,507 | 2,366,824 22,001,881 3,564,598 1,256,950 2,718,539 638,476 6092,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 69,000 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 1,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 85,81 1,263,75 7,408,26 344,60 344,60 556,22 553,27 437,88 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 8 Florida. 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa. 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louisiana. 16 Maine. 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan. 20 Minnesota. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri. 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah. 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 17, 49,000 50, 441,622 447,549,804 102,703,095 55,447,283 97,676,358 65,018,725 24,383,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 145,177,805 7,501,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,623,317 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 6,561,680 6,830,060 15,721,638 5,630,443 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 4,46,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 4,195,296 34,738,479 12,157,244 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,061 3,216,379 2,855,549 10,632,258 3,23,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 12,467,238 36,543,812 1,26,507 | 2,366,824 22,001,581 3,564,598 1,256,950 3,113,920 2,713,539 638,476 602,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 748,198 | 569,011 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 2,718,178 3,344,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,33 4,551,33 4,551,33 4,551,31 4,5 | 1,263,75 7,408,26 344,60 556,22 553,27 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 9 Georgia. 10 Illinois. 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa. 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louisiana. 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 59, 441, 622 447, 549, 804 102, 730, 695 95, 447, 283 97, 676, 358 65,018, 725 36, 427, 325 42, 383, 021 92, 210, 861 145, 177, 805 138, 971, 992 76, 607, 048 231, 907, 771 24, 681, 784 5, 280, 000 23, 035, 005 162, 795, 016 421, 622, 317 8, 234, 641 378, 457, 413 6, 080, 726 003, 381, 505 | 56,890,060 15,721,638 5,630,443 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,884,852 14,077,624 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 24,738,479 12,157,24 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,579 2,855,579 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,233,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 12,657,238 36,543,812 1,26,507 | 92,001,581 3,564,598 1,256,950 3,113,920 638,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,988 19,464,997 575,217 | 9,578,195 3,119,678 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,316 175,000 202,467 4,651,46 10,148,551 | 7,408,26 344,60 656,22 553,27 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 11 Indiana. 12 Iowa 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky 15 Louislana 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 38 Vashington | 102, 736, 995 95, 447, 283 97, 676, 358 65, 018, 725 64, 27, 325 42, 383, 021 92, 210, 861 145, 177, 805 138, 971, 992 76, 607, 048 7, 561, 581 231, 907, 771 241, 681, 784 5, 280, 000 23, 055, 005 162, 795, 016 421, 622, 317 32, 224, 041 278, 457, 413 6, 080, 726 403, 381, 505 | 15,721,638 15,721,638 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,539,368 20,375,459 1,508,809 1,608,809 1,801,724 | 12, 157, 244 4, 373, 498 4, 957, 968 8, 962, 061 8, 216, 879 2, 855, 549 8, 643, 614 10, 632, 258 8, 223, 955 563, 067 12, 421, 345 1, 012, 998 2, 206, 667 13, 687, 238 36, 543, 812 1, 226, 507 | 3,564,508 1,256,950 3,113,920 2,713,539 638,476 602,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,094 | 3.119.678 1,411.663 2,207.329 1,274.063 3,290 939.789 3,482.039 2,718.178 3,334.272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 305,316 175,000 202,467 4,455,146 10,148,551 | 844,60 956,22 553,27 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 695,07 8,854,79 10,088,31 |
| 12 Iowa 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louislana. 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 11 Mississippi. 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohlo. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 38 Virginia. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 95,447,283 97,676,358 65,018,725 36,427,325 32,388,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 138,971,992 76,607,048 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 378,457,418 6,080,726 403,381,505 | 5.680,443 8.071,888 6.675,620 3.854,852 14,077,624 23,510,626 214,183,492 4,446,050 999,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 20,64,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 4,373,493 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,233,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,396,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 1,256,950 3,113,920 3,713,539 638,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,232,095 346,794 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,937 575,217 | 1,411,663 2,207,329 1,274,663 3,200 939,789 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,811 253,436 4,551,372 365,816 175,000 202,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | \$55,22 \$53,27 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 \$695,07 3,854,79 10,088,31 |
| 13 Kansas. 14 Kentucky. 15 Louisiana. 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts. 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada. 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Hork. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 97,676,358 65,018,725 30,427,325 42,383,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,682,317 32,234,641 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 8,071,888 6,675,620 3,854,855 3,548,472 14,077,62 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 4,957,968 3,962,081 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,528 3,233,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 3,113,920 2,713,539 638,476 609,293 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 | 2,207,329 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,455,146 10,148,551 | 553,27 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 695,07 3,854,79 10,088,31 |
| 14 Kentucky. 15 Louislana. 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennesee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia | 36, 427, 325, 427, 326, 427, 326, 427, 326, 421, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 3 | 6,675,620 8,854,875 3,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,562 4,446,050 909,851 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 3,962,061 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 16,315,754 10,632,258 3,223,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 2,718,539 688,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 1,274,063 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,872 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 487,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 15 Louislana. 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia | 36, 427, 325, 427, 326, 427, 326, 427, 326, 421, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 321, 3 | 3,854,855 3,548,472 44,077,624 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,46,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 3,216,379 2,855,549 8,643,614 16,315,754 10,632,258 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 638,476 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 8,551,224 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 3,200 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,816 175,000 202,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 437,82 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 16 Maine 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 38 Vashington | 42,383,021 92,210,861 145,177,805 138,971,992 76,607,048 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,224,041 278,457,413 6,080,726 | 8,548,472 14,077,624 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 2,855,549 8,643,614 10,632,258 3,223,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 | 692,923 5,434,010 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 939,789 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 17 Maryl'd & D. C. 18 Massachusetts 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri 22 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Jersey. 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 39 Washington | 145,177,805 138,971,992 76,607,048 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 378,457,418 6,080,726 | 23,510,562 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 16,315,754 10,632,258 3,223,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 86,543,812 1,226,507 | 7,194,808 3,551,234 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 3,482,039 2,718,178 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,465,146 10,148,551 | 1,373,37 3,213,89 205,91 178,14 |
| 19 Michigan 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 38 Virginia 38 Virginia | 138,971,992 76,607,048 7,561,581 281,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 378,457,418 6,080,726 403,381,505 | 14,183,492 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 10,632,258 3,223,955 563,067 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 3,551,234 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 3,334,272 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 202,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 205,91: 178,14 |
| 20 Minnesota 21 Mississippi 22 Mississippi 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 38 Virginia 38 Washington | 76,607,048 7,561,581 231,907,771 24,681,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,224,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 403,381,505 | 4,446,050 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 3,223,955 563,067 12,421.345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 1,222,095 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 875,881 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 695,07 3,854,79 10,088.31 |
| 21 Mississippi. 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey 27 New York 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 38 Washington | 23,051,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,224,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 909,851 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 563,067 12,421.345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 346,784 7,954,114 517,370 748,186 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 253,436 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 695,07 3,854,79 10,088.31 |
| 22 Missouri 23 Nebraska 24 Nevada 25 New Hampshire 26 New Jersey. 27 New York 28 North Carolina 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia | 23,051,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,224,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 20,375,459 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 12,421,345 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 7,954,114 517,370 748,166 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 4,551,372 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 695,07 3,854,79 10,088.81 |
| 23 Nebraska. 24 Nevada | 23,051,784 5,280,000 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,224,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 1,530,368 3,054,851 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 1,012,998 2,306,667 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 517,370 748,186 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 365,316 175,000 292,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 695,07 3,854,79 10,088.31 |
| 25 New Hampshire. 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 23,055,005 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 878,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 292,467 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 695,07 3,854,79 10,088.31 |
| 26 New Jersey. 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessee. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 162,795,016 421,622,317 32,234,041 878,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 21,666,176 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 13,687,238 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 7,978,938 19,464,997 575,217 | 4,485,146 10,148,551 | 3,854,79 10,088.31 |
| 27 New York. 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio | 421,622,317 32,234,041 878,457,413 6,080,726 403,381,505 | 56,008,809 1,801,724 | 36,543,812 1,226,507 | 19,464,997 575,217 | 10,148,551 | 10,088.31 |
| 28 North Carolina. 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennesse. 35 Texas. 36 Utah 37 Vermont. 38 Virginia. 39 Washington. | 32,234,041 378,457,413 6,080,726 403,381,505 | 1,801,724 | 1.226.507 | 575.217 | | |
| 29 Ohio. 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania 32 Rhode Island. 33 South Carolina. 34 Tennessec 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia | 878,457,413 6,080,726 408,381,505 | 44,477,847 | 20,005,720 | | | |
| 30 Oregon. 31 Pennsylvania. 32 Rhode Island 33 Tennsse 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 39 Washington | 408,381,505 | 867 234 | 30,023,730 | 14,452,109 | 8,599,523 | 5,083,70 |
| 32 Rhode Island 33 South Carolina . 34 Tennessee 35 Texas 36 Utah 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 39 Washington | 408,381,505 | 001,401 | 30,025,738 463,223 | 404,011 | 402,827 | |
| 83 South Carolina . 84 Tennessee | | 63.019.839 | 35,140,781 | 27,879,058 | | 9,471,82 |
| 34 Tennessee 35 Texas | 6,930,423 38,095,237 | 1,195,706 3,464,790 | 777,090 2,274,215 | 418,616 1,190,575 | | 331.00 108,70 |
| 35 Texas | 36,893,432 | 3,616,690 | 2,223,072 | 1,393,618 | | 294,58 |
| 36 Utah | 82,842,915 | 8,690,914 | 5,278,845 | 3,412,069 | 2.556.777 | 201,00 |
| 37 Vermont 38 Virginia 39 Washington | 11,347,677 | 1,000,454 | 443,425 | 566,029 | 214,104 | 240,09 |
| 39 Washington | 40,323,854 | 4,039,688 | 2,934,183 | 1,105,505 | 493,786 | |
| 40 West Virginia. | 92,629.206 | 7,023,241 | 4,977,637 | 2,045,604 | | 103,25 |
| | 4,146,216 9,777,516 | 120,083 636,838 | 77,286 520,770 | 42,797 116,068 | | 16,36 |
| 41 Wisconsin | 113,552,034 | 11,234,029 | 7,060,932 | 4,173,097 | | 429,60 |
| Union Pac. R. R. | 118,198,755 | 12,948,476 | 5,552,092 | 7,396,384 | 3,484,765 | 2,939,60 |
| Cent'l Pac. R. R. | 145,309,575 | 19,221,606 | 11,564,408 Groups of 5 | 7,657,198 | | |
| | | i | i | | | |
| Now England | 813,233,185 | 44,590,465 | 80,854,719 | 13,735,746 | 5,426,898 | 6,977,72 24,784,28 2,757,15 |
| MIGGIC | 484 298 890 | 154,728,091 40,449,196 | 94,031,516 27,668,782 | 60,696,575 12,780,414 | 86,983,957 6,297,805 | 9 787 18 |
| Middle | 1.906.871.952 | 193,204,516 | 127,119,273 | 68,085,243 | 89,754,796 | 14,556.46 |
| Pacific | 126,699,875 | 7,766,922 | 5,111,785 | 2,655,137 | 8,427,643 | 249,09 |
| Pacific Railroads | 3,915,683,897 264,508,830 | 440,739,190 82,170,082 | 284,786,075 17,146,500 | 155,958,115 15,023,582 | | 51,274,67 7,281,64 |
| United States | 4,190,191,727 | | | | | · |

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF AMERICAN RAILWAYS-1871-1877.

[From Poor's Manual of the Railroads of the United States, 1878.]

| | Miles | Capital and | | D:-: 1 4 - | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| YEAR | Ope- rated. | Funded Debt. | Gross. | Net. | From Freight. | From Passengers | \$ 53,456,C81 64,418,157 67,120,709 67,042,942 74,294,208 68,039,668 |
| | | \$ | \$ | | s | \$ | 8 |
| 1871. | 44,614 | 2,664,627,645 | 403,323,203 | 141,746,404 | 294,430,322 | 103,898,886 | 53.456,081 |
| 1872. | 57,523 | 3,159,423,057 | 465,241,055 | 165,754,873 | 340,931,785 | 132,309,270 | 64,418,157 |
| 1873. | 66,237 | 3,784,543,031 | 526,419,935 | 183,810,562 | 389,035,508 | 137,384,427 | 67,120,709 |
| 1874. | 69,273 | 4,221,763,594 | 520,466,016 | 189,570,958 | 879,466,935 | 140,999,081 | 67,042,942 |
| 1875. | 71,759 | 4,415,631,630 | 503,065,505 | 185,506,438 | 363,960,234 | 139,105,271 | 74,294,208 |
| 1876. | 73,508 | 4.468.591.935 | 497,257,959 | 186,452,752 | 361,137,376 | 136,120,583 | 68,039,668 |
| 1877. | 74,112 | 1,568,597,248 | 472,909,272 | 170,976,697 | 342,859,222 | 180,050,050 | 58,566,312 |

NOTE—No comprehensive figures of the business of the railways in the United States are attainable prior to the above. And even these tables are the fruit of private enterprise, in compiling from the official annual reports of each road the results of the trade as shown above. No department of the Federal Government has been clothed with authority to require returns of railway operations, nor are there State officers charged with such duties except in a very few of the States.

SUMMARY STATISTICS OF RAILWAYS IN 1877.

For each 100 miles of railroad in the United States there are 22.8 miles of second track, sidings, etc.; 20·1 locomotives; 15·2 passenger cars; 4·7 baggage, mail, and express cars, and 495·3 freight cars of all kinds.
The capital stock negregates to each 100 miles, \$2,921,507.
Funded debt to each 100 miles, \$2,848,308.

Floating debt to each 100 miles, \$300,078.

Total cost of construction and equipment, each 100 miles, \$6,069,893; equal to about \$60,609 per mile of completed road.
Gross earnings per mile, \$6,380.94.
Operating expenses per mile, \$4,074.
Net earnings per mile, \$2,306.04.
Interest paid on bonds per mile, \$1,248.04.
Dividends paid on stock per mile, \$739.52.
Ratio of interest paid to total funded debt, 4-39 per cent.
Ratio of dividends to aggregate capital stock, 2-53 per cent.

In 1871, with only two-thirds as many miles of railroad in operation, and a little more than one-half the capital stock, the dividends aggregated \$56,456,681, equalling 4.19 per cent of the capital then invested.

Statement showing the Number of Miles of Railroad constructed each Year in the United States, from 1830 to the close of 1877. inclusive.

[From Poor's Railroad Manual for 1878-79.]

| Year. | Miles in Opera- tion. | Annual Increase of Mileage. | Year. | Miles in Opera- tion. | Annual Increase of Mileage. | Year. | Miles in Opera- tion. | Annual Increase of Mileage. |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|-------|--|--|
| 1830 1831 1832 1833 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 | 23 959 289 880 683 1,096 1,273 1,497 1,913 2,818 3,535 4,026 4,185 4,277 4,633 | 72 184 151 258 465 175 224 416 889 516 717 491 159 192 256 | 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1853 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860 | 4,930 5,596 5,996 7,965 9,021 10,982 112,996 115,360 16,730 18,374 122,016 24,503 26,968 30,635 31,286 | 297 668 893 1,369 1,656 1,961 1,962 2,452 1,860 1,654 2,647 2,647 2,465 1,821 1,846 651 | 1862 | 82,190 83,170 83,968 85,085 36,801 89,250 42,224 46,224 46,524 60,523 66,242 70,811 72,616 72,616 77,081 79,308 | 884 1,050 788 1,177 1,716 2,449 2,979 4,615 6,070 7,608 5,720 4,069 2,905 1,758 2,627 2,177 |

THE RAILROADS OF THE WORLD IN 1877-78. [From the New York Commercial and Financial Chronicle, Feb. 2, 1878, with variations.]

| Co | UNTRIES, | Miles. | Total cost. | Cost per mile. |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. North America | United States | 79,208 4,929 403 | Dollars. 4,180,191,727 317,795,468 38,816,154 | Dollars. 52,77 64,47 96,31 |
| Total | | 84,540 | 4,537,603,349 | 53,67 |
| | Honduras | 56 | 4,963,600 | 88,63 |
| : | Costa Rica | 29 | 2.817,300 | 97,14 |
| . Middle America | Cuba (Spanish) | 459 26 | 32,698,9 30 1,200,0 00 | 71,28 41,15 |
| | Jamaica (British) Panama (Colombia) | 48 | .12,000,000 | 250,00 |
| Total | | 618 | 53,679,830 | 87,02 |
| 1 | Colombia | 42 | 3,297,619 | 78,51 |
| ٠ ا | Ecuador | - 76 | 5,781,958 2,972,013 | 76,07 |
| | Venezuela | 39 | 2,972,013 | 76,20 |
| | Guiana (British) | 21 1,324 | 1,375,000 | 65,47 105,03 |
| . South America { | BrazilPeru | 1,744 | 139,059,891 201,719,673 | 115,67 |
| | Chili | 977 | 201,719,673 90,302,156 111,276,992 | 92,42 |
| | Argentine Republic | 1,466 | 111,276,992 | 75,81 |
| | ParaguayUruguay | 231 | 2,694,698 14,529,701 | 57,83 62,89 |
| Total | Oraguay | 5,957 | 573,009,701 | 96,02 |
| 10441 | | | _ | |
| 4 | Great Britain and Ireland | 17,092 14,078 | 3,368,793,000 | 197.09 |
| 1 | FranceSpain | 4,112 | 1,593,534,595 375,454,374 | 113,19 91,30 78,36 |
| | Portugal | 709 | 55,561,976 | 78.36 |
| | Belgium | 2,208 | 338,894,897 | 153,48 89,74 71,31 |
| | Holland | 1,262 | 115,254,192 | 89,74 |
| | Denmark | 819 | 58,406,976 | 71,31 |
| | Sweden | 2,517 363 | 156,325,836 22,231,397 | 62,10 |
| EUROPE | NorwayRussia | 13,229 | 902 469 151 | 68.21 |
| | Germany | 18,471 | 902,469,151 1,779,200,604 | 61,51 68,21 96,32 |
| | Austria | 6.979 | 679,152,022 | 97,31 |
| | Hungary | 3,967 | 305,225,772 | 76.61 |
| | Hungary Switzerland | 1,341 | 90,922,482 | 67,80 |
| | Italy | 4,849 | 478,426,452 | 98,65 |
| | Turkey | 791 | 77,684,982 | 102,41 98,21 |
| | Greece | 7 | 500,700 | 71,45 |
| Total | | 93,791 | 10,408,152,951 | 110,97 |
| 1 | Turkey in Asia | 249 | 20,817,610 | 83,60 |
| | India (British) | 6,937 | 546,824,335 | 78,82 |
| | Ceylon (British) | 92 296 | 9,987,3 70 17,226,916 | 108,50 |
| . Asia | Java (Dutch) | 279 | 17,475,723 | 58,19 62,63 |
| | China. | 10 | 200,000 | 20,00 |
| | Japan | 67 | 4,187,500 | 62,50 |
| Total | | 7,930 | 616,719,454 | 77,77 |
| | Egypt | 1,163 | 72,022,264 | 61,99 |
| | Tunis | 42 | 2,213,630 | 52,70 |
| | Tunis | 587 | 27,948,244 | 47,61 |
| . Africa | Cape Colony (British) Namaqualand Natal (British) | 149 | 7,463,589 | 50,09 |
| | Namaqualand | 93 6 | 813,619 258,845 | 8,74 43,13 |
| | Mauritius | 66 | 1,857,595 | 28,14 |
| Total | | 2,106 | 112,577,836 | 53,45 |

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THE RAILROADS OF THE WORLD-Concluded.

| . Co | UNTRIES. | Miles. | Total Cost. | Cost per mile. |
|----------------|--|--|---|--|
| V. Australasia | New South Wales Queensland Victoria South Australia Western Australia Tasmania New Zealand | 554 298 702 827 88 167 579 | Dollars. 43,485,676 18,181,874 68,848,580 16,057,989 1,661,291 7,959,628 27,078,116 | Dollars. 78,494 61,018 97,790 49,107 43,716 47,662 46,767 |
| Total | | 2,665 | 183,273,154 | 68,771 |
| GRAND TOTAL | | 197,617 | 16,483,015,775 | 88,419 |

NARROW-GAUGE RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1877.

[From the Railway Age, Chicago.]

| STATES. | Miles. | STATES. | Milcs. | STATES. | Miles. |
|------------|--------|----------------|--------|----------------|----------|
| Alabama | 5.50 | Massachusetts | 84.16 | South Carolina | 45.00 |
| Arkansas | 73.00 | Michigan | 40.50 | Tennessee | 36.41 |
| California | | Minnesota | 80.00 | Texas | 164.50 |
| Colorado | 870.50 | Mississippi | 81.00 | Utah | 186.75 |
| Georgia | 90.00 | Missouri | 81.85 | Virginia | 53.00 |
| Illinois | 214.50 | Nevada | 119.75 | Washington Ter | 58.50 |
| Indiana | 63.86 | Nebraska | 26.00 | West Virginia | 19.40 |
| Iowa | 156.43 | New Jersey | 63.17 | | 75.50 |
| Kansas | | New York | 56.29 | | |
| Kentucky | 23.50 | North Carolina | 21.50 | Total in U.S | 8,082.24 |
| Louisiana | 5.50 | Ohio | 817.19 | | |
| Maine | | Pennsylvania | 265.43 | | |

BUSINESS OF THE SUEZ CANAL FROM ITS OPENING.

This great ship canal, one hundred miles in length, connects Sucz on the Red Sea with Port Said on the Mediterranean. It was commenced by a company, aided by large subscriptions of the governments of Egypt, France, and England, in 1856, and opened November 17, 1869. It is 72 feet wide at the bottom, about 300 feet at the surface, and 26 feet in depth, easily passing the largest vessels. The controlling interest in the canal was purchased for \$24,000,000, in 1875, by the British government, which now holds it. The following table exhibits the prodigious increase of business on this great work:

[From the Economiste Français, June 22, 1878.]

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. | 6. | 7. | 8. |
|--------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| YEARS. | Transit of vessels. | Sundry receipts. | Total. | Exp'nses of working. | Net profits. | Proportion of expenses to receipts. | No. of ves- sels. | Ton'age. |
| 15.5 | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dellars. | per cent. | 5-110 | |
| 1870 | 1,031,800 | 353,600 | 1,385,400 | 1,291,600 | 94,000 | 93.21 | 486 | 436,000 |
| 1871 | 1,519,800 | 1,134,200 | 2,654,000 | 1,165,400 | 1,488,600 | 43.90 | 765 | 761.000 |
| 1872 | 2,867,600 | 758,400 | 3,626,000 | 1,007,800 | 2,618,200 | 27.79 | 1,082 | 1,439,000 |
| 1873 | 4,165,320 | 745,000 | 4,910,320 | 1,144,000 | 3,766,000 | 23.30 | 1,173 | 2,085,000 |
| 1874 | 4,530,800 | 631,400 | 5,162,200 | 1,281,800 | 3,880,400 | 24.83 | 1,264 | 2,424,000 |
| 1875 | 5,286,200 | 583,800 | 5,870,000 | 1,243,200 | 4,625,800 | 21.18 | 1,494 | 2,941,000 |
| 1876 | 5,526,400 | 537,200 | 6,063,600 | 1,120,000 | 4,943,400 | 18.47 | 1,457 | 3,072,000 |
| 1877 | 6,035,800 | 599,400 | 6,635,200 | 1,155,200 | 5,480,000 | 17.41 | 1,663 | 3,419,000 |

THE CANALS OF THE UNITED STATES, ETC.

[From the American Cyclopædia, etc.]

| | [From the American Cyc | cropædia. | , etc.] | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Names. | Connecting Points. | Length. | Width, Surface. | Depth. | No. of Locks. | Cost of Construc- tion. |
| DELAWARE CANAL. Chesapeake & Delaware | Delaware City to Ches. City | miles. 12.6 | n. 66 | ft. 10 | 8 | 8,547,561 |
| Martland Canal. Chesapcake & Ohio, | Georgetown to Cumberland, Md. | 184% | D2 @ 60 | 6 | 74 | 11,875,000 |
| Illinois Canal. Illinois & Michigan | Chicago to La Salle, Ill | 96 | 60 | 6 | 17 | 6,170,226 |
| Indiana Canal. Wabash & Erie | Evansville to Ohio State Linc | 874 | 40 | 4 | 64 | 6,000,000 |
| NEW JERSEY CANALS. Delaware & Raritan Morris & Essex | New Brunswick to Bordentown. Jersey City to Phillipsburg | 43 101 | 75 40 | 8 5 | 14 29 | 3,935,287 2,625,997 |
| Champlain, Glens Falls Chemung (canal & feeder) | Buffalo to Albany Buffalo to Albany | 12 39 | 40 42 50 50 42 40 42 40 70 42 40 70 | 4 5 5 4 4 4 7 4 4 7 4 4 7 | 1 109 1 11 20 12 53 116 27 83 72 112 7 | 23,556 8,224,779 1,520,543 1,273,981 2,782,124 8,23,257 46,013,234 5,827,613 64,837 146,944 8,490,949 |
| OHIO CANALS. Hocking Miami Muskingum improvem't. Ohio Walhonding | Carroll to Athens | 56 291 91 532 25 | 50 @ 60 Variable. 40 | 5½ 4 | 26 105 12 152 11 | 975,481 7,454,727 1,627,818 4,695,204 607,269 |
| PEHREFILVANIA CANALS. Delaware and Hudson Delaware Division. East Division. Juniata Division. North Branch Division. West Branch Division. Susquehanna Division. Junition. Junition. Junition. Susquehanna Division. Susquehanna Nav. Monongahela Nav. Schujikili Coal and Nav. Susquehanna. Union. Wiconisco. | Honesdale to Rondout, N. Y. Easton to Bristol. Duncan's Island to Columbia. Duncan's Island to Hollidaysburg Northumberland to Far'ndsville. Duncan's Isl'd to Northumberl'd. State line to Elmira, N. Y. Easton to Coalport. Pittsburg to North Geneva. Mill Creek to Philadelpha. | 108 60 46 127 64 8034 | 48 44 50 @ 60 40 @ 60 40 @ 60 40 @ 60 40 @ 60 81ack 60 @ 300 81ack 60 @ 300 | 4 | 106 82 11 63 43 44 11 53 8 71 80 132 | 6,317,653 7,731,750 4,455,000 1,132,442 13,207,752 4,857,105 5,907,000 512,000 |
| VIRGINIA CAWALS. Albemarie & Chesapeake Alexandria & Georget'n. Dismal Swamp James River & Kanawha. | A'exandria to Georgetown Eilzabeth R. to Drummond Lake Richmond to Buchanan | 8½ 7 33 196½ | 60 40 | 6 | 90 | 170,000 1,068,762 1,151,000 6,139,280 |
| Louisville & Portland Caledonia, Scotland Crinan, Scotland North Ciyde, Scotland North Holland | Around rapids above Montreal Rapide Plat. Canada Lake Ontatio to Lake Erie Around St. Mary's Falls. Round Falls of Ohlo. Moray Frith to Lock Linnhe. Loch Gilp to Jura Sound Amsterdam to Zuyder Zee. Port Said to Suez, about | 60 9 85 51 | 123 56 1761 | 25 20 6 @ 42 12 9 23 25 26 | 9 7 5 6 27 2 3 8 2 | 1,611,424 1,933,163 2,587,633 1,320,656 7,638,240 4,250,000 5,118,149 |

THE TELEGRAPHS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Statement showing the Mileage of Lines and Wires, Number of Offices and Traffic of the Western Union Telegraph Company for each Year, from June 30, 1863, to June 30, 1878.

[From the Journal of the Telegraph, Oct. 16, 1878.]

| YEAR. | Miles of line. | Miles of wire. | No. of offices. | No. of messages sent. | Receipts. | Expenses. | Profits. | Average tolls per message. | Average cost per message. | Average profit per message. |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | \$ | \$ | \$ | Cts. | Cts. | Cts. |
| 1866 | 37,380 | | | | | | | | | |
| 1867 | 46,270 | | 2,565 | 5,879,282 | 6,568,925 | | 2,624,920 | | | |
| 1868 | 50,183 | 97,594 | 3,219 | 6,404,595 | | | 2,641,711 | 104.7 | 63.4 | 41.3 |
| 1869 | 52,099 | 104,584 | 3,607 | 7,934,933 | | | 2,748,801 | 89.3 | 54.7 | 34.6 |
| 1870 | 54,109 | 112,191 | 3.972 | 9,157,646 | 7,138,738 | 4,910,772 | 2,227,966 | 75.5 | 51.2 | 24.3 |
| 1871 | 56,032 | 121,151 | 4,606 | 10,646,077 | 7,637,449 | 5,104,787 | 2,532,662 | 69.5 | 45.7 | 23.8 |
| 1872 | 62,033 | 137,190 | 5.237 | 12,444,499 | 8,457,096 | 5,666,863 | 2,790,233 | 66.2 | 43.8 | 22.4 |
| 1873 | 65,757 | 154,472 | 5,740 | 14,456,832 | | | 2,757,963 | 62.5 | 43.4 | 19.1 |
| 1874 | 71,585 | | 6,188 | 16,329,256 | | | 2,506,920 | 54.9 | 39.5 | 15.4 |
| 1875 | 72,833 | 179,496 | 6.565 | 17,153,710 | | | 3,229,158 | 54.0 | | 18.8 |
| 1876 | 73,532 | 183,832 | 7,072 | 18,729,567 | 10,034,986 | | 3,399,510 | 50.9 | 33.5 | |
| 1877 | 76,955 | | 7,500 | 21,158,941 | | | 3,140,128 | 43.6 | 29.8 | |
| 1878 | 81,002 | 206,202 | 8,014 | | | | 3,551,543 | 38.9 | 25.0 | |

Nors.—There is to be added to the above the lines of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, including in its system the Philadelphia and Reading Telegraph Company, and other Railway telegraph connections within the United States, as follows, Jan. 1, 1878:

Gross Operating Exp Miles of Wire. No. of Offices. No. of Messages. 34.651 1.712 3.046,120 Net Pronts. \$82,625 Gross Earnings. 16,626 34,651 \$1,131,328 \$1,048,703

The Dominion Telegraph Co., operating almost wholly in Canada, had 3,666 miles of line owned and operated by the Atlantic and Pacific Co. (not included in above mileage).

By an agreement in 1877, between the Western Union and Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Companies, the gross earnings of both are to be pooled or divided for 20 years, on the basis of 87% per cent. to the Western Union, and 12% per cent. to the Atlantic and Pacific, the expenditures being divided in nearly the same ratio.

Combining the lines of both companies (which represent all the public telegraph wires in the country), there were in 1878, 97,628 miles of inland telegraph in the United States, besides private, railway, and government lines, length not known.

TELEGRAPHS OF THE WORLD IN 1877.

| | No. of Offices. | Length of Lines, Miles. | | No. of Mices | Length of Lines, Miles. |
|--------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| Argentine Republic | 182 | 5,339 | India, British | 225 | 15,705 |
| Australia and Polynesia. | 658 | 22,039 | Italy | 1,408 | 45,557 |
| Austria-Hungary | 2,924 | 23,148 | Japan | 1 | 1,843 |
| Belgium | 613 | 3,160 | Mexico | 194 | 5,760 |
| Bolivia | 15 | 475 | Netherlands | 335 | 2,160 |
| Brazil | 89 | 3,510 | Norway , | 197 | 4,827 |
| Canada, Dominion of | 830 | 10,995 | Persia | 46 | 2,458 |
| Chili | 55 | 2,650 | Peru.,, | 25 | 608 |
| Colombia | 86 | 1,227 | Portugal | 144 | 2,190 |
| Costa Rica | 16 | 220 | Roumania | 165 | 2,487 |
| Denmark | | 1,591 | | 1,691 | 57,888 |
| Ecuador | 10 | 210 | Spain | 264 | 7,510 |
| Egypt | 78 | 8,980 | Sweden | 628 | 6,094 |
| France | 4,406 | 33,895 | | 1,053 | 4,015 |
| Germany | 5,109 | 24,108 | Turkey | 401 | 17,618 |
| Great Britain & Ireland. | | *25,206 | | 8,820 | *94,714 |
| Greece | 69 | 992 | Uruguay | • • • • • • | 1,309 |
| Guatemala | 42 | 1,226 | | | |

^{*} This does not include the railway lines of telegraph, of which no statement is published.

Statement of Land Grants by Acts of Congress to States for Canal Purposes, from the first Grant in 1827 to 1877.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.]

| STATES. | Date of Laws. | Name of Canal. | Total Number of Acres Granted. |
|------------|-----------------------|--|---|
| Indiana | Trah 97 1941 | Wabash and Eric Canal | 1,430,270 |
| Onio | Mar. 2, 1627. | 11 | 266,585 |
| " | June 30, 1834. | Miami and Dayton | |
| | April 2, 1830. | "" and Dayton | |
| " | May 24, 1828. | General Canal purposes | |
| Illinois | Mar. 2, 1827. | Canal to connect the waters of the Illinois | |
| | | River with those of Lake Michigan | 290,915 |
| Wisconsin | June 18, 1838. | Milwaukee and Rock River Canal | 125.431 |
| | Apr. 10, 1866. | Breakwater and Harbor and Ship Canal | 200,000 |
| | | Extending the time for completion of Green Bay and Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal | |
| Michigan | Aug. 26, 1852. | Saint Mary's Ship Canal | 750,000 |
| ** | Mar. 3, 1865. | Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal | 200,000 |
| " | July 3, 1866. | , | 200,000 |
| ** | " | Lac La Belle Ship Canal | 100,000 |
| Total quar | i itity of Acres g | ranted for Canals | 4,405,986 |

Statistics of Railways in Great Britain (England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland) for Sixteen Years, 1861-1877. [From the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, 1873.]

| Years. | Length of Lines Paid up open at the End Loans,&c.) of each at the End | | Number of sengers Cor (includi Season-Ti Holder | ng icket | Total Traffic Rec | | Total of Working Expenses. | Net Traffic Receipts of Passen- |
|--------|---|------------------|---|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | Year. | of each Year. | Total. | Per Mile. | Total. | Per Mile. | | gers and Goods. |
| 1000 | Miles. | £ | No. | No. | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| 1861 | 10,869 | 362,327,338 | 173,773,218 | 15,988 | 28,565,355 | 2,628 | 13,843,337 | 14,722,018 |
| 1862 | 11,551 | 385,218,438 | | 15,625 | 29,128,558 | 2,522 | 14,268,409 | 14,869,149 |
| 1863 | 12,322 | 404,215,802 | | 16,612 | 31,156,397 | 2,528 | 15,027,234 | 16,129,163 |
| 1864 | 12,789 | 425,719,613 | 229,348,664 | 17,933 | 33,911,547 | 2,651 | 16,000,308 | 17,911,239 |
| 1865 | 13,289 | 455,478,143 | | 18,960 | 35,751,655 | 2,691 | 17,149,072 | 18,602,582 |
| 1866 | 13,854 | 481,872,184 | 274,403,895 | 19,734 | 38,164,354 | 2,754 | 18,811,673 | 19,352,681 |
| 1867 | 14,247 | 502,262,887 | 287,807,904 | 20,201 | 39,479,999 | 2,771 | 19,848,952 | 19,631,047 |
| 1869 | 15,145 | 518,779,761 | 312,779,381 | 20,189 | 41,075,321 | 2,712 | 20,780,078 | 21,915,849 |
| 1870. | 15,537 | 529,908,673 | 336,701,800 | 21,249 | 43,417,070 | 2,794 | 21,715,525 | 23,362,618 |
| 1871 | 15,376 | 552,680,107 | | 24,415 | | 3,064 | 23,152,860 | 25,739,923 |
| 1872 | 15,814 | 569,047,346 | 423,147,164 | 26,758 | 51,304,114 | 3,244 | 26,293,304 | 26,957,870 |
| 1873 | 16,082 | 588,320,308 | 455,634,767 | 28,332 | 55,675,421 | 3,462 | 30,752,848 | 26,989,152 |
| 1874 | 16,448 | 609,895,931 | 478,334,368 | 29,081 | 56,899,498 | 3,459 | 32,612,712 | 26,643,003 |
| 1875 | 16,664 | 630,226,942 | | 30,457 | 58,977,518 | 3,539 | 33,211,031 | 28,020,298 |
| 1876 | 16,872 | 658,214,776 | | 31,928 | 59,917,868 | 3,551 | 33,535,509 | 28 680,266 |
| 1877 | 17,077 | 674,059,048 | 551,593,654 | 32,268 | 60,644,057 | 3,551 | 33,857,978 | 29,115.350 |

SILVER MONEY AND THE PARIS INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONGRESS OF 1878.

[Condensed from the Economiste Français.]

THE initiative to this international conference was found in an ordinance of the Congress of the United States, adopted February 28th, 1878, and forming the second section of the act "to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character." The act provided that the President should invite the governments of the countries composing the Latin Union (France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, and Greece), and such other European nations as he might deem advisable, to join the United States in a conference to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver, for the purpose of establishing internationally the use of bi-metallic money, and to secure a fixity of relative value between those metals. The President was empowered to appoint three commissioners to this conference on the Official invitations through the Departpart of the United States. ment of State to the various European powers were responded to, and the council participated in by all except Germany and Spain. conference assembled at Paris, August 16th, 1878, presided over by M. Léon Say, the present Minister of the Finances in France. The delegates were as follows: Austria-Hungary, M. de Hengelmüller; Belgium, Messieurs Pirmez and Garnier; France, Messieurs Léon Say, S. Jagerschmidt, and M. Ruau; Great Britain, Messrs. Goschen, M.P., Gibbs, former Governor of the Bank of England, Seccombe, and W. B. Gurdon; Greece, M. Delyanni; Italy, Messrs. Rusconi, Barilis, and Reisman; Netherlands, M. Mees; Russia, M.de la Thoerner; Sweden and Norway, Messrs. Woern and Broch; Switzerland, Messrs. Feer-Herzog and Lardy; United States, R. E. Fenton (New York), W. S. Groesbeck (Ohio), F. A. Walker (Connecticut), S. Dana Horton, Ohio (Secretary). After an opening discussion, the Ameri-

can delegates submitted to the Conference these two resolutions:

"1. The Conference is of the opinion that it is not desirable that silver should be excluded from free coinage in Europe, and in the United States of America. On the contrary, it believes it to be desirable that the free coinage of that metal and its use as legal money having unlimited freedom of circulation, should be maintained in the countries where it exists, and so far as possible restored in those

where it has ceased to exist.

"2. Simultaneous use of gold and silver as legal currency, having unlimited power of circulation, may be assured without interference, first by putting them upon an equal footing, by means of which a ratio is to be fixed by national agreement; and second, by adopting for each metal, according to the ratio fixed, equal conditions for coinage, without making any distinction whatever between them."

After full and free discussions, extending through several days, for even an abstract of which there is no space here, the Commission rejected these resolutions, and on the 29th of August adopted without a division, and as an expression of the majority of the Conference, the

following paper:

"The delegates of the European States, represented in the Conference, wish to express their thanks to the government of the United States of America, for having procured an international exchange of opinion upon a subject of so much importance as the monetary question. Having maturely considered the proposal of the delegates of the United States, they recognize:

"First. That it is necessary to maintain in the world the monetary

functions of silver, as well as those of gold; but that the selection for use of one or the other of these two metals, or of both simultaneously, should be governed by the special position of each State or

group of States.

"Second. That the question of the restriction of the coinage of silver should equally be left to the discretion of each State or group of States, according to the particular circumstances in which they may find themselves placed; and the more so, as the perturbations produced during late years in the silver market have variously affected the monetary situation of the several countries.

the monetary situation of the several countries.

"Third. That the differences of opinion which have appeared, and the fact that even some of the States which have the double standard find it impossible to enter into a mutual engagement with regard to the unlimited coinage of silver, exclude the discussion of the question of establishing an international ratio of value between

the two metals."

The American delegates, all three of them concurring, thereupon

submitted the following dissenting paper:

"In response to the address of the representatives of the European States, the representatives of the United States desire, on their part, to express their sincere thanks to the European States for accepting their invitation and consulting with them upon a subject of so much importance. The representatives of the United States regret that they cannot entirely concur in all that has been submitted to them by a majority of the representatives of the European States. They fully concur in a part of the first proposition, viz., that 'it is necessary to maintain in the world the monetary functions of silver, as well as those of gold; and they desire that ere long there may be adequate co-operation to obtain that result. They cannot object to the statement 'that the selection for use of one or the other of these two metals, or of both, simultaneously, should be governed by the special position of each State; but if it be necessary to maintain the monetary functions of both metals, as previously declared, they respectfully submit that the special position of States may become of but secondary importance.

"From so much of the second proposition as assigns as a special reason for at present restricting the coinage of silver, 'that the disturbance produced during the recent years in the silver market has differently affected the monetary situation of the several countries,' they respectfully dissent, believing that a policy of action would re-

move the disturbance that produced these inequalities.

"In regard to the third and last proposition, they admit that 'some of the States which have the double standard,' or, as they prefer to say, use both metals, 'find it impossible to enter into a mutual engagement for the free coinage of silver.' They, as representatives of the United States, have come here expressly to enter into such an engagement. The difficulty is not with them, and wherever it may be, they trust it may be soon removed. They entirely concur in the conclusion drawn from this state of the case, that it 'excludes the discussion of the question of the adoption of a common ratio between the two metals.' It is useless to agree upon a particular ratio between the two metals, if the nations are not ready also to adopt a policy to uphold it. We remain upon ours; the European States upon theirs."

The discussions of the conference, although they led to no practical result, were fruitful of suggestion, bringing out valuable expressions of opinion. M. Léon Say, the Minister of Finance of France,

said that:

"France was not on the road to a gold standard, but was in an expectant attitude, which it would probably leave to return to the double standard. It could not be made to suit the interests of France, to take away the money function from two and a half milliards of francs (\$469,000,000) which it possessed in silver, inside and outside the vaults of the bank. It was not in a condition to give advice in respect to the restoration of the money function of silver to those countries which had taken it away. France, before making a movement, would wait until Germany had disposed of its stock of silver, and until the causes which might raise its price could be more ac-

curately known. "He did not wish, however, that the non-assent of the French government to the propositions of the United States should be taken as a condemnation of the present monetary policy of that Republic. In his opinion, what was best to be done was for the nations represented in the conference to come to an understanding upon the expression of a common idea as to the employment of silver as money, and that they should reciprocally recommend that these nations, in their internal legislation, should adopt no measure calculated to contribute to the depreciation of that metal. We can never believe in the suppression of a money which controls the commerce of the Indies and of the extreme East. We believe, on the contrary, that by the development of that commerce, the use of silver as money will likewise develop from day to day. Agreeing on so many points with the opinions of the United States, although not able, in the actual state of things, to accept their proposition, nevertheless, we are not willing to let it be said that we reject it."

M. Mees, delegate from the Netherlands, declared that his government could not renounce the gold standard so long as Germany and England should maintain that system. But personally the honorable delegate believed that the single and universal gold standard is as utopian an idea as universal bi-metalism. What is most needed is that the two metals continue to discharge their functions simultaneously. It is, according to M. Mees, in the farther East and in South

America that the United States should look for allies.

On the other hand, M. Feer-Herzog, M. Pirmez, and others, maintained that the double standard was fruitful in monetary crises; that the restoration of free coinage of silver would increase instead of diminishing existing financial troubles; that any attempt to enforce a bi-metallic system is utopian, since there can be no double standard, the metal of the least value always banishing the more valuable from circulation, and that the course proposed by the United States was utterly inexpedient for the nations of Europe to follow.

Mr. Goschen, M.P., one of the British delegates, and author of a work on Money and Exchange, declared that while the maintenance of the gold standard in England was a fixed British policy, that country was also profoundly interested to maintain the monetary position

of silver, on account of India. He said:

"If other countries enter upon a campaign against silver, the government of India may perhaps adopt measures similar to those adopted elsewhere, which might result in a crisis fruitful in disasters. The conference would, therefore, see that the future of silver interested the whole world, and that it concerned everybody to help prevent a depreciation of it, which might be without limits. He believed, besides, that if silver was everywhere demonetized, gold was insufficient for the wants of circulation. From the fall in silver, and the rise in gold, there would result a diminution in the prices of all commodi-

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ties. England, said Mr. Goschen, is firmly determined to maintain at home the single gold standard. It is the same with Germany, Sweden, and Norway; the States of the Latin Union cannot, on their part, agree to return to the free coinage of silver, nor to depart from the ratio of 15½ to 1. Austria, Italy, and Russia might pronounce for one side or for the other; but as those three nations have only a circulation of paper, their decision in the matter can be only theoretical."

General F. A. Walker, in behalf of the United States, referred to the calamitous results of demonetizing silver in Germany, and said that the perpetuation of such a policy would destroy all par of exchange between Europe and Asia. Mr. Groesbeck made a powerful statement in defence of the policy of the United States in remonetizing silver in connection with the resumption of specie payments. Governor Fenton regarded the present financial depression, affecting alike the countries of the Old and New World, as due in some degree to the withdrawal of silver as a full valued currency, and thought that some improvement would result from its restoration to its proper function as money.

The Économiste Français sums up the net result of this conference

as follows:

England will preserve the standard of gold in Europe, and the standard of silver in India. The Scandinavian States remain faithful to the standard of gold. Switzerland and Belgium also incline towards the same standard, although they are for the present bound to the bi-metallic system of the Latin Union. Russia, a paper-money country, exhibits an ulterior preference for the gold standard. On the contrary, France, or at any rate, its financial minister, declares in principles rather for bi-metallism, than for mono-metallism. Austria-Hungary and Italy avow, in language more or less explicit, their sympathy for an unlimited coinage of silver, and the universal adoption of the ratio of fifteen and a half to one."

Proportion Unable to Read or Write, in Various Countries. [From Kiddle and Schem's Cyclopædia of Education, New York, 1877.]

Per cent. Per cent. COUNTRIES. Year. of COUNTRIES. Year. illiteracy. illiteracy. Argentine Rep... Recent. 83 India... 1871 49 Recent. 46 Ireland (2)..... Austria (1)...... .. Italy..... 1861 78 Bavaria Recent. 10 Belgium **8**0 Japan..... Recent. Mexico... 93 Brazii..... 50 " 18 Netherlands (1)... China..... " 83 Poland..... 46 91 England 91 France..... 1872 30 Ruseia. Scotland..... 12 16 Germany 1971 Greecc..... Recent. 83 Spain 1860 United States 1870 Hungary..

1. Conscripts.

2. Criminals.

Note.—These statistics are not in most cases based upon a census of illiteracy, which few nations have provided for in systematic form. They are to be regarded rather as an attempt to approximate the proportions ignorant of the arts of reading and writing, from such data as exist concerning soldiers, the signing of marriage registers, etc., than as exact statistics of illiteracy.

THE METRIC OR DECIMAL SYSTEM.

As applied to weights and measures, the metric system has been adopted by Franco, Germany, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Mexico, Brazil, Peru, Chili, etc. Switzerland, Denmark, and Austria have partially adopted it, and it is legalized or permissive (not compulsory) in the United States and in Great Britain. As applied to measures of length, the standard unit is the metre, ascertained with mathematical exactness to be one ten-millionth part of a terrestrial meridian. The unit of volume (or litre) is the capacity of a cubical vessel measuring one tenth of a metre on its edges; and the unit of weight is the actual weight of distilled water which will fill such a vessel. The following tables exhibit the various designations of weights and measures under the metric system, and their equivalents in existing American or English weights and measures, as legalized by act of Congress, July 27, 1856.

MEASURES OF LENGTH.

| Metric denominations | and values. | Equivalents in denominations in use. |
|---|--|---|
| Myriametre Kilometre Hectometre Decametre Metre Decimetre Centimetre Millimetre | 1,000 " 100 " 10 " 1 metre. 1s of a metre. | 6.2137 miles. 0.62187 miles, or 3,280 feet, 10 inches 328 feet, 1 inch. 333.7 inches. 39.37 inches. 8.937 inches. 0.3937 inches. 0.0394 inches. |

MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

| Metric denom | ination | es and values. | Equivalents in den | ominations in use. |
|--|---------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Names | No. of littes. | Cubic Measure. | Dry measure. | Liquid or wine measure. |
| Kilolitre, or stere Hectolitre Decalitre Litre Decilitre Centilitre Millilitre | 100 10 1 1 | 10 cub. decimtrs. 1 cub. decimetre. | 2 bush's, 3. 35 pecks. 9.08 quarts. 0.908 quarts. 6.1022 cubic inches. 0.6102 " | 2.6417 gallons. 1.0567 quarts. |

MEASURES OF SURFACE.

| Metric denominations and values. | Equivalents in denominations in use. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Tectare | 2.471 acres. 119.6 square yards. 1,550 square inches. |

WEIGHTS.

| Me'ric denominations at | nd values. | Equivalents in denominations in use |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Names. | Number of grammes. | Avoirdupois weight. |
| Millier or tonneau | 1.000,000 | |
| Quintal | 100,000 | |
| Myriagramme Kilogramme or kilo | 10.000 | |
| Kilogramme or kilo | 1,000 | 2.2043 " |
| Hectogramme | 100 | 3.5274 ounces. |
| Dekagramme | 10 | 0.8527 " |
| Gramme | 1 | 15.492 grains. |
| Decigramme | | 1 5482 " |
| Centigramme | 120 | 0.1543 " |
| Milligramnie | 1000 | 0.0154 " |

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WEIGHT OF A BUSHEL.

Table showing the States and Territories of the United States which have established by Law the Weight in Pounds avoirdupois of a Bushel of different Grains and other Commodities.

[Prepared by F. B. Hough, M.D., for an official report, 1878, and enlarged.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Wheat. | _ | Oats. | Barley. | | Indian-corn. | Corn on cob. | Meal, corn and rye. | Malt. | Potatoes, Irish. | Potatoes, sweet. | Onions. | Turnips. | Beans. | Pease. | Apples, peaches, pears. | Dried apples. | Dried peaches. | Flaxseed. | Hemp-seed. | Timothy-seed. | Blue-grass seed. | Clover seed. | Salt, | Coal, bituminous. | Coal, anthracite. | Lime. |
|----------------------------|----------|------|-------|---------|----------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| smill. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | Sql 15 | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. | lbs. |
| Arizona | 60 | | 32 | 45 | | 54 | | | | | | | | 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| California Colorado | 60 | 54 | 32 | 50 | | 52 56 | 70 | | | 60 | | Em | | 60 | | | | | | :: | :: | :: | | | | | 1 |
| Connecticut | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 48 | 56 | | 50 | :: | 60 | :: | 57 | 50 | 60 | 60 | • • | :: | | | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 80 | 80 | | 80 |
| Dakota | | | | | 42 | 56 | 70 | | :: | | 46 | 52 | 60 | | | | :: | | 56 | :: | 42 | | 60 | 80 | | 80 | 80 |
| Delaware | 60 | | | | | 56 | | 48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dis. of Columbia | | | 32 | 400 | :: | 56 | | 48 | | 60 | :: | :: | :: | | | | .: | | | :: | 1: | :: | | | | | |
| Georgia | 60 | 56 | 32 | 41 | 52 52 | 56 | 70 70 | 48 | 90 | 60 60 | 55 | 57 | 55 | 60 | | :: | | | | | 45 | | | 50-55 | | 80 | 80 |
| Indiana | 60 | | 0.0 | 48 | 50 | 56 | 68 | 50 | 90 | 60 | | 48 | | 60 | :: | :: | 25 | 33 | 30 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | 70-80 | 00 | 0 |
| Iowa | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 52 | 56 | 70 | | | 60 | 46 | 57 | | 60 | :: | 48 | 24 | 33 | 56 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | | 80 | 80 |
| Kansas | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 50 | 56 | 70 | 50 | 32 | 60 | 50 | 57 | 55 | 60 | | | 24 | 33 | 54 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | | 80 | 80 |
| Kentucky | | | | | | | 70 | 50 | | 60 | | | | 60 | 60 | | 24 | 39 | 56 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | | 76 | 33 |
| Louisiana Maine | 60 | 50 | 32 | 48 | 48 | 50 | :: | 50 | :: | 60 | :: | | 50 | ė, | ėò | :: | :: | | | • • | | | | | | | |
| Maryland | 60 | 56 | 32 | 47 | 48 | 56 | 70 | 48 | :: | 00 | 56 | 56 | | 60 | | 40 | :: | | | :: | 45 | 14 | 64 | | 6080 | | |
| Massachusetts | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 48 | 56 | | 50 | | 60 60 | 56 | 52 | | | | | | | | | | | | 70 | 00.00 | | 1: |
| Michigan | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 48 | 56 | 70 | 50 | | 60 | | 54 | 58 | 60 | 60 | 48 | 22 | 28 | 56 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 56 | 80 | | 70 |
| Minnesota | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 42 | 56 | | | | 60 | | | | | | | 28 24 | 28 | | | | :: | 60 | | | | |
| Missouri Montana | 60 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 52 | 56 | :: | 50 | •• | 60 60 | | 57 | 50 | 60 | • • | 48 | 24 | 33 | 56 | 44 | 45 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 50 | 80 | | |
| Nebraska | 60 | | | | | | 70 | 50 | 30 | 60 | 50 | 57 | 55 | 60 | 60 | •• | 24 | 33 | 56 | 44 | 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | | 80 | 9 |
| New Hampshire. | 60 | 56 | 32 | | | 56 | | 50 | | 60 | 00 | | | 60 | 60 | :: | | 00 | 30 | 11 | 10 | | | 00 | | 00 | 100 |
| New Jersey | 60 | 56 | 30 | 48 | 50 | 56 | | | | 60 | 54 | | | 60 | 60 | 50 | 25 | 33 | 55 | | | | 64 | | | | |
| New York | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 48 | | | | 34 | 60 | :: | :: | | | 60 | | | | 55 | | 44 | | 60 | | | | |
| Ohio Oregon | | | | | 50 42 | | 70 | | 34 | 60 60 | 50 | | | 60 | 60 | 45 | 22 28 | 33 | 56 | 44 | 45 | | 60 60 | | 70-80 | | 70 |
| | 100 | 1 | | | - | | ••• | ••• | | | • • | • • | | ••• | • • | 40 | 25 | 28 | ••• | •• | | • • | 1 | | | | |
| Pennsylvania | 60 | 100 | 17.1 | | 48 | | ••• | | | 56 | ••• | | • • | • • | • • | • • | | • • | • • | •• | | • • | | 85-62 | | | |
| Rhode Island Vermont | 60 | | | 48 | | 56 56 | :: | 50 | | 60 60 | | 50 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 16 | .: | ••• | • • | •• | 45 | | 60 | | | | |
| Virginia | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 52 | 56 | 70 | 50 | 38 | 60 | 56 | 57 | 55 | 60 | 60 | 40 | 28 | 32 | 56 | 44 | 45 45 | 14 | 60 | 50 | | 80 | 80 |
| Washington | 60 | 56 | 35 | 45 | 42 | 56 | | | | 50 | | 50 | 50 | 60 | 60 | 45 | 28 | 28 | | | 40 | | 60 | | | | 1. |
| West Virginia | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 52 | 56 | | | | 60 | | | | 60 | | | 28 25 | 33 | 56 | | 45 | | 60 | | 80 | | |
| Wisconsin | 60 | 56 | 32 | 48 | 50 | 56 | 70 | | | 60 | | | 42 | 60 | | 57 | 28 | 28 | 56 | | 45 | | 60 | | | | |

White and Colored Population at Each Census-1790-1870. [From the Compendium of the Ninth Census, 1870.]

| | 1790. | 1800. | 1910. | 1820. | 1830. | 1840. | 1850. | [1360. | 1870. |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------------|------------|----------------|
| White | 3,172,006 | 4,306,446 | 5,832,073 | 7,862,166 | 10,537,378 | 14,195,805 | 19,533,06 9 | 26,922,537 | 33,539,377 |
| Free | 59,527 | 108,435 | 185,446 | 233,634 | 819,599 | 836,233 | 434,495 | 488,070 | 4,830,009 |
| Colored. Blaves Indians. | 697,691 | 893,602 | 1,191,363 | 1,533,022 | 2,009,043 | 2,487,355 | 8,204,313 | 8,953,760 | |
| Civilized | | | | | | | | 41,021 | 2 5,731 |
| Chinese | | | | | | | | 84,933 | 63,254 |
| Total | 3,929,214 | 5,303,433 | 7,239,881 | 9,683,822 | 12,866,020 | 17,069,453 | 23,191,876 | 81,443,821 | 88,558,871 |

SOME OF THE MOST DESTRUCTIVE FIRES ON RECORD.

- 1666, Sept. 26.—The "Great Fire" in London; ruins covered 436 acres; 13,200 houses destroyed. About 200,000 persons forced to camp out.
- 1812, Sept. 14.—Moscow burned by order of the Russians; fires ordered lit in tco places; 1,180 houses, exclusive of palaces and churches, burned.
- 1835, Dec. 16.—New York; 600 warehouses and \$20,000,000 in property destroyed.
- 1838, April 27.—Charleston, S. C.; one-half the city (1,158 buildings) destroyed; loss, \$3,000,000.
- 1839, Sept. 6.—New York; 46 buildings; loss, \$10,000,000.
- 1842, May 5.—Hamburg, Germany; 4,219 buildings burned; 100 lives and \$35,000,-000 worth of property lost.
- 1845, April 10.—Pittsburg; 1,000 buildings; loss, \$6,000,000.
- 1845, May 28.—Immense fire at Quebec; 1,050 houses burned and 12,000 people made homeless; many lives lost.
- 1845, June 28.—Another great fire in Quebce; 1,865 houses (two-thirds of the city) burned.
- 1846, June 12.—St. John's, Newfoundland; nearly the whole town destroyed; 6,000 people burned out.
- 1848, August 17.—Albany, N. Y.; one-third of city (600 houses) burned; loss, \$3,-000,000.
- 1851, May 3-5.—San Francisco; 2,500 buildings burned; many lives lost; estimated loss, \$3,500,000.
- 1851, May 4.—St. Louis; about three-fourths of the city burned; loss, \$11,000,000.
- 1851, June 22.—San Francisco; 500 buildings burned; los-, \$3,000,000.
- 1861, June 22.—London; wharves on Tooley street; fire burned for a month; loss estimated, \$10,000,000.
- 1863, Dec. 8.—Santiago, South America; Church of the Campania burned; 2,000, principally women, perished.
- 1866, July 4.—Portland, Mc., nearly destroyed; 10,000 people homeless; loss, \$15,-000,000.
- 1870, June 5.- Constantinople; 7,000 buildings burned; 2,000 lives lost.
- 1871, Oct. 8-9.—Chicago; fire swept over 2,125 acres, destroying nearly all the business portion and much of the residence portion of the city; 1,600 stores, 28 hotels, C0 churches, nearly 1,500 residences burned; 220 lives lost; loss estimated, \$195,000,000.
- 1871, Oct.—Great forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan; 1,000 lives lost; 15,000 people made homeless; loss estimated at \$3,000,000.
- .1872, Nov. 9.—Boston; 65 acres burned in the business heart of the city; 14 lives lost; 446 buildings destroyed; loss, \$73,600,000.
- 1873, Aug. 2.—Portland, Oregon; 23 blocks, 250 dwellings destroyed; loss, \$1,500,-000.
- 1874, Feb. 4.—Great fire in London; loss, \$15,000,000.
- 1874, July 14.—Chicago; 15 squares burned; 846 buildings destroyed; loss, over \$4,000,000.
- 1875, Feb. 8.—New York; destructive fire on Broadway; loss, \$3,000,000.
- 1875, April 28.—Oshkosh, Wis.; a square mile of city in ruins; loss over \$2,000,-000.
- 1875, May 27.-Holyoke, Mass.; French Cathedral burned; 75 lives lost.
- 1875, Nov. 4.—Virginia City, Nev.; business portion destroyed; loss, \$4,000,000.
- 1877, June 21.—St. Johns, New Brunswick; two-fifths of city burned—1,650 dwellings; loss, \$12,500,000.

LIST OF NOTABLE SHIPWRECKS-1782-1378.

| Name. | Date. | Where from. | Where lost. | Lives lost. |
|--|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Amazon Amazon Amazon America Anglo-Saxon Annic Jane Arctic Atlantic Atlantic Atlantic Avalanche Avenger B. Billow Ben Sherrod Birkenhead Boston Brandywine Bristol British Admiral Brother Jonathan Cambria Carrick Carrick Cazador Central America City of Boston. City of Glasgow | 1852, Jan. 4 | | Land's End, Engl | 100 |
| Amazon | 1861, Nov. | Prussian man-of-w. | Coast, N. Holland | 118 |
| America | 1269 Apr 97 | Livernool | Unio River | 72 237 |
| Annic Jane | 1853, Sep. 28 | Liverpool | Hebrides | 848 |
| Arctic | 1854, Sep. 27 | U. S. mail steamer | Cape Race | 829 |
| Atlantic | 1852, Aug. 20 | ******************* | Lake Erie | 250 |
| Atlantic | 1873, Apr. 1 | Liverpool, W. S. line | Coast, Nova Scotia. | 560 |
| Avalanche | 1877 Sept | For New Zealand | British Channel | 500 100 |
| Avenger | 1847, Dec. 20 | England | Bizerta, Africa | 266 |
| B. Billow | 1831, Apr. 9 | | Nova Scotia | 187 |
| Ben Sherrod | 1837, May 9 | New Orleans | Natchez | 175 |
| Boston | 1852, Feb. 26 | Rurned at see | by lightning | 454 |
| Brandywine | 1831. Apr. 9 | Mississippi R | Near Memphis | 110 |
| Bristol | 1836, Nov. 20 | Liverpool | Long Island | 75 80 |
| British Admiral | 1874, May 23 | Liverpool | Near Australia | .80 |
| Brother Jonathan | 1865, Aug. 25 | San Francisco | Pacinc | 146 |
| Cantain | 1870, Oct. 19 | British man-of-war | Off Finisterro | 170 500 |
| Carrick | 1847. May 19 | Canadian Brig | St. Lawrence | 170 |
| Cazador | 1856, Jan. 30 | Chilian war steamer | | 818 |
| Central America | 1857, Sep. 12 | Havana and N. Y | Gulf of Mexico | 427 |
| City of Glasgow | 1870, Jan. 28 | Liverpool to Phile | Never heard from | 191 480 |
| City of Philadelphia | 1854. Sep. 17 | Liverpool | Cape Race. | 400 |
| City of Washington | 1878, July 5 | Inman Steamship | Off Nova Scotia | |
| Cospatrick | 1874, Nov. 17 | London | Burned at sea | 465 |
| Deutschland | 1875, Dec. 6 | Bremernaven, Ger | Kentish Kn'k Sand. | 60 |
| Donna Maria | 1857 Ang 97 | Shin | Near Macao, China. | 188 121 |
| Eagle Speed | 1865. Aug. 20 | Calcutta | Indian Ocean | 265 |
| Erie | 1841, Aug. 9 | Buffalo | Burned, Lake Erie | 175 |
| Cazador. Central America. City of Boston City of Boston City of Glasgow. City of Philadelphia City of Washington Cospatrick. Deutschland Donna Maria. Dunbar Ragle Speed. Erie. Eten Eten Eten Eten Exrydice. Exvening Star Exmouth Favorite. Floridian Friesland General Lyon George Canning Golden Gate. Governor Fenner Griffith Henry Clay Hibernia Home Hungarian Independence Jane and Margaret Japan John | 1877, June | Bombay | Near Valparaiso | 100 |
| Evening Star | 1866, Mar. 23 | New York | Tybes Island Ga | 8 00 258 |
| Exmouth | 1847. Ap. 28 | Londonderry | Atlantic | 230 |
| Favorite | 1854, Apr. 29 | Bremen | Atlantic: | 180 |
| Floridian | 1849, Feb. 28 | Antwerp and N. Y | English coast | 200 |
| General Lyon | 1877, Dec. | Wilmington N. C. | Cone Hetteres | 168 500 |
| George Canning | 1855. Jan. 1 | Hamb'g & N. Y. nkt. | Near River Elbe | 96 |
| Golden Gate | 1862, July 27 | San Francisco | Mexican coast. | 204 |
| Governor Fenner | 1841, Feb. 21 | Liverpool | Atlantic | 122 |
| Griffith | 1850.June 17 | Albane | Lake Eric | 800 |
| Hibernia | 1969 Nov 95 | N V to Glesgow | Coast Iroland | 26 85 |
| Home | 1837. Oct. 9 | New York | Pamlico Sound. N.C. | 100 |
| Hungarian | 1860, Feb. 19 | Liverpool to Portl'd | Cape Sable | 205 |
| Independence | 1853, Feb. 16 | Central America | Lower California | 140 |
| Jane and Margaret. | 1837, Feb. 22, | Pacif mail steemer | Neer Vokobeme | 206 406 |
| John | 1855. May 8 | Barone | Manacles Rocks | 191 |
| John Rutledge | 1856, Feb. 19 | Liverpool to N. Y | Sunk by an iceberg. | |
| Johnson, A. N | 1847, Dec. | Cincinnati | Ohio River | 80 |
| Kars | 1874,June 22 | Collin with Anguata | Sea of Marmora | 230 297 |
| Lady Nagent | 1854 May 10 | Madras | Foundered | 400 |
| Lexington | 1840. Jan. 13 | New York | Watch Hill, R. I | 40 |
| Lochearn | 1873, Nov. 28 | Glasgow | Atlantic | |
| London | | London | Bay of Biscay | 220 |
| | 1000, UBIL. 11 | ł . | | 100 |
| Luna | 1880, Feb. 12 | New York | Atlantic | 194 |
| Luna Lyonnais Megæra | 1860, Feb. 12 1856, Nov. 2 1871.June 17 | New York British troop ship | Atlantic | 134 |
| Luna Lyonnais Megæra Mercedes | 1860, Feb. 12 1856, Nov. 2 1871, June 17 1854, May 1 | New York British troop ship Peruvian war ship | Atlantic | 134 731 |
| Luna Lyonnais Megæra Mercedes Metis | 1860, Feb. 12 1856, Nov. 2 1871, June 17 1854, May 1 1872, Aug. 80 | New York | Atlantic Pacific Ocean Callao Watch Hill, R. I. | 134 731 52 |
| Luna. Lyonnais Megæra Mercedes Metis Mexico Monmonth | 1860, Feb. 12 1856, Nov. 2 1871, June 17 1854, May 1 1872, Aug. 80 1837, Jan. 3 | New York | Atlantic Pacific Ocean Callao Watch Hill, R. I. Long Island Mississippi Pivor | 731 52 108 |
| Luna Lyonnais Megæra Mercedes Metis Mexico Monmonth Montreal | 1830, Feb. 12 1836, Nov. 2 1871, June 17 1854, May 1 1872, Aug. 30 1837, Jan. 3 1837, Oct. 29 | New York | Atlantic Pacific Ocean Callao Watch Hill, R. I Long Island Mississippi River Near Ouebec | 731 52 108 234 250 |
| Independent Japan Jane and Margaret Japan John John Rutledge Johnson, A. N. Kars Lady Rigin Lady Nugent Lexington Lochearn London Luna Lyonnais Megæra Mercedes Metis Mexico Momouth Montreal Moselle New Jersey | 1830, Feb. 12 1836, Nov. 2 1871, June 17 1854, May 1 1872, Aug. 30 1837, Jan. 3 1837, Oct. 29 1857, June 26 1838, Apr. 25 | New York | Atlantic Pacific Ocean Callao. Watch Hill. R. I Long Island Mississippi River Near Quebec Near Cincinnati | 731 52 108 234 250 131 |

NOTABLE SHIPWRECKS-1782-1878 .- Continued.

| NAME. | Date. | Where from. | Where lost. | Lives lost. |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Niagara | | | Mississippi River | 100 |
| North American | | | | 197 |
| Northfleet | 1873, Jan. 22 | London | | 293 |
| Ocean | 1854, Nov. 24 | Boston | Burnt, Boston Harb. | 35 |
| Ocean Monarch | 1848, Aug. 24 | Liverpool | Irish Channel | 170 |
| Oneida | | U.S. Navy | Yokohama Bay | 120 |
| Orpheus | | British man-of-war. | | 181 |
| Pacific | 1856, Jan. 23 | Liverpool for N. Y | Never heard from | 186 |
| Pacific | 1875, Nov. 4 | Victoria | Cape Flattery | 157 |
| Pennsylvania | 1858.June 13 | | Mississippi River | 100 |
| Pewabic | . 1865, Aug. 9 | Propeller | Lake Huron | 100 |
| Phœnix | 1847, Nov. 21 | | Lake Michigan | 240 |
| Pomona | 1859, Apr. 28 | Liverpool | Coast, Ireland | 895 |
| Pommerania | | Hamburg Am. line. | English Channel | 50 |
| Powhatan | 1854, Apr. 15 | Havre to the U.S | Atlantic | 311 |
| Poyang | | Macao | Hong-Kong | 100 |
| President | 1841, Mar. 13 | New York | Never heard from | 109 |
| Princess Alice | | London, collision | Thames River | 600 |
| Princeton | | Potomac | River (gun burst) | 20 |
| Pulaski | 1838.June 14 | Savannah | N. Carolina coast | 100 |
| Racehorse | 1864. Nov. 4 | | Coast, China | 99 |
| Rothsay Castle | 1831, Aug. 17 | | Near Liverpool | 100 |
| Royal Adelaide | 1850 Mar 30 | Cork and London | Near Margate, Eng. | 200 |
| Royal Charter | 1859 Oct 26 | Australia | Isle Anglesea, Wales | 446 |
| Royal George | 1782 Ang 20 | British man-of-war. | Sunk at Portsmouth | 600 |
| St. George | 1852 Dec 24 | Liverpool | Burned at sea | 51 |
| St. Paul | 1858 Sep. 30 | Hong-Kong | Rossel Isl'd, S. Pac. | 317 |
| San Francisco | 1853 Dec 24 | N. Y. to California. | Foundered at sea | 240 |
| Schiller | | New York | Scilly Islands | 349 |
| Shanunga | 1847, Aug. 9 | | Iduna | 172 |
| Staffordshire | 1852 Dec 20 | Liverpool to Boston | | 177 |
| Stonewall | 1860 Oct 97 | St. Louis | Near Cairo, Ill | 222 |
| Sultana | 1865 Apr 99 | Explosion, Miss. R. | Retur'd Union pris. | 1,320 |
| Talisman | 1847 Nov. 10 | Pittsburg | Ohio River | 100 |
| Tayleure | 1854 Jan 90 | White Star Line | Coast, Ireland | 370 |
| Ville du Havre | 1979 Nov 99 | New York | Azore Islands | 200 |
| Wawasset | | Washington, D. C. | Burned, Potomac R. | 45 |
| Wilhelmsburg | | Hamburg | | 250 |
| William and Man | 1952 Mer 9 | Emigrant chin | Near Bahama Isl'ds. | 170 |
| Wallam and Mary | 1000, may 5 | Emigrant sinp | real Danama Isl us. | 110 |

Average Annual Rates, per 1000 of Population, of Deaths, Births, and Marriages, in Nine Nations of Europe.

[From the 37th Annual Report of the Registrar-General of Great Britain, 1876.]

| | Г | EATHS | | I | Burtus. | | PERSONS MARRIED. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Countries. | Av'ge for | In the | years | юг | | years | ror · | In the | years | |
| ÷ | 20 yrs. 1853–72 | | 1874 | 20 yrs. 1853–72 | | 1874 | 20 yrs. 1853–72 | | 1874 | |
| England and Wales. Debmark. Sweden. Austria. Prussia. The Netherlands. France. Spain* Italy* | 22.4 20.8 20.4 81.9 27.2 25.7 24.4 29.7 80.2 | 21.1 18.6 17.2 88.5 29.0 24.0 23.8 | 22.3 19.9 20.3 31.3 25.8 22.6 21.6 | 34.8 31.6 32.0 40.2 87.7 81.3 26.1 37.2 37.4 | 35.5 30.7 30.8 40.3 39.7 36.0 26.1 | 86.2 80.8 80.9 40.1 40.1 83.1 26.2 | 16.9 15.9 14.1 17.8 17.1 15.9 15.0 15.1 15.4 | 17.6 16.2 14.6 18.5 20.3 17.0 17.7 | 17.1 16.4 14.5 17.9 19.4 16.6 16.5 | |

^{*} The mean annual rates for Spain are for the ten years 1861-70, those for Italy are for the ten years 1863-72.

It will be seen from the above table that the death-rate is much higher in Italy, Austria, Spain, and Prussia, than in France or England, while the mortality of the most northern countries of Europe—Denmark and Sweden—is less by ten per cent than in Great Britain, and 50 per cent lower than in Italy or Austria.

VITAL STATISTICS OF ENGLAND FOR 37 YEARS-1838-1874.

[From the 87th Annual Report of the Registrar-General.]

| Years | Estimated pop- | | | _ | Excess of | To 1000 | PERSONS | LITING |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|
| ended Dec. 51. | middle of each year. | Deaths. | Birthe. | Persons married. | births over deaths. | Deaths. | Births. | Persons married |
| 38 8 | 15,287,699 | 842,760 | 463,787 | 236,134 | 121,027 | 22.4 | 80.8 | 15.4 |
| 889 | | 888,984 | 492,574 | 246,882 | 153,590 | 21.8 | 81.7 | 15.9 |
| 840 | | 859,687 | 502,303 | 245,830 | 142,616 | 22.9 | 81.9 | 15.6 |
| 841 | | 848,847 | 512,158 | 244,992 | 168,311 | 21.6 | 82.2 | 15.4 |
| 842 | | 849,519 | 517,739 | 237,650 | 168,220 | 21.7 | 82.1 | 14.7 |
| 843 | 16,332,228 | 846,445 | 527,825 | 247,686 | 180,880 | 21.2 | 32.3 | 15.2 |
| 844 | 16,535,174 | 856,933 | 540,768 | 264,498 | 193,830 | 21.6 | 89.7 | 16.0 |
| 845 | 16,739,136 | 849,366 | 543,521 | 287,486 | 194,155 | 20.9 | 82.5 | 17.2 |
| 846 | 16,944,092 | 890,815 | 572,625 | 291,828 | 182,310 | 23.0 | 83.8 | 17.2 |
| 847 | 17,150,018 | 423,304 | 589,965 | 271,690 | 116,661 | 24.7 | 81.5 | 15.8 |
| 848 | 17,356,882 | 899,838 | 563,059 | 276,460 | 163,226 | 28.0 | 82.4 | 15.9 |
| 849 | 17,564,656 | 440,839 | 578,159 | 283,766 | 137,320 | 25.1 | 82.9 | 16.3 |
| 850 | 17,773,324 | 868,995 | 593,422 | 805,488 | 224,427 | 20.8 | 88.4 | 17.9 |
| 851 | 17,982,849 | 895,396 | 615,865 | 308,412 | 220,469 | 22.0 | 84.2 | 17.2 |
| 852 | 18,193,206 | 407,185 | 624,012 | 817,564 | 216,877 | 22.4 | 34.8 | 17.5 |
| 858 | 18,404,368 | 421,097 | 612,391 | 329,040 | 191,294 | 22.9 | 88.8 | 17.9 |
| 854 | 18,616,310 | 437,905 | 684,405 | 819,454 | 196,500 | 28.5 | 84.1 | 17.3 |
| 855 | 18,829,000 | 425,708 | 685,048 | 804,226 | 209,340 | 22.6 | 83.7 | 16.3 |
| 856 | 19,042,412 | 890,506 | 657,453 | 318,674 | 266,947 | 20.5 | 84.5 | 16.7 |
| 857 | 19,256,516 | 419,815 | 663,071 | 818,194 | 243,256 | 21.8 | 84.4 | 16.5 |
| 858 | 19,471,291 | 449,656 | 655,481 | 812,140 | 205,825 | 28.1 | 83.7 | 16.0 |
| 859 | 19,686,701 | 440,761 | 689,881 | 835,446 | 249,100 | 22.4 | 85.0 | 17.0 |
| 860 | 19,902,713 | 422,721 | 684,048 | 840,312 | 261,327 | 21.2 | 84.4 | 17.1 |
| 861 | 20,119,314 | 485,114 | 696,406 | 827,412 | 261,292 | 21.6 | 84.6 | 16.3 |
| 862 | 20,371,018 | 486,566 | 712,684 | 828,060 | 276,118 | 21.4 | 85.0 | 16.1 |
| 863 | | 473,887 | 727,417 | 847,020 | 253,580 | 23.0 | 85.8 | 16.8 |
| 864 | 20,883,889 | 495,581 | 740,275 | 860,774 | 244,744 | 23.7 | 85.4 | 17.8 |
| 865 | 21,145,151 | 490,909 | 748,069 | 870,948 | 257,160 | 28.2 | 85.4 | 17.5 |
| 866 | 21,409,684 | 500,689 | 753,870 | 875,552 | 253,181 | 28.4 | 85.2 | 17.5 |
| 867 | 21,677,525 | 471,078 | 768,849 | 858,308 | 297,276 | 21.7 | 85.4 | 16.5 |
| 868 | 21,948,713 | 480,622 | 786,858 | 853,924 | 306,286 | 21.9 | 85.8 | 16.1 |
| 869 | 22,223,299 | 494,828 | 778,881 | 858,940 | 278,553 | 22.8 | 84.8 | 15.9 |
| 870 | 22,501,316 | 515,829 | 792,787 | 863,310 | 277,458 | 22.9 | 85.2 | 16.1 |
| 871 | 22,782,812 | 514,879 | 797,428 | 880,224 | 282,549 | 22.6 | 85.0 | 16.7 |
| 872 | 23,067,835 | 499,265 | 825,907 | 402,534 | 888,642 | 21.8 | 85.8 | 17.5 |
| 87 3 | 23,356,414 | 492,530 | 899,778 | 411,230 | 837,258 | 21.1 | 85.5 | 17.6 |
| 874 | 23,648,609 | 526,632 | 854,956 | 404,020 | 828,324 | 22.8 | 86.2 | 17.1 |

Average Annual Birth Rate, Death Rate, and Marriage Rate per 1000 of the Population.

| | Average annual birth-rate. | Average annual death-rate. | Surplus birth-rate over death-rate. | Average sunual marriage- rate. |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| England and Wales | 34.9 81.9 | 22.2 | 12.7 11.6 | 16.8 |
| Sweden Denmark | 81.6 | 20.8 20.2 | 11.4 | 14.1 15.9 |
| Prussia | 87.8 84.5 | 27.1 25.5 | 10.7 9.0 | 17.8 16.0 |
| AustriaSpain | 89.9 87.2 | 82.2 29.7 | 7.7 7.5 | 17.2 13.1 |
| ItalyFrance. | | 80.2 24.2 | 6.9 1.9 | 15.0 16.0 |

VITAL STATISTICS IN EUROPE.

Proportion of Births per Thousand of the Population during 22 Years from 1853 to 1874.

[From the 87th Annual Report of the Registrar-General of Great Britain.]

| | Engla'd and Wales. | France. | Prussia. | Austria. | Italy. | Spain. | Den- mark. | Nether- lands. | Sweden |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--------|
| 1858. | 83.3 | 25.9 | 87.1 | 40.8 | | | 81.9 | 33 0 | 31.4 |
| 1854. | 34.1 | 25.7 | 86 8 | 88.4 | | | 32.9 | 82.6 | 33.5 |
| 1855. | 83.7 | 25.1 | 84.5 | 86.9 | | l | 82.1 | 82.0 | 31.8 |
| 1856. | | 26.4 | 84.7 | 89.6 | | | 32.6 | 82.6 | 81.5 |
| 1857. | | 26.0 | 38.6 | 42.9 | | . | 83.2 | 84.6 | 32.4 |
| 1858. | | 26.8 | 89.4 | 42 2 | | | 33.4 | 82.3 | 84.8 |
| 1859. | | 28.0 | 39.8 | 48.2 | | | 33.8 | 84.9 | 35.0 |
| 1860. | | 26.2 | 38.6 | 40.6 | | | 82.7 | 81.7 | 34.8 |
| 1861. | | 26.9 | 87.5 | 40.0 | | 39.8 | 31.8 | 35.2 | 826 |
| 1862. | | 26.5 | 37.0 | 40.8 | | 38.3 | 81.0 | 83.1 | 83.4 |
| 1868. | | 26.9 | . 89.8 | 89.9 | 39.1 | 37.4 | 81.1 | 86.1 | 83.6 |
| 1864. | | 26.6 | 39.4 | 40.4 | 37.8 | . 38 5 | 30.3 | 85.5 | 33.6 |
| 1865. | | 26.5 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 87.9 | 21.4 | 35 9 | 82.8 |
| 1866. | | 26.1 | 89.2 | 44.2 | 38.7 | 87 8 | 82.2 | 85.8 | 83.1 |
| 1867. | | 26.2 | 36.9 | 24.7 | 8 6. 5 | 87. 8 | 30.5 | 85.2 | 30 8 |
| 1868. | | 25.7 | 36.8 | 89.8 | 85.8 | 34.4 | 81.2 | 34.7 | 27.5 |
| 1869. | | 25.7 | 37.7 | 40.2 | 37.0 | 85.7 | 29.5 | 84.5 | 28.2 |
| 1870. | | 25.5 | 38.1 | 40.5 | 36.7 | 85.4 | 30.5 | 85.9 | 28.3 |
| 1871. | 85.0 | 22.6 | 88,8 | 89.9 | 37.0 | | 30.2 | 35.3 | 30.4 |
| 1872. | | 26.8 | 39.7 | 89.9 | 87.8 | | 30.3 | 85.8 | 300 |
| 1878. | | 26.1 | 89.7 | 40.8 | 86.8 | | 80.7 | 36.0 | 30.8 |
| 1874. | 36.2 | 26.2 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 34.9 | | 80.8 | 36.1 | 30.9 |
| Annual aver'e. | | 26.1 | 37.8 | 89.9 | 87.1 | 37.2 | 81.6 | 34.5 | 81.9 |

Proportion of Deaths per Thousand of the Population during 22 Years from 1853 to 1874.

| - | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------|--------|---------------|-------------------|--------|
| | Engla'd and Wales. | France. | Prussia. | Austria, | Italy. | Spain. | Den- mark. | Nether- lands. | Sweden |
| 1858. | 22.9 | 22.0 | 29.0 | 35.0 | | | 24.3 | 24.5 | 23.7 |
| 1854. | | 27.7 | 27.6 | 87.4 | •••• | | 18.5 | 23.9 | 19.8 |
| 1855. | | 26.1 | 80.6 | 46.0 | •••• | •••• | 20.1 | 28.1 | 21.5 |
| 1856. | | 23.2 | 26 2 | 81.9 | •••• | | 18.9 | 23.4 | 21.8 |
| 1857. | | 23.8 | 28.2 | 29.6 | •••• | •••• | 21.9 | 27.8 | 27.6 |
| 1858. | | 24.1 | 27.6 | 82.0 | •••• | •••• | 23.3 | 27.8 | 21.7 |
| 1859. | | 27.0 | 25.7 | 30.7 | •••• | •••• | 20.4 | 81.2 | 20.1 |
| 1860. | | 21.4 | 23.7 | 29.8 | •••• | | 20.2 | 24.7 | 17.6 |
| 1861. | | 23.2 | 25.3 | 81.4 | •••• | 26.3 | 18.4 | 25.2 | 18.5 |
| 1862. | | 21.7 | 24.5 | 80.9 | •••• | 26.8 | 18.4 | 23.7 | 21.4 |
| 1868. | | 22.5 | 26.0 | 81.1 | 80.8 | 28.5 | 18.3 | 23.2 | 19.3 |
| 1864. | 23.7 | 22.8 | 26.0 | 80.2 | 29.7 | 80.6 | 23.3 | 25.1 | 20.2 |
| 1865. | | 24.8 | 27.2 | 81.0 | 29.8 | 32.8 | 23.2 | 25.8 | 19.4 |
| 1866. | | 23.3 | 84.0 | 83.3 | 29.0 | 28.0 | 20.9 | 28.7 | 20.0 |
| 1867. | | 22.7 | 25.6 | 28.1 | 84 2 | 29.1 | 20.0 | 23.6 | 19.6 |
| 1868. | 21.9 | 24.0 | 27.3 | 29.8 | 80.5 | 32.6 | 19.3 | 24.8 | 21.0 |
| 1869. | | 23.5 | 25.9 | 28.9 | 27.7 | 32.6 | 19.1 | 23.0 | 23 3 |
| 1870. | | 28 3 | 25.9 | 29.2 | 29.8 | 30.1 | 19.1 | 25.7 | 19.8 |
| 1871. | | 84.8 | 28.4 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.1 | 19.5 | 29.4 | 17.2 |
| 1872. | | 22.0 | 29.3 | 32.4 | 80.7 | | 18.3 | 25.7 | 16.3 |
| 1878. | | 28 8 | 28.0 | 38.5 | 80.0 | •••• | 18.6 | 24.0 | 17.2 |
| 1874. | | 21.6 | 25.8 | 81.8 | 80.8 | •••• | 19.9 | 22.6 | 20.8 |
| 2012. | ~~.0 | 71.0 | | | | •••• | 13.5 | ٠٠٠٠ | ₩.0 |
| Annual aver'e. | | 24.2 | 27.1 | 32.2 | 80.2 | 29.7 | 20.2 | 25.5 | 20.3 |

Proportion of Marriages per Thousand of the Population during 22 Years from 1858 to 1874.

| | Engla'd and Wales. | | Prussia. | Austria. | Italy. | Spain. | Den- mark. | Nether- lands. | Sweden |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------|----------|----------|--------|--------|---------------|-------------------|--------|
| 1858. | 17.9 | 15.5 | 17.0 | 16.8 | | | 18 5 | 15.5 | 14.4 |
| 1854. | 17.2 | 15.1 | 15.6 | 15.4 | | | 17.5 | 14.9 | 15 4 |
| 1855. | 16.2 | 15.8 | 15.2 | 14.6 | | | 17.1 | 14.5 | 15 0 |
| 1856. | 16.7 | 15 8 | 16.8 | 18.8 | | | 17.3 | 15.1 | 14.9 |
| 1857. | 16.5 | 16.8 | 18.6 | 17.6 | | | 18.0 | 15.8 | 15.5 |
| 1858. | 16.0 | 16.9 | 18.9 | 17.3 | | | 17.5 | 15.9 | 16.3 |
| 1859. | 17.0 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 14.8 | | | 16 9 | 16.3 | 16.6 |
| 1860. | 17.1 | 15.8 | 16.8 | 17.5 | | | 16.0 | 16.2 | 15.6 |
| 1861. | 16.8 | 16.3 | 15.9 | 17.1 | | 16.5 | 14.9 | 16.1 | 14.5 |
| 1862. | | 16.2 | 16.8 | 18.0 | | 16.0 | 14.7 | 15.6 | 14.1 |
| 1868. | 16.8 | 16.0 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 16.8 | 15.8 | 15.0 | 16.5 | 14.5 |
| 1864. | | 15.9 | 17.2 | 16.7 | 16.0 | 15.5 | 11.3 | 16.7 | 14.0 |
| 1865 . | 17.5 | 15.8 | 18.1 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 15.7 | 17.8 | 16.9 | 14.1 |
| 1866. | 17.5 | 15.8 | 15.5 | 13.5 | 11.2 | 15.9 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 13.4 |
| 1867. | 16.5 | 15.7 | 18.6 | 17.8 | 13.4 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 16.7 | 12.2 |
| 1868. | 16 1 | 15.7 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 14.8 | 18.8 | 14.6 | 15.8 | 10.9 |
| 1869. | | 16.4 | 17.8 | 20.7 | 15.9 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 15.5 | 11.8 |
| 1870. | 16.1 | 12.0 | 14.7 | 19.4 | 14.6 | 12.5 | *14.7 | 15.8 | 18.1 |
| 1871. | | 14.4 | 15.9 | 19.0 | 14.9 | | 14.6 | 15.9 | 18 0 |
| 1872. | | 19.5 | 20.6 | 18.4 | 15.0 | | 15.0 | 16.4 | 13.9 |
| 1878. | | 17.7 | 20.8 | 18.5 | 15.8 | | 16.2 | 17.0 | 14.6 |
| 1874. | 17.1 | 16.5 | 19.4 | 17.9 | 15.2 | | 16.4 | 16.6 | 14.5 |
| Annual aver'e. | 16.8 | 16.0 | 17.8 | 17.2 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 14 1 |

VITAL STATISTICS OF FOREIGN CITIES. [From the Reports of the Board of Health of the City of New York.]

| CITY. | Popula- tion. [Estimat- ed for 1873.] | No. of deaths. | Death rate per 1,000 inhabi- tants. | Сіту. | Popula- tion. [Estimat- ed for 1873.] | No. of deaths. | Death rate per 1,000 inhabi- tants. |
|---------------|---|----------------|---|---------------|---|----------------|---|
| Algiers | 49,531 | 1,490 | 30.08 | London | 3,356,073 | 76,634 | 22.88 |
| Amsterdam | 282,000 | 7.332 | 26.07 | Manchester | 354,000 | 10,015 | 28.29 |
| Antwerp | 153,645 | -3,795 | | Mayence | 47,483 | 1,396 | |
| Basle | 50,000 | 1,167 | | Messina | 111,854 | 3,234 | 28.91 |
| Berlin | 950,000 | 26,424 | 27.81 | Mexico | 225,000 | 6,963 | 30 94 |
| Birmingham | 355,540 | 8,990 | | Milan | 271,135 | 9,272 | 34.19 |
| Bologna | 112,462 | 3,951 | 35.13 | Montreal | 165,000 | 4,954 | 30.02 |
| Bombay | 644,405 | 15,665 | | Munich | 169,400 | 7,705 | 45.48 |
| Bordeaux | 194,055 | 5,190 | | Newcastle | 135,500 | 4,033 | 29.76 |
| Brussels | 185,000 | 5,377 | | Nice | 49,230 | 1,718 | 34.89 |
| Cadiz | 52,451 | 1,481 | 28.23 | Nottingham | 90,894 | 2,035 | 21.18 |
| Calcutta | 447,600 | 11,557 | 25.82 | Palermo | 223,424 | 6,259 | 28.46 |
| Christiania | 72,725 | 1,566 | 21.53 | Paris | 1.851,792 | 40,739 | 22.04 |
| Dresden | 179,678 | 6,257 | 34.82 | Pesth | 230,000 | 11,323 | 49.23 |
| Edinburgh | 208,322 | 4,577 | 21.97 | Quebec | 62,000 | 1,424 | 22.97 |
| Frankfort-on- | | | | Rome | 248,307 | 8,479 | 34.14 |
| the Main | 100,000 | 2,008 | | Rotterdam | 125,893 | 3,963 | 31.48 |
| Genoa | 135,282 | 4,972 | | Stockholm | 147,249 | 4,484 | 80.45 |
| Glasgow | 514,295 | 14,876 | | | 91,666 | 2,354 | 25.68 |
| The Hague | 94,895 | 2,470 | | Sunderland | 104,380 | 2,341 | 22.42 |
| Halifax | 31,582 | 739 | | Turin | 214,425 | 5,575 | 26.07 |
| Havana | 205,676 | 7,755 | | Valparaiso | 95,000 | 6,135 | 64.58 |
| Honolulu | 14,852 | 1,639 | | Venice | 135,644 | 4,919 | 36.26 |
| Lausanne | 26,520 | 645 | | Vera Cruz | 15,500 | 1,093 | 70.51 |
| Leghorn | | 3,046 | | Vienna | 700,000 | 24.701 | 35.28 |
| Leicester | 104,360 | 2,478 | | | 77,188 | 2,362 | 30.60 |
| Leipsic | 110,000 | 2,869 | | Wolverha'pton | 70,000 | 1,726 | 24.65 |
| Liverpool | 505,274 | 13,042 | 25.81 | Zurich | 56,695 | 1,451 | 25.59 |

RATE OF MORTALITY IN AMERICAN CITIES.—NUMBER OF DEATHS PER ANNUM OUT OF 1,000 INHARITANTS.

[Compiled from the Monthly Sanitarian, New York, 1875-78.]

| ٠ | | 1875. (9 months.) | 1876. (1 year.) | 1877. (1 year.) | 1878. (10 months.) |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Baltimore | 21.23 | 21.26 | 21.25 | 19.19 |
| 2 | Boston | 25. | 23 58 | 20.43 | 20.85 |
| 8 | Brooklyn | 25.91 | 24.92 | 21.61 | 20.23 |
| 4 | Buffalo, N. Y | ا مناند ا | 16.61 | 10 43 | 28.96 |
| 5 | Charleston, S. C | 84.60 | 80.72 | 24.84 | |
| 6 | Chicago | 20.29 | 20.42 | 18.24 | 15.75 |
| 7 | Cincinnati | 20.89 | 28.10 | 17.81 | 16.59 |
| 8 | Dayton, O | 14.22 | 14.04 | 12.29 | 18.07 |
| 9 | Detroit, Mich | ا ننسند ا | 15.97 | 14. | 18.66 |
| 0 | Elmira, N. Y. | 17.01 18.74 | 15.56 | 14.58 | 13.10 |
| 1 2 | Erie, Pa | 14.25 | 13.40 12.92 | 13.71 14.72 | |
| 3 | Memphis, Tenu | 29.79 | 24.78 | 26.06 | ••••• |
| 4 | Mobile, Ala. | 22. | 24.84 | 24.14 | 21.19 |
| 5 | Milwaukee, Wis | 14.64 | 18.78 | 16.84 | 13.43 |
| 6 | Nashville, Tenn | 43.17 | 31.82 | 29.57 | 21.77 |
| 7 | Newark, N. J. | 20.29 | 27.15 | 23.17 | |
| 8 | New Haven, Conu | 20.79 | 17.89 | 19.66 | 18.18 |
| 9 | New Orleans, La | 27.80 | 26.89 | 84.83 | 82.42 |
| ŏ | New York | 29.79 | 27.23 | 24.36 | 25.47 |
| ñ | Paterson, N. J. | 30.94 | 26.72 | 24.28 | 21.24 |
| 2 | Petersburg, Va | 81.06 | 81.81 | 24.46 | |
| 3 | Philadelphia | 24.85 | 24.51 | 19.02 | 18.20 |
| 4 | Pittsburgh, Pa | 21.69 | 21.90 | 23.87 | 23.41 |
| 5 | Providence, R. I | 18.94 | 18.30 | 18.81 | 19.47 |
| 8 | Reading, Pa | 19.55 | 27.95 | 22.50 | |
| 77 | Richmond, Va | 24.97 | 22.18 | 21.98 | 19.05 |
| 28 | Rochester, N. Y | 24.39 | 21.27 | 18.41 | 14.83 |
| 19 | San Francisco | 19.28 | 18.89 | 19.86 | 15.56 |
| 100 | Selma, Ala | 22.53 | 16.87 | 19.63 | 80.81 |
| 31 | St. Louis | 16.19 | 13.48 | 11.69 | 12.43 |
| 32 | Syracuse, N. Y | | 10.26 | 13.20 | 11.33 |
| 33 | Toledo, O | 24.90 | 14.80 | 13.54 | 12.82 |
| 14 | Washington, D. C. * | 29.08 | 25.81 | 24.89 | 27.28 |
| 35 | Wheeling, W. Va Yonkers, N. Y | 18.06 | 21.35 | 16.78 | |
| 36 | Yonkers, N. Y | 19.29 | 28.87 | 17.81 | 14.40 |

^{*} The mortality rate of the colored population in Washington was reported by the Board of Health at 44.50; that of the white population at only 18.27.

Note.—The statement is made, on high medical authority, that trustworthy statistics of births, deaths, and marriages are not kept in more than three cities in the United States.

AMERICAN PETROLEUM.

Twenty years ago this article was little known. The first artificial well was sunk in Angust, 1859. Now there is an annual production in this country of about 15,000,000 barrels (or 600 million gallons), and from \$40,000,000 to \$60,000,000 worth is exported to other countries annually—our exports ranging in importance, according to valuation—first, cotton; second, flour and grain; third, hog products (lard, hams and salt pork); and fourth, petroleum. There are more than 10,000 oil wells flowing or being sunk, and probably over \$10,000,000 invested in the business in one way and another. Fifteen million barrels (forty gallons to a barrel) of this oil would fill 9,600,000,000 lamps holding half a pint each, or about seven such lamps for every man, woman, and child on our globe. All this has *come to tight*, from the bowels of the earth, in less than twenty years, during which time we have not only used all the petroleum we have wanted ourselves, but have sent to other lands nearly \$500,000,000 worth, at the low custom-house valuation.

EXPECTATION OF LIFE AT THE FOLLOWING AGES, CALCULATED IN YEARS AND HUNDREDTHS.

BY DR. WILLIAM FARR.

| Age. | Male. | Fem. | Age. | Male. | Fem. | Age. | Male. | Fem. | Age. | Male. | Fem. |
|----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|---|---|----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| 0 | 89.91 | 41.85 | 25 | 36.12 | 37.04 | 50 | 19.54 | 20.75 | 75 | 6.49 | 6.93 |
| 1 | 46.65 | 47.81 | 26 | 35.44 | 36.39 | 51 | 18.90 | 20.09 | 76 | 6.15 | 6.56 |
| 2 | 48.88 | 49.40 | 27 | 84.77 | 35.75 | 52 | 18.28 | 19.42 | 77 | 5.82 | 6.21 |
| 3 | 49.61 | 50.20 | 28 | 84.10 | 35.10 | 53 | 17.67 | 18.75 | 78 | 5.51 | 5.83 |
| 4 | 49.81 | 50.43 | 29 | 83.48 | 34.46 | 54 | 17.06 | 18.08 | 79 | 5.21 | 5.56 |
| 5 6 7 8 | 49 71 49.39 48.92 48.87 47.74 | 50.83 50.00 49.53 43.98 48.35 | 30 31 32 33 34 | 82.76 82.09 81.42 80.74 80.07 | 38.81 83.17 32.58 31.88 31.23 | 55 56 57 68 69 | 16 45 15.86 15.26 14.68 14.10 | 17 48 16.79 16.17 15.55 14.94 | 80 81 82 83 84 | 4.93 4.66 4.41 4.17 8.95 | 5.26 4.98 4.71 4.45 4.21 |
| 10 | 47 05 | 47.67 | 35 | 29.40 | 83.59 | 60 | 18.58 | 14.84 | 85 | 3.73 | 3.98 |
| 11 | 46.31 | 46.95 | 36 | 28.78 | 29.94 | 61 | 12.96 | 13.75 | 86 | 3.53 | 3.76 |
| 12 | 45.54 | 46.20 | 37 | 28.06 | 29.29 | 62 | 12.41 | 13.17 | 87 | 8.84 | 3.56 |
| 13 | 44.76 | 45.44 | 38 | 27.89 | 28.64 | 63 | 11.87 | 12.60 | 88 | 8.16 | 3.36 |
| 14 | 43.97 | 44.68 | 39 | 26.72 | 27.99 | 64 | 11.84 | 12.05 | 89 | 3.00 | 3.18 |
| 15 | 43.18 | 43.90 | 40 | 26.06 | 27.34 | 65 | 10.82 | 11.51 | 90 | 2.84 | 3.01 |
| 16 | 42.40 | 48.14 | 41 | 25 89 | 26.69 | 66 | 10.32 | 10.98 | 91 | 2.69 | 2.85 |
| 17 | 41.64 | 42.40 | 42 | 24.73 | 26.08 | 67 | 9.83 | 10.47 | 92 | 2.55 | 2.70 |
| 18 | 40.90 | 41.67 | 43 | 24.07 | 25.38 | 68 | 9.36 | 9.97 | 93 | 2.41 | 2.55 |
| 19 | 40.17 | 40.97 | 44 | 23.41 | 24.72 | 69 | 8.90 | 9.48 | 94 | 2.29 | 3.43 |
| 20 21 22 23 24 | 39.48 38.80 38.13 87.46 35.79 | 40.29 89.63 83.96 83.83 87.63 | 45 46 47 48 49 | 22.76 22.11 21.46 20.82 20.17 | 24.06 23.40 22.74 22.08 21.42 | 70 71 72 73 74 | 8.45 8.08 7.63 7.22 6.85 | 9.02 8.57 8.13 7.71 7.81 | 95 96 97 98 99 100 | 2.17 2.06 1.95 1.85 1.76 1.68 | 2.29 2.17 2.06 1.96 1.86 1.76 |

THE METALLIC MONEY OF ROME.

[Condensed from Mommsen, Gibbon, etc.]

During nearly three centuries, representing the earlier period of the Roman Republic, the current money consisted of bronze coins alone. This coinage was at first merely cast, but finally came to be stamped. Silver was first introduced into the coinage in the 487th year of Rome (B.C. 286), and from that time on it continued, although frequently debased, to be the principal money of account. The denarius, wort if from fourteen to sixteen cents of our money, was the silver coin in which most reckonings were made. The Roman denarius was worth about four sesterces, the latter coin, the smallest in use, being about four cents in value. Gold currency came in about two centuries before the Christian era; but it was of trifling amount prior to the conquests of Julius Cæsar, which opened up the gold mines of Spain to Roman cupidity. The bronze coins which continued until near the Christian era were gradually displaced by copper and brass. About the third century, brass was in its turn displaced by copper, which was thereafter exclusively used for the inferior coinage, while gold seems never to have become a monetary standard. In fact, most

of the gold amassed at the city of Rome was in bars. The Roman Government, even after gold became plentiful, adhered in its monetary system, with strictly conservative policy, steadfastly to the rule of coining silver only, with copper as subsidiary coins of trifling value. In the year of Rome 597, history records that the Roman treasury contained 17,410 Roman pounds of gold, 18,230 pounds of coined silver, and 22,070 of uncoined silver. The legal ratio of gold to silver was one pound of gold to 4000 sesterces, or one of gold to 11.91 silver.

It will thus be seen that silver was rated at least fifty per cent higher in relation to gold, near the beginning of the Christian era, than it is now reckoned. The silver coin, up to the time of Augustus Cæsar, was almost absolutely pure, and specimens of it still remaining are found to be food to food fine. Shortly after, however, the debasement of coinage, common to all countries of which history presents any record, set in. Thus, the silver coinage in the time of Nero was worth only 82 per cent of its face; in the time of Vespasian (A.D. 69) it ranged from 78 to 85 per cent. In the year 200, during the reign of Septimius Severus, set in the era of the largest debasement of silver coin; and fifty years later, in the bad days of Elagabalus and Philip, the coinage contained barely forty-five per cent of silver, the alloy being copper, with a small portion of tin to lend color to the fraud. Coins of this period still existing show that the emperors of those days resorted to the expedient of issuing copper with a mere plating of silver. The following table will show how the Roman denarii were debased under the empire;

| DENARII. | Weight in Grains. | Pure Silver. | DENARII. | Weight in Grains. | Pure Silver. |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| General Consular Period Republic | . 59.5 | 59.3 | Nero Hadrian | 49.2 | 51.7 41.0 |
| Augustus Cæsar | . 57.6 | 56.2 | Elagabalus | 44.2 | 1 5. 3 |

Mommson says that for a long period gold and silver stood side by side as general means of payment. The giving of one metal for the other was not as a rule optional, but payment was to be in gold or silver. according to the tenor of the bargain.

The debasement of Roman coinage fills a conspicuous place in ancient history. Pliny says that the Emperors uttered large sums of base metal with the Roman stamp. Dion Cassius tells us that Caracalla issued pieces of brass washed with gold, and copper plated with silver. Four out of five of all the *denarii* of Claudius were plated. It was the same with those issued in the reign of Claudius Drusus.

The coinage of brass, or alloyed denari, under the succeeding emperors, proves that silver had become of still greater scarcity. Yet this base money had to be accepted like full valued silver, though it was nothing but a token money, with compulsory circulation.

In 663 Claudius Drusus proposed the issue of one plated denarius for every seven of silver issuing from the mint. This "watering" of the currency appears to have been designed to leave the public uncertain whether it was receiving token money or silver. During the civil war a monetary panic was created by the quantity of bad money afloat. The amount of plated and partially worthless pieces rendered all commercial transactions extremely insecure. Accordingly, during the government of Cinna, a law was made for redeeming all the token money by means of silver, and for that purpose an assay office was established.

NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1850-1878.

[From the Official Returns of the U. S. Census for 1850, 1860, and 1870, from Rowell's Newspaper Directory for 1877, and from Pettengill's Newspaper Directory for 1878.]

| | 1 | 1850. | 1 | 860. | 1 | 870. | 1877. | 1878. |
|---|------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | No. | Circula- tion. | No. | Circula- tion. | No. | Circula- tion. | No. of Period- icals. | No. of Period- icals. |
| 1 Alabama | 60 | 34,282 | 96 | 98,595 | 83 | 91,165 | 86 | 87 |
| 2 Arizona | 9 7 | 7,250 4,619 | 87 121 | 39,812 229,893 | 56 201 | 280 29,830 491,908 | 65 250 | 83 237 |
| 5 Colorado 6 Connecticut | 46 | 52,670 | 55 | 95,586 | 14 71 | 12,750 203,725 | 49 | 89 121 |
| 7 Dakota | 10 | 7,500 | | 16,144 | 8 17 | 1,652 20,860 | 17 23 | 24 22 |
| 9 Dist. of Columbia 10 Florida | 18 10 | 100,073 5,750 | 13 22 | 69,510 15,500 | 22 23 | 81,400 10,545 | 26 80 | 28 85 |
| Il Georgia | 51 | 64,155 | 105 | 180,972 | 110 | 150,987 2,750 | 187 | 187 |
| 3 Illinois | 107 107 | 88,050 63,188 | 296 186 | 856,159 159,881 | 505 298 | 1,722,541 863,542 | 709 857 | 627 876 |
| 5 Iowa 6 Kansas | 29 | 22,500 | 130 27 | 89,240 21,990 | 233 97 | 219,090 96,803 | 401 170 | 890 171 |
| 17 Kentucky 18 Louisiana | 62 55 | 79,868 80,288 | 81 | 179,597 120,650 | 89 92 | 197,130 84,165 | 134 86 | 153 83 |
| 9 Maine 20 Maryland | 49 68 | 63,439 124,779 | 70 57 | 126,169 1 2 2,244 | 65 88 | 170,690 235,450 | 86 110 | 112 |
| 21 Massachusetts 22 Michigan | 209 58 | 718,221 52,690 | 222 118 | 1,868,990 128,848 | 259 211 | 1,692,124 253,774 | 329 306 | 845 201 |
| 2 Minnesota 4 Mississippi | 50 | 80,555 | 49 78 | 82,554 88,787 | 95 111 | 110,778 71,868 | 146 92 | 134 103 207 |
| 5 Missouri 6 Montana 7 Nebraska | 61 | 70,285 | 178 | 854,007 | 279 10 42 | 522,866 19,580 | 870 10 109 | 12 118 |
| 8 Nevada | | 60,226 | 14 | 9,750 | 12 51 | 31,600 11,300 | 24 66 | 25 68 |
| New Hampshire New Jerscy New Mexico | 51 2 | 44,521 1,150 | 90 90 2 | 19,700 162,016 1,150 | 122 | 173,919 205,500 1,525 | 178 | 196 |
| 2 New York 3 North Carolina | 428 51 | 1,624,756 35,252 | 542 74 | 6,084,686 79,874 | 885 64 | 7,561,497 64,820 | 1,048 89 | 1,175 104 |
| Ohio Oregon | 261 | 389,463 1,134 | 840 16 | 1,121,682 27,620 | 895 85 | 1,388,367 45,750 | 584 44 | 635 49 |
| 6 Pennsylvania 7 Rhode Island | 810 19 | 984,777 24,472 | 867 26 | 1,482,695 49,690 | 540 82 | 3,419,765 82,050 | 704 29 | 762 82 |
| 8 South Carolina 9 Tennessee | 46 50 | 53,743 67,679 | 45 88 | 58,870 176,908 | 55 91 | 80,900 225,9 52 | 72 134 | 71 140 |
| lo Texas Il Utah | 84 | 18,905 | 89 2 | 108,038 6,300 | 112 10 | 55,250 14,250 | 181 9 | 197 15 |
| 12 Vermont 13 Virginia (a) | 85 87 | 45,961 87,768 | 31 189 | 47,415 801,692 | 47 114 | 71,890 143,840 | 63 125 | 129 |
| Mashington West Virginia (a) | | | 4 | 2,850 | 14 59 | 6,785 54,482 | 18 81 | 29 74 |
| 6 Wisconsin 7 Wyoming | 46 | 83 ,015 | 155 | 189,145 | 190 6 | 243,385 1,950 | 268 5 | 230 |
| Total | 2,526 | 5,142,177 | 4,051 | 13,663,409 | 5,871 | 20,842,475 | 7,941 | 8,183 |

⁽a) In 1850 and 1860 Virginia included West Virginia.

INTEREST LAWS IN THE UNITED STATES.

[Compiled from the latest State and Territorial Statutes.]

Laws of each State and Territory regarding Rates of Interest and Penalties for Usury, with the Law or Custom as to Days of Grace on Notes and Drofts.

| States and Territories. | Legal Rate of Interest | Rate Allowed by Contract. | PENALTIES FOR USURY. | Grace or No Grace. |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | pr. ct. | per cent. | | _ |
| Alabama | 8 | . 8 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Arizona | 10 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| Arkansas | 6 | 10 | Forft. of principal and interest. | No statute |
| California | 10 | Any rate. | None. | No grace. |
| Colorado | 10 | Any rate. | None, except of excess. | Grace. |
| Connecticut | 7 | 7 12 | Forfeiture of principal. Forfeiture of interest. | Grace. |
| Dakota | 7 | | | Grace. |
| Delaware | 6 | 6 10 | Forfeiture of principal. | Grace. |
| Dist. of Columb. | 6 | | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Florida | 8 | Any rate. | None. | No statute Grace. |
| Georgia Idaho | 10 | Any rate. | Fine of \$100 or imprisonment. | |
| Illinois | | 10 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | No grace. Grace. |
| Illinois Indiana | 6 | 10 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Inuialia | 6 | 10 | Ferfeit, of 10 pr. ct. on amount. | Grace. |
| Iowa Kansas | 7 | 12 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Kentucky | 6 | 10 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Louisians | 8 | 8 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Maine | 6 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| Maryland | 6 | Any late. | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Massachusetts | 6 | 6 | Threefold amount of interest. | Grace. |
| Michigan | 7 | 10 | None. | Grace. |
| Minnesota | 7 | 12 | Forfeiture of excess over 12 p.c. | Grace. |
| Mississippi | 8 | 10 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Missouri | 6 | iŏ | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Montana | 10 | Any rate. | None. | No grace. |
| Nebraska | 10 | 12 | Forfeiture of interest and cost. | Grace. |
| Nevada | 10 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| New Hampshire. | 16 | 6 | Forfeiture of thrice the excess. | Grace. |
| New Jersey | 6 | 6 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| New Mexico | ŏ | 12 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | No statute |
| New York | 7 | 7 | Fine of \$1,000 or imprisonment. | Grace. |
| North Carolina | 6 | l š | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Ohio | 6 | l š | Forfeiture of excess above 6 p.c. | Grace. |
| Oregon | 10 | 12 | Forfeiture of principal and int. | Grace. |
| Pennsylvania | -8 | 16 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Rhode Island | 6 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| South Carolina | 7 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| Tennessee | 6 | 10 | Forfelt. of exc. int. & \$100 fine. | Grace. |
| Texas | 8 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| Utah | 10 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |
| Vermont | 6 | 6 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Virginia | 6 | 8 - | Forfeiture of excess over 6 p. c. | Grace. |
| Washington Ter. | 10 | Any rate. | None. | |
| West Virginia | 6 | 6 | Forfeiture of excess of interest. | Grace. |
| Wisconsin | 1 7 | 10 | Forfeiture of entire interest. | Grace. |
| Wyoming | 19 | Any rate. | None. | Grace. |

From the Financial Review, 1877.

COMPOUND INTEREST TABLE.

Showing the Accumulation of Principal and Interest on one Dollar, at various rates per Annum, from 3 to 10 per cent., the Interest being compounded semi-annually.

| No. of | 8 per | 4 per cent. | 4% per | 5 per | 6 per | 7 per | 7,4 per | 8 per | 10 per |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| Years. | cent. | | cent. | cent. | cent. | ceut. | cent. | cent. | ceut. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 | 1.0613 | | \$1.0455 1.0930 1.1438 1.1948 1.3431 | | 1.1255 1.1940 1.2667 | 1.1473 1.2292 1.3168 | 1.1530 1.2387 1.3806 | 1.1692 1.2646 1.2678 | 1.2155 1.8400 1.4778 |
| 6 7 8 9 10 | \$1.1936 1.2317 1.2699 1.3078 1.3463 | \$1.2681 1.8193 1.8725 1.4231 1.4838 | \$1.8004 1.8648 1.4264 1.4918 1.5592 | \$1.8449 1.4129 1.4845 1.5396 1.6383 | 1.5125 1.6047 1.7024 | 1.6186 1.7889 | 1.6502 1.7729 1.9047 | 1.7907 1.8720 2.0247 | 1.9747 2.1827 2,4064 |
| 11 12 13 14 15 | \$1.3875 1.4295 1.4727 1.5172 1,5630 | \$1.5433 1.6383 1.6732 1.7406 1.8111 | \$1.6301 1.7044 1.7830 1.8631 1.9479 | \$1.7234 1.8086 1.9001 1 9968 2.0988 | | 2.2833 | \$2.1982 2.8617 2.5372 2.7258 2.9284 | \$2.3687 2.5619 2.7710 2.9971 3.2417 | 8.9248 8.5558 8.9198 |
| 16 | \$1.6103 | \$1.8843 | \$3.0365 | \$2.2027 | \$2·5740 | \$3.0067 | \$3.1461 | \$3.5062 | \$4.7645 |
| 17 | 1 6589 | 1.9604 | 2.1272 | 2.3142 | 2.7317 | 8.2308 | 8.8800 | 8.7923 | 5.2529 |
| 18 | 1.70J1 | 2.0396 | 2.2240 | 2.4313 | 2.8961 | 8.4502 | 8.6812 | 4.1018 | 5.7883 |
| 19 | 1.7697 | 2.12.0 | 2.8232 | 2.5544 | 3.0746 | 8.6360 | 8.9011 | 4.4865 | 6.3816 |
| 20 | 1.8140 | 2.2078 | 2.4310 | 2.6887 | 3.2618 | 3.9592 | 4.1911 | 4.7985 | 7.0362 |
| 21 | \$1.9696 | \$3.9970 | \$2.5415 | \$2.8196 | \$3.4605 | \$4.2412 | \$4.5026 | \$5.1900 | \$7.7574 |
| 22 | 1.9258 | 2.9898 | 2.6572 | 2.9324 | 8.6712 | ; 4.5433 | 4.8378 | 5.6136 | 8.5525 |
| 23 | 1.9635 | 2.4863 | 2.7781 | 8.1128 | 8.8948 | 4.8669 | 5.1969 | 6.0716 | 9.4292 |
| 24 | 2.0434 | 2.5968 | 2.9045 | 8.2699 | 4.1820 | 5.2136 | 5.5832 | 6.5670 | 10.8957 |
| 25 | 2.1052 | 2.6918 | 3.0867 | 8.4354 | 4.8856 | 5.5849 | 5.9982 | 7.1030 | 11.4512 |
| 26 | \$2.1638 | \$2.8036 | \$3.1749 | \$3.6094 | \$4.6506 | \$5.9827 | \$6.4441 | \$7.6826 | \$12.6859 |
| 27 | 2.2814 | 2.9181 | 8.8198 | 3.7921 | 4.9838 | 6.4088 | 6.9231 | 8.3094 | 13.9811 |
| 28 | 2.8019 | 8 0318 | 8.4708 | 8.9341 | 5.2343 | 6.8653 | 7.4377 | 8.9975 | 15.8591 |
| 29 | 2.8715 | 8.1543 | 8.6982 | 4.1858 | 5.5581 | 7.3543 | 7.9906 | 9.7208 | 16.9884 |
| 8) | 2.4432 | 8.2618 | 8.7988 | 4.3977 | 5.8918 | 7.8781 | 8.5846 | 10.5143 | 18.6691 |
| 81 | \$2.5170 | \$3.4144 | \$3.9660 | \$4.6203 | \$6.2500 | \$8.4391 | \$9.2227 | \$11.3742 | \$20.5827 |
| 82 | 2.5981 | 8.5523 | 4.1465 | 4.8542 | 6.6307 | 9.0402 | 9.9087 | 12.3024 | 22.6924 |
| 83 | 2.6715 | 8.6959 | 4.3351 | 5.0999 | 7.0345 | 9.6841 | 10.6458 | 13.3062 | 23.0184 |
| 84 | 2.7522 | 8.8451 | 4.5324 | 5.3591 | 7.4629 | 10.3738 | 11.4366 | 14.3920 | 27.5828 |
| 85 | 2.8834 | 4.0005 | 4.7387 | 5,6294 | 7.9174 | 11.1126 | 12.2867 | 15.5664 | 80.4081 |
| 86 87 89 40 | \$2.9311 8.00,4 3.1004 8.1941 8.2907 | \$4.1621 4.3302 4.5032 4.6872 4.8766 | \$4.9543 5.1798 5.4146 5.6610 5.9288 | \$5.9144 6.2138 6.5284 6.8589 7.2061 | \$3.8396 8.9111 9.4538 10.0295 10.6403 | \$11.9041 12.7620 13.6709 14.6446 15.6877 | \$13.2000 14.1811 15.2353 16.3677 17,5844 | \$16.8367 18.2105 19.6965 21.3038 23.0422 | \$33.5249 36.9612 40.7497 44.9266 49.5316 |
| 41 | \$3.8901 | \$5.0738 | \$6.1986 | \$7.5709 | \$11.2893 | \$16.8050 | \$18.8915 | \$24.9224 | \$54.6086 |
| 42 | 8.4926 | 5.2785 | 6.4807 | 7.9542 | 11.9758 | 18.0020 | 20.2956 | 26.9561 | 60.2059 |
| 43 | 8.5982 | 5.4928 | 6.7756 | 8.8569 | 12.7051 | 19.2842 | 21.8043 | 29.1857 | 66.3771 |
| 44 | 8.7070 | 5.7147 | 7.0840 | 8.7800 | 13.8832 | 20.6577 | 23.2·50 | 81.5348 | 73.1807 |
| 45 | 8.8191 | 5.9456 | 7.4062 | 9.2245 | 14.7287 | 22.1290 | 25.1663 | 84.1080 | 82.6817 |
| 46 | \$3.9345 | \$6.1858 | \$7.7430 | \$9.6915 | \$15.6257 | \$23.7052 | \$27.0869 | 46.6666 | \$88.9516 |
| 47 | 4.0432 | 6.4357 | 8.0954 | 10.1822 | 16.5778 | 25.8936 | \$9.0466 | | 98.0692 |
| 43 | 4.1655 | 6.6957 | 8.4638 | 10.6987 | 17.5868 | 27.9022 | 81.2057 | | 107.1213 |
| 49 | 4.2914 | 6.9662 | 8.8490 | 11.2383 | 18.6597 | 29.1397 | 88.5258 | | 118.1012 |
| 50 | 4.4211 | 7.2477 | 9.2516 | 11.8072 | 19.7941 | 81.2141 | 86.0154 | | 130.2066 |

STATISTICS OF EXPENDITURE FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1877.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| STATES. | Salaries of Teachers. | Total Expended. | STATES. | Salaries of Teachers. | Total Expended. |
|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| | 200010101 | ponuou. | | | |
| | D-11 | D-11 | | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| A 3 - 3 | Dollars. | Dollars. | South Carolina. | Dollars. | 226,021 |
| Alabama | 384,993 | 392,493 *119,403 | Tennessec | 565,651 | 699,518 |
| Arkansas California | *78,166 2,149,486 | 2,749,729 | Texas | 500,031 | 496,083 |
| Colorado | 140,780 | 215,256 | Vermont | 420,823 | 587,153 |
| Connecticut | 1.058.682 | 1.510,223 | Virginia | 778,833 | 1.050,346 |
| Delaware | 114.027 | 218,025 | West Virginia | 531,545 | 793,272 |
| Florida | 74.628 | 101,722 | Wisconsin | 1,568,038 | 2,249,638 |
| Georgia | 12,000 | 202,120 | | | |
| Illinois | 5.000,000 | 7,388,593 | Total | 46,774,471 | 80,101,287 |
| Indiana | 3,049,094 | 4,673,766 | m | | |
| Iowa | 2,953,645 | 5,197,426 | TERRITORIES: | | |
| Kansas | 824,966 | 1,328,376 | Arizona | 10,400 | 62,843 |
| Kentucky | 1,000,000 | 1,130,000 | Dakota | 15,629 | b37,668 |
| Louisiana | 295,504 | 369,829 | District of Col | 239,854 | 370,996 |
| Maine | 951,877 | 1,170,668 | Idaho | 14,876 | 16,590 |
| Maryland | 1,085,068 | 1,637,583 | Montana | 25,804 | 54,104 |
| Massachusetts | | 5,582,519 | New Mexico | 15,432 | 18,890 |
| Michigan | 1,941,838 | 3,187,913 | Utah | 127,490 | |
| Minnesota | 791,679 | a1,181,327 | Washington | | |
| Mississippi | | 481,215 | Wyoming | *16,400 | *16,400 |
| Missouri | | 2,374,960 | Indian: | | l • |
| Nebraska | 457,049 | 861,264 | Cherokecs | 43,075 | 110,110 |
| Nevada | 101,016 | 162,760 | Creeks | 11,200 | 13,000 |
| New Hampshire | | 604,654 | Choctaws | 12,000 | 29,022 |
| New Jersey | 1,481,124 | 1,939,902 | Seminoles | 2,230 | 3,200 |
| New York | 7,915,634 | 12,110,903 | | | **** |
| North Carolina. | 263,524 | 6406,447 | Total | 533,910 | 732,823 |
| Ohio | 4,957,254 | 7,411,068 | ll. | | |
| Oregon | 190,922 | 241,893 | ll . | l | 1 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,817,563 | 8,583,379 | | 477 000 004 | 00.004.440 |
| Rhode Island | 412,543 | 725,962 | Grand Total | 47,308,381 | 80,834,110 |

⁽a) Estimated by State Superintendent. (b) Includes balance on hand.
* From report of 1876.

THEOLOGICAL SEMINARIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| DENOMINATION. | No. of Sem- inaries. | No. of Pro- fessors. | No. of Students. | DENOMINATION. | No. of Sem- fnaries. | No. of Professors. | No. of Students. |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Roman Cathelie | 18 | 96 | 575 | Unsectarian | 2 | 17 | 120 |
| Protestant Episcopal | 16 | 65 | 263 | Reformed (Dutch) | 2 | 5 | 40 |
| Presbyterian | 16 | 82 | 674 | Universalist | 2 | 9 | 43 |
| Baptist | 16 | 62 | 772 | African Methodist Epis- | | | |
| Lutheran | 13 | 38 | 252 | consi | 1 | 6 | 8 |
| Congregational | 9 | 64 | 847 | Mennonite | 1 | 4 | 50 |
| Methodist Episcopal | 7 | 46 | 883 | Methodist | 1 | | |
| Christian | . B | 4 | 31 | Moravian | 1 | 8 | 19 |
| Reformed | 3 | 8 | 62 | New Jernsalem | 1 1 | 1 | |
| United Presbyterian | 3 | 11 | 65 | Union Evangelical | 1 | 4 | 32 |
| CumberlandPresbyterian | 2 | 11 | 61 | Unitarian | 1 | 6 | 19 |
| Free Will Baptist Methodist Episcopal | 2 | 10 | 43 | Union Evangelical Unitarian United Brethren | 1 | 2 | 83 |
| (South) | 2 | 8 | 63 | Total | 124 | 562 | 8,965 |

SCHOOL STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1877.

[From the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| | | | Number | Number en- | Avene | Aver- |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| STATES AND | School | School | from six to | rolled in | Average | age |
| TERRITORIES. | Age. | Population. | sixteen | public | daily | school |
| | | • | years. | schools. | attendance. | days in |
| | | 1 | ` | | | year. |
| | | | | | | |
| Alabama | 7-21 | 869,447 190,282 | | 141.230 | 101,676 | 82 |
| Arkansas | 6-21 | 190,282 | | 81,150 | | |
| California | 6-17 | 200,066 | 200,066 | 147,863 | 89,539 | 147 |
| Colorado | 6-21 | 21,612 | 114 940 | 14,085 | 8,141 | |
| Connecticut Delaware | 4–16 5–21 | 137,099 85,649 | 114,249 | 119,208 24,061 | a75,822 | 177.5 |
| Florida | 4-21 | 74,828 | *48,689 | 26,052 | 16,720 | ••••• |
| Georgia. | 6-18 | 894,087 | *354,633 | 179,405 | 115,121 | |
| Illinois | 6-21 | 992.854 | | 694,489 | 420,031 | |
| Indiana | 6-21 | 992,354 694,706 | 521,030 | 694,489 498,726 421,163 | 298,324 | 128 |
| Iowa | 5-21 | 568,026 | 365,493 | 421,163 | 251,872 | 145 |
| Kansas | 5-21 | 232,861 | 185,750 | 157,919 | 118,612 | 108 |
| Kentucky | 6-20 | 512,808 | | 248,000 | 160,000 | 110 |
| Louisiana | 6-21 | 266,088 | | 85,000 | 54,890 | 185 |
| Maine | 4-21 | 217,417 | | 155,428 | 104,318 | 117 |
| Maryland | 5-20 | 276,120 | ····· | 150,276 | 75,726 222,704 | 184 |
| Massachusetts . | 5-15 | 297,902 | | 807,882 857,139 | 222,704 | 175 |
| Michigan | 5-20 5-21 | 469,444 238,362 | | 169 551 | 210,000 | 148 |
| Minnesota Mississippi | 5-21 | 824,999 | | 162,551 160,528 | 97,302 | 82 138 |
| Missouri | 6-20 | 725,728 | *580,582 | 894.848 | δ182,000 | 60 |
| Nebraska | 5-21 | 92,161 | 000,000 | 56,774 | 0104,000 | 127 |
| Nevada | 6-18 | 8,473 | *7,628 | 5,521 | 8,832 | 142.8 |
| New Hampshire | 5-15 | 78,418 | 1 | 55,599 | 47,921 | 92 |
| New Jersey | 5-18 | 318,378 | | 198,709 1,023,715 | 107,961 | 184 |
| New York | 5-21 | 1,586,284 | | 1,023,715 | 559,537 | 178.5 |
| North Carolina. | 6-21 | 408,296 1,027,248 | | 201,459 | 104,173 448,100 | 60 |
| Ohio | 6-21 | 1,027,248 | 757,440 | 722,240 | 448,100 | 160 |
| Oregon | 4-90 | 50,649 | | 45,584 | 30,389 | 1 |
| Pennsylvania | 6-21 | 1,200,000 | | 907,412 | 575,597 | 148.94 |
| Rhode Island South Carolina. | 5-15 6-16 | 53,816 228,128 | 228,128 | 43,698 102,396 | 29,276 | 181 |
| Tennessee | 6-18 | 442,458 | 240,120 | 227,643 | 142,266 | 70 |
| Texas | 8-14 | 127,065 | | 109,052 | 120,000 | 66 |
| Vermont | 5-20 | 92,925 | | 72,909 | 45,318 | 1 |
| Virginia | 5-21 | 482,789 | 807,230 | 204,947 | 117,848 | 112 |
| West Virginia | 6-21 | 184,760 | *138,570 | 128,504 | 72,278 | 95.04 |
| Wisconsin | 4-90 | 478.888 | | 291,270 | | 149 |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| Total | | 14,098,778 | 3,759,438 | 8,869,385 | 4,886,289 | |
| | - | | | | · | : |
| Arizona | 6-21 | 2,955 | 1 | 903 | 580 | 190 |
| Dakota | 5-21 | 11,046 | | 6,431 | 300 | 75.6 |
| District of Col. | 6-17 | 81,671 | 29,133 | 21,264 | 16,818 | 188 |
| Idaho | 5-18 | 2,777 | *2,360 | 2,724 | 1 | |
| Montana | 4-21 | 4,892 | | 4,597 | | : |
| New Mexico | 7-18 | c29,312 | *24,916 | 5,151 | | . 132 |
| Utah | 6-16 | 80,792 | 80,793 | 19,779 | 18,420 | 146 |
| Washington | 4-21 | 12,997 | | 5,385 | | . 130 |
| Wyoming | 7-21 | | · | 1,690 | | · · · · · · • |
| Indian : | F 01 | 1 404 | *** | 0.000 | 1 800 | 200 |
| Cherokees | 7-21 | 4,041 | *3,288 | 2,800 | 1,500 448 | 200 |
| Creeks | 10-18 6-20 | 716 | *787 *1 840 | 616 1,133 | 745 | 168 |
| Choctaws Seminoles | 0-20 | 2,300 471 | *1,840 | 1,133 | 108 | 180 |
| Seminores | | 1 | - | | | - |
| Total | | 183,970 | 93,061 | 72,630 | 88,119 | 1 |
| | | l | | · | | = |
| A | | 44.00==== | 0.000 100 | 0.040.045 | 4 010 400 | 1 |
| Grand Total | ···· | . 14,227,748 | 3,852,499 | 8,942,015 | 4,919,408 | |
| | • | • | 1 | | <u> </u> | |

⁽a) For the winter; 68,533 for the summer. (c) United States census of 1870.

 $\mathsf{Digitized} \ \mathsf{by} \ Google$

⁽b) Estimated by the State Superintendent.
* Estimated by the Bureau.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| STATES | No. of | | RATORY RTMENT. | | EGIATE RIMENT, | Income | Receipts | Volumes | Value of Grounds, |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| AND TER- RITORIES. | Col- leges. | No. of In- struct- ors. | No. of Stu- dents, | No. of In- struct- ors. | No. of Stu- dents. | from Productive Funds. | last year from Tuition. | in College Libraries. | Buildings, and Apparatus. |
| | 1 | | | | | Dollars. | Dollars. | 7.9 | Dollars. |
| Alabama | 4 | 2 | 98 | 49 | 390 | 24,600 | 10,000 | 13,750 | |
| Arkans | 4 | 3 | 259 | 16 | 100 | 1,850 | 5,600 | | |
| Califor 'a | 13 | 22 | 905 | 168 | 828 | 10,900 | 108,459 | 45,904 | 1,423,00 |
| Colorado | 2 | 3 | 114 | 4 | | 8,000 | | | 130,00 |
| Conn'cut | 8 | | | 55 | 853 | 39,318 | 68,008 | 125,693 | 556,38 |
| Delaw're | 1 | 4 | 67 | 6 | 35 | 4,980 | | 6,000 | |
| Georgia. | 7 | 4 | 149 | 49 | | 35,935 | 23,250 | 30,200 | 620,00 |
| Illinois. | 28 | 67 | 3,346 | 241 | 1,731 | 114,887 | 91,669 | | 2,568,00 |
| Indiana . | 17 | 41 | 1,473 | 146 | 1,503 | 54,200 | | | |
| Iowa | 18 | 45 | 2,317 | 135 | 993 | 55,067 | 36,274 | 38,390 | 923,00 |
| Kansas | 8 | 9 | 750 | 43 | 175 | 3,913 | 19,080 | 18,230 | 544,00 |
| Kent'ky, | 13 | 17 | 820 | 94 | 875 | 46,834 | 88,349 | 36,001 | 806,00 |
| Louis'na | 6 | 8 | 356 | 27 | 52 | | | 5,025 | 185,00 |
| Maine | 3 | | | 28 | 393 | 35,400 | 20,734 | 86,200 | |
| Maryl'd. | 8 | 18 | 347 | 58 | 301 | 181,734 | 6,590 | 25,146 | 200,50 |
| Mass'tts. | 7 | 7 | 300 | 131 | 1,573 | 275,549 | | 250,491 | |
| Michig'n | 9 | 21 | 773 | 104 | 765 | 80.963 | 6,162 | 43,000 | 1,123,00 |
| Min'sota | 5 | 1 | 497 | 53 | 170 | 26,821 | 5,026 | 18,008 | 286,13 |
| Missi'pi. | 4 | 10 | 528 | 24 | 283 | 1,850 | 3,730 | 8,877 | 547,40 |
| Missouri | 16 | 46 | 1.471 | 154 | 720 | 128,607 | 83,705 | | |
| Nebrask | 4 | 6 | 384 | 21 | 94 | | 5,700 | 2,750 | 220,000 |
| Nevada | 1 | 1 | 32 | | | | | | |
| N.Hamp. | 1 | | | 20 | 815 | 25,000 | 21,400 | 54,835 | 100,00 |
| N.Jersey | 4 | | | 62 | 769 | 79,003 | 48,608 | 57,300 | 1,420,00 |
| N. York, | 26 | 88 | 2,895 | 471 | 3,150 | 448,080 | 841,374 | 237,184 | 6,589,848 |
| N.Car'na | 8 | 9 | 465 | 44 | 474 | 10,040 | 21,980 | 22,500 | 512,000 |
| Ohio | 32 | 76 | 3,246 | 292 | 2,662 | 168,500 | 80,521 | 227,974 | 2,724,710 |
| Oregon | 6 | 8 | 559 | 24 | 211 | 10,900 | 8,038 | 3.100 | 263,000 |
| Penn'nia | 27 | 42 | 1,865 | 293 | 1.984 | 118,870 | 142,530 | 138,790 | 4,254,500 |
| Rhode I. | 1 | | | 17 | 235 | 40,364 | 27.881 | 50,000 | |
| S. Car'na | 6 | 4 | 221 | 42 | 354 | 39,200 | 4,000 | 43,000 | 722,000 |
| Tenn'see | 21 | 43 | 1.634 | 133 | 1,219 | 76,818 | 41,502 | 34,037 | 1,337,500 |
| Texas | 10 | 27 | 921 | 58 | 724 | 2,200 | 34,900 | 11,985 | 342,000 |
| Vermont | 3 | | | 26 | 186 | 14,413 | 5,190 | 34,700 | 369,100 |
| Virginia. | 7 | 3 | 75 | 74 | 891 | 24,222 | 49,901 | 73,600 | 1,425,56 |
| WestVa. | 3 | 3 | 113 | 33 | 166 | 9,800 | 4,496 | 8,090 | 290,000 |
| Wisc'sin | 9 | 24 | 911 | 81 | 720 | 54,767 | 75,922 | 41,726 | 913,250 |
| D.of Col. | 4 | 9 | 260 | 43 | 156 | 4,319 | 10,236 | 44,000 | 760,000 |
| [tah | 1 | 3 | 188 | | | | 2,500 | 2,597 | |
| Wash'n | 1 | 1 | 50 | 4 | | | | 500 | ,,,,,,,,,, |
| Total | 351 | 675 | 28,389 | 3.323 | 26.590 | 2.257.904 | 1,680,122 | 2.012.951 | 36,689,401 |

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1872-1877.

THE following is a statement of the aggregate number of this class of institutions, with instructors and students, as reported to the Bureau of Education each year, from 1870 to 1877, inclusive:

| NUMBER OF | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1878. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|--------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Institutions | 2,823 | 290 | 298 | 823 | 343 | 855 | 856 | 851 |
| Instructors | | 2,962 | 8.040 | 8,106 | 8,783 | 3,999 | 8,920 | 8,996 |
| Students | | 49,827 | 45,617 | 52,053 | 56,692 | 58,894 | 56,481 | 54,979 |

SCHOOLS OF MEDICINE IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| • | Number in all the States. | Corps of in- struction. | Number of students. | Graduates at the com- menc't of '77. | Volumes in libraries. | Inc. in the last school year. | Value of grounds, b'ld- ings, and ap- paratus. | Amount of productive funds. | Income from productive funds. | Receipts for the last year from tuition and other fees. |
|---------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Regular | 66 4 12 14 18 106 | 168 50 | 7,987 479 1,180 558 1,026 11,235 | 140 36 9 | 5,460 | 900 995 134 971 | Della. 2,844,200 180,000 485,500 71,050 98,000 3,688,750 | 53,000 41,260 | 18,577 2,721 8,925 | Dolls. 302,932 26,093 69,215 41,796 19,748 |

The following is a comparative statement of the number of schools of medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy reported each year from 1870 to 1877 inclusive, with the number of instructors and students:

| | 1870. | 1871. | 1879. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1873. | 1877. |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Number of institutions. Number of instructors Number of students | 63 588 6,943 | 89 750 7,045 | | | 99 1,1 2 1 9,095 | 106 1,172 9,971 | 102 1,201 10,143 | 1,278 |

SCHOOLS OF LAW IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Education for 1877.]

| STATES. | Number in each State. | Corps of Instruction. | Number of Students. | Graduates at the Com- mencement of 1877. | Volumes in Librarics. | Value of Grounds and Buildings. | Amount of Productive Funds | Income from Productive Funds. | Receipts last year from Tu- ition Fees. |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | | i — — | | Dolls. | Dolls. | Dolls. | Dolls. |
| Alabama | 2 | 5 | 23 | 8 | | | | | |
| Connecticut | 2 1 | 10 | 67 | 8 28 | 8,000 | | 10,000 | 600 | |
| Georgia | 8 | 5 | 9 | 16 | 600 | | | | 415 |
| Ilinois | 8 | 15 | 108 | 58 | 50 | 1 | | | 4,800 |
| Indiana | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| Iowa | 3 | 18 | 188 | 98 | 1,964 | | | | 8,950 |
| Kentucky | 2 | 6 | 23 23 60 | 12 | | | | | 960 |
| Louisiana | 3 | 8 18 | 23 | 7 | [| 15,000 | | | 2,500 8,800 |
| Maryland | 1 2 | .8 | 00 | 21 | | | | | 8,800 |
| Massachu'tts. | 3 | 18 | 800 | 47 | 19,000 | | 51,614 | 11,668 | 20,950 |
| Michigan | 1 | .5 | 885 109 | 155 144 | | | • • • • • • • • | | 8,195 |
| Missouri | . 3 | 11 | 109 | 141 | 8,930 | | | | 4,740 |
| New York | 4 | 20 | 646 | 418 | 13,775 | | | | |
| N'th Carolina Ohio | 2 | 2 6 | 20 120 | | 4.400 | | | | |
| Popper language | 7 | 10 | 108 | 29 24 | 1,409 300 | | | • • • • • • • • | 4,262 6,330 |
| Pennsylvania S'th Carolina. | 2 1 2 2 | 10 | 19 | 9 | 300 | | | | 0,880 |
| Tennessee | 1 6 | 1 5 | 76 | 10 | 150 | 15,000 | • • • • • • • • • | ••••• | 5,600 |
| Virginia | 1 6 | 10 | 187 | 27 | 3.800 | 15,000 | | | 8,800 |
| Wisconsin | î | 11 | 88 | 10 | 590 | | •••• | | 0,000 |
| Dist. of Col. | 4 | 15 | 299 | 116 | 301 | | 10,000 | 600 | 1,811 |
| J. 31 OU | | | | | | | 10,000 | | -,011 |
| Total | 43 | 175 | 2,811 | 1,227 | 53,799 | 30,000 | 71.614 | 12,868 | 76,118 |

LAND GRANTS FOR EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES.

This table shows the area of the several States and Territories containing Public Lands, and the quantity devoted for educational purposes by Congress from 1789 to June 30, 1878.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.]

| | TES AND TERRI- | Areas of States and Territories | Grants for School | | Grants for Agricul- tural Colleges, act of July 2, 1862.* | Grants for Deaf and |
|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---|------------------------|
| Co | ntaining Public Lands. | containing Public Lands. | Schools. | Universities. | Selected in place or Located with Scrip. | Dumb Asylums. |
| | | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. |
| 1. | Alabama | 32,462,080 | 902,774 | 46,080 | | 21,949 |
| 2. | Alaska | 369,529,600 | | | | |
| 3. | Arizona | 72,906,304 | 4,050,350 | | 640 | |
| 4. | Arkansas | 33,406,720 | 886,460 | 46,080 | | 2,097 |
| 5. | California | 120,947,840 | 6,719,324 | 46,080 | 1,355,577 | |
| 6. | Colorado | 66,880,000 | 3,715,555 | 46,080 | 183,398 | |
| 7. | Dakota | 153,982,080 | 8,554,560 | | 125,404 | |
| 8. | Florida | 37,931,520 | 908,503 | 92,160 | | 20,924 |
| 9. | Idaho | 58,196,480 | 3,233,137 | | | |
| 0. | Illinois | 35,462,400 | 985,066 | 46.080 | C 1238d 3584 | |
| 11. | Indian Ter | 44,154,240 | | | | |
| 2. | Indiana | 21,637,760 | 650,317 | 46,080 | | |
| 13. | Iowa | 35,228,800 | 905,144 | 46,080 | 316,991 | |
| 4. | Kansas | 52,043,520 | 2,891,306 | 46,080 | 828,824 | |
| 5. | Louisiana | 26,461,440 | 786,044 | 46,080 | | |
| 6. | Michigan | 36,128,640 | 1,067,397 | 46,080 | 1,225,806 | |
| 7. | Minnesota | 53,459,840 | 2,969,990 | 82,640 | 957,014 | |
| 8. | Mississippi | 30,179,840 | 837,584 | 46,080 | | |
| 9. | Missouri | 41,824,000 | 1,199,139 | 46,080 | 448,803 | |
| 0. | Montana | 92,016,640 | 5,112,035 | | 44,452 | |
| 21. | Nebraska | 48,636,800 | 2,702,044 | 46,080 | 1,079,191 | |
| 2. | Nevada | 71,737,741 | 3,985,430 | 46,080 | 16,794 | |
| 3. | New Mexico. | 77,568,640 | 4,309,368 | 46,080 | 1,440 | |
| 4. | Ohio | 25,576,960 | 704,488 | 69,120 | | |
| 5. | Oregon | 60,975,360 | 3,329,706 | 46,080 | 50,049 | |
| 6. | Tennessee | | 100,000 | 100,000 | | |
| 7. | Utah | 56,355,635 | 3,130,869 | 46,080 | 57,031 | |
| 8. | Washington. | 44,796,160 | 2,488,675 | 46,080 | 46,036 | |
| 29. | Wisconsin | 34,511,360 | 958,649 | 92,160 | 1,358,913 | |
| 0 | Wyoming | 62,645,120 | | | 2,395 | |
| T | otal | 1,814,769,656 | 68,083,914 | 1,265,520 | 8,098,758 | 44,970 |

^{*} The whole quantity liable to be issued under the act of July 2, 1862, is 9,600,000 acres.

Nore.—Under an act of Congress approved Sept. 4, 1841, each State thereafter admitted to the Union was granted 500,000 acres of land for purposes of internal improvement; 46,080 acres (72 sections) for a State University; 32,000 acres (52 sections) for the purpose of erecting public buildings at the Capital; and 32,000 acres for a penitentiary or State prison. The same grant of 500,000 acres was extended to the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, and Missouri. The quantity of land thus granted is estimated at 9,000,000 acres.

By act of July 2, 1862, each State, old or new, was granted 30,000 acres of the public domain for each Senator and Representative in Congress (or land script to that amount) for the purpose of endowing a College of Agriculture and the Mechanic

amount) for the purpose of endowing a College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts in each State. Of the 9,600,000 acres estimated to be due the States under this munificant land-grant, about 8,200,000 acres have already been located.

NUMBER OF ELECTORS IN FRANCE.

In the French Republic, suffrage is practically universal, there having been inscribed on the registers of the Ministry of the Interior by an official report dated April 1, 1876. 9,946,701 legal voters, out of a population the same year of 38,905,738 in France. This gives 1 voter to every 4 inhabitants, nearly. In the United States, by the census of 1870, the ratio of legal voters to population was 1 to 445, nearly In Great Britain, where suffrage is restricted, the proportion is 1 voter to every II inhabitants.

STATISTICS OF LAND GRANTS.

Land Grants by Acts of Congress to States and Corporations for Railroad Purposes, from the First Grant in 1850 to June 30, 1878.

[Compiled from Reports of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.]

NOTE.-Fractions of acres are omitted.

| States. | Date of Acts. | Name of Road. | Estimated quantity embraced in the Grant. | No. of acres cer- tified for year end- ing June 30, 1873. | fled up to |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------|
| | | | Acres. | | |
| Illinois | San 90 1950 | Illinois Central | | | l |
| *************************************** | Dep. 20, 1600 | Mobile and Chicago | 2,595,053 | | 2,595,053 |
| Mississippi | " " | Mobile and Ohio River | 1,004,640 | 1 | 737,130 |
| " | Aug. 11,1856 | Vicksburg & Meridian | 404,800 | | 198,027 |
| ** |] " " | Gulf and Ship Island | 652,800 | | l |
| Alabama | Sep. 20, 1850 . | Mobile and Ohio River | 230,400 | | 419,528 |
| ••••• | May 17, 1856 | Alabama and Florida | 419,520 | | 394,522 |
| " … { | June 8, 1856 | Selma, Rome & Dalton. | 481,920 | | 457,407 |
| (| May 23, 1872 \ June 8, 1856 | Coosa and Tennessee | 132,480 | | |
| | a ane o, 1000 | Mobile and Girard | 840,880 | | 67,784 504,145 |
| " | " "; | | , | | |
| 44 | Apr. 10, 1869 | Alabama & Chattanooga | 897,920 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 552,555 |
| 5 | June 8, 1856 | Couth & North Alabama | Proc occ | 1 | 499 801 |
| | Mar. 8, 1871 | South & North Alabama | 576,000 | | 433,601 |
| Florida | May 17, 1856 | Florida Railroad | 442,542 | | 281,984 |
| * | " " " | Florida and Alabama | 165,688 | | 165,688 |
| | | Pensacola and Georgia | 1,568,729 | | 1,275,213 |
| Louisiana | | Fla., Atlantic & Gulf Cen. | 183,153 | | 37,583 |
| | June 8, 1856. | Vicksburg & Shreveport | 610,880 | | £58,211 |
| "} | July 14, 1870 | New Orleans, Ope- | 967,840 | | 719,193 |
| } | Feb. 9, 1853 | · · | | ١, , | |
| Arkansas | July 28, 1866 | St. Louis, Iron Mt.) | 1,160,667 | 2,760 } | 1,115,408 |
| (| | and Southern | 1,040,000 | 1) (| 204,921 |
| | May 6, 1870) Feb. 9, 1853 | Memphis & Little Rock. | § 438,646 | | 127,238 |
| j | July 28, 1866 | memphis whitele loca. |) 86 5,539 | | 14,606 |
| 1 | Feb. 9, 1853) | (7444) . Db 3 774) | / PPA PAP | | |
| "∤ | July 28, 1866 | Little Rock and Fort Smith | 550,525 | | 550,520 866,196 |
| 1 | Apr. 10, 1869 Mar. 8, 1870 | (Summer | 1 458,771 | | 300,1:0 |
| " | July 4, 1866. | Iron Mountain | 864.000 | | |
| Missouri | June 10,1852 | Hannibal & St. Joseph. | 781,944 | | 603,506 |
| ** | " " | Pacific & S. West Branch | 1,161,235 | | 1,161.204 |
| s | Feb. 9, 1858 | St. Louis, Iron Mt. | (219,262 | | 63,294 |
| | July 28, 1866 | and Southern | 182,718 | | ••••• |
| " <i></i> ; | July 4, 1866 | St. Louis & Iron Mount. | 640,000 | | 63,294 |
| lowa | May 15, 1856) June 2, 1864 } | Burlington & Mo. River. | 948,643 | 1 | (292,171 |
| 10 " 4 | Feb. 10, 1866 | Durington & Mo. River. | 340,043 | | 96,647 |
| } } | May 15, 1856 | | | ł | |
| - " | June 2, 1864 | Chicago, Rock Island | 1,261,181 | | 1 482,094 |
| | June 2, 1864 Jan. 31, 1873 | and Pacific | ,, | | 161,213 |
| ا (ا | May 15, 1856 | Cedar Rapids and | 1,298,789 | I | (782,069 |
| } | June 2, 1864 | Missouri River | | 1 | 358,424 |
| " | May 15, 1856 | Iowa Falis & Sioux City. | 1,226,163 | | 683,023 |
| . 51 | Tumo 0 1004 | Dubuque and Sioux City | | 1 | 549.345 |
| ······································ | June 2, 1864 Mar. 2, 1868 | Davidae and Sloux City | | | 049,040 |
| | 111461 · A, 1000) | | | <u>'</u> | <u> </u> |

STATISTICS OF LAND GRANTS-(Continued).

| States. | Date of Acts. | Name of Road. | Estimated quantity embraced in the Grant. | No. of acres cer- tified for year end- ing June 30, 1878. | fied up to |
|-----------------|---|---|---|--|-----------------|
| Iowa | May 12, 1864 | McGregor & Mo. River. | Acres. 1,586,000 | | 188,285 |
| · | | McGregor & Mo. River. Sioux City and St. Paul. | 524,800 | | 896,998 |
| Michigan | June 3, 1856 | Detroit and Milwaukee Port Huron and L. Mich. | 855,420 812,884 | | 80,998 6,428 |
| | June 3, 1856) | | 02.0,002 | | 0,120 |
| " …{ | July 8, 1866 Mar. 2, 1867 Mar. 3, 1871 | Jackson, Lansing & Sag. | 1,052,469 | | 743,000 |
| [| June 8, 1856 Feb. 17, 1865 | | | ł | |
| *} | July 8, 1866 | Flint & Pere Marquette. | 586,828 | ••••• | 512,327 |
| } | Mar. 3, 1871 | | | | |
| | June 3, 1856) June 7, 1864 } | Grand Rapids & Indiana | ∫ 629,182 | | 629,993 |
| (| Mar. 3, 1865) | | } 531,200 | ••••• | 222,967 |
| | June 3, 1856 Mar. 3, 1865 | (Maranetta Hongh.) | | | |
| *} | May 20 1969 | Marquette, Hough- ton & Ontonagon. | 552,515 | | 437,3 S5 |
| " (| Apr. 20, 1871 | , | 400.000 | | * |
| ••••• | Mar. 8, 1865 | Bay de Noquet & Marq'te | 128,000 | •••• | 128,000 |
| " (Res.) | July 5, 1862 Mar. 3, 1865 May 23, 1872 | Chicago & Northwest'n. | 564,480 | | 517,868 |
| Wisconsin. | June 3, 1856) May 5, 1864 | Chicago, St. Paul & | 999,983 | | 799,896 |
| 11 2200222311 } | Mar. 3, 1873 | } Minneapolis∫ | (524,714 | ì | |
| } | June 3, 1856 | St. Croix & L. Supe- | 318,787 | } | 524,588 |
| } | May 5, 1864 \ June 3, 1856 | irior & Br. to Bayfield | 350,000 215,000 | | 318,950 |
| } | Apr. 25, 1862 | Chicago & Northwest'n. | 600,000 | | 545,576 |
| " | Mar. 8, 1855 Mar. 8, 1869 | 5 | | | , |
| } | May 5, 1864 | Wisconsin Central | 750,000 | 102,623 | 546,446 |
| | June 21, 1866 (| (WisconsinR.R.Farm) | 150,000 | 204,000 | ł |
| "} | June 3, 1856 (July 27, 1868) | Mortgage Land Co. | | [| 40,049 |
| Ì | Mar. 3, 1857 | , , , | | 4 000 | 4 040 500 |
| Minnesota | Mar. 3, 1865 Mar. 3, 1873 | St. Paul and Pacific | 1,248,638 | 1,889 | 1,943,588 |
| } | Mar. 3, 1857) | | | ŀ | |
| •} | Mar. 8, 1865 } July 12, 1862 } | Western R. R | 1,475,000 | | 587,843 |
| } | Mar. 3, 1871 | (St.Vincent Extens'n) | 0 000 000 | l | 780,291 |
| | Mar. 3 1873 (| St. Paul & Pacific. | 2,000,000 | | 190,201 |
| "} | Mar. 3, 1857 Mar. 3, 1865 | Minnesota Central | 643,403 | | 179,053 |
| ŕ | Mar. 3, 1857 | | | 1 | Ī |
| "∤ | Mar. 3, 1865 July 13, 1866 | Winona and St. Peter | 1,410,000 | 11,787 | 1,665,078 |
| l l | Jan. 13, 1873 | | | | |
| } | Mar. 3, 1857) May 12, 1864 } July 13, 1866 | 04 D | 1 010 000 | 17.000 | 1 100 040 |
| " …} | may 12, 1864 > | St. Paul and Sioux City. | 1,010,000 | 15,892 | 1,199,849 |
| } | May 5, 1864 July 13, 1866 | Lake Superior & Missis. | 920,000 | 1 | 860,564 |
| | July 13, 1866 | Southern Minnesota | 785,000 | 5,067 | 285,404 |
| " | July 4, 1866 | Hastings and Dakota | 550,000 | 820 | 189,791 |
| - | Mar. 3, 1863 | (Lcavenworth, Law-) | | 100 | |
| Kansas { | July 1, 1864 Apr. 19, 1871 | rence & Galveston | 800,000 | 120 | 256,282 |
| } | Mar. 3, 1863 | Missouri, Kansas & Tex. | 1,520,000 | 4,088 | 658,068 |
| | July 1, 1864 | | _,0.0,000 | 1 -,500 | |

· STATISTICS OF LAND GRANTS.

STATISTICS OF LAND GRANTS-(Continued).

| STATES AND CORPORATIONS. | Date of Acta. | Name of Road. | Estimated quantity embraced in the Grant. | No. of acres cer- tifled for year end- ing June 30, 1878. | fled up to |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|--|------------|
| Kansas | Mar. 8, 1863 . | Atchison, Top. & Santa F6 | Acres. 8,000,000 | | 2,474,686 |
| ** | July 23, 1866 | St. Joseph & DenverCity | 1,700,000 | | 441,158 |
| | July 25, 1866 July 1, 1862 July 2, 1864 | Mo.Riv., Ft. Scott & Gulf | 2,350,000 | | 21,342 |
| Corpora- | July 8, 1866 | Union Pacific | 12,000,000 | 1,842 | 1,859,475 |
| tions, | July 26, 1866 [Apr. 10, 1869 May 6, 1870] July 1, 1862 | | , , | 1,010 | |
| * { | July 2, 1864 July 1, 1862 July 2, 1864 July 3, 1866 | Cent. Branch Union Pac. | •••••• | | 186,458 |
| * | May 7, 1866 Mar. 8, 1869 | Kansas Pacific | 6,000,000 | 240,858 | 772,120 |
| " | " " | Denver Pacific | 1,000,100 | | 49,811 |
| } | July 1, 1862 July 2, 1864 July 1, 1862 | Central Pacific | 8,000,000 | 14,703 | 708,862 |
| * { | July 2, 1864 Mar. 8, 1865 July 18, 1866 May 21, 1866 May 6, 1870 | Central Pacific, successor by consolidation with Western Pacific. | 1,100,100 | 190 | 422,718 |
| - " { | July 2, 1864 | Burlington & Mo. River | 2.441.600 | | 2,874,090 |
| | May 6, 1870 July 2, 1864 | Sioux City and Pacific | , , , | 1 | 41,318 |
| . [| May 7, 1866 July 1, 1868 | Northern Pacific | , | | 743,493 |
| . [| Mar. 1, 1869 Apr. 10, 1869 May 81, 1870 | | | | |
| •• | July 13, 1866 July 25, 1866 | Placerv'le & Sacram. Val. | 200,000 | | ••••• |
| | June 25, 1868 Apr. 10, 1869 July 25, 1866 | Oregon Branch of the Central Pac | 8,000,000 | 10,865 | 550,765 |
| | June 25, 1868 Apr. 10, 1869 | Oregon and California | 8,500,000 | 86,623 | 823,143 |
| - " } | July 27, 1866 (Apr. 20, 1871 (| Atlantic and Pacific | 42,000,000 | | 504,587 |
| | July 27, 1866 (Mar. 8, 1871 | Southern Pacific | 6,000,000 8,520,000 | 230,540 | 980,757 |
| " | Mar. 2, 1867 | Stockton & Copperopolis | | ::::::: | |
| " | | Oregon Central | 1,200,000 | | |

Nove.—It is proper to state that the first column of figures above given, "Estimated quantity embraced in the Grant," although from official Reports of the General Land Office at Washington, published in 1873, is not regarded as an accurate statement of the amount of public lands to which the railways will be entitled under the various acts, and has been omitted from recent tabular statements issued by the Commissioner of Public Lands,

Expenditure of the United States for Public Improvements of all Kinds, in each State and Territory, from the Beginning of the Government-1789-1878.

[Compiled from Executive Document No. 9 (1-37), No. 61 (1-39), No. 12 (1-43), and from the Annual Appropriation Acts.]

| 1 | | houses. | and arsenals. | yards and marine hospitals. | Fortifica- tions. |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Alabama 2 Arizona | Dollars. 503,879 | Dollars. 318,623 | Dollare. 264,909 | Dollare. | Dollars. 1,578,441 |
| 8 Arkansas | 4,128,406 | 1,071,515 | | | 5,340,802 |
| 6 Connecticut | 760,873 | 525,925 | | 126,005 | 819,885 2,500 |
| 8 Delaware 9 District of Columbia 0 Florida | . 613.483 | 1,949,164 | 189,161 258,417 | | 1,926,807 7,405,847 |
| 1 Georgia | 583,473 51,283 6,258,803 | l | | | |
| 4 Indiana 5 Iowa 6 Kansas | . 898,526 505,838 | 14,111 | 259,780 | | |
| 7 Kentucky | 596,237 5,548,498 | 1.024.988 | 304,938 | | 8,142,828 |
| 20 Maryland | . 1,491,888 6,726,185 | 518,704 1,198,048 | 117,834 3,104,856 | 31,770,510 6,356,212 | 8,482,189 |
| 22 Michigan 28 Minnesota 24 Mississippi | . 578,638 143,775 | 14,948 128,488 | | | 7,000 559,785 |
| 25 Missouri 26 Montana 27 Nebraska | 113,075 628,996 | | 523,498 | | |
| 28 Nevada 29 New Hampshire 30 New Jersey | . 419,281 178,671 552,261 | 127,465 | | 3,718,548 | 847,271 1,058,281 |
| 31 New Mexico | 99,649 | 1.937.639 | 961,045 | 10,817,680 | 410,468,065 1,055,801 |
| 34 Ohio | . 4,020,816 . 695,585 | 371,927 321,256 | 272,362 | | |
| 37 Rhode Island | . 326,413 8,851,457 | 870,915 590,289 | | l | ₹ 2.291.066 |
| 39 Tennessee | . 154,359 68,254 | 313,004 | | | |
| 12 Vermont 18 Virginia 14 Washington | . 1,348,843 . 67,650 | 658,717 252,665 | | 6,505,909 | 5,359,785 |
| 46 West Virginia | . 605.044 | 827,857 | 15,000 | | |
| Miscellaneous 1 | | 4,886,020 | 1,767,174 | 2,570,000 51,972,497 | |

^{1.} This includes, under each class of expenditure, appropriations not localized in any State or Territory. Thus, about one half the \$16.819.431 under Rivers and Harbors, Miscellaneous, was for the improvement of the Mississippi River, running through several States,

2. Expenditures on public buildings and grounds

3. Including Naval Academy at Annapolis,

4. Including Multitary Academy at West Point.



Expenditure of the United States for Public Improvements of all Kinds, in each State and Territory, from the Beginning of the Government-1789-1878.

[Compiled from Executive Document No. 9 (1-87), No. 61 (1-39), No. 12 (1-43), and from the Annual Appropriation Acts.]

| TATES AND TERRITORIES | Rivers and harbors. | Canals. | Roads. | Rail- roads. | Internal improve ments. |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollar. |
| Alabama | | | 36,535 | | 837,337 |
| 2 Arizona | | | 261,415 | | 224,473 |
| Arkansas | | | | 2,503,584 | |
| 5 Colorado. | 800,000 | | | 13,827 | |
| 6 Connecticut. | 1,076,907 | | | 10,021 | |
| 7 Dakota | 2,010,001 | | | | |
| B Delaware | 3.013.896 | 450,000 | | | |
| District of Columbia | 289,998 | 5,299,660 | \$7.236.376 | | |
| Florida | 256,730 | 57,106 | 166,387 | 2,456 | |
| 1 Georgia | 754,028 | | | | |
| 2 Idaho | | | 86,500 | | |
| B Illinois | 2,177,305 | | 747,880 | | , . |
| 4 Indiana | 655,733 | | 1,130,965 | | 623,300 |
| iowa | | | 84,226 | 2,280,686 | |
| 6 Kansas | 55,000 | | 99,982 | 2,280,686 | 41,890 |
| Kentucky | 12,000 | 1,183,511 | | | |
| Louisiana | 2,866,190 | | ********* | | 296,969 |
| Maine | 1,183,880 | | 187,009 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | (|
| Maryland | 1,107,850 | 1,061,990 | | • • • • • • • • • • | · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | 2,379,235 | 525,962 | 900 100 | | 411,500 |
| Michigan B Minnesota | 5,457,018 847,500 | 525,902 | 403,337 | UK 000 | 63,458 |
| Mississippi | 224,500 | | 20,000 | 95,980 339,974 | 584,961 |
| Missouri | | | 42,783 | 403,049 | 603,967 |
| 6 Montana | 202,000 | | | | |
| Nebraska | 110,000 | | 79.568 | | 95,259 |
| B Nevada | 220,000 | | | | 3,400 |
| New Hampshire | 78,000 | | | | |
| D New Jersey | 550,468 | | | | |
| New Mexico | | | 217,072 | | |
| New York | 8,355,716 | | 8,500 | | |
| North Carolina | 578 877 | 905 000 | | | |
| 4 Ohio | 2,372,694 | 82,837 | 1,470,112 | | 599,935 |
| Oregon. | 482,814 | · · · · · · · · · · · | 163,580 | • | 22,711 |
| Pennsylvania | 814,130 | | | ••••• | ••••• |
| 7 Rhode Island | 547,485 | | • • • • • • • • • • • | | · · · · · · · · · · |
| P Tennessee | 321,234 906 446 | 9,902 | K 000 | 7,948 | |
| D Texas | 096 700 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 5,000 | | |
| 1 Utah | . 200,100 | | | 7 948 | · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Vermont | 479 857 | | • • • • • • • • • • • • | 1,520 | |
| Virginia | 1,141,422 | 46.788 | 10.800 | | |
| Washington | 5,000 | 20,100 | 2200.140 | | |
| West Virginia. | 1.012.800 | | | | |
| B Wisconsin | 2,689,500 | 76,498 | 65,668 | | 131,566 |
| Wyoming | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Miscellaneous ¹ | 16,819,431 | 258,214 | 4,141,072 | 78,926,732 | 424,169 |
| Total | 66,209,118 | 9,197,478 | 17 534 490 | 84, 627 ,181 | 4,951,908 |
|] IUGHI | 00,500,110 | 0,101,475 | 11,009,420 | -04'041'191 | , 4,001,900 |

Including Washington Aqueduct.
 Includes streets, avenues, and bridges.
 Under this head are grouped the appropriations made to the States for roads and canals and internal improvements, under what were known as the 2 per cent., 3 per cent., and 5 per esnt. fund.
8. Includes U. S. bonds issued to the Pacific Railroads, but not the interest thereon,

UNITED STATES PUBLIC LANDS-WHERE THEY LIE.

Statement Showing the Number of Acres of Public Lands Surveyed in the Land States and Territories up to June 30, 1878; also, the total Area of the Public Domain remaining Unsurveyed.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office for 1878.]

| | Total Areas of 29 States & in which Pulhave been sit | Territories blic Lands | Number | of Acres of Surveye | Public Lands | Total Area of Public and Indian Lauds remaining | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|
| Land States and Territories. | In Acres. | In Square Miles. | Prior to June 30, 1877, not hereto- fore re- ported. | Within the Fiscal Year end- ing June 30, 1878. | Total Acres Surveyed up to June 30, 1878. | Unsurveyed and Unoffer'd to June 30, 1878. Acres. | |
| 1 Alabama | 32,462,080 | | | 35 | 32,462,115 | TOTAL AND AS | |
| 2 Alaska | 369,529,600 | 577,390 | | | | | |
| 3 Arizona | 72,906,304 | | | 418,375 | 5,281,737 | 67,624,508 | |
| 4 Arkansas | 33,406,720 | 52,198 | 100 104 | 1,202,619 | 33,406,720 | | |
| 5 California | 100,992,640 | 157,801 | | | 46,347,402 22,182,899 | | |
| 6 Colorado | 66,880,000 96,595,840 | 104,500 150,932 | | 939,198 | | | |
| 7 Dakota 8 Florida | 37,931,520 | 59,268 | 86 | 200,100 | 30,103,796 | | |
| 9 Idaho | 55,228,160 | 86,294 | | | 6,834,009 | | |
| 10 Illinois | 35,462,400 | 55,410 | 202,000 | 2,692 | 35,465,093 | 40,004,101 | |
| 11 Indian Terr'y | 44,154,240 | | | 2,002 | 27,003,990 | | |
| 12 Indiana | 21,637,760 | 33,809 | | | 21,637,760 | | |
| 13 Iowa | 35,228,800 | 55,045 | | | 35,228,800 | | |
| 14 Kansas | 51,769,976 | 80,891 | | | 51,770,240 | | |
| 15 Louisiana | 26,461,440 | 41,346 | | | 25,232,044 | | |
| 16 Michigan | 36,128,640 | 56,451 | | | 36,128,640 | | |
| 17 Minnesota | 53,459,840 | 83,531 | 48,792 | 357,914 | | | |
| 18 Mississippi | 30,179,840 | 47,156 | | | 30,179,840 | | |
| 19 Missouri | 41,824,000 | 65,350 | | | 41,824,000 | | |
| 20 Montana | 92,016,640 | 143,776 | 147 | 624,694 | 10,543,827 | 81,472,813 | |
| 21 Nebraska | 48,636,800 | 75,995 | | | | | |
| 22 Nevada | 71,737,741 | 112,090 | 96,147 | 188,656 | 11,538,890 | 60,198,710 | |
| 23 New Mexico | 77,568,640 | 121,201 | 9,701 | 541,429 | 8,471,880 | | |
| 24 Ohio | 25,576,960 | 39,964 | | | 25,576,960 | | |
| 25 Oregon | 60,975,360 | 95,274 | 592,556 | 611,490 | | | |
| 26 Utah | 54,065,075 | 84,476 | 322,624 | 263,227 | 8,960,385 | | |
| 27 Washington | 44,796,160 | 69,994 | 679,661 | 573,317 | 13,821,545 | | |
| 28 Wisconsin | 34,511,360 | 53,924 | | | 34,511,360 | | |
| 29 Wyoming | 62,645,120 | 97,883 | 234,707 | 135,281 | 8,101,049 | 54,544,07 | |
| Total | 1,814,769,656 | 2,835,578 | 2,697,727 | 8,041,012 | 724,311,477 | *720,931,571 | |

^{*} Or, adding Alaska, 1,090,461,171 acres.

Bankrupt Railroads in the United States.

[From the Railway Age, Chicago.]

| | | Receivers | appointed | Sc | foreclosure | |
|-----------|-----|-----------|---------------|-----|-------------|---------------|
| Years. | No. | Miles. | Capital. | No. | Miles. | Capital. |
| 1876 | 42 | 6,662 | \$467,000,000 | 30 | 8,846 | \$217,848,000 |
| 1877 | 38 | 8,637 | 220,294,000 | 54 | 8,875 | 198,984,000 |
| 1878 | 27 | 2,320 | 92,885,000 | 48 | 8,902 | 811,681,000 |
| Three yrs | 107 | 12,619 | \$779,679,000 | 182 | 16,628 | \$728,468,000 |

This statement shows that about one-fifth of all the railroads in the country, in mileage, have been sold under foreclosure within three years, and that over one-tenth besides still await the termination of receiverships. In short, 208 roads, operating 25,209 miles, have been sold or are still in the hands of receivers. The statement of capital should be received as only nominal, some of the roads foreclosed representing little or no paid-up capital.

OUR PUBLIC LAND SYSTEM.

THE public lands of the United States which are still undisposed of and open to settlement, as will be seen from the table on page 172, lie in nineteen States and eight Territories. In each case, except Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, land offices are established, in charge of an officer known as Register of the Land Office, where the records of all surveyed lands are kept, and all applications concerning lands in each district are filed and inquiries answered. The public lands are divided into two great classes. The one class have a dollar and a quarter an acre designated as the great classes. The one class have a dollar and a quarter an acre designated as the minimum price, and the other two dollars and a half an acre. Titles these lands may be acquired by private entry or location under the homestead, proemption and ilmber-culture laws; or, as to some classes, by purchase for cash, in the case of lands which may be purchased at private sale, or such as have not been reserved under any law. Such tracts are sold on application to the Land Register, who issues a certificate of purchase, the Receiver giving a receipt for the money paid, subject to the issue of a patent, or complete title, if the proceedings are found regular, by the Commissioner of the General Land Office at Washington.

Entries under land warrants (given mostly for military services under acts of Congress) have fallen off very largely by the absorption of such warrants, there having been no military bounty land warrants provided for on account of services

in the late civil war.

Entries under the preëmption law are restricted to heads of families, or citizens

over twenty-one, who may settle upon any quarter-section (or 160 acres) and have the right of prior claim to purchase on complying with certain regulations.

The homestead laws give the right to one hundred and sixty acres of a dollar and a quarter lands, or to eighty acres of two dollar and a half lands, to any citizen or applicant for citizenship over twenty-one who will actually settle upon and cultivate the land. This privilege extends only to the surveyed lands, and the title is perfected by the issue of a patent after five years of actual settlement. The only charges in the case of homestead entries are fees and commissions, varying from a minimum of \$7 to a maximum of \$22 for the whole tract entered, according to the

size, value or place of record.

Another large class of free entries of public lands is that provided for under the timber-culture acts of 1873-78. The purpose of these laws is to promote the growth of forest trees on the public lands. They give the right to any settler who has cultivated for two years as much as five acres in trees, to an eighty-acre homestead, or if ten acres, to a homestead of one hundred and sixty acres, and a free patent for his land is given him at the end of three years instead of five. The limitation of the homestead laws to one hundred and sixty acres for each settler is extended at the contraction of the contraction of the settler is extended. in the case of timber culture so as to grant as many quarter sections of one hundred and sixty acres each as have been improved by the culture for ten years of forty acres of timber thereon, but the quarter sections must not lie immediately contiguous. The following is the complete list of United States land offices;
Alabama: Mobile, Huntaville, Montgomery.
Arkansas: Little Rock, Camden, Harrison, Dardanelle.

Arizona Territory: Prescott, Florence

California: San Francisco, Maryeville, Humboldt, Stockton, Visalia, Sacramento, Los Angeles, Shasta, Susanville, Bodie.
Colorado: Deuver City, Fair Play, Central City, Pueblo, Del Norte, Lake City.
Dakota Territory: Sioux Falls, Springfield, Fargo, Yankton, Bismarck, Deadwood.

Florida : Gainesville. Idaho Territory : Boisc City, Lewiston. Iowa : Fort Des Moines.

Kansas: Topeka, Salina, Independence, Wichita, Kirwin, Concordia, Larned,

Hays City.

Louisiana: New Orleans, Monroe, Natchitoches.

Michigan: Detroit, East Saginaw, Reed City, Marquette.

Minnesota: Taylor's Falls, Saint Cloud, Du Luth, Fergus Falls, Worthington, New Ulm, Benson, Detroit, Redwood Falls.

Mississippi: Jackson.

Missouri: Boonville, Ironton, Springfield.

Montana Territory: Helena, Bozeman.

Nebraska: Norfolk, Beatrice, Lincoln, Niobrara, Grand Island, North Platte,

Bloomington. Nevada: Carson City, Eureka.

New Mexico Territory: Santa Fé, La Mesilla.
Oregon: Oregon City, Roseburg, Le Grand, Lakeview, The Dalles.
Utah Territory: Salt Lake City.
Washington Territory: Olympia, Vancouver, Walla Walla, Colfax.
Wisconsin: Menasha, Falls of St. Croix, Wausau, La Crosse, Bayfield, Eau Claire.
Wynning Territory: Ohympias Fynnston

Wyoming Territory: Cheyenne, Evanston.

The business of the General Land Office of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1878, is summarized below;

| Area of public lands surveyed during the year. Whole number of acres disposed of during the year. Increase over area disposed of during previous year. | 8.686.178.88 |
|--|--------------|
| Cash entries | 877,555.14 |
| Cash entries Being an increase over the previous fiscal year of 136,868.57 acres. Homestead entries Being an increase over the previous fiscal year of 2,240,336.75 acres. | 4,418,344.92 |
| Timber-culture entries. Being an increase over the previous fiscal year of 1,349,760.79 acres. | 1,870,434.18 |
| Desert land entries under act of March 8, 1877 | 810,553.05 |
| Agricultural-college scrip locations | 640 00 |
| Locations with military bounty land warrants | 84,720.00 |
| State selections approved : | • |
| For school indemnity | |
| For internal improvements | |
| For agricultural colleges 24,097.40 | |
| For universities | |
| For salt springs 24,114.56 | |
| For public buildings 29,146 83 | |
| For penitentiary | |
| | 214,992,53 |
| Scrip locations | 94,044.56 |
| Lands patented to States as swamp lands | 202,925.85 |
| Lands certified for railroad purposes | 606,340.65 |
| Lands certified for canal purposes | 5,628.00 |
| | |

Total number of acres disposed of during the fiscal year.... 8,686,178 88

The figures given show a great increase in the quantity of land taken up by the class of actual settlers as homesteads and for the purpose of timber culture.

The moneys received during the year amount to \$2,022,532.16, for cash sales, for

homestead and timber-culture fees and commissions, and other fees paid, being an

increase over the previous fiscal year of \$569,562.93.

These figures strikingly exhibit the marked change in the occupations of the people, which the long-continued commercial and industrial depression is bringing about. Agriculture is absorbing increased attention, and there is a heavy migration westward from the older States. Not only has settlement upon the public lands of the government been greatly increased, but the records of all the land offices, States and corporations that have received railroad land grants, exhibit very heavy sales to actual settlers in the years 1877-78.

It is to be noted that the largest land-State in the Union. Texas, retained control of her public domain when admitted to the Union, so that land titles therein emanate from the State, and not from the United States. Homestead entry may be made under the laws of Texas after three years' occupancy of a tract of one hun-dred and sixty acres (or eighty acres in the case of single men) on payment of about The present unoccupied domain of Texas embraces over 67,580.000 acres, lying mostly in the extreme western portion of the State remote from railways.

Many railroad companies have large tracts of agricultural lands for sale, at rates regulated by their quality and relative accessibility.

STATISTICS OF HOMESTEAD SETTLEMENT ON THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Statement of number of Acres entered annually under the Homestand and Timber-Culture Acts, from July 1, 1868, to June 30, 1878, inclusive.

| | 1869. | 1870 | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Homestead Entries | Acres. 2,737,865 | Acres. 3,698,910 | Acres. 4,600,326 | Acres. 4,671,382 | Acres. 3,793,613 |
| | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878. |
| Homestead Entries Timber-Culture Entries | Acres. 3,519.862 802,945 | Acres. 2,856,058 464,870 | Acres. 2,875,910 607,983 | Acres. 2,178.098 520,672 | Acres. 4,418,345 1,870,434 |
| | 4,322,807 | 2,820,928 | 8,483,895 | 2,698,770 | 6,288,779 |

Total homestead entries, 84,849,818 acres. Total timber-culture entries, 4:266,-907 acres. Grand total, ten years, 39,116,725 acres.

UNITED STATES PATENT-OFFICE BUSINESS.

Comparative Statement of the Business of the Office from 1837 to 1877, inclusive.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Patents, Jan. 29, 1878.]

| Calendar Year. | Appli- cations. | Caveats Filed. | Patents Issued. | Cash Received. | Cash Expended. | Surplus. |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1887 | | | 435 | \$29,289 08 | \$38,506 98 | |
| 888 | | | 520 | 42,123 54 | 87,402 10 | \$4,721 4 |
| 1839 | | | 425 | 87,260 00 | 34,543 51 | 2,716 4 |
| 840 | | 228 | 478 | 88,056 51 | 89,020 67 | |
| 841 | | 812 | 495 | 40,418 01 | 52,666 87 | |
| 1842 | | 391 | 517 | 36,505 68 | 81,241 48 | 5.264 2 |
| 1843 | | 815 | 531 | 85,315 81 | 30,776 96 | 4.538-8 |
| 1844 | | 880 | 502 | 42,509 26 | 86,244 78 | 6.264 5 |
| | | 452 | 502 | 51,076 14 | 89,895 65 | 11,680 4 |
| 1845 | | 448 | 619 | 50,264 16 | 46,158 71 | 4.105 4 |
| 1846 | | 558 | 572 | 68,111 19 | 41,878 85 | 21,282 8 |
| 1847 | | 607 | 660 | 67,576 69 | 58,905 84 | 8,670 8 |
| 1848 | | 595 | | 80,752 98 | 77,716 44 | |
| 849 | | | 1,070 | | | 8,096 5 |
| 1850 | . 2,198 | 602 | 995 | 86,927 05 | 80,100 95 | 6,816 1 |
| 851 | . 2,258 | 760 | 869 | 95,738 61 | 86,916 98 | 8,821 6 |
| 1852 | | 996 | 1,020 | 112,656 84 | 95,916 91 | 16,789 4 |
| .858 | 2,673 | 901 | 958 | 121,527 45 | 182,869 83 | |
| 854 | . 8,824 | 868 | 1,902 | 163,789 84 | 167,146 38 | |
| 1855 | 4,435 | 906 | 2,024 | 216,459 85 | 179,540 83 | 86,919 0 |
| 1 856 | . 4,960 | 1,024 | 2,502 | 192,588 02 | 199,931 02 | |
| 857 | . 4,771 | 1,010 | 2,910 | 196,132 01 | 211,582 09 | |
| 858 | 5,364 | 984 | 8,710 | 208,716 16 | 193,193 74 | 10,522 4 |
| 859 | 6.225 | 1.097 | 4,538 | 245,942 15 | 210,278 41 | 85,663 7 |
| 860 | 7,653 | 1.084 | 4.819 | 256,352 59 | 252,820 80 | 8,581 7 |
| 861 | | 700 | 8,340 | 187.354 44 | 221,491 91 | |
| 862 | " m" non | 824 | 8,521 | 215,754 99 | 182,810 39 | 32,944 |
| 863 | | 787 | 4,170 | 195,598 29 | 189,414 14 | 6,179 1 |
| 864 | | 1,063 | 5,020 | 240,919 98 | 229,868 00 | 11,051 |
| 865 | | 1,937 | 6,616 | 848,791 84 | 274,199 84 | 74.592 5 |
| 866 | | 2,723 | 9,450 | 495,665 88 | 861,724 28 | 133,941 1 |
| 000 | | 3,597 | 18,015 | 646,581 92 | 639,263 82 | 7.318 |
| 867 | | | | 681,565 86 | 628,679 77 | 52,886 |
| 868 | . 20,420 | 3,705 | 18,878 | | 486,430 78 | |
| 869 | . 19,271 | 3,624 | 13,986 | | | |
| 870 | . 19,171 | 3,278 | 13,821 | | 557,149 19 | 112,807 |
| 871 | . 19,472 | 3,366 | 13,033 | 678,716 46 | 560,595 08 | 118,121 8 |
| 872 | 18,246 | 3,090 | 18,590 | 699,726 39 | 665,591 86 | 84,185 (|
| 878 | . 20,414 | 3,248 | 12,864 | 708,191 77 | 691,178 98 | 12,012 7 |
| 874 | . 21,602 | 3,181 | 13,599 | 738,278 17 | 679,288 41 | 58,989 7 |
| 8 75 | . 21,638 | 3,094 | 16,288 | 743,458 86 | 721,657 71 | 21,795 6 |
| l 876 | . 21,425 | 2,697 | 17,026 | 757,987 65 | 652,542 60 | 105,445 (|
| 877 | 20,308 | 2,809 | 13,619 | 782,342 85 | 613,152 62 | 119,190 2 |

THE COPYRIGHT LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

EVERY applicant for a copyright must state distinctly the name and residence of the claimant, and whether the right is claimed as author, designer, or proprietor. No

affidavit or formal application is required.

A printed copy of the title of the book, map, chart, dramatic or musical composition, engraving/cnt, print, or photograph, or a description of the painting, drawing, chromo, statue, statuary, or model or design for a work of the fine arta, for which copyright is desired, must be sent by mail or otherwise, prepaid, addressed "Libbarian of Congress, Washington, D. C." This must be done before publication of the book or other article.

A fee of 50 cents, for recording the title of each book or other article, must be inclosed with the title as above, and 50 cents in addition (or one dollar in all) for each certificate of copyright under seal of the Librarian of Congress, which will be transmitted by return mall.

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nished, under seal, at the rate of fifty cents.

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PATENTS ISSUED IN 1877 TO RESIDENTS OF MACH STATE. The proportion of patents to population is shown in last column.

| STATES, ETC. | No. of Patents. | One to every— | STATES, ETC. | No. of Patents. | |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Alabama | 43 | 23,418 | Nevada | 24 | 1,770 |
| Arizona Territory | 2 | 4.829 | New Hampshire | 78 | 4,080 |
| Arkansas | 36 | 13,513 | New Jersev | 502 | 1,804 |
| California | 841 | 1.642 | New Jersey New Mexico Territory | 8 | 30,624 |
| Colorado | 28 | 1.423 | New York | 2,496 | 1,755 |
| Connecticut | 607 | 885 | North Carolina | 51 | |
| Dakota Territory | 6 | 2,365 | Ohio | 1,068 | |
| Delaware | 28 | 4.464 | Oregon. | 88 | |
| District of Columbia | 128 | 1.060 | Pennsylvania | 1,515 | 2,32 |
| Florida | 14 | 18,410 | Rhode Island | 212 | |
| Georgia | | | South Carolina | 84 | 20,753 |
| Idaho Territory | ì | | Tennessee | 114 | 11,089 |
| Illinois | 1,046 | | Texas | 115 | |
| Indiana | 450 | | Utah Territory | 4 | 21,090 |
| Iowa. | 488 | | Vermont | 58 | 5.78 |
| Kansas | 108 | 8,588 | Virginia | 100 | 12,251 |
| Kentucky | 151 | 8.748 | Washington Territory. | 4 | 5,986 |
| Louisiana | 79 | 9.073 | West Virginia | 81 | |
| Maine | 132 | 4.749 | Wisconsin | 245 | |
| Maryland | 192 | | Wyoming Territory | 9 | 1,014 |
| Massachusetts | 1,892 | 1.046 | U. S. Army | 14 | |
| Michigan | 883 | 8.091 | U. S. Navy | 2 | |
| Minnesota | 146 | 8,011 | U. S. in general | 13.029 | 2,959 |
| Mississippi | | 21,228 | Foreign | | |
| Missouri | 865 | 4,715 | | | |
| Montana Territory | 8 | 6.865 | | 18,619 | l |
| Nebraska. | 86 | | 1 | ==, | |

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PENSIONS, MILITARY AND CIVIL.

THERE is no nation which expends in the form of annual pensions for military and naval services anywhere near the amount which is paid by the United States. It will be seen from the table of expenditures from 1789 to 1878 elsewhere given, that the annual sums voted by Congress under the head of pensions have varied from \$28,000,-000 to \$34,000,000 during the past ten years. And although we are now more than fifteen years removed from the close of the Civil War of 1861-65, and a large annual diminution of expenditure under this head would naturally occur from the steady decease of annuitants, yet the liberal legislation of Congress in relaxing the rules of the Pension Office, in dating back pensions so as to include a longer term, and in providing for new classes of pensioners not before recognized by law, has operated to prevent any heavy reduction in the annual cost to the treasury. Besides this, all the surviving soldiers and widows of those who served in the last war with Great Britain in 1812-15 have been added to the pension lists by act of February 14, 1871, to the number of 17,411 persons, drawing an annual sum of about \$1,650,000, at the uniform rate of eight dollars a month each. The whole number of pensioners on the rolls July 1, 1878, was 223,998, of whom little more than half were invalids, the remainder being widows and others entitled to pension as representatives of deceased soldiers.

It will be seen that of the net ordinary expenses of the United States Government (excluding interest on the public debt), the item of pensions alone figures as very nearly twenty per cent., or, including the interest on the debt, 11.25 per cent. In no other country do the pensions paid on account of military and naval service bear any such relation to the total expenditure. The following table shows the amount annually expended under the head of pensions, excluding annuities and superannuation allowances in the civil service, in various nations as to which the statistics could be obtained.

| Nations. | Military pensions paid. | Proportion to total expenditure of government. |
|---|---|--|
| Great Britain France Germany Austria-Hungary Belgium United States. | Dollars. 12,795,685 12,600,000 4,296,855 627,610 742,000 26,569,987 | 3.84 2.85 4.19 1.10 1.60 11.25 |

In Great Britain, the pensions for army and navy services are not fixed by act of Parliament, but by a board connected with the war office. A great portion of the pension money goes to officers of high rank; the invalid or superannuated soldiers of the army (known as Chelsea hospital out-pensioners) receiving 1½. to 3s. 10d. per day, or about \$5,000,000 yearly, and being some 68,000 in number. The Pensions Commutation act of 1869 provides that a commutation board, appointed by the treasury, may, upon application of any officer receiving a pension of more than half-pay, by superannuation or retirement allowance, have power to commute his pension by the payment of a capital sum of money down, calculated according to the estimated duration of life of the pensioned. The benefits of this commutation act are, however, expressly limited to officers, and do not apply to the pensions of privates, either in the army or navy.

Pensions in the Civil Service, either for meritorious service or for superannuation allowance, are granted under most governments except that of the United States. No such allowance exists under American laws, except in the case of judges of the courts of the United States, who are permitted, after reaching the age of seventy, to resign, with full salary for life, provided they have served ten years continuously. This act dates only from April 10th, 1869.

In England, there is a regular annual pension, known as the superannuation allowance, given to all persons in the Civil Service of the Government after ten years' continuous service. This allowance amounts to \(\frac{1}{16} \) of all the salary and emoluments of the office. For those who have served eleven years or upwards, a further addition to the annual salary of \(\frac{1}{60} \) is made for each additional year, until the completion of a period of service of forty years. Those who have served forty years are entitled to receive a superannuation allowance of two-thirds the regular salary. These superannuation allowances are continued to disabled public servants after their resignation, but no superannuation allowance is granted to retiring persons under sixty years of age who continue able in body and mind. (Superannuation Act of 1859, 22 and 23 Vict, c. 26).

Besides the regular allowance to officers in the Civil Service who have served ten years and upwards, the British Government annually expends very heavy sums in pensions, hereditary and other. Among these are annuities to members of the royal family, £157,000 per annum, and superannuation allowances, annuities, and pensions, £1,160,-

321 per annum.

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL AT THE TER-MINATION OF EACH FISCAL YEAR SINCE 1861.

| | ARMY AND NAVY. | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30. | Invalids. | Widows, etc. | Total. | Addition. | Reduction. | | | |
| 1861 1862 1863 1863 1864 1865 1865 1867 1870 1870 1871 1872 1878 1878 1874 | 4,337 4,331 7,821 23,479 35,680 55,555 68,555 87,521 93,834 113,550 121,688 123,989 124,229 128,783 128,783 | 4,299 8,818 6,970 27,656 50,106 71,070 88,618 93,696 105,104 111,165 114,101 118,275 118,911 114,613 111,896 103,381 92,349 | 8,636 8,169 14,791 41,135 85,966 126,722 153,184 169,643 187,963 207,495 232,229 238,411 234,821 234,821 232,137 232,104 223,996 | 6,622 26,344 44,81 40,736 26,462 16,459 -18,820 24,734 6,183 | 2,170 1,420 2,684 8,103 | | | |

In the above are included those pensioned for service in the War of 1812, 12,802; also the widows of the soldiers and sailors of that war, 4609; all at \$8 per month.

PENSIONS PAID BY THE UNITED STATES IN 1878.

[From the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Pensions, 1878.]

| | Whole amount paid for pension during year | d | Whole number of pen- sioners. | Yearly value of pensions. | Condition of Pension Office business. |
|-----------------------------|--|----|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Army: Invalid | \$18,071,358 (11,892,972 (| 61 | 119,461 86,919 | \$12,492,877 72 9,812,697 50 | New claims filed during the year 1877-78, 67,218. |
| Widows, etc War of 1812: | 199,981 302,989 | 49 | 1,781 1,705 | 200,944 08 805,290 60 | of during year, 43,370. Claims pending June 30. |
| Survivors | 768,918 4 294,572 (| | 10,407 8,725 | 999,072 00 857,600 00 | |
| Total | \$26,530,792 | 10 | 223,998 | \$24,107,981 90 | |

Statement of the Rates of Pension, and the Number Pensioned to each Rate, of the Army and Navy Invalids on the Rolls June 30, 1878.

| Annual Pension. | Number of Pen- sioners. | Annual Pension. | Number of Pen- sioners. | Annual Pension. | Number of Pen- sioners. | Annual Pension. | Number of Pen- sioners. |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$864 00 | 11 | \$204 00 | 605 | \$132 00 | | \$69 00 | 1 |
| 600 00 | 701 | 201 00 | 16 | 129 00 | iš l | 67 92 | 43 |
| 480 00 | l "i | 199 92 | 14 | 127 44 | 7 | 67 44 | 7 |
| 462 00 | l il | 195 00 | 1 î | 126 00 | | 66 00 | Ż |
| 432 00 | 24 | 192 00 | 627 | 123 00 | 9 2 | 63 93 | 1,042 |
| 3 75 00 | 831 | 189 00 | 9 | 122 40 | 1 1 | 63 00 | 2 |
| 860 00 | 206 | 187 44 | 1 | 120 00 | 4,823 | 60 00 | 2,225 |
| 819 92 | 1 | 180 00 | 1,266 | 117 00 | 6 | 54 00 | 2 |
| 815 00 | 2 | 177 00 | 1 | 114 00 | 5 | 51 00 | 163 |
| 812 00 | 1 | 174 00 | 2 | 112 44 | 1 1 | 48 00 | 28,232 |
| 809 00 | 1 1 | 171 00 | 5 | 108 00 | 42 | 45 00 | 132 |
| 800 ÇQ | 162 | 168 00 | 1,860 | 105 00 | 5 | 42 00 | 8 |
| 288 00 | 6,386 | 165 00 | 5 | 102 00 | 618 | 40 80 | 1 |
| 270 00 | 58 | 162 00 | 7 | 99 96 | 6 | 89 96 | 2 |
| 237 00 | 9 | 159 96 | 88 17 | 99 00 | 2 2 | 88 40 | 4 |
| 264 00 | 9 | 159 00 | 17 | 96 00 | 18,810 | 86 00 | 4,291 |
| 261 00 | 2. | 156 00 | 101 | 93 00 | 1 I | 81 92 | 1,291 |
| 240.00 | · 772 | 158 00 | 255 125 | 90 00 | 468 | 80 00 | 12 |
| 234 00 | , × | 150 00 | | 87 00 | 1! | 27 00 | 40.00 |
| 281 00 | × | 147 00 | 18 | 84 00 | 445 | 24 00 | 10,787 |
| 228 00 | | 144 00 | 4,799 | 81 00 | 3 | 23 44 | , × |
| 225 00 | 51 | 141 00 | 2 2 | 79 92 | 40 8 | 19 20 | 9 |
| 2228 00 | 8 | 139 92 | 1 2 | 78 00 | | 15 96 | 5 531 |
| 219 00 | 1110 | 188 00 | 18 | 76 44 | 16 | 12 00 | 031 |
| 216 00 | 11,192 | 185 96 | 61 | 75 00 | 81 | ı | |
| 210 00 | 7 | 185 00 | 135 | 72 00 | 18,212 | ł | |

Note.—The above table includes invalid pensioners, July 1, 1878, but does not include pensions paid to widows, etc.



POST-OFFICE STATISTICS OF THE UNITED STATES—1790-1878.

| YEARS. 1790 | No. of Post-Offices. 75 453 908 1,558 2,300 8,260 8,459 8,618 4,000 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 5,677 | Extent of Post-Routes in Miles. 1,875 13,207 20,817 31,076 35,406 43,748 48,673 52,099 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 84,860 | Revenue of the Department \$37,985 160,620 280,804 421,373 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,053,087 | \$32,140 117,893 213,994 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | Salaries of | paid for Transport'n of the Mail. \$22,081 75,359 128,644 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| 1790 | 75 453 903 1,558 2,300 3,000 8,260 8,459 8,618 4,000 4,500 4,709 4,043 5,182 | in Miles. 1,875 13,207 20,817 31,076 35,406 43,748 48,673 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | \$37,935 160,620 280,804 421,373 551,694 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | \$32,140 117,893 213,994 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | Postmast'rs \$8,198 30,272 69,243 111,552 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 922,081 75,359 128,644 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1795 | 453 903 1,558 2,300 3,000 3,260 3,459 3,618 4,000 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 13,207 20,817 31,076 35,406 43,748 48,673 52,099 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,906 82,763 | 160,620 250,804 421,373 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 117,893 213,994 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | 30,272 69,243 111,552 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 75,359 128,644 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1795 | 453 903 1,558 2,300 3,000 3,260 3,459 3,618 4,000 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 13,207 20,817 31,076 35,406 43,748 48,673 52,099 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,906 82,763 | 160,620 250,804 421,373 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 117,893 213,994 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | 30,272 69,243 111,552 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 75,359 128,644 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1800 | 908 1,558 2,300 3,000 8,260 8,459 8,618 4,000 4,500 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 20,817 31,076 36,406 43,748 48,673 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,908 82,763 | 280,804 421,378 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 213,994 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | 69,243 111,552 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 128,644 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1805 1810 1815 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 | 1,558 2,300 3,000 3,260 3,459 8,618 4,000 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 31,076 36,406 43,748 48,673 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 421,378 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 377,367 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 239,635 327,966 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1810 1815 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 | 2,300 3,000 3,260 3,459 3,618 4,000 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 36,406 43,748 48,673 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 551,684 1,043,065 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 495,969 748,121 804,422 916,515 1,035,832 1,117,861 | 149,438 241,901 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 487,779 521,970 589,189 |
| 1815 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 | 3,000 3,260 3,459 3,618 4,000 4,500 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 43,748 48,673 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 961,782 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 804,422 916,515 1,035,8 3 2 1,117,8 61 | 265,944 303,916 346,429 | 521,970 589,189 |
| 1816 1817 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 1823. | 8,260 8,459 8,618 4,000 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 52,089 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 1,002,973 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 916,515 1,035,8 32 1,117,8 61 | 303,916 346,429 | 589,189 |
| 1818 1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 | 4,000 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 59,473 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 1,130,235 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 1,035,8 32 1,117,8 61 | 346,429 | |
| 1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 | 4,000 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 67,586 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 1,204,737 1,111,927 1,059,087 | 1,117,861 | | 664,611 |
| 1820 1821 1822 1823 | 4,500 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 72,492 78,808 82,763 | 1,111,927 1,059,087 | | 0(0.828 | 717,881 |
| 1821 1822 1823 | 4,650 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 78,808 82,763 | 1,059,087 | 1,160,926 | 352,295 | 782,425 |
| 1822 | 4,709 4,043 5,182 | 82,763 | | 1,184,283 | 337,539 | 615,661 |
| 1823 | 4,043 5,182 | 84,860 | 1,117,490 | 1,167,572 | 355,299 | 788,618 |
| 1994 | 5,182 | | 1,130,115 | 1,156,995 | 360,462 | 767,464 |
| 1042 | 5 677 | 84,860 | 1,197,758 | 1,188,019 | 383,804 | 768,939 785,646 |
| 1825 | | 94,052 | 1,306,525 | 1,229,0 43 1,366,7 12 | 411,183 447,727 | 885 100 |
| 1826 1827 | 6,150 7,003 | 94,052 105,336 | 1,447,703 1,524,633 | 1,468,959 | 486,411 | 885,100 942,345 1,086,313 |
| 1828 | 7,530 | 105,336 | 1,659,915 | 1,689,945 | 548,049 | 1,086,313 |
| 1829 | 8,004 | 115,000 | 1,707,418 | 1,782,132 | 559,237 | 1,153,646 |
| 1830 | 8,450 | 115,176 | 1,850,583 | 1,932,708 | 595,234 | 1,274,009 |
| 1831 | 8,686 | 115,486 | 1,997,811 | 1,936,122 | 635,028 | 1,252,226 1,482,507 |
| 1832 | 9,205 | 104,466 | 2,258,570 | 2,266,171 | 715,481 | 1,894,638 |
| 1833 | 10,127 | 119,916 | 2,617,011 2,823,749 | 2,930,414 2,910,605 | 826,2 83 897,317 | 1,925,544 |
| 1834 | 10,693 $10,770$ | 119,916 112,774 | 2,993,356 | 2.757.350 | 945,418 | 1,719,007 |
| 1835 1836 | 11,091 | 118,264 | 3,408,323 | 2,757,350 3,841,766 | 812,803 891,352 | 1,638,052 |
| 1837 | 11,767 | 141,242 | 4,236,779 | 3,544,630 | 891,352 | 1,996,727 |
| 1838 | 12,519 | 134,818 | 4,238,733 | 4,430,662 | 933,948 | 3,131,308 |
| 1839 | 12,780 | 133,999 | 4,484,657 | 4,636,536 | 980,000 | 3,285,622 3,296,876 |
| 1840 | 13,468 | 155,739 | 4,543,522 4,407,726 | 4,718,236 4,499,523 | 1,028,925 $1,018,645$ | 3,159,375 |
| 1841 | 13,778 | 155,026 | 4,546,849 | 5,674,752 | 1,147,256 | 3,087,796 |
| 1842 1843 | 13,7 3 3 13,81 4 | 149,782 142,295 | 4.296.225 | 4,374,754 | 1,426,394 | 2,947,319 |
| 1844 | 14,103 | 144,687 | 4,296,2 25 4,237,288 | 4.296,513 | 1,358,316 | 2,938,551 |
| 1845 | 14,183 | 143,940 152,865 | 4,289,841 | 4,320,732 | 1,409,875 | 2,905,504 |
| 1846 | 14,601 | 152,865 | 3,487,199 | 4,084,297 | 1,042,079 | 2,716,673 2,476,455 |
| 1847 | 15,146 | 158.818 | 3,955,893 4,371,077 | 3,979,570 4,326,850 | 1,060,228 | 2,394,703 |
| 1848 | 16,150 | 168,908 163,703 | 4,905,176 | 4,479,049 | 1,320,921 | 2,577,407 |
| 1849 | 16,749 18 417 | 178,672 | 5,552,971 | 5,212,953 | 1,549,376 | 2,965,786 |
| 1850 1851 | 18,417 19, 79 6 | 196.290 | 6,727,867 | 6,278,402 | 1,781,686 | 3,538,064 |
| 1852 | 20,901 | 214,284 217,743 | 6,925,971 | 7,108,459 | 1,296,765 | 4,225,311 |
| 1853 | 22,820 | 217,743 | 5,940,725 | 7,982,957 | 1,406,477 | 4,906,308 |
| 1854 | 23,548 | 219,935 | 6,955,586 | 8,577,424 9,968,342 | 1,707,708 2,135,385 | 5,401,382 6,076,335 |
| 1855 | 24,410 | 227,908 | 7,342,1 36 7,620,8 23 | 10,405,286 | 2,102,891 | 6,765,639 |
| 1856 1857 | 25,565 26,586 | 239,642 242,601 | 8,053,952 | 11,508,058 | 2,285,610 | 7,239,333 |
| 1858 | 27,977 | 260,603 260,052 240,594 | 8,186,793 | 12,722,470 | 2,355,016 | 8,246,054 |
| 1859 | 28,539 | 260,052 | 8,668,484 | 15,754,093 | 2,453,901 | 7,157,629 |
| 1860, | 28,498 | 240,594 | 8,518,067 | 19,170,610 | 2,552,868 | 8,808,710 |
| 1861 | 28,586 | 140,139 | 8,349,296 | 13,606,759 11,125,364 | 2,514,157 2,340,767 | 5,309,454 5,853,834 |
| 1962 | 28,875 | 134,013 139,598 | 8,299,821 11,163,790 | 11,314,207 | 2,876,983 | 5,740,576 |
| 1963 | 29,047 28,878 | 139,171 | 12,438,254 | 12,644,786 | 3,174,326 | 5,818,469 |
| 1865 | 20,550 | 142,340 | 14,556,159 | 13,694,728 | 3,383,382 | 6,246,884 |
| 1866 | 23,828 | 180.921 | 14,386,986 | 15,352,079 | 3,454,677 | 7,630,474 |
| 1967 | 25,163 | 203,245 | 15,237,027 | 19,235,483 | 4,033,728 | 9,336,286 |
| 1808 | 26,481 | 216,928 | 16,292,601 | 22,730,593 | 4,255,311 | 10,266,056 |
| 1809 | 27,106 | 223,781 | 18,344,511 19,772,221 | 23 ,698,131 23 ,998,837 | 4,546,9 58 4,673,4 66 | 10,406,501 10,884,653 |
| 1870 | 28,492 | 231,232 288,859 | 20,037,045 | 24 ,390,104 | 5,028,382 | 11.529.395 |
| 1871 | 30,045 $31,863$ | 251,398 | 21,915,426 | 26,658,192 | 5,121,665 | 15,547,821 |
| 1873 | 33,244 | 256,210 | 22,996,742 | 29,084,946 | 5,725,468 | 15,547,821 16,161,034 |
| 1874 | 34,294 | 269,097 | 26,477,072 | 32,126,415 | 5,818,472 | 18 881 319 |
| 1875 | 35,547 | 277,873 | 26,791,360 | 33,611,309 | 7,049,986 | 18,777,201 |
| 1876 | 36,383 | 281,798 | 27,895,908 | 33,263,488 | 7,397,387 7,295,2 51 | 18 529 238 |
| 1877 | 37,345 | 292,820 301,966 | 27,468,323 29,277,517 | 33,485,322 34,165,084 | | 18,777,201 18,361,048 18,529,238 19,262,421 |
| 1878 | 39,258 | 1 001,000 | 20,011,011 | 32,207,002 | 200 DV GO O | gle - |

LETTER-CARRIER OFFICES IN THE UNITED STATES.

| Cities. | Stations. | No. of Carriers. | CITIES. | Stations. | No. of Carriers. | Cities. | Stations. | No. of Carriers. |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--|-----------|-------------------------|---|-----------|----------------------|
| Alabama. Mobile California. San Francisco | 8 | 6 | Portland | | 10 62 | Poughkeepsic | | 28 17 15 18 |
| Connecticut. Hartford New Haven Delaware. | | 11 14 | Boston. Fall River. Lawrence Lowell Lynn. New Bedford. | 23 | 154 4 8 8 7 | Ohio. Cincinnati Cleveland. Columbus Dayton Toledo. | 8 | |
| Wilmington Dist. Columbia. Washington Georgia. | | 10 87 | Salem Springfield Worcester. Michigan. | | 6 8 10 | Pennsylvania. Allegheny Easton. | | 11 6 7 |
| Atlanta | | 6 6 | Detroit | | 81 8 7 10 | Harrisburgh. Lancaster. Philadelphia Pittsburgh Pottsvil:e Reading. | 22 | 247 84 4 |
| Chicago | 6 | 157 8 7 4 | Missouri. Kansas City Saint Joseph | 8 | 11 6 107 | Rhode Island. Providence South Carolina. | | 20 |
| Evansville | | 7 7 28 4 | Nebraska. Omaha N. Hampshire. Manchester | | 6 | Tennessee. Memphis | | 13 10 |
| Burlington Davenport Des Moines Dubuque | | 6 7 6 5 | New Jersey. Camden Elizabeth | | 6 | Virginia. Norfolk Petersburgh Richmond | | 5 5 16 |
| Kansas, Leavenworth Kentucky. | | 5 | Jersey City Newark Paterson Trenton | 2 | 14 24 7 6 | West Virginia. Wheeling Wisconsin. Milwaukee | | 26 |
| Covington Louisville Louisiana. New Orleans | | 80 47 | New York. Albany Brooklyn Buffalo Elmira | 4 | 25 89 84 6 | Total States with Carriers Offices | - | |
| Maine. Bangor | | 4 | New York | | | Districts " "Cities " " | | 87 |

Foreign Postal Cards.

United States postal cards may be sent to foreign countries as follows:

United States postal cards may be sent to foreign countries as follows: Canada, without additional postage.

Algeria, Austria, Azores, Balearic Islands, Belgium, Canary Islands, Denmark, Egypt, Faroe Islands, Finland, France. Germany, Gibraitar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Greenland, Heligoland, Holland, Iceland, Italy, Madeira Islands, Maita, Moldavia, Montenegro, Netherlands, Newfoundland, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Servia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Tangiers, Turkey and Wallachia, one cent additional.

Aden, Burmah, French Colonies in America, Africa, Asia, Oceanica, Guadeloupe, French Guiana, India, and Martinique, three cents additional.

Prepayment of postal cards is compulsory.

POST-OFFICE BUSINESS BY STATES, IN 1878.

Table showing Cost of Carrying the Mail and other Postal Expenditures in each State and Territory, with Receipts from Sale of Postage Stamps and from all other Sources during Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1878.

[Condensed from Annual Report of 6th Auditor of the Treasury, De.., 1878.]

| New Jersey 581,555 609,855 237,592 567,332 42,223 New Mexico 21,337 22,831 315,171 390,296 307,465 1,344,134 North Carolina 216,567 225,016 209,457 372,513 147,497 Oregon 107,188 117,846 185,067 228,463 110,637 Pennsylvania 2,683,871 2,683,871 2,683,271 236,059 228,483 110,637 Rhode Island 200,689 232,105 43,556 135,992 364,423 Tennessee 328,258 340,795 206,368 454,243 113,448 Texas 452,856 499,935 668,174 955,306 455,890 Vermont 259,830 271,547 144,861 307,848 36,300 Virginia 439,349 432,71 366,516 680,656 237,385 West Virginia 146,848 150,721 106,083 207,288 56,4415 Wisconsin 678,270 729,334 31,925 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Alashaa. 135 Arizona. 16,211 Arkansas. 158,380 Alaska. 135 Arizona. 16,211 Arkansas. 158,380 Alaska. 135 Arizona. 16,211 Arkansas. 158,380 Arizona. 192,463 Arkansas. 158,380 Alaska. 135 Arizona. 16,211 Arkansas. 158,380 Alaska. 137 Colorado. 142,443 Alaska. 137 Colorado. 142,443 Alaska. 138,380 Connecticut. 578,206 Alaska. 136,371 Alaskota. 166,271 Alaskota. 164,010 Alaskota. 164,010 Alaskota. 164,010 Alaskota. 163,350 Alaskota. 168,371 Alaskota. 168,350 Delaware. 60,645 Dist. of Columbia. 168,350 Dist. of Columbia. 184,9782 Dist. of Columbia. 194,9782 Dis | | from postage stamps, envel- opes, and | | trans- portation by | expendi- | expendi- tures over | receipts over expendi- |
| Utah 76,935 83,084 314,231 371,237 288,203 Vermont 259,820 271,547 144,681 307,848 36,300 Virginia 439,349 453,271 396,516 680,656 227,385 Washington 38,454 41,203 125,438 161,618 110,615 West Virginia 146,348 150,721 106,638 207,288 56,568 Wisconsin 678,270 729,334 361,925 792,749 64,415 Wyoming 30,185 33,110 126,384 146,008 112,893 | Alaska. Arizona Arizona Arizona Arkausas California Colorado Connecticut Dakota Delaware. Dist. of Columbia Florida. Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maine. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minesota Michigan Minesota Mississippi Missouri Montana Nebraska Newada Newada Newada Newada New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina Ohio Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina Ooth Carolina Rhode Island South Carolina Tennessee | cards. \$ 200.659 16.211 183,380 819.426 142,443 578.290 64,010 69,645 168,359 1830,118 2,306,432 757,871 887,091 449,634 429,034 429,034 429,034 429,031 1,017,257 1,877,285 896,921 1,017,257 1,877,265 202,518 79,207 287,704 581,555 21,537 7,207 1,800,907 1,007,188 2,563,871 1,007,188 2,563,871 1,007,188 | 187, 17,942, 192,484,894,711,166,271,621,486,627,1621,486,69,971,71,380,177,380,177,380,177,380,177,380,177,380,178,381,963,532,631,200,238,364,963,637,438,963,1,058,354,489,963,5548,189,225,016,040,192,407,205,703,498,667,435,047,1058,354,488,667,435,047,117,486,040,192,407,117,486,040,192,407,117,486,040,192,407,117,486,11 | \$ 244,578 244,578 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,089 348,589 348,589 348,589 348,589 348,589 348,389 348,589 341,348 349,719 341,758 341,348,778 341,348,778 341,348,778 341,348,778 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,348,349 341,349 | 427,610 427,610 141,927 1,187,231 1,187,231 1,1618 1514,529 176,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,576,336 171,33 | 123,985 284,653 292,570 145,347 106,425 199,626 169,465 84,291 145,833 176,210 79,676 746,611 120,927 110,995 22,353 56,512 65,223 94,319 881,585 184,005 434,927 172,440 307,465 | \$ 106,907 106,907 610,968 8,748 42,228 1,344,134 836,050 86,118 |
| | Texas. Utah Vermont. Virginia. Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin. | 452,856 76,935 259,820 439,849 38,454 146,848 678,270 30,185 | 499,925 83,084 971,547 453,971 41,203 150,721 729,834 83,110 | 658,174 814,281 144,881 896,516 125,428 106,088 861,925 126,834 | 955,305 871,237 807,848 680,656 151,818 207,288 793,749 146,005 | 455,380 288,203 36,800 227,385 110,616 56,568 64,415 112,895 | |

BUSINESS OF THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1878.

[Summarized from the Annual Report of the Postmaster-General, Dec., 1878.]

| Whole number of post-offices in operation in the United States | 89,258 |
|--|--------------|
| Whole number of contractors for transportation of the mails | 5,966 |
| Whole length of public mail routes in operation | 801,966 |
| Length of railroad routes | 77,120 |
| Length of steamboat routes | 18,069 |
| Length of other routes | 206,777 |
| Aggregate cost of mail service | \$19,262,421 |
| Aggregate postages on newspapers and periodicals | \$1,025,181 |
| Aggregate postage stamps, envelopes, and cards sold | \$28,567,185 |
| Number of registered letters and packages mailed | 4,898,804 |
| Amount of fees on registered matter (in addition to postage) | \$414,999 |
| Number of dead letters and parcels received | 8,186,805 |
| Total cost of free delivery service | \$1,824,167 |
| Receipts of postage on local matter at free delivery offices | 2,552,251 |
| Number of money orders issued (domestic) | 5,613,117 |
| Amount of money orders purchased (domestic) | \$81,442,365 |
| Average amount of each money order (domestic) | 14 51 |
| Fees received for issue of money orders (domestic) | \$715,261 |
| Cost of the United States Ocean Mail service | \$197,276 |

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, 1791-1878.

Statement of Outstanding Principal of the Public Debt of the United States on the 1st of January of each Year from 1791 to 1342, inclusive; and on the 1st of July of each Year from 1843 to 1878, inclusive.

From the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury on the Finances.

| | . | | • | | | |
|------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-------|---------------|-----|
| 1791 | \$75,463,476 52 | 1820. | \$91,015,566 15 | 1849 | \$63,061,858 | 69 |
| 1792 | 77,227,924 66 | 1821 | | 1850 | 63,452,773 | 55 |
| 1793 | 80,352,634 04 | 1822 | 93,546,676 98 | 1851 | | 0:3 |
| 1794 | 78,427,404 77 | 1823 | 90,875,877 28 | 1852 | 66,199,341 | 71 |
| 1795 | 80,747,587 89 | 1824 | 90,269,777 77 | 1853 | 59,803,117 | 70 |
| 1796 | 83,762,172 07 | 1825 | 83,788,432 71 | 1854 | 42,242,222 | 42 |
| 1797 | 82,064,479 33 | 1826 | 81,054,059 99 | 1855 | 35,586,858 | 56 |
| 1798 | 79,228,529 12 | 1827 | 78,987,857 20 | 1856 | 31,972,537 | 90 |
| 1799 | 78,408,669 77 | 1828 | 67,475,043 87 | 1857 | 28,699,831 | 85 |
| 1800 | 82,976,294 35 | 1829 | 58,491,418 67 | 1858 | 44,911,881 | 03 |
| 1801 | 88,088,050 80 | 1830 | 48,565,406 50 | 1859 | 58,496,887 | |
| 1802 | 86,712,632 25 | 1831 | 89,123,191 68 | 1860 | 64,842,287 | 88 |
| 1803 | 77,054,686 30 | 1832 | 24,322,235 18 | 1861 | | |
| 1804 | 86,427,120 88 | 1833 | 7,001,698 83 | 1862 | | |
| 1805 | 82,312,150 50 | 1834 | 4,760,082 08 | 1963 | 1,119,772,138 | 63 |
| 1806 | 75,723,270 66 | 1885 | 87,518 05 | 1864 | 1,815,784,370 | 57 |
| 1807 | 69,216,396 64 | 1836 | 886,957 88 | | 2,680,647,869 | |
| 1808 | 65,196,317 97 | 1837 | 8,308,124 07 | | 2,773,236,173 | |
| 1809 | 57,023,192 09 | 1338 | 10,484,221 14 | | 2,678,126,108 | |
| 1810 | 53,178,217 52 | 1839 | 8,578,843 82 | | 2,611,687,851 | |
| 1811 | 48,005,587 76 | 1840 | 5,250,875 54 | 1869 | 2,588,452,218 | 94 |
| 1812 | 45,909,737 90 | 1841 | 13,594,480 73 | 1870 | 2,480,672,427 | 81 |
| 1818 | 55,962,827 57 | 1842 | 20,601,226 28 | 1871 | 2,353,211,382 | 82 |
| 1814 | 81,487,846 24 | 1843 | 82,742,922 00 | 1872 | 2,253,251,328 | 78 |
| 1815 | 99,833,660 15 | 1844 | 28,461,652 50 | 1873 | 2,234,482,993 | 20 |
| 1816 | 127,834,933 74 | 1845 | 15,925,808 01 | 1874 | 2,251,690,468 | 48 |
| 1817 | 128,491,965 16 | 1846 | 15.550,202 97 | | 2,232,284,581 | |
| 1818 | 106,406,633 88 | 1847 | | 1876 | 2,180,395,067 | 15 |
| 1819 | 95,599,648 28 | 1848 | 47,044,869 23 | 1877 | 2,205,301,392 | 10 |
| | | | | 11878 | 2,256,205,892 | 28 |

ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, FROM JULY 1, 1860, TO JULY 1, 1878.

[Official Statement from the Warrant Division, Treasury Department, Washington,]

| Year ending June 30. | 3 per cents. | 4 per cents. | 4½ per cents. | 5 per cents. | 6 per cents. | 7 3-10 per cents. | Total interest- bearing debt. | Annual interest charge. |
|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | | * | * | . 8 | . 8 | * | | . \$ |
| 1860 | | | | 43,476,300 | | | 64,640,838 | 3,443,687 |
| 1861 | | ********** | | 33,022,200 | | WAS 100 100 | | 5,092,630 |
| 1862 | | 57,926,116 | | 30,483,000 | | 122,582,485 | | 22,048,509 |
| 1863 | | 105,629,385 | | 30,483,000 | | | 707,531,634 | 41,854,148 |
| 1864 | | 77,047,090 | | 300,213,480 | | | 1,359,930,763 | 78,853,48 |
| 1865 | | | | | 1,213,495,170 | | 2,221,311,918 2,381,530,294 | 137,742,617 |
| 1865, Aug. 31. | | 101 041 070 | | 209,179,747 | 1,281,736,439 1,195,546,041 | | 2,332,331,207 | 146,068,196 |
| 1866 | | 17 797 095 | | | 1,543,452,080 | | 2,248,067,387 | 138,892,45 |
| 1867 1868 | 64 000 000 | 901 361 | | | 1,878,303,984 | | 2,202,088,727 | 128,459,59 |
| 1869 | | 201,301 | | | 1,874,347,222 | | | 125,523,998 |
| 1870 | 50 550 000 | | | 991 588 300 | 1,765,317,422 | | 9 046 455 799 | 118,784,960 |
| 871 | 45,885,000 | 678 000 | | 274 233 450 | 1 613 897 300 | | 1,934,696,750 | 111,949,330 |
| 872 | 24 665 000 | 678,000 | | | | | 1,814,794,100 | 103,988,463 |
| 1873 | | | | | | | 1,710,483,950 | 98,049,804 |
| 1874 | | | | | | | 1,738,930,750 | 98,796,004 |
| 1875 | | | | 607, 132, 750 | 1,100,865,550 | | 1,722,676,300 | 96,855,690 |
| 876 | | | | 711,685,800 | 984,999,650 | | 1,710,685,450 | 95,104,269 |
| 1877 | 14,000,000 | | 140,000,000 | 703,266,650 | 854,621,850 | | 1,711,888,500 | 93,160,643 |
| 1878 | 14,000,000 | 98,850,000 | 240,000,000 | 703,266,650 | 738,619,000 | | 1,794,735,650 | 94,654,472 |

ANALYSIS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| Year ending June 30. | Debt on which in- terest has ceased. | Debt bearing no interest. | Outstanding principal. | Cash in the Treasury July 1. | Total debt, less cash in Treasury. | Popula- tion of the U.S. | Debt per capita. | Interest per capita. |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| | - 8 | 8 | 8 | * | 8 | | 8 | 8 |
| 860 | 201,450 | | 64,842,288 | | 59,964,402 | | 1 91 | 0 11 |
| 861 | 199,999 | | 90,580,874 | | | | 2 74 | 0 16 |
| 862 | 280,195 | | | 18,863,660 | | | 15 45 | 0 67 |
| 863 | 473,048 | | | | 1,111,350,737 | | 33 31 | 1 25 |
| 864 | 416,335 | | | | 1,709,452,277 | | 50 21 | 2 32 |
| 865 | 1,245,771 | 458,090,180 | | | | | 76 98 | 3 97 |
| 865, Aug. 31. | 1,503,020 | | | | | | 78 25 | 4 29 |
| 866 | 935,092 | | | | | | 74 32 | 4 12 |
| 867 | 1,840,615 | 428,218,101 | | 169,974,892 | | | 69 26 | 3 84 |
| 868 | 1,197,330 | | | | | 36,973,000 | 67 10 | 3 48 |
| 869 | 5,260,181 | | | | | 37,756,000 | 64 43 | 3 32 |
| 870 | 3,708,641 | | | 149,502,471 | 2,331,169,956 | | 60 46 | 3 08 |
| 871 | 1,948,902 | | | | | | 56 81 | 2 83 |
| 872 | 7,926,797 | | | | | | | 2:6 |
| 873 | 51,929,710 | | | | | | 50 49 | 2 35 |
| 874 | 3,216,590 | | 2,251,690,468 | 147,541,315 | | 42,856,000 | 49 10 | 2 31 |
| 875 | 11,425,820 | | | | | | 47 44 | 2 19 |
| 876 | 3.902.420 | | 2,180,395,066 | | 2,060,925,340 | | 45 48 | 2 10 |
| 877 | 16,648,860 | | | | | | 43 31 | 2 00 |
| 878 | 5,594,560 | 455,875,682 | 2,256,205,892 | 256,823,612 | 1,999,382,280 | 47,983,000 | 41 67 | 1 97 |

Norz. 1.—The annual interest charge is computed upon the amount of outstanding principal at the close of the fiscal year, and is exclusive of interest charge on Pacific Railway bonds.

2.—The statement of population for 1860 and 1870 is by enumeration, and for other years from estimates by E. B. Elliott, of this department.

3.—The alight increase of the interest charge for 1873 is owing to the interest charge on bonds sold for resumption, less the amount saved by refunding at lower rates.

4.—The Temporary Loan, per act of July 11, 1862, is included in the 4 per cents from 1862 to 1868, inclusive, with the exception of the amount outstanding for August 31, 1886, this being the date at which the public debt reached its highest point. This loan bore interest from 4 per cent, to 6 per cent, and was redeemable on ten-days notice after thirty days, but being constantly changing, it has been considered more equitable to include the whole amount outstanding as bearing 4 per cent, interest on an average for the year.

DESCRIPTION OF UNITED STATES BONDS OUTSTAND-ING, JAN. 1, 1879.

[From the Monthly Debt Statement of the U. S. Treasury.]

| Title of Loan. | rest. | When Inter | | Interest | | NT OUTSTANDING. | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| TITLE OF LOAM. | Interest | redecmable. | payable. | Registered | Coupon. | Total. | |
| Loan of 1858 Loan of Febr. | 5 | After Jan. 1, 1374. | Jan. & July | Dollars. 260,000 | Dollars. | Dollars. 260,000 | |
| 1861 ('81's) | | ļ | Jan. & July | 13,991,000 | 4,424,000 | 18,415,000 | |
| Oregon War Debt Loan of July & | 6 | After | Jan. & July | | 945,000 | 945,000 | |
| Aug. '61 ('81'z) Loan of 1863 | | June 30, 1881. | Jan. & July | 180,967,000 | 59,064,350 | 189,831,850 | |
| ('81's) Consols of 1865 | | June 30, 1881. | Jan. & July | 55,748,730 | 19,256, 23 0 | 75,000,000 | |
| (5-20's) Consols of 1867 | | July 1, 1870. | Jan. & July | 18,203,650 | 7,879,900 | 26,6 35,550 | |
| (5-20's) Consols of 1868 | 6 | July 1, 1872. | Jan. & July | 117,622,550 | 192,431,450 | 810,614,000 | |
| (5-20's) Ten forties of | | July 1, 1873. | Jan. & July | 16,209,500 | 21,255,800 | 87,465,800 | |
| 1864 Funded Loan of | 5 | March 1, 1874 | Mar. & Sep. | 144,290,800 | 50,285,500 | 194,566,800 | |
| 1881 (5's) Funded Loan of | | May 1, 1881. | F.M.A.&N. | 253,175,500 | 253,264,830 | 508,440,850 | |
| 1891 (41's) Funded Loan of | 41 | Sept. 1, 1801. | M.J.S. & D. | 164,715,730 | 85,284,250 | 250,000,000 | |
| 1907 (4's) | 4 | July 1, 1907. | J. A.J. & O. | 186,369,700 | 62,830,300 | 198,700,000 | |
| Aggregate of de | bt | bearing interc | st in coin | 1,084,861,550 | 764,389,200 | 1,798,750,750 | |

Bonds Issued to the Pacific Railway Companies, Interest Payable in Lawful Money.

| Name of Railwats. | Interest. | Principal Outstand- ing. | Interest paid by the United States. | Interest repaid by transportation of mails, etc. | Balance of interest paid by the United States. |
|-------------------|-----------|---|---|--|---|
| Central Pacific | 6 6 | Dollars. 25.885.120 6,303,000 27,286,512 | 4,288,483 09 | 1,744,683 89 | 2,493,749 20 |
| Pacific | 6 6 | 1,600,000 1,970,560 1,628,820 | 1,077,080 94 | 9.867 00 | 1,067,718 94 |
| Totals | ŀ | 64,623,512 | 39,885,039 86 | 10,571,102 71 | 29,263,987 15 |

All the above bonds bear 6 per cent. interest payable semi-annually, in January and July. The bonds run 30 years from date, bearing various dates from 1863 to 1869.

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Information respecting the Bonds of the United States, the Various Issues authorized, the Interest, Methods of Purchase and Transfer, and Amount of each Issue Outstanding on the 1st of December, 1878.

Condensed from Fisk & Hatch's Circulars, and the Reports and Debt Statements of the Treasury Department.

ALTHOUGH the various issues of government bonds are quoted and dealt in at the Stock Exchange, the principal transactions take place in the offices of the large dealers, who make a specialty of dealing in them, and with whom parties desiring to buy or sell may transact the business direct.

to buy or sell may transact the business direct.

Coupon bonds may be converted into registered bonds of the same issue, at the Treasury Department in Washington, but there is no provision of law for converting registered bonds into coupon bonds.

Coupon bonds, being payable to bearer, pass by delivery without assignment, and are therefore more convenient for sale and delivery than registered bonds. The interest coupons being also payable to the bearer upon presentation at any Sub-Treasury of the United States, the holder of coupon bonds may collect his interest without the necessity of personal identification. The coupons can also be sold to almost any bank, banker, or broker throughout the country at very nearly sold to almost any bank, banker, or broker throughout the country at very nearly the market value of gold in New York at the time.

For these reasons the coupon bonds are preferred for temporary investment by parties who may wish to sell them within a short time, and also by those who desire

to avoid the trouble attending the collection of the interest on registered bonds,

and by those who have satisfactory facilities for the safe-keeping of their bonds.

The courts have decided that a coupon bond payable to bearer is good in the hands of an innocent and bond; fide holder; hence the risk of a bond not registered

in the name of the owner.

The difficulty of holding coupon bonds with safety has been, to a considerable extent, removed by the establishment of "Safe Deposit Companies," who undertake for a moderate compensation the custody of securities under the most favorable conditions for securing absolute safety.

As a general rule, the smaller denominations of coupon bonds (50's and 100's) cannot be bought or sold at as close quotations as the larger denominations (500's The smaller denominations usually sell lower than the larger, the variand 1000's). ations at different periods and in the different issues being from one quarter of one

per cent to one per cent.

Registered bonds are issued without interest coupons, and are filled up in the name of the owner and made payable to him or his assigns, and are registered on the books of the Treasury Department in the name of the party to whom they are filled up, and are not available to any other person until properly assigned or trans-ferred by the registered owner.

If registered bonds are lost or stolen, payment may be stopped by notifying the Treasury Department at Washington, when they will not be transferred or redeemed except on the order of the rightful owner. If destroyed by fire or otherwise, duplicates will be issued to the registered owner upon satisfactory proof.

For the foregoing reasons registered bonds afford greater security in case of loss,

theft, or destruction than coupon bonds, and are therefore preferable for long or permanent investment, and for investors who have not the proper facilities for the

safe keeping of coupon bonds.

They are transferable on the books of the Treasury Department at Washington, when forwarded there with a proper assignment filled up and executed, in accordance with a form printed on the back of the bonds. When a transfer is made, the old bond is canceled and a new one issued in the name of the party to whom it has been transferred

In assigning registered bonds for sale in the market, the space for the assignee's name should be left blank, to be filled up by the purchaser or future owner of the bond with the name of the person to whom it is to be transferred.

Registered bonds, properly assigned in this form, with the assignment duly acknowledged, pass by delivery among dealers and brokers, and parties known to each other, but should not be received from strangers without proper identification.

Purchases of registered bonds intending as expecting to hold them over the

Purchasers of registered bonds, intending or expecting to hold them over the next semi-annual payment of interest, should, in all cases, forward them to Washington for transfer to their own names before the closing of the transfer books prior to the payment of the interest. Otherwise the interest will be payable to the previous

owner, in whose name the body of the bond is filled up, and can only be obtained by the present owner through him. The collection of the interest, under these circumstances, is often attended with much difficulty and embarrassment, and, sometimes, from inability to find the former owner, is impossible.

The transfer books close thirty days prior to the date at which the interest be-

comes due.

Registered bonds for transfer should be forwarded in time to reach the Treasury

Department on or before the day on which the books close.

The dealers in government bonds will ordinarily forward the bonds for transfer

for their customers at the time of purchase, when requested to do so, and deliver to the purchaser the new bonds in his own name in from two to four days thereafter. The interest on registered bonds is payable at the Treasury Department at Washington, or at any Sub-Treasury of the United States (which may be designated at the time the bonds are transferred, or at which the owner may, at any time, prior to the closing of the transfer books, request that it may be made payable), to the owner in person, or to his duly authorized attorney, upon the signing of a receipt therefor.

"Called Bonds" are the five-twentics which have been called in by the govern-

ment for redemption, and upon which interest has ceased.

They have been called in at different periods, the separate calls being known and designated by numbers, and the bonds cease to bear interest ninety days after the date at which they are called in.

QUOTATIONS, DENOMINATIONS, ETC.

All government bonds are dealt in and quoted FLAT—that is to say, the quoted market price is for the bond as it stands at the time, including the accrued interest
except that after the closing of the transfer books the registered bonds are quoted EX-INTEREST; that is to say, the interest then coming due belongs to the holder of the bond at the time of the closing of the books, and does not go with the bond to the purchaser

the purchaser.

The acts of July 14th, 1870, and January 20th, 1871, under which the five per cent bonds of 1881 are issued, known as the "Funding Acts," also authorize the issue of \$300,000,000 in 4½ per cent bonds, redeemable at the option of the government after fifteen years from their date, or May 1st, 1891, and \$700,000,000 in 4 per cent bonds, redeemable after thirty years. These bonds can only be issued for the purpose of funding the outstanding five-twenty bonds. The acts declare that no increase in the total of the public debt is authorized thereby, and prohibit the sale of the bonds at a less price than par in coin.

The resolutation of the four and a half per cent bonds was commenced in September 1881.

the bonds at a less price than par in coin.

The negotiation of the four and a half per cent bonds was commenced in September, 1876, by the sale to a syndicate of American and foreign bankers of \$40,000,000, with an option to take any portion of the remainder of the issue upon the same terms, at any time prior to March 1st, 1877. The whole amount subscribed of the 4½ per cents up to December 1st, 1878, was \$350,000,000, of which \$285,000,000 were applied to the redemption of 6 per cent bonds.

The first negotiation of any of the four per cent bonds was on the 9th of June, 1877, by contract with a syndicate of bankers, who sgreed to take 50 millions of the 4 per cents authorized by the act of 1870. The Secretary of the Treasury required as a condition precedent to the contract, that the 50 and 100 dollar bonts should be open to popular subscriptions at par and accrued interest for thirty days from the open to popular subscriptions at par and accrued interest for thirty days from the 16th of June, 1877. These subscriptions reached the sum of \$75,496,550 at the close of thirty days. The price paid by the syndicate was par in coin, but they were allowed one half of one per cent commission on all amounts taken, they paying all

allowed one half of one per cent commission on all amounts taken, they paying an expenses of placing the bonds, whether in the United States or abroad.

Coupon bonds, at times, sell considerably higher than registered bonds of the same issue, the difference in some instances having been as high as two per cent. For this reason holders of government bonds can, at times, materially increase their income from the investment by taking coupon bonds when the market price is the same, or nearly so, and exchanging them for registered bonds when a difference can be realized, and re-exchanging again when the price again becomes equalized. ized.

Registered bonds rarely sell more than one eighth of one per cent higher than coupon bonds, for the reason that the latter can always be converted into the former at the bare cost of forwarding them to the Treasury Department for that pur-

pose.

All the issues of United States bonds now outstanding, except the currency sixes, ARE PAYABLE IN COIN, either by the express terms of the acts under which they are issued, or by the pledge of the faith of the United States in the "Public Credit Act" of March 18th, 1869.

RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878,

| YEARS. | Customs, | Internal Revenue. | Direct Tax. | Public Lands. |
|--------------|--|--|---|--|
| 789–1791 | \$4,399,473 09 | | | |
| 793 | 8,448,070 85 | \$308,942 81 | | |
| 798 | 4,955,306 56 | 837,705 70 | | |
| 794. 795. | 4,801,065 28 | 274,089 62 | · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | |
| 96 | 5,588,461 96 6,567,987 94 | 887,755 86 475,989 60 | ••••• | Q4 898 11 |
| 97 | 7,549,649 65 | 575,491 45 | | \$4,836 11 88,540 60 |
| 98 | 7 108 081 08 | I 644 967 OK | | 11,968 11 |
| 90 | 6,610,449 81 9,080,982 78 10,750,778 98 12,438,285 74 | 779,186 44 809,896 55 1,048,088 43 | | l |
| 0 | 9,080,932 78 | 809,896 55 | \$784,228 97 584,848 88 | 448 70 |
| <u> </u> | 10,750,778 98 | 1,048,083 43 | 584,848 88 | 167,726 00 188,628 00 |
| k | 12,438,285 74 | (081,898 89 | , ,,,,,,,,,,,, a.e. | 188,628 U |
| | 10,479,417 61 11,098,565 88 | 215,179 69 | 71,879 20 | 165,675 60 |
| | 12,936,487 04 | 50,941 29 21,747 15 | 50,198 44 21,882 91 | 487,526 79 540,193 80 |
| | 14,667,698 17 | 20,101 45 | 55,768 86 | 765,245 78 |
| | 15,845,521 61 | 18,051 40 | 84,782 56 | 466,168 27 |
| | 16,868,550 58 | 8,190 23 | 19,159 21 | 647,939 06 |
| | 7,257,506 62 | 4.084 29 | 7,517 81 | 442,252 8 |
| ····· | 8,583,309 31 | 7,430 68 2,295 95 | 12,448 68 | 696,548 82 |
| | 18,813,222 78 8,958,777 58 | 2,295 95 | 7,666 66 | 1,040,287 58 |
| | 8,908,777 58 | 4,908 06 | 859 22 8,805 52 | 710,427 78 885,655 14 |
| | 5,905,777 55 18,224,628 25 5,996,772 08 7,982,942 92 | 4,755 04 1,662,984 82 | 2,219,497 36 | 885,655 14 1,185,971 00 |
| | 7,282,942 22 | 4,678,059 07 | 2,162,678 41 | 1,287,959 25 |
| | 86,806,874 88 | 5,124,708 81 | 4,958,685 09 | 1,717,985 0 |
| | 26,288,848,49 | 2,678,100 77 | 1,834,187 04 | 1,991,226 00 |
| | 17,176,385 00 | 955,270 20 | 264,333 36 | 2.606.564 77 |
| | 20,283,608 76 | 229,598 68 | 88,650 78 | 8,274,493 78 |
| | 15,005,612 15 | 106,960 58 | 81,586 82 | 1,685,871 61 |
| | 18,004,447 15 17,569,761 94 19,088,488 44 | 69,027 68 67,665 71 | 29,849 05 20,961 56 | 1,212,906 46 1,806,581 54 916,586 10 |
| | 10,000,101 84 | 84 949 17 | 10,887 71 6,901 96 | 016 500 10 |
| | 17.878.825 71 | 84,668 87 | 6.301 96 | 984,418 1 |
| | 17,878,825 71 20,098,713 45 | 25,771 85 | 2,300 85 | 1,216,000 50 |
| | 23,341,881 77 19,712,288 29 | 21,569 98 | 6.668 76 | 1,895,785 0 |
| | 19,712,283 29 | 19,885 68 | 2,696 90 | 1,495,845 9 |
| | 23,205,528 64 | 17,451 54 | 2,218 81 | 1,018,308 73 |
| | 22,681,965 91 21,922,391 89 | 14,502 74 | 11,885 05 16,980 59 | 1,517,175 1 |
| | 24,224,441 77 | 12,160 62 6,983 51 | 10,506 01 | 2,829,856 14 8,210,815 46 |
| | 28,465,287 24 | 11,630 65 | 6,791 18 | 2,023,381 00 |
| | 29,082,508 91 | 2,759 00 | 894 18 | 3.967.668 M |
| | 18 214 057 15 | 2,759 00 4,196 09 | 19 80 | 4,857,000 60 |
| | 19,891,310 59 28,409,940 53 11,169,290 89 | 10.459 48 | 4,263 33 | 14,757,600 7 |
| | 28,409,940 53 | 870 00 | 798 79 | 94,877,179 8 |
| | 11,109,290 89 | 5,493 84 | 1,687 70 | 0,776,330 0 |
| | 16,156,800 36 28,187,994 81 | 2,467 27 2,558 82 | 755 23 | 8,780,945 00 7,861,576 40 |
| | 18,499,502 17 | 1,682 25 | 730 225 | 7,861,576 40 8,411,818 60 |
| | 14,487,216 74 | 8,261 86 | | 1 |
| | 18,187,908 76 | 495 00 | | 1.885.797 5 |
| | 7,046,848 91 | 108 25 | | 898,158 18 |
| | 26,183,570 94 | 1,777 84 8,517 12 | | 2,059,989 80 |
| ••••• | 27,528,112 70 | 8,517 12 | | 2,077,083 80 |
| | 96,712,667 87 23,747,864 66 | 2,897 26 | | 3,004,438 43 |
| | 25,747,854 66 | 875 00 875 00 | • | 2,498,855.20 |
| | 81,757,070 96 98,846,788 82 | 010 00 | | 8,298,648 50 1,698,950 55 |
| | 89,668,686 42 | | | |
| | 49,017,567 92 | | | |
| | 47,839,826 62 | | 1 | 2,048,900 56 |

RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4. 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878.

| YEARS. | Premiums. | Interest. | Dividends. | Miscellaneous Receipts. | Total Net Ordinary Re- ceipts, exclud- ing Loans. |
|---------------|---|---|--------------------------|--|---|
| 789-1791 | | | | \$10,478 10 | \$4,409,951 19 |
| 792 | 1 | | . \$8,028 00 | 9,918 65 | 3,669,960 31 |
| | ····· | | | 21,410 88 | 4,652,923 14 |
| 795 | | \$4,800.00 | 160,000 00 | 53,277 97 28,317 97 | 5,431,904 87 6,114,534 59 |
| 796 | | 42,800 00 | 160,000 00 | 1.169.415 98 | 8.377.529 65 |
| 797 | | | 160,000 00 80,960 00 | 1,169,415 98 899,139 29 | 8,377,529 65 8,688,780 99 |
| 798 | | 78,675 00 | 79,920 00 | 58,192 81 | 7,900,495 80 |
| 799 | - | ļ | 71,040 00 71,040 00 | 86,187 56 | 7,546,813 31 |
| 800 | • | 10 195 00 | 88,800 00 | 152,712 10 845,649 15 | 10,848,749 10 12,935,330 95 |
| 802 | | 10,125 00 | 89,960 00 | 1,500,505 86 | 14,995,793 95 |
| | | | 1 | 191 045 44 | 11.064.097 63 |
| 804 | 1 | | [| 139,075 53 40,882 30 51,121 86 | 11.826,307 38 |
| 505 | | | 1 | 40,882 30 | 13,560,693 20 15,559,931 07 |
| 906 | | | | 51,121 86 | 15,559,931 07 |
| w(| | | | 38,550 42 21,822 85 | 16,398,019 26 |
| BAG | | | | 62,162 57 | 17,060,661 93 7,773,473 12 |
| 110 | | | | 84,476 84 | 9,384,214 28 |
| 811 | | | | 59,211 22 | 14,422,634 09 |
| 312 | | l | | 126,165 17 | 9,801,132 76 |
| 219 | | | | 271,571 00 | 14,340,409 95 |
| 14 | **** | 85 79 | | 164,899 81 285,282 84 | 11,181,625 16 15,696,916 82 |
| 210 | \$000,107 64 600 00 | 11,541 74 68,665 16 | | 273,782 85 | 15,696,916 82 47,676,985 66 |
| 217 | \$333,107 64 686 09 | 267,819 14 | 202,426 30 | 109,761 08 | 33.099.049 74 |
| | | | 525,000 00 | 57.617 71 | 21.585,171 04 |
| 19 | 40,000 00 | | 675,000 00 | 57,098 42 | 24,603,374 37 |
| 90 | 40,000 00 | | 1,000,000 00 | 61,838 44 | 17,840,669 55 |
| 21 | | | 105,000 00 | 152,589 43 | 14,573,379 72 |
| | | | 297,500 00 350,000 00 | 452,957 19 141,129 84 127,608 60 | 20,232,427 94 |
| 24 | | • | 350,000 00 | 197 608 60 | 20,540,666 26 19,381,212 79 |
| 25 | | | 350,000 00 367,500 00 | 130,451 81 | 21,840,858 02 |
| 96 | | | 402,500 00 | 94,588 66 | 25,260,434 21 |
| 27 | | | 420,000 00 | 1,815,722 83 | 22,966,363 96 |
| 96 | | | 455,000 00 | 65,126 49 | 24,763,629 23 |
| 29 | | | 490,000 00 | 119,648 55 | 24,827,627 38 |
| 80 | | • | 490,000 00 490,000 00 | 73,227 77 584,124 05 | 24,844,116 51 |
| 22 | | | 490,000 00 | 270,410 61 | 28,526,820 82 31,867,450 66 |
| 1 | | | 474,985 00 | 470,096 67 | 33.948.426 25 |
| 94 . ! | | | 474,985 00 234,349 50 | 480,812 82 | 21,791,935 55 |
| 33 | | | 506,480 82 | 759,979 18 | 35,430,087 10 |
| !! | | ••••• | 292,674 67 | 2,945,902 28 | 50,826,796 08 |
| #/····· | | • | | 7,001,444 59 6,410,848 45 | 24,954,153 04 26,302,561 74 |
| 88 | | • | | 979.989 86 | 26,302,561 74 31,482,749 61 |
| 7 0 | | | | 2.567,112 28 | 31,482,749 61 19,480,115 33 |
| 41 | | | | 1,004,054 75 | 16,860,160 27 |
| 42 | | | | 451,995 97 | 19,976,197 25 |
| 48 | 71,700 88 | | | 979,989 86 9,567,112 28 1,004,054 75 451,995 97 985,895 92 | 8,231,001 26 |
| 44 | | | | 1,040,419 (0 | 29,320,707 78 |
| 45 46 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | 861,458 68 289,950 13 | 29,970,105 80 29,699,967 74 |
| 47 1 | 28.865.91 | | | 220,808 80 | 26,467,403 16 |
| 48 | 87,080 00 | | | 612.610 69 | 35,698,699 21 |
| | 487,065 48 | | | 695 970 19 | 30,721,077 50 |
| •0 | 10,550 00 | | | 2,064,308 21 | 43,592,888 88 |
| 1 | 4,264 92 | · · · · · · · · · · · | | 1,185,165 11 | 52,555,039 83 |
| 12 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | •••••• | | 464,249 40 | 49.846.815 60 |
| | | | | | |

RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 80, 1878—(Continued).

| YEARS. | Customs. | Internal Revenue | Direct Tax. | Public Lands. |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| 1858. 1854. 1855. 1856. 1857. 1858. 1857. 1858. 1860. 1860. 1861. 1862. 1863. 1863. 1863. 1865. 1868. 1867. 1868. 1867. 1870. 1871. 1872. 1873. 1874. 1877. 1877. | \$58,981,965 52 64,224,190 27 58,025,794 21 64,022,968 50 68,975,905 05 41,789,620 96 49,665,824 98 53,187,511 87 39,582,125 64 49,056,397 62 69,059,642 40 102,316,152 99 64,928,260 60 179,046,651 58 176,417,810 88 164,464,599 56 180,048,426 63 194,588,374 44 206,270,408 05 216,370,286 77 188,069,522 70 163,103,833 69 157,167,722 35 148,071,984 61 130,956,493 07 130,170,680 20 | \$37,640,787 95 109,741,134 10 209,464,915 25 909,228,813 42 266,027,537 43 191,067,589 41 158,336,469 61 148,089,756 49 143,086,153 63 130,642,177 72 113,729,314 14 102,409,784 90 110,007,493 58 116,700,732 03 118,630,407 83 110,581,624 74 | \$1,795,331 73 1,485,108 61 475,648 96 1,200,573 08 1,974,754 12 4,200,233 70 1,788,445 85 765,685 61 229,102 88 580,355 37 315,254 51 | \$1,667,084 99 8,470,798 39 11,497,049 38 8,917,644 93 8,829,486 64 3,513,715 685 1,778,557 71 870,688 54 152,203 77 167,617 17 588,333 29 996,553 31 1,163,575 76 1,348,715 66 2,388,646 68 2,575,714 19 2,882,312 38 1,413,640 17 1,129,466 35 976,253 68 1,079,743 37 |
| Total | \$4,115,191,815 10 | \$2,434,521,996 27 | \$27,648,795 73 | \$208,623,031 75 |

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878.

| YEARS. | Civil and Miscellaneous. | War. | Navy. | Indians. |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1789-1791 1792 1798 | \$1,083,971 61 4,672,664 88 511,451 01 750,850 74 | \$682,804 03 1,100,702 09 1,139,249 08 2,639,097 59 | \$61,408 97 | \$27,000 00 13,648 85 27,288 83 18,042 46 |
| 1795 | 1,378,920 66 | 2,480,910 13 | 410,562 08 | 23,475 68 |
| | 801,847 58 | 1,260,263 84 | 274,784 04 | 118,563 98 |
| | 1,259,422 62 | 1,039,402 46 | 382,631 89 | 62,396 58 |
| | 1,189,524 94 | 2,009,522 80 | 1,381,347 76 | 16,470 09 |
| | 1,089,391 68 | 2,466,946 98 | 2,858,081 84 | 20,302 19 |
| 1800 1801 1802 1803 | 1,387,618 22 1,114,768 45 1,462,929 40 1,842,685 76 | 2,560,878 77 1,672,944 08 1,179,148 25 822,055 85 | 8,448.716 03 2,111,424 00 915.561 87 1,215,280 53 | 9,000 00 94,000 00 60,000 00 |
| 1804 | 2,191,009 48 | 875,428 93 | 1,189,832 75 | 116,500 00 |
| | 8,768,596 75 | 712,781 28 | 1,597,500 00 | 196,500 00 |
| | 2,890,187 01 | 1,224,355 38 | 1,649.641 44 | 234,200 00 |
| | 1,697,897 51 | 1,288,685 91 | 1,722,064 47 | 205,425 00 |
| | 1,422,285 61 | 2,900,834 40 | 1,884,067 80 | 213,575 00 |
| 1809 | 1,215,803 79 | 8,845,772 17 | 2,427,758 80 | 887,508 84 |
| 1810 | 1,101,144 98 | 2,294,323 94 | 1,654,944 90 | 177,625 00 |
| 1811 | 1,867,291 40 | 2,032,828 19 | 1,965,566 89 | 151,875 00 |
| 1812 | 1,683,088 21 | 11,817,798 24 | 8,959,365 15 | 977,845 00 |

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1878. 191

RECEIPTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued).

| YEARS. | Premiums. | Interest. | Dividends. | Miscellaneous Receipts. | Total Net Ordinary Re- ceipts, exclud- ing Loans. |
|--------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| 853 | | | | \$988,091 17 | \$61,587,031 68 |
| | | | | 1,105,352 74 | 73,800,341 40 |
| 1355 | | | | 827,781 40 | 65,350,574 68 |
| 856 | | | | 1,116,190 81 | 74,056,699 24 |
| 857 | | | | 1,259,920 88 | 68,965,312 57 |
| | | | | 1,352,029 13 | 46,655,365 96 |
| 859 | 709,357 72 | ••••• | | 1,454,596 24 | 52,777,107 93 |
| 1860 | | | | 1,088,530 25 | 56,054,599 83 |
| 861 | | | | 1,023,515 31 | 41,476,299 49 |
| 862 | 68,400 00 | | | 915,327 97 | 51,919,261 09 |
| 863 | 602,345 44 | | | 3,741,794 88 | 112,094,945 51 |
| 864 | 21,174,101 01 | | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 30,291,701 86 | 243,412,971 20 |
| 1863 | 11,683,446 89 | | | 25,441,556 00 | 322,031,158 19 |
| 866 | 38,083,055 68 | | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 29,036,314 23 | 519,949,561 38 |
| 867 | 27,787,380 85 | | | 15,037,522 15 | 462,846,679 92 |
| 868 | 29,203,629 50 | | | 17,745,408 59 | 376,434,453 82 |
| 369 | 13,755,491 12 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 13,997,338 65 | 357,188,256 09 |
| 870 | 15,295,643 76 | | | 12,942,118 30 | 395,959,833 87 |
| 871 | 8,892,839 95 | | | 22,093,541 21 | 374,431,104 91 |
| 872 | 9,412,637 65 | | | 15,106.051 23 | 364,694,229 91 |
| 878 | 11,560,530 89 | | | 17.161,270 05 | 322,177,67 3 78 |
| 874 | 5,037,655 22 | | | 82,575,043 82 | 299,941,090 84 |
| 875 | 3,979,279 69 | | | 15,431,915 81 | 284,020,771 41 |
| 876 | | | | 24,070,602 81 | 290,066,584 70 |
| 877 | | | [| 18,081,655 46 | 269,000,586 62 |
| 1878 | 317,102 30 | | | 15,614,728 09 | 257,763,878 70 |
| To al | 202,754,063 20 | 3485,224 45 | 40 790 196 90 | 359,458,305 56 | \$7,149,886,388 58 |

Note.—The receipts for 1843 are for the half year from January 1st to June 30th, 1843. After this date, the fiscal year was changed so as to run from July 1st to June 30th.

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878.

| YEARS. | Pensions, | Premiums. | Interest. | Total Net Ordi- nary Expendi- tures, exclud- ing Interest. |
|---|---|-----------|---|--|
| 1789-1791 1792 1798 1794 1795 1796 1797 1798 1799 1800 1800 1801 1802 1808 | \$175,813 88 109,248 15 80,087 81 81,899 24 68,673 22 100,843 71 92,256 97 104,845 83 95,444 03 64,180 73 73,583 87 85,440 29 68,902 10 80,092 80 | | \$1,177,663 03 2,373,611 28 2,097,859 17 2,752,523 04 2,947,009 06 3,239,347 68 3,172,516 79 2,855,875 90 2,815,651 41 3,403,601 04 4,411,830 06 4,239,172 16 3,949,462 36 4,185,048 74 | \$1,919,589 52 5,896,228 47 1,749,070 73 3,545,299 00 4,382,541 72 2,551,203 16 6,489,166 72 7,411,369 97 4,981,689 90 3,737,079 91 4,002,834 24 4,482,838 91 |
| 1806 | 81,854 59 81,875 53 70,500 00 82,576 04 87,883 54 88,744 16 75,048 88 91,402 10 | | 2,657,114 22 3,369,578 48 2,557,074 28 2,866,074 90 3,163,671 09 2,585,435 57 2,451,272 57 | 6,387,234 62 6,080,209 36 4,984,572 89 6,504,338 85 7,414,672 14 5,311,082 28 5,502,604 86 17,829,498 70 |

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued).

| YEARS. | Civil and Miscellaneous. | War. | Navy. | Indians. |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| 818 | \$1,729,485 61 | \$19,652,018 02 | \$6,446,600 10 | \$167,358 26 |
| 814 | 2,208,029 70 | 20,350,806 86 | 7,811,290 60 | 167,894 86 |
| 315 31 6 | 2,898,870 47 2,989,741 17 | 14,794,294 22 | 8,660,000 25 8,908,278 80 | 530,750 00 274,512 16 |
| 3 17 | 8,518,986 76 | 8,004,236 53 | 8.814.598 49 | 819,468 7 |
| 318 | 8,835,889 51 8,067,211 41 | 16,012,096 80 8,004,236 53 5,622,715 10 6,506,300 87 | 2,958,695 00 8,847,640 42 | 819,468 7 505,704 2 463,181 3 |
| 19 3 0 | 2,592,021,94 | 2,630,39% 81 | 4,387,990 00 | 815,750 0 |
| 21 | 1 2,228,121 54 | 4,461,291 78 | 4,387,990 00 8,819,248 06 | 477,005 4 |
| 92 23 | 1,967,996 24 2,022,093 99 | 8,111,981 48 8,096,924 43 | 2,224,458 98 2,508,765 83 | 575,007 41 380,781 8 |
| 1944 | 1 7,155,308 81 | 8,840 939 85 | 2,904,581 56 | 4929,967 9 |
| 25 | 2,748,544 89 | 8,659,914 18 | 8,049,088 86 | 794,106 4 |
| 26 27 | 2,600,177 79 2,718,476 58 | 8,943,194 37 8,948,977 88 | 4,218,902 45 4,268,877 45 | 748,447 8 750,694 8 |
| 225 | 8.676.062 64 | 4,145,544 56 | 8,918,786 44 | 705,084 9 |
| 29 | 1 8.052,284 00 | 4,724,291 07 | 8,308,745 47 | 576.844 74 |
| au | 8.237.410 04 | 4,767,128 88 4,841,835 55 | 8,239,428 63 8,856,183 07 | 622,262 4 930,788 0 |
| 81 92 | 4.577.191.40 | 5,446,084 88 | 8,956,870 29 | 1,359,419 7 |
| 00 | 0.110.250 90 | 6,704,019 10 | 8,901,856 75 | 1,802,980 9 |
| 04 | 4.404.720 80 | 5,696,189 88 | 8,956,260 42 | 1,008,958 % 1,706,444 # |
| 85 86 | 4,229,698 53 5,398,279 72 | 5,759,156 89 11,747,845 25 | 3,864,989 06 5,807,718 23 | 1,706,444 46 5,037,023 86 |
| 37 | 9,898,870 27 | 13,682,730 80 | 6,646,914 53 | 4,348,086 10 |
| 88 | 7,160,664 76 | 12,897,224 16 | 6,181,580 58 | 5,504,191 3 |
| 89 40 | 0,720,890 69 | 8,916,995 80 7,095,267 23 | 6,182,394 25 6,118,896 89 | 2,528,917 2 2,831,794 8 |
| 41 | 6,490,881 45 | 8.801.610 24 | 6,001,076 97 | 2,514,887 19 |
| 42 | 6,775,624 61 | 6,610,438 02 | 8,897,242 95 | 1,199,099 60 |
| 13 | 8,202,718 00 | 2,908,671 95 | 8,727,711 58 6,498,199 11 | 578,371 00 1,256,582 36 |
| 14 15 | 5,645,183 86 5,911,760 98 | 5,218,183 66 5,746,291 28 | 6,001,076 97 8,897,242 95 8,727,711 58 6,496,199 11 6,297,177 89 | 1.589.851 38 |
| Ю | 6,711,288 89 | 10,413,870 58 | 0,400,010 82 | 1,097,693 64 |
| 7 | 6,885,608 85 5,650,851 25 | 85,840,080 83 27,688,834 21 | 7,900,685 76 9,408,476 02 | 1,430,411 80 1,952,296 81 |
| 8 9 | | 27,688,834 21 14,558,478 26 | 9,408,476 02 9,786,705 92 7,904,724 66 8,880,581 88 | 1.874.161 56 |
| 50 | 16,043,763 36 | 9.687.024.58 | 7,904,724 66 | 1.668,591 42 |
| 31 | 17,888,992 18 | 12,161,965 11 8,521,506 19 | 8,880,581 88 8,918,842 10 | 9,889,801 77 8,048,576 0 |
| 52 5 3 | 17,504,171 45 17,468,069 01 | 8,521,506 19 9,910,498 49 | 11,067,789 58 | 8,880,494 19 |
|)4 | 26,672,144 68 | 11,722,282 87 | 10,790,096 32 | 1,550,899 55 |
| 00 | 24,090,425 43 | 14,648,074 07 | 13,827,095 11 | 2,772,990 78 |
| 56 57 | 31,794,088 87 28,565,498 77 | 16,963,160 51 19,159,150 87 | 14,074,884 64 18,651, 694 61 | 2,644,263 97 4,854,418 87 |
| 00 | 26,400,016 42 | 25,679,121 63 | 14.053.264 64 | 4,978,266 16 |
| 34 | 28,797,544 40 | 23,154,720 53 | 14,690,927 90 | 8,490,584 56 |
| 60 | 27,977,978 30 28,327,287 69 | 16,472,202 72 23,001,530 67 | 11,514,649 83 12,887,156 59 | 2,901,121 50 2,865,481 17 |
| | 21,385,862 59 | 889,178,568 29 | 42,640,858 09 | 2,897,948 87 |
| | 23,198,382 37 | 608,814,411 82 | 63,261,285 31 | 8,154,069 70 |
| | 27,572,216 87 42,989,383 10 | 690,391,048 66 1.030,690,400 06 | 85,704,963 74 122,617,484 07 | 2,689,975 99 5,059,860 71 |
| 65 66 | 40,618,114 17 | 1,090,690,400 06 288,154,676 06 | 43,285,662 00 | 8,995,799 8 |
| 04 | 51 110,223 72 | 95,224,415 63 | 81,084,011 04 | 4,649,531 77 |
| | 58,009,867 67 | 128,246,648 62 | 25,775,502 72 | 4,100, 683 8 7,042,928 06 |
| 69 70 | 56,474,061 58 58,287,461 56 | 78,501,990 61 57,655,675 40 | 20,000,757 97 21,780,229 87 | 7,042,928 05 8,407,988 15 |
| // L | 60,481,916 28 | 85,799,991 83 | 19,481,027 21 | 7,496,997 44 |
| 72 | 60,984,757 48 | 85,872,157 20 | 21,949,809 99 | 7,061,728 8 7,951,704 8 |
| 10 | 78,828,110 06 *85,141,598 61 | 46,323,138 81 42,813,927 22 | 28,526,256 79 80,932,587 42 | 7,901,701 80 6,608,468 00 |
| 75 | 71,070,702 98 | 41,120,645 98 | 21,497,626 27 | 8,384,656 8 |
| 778 774 775 777 | 78,599,661 04 | 38,070,888 64 | 18,963,309 82 | 5,906,556 17 |
| 77 | 56,252,066 60 58,177,708 57 | 87,082,785 90 82,154,147 85 | 14,959,985 86 | 5,277,007 98 4,629,380 98 |
| | 30,111,100 51 | 04,102,121 85 | 17,865,301 87 | 2,029,250 25 |
| | \$1,392,191,449 84 | \$4,235,126,455 58 | | \$176,006,93 |

^{*} In this amount is included \$15,500,000 invested under Geneva award.

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1878. 193

EXPENDITURES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM MARCH 4, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued).

| YEARS. | Pensions. | Premiums. | Interest. | Total Net Ordi- nary Expendi- tures, exclud- ing Interest. |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1813 | \$86,939 91 | | | \$28,082,396 92 |
| 1814 1815 | 90,164 36 69,656 06 | | | 30,127,686 88 26,953,571 00 |
| 1816 | 188,804 15 | | 7,822,923 34 | 23,373,432 58 |
| 1817 1818 | 297,374 43 890,719 90 | | 4,586,282 55 6,209,954 08 | 15,454,609 92 18,808,673 78 |
| 1819 | 2,415,939 85 | l | 5,211,780 56 | 1 18 900 273 44 |
| 1820 | 8,208,376 31 | | | 18,134,580 57 10,723,479 07 |
| 1821 1823 | 1 048 100 40 | | 5 179 788 79 | 9,827,643 51 |
| 1828 | 1,790,588 52 1,499,826 59 1,808,810 57 | | 4,922,475 40 | 1 9,784,104 09 |
| 1824 1825 | 1,499,826 59 | | 4,943,557 93 4,866,757 40 | 15,830,144 71 11,490,459 94 |
| 1826 | 1,556,593 83 | | 8,975,542 95 | 13,062,816 27 |
| 1827 1828 | 976,138 86 850,578 57 | | 0,400,011 31 | 12,653,095 65 18,296,041 45 |
| 1829 | 949,594 47 | | 2,542,843 28 | 12,641,210 40 |
| 1890 | 1,363,297 81 1,170,665 14 | ····· | 1,912,574 93 1,378,748 74 | 18,229,533 88 13,864,067 90 |
| 1831 1832 | 1,170,665 14 1,184,422 40 | | | 13,864,067 90 16,516,388 77 |
| 1833 | 4,589,152 40 | | 803,796 87 | 22,718,755 11 |
| 1834 1835 | 3,864,285 30 1,954,711 82 | | 202,152 98 57,863 08 | 18,425,417 25 17,514,950 28 |
| 1830 | 2,882,797 90 | | | 30,868,164 04 |
| 1887 | 2,672,162 45 2,156,057 29 | | 14,996 48 | 87,248,214 24 83,849,718 08 |
| 1838 1839 | 8,142,750 51 | | 899,833 89 | 26,496,948 73 |
| 1840 | 2,603,562 17 | | 174,568 08 | 24,189,920 11 |
| 1841 1842 | 2,388,434 51 1,378,981 33 | | 284,977 55 778,549 85 | 26,196,840 29 24,861,836 59 |
| 1848 | 839,041 12 | | 523,583 91 | 11,256,508 60 |
| 1844 | 2,032,008 99 2,400,788 11 | \$18,231 43 | 1,883,452 13 | 20,650,108 01 21,895,369 61 |
| 1845 1846 | 1,811,097 56 | \$10,201 40 | 842,723 27 | 26,418,459 59 |
| 1847 | 1.744.883 63 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1,040,458 18 842,723 27 1,119,214 72 2,390,765 88 8,565,583 78 | 58,801,569 87 45,227,454 77 |
| 1848 1849 | 1.328.867 64 | 82,865 81 | 8,565,585 78 | 89,933,542 61 |
| 1850 | 1,866,886 02 2,998,877 22 | l | | 87,165,990 09 |
| 1851 | 2,398,577 22 2,401,858 78 | 69,713 19 170,068 43 | 8,696,760 75 4,000,297 80 | 44,054,717 66 40,389,954 56 |
| 1858 | 2,401,858 78 1,756,806 20 | 1 420,498 64 | 3,665,832 74 | 44,078,156 85 |
| 1854 1855 | 1,232,665 00 1,477,612 83 | 2,877,818 69 872,047 89 | 3,070,926 69 2,314,464 99 | 51,967,528 42 56,316,197 72 |
| 1856 | 1,296,229 65 | 385,879 90 | 1,953,822 87 | 66,772,527 64 |
| 1857 | 1,810,890 58 | 868,579 89 | 1,593,265 28 | 66,041,143 70 72,380,487 17 |
| 1858 1859 | 1,219,768 80 1,222,222 71 | 574,448 08 | 1,652,055 67 2,637,649 70 | 66,855,950 07 |
| 1800 | 1,100,802 83 | | 8,144,120 94 | 60,056,754 71 |
| 1861 1802 | 1,084,599 73 852,170 47 | | 4,094,157 30 18,190,844 84 | 62,616,055 78 456,379,896 81 |
| 1808 | 1,073,518 36 | | 24,729,700 62 | 694,004,575 58 |
| 1864 | 4,985,473 90 16,847,621 84 | 1,717,900 11 | 58,685,421 69 77,895,090 80 | 811,288,679 14 1,217,704,199 28 |
| 1865 1866 | 15,605,549 88 | 58,476 51 | 133,067,724 91 | 885.954.781 43 |
| 100(| 20,986,551 71 | 10,813,349 38 | 143,781,591 91 | 202,947,788 87 |
| 1868 1869 | 23,782,896 78 28,476,621 78 | 7,001,151 04 1,674,690 05 | 140,424,045 71 180,694,242 80 | |
| 15W | 28,840,202 17 | 15,996,555 60 | 199,235,498 00 | 190,496,854 95 164,421,507 15 |
| 1871 1872 | 84,448,894 68 28,588,402 76 | 9,016,794 74 6,958,266 76 | 125,576,565 93 117,857,839 72 | 157,588,827 58 158,901,856 19 |
| 1678 | 29,859,426 86 | 5,105,919 99 | 104,750,088 44 | 180,488,686 90 |
| 1874 | 29,088,414 66 29,456,216 22 | 1,395,078 55 | 107,119,815 21 | 194,118,985 00 171,529,848 27 |
| 1875 1876 1877 | 28,257,895 69 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 108,098,544 57 100,248,271 23 97,124,511 58 | 164,857,818 86 |
| 1877 | 28,257,895 69 27,968,752 27 | ļ. | 97,124,511 58 102,500,874 65 | 141,585,497 85 181,463,452 15 |
| 1878 | 27,187,019 08 | | | |
| Total | \$455,842,678 74 | \$65,572,794 67 | \$1,904,544,897 50 | \$7,242,813,717. 55 |

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS, FROM ALL SOURCES, FOR SIXTEEN YEARS, 1863-1878.

[From the Annual Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

| | pirits. | Tobacco. | Fer- mented liquors. | Banks and Bankers. | Penal- ties, etc. | Adhesive stamps. | Articles and occupations formerly taxed, but now exempt. |
|--|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| 1864 30 1865 18 1866 33 1867 33 1868 18 1869 45 1870 55 1871 46 1872 49 1873 52 1874 49 1875 52 1876 56 1877 57 | \$,176,530,329,150,731,422,268,172,542,952,655,531,071,231,606,094,281,848,475,516,099,372,444,090,081,991,426,365,420,816,420,420,816,420,420,420,420,420,420,420,420,420,420 | 8,592,099 11,401,373 16,531,008 19,765,148 18,730,095 23,430,708 31,350,708 33,578,907 33,736,171 34,386,303 33,242,876 37,303,462 41,106,547 | \$ 1,628,934 2,290,009 3,734,928 5,220,553 6,057,501 5,955,839 6,099,880 6,319,127 7,389,502 8,258,498 9,334,938 9,304,680 9,144,004 9,571,281 9,480,789 9,937,052 | 2,837,720 4,940,871 3,463,988 2,046,562 1,866,746 2,196,054 3,020,084 4,628,229 3,771,031 3,387,161 4,097,248 4,066,698 3,829,729 | 520,363 1,142,853 1,459,171 1,256,882 877,089 827,905 636,980 442,205 461,653 364,216 281,108 409,284 419,999 | 7,702,377 6,136,845 6,557,230 6,518,488 6,450,429 | 67,008,225 160,638,180 236,236,037 186,954,423 129,863,090 65,943,673 71,567,908 87,136,958 19,053,007 6,329,782 764,880 1,080,111 509,631 238,261 |
| Total in | | | | | | | 1 010,686,588 |

REFUNDING THE DEBT.

8100

Fale of stamps). \$110,654,163 87 Cost per cent.

Total collections (not including commissions on

The great rapidity with which the public debt of the United States is being refunded at 4 per cent interest is the most remarkable financial fact of the day. The advantage to the country of placing the debt at 4 per cent instead of 6 per cent involves far more than the saving of interest to the taxpayers, which alone amounts to 33 per cent, or about thirty million dollars per annum, provided the whole public debt should be successfully converted. The saving in interest reduces correspondingly the annual expenditure of the Government, leaving that amount of money in the hands of the people for investment and use. But the other great advantage of refunding is that nearly the whole debt will be changed from securities held abroad to a loan held and owned by the people of the United States. The calling in of the 6 per cent bonds, the high rate of interest on which, and the security, caused them to be sought for in Europe, saves the annual drain of specie to pay the interest. This has already reversed the balance of exchanges in the precious metals, the United States becoming an importer of gold and silver, instead of an exporter. The interest on the debt stays at home, fructifying all the channels of our national commerce and industry. The Treasury Department, instead of sending its officers to London with safes full of United States bonds to be sold abroad, has its hands full in supplying the wants of our own citizens for 4 per cent bonds. Now that the rate of interest is so reduced, foreign investors prefer European securities, British 3 per cent consols, which can always be bought below par, or French rentes, which draw 5 per cent interest, while none of our bonds are sold under par. It is now in order for France to refund her national debt, more than six milliards (over \$1,200,00,000 of which was placed in 1871-2 at 83% and 84%, thus actually costing the French Government in interest a fraction over 6 per cent, instead of 5 per cent, which it nominally draws.

AGGREGATE RECEIPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE (BY STATES) FOR SIXTEEN YEARS, 1863-1878.

[From the Annual Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.

| States and Territories. | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. | 1867. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 43-2 | \$ | \$ | 8 | \$ 011 | \$ 100 |
| 1 Alabama | | | | 4,132,311 | 4,119,180 2,665 |
| 2 Arizona 3 Arkansas | | • | | 256,147 | 1,752,157 |
| 4 California | 631,832 | 1,676,388 | 8,944,052 | 4,928,899 | 6,757.183 |
| 5 Colorado | 21.079 | 41,160 | 132,392 | 150,614 | 151.637 |
| 6 Connecticut | 1,552,615 | 8,272,516 | 6,576,064 | 9,636,688 | 7,582,971 |
| 7 Dakota | | | | | 1,900 |
| 8 Delaware | 167,468 | 891,025 | 819,902 | 1,013,723 | 785,967 704,202 |
| 9 Dist. of Columbia 10 Florida | 40,040 | 865,984 | 748,682 | 766,826 98,215 | 557,989 |
| 11 Georgia | | | | 4.308,577 | 4,487,441 |
| 12 Idaho | | | | 79,519 | 81,237 |
| 13 Illinois | 2,012,592 | 9,897,971 | 9,523,722 | 15,397,464 | 12,112,986 |
| 14 Indiana | 924,904 | 8,398,210 | 4,821,243 1,746,753 | 5,417,336 | 4,122,863 |
| 15 Iowa | 285,963 | 632,837 | 1,746,759 | 2,715,881 | 2,074,052 |
| 16 Kansas | 88,906 | 65,440 | | 859,364 | 367,543 |
| 17 Kentucky 18 Louisiana | 1,882,772 154,841 | 8,946,093 2,274,548 | | 5,922,122 6,197,813 | 5,415,134 6,226,788 |
| 19 Maine | 514,636 | 1,294,094 | 2,618,828 | 2,822,863 | 2,326,380 |
| 20 Maryland | 961,406 | 8,010,828 | 5,422,764 | 7,758,672 | 6,162,178 |
| 21 Massachusetts | 4,830,501 | 12,173,222 | | 34,989,908 | 28,088,078 |
| 22 Michigan | 844,419 | | 2,602,438 | 8,480,882 | 3,112,070 |
| 23 Minnesota | 59,561 | 87,701 | | 881,911 | 452,104 |
| 24 Mississippi | | | | 781,261 | 4,583,183 |
| 25 Missouri | 1,184,826 | 8,807,451 | | 7,489,908 | 6,494,096 |
| 26 Montana | 10 000 | 26,796 | 36,023 | 113,280 100,875 | 77,431 107,975 |
| 27 Nebraska 28 Nevada | 12,338 22,905 | 79,784 | 57.419 288,042 | 283,408 | 290,174 |
| 29 New Hampshire | 483,692 | 1,074,267 | 2,544,782 | 8,480,849 | 2,882,147 |
| 30 New Jersey | 1,227,444 | 3,116,358 | 7,589,810 | 10,191,967 | 7,890,263 |
| 31 New Mexico | 9,818 | 10.941 | 49.043 | 71,358 | 64,365 |
| 82 New York | 9,241,089 | 27,215,721 | 53,708,375 | 71,922,529 | 58,825,159 |
| 83 North Carolina | | | | 414,407 | 1,648,752 |
| 84 Ohio | 3,217,481 | 12,224,450 | | 25,732,500 | 19,902,528 |
| 35 Oregon | 61,804 5,226,486 | 104,028 14,029,529 | | 279,445 89,941,599 | 351,450 27,580,633 |
| 87 Rhode Island | 826,950 | 1,984,969 | | 6.121,988 | 5,049,974 |
| 88 South Carolina | | 2,002,000 | 2,012,101 | 986,486 | 1,816,894 |
| 89 Tennessec | | 602,706 | 1,605,263 | | 3,349,460 |
| 40 Texas | | | | 1,573,290 | 3,211,864 |
| 41 Utah | 6.141 | 13,748 | | 62,008 | |
| 42 Vermont | 202,336 | | 897.587 | 1,202,404 | 986,279 |
| 48 Virginia | 758 8.268 | 137,514 | | 1,175,447 48.031 | |
| 41 Washington | 90.858 | 22,395 851,957 | 635,759 | 1,020,565 | 78,912 944,524 |
| 46 Wisconsin | 409,307 | 1,032,511 | | 2.741.765 | |
| 47 Wyoming | 200,000 | 2,000,022 | 2,02,00 | | 10,010,010 |
| | | | | | |
| Aggregate receipts | | | | | |
| each year | 36 ,158,782 | 109,526,663 | | 289,931,797 | |
| Adhesive stamps | 4,140,175 | 5,894,945 | 11,162,892 | 15,044,873 | 16,094,718 |
| Salaries | 696,182 | 1,705,125 | 2,826,833 | 8,717,395 | 1,029,999 |
| partment of State | 8,043 | 10,515 | 25,675 | 29,759 | 27,101 |
| Fines, penalties, col- | 0,000 | 10,010 | - 20,010 | 20, 100 | 2.,202 |
| lections, etc | | 8,376 | 2,735 | 2,184,342 | 643,909 |
| | | | | | |
| Aggregate receipts | 44 000 000 | 448445 | 211,129,920 | 010 000 000 | DOK 000 000 |
| from all sources | 41.000.272 | 1 17.145.C24 | 211.129.920 | a.U.VUU.UU. | 200.144.200 |

AGGREGATE RECEIPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE (BY STATES) FOR SIXTEEN YEARS, 1863-1878.

[From the Annual Reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 80.

| | The second second second | | | | Mark State |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| STATES AND . TERRITORIES. | 1868. | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. |
| I | * | 8 | \$ | 8 | \$ |
| Alabama | 4,279,606 | \$ 472,316 | 595,700 | 363,758 | 238,160 |
| Arizona | 13,901 | 11,315 | 15,615 | 16,889 | 15,579 |
| Arkansas | 844,390 | 144,985 | 369,284 | 130,524 | |
| California | 6,552,526 | 4,529,547 | 4,602,439 | 3,606,922 | |
| Colorado | 119,222 | 60,999 | 73,910 | 69,994 | |
| Connecticut | 4,400,398 | 2,340,506 | 2,564,477 | 1,426,871 | 1,204,61 |
| Dakota | 10,210 | 10,900 | 8,716 | 7,130 | |
| Delaware | 588,254 | 425,106 | 451,986 | 444,018 | |
| Dist. of Columbia | 485,366 | 446,045 | 514,482 | 267,809 | |
| Florida | 402,746 | 71,699 | 106,318 | 121,031 | |
| Georgia | 6,146,965 | 1,010,282 | 1,144,241 | 736,944 | |
| Idaho | 95,414 | 78,106 | 65,424 | | |
| Illinois | 7,564,887 | 13,063,257 | 18,364,367 | 15,119,609 | |
| Indiana | | 3,869,758 | 5,045,024 | | |
| Iowa | | 1,558,265 | 1,377,981 | 1,081,841 | |
| Kansas | 253,938 | 244,764 | 343,231 | 236,766 | 161,37 |
| Kentucky | | 7,547,270 | 9,887,624 | | |
| Louisiana | 3,826,416 | 1,902,116 | 2,981,524 | | |
| Maine | 1,594,080 | 669,906 | 807,224 | 412,096 | 302,12 |
| Maryland | 4.281,053 | 4,547,593 | 5,438,473 | | |
| Massachusetts | | 9,272,435 | 10,684,090 | 6,801,075 | |
| Michigan | | 2,642,514 | 2,918,987 | 2,639,670 | 2,399,97 |
| Minnesota | 368,391 | 363,338 | 467,879 | 252,583 | 248,9 |
| Mississippi | 3,751,872 | 194,129 | | 238,257 | 199 6 |
| Mississippi | 4,913,361 | 5,295,805 | 284,792 6,004,278 | 5,095,076 | |
| 6 Montana | 108,284 | | | 0,093,010 | |
| Nobreelse | | 64,336 | 103,556 | 82,105 | |
| Nebraska | 127,735 | 161,388 | 308,502 | | |
| Nevada | 308,970 | 229,577 | 188,027 | 103,634 | |
| New Hampshire | 1,941,493 | 651,348 | 632,407 | 396,927 | |
| New Jersey | 5,695,200 | 3,792,362 | 4,075,360 | 2,458,600 | |
| New Mexico | | 43,615 | 46,927 | 34,811 | |
| New York | 39,395,788 | 35,716,423 | 36,361,550 | 28,870,402 | |
| North Carolina | 1,977,286 | 750,537 | 1,398,720 | 1.362,268 | 1,108,59 |
| Ohio | 12,224,617 | 16,116,548 | 19,568,744 | 15,149,489 | |
| Oregon | 350,328 | 171,898 | 329,212 | 156,548 | |
| Pennsylvania | 18,269,446 | 15,470,400 | 16,748,704 | 12,535,522 | |
| Rhode Island | 2,852,575 | 1,286,395 | 1,282,377 | 672,493 | |
| South Carolina | | 353,860 | 412,040 | | |
| Tennessee | 3,717,010 | 1,255,781 | 1,470,860 | | |
| Texas | 1,802,023 | 483,218 | 390,954 | 350,680 | |
| Utah | 48,985 | 67,971 | 46,296 | 39,996 | |
| Vermont | 622,274 | 318,673 | 352,317 | 279,333 | |
| Virginia | | 2,744,144 | 5,496,351 | 5,319,273 | |
| Washington | 70,101 | 49,367 | 83,273 | 36,753 | 23,89 |
| West Virginia | 792,160 | 563,043 | 756,967 | 627,321 | 465,60 |
| Wisconsin | 1,811,415 | 1,959,041 | 2,363,015 | 1,977,704 | 2,000,2 |
| Wyoming | | 5,106 | 25,880 | 10,845 | 6,72 |
| Aggregate receipts | | 4 40 00W CTT | | 1 00 000 | |
| each year | 175,257,261 | 143,027,877 | 167,560,195 | 127,873,141 | 115,291,15 |
| Adhesive stamps | 14,852,252 | 16,420,710 | 16,544,043 | 15,342,739 | 16,177.32 |
| Salaries | 1,043,561 | 561,963 | 1,109,526 | 787,263 | 294,50 |
| Passports, through De- | | | 100 | 100000 | ATTENDED TO |
| partment of State | 27,500 | 28,683 | 22,191 | 8,065 | |
| Aggregate receipts | | | | | |
| from all sources | 191,180,825 | | | | |

RECEIPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE, 1863-1878. 197

AGGREGATE RECRIPTS FROM INTERNAL REVENUE (BY STATES) FOR SIXTEEN YEARS, 1863-1878.

[From the Annual Reports of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.]

FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878. |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | \$ | \$ 135,798 | \$ | \$ 109,841 | 8 | 8 |
| 1 Alabama | 152,493 | 135,798 | 115,689 | 109,841 | 108,010 | 187,970 |
| 2 Arizona | 13,563 | 10,043 | 10,268 | 11,976 | 15,590 | 20,371 |
| 3 Arkansas 4 California | 88,861 | 68,877 2,481,841 | 75,877 | 68,201 | 85,850 | 115,786 |
| 5 Colorado | 2,367,911 75,740 | 64,855 | 2,988,033 70,582 | 8,095,040 72,669 | 2,749,594 75,775 | 2,146,790 83,508 |
| 6 Connecticut | | 580,379 | 627,718 | 658,115 | 681,420 | 580,886 |
| 7 Dakota | 7,597 | 11,944 | 10,040 | 19,156 | 22,396 | 29,954 |
| 8 Delaware | 429,393 | 357,651 | 360,331 | 417,593 | 470,175 | 480,987 |
| 9 Dist. of Col. | 133,425 | 115,574 | 112,227 | 114,599 | 26,018 | 200,000 |
| 10 Florida | 158,142 | 133,675 | 184,778 | 174,258 | 165,891 | 188,893 |
| 11 Georgia | 477,960 19,276 16,493,169 | 384,698 | 888,227 | 862,726 | 978 970 | 233,520 |
| 12 Idaho | 19,276 | 18,882 | 19,186 | 16,994 | 16,562 | 19,778 19,668,791 |
| 13 Illinois | 16,493,169 | 15,419,721 | 17,684,627 | 23,780,694 | 21,870,208 | 19,668,791 |
| 14 Indiana | 5,678,053 | 4,823,496 | 4,653,789 | 5,579,126 | 6,087,220 | 5,710,838 |
| 15 Iowa | 1,012,997 | 933,261 | 1,040,218 | 1,212,618 | 1,810,400 | 956,851 |
| 16 Kansas 17 Kentucky | 161,470 | 149,758 6,950,279 | 133,686 9,025,588 | 150,604 | 139,763 | 153,858 |
| 18 Louisiana | 5,456,628 | 982,465 | 606,264 | 7,705,593 529,788 | 9,584,425 636,440 | 6,880,614 850,641 |
| 19 Maine | 1,339,607 214,696 | 123,089 | 107 479 | 90,656 | 79,621 | 70,696 |
| 20 Maryland | 2,653,802 | 2,351,107 | 107,478 2,760,787 2,708,014 | 2,577,579 | 2 705 246 | 2 890 795 |
| 21 Massachu'ts | 3,761,005 | 2,792,308 | 2,708,014 | 2,752,216 | 2,705,946 2,668,797 | 2,820,795 2,424,364 |
| 22 Michigan | 2,205,721 | 1,788,090 | 1,981,285 | 2,066,164 | 1,821,882 | 1,602,803 |
| 23 Minnesota | 231,405 | 227,856 | 228,862 | 248,776 | 239,462 | 275,003 |
| 24 Mississippi. | 128,079 | 107,619 | 96,966 | 85,165 | 78,688 | 86,824 |
| 25 Missouri | 4,259,320 | 4,325,486 | 4,594,875 | 2,981,942 | 4,460,063 | 5,071,288 |
| 26 Montana | 24,018 | 29,028 | 23,666 | 20,988 | 20,730 | 27,104 |
| 27 Nebraska | 242,962 | 276,887 | 292,472 | 502,898 | 602,748 | 699,821 |
| 28 Nevada | 72,305 | 52,549 | 58,808 | 67,923 | 58,319 | 59,017 |
| 29 N. Hamps'e | 325,455 | 248,679 | 299,890 | 260,261 | 234,999 | 228,188 |
| 30 New Jersey 31 N. Mexico | 2,567,442 | 1,725, 627 18,418 | 2,363,469 22,066 | 8,779,940 22,162 | 4,987,961 | 5,095,325 19,325 |
| 32 New York. | 23,238 19,219,505 | 15,182,863 | 15,238,882 | 14,616,794 | 17,711 14,452,179 | 14,951,520 |
| 33 N. Carolina. | 1,408,322 | 1,485,781 | 1,680,424 | 1,671,138 | 1,775,848 | 1,818,460 |
| 34 Ohio | 14,851,309 | 14,985,411 | 14,662,720 | 16,587,909 | 15,474,690 | 14,770,506 |
| 35 Oregon | 73,544 | 46,773 | 47,980 | 49.573 | 58,100 | 60.683 |
| 36 Pennsylv'a. | 7,826,276 | 6,373,672 | 6,157,960 | 5,978,432 922,673 | 6,279,046 | 5,917,422 246,760 |
| 37 Rhode Isl'd | 324,552 | 233,165 | 231,978 | 222,673 | 233,165 | 246,760 |
| 38 S. Carolina. | 167,214 | 108,581 | 122,278 | 105,804 | 105,638 | 119,242 |
| 39 Tennessec | 644,481 | 664,717 | 861,645 | 596,714 | 897,182 | 844,485 |
| 40 Texas | 272,326 | 272,638 | 258,297 | 245,709 | 237,940 | 265,982 |
| 41 Utah | 40,786 | 41,684 | 31,890 | 83,832 47,125 | 28,438 | 43,986 |
| 42 Vermont | | 56,817 6,308,665 | 58,582 7,660,921 | 7,314,894 | 50,098 7,932,291 | 44,889 6,501,780 |
| 43 Virginia 44 Washingt'n | 7,343,799 15,699 | 17,999 | 21,147 | 20,411 | 21,878 | 28,011 |
| 45 W. Virginia. | 449,662 | 516,119 | 508,868 | 430,978 | 461,031 | 826,472 |
| 46 Wisconsin . | 1,881,821 | 2,369,564 | 2,722,077 | 3,308,770 | 2,867,440 | 2,431,301 |
| 47 Wyoming | 10,653 | 11,283 | 11,942 | 15,068 | | 15,207 |
| Aggregate | | | | | | |
| receipts | - | Course ! | | | | |
| each year | 106,255,519 | 96,368,422 | 103,771,728 | 110,718,688 | 112,544,657 | 104,717,820 |
| Adhesive | | 10000 | | i | 1 | |
| stamps | 7,702,377 | 6,136,845 | 6,557,280 | 6,518,488 | 6,450,429 | 6,380,405 |
| Salaries | 117,542 | 139,472 | 238 | 568 | 98 | |
| Collections un- | Albert Parent | | ٠. | | | 1 |
| der Act of May 8, 1872 | | | 216,027 | | | |
| · Control of | - | | | l | | |
| Aggregate re- | Marine 11 | | 1 | 1 |] | |
| ceipts from all sources | 114 075 000 | 109 644 740 | 110 5/6 970 | 117 997 770 | 118 005 194 | 111 007 79K |
| an sources | 114,010,000 | 10%,044,140 | , 10, 010 , 010 | ± 1 1 , 600 1 , 1 1 U | | 100 17 1 200 |

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES.

[From the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended in 1875.]

| Ale, per bbl. of 31 gallons | \$1 | 00 |
|--|-------------|-----|
| Banks and bankers, on average amount of deposits, each month of 1 I | oer | ct. |
| Banks, savings, and savings institutions, having no capital stock and making | | |
| no profit on deposits, are exempt from tax on so much of their deposits | | |
| as is invested in United States securities, and on all sums not exceeding | | |
| \$2,000 in the name of one person. | | |
| Banks and bankers, on capital, beyond the average amount invested in | | |
| United States bonds, each month | per | ct. |
| Banks and bankers, on average amount of circulation, each month 12 of 1 | per : | ct. |
| Banks, on average amount of circulation, beyond 90 per cent. of the capital, | | |
| an additional tax each month | per | ct. |
| Banks, persons, firms, associations, etc., on amount of notes of any person, | • | |
| firm, association (other than a national banking association), corporation, | | |
| State bank, or State banking association, town, city, or municipal corpor- | | |
| ation, used and paid out as circulation10] | oer | ct. |
| Banks, persons, firms, associations (other than national bank associations), | | |
| and every corporation, State bank, or State banking association, on the | | |
| amount of their own notes used for circulation and paid out by them10 | ner | ct |
| Beer, per bbl. of 31 gallons | \$ 1 | |
| Brandy, per gallon | •- | 90 |
| Brewers, manufacturing 500 bbls. or more, annually | 100 | |
| — manufacturing less than 500 bbls. annually | 50 | |
| Cigars, manufacturers of, special tax | 10 | |
| Cigars of all descriptions, made of tobacco or any substitute, per 1,000 | | ò |
| Cigarettes, not weighing more than 3 lbs. per 1,000, per 1,000 | | 7 |
| Cigarettes, weight exceeding 3 lbs. per 1,000, per 1,000 | | 00 |
| Cigars or cigarettes, imported in addition to import duty to pay same as | - | • |
| above. | | |
| Liquors, fermented, per bbl | 1 | 00 |
| Liquors, distilled, per gallon | - | 90 |
| Liquor dealers (wholesale), special tax | 100 | |
| Malt liquor dealers (wholesale) | 50 | |
| Liquor dealers (retail), special tax | 25 | |
| Malt liquor dealers (retail) | 20 | |
| Manufacturers of stills | 50 | |
| Manufacturers of stills, for each still or worm made | 20 | |
| Rectifiers, special tax | | |
| Snuff, or snuff flour, manufactured of tobacco, or any substitute, per lb | | 35 |
| Spirits distilled, per proof gallon | | 90 |
| Stamps, for distilled spirits for export, wholesale liquor dealers, special | | • |
| bonded warehouse, distillery warehouse, and rectified spiritscach | | 10 |
| Tobacco, all kinds, per lb | | 24 |
| Tobacco, dealers in | 5 | 00 |
| Tobacco, manufacturers of | 10 | |
| Tobacco, dealers in leaf, wholesale | 25 | |
| Tobacco, dealers in leaf, retail | | |
| Tobacco, dealers in leaf, for sales in excess of \$1,000, per dollar of excess | 000 | 50 |
| Tobacco pedlers, travelling with more than two horses, mules, etc | 50 | |
| Tobacco pediers, travelling with two horses, mules, or other animals | 25 | |
| Tobacco pediers, travelling with one horse, mule, or other animal | 15 | |
| Tobacco pediers, travelling on foot, or by public conveyance | 19 | |
| Tobacco, snuff, and cigars, for export, stamps for, each | 10 | 10 |
| Whishes are proof called | | - |



| UNITED BIRIES INTERNAL REVENUE IRRES. 100 | , |
|---|----------------|
| Wines and champagne (imitation), not made from grapes grown in the United States, and liquors not made from grapes, currants, rhubarb, or berries, grown in the United States, but rectified or mixed with distilled spirits, or by infusion of any matter in spirits, to be sold as wine or substitute for it, per dozen bottles of more than a pint and not more than a quart | |
| STAMP TAXES. | |
| Bank check, draft, or order for the payment of any sum of money whatso- ever, drawn upon any bank, banker, or trust company | |
| medicines, preparations, cosmetics, etc. | |
| Every packet, box, bottle, pot, vial, or other inclosure, containing any pills, powders, tinctures, troches, or lozenges, syrups, cordials, bitters, anodynes, tonics, plasters, liniments, salves, ointments, pastes, drops, waters, essences, spirits, oils, or other preparations or compositions whatsoever, made and sold, or removed for consumption and sale, by any person or persons whatever, wherein the person making or preparing the same has, or claims to have, any private formula or occult secret or art for the making or preparing the same, or has, or claims to have, any exclusive right or title to the making or preparing the same, or which are prepared, uttered, vended or exposed for sale under any letters-patent, or held out or recommended to the public by the makers, venders, or proprietors thereof as proprietary medeines, or as remedies or specifics, and for every packet, box, bottle, pot, vial, or other inclosure, containing any essence, extract, toilet water, cosmetic, hair oil, pomade, heir dressing, hair restorative, hair dyc, tooth wash, dentifrice, tooth paste, aromatic cachous, or any similar articles, by whatsoever name the same have been, now are, or may hereafter be called, known, or distinguished, used or applied, or to be used or applied as perfumes or applications to the hair, mouth, or skin, made, prepared, and sold or removed for consumption and sale in the United States as follows; where such packet, box, bettle, vial, or other inclosure, with its contents, shall not exceed, at the rotall price or value, the sum of twenty-five cents | 3. 9. 8. |
| MATCHES, WAX TAPERS, AND CIGAR LIGHTS. | |
| Friction matches, or lucifer matches, or other articles made in part of wood, and used for like purposes, in parcels or packages containing 100 matches or less, for each parcel or package | 3. |

tional.....1 cent.



SPECIE VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES, FROM SEPT. 30, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878.

[From the Annual Reports on Commerce and Navigation.]

| FISCAL YEAR. | | IMPORTS. | | FOREIGN EXPORTS. | | | |
|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | |
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars, | |
| 90 | | | 23,000,000 | | | 539,1 | |
| 791 | | | 29,200,000 | | | 512.0 | |
| 92 | | | 31,500,000 | | | 1,753,0 | |
| 793 | | | 31,100,000 | | | 2,109,5 | |
| 95 | | | 34,600,000 | | | 6,526,2 | |
| 96 | | | 69,756,268 | | | 8,489,4 | |
| 97 | | | 81,436,164 75,379,406 | | | 26,300,0 | |
| 98 | | | 68,551,700 | | | 27,000,0 33,000,0 | |
| 99 | | | 79,069,148 | | | | |
| 800 | | | 91,252,768 | | | 45,523,0 39,130,8 | |
| 301 | | | 111,363,511 | | | 46,642,7 | |
| 802 | | | 76,333,333 | | | 35,774.9 | |
| 03 | | | 64,666,666 | | | 13,594.0 | |
| 04 | | | 85,000,000 | | | 36,231.5 | |
| 805 | | | 120,600,000 | | | 53,179,0 | |
| 306 | | | 129,410,000 | | | 53,179,0 60,283,2 | |
| 07 | , | | 138,500,000 | | | 19,643,5 | |
| 08 | | | 56,990,000 | | | 12,997,4 | |
| 909 | | | 59,400,000 | | | 20,797,5 | |
| 10 | | | 85,400,000 | | | 24,391,2 | |
| 11 | | | 53,400,000 | ••••• | | 16,022,7 | |
| 13 | | | 77,030,000 | | | 8,495,1 | |
| 14 | | | 22,005,000 12,965,000 | | | 2,847,8 | |
| 15 | | | 112 041 974 | | | 145,1 | |
| 16 | | | 147 103 000 | | | 6,583,3 | |
| 17 | | | 113,041,274 147,103,000 99,250,000 | | | 17,138,5 19,358,0 | |
| 18 | | | 121,750,000 | | | 19,000,0 | |
| 19 | | | 87,125,000 | | | 19,426,6 19,165,6 | |
| 20 | | | 74 450 000 | | | 18,008 0 | |
| 212 | 54,520,835 | 8,064,890 | 62,585,724 83,241,541 | 10,824,429 | 10,478,059 | 21,302,4 | |
| 22 | 79,871,695 | 3,369,846 5,097,896 | 83,241,541 | 11,476,022 | 10,810,180 | 22,286,2 | |
| 23 | 72,481,371 | 5,097,896 | 77,579,267 | 21,170,635 | 6,372,987 | 27,543,6 | |
| 24 25 | 72,170,037 | 8,378,970 | 80,549,007 | 18,322,605 | 7,014,552 | 25,337,1 | |
| 26 | 90,189,310 | 6,150,765 | 96,340,075 | 23,793,588 | 8,797,055 | 32,: 90,6 24,539,6 | |
| 27 | 78,093,511 | 6,880,966 | 84,974,477 | 20,440,934 | 4,098,678 | 24,539,6 | |
| 28 | 71,332,938 81,020,083 | 8,151,130 | 79,484,068 | 16,431,830 | 6,971,306 | 23,403,1 | |
| 29 | 67,088,915 | 7,489,741 7,403,612 | 88,509,824 | 14,044,578 | 7,550,439 | 21,595,0 | |
| 20 | 62,720,956 | 8,155,964 | 74,492,527 70,876,920 | 12,347,344 | 4,311,134 | 16,658,4 | |
| 31 | 95,885,179 | 7,305,945 | 103,191,124 | 13,145,857 13,077,069 | 1,241,622 6,956,457 | 14,387,4 | |
| 32 | 95,121,762 | 5,907,504 | 101,029,266 | 19,794,074 | 4,245,399 | 20,033,5 | |
| 33 | 101,047,943 | 7,070,368 | 108,118,311 | 17,577,876 | 2,244,859 | 24,039,4 19,822,7 | |
| 34 | 108,609,700 | 17,911,632 | 126,521,332 | 21,636,553 | 1,676,258 | 23,312,8 | |
| 35 | 136,764,295 | 13,131,447 | 149,895,742 | 14,756,321 | 5,748,174 | 20,504,4 | |
| 36 | 176,579,154 | 13,400,881 | 189,980,035 | 17,767,762 | 3,978,598 | 21,746,3 | |
| 37 | 130,472,803 | 10,516,414 | 140,989,217 | 17,162,232 | 4.692.730 | 21,854,9 | |
| 38 | 95,970,288 | 17,747,116 | 113,717,404 | 9,417,690 | 3.035,105 | 12,452,7 | |
| 39 40 | 156,496,956 | 5,595,176 | 162,092,132 107,141,519 127,946,177 | 10,626,140 | 6,868,385 | 17,494,5 | |
| 41 | 98,258,706 | 8,882,813 | 107,141,519 | 12,008,371 | 6,181,941 | 18,190,3 | |
| 42 | 122,957,544 96,075,071 | 4,988,633 | 127,946,177 | 8,181,235 | 7,287,846 | 15,469,0 | |
| 433 | 42,433,464 | 4,087,016 22,320,335 | 100,162,087 | 8,078,753 | 3,642,785 | 11,721,5 | |
| 44 | 102,604,606 | 5,830,429 | 64,753,799 | 5,139,335 | 1,413,362 | 6,552,6 | |
| 45 | 113,184,322 | 4,070,242 | 108,435,035 117,254,564 | 6,214,058 | 5,270,809 | 6,552,6 11,484.8 15,346,8 | |
| 46 | 117.914,065 | 3.777.739 | 121,691,797 | 7,584,781 | 7,762,049 | 15,346,8 | |
| 47 | 122,424,349 | 3,777,732 24,121,289 | 146,545,638 | 7,865,206 6,166,754 | 3,481,417 1,844,404 | 11,346,6 | |
| 48 | 148,638,644 | 6,360.284 | 154,998,928 | 7,986,806 | 13,141,204 | 8,011,18 21,128,01 | |
| 49 | 141,206,199 | 6,651,240 | 147,857,439 | 8,641,091 | 4,447,774 | 13,088,86 | |

^{2.} Before 1821, the Treasury accounts did not separate merchandise from specie.
3. The figures for 1843 are for 9 months, the fiscal year having then been changed from Sept.
30 to June 30.

SPECIE VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM SEPT. 30, 1739, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued).

| SCAL | NET IMPO | RTS (less re | e-exports). | DOMESTIC EXPORTS. | | | |
|-----------|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|
| EAR. | Merchan- disc. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | |
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars, | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | |
| 10 | | [| 22,460,844 | | | 19,666,000 | |
| <u> </u> | | | 28,687,959 | | | 18,500,000 | |
| 2 | | | 29,746,902 | | | 19,000,000 | |
| \$ | | | 28,990,428 | | | 24,000,000 | |
| 4 | | | 28,073,767 | | | 26,500,000 | |
| 9 | | ••••• | 61,266,796 | | | 39,500,000 | |
| • • • • • | | | 55,136,164 | | | 40,764,097 | |
| | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | 48,379,406 | | | 29,850,200 | |
| | | • | 35,551,700 33,546,148 | | •••• | 28,527,097 | |
| | | | 55,540,140 | [| | 33,142,522 | |
| •••• | ••••• | • | 52,121,891 64,720,790 | | •••• | 31,840,903 | |
| ••• | | | 40,558,862 | | | 47,473,204 36,708,189 | |
| | | | 51,072,594 | | | 42,205,961 | |
| | | | 48,768,403 | | | 41,467,477 | |
| | | | 67,420,981 | | *************************************** | 42,387,002 | |
| | | | 69,126,764 | | | 41,253,727 | |
| | •••• | | 78,856,442 | | | 48,699,592 | |
| •••• | | | 43,992,586 | | | 9,433,546 | |
| | | | 88,602,409 | | | 31,405,702 | |
| •••• | | | 61,008,705 | | | 42,366,675 | |
| | | | 87,877,210 | | | 45,294,043 | |
| | | | 68,534,873 | | | 30,032,109 | |
| | | | 19,157,158 | | | 25,008,152 | |
| | | | 12,819,831 | | | 6,782,27 | |
| | | | 106,457,924 | | | 45,974,40 | |
| | | | 129,964,444 | | | 64,781,896 | |
| ••• | | | 79,891,931 | | | 68,313,500 | |
| :: | | | 102,823,304 | | | 73,854,437 | |
| :: | | | 67,959,317 | | | 50,976,838 | |
| •• | | | 56,441,971 | | | 51,683,640 | |
| | 43,693,405 | 12,418,169 | 41,283,236 | 43,671,894 | | 43,671,894 | |
| :: | 68,395.674 | 17,410,885 | 60,955,359 | 49,874,079 | | 49,874,079 | |
| | 51,310,736 | 11,375,091 | 50,085,645 | 47,155,408 | | 47,155,408 | |
| | 58,847,482 | 1,364,418 | 55,211,850 | 50,649,500 | | 50,649,500 | |
| | 66,395,722 | 12,646,220 | 63,749,432 | 66,944,745 | | 66,944,748 | |
| | 57,652,577 | 2,782,288 | 60,484,865 | 52,449,825 | 605,885 | 53,055,710 | |
| | 54,901,108 | 1.179.994 | 56,080,922 | 57,878,117 | 1,048,574 | 58,921,691 | |
| | 66,975,505 | ² 60,698 | 66,914,807 | 49,976,632 | 693,037 | 50,669,669 | |
| | 54,741,571 | 90, 008 8,0 02 ,478 | 57,884,049 | 55,087,307 | 612,886 | 55,700,198 | |
| | 49,575,039 | 0,914,862 | 56,489,441 | 58,594,878 | 987,151 | 59,462,029 | |
| | 82,808,110 | 349,488 | 83,157,598 | NO 918 583 | 2,058,474 | 61,277,05 | |
| | 75,327,688 | 1,662,105 | 76,989,793 | 61,726,529 69,950,856 | 1,410,941 | 63,137,470 | |
| 1 | 88,470,067 | 4,825,509 | 88,295,576 | 69,950,856 | 866,842 | 70,317,698 | |
| | 88, 973, 147 | 16,235,374 | 103,208,521 | 80,623,662 | 400,500 | 81,024,169 | |
| | 122,007,974 | 7,383,273 | 108,908,521 129,891,247 | 100,459,481 | 729,601 | 81,024,16 101,189,08 | |
| 1 | 158.811.398 | 9,422,283 | 168,283,675 | 106,570,942 | 729,601 845,738 | 106,916,68 | |
| | 113,310,571 | 5,823,684 | 119,184,255 | 94,280,895 | 1,288,519 | 95,564,41 | |
| | 86,552,598 | 14.712.011 | 101,264,609 | 95,560,880 | 472,941 | 96,033,82 | |
| | 145,870,816 | 1,273,209 | 144,597,607 | 101,625,533 | 1,908,358 | 103,533,89 | |
| | 86,250,335 | 1,273,209 2,700,872 | 88,951,207 | 111,660,561 | 2,235,078 | 113,895,63 106,382,72 | |
| 1 | 114,776,300 | 12,299,218 | 112,477,096 | 103,636,236 | 2,746,486 | 106,382,72 | |
| | 87,996,318 | 444,281 | 88,440,549 | 91,799,242 | 1.170,754 | 92,969,99 | |
| | 87,294,129 | 20,906,978 | 58,201,102 | 77,686,354 | 107,429 | 77,793,78 | |
| | 96,390,548 | 559,620 | 96,950,168 | 99,581,774 | 183,405 | 99,715,17 | |
| | 105,599,541 | 18,691,807 | 101,907,734 | 98,455,330 | 844,446 | 99,299,77 | |
| | 110,048,859 | 296,315 | 110,845,174 | 101,718,042 | 428,851 | 102,141,893 | |
| | 116,257,595 | 22,276,885 | 138,534,480 | 150,574,844 | 62,620 | 150,637,46 | |
| | 140,651,838 | 16,780,990 | 183,870,918 | 130,203,709 | 2,700,412 | 132,904,12 | |
| | 182,565,108 | | 184,768,574 | | | 132,666,95 | |

^{1.} Excess of foreign specie exported over imports.

SPECIE VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES, FROM SEPT. 30, 1789, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued),

| FISCAL | | Imports. | | Foreign Exports. | | | |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--|
| YEAR. | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total | |
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | |
| 850 | 173,509,526 | 4,628,792 | 178,138,318 | 9,475,493 | 5,476,315 | 14,951,803 | |
| 851 | 210,771,429 | 5,453,503 | 216,224,932 | 10,295,121 | 11,403,172 | 21,698,293 | |
| 52 | 207,440,398 | 5,505,044 | 212,945,442 | 12,053,084 | 5,236,298 | | |
| 53 | 263,777,265 | 4,201,382 | 267,978,647 | 13,620,120 | 3,938,340 | 17,558,460 | |
| 4 | 297,623,039 | 6,939,342 | 304,562,381 | 21,631,260 | | | |
| 5 | 257,808,708 | 3,659,812 | 261,468,520 | 26,158,368 | | 28,448,293 | |
| 6 | 310,432,310 | 4,207,632 | 314,639,942 | 14,781,372 | | | |
| 7 | 348,428,342 | 12,461,799 | 360,890,141 | 14,917,047 | 9,058,570 | 23,975,617 | |
| 3 | 263,338,654 | 19,274,496 | 282,613,150 | 20,660,241 | 10,225,901 | 30,886,142 | |
| | 331,333,341 | 7,434,789 | | 14,509,971 | 6,385,106 | | |
|)l | 353,616,119 | 8,550,135 | 362,166,254 | 17,333,634 | 9,599,388 | | |
| | 289,310,542 | 46,339,611 | 335,650,153 | 14,654,217 | 5,991,210 | 20,645,427 | |
| | 189,356,677 | 16,415,052 | 205,771,729 | 11,026,477 | 5,842,989 | 16,869,466 | |
| | 243,335,815 | 9,584,105 | 252,919,920 | 17,960,535 | 8,163,049 | | |
| | 316,447,283 | 13,115,612 | 329,562,895 | 15,333,961 | 4,922,979 | | |
| | 238,745,580 | 9,810,072 | 248,555,652 | 29,089,055 | 3,025,102 | | |
| | 434,812,066 | 10,700,092 | 445,512,158 | 11,341,420 | 3,400,697 | 14,742,117 | |
| | 395, .63,100 | 22,070,475 | 417,833,575 | 14,719,332 | 5,892,176 | 20,611,508 | |
| 3 | 357,436,440 | 14.188.368 | 371,624,808 | 12,562,999 | 10,038,127 | 22,601,126 | |
| | 417,506,379 | 19,807,876 | 437,314,255 | 10,951,000 | 14,222,414 | 25,173,414 | |
| | 435,958,408 | 26,419,179 | 462,377,587 | 16,155,295 | 14,271,864 | 30,427,159 | |
| | 520,223,684 | 21,270,024 | 541,493,708 | 14,421,270 | 14,038,629 | 23,459,899 | |
| | 626,595,077 | 13,743,689 | 640,338,766 | 15,690,455 | | 22,769,749 | |
| 3 | 642,136,210 | 21,480,937 | 663,617,147 | 17,446,488 | 10,703,028 | 28,149,511 | |
| 1} | 567,406,342 | 28,454,906 | 595,861,248 | 16,849,619 | 6,930,719 | 23,780,338 | |
| 75 | 533,005,436 | 20,900,717 | 553,906,153 | 14,158,611 | 8,275,013 | 22, 433,624 | |
| - [| 460,741,190 | 15,936,681 | 476,677,871 | 14,802,424 | 6,467,611 | 21,270,035 | |
| 76} | 451,323,126 | 40,774,414 | 492,097,540 | 12,804,996 | 13,027,499 | 25,832,495 | |
| 77} | 437,051,532 | 29,821,314 | 466,872,846 | 14,154,698 | 6,678,240 | 20,832,938 | |

The import values are invoice prices in gold at place of shipment, and the export values are also in specie. From 1862 to 1878, representing the period of suspension of specie payments, an additional column on the right exhibits the currency value of domestic exports, added to the specie of domestic production exported.

Estimated Aggregate Production of the Precious Metals during the Twenty-seven Years from 1849 to 1875, inclusive.

| : Countries. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold and Silver. |
|---------------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| Entire World | Million | Million | Million |
| | dollars. | dollars. | dollars, |
| | 2,761.7 | 1,578.9 | 4,335.6 |
| United States | 1,851.6 | *265.55 | 1,617.15 |
| | 1,410.1 | 1,308.35 | 2,718.45 |

^{*} Seventeen years, 1839 to 1875. The silver mines of the United States were first discovered in 1859.

SPECIE VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES, FROM SEPT. 30, 1783, TO JUNE 30, 1878—(Continued).

| FISCAL | NET IMPO | RTS (less re | e-exports). | DOMESTIC EXPORTS. | | | | |
|--------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| YEAR. | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total | Merchan- dise. | Coin and bullion. | Total. | Mixed values, gold and currency | |
| Pileto | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | |
| 1850 | 164,034,033 | | 163,186,510 | 134,900,233 | | 136,946,912 | | |
| 1851 | 200,476,308 | | 194,526,639 | 178,620,138 | | 196,689,718 | | |
| 1852 | 195,387,314 | | 195,656,060 | 154,931,147 | | 192,368,984 | | |
| 1853 | 250,157,145 | | 250,420,187 | 189,869,162 | | 213,417,697 | | |
| 1854 | 275,991,779 | | 279,712,187 | 215,328,200 | | 253,390,870 | | |
| 1855 | 231,650,340 | | 233,020,227 | 192,751,135 | 53,957,418 | 246,708,553 | | |
| 1856 | 295,650,938 | 2,610,426 | 298,261,364 | 266,438,051 | 44,148,279 | 310,586,330 | | |
| 1857 | 333,511,295 | | 336,914,524 | 278,906,713 | | 338,985,065 | | |
| 1858 | 242,678,413 | | 251,727,008 | 251,351,033 | | 293,758,279 | | |
| 1859 | 316,823,370 | | 317,873,053 | 278,392,080 | | 335,894,385 | | |
| 1860 | 336,282,485 | | 335,233,232 | 316,242,423 | | 373,189,274 | | |
| 1861 | | | 315,004,726 | 204,899,616 | | 228,699,486 | | |
| 1862 | 178,330,200 | | | 179,644,024 | | 210,688,675 | | |
| 1863 | 225,375,280 | | 226,796,336 | 186,003,912 | | 241,997,474 | | |
| 1864 | 301,113,322 | 8,192,633 | 309,305,955 | 143,504,027 | 100,473,562 | 243,977,589 | 320,035,199 | |
| 1865 | 209,656,525 | 6,784,970 | 216,441,495 | 136,940,248 | 64,618,124 | 201,558,372 | 323,743,18 | |
| 1866 | 423,470,646 | 7,299,395 | 430,770,041 | 337,518,102 | 82,643,374 | 420,161,476 | 550,684,27 | |
| 1867 | 381,043,768 | 16,178,299 | 397,222,067 | 279,786,809 | 54,976,196 | 334,763,005 | 440,722,22 | |
| 1868 | 344,873,441 | 4,150,241 | 349,023,682 | 269,389,900 | 83,745,975 | 353,135,875 | 454,301,71 | |
| 1869 | 406,555,379 | 5,585,462 | 412,140,841 | 275,166,697 | 42,915,966 | 318,082,663 | 413,961,111 | |
| 1870 | 419,803,113 | 12,147,315 | 431,950,428 | 376,616,473 | 43,883,802 | 420,500,275 | 499,092,14 | |
| 1871 | 505,802,414 | 7,231,395 | 513,033,809 | 428,398,908 | 84,403,359 | 512,802,267 | 562,518,65 | |
| 1872 | 610,904,622 | 6,664,395 | 617,569,017 | 428,487,131 | 72,798,240 | 501,285,371 | 549,219,718 | |
| 1873 | 624,689,727 | 10,777,909 | 635,467,636 | 505,033,439 | 73,905,546 | 578,938,985 | 649,132,56 | |
| 1874 | 550,556,723 | 21,524,187 | 572,080,910 | 569,433,421 | 59,699,686 | 629,133,107 | 693,039,05 | |
| 1011 | | | | 410,200,059 | | 410,200,059 | | |
| 1875 | 518,846,825 | 12,625,704 | 531,472,529 | 499,284,100 | 83,857,129 | 583,141,229 | 643,094,76 | |
| 10101 | | | | 415,596,524 | | 415,596,524 | 415,596,52 | |
| 1876 | 445,938,766 | 9,469,070 | 455,407,836 | 525,582,247 | 50,038,691 | 575,620,938 | 644,956,40 | |
| 10.01 | | | | 410,507,563 | | 410,507,563 | | |
| 1077 | 438,518,130 | 27,746,915 | 466,265,045 | 589,670,221 | 43,134,738 | 632,804,962 | | |
| 1877 | | | | 413,051,798 | | 413,051,798 | | |
| 1878 | 422,896,834 | 23,143,074 | 446,039,908 | 680,683,798 | 27.054.985 | 707,738,783 | | |
| | 1 | , | | 1 | | 410,535,857 | | |

^{4.} These figures represent additional exports to Canada, by land carriage, not embraced in the United States customs accounts, but from Canadian official reports.

Annual Average Production of the Precious Metals in the World, also in the United States of America, since 1848, the Year of the Discovery of the Gold-fields of California.

| Countries. | Еросия. | No. of Years. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold and Silver. |
|---------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| United States | 1849-'75 1849-'75 1859-'75 18 19- '75 | 27 27 17 27 | Million dollars. 102.20 50.06 | MU/ion dollars, 58.29 15.62 49.94 | Million dollars. 160.53 59.89 |

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES. LAST TWO YEARS.

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | Twelve Months ended June 30. | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878, | 1877. | 1878. |
| FREE OF DUTY. | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Argols | \$1,277,836 | \$1,298,568 |
| Argols Arucles, the produce or manufacture of the United States | | 0 000 mg |
| brought back | 2,780,544 | 8,022,701 |
| BARKS: Medicinal: Peruvian, calisaya, Lima, etc | 564,488 | 1,417,695 |
| Barks used for tanning | 811,258 | 412,575 |
| Cork bark and wood, unmanufactured | 419,114 198,740 | 483,061 240,868 |
| Bolting clothsBooks | 265,214 | 258,351 |
| Camphor, crude Chemicals, drugs, dyes, and medicines. Cluoride of lime, or bleaching-powder. Cocos, crude, and leaves and shells of | 158,229 | 166,693 |
| Chemicals, drugs, dyes, and medicines | 8,944,796 | 4,194,810 598,818 |
| Chloride of lime, or bleaching-powder | 711, 600 597,847 | 605 840 |
| Cochineal | 049,820 | 698,055 |
| | 53,634,991 | 51,914,600 |
| Cotton, raw | 418,508 910,479 | 469,882 978,589 |
| Dve-woods, in sticks | 1,175,889 | 1,896,465 |
| Eggs | 617,633 | 726,087 |
| Conton, raw Cutch, or catechu, and terra-japonica, or gambier Dye-woods, in sticks | 236,098 | 389,561 |
| | 210,786 872,260 | 230,535 |
| Herring, pickled | 372,960 | 907,946 |
| All other | 581,592 1,561,666 | 687,487 1,714,066 |
| Fur-skins, undressed | 2,007,000 | 2,12,000 |
| Gold bullion | 2,119,570 | 1,972,003 |
| Silver bullion | 4,698,258 94,126,664 | 6,971,849 11,857,553 |
| Gold coin | 9,834,927 | 9,519,350 |
| Silver coin | 873,890 | 849,607 |
| Gums | 1,387,810 105,685 | 1,297,855 106,705 |
| Hair, unmanufactured: | 100,000 | • |
| Horse-hair, used for weaving | 215,239 | 182,424 |
| Horse-hair, used for weaving. Hair of all kinds, not specified. | 256,898 14,963,701 | 240,086 17,222,360 |
| Hides and skins, other than furs | ! ' ' | • • |
| and in use, of persons arriving from foreign countries, India-rubber and gutta-percha, crude | 1,159,755 | 1,185,941 |
| India-rubber and gutta-percha, crude | 5,542,166 1,301,000 | 4,711,10 1,587,48 |
| Medder not including the extract of. | 1,301,008 144,318 | 52,98 |
| Indigo Madder, not including the extract of. Olis: Whale or fish, not of American fisheries. Vegetable, fixed or expressed | 84,086 | 176,88 448,88 |
| | 564,818 344,486 | 454,89 |
| Volatile, or essential | • | 174,82 |
| nrtists | 228,182 | 114,00 |
| Rags of cotton or linen | 2,587,217 | 2,814,51 |
| Other materials | 1,329,582 | 1,179,15 |
| Seeds | 491,689 6,792,987 | 807,90 5,108,08 |
| Silk, rawSoda nitrate of | 1,823,547 | 978,99 |
| Soda, nitrate of. Sulphur or brimstone, crude. | 1,242,788 | 1,178,15 15,660,16 |
| Tea | 16,181,467 1,798,618 | 25,000,100 2,183,05 |
| Tiu in bars, blocks, and pigs | 1,237,518 | 1,429,09 |
| Wood, unmanufactured | 9 0000 000 | 9. 592.95 |
| procity treaty | 2,277,854 6,770,929 | 6,579,17 |
| All other free articles | <u> </u> | |
| Total imports free of duty | \$181,562.866 | \$171,099,57 |
| - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ı —— | · · · |

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | Twelve Months ended June 30. | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878. | 1877. | 1878. |
| Animals, living | VALUES. \$1,648,460 | VALUES. \$2,664,676 |
| Animals, living. Beer, ale, porter, and other malt liquors | 758,854 | 592,707 1,612,229 |
| Books, pamphlets, engravings, and other publications Bra-s, and manufactures of | 758,850 1,627,37 247,82 | 1,612,229 245,670 |
| BREADSTUFFS AND OTHER PARINACEOUS FOOD: | | • |
| Barley-malt | 5,099,32 | 4,105,748 899,844 |
| Bread and biscuit | 247,724 80,71 | 23,431 12,964 |
| Indian corn, or muize | 25.04(| 12,964 8,719 |
| Rice | 19,461 1,439,767 72.92 | 1,136,827 |
| Rye | 72.92. | 271,582 |
| Wheat | 872,69: 50,87: | 1,549,084 47,426 |
| Wheat-flour | | • |
| buckwheat. Pease, beans, and other seeds of leguminous plants, | 99,860 | 81,650 |
| bushels | 574,419 | 614,110 |
| bushels All other farinaceous food, and preparations of, including arrow-root, pearl or hulled barley, etc | • | • |
| Bristles | 208,571 536,46 | 263,120 662,937 |
| Buttons of all kinds, including button materials partly | 200,40 | • |
| fitted for buttons exclusively | 2,273,420 | 3,862,065 |
| Chicory, ground or prepared, and root | 4,872,006 139,860 | 8,596,973 106,358 |
| Chicory, ground or prepared, and root. Сьотніме (except when of silk, and except hosiery, ctc., | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| of cotton or wool): Cut and sewed together | 999 711 | 188,583 |
| Articles of wear | 228,711 981,23 | 1,091,836 |
| Articles of wear | 1,775,667 | 1,986,187 |
| Copper, and manufactures of: | 9,182 | 14,806 |
| Ore | 2,475 | 84,859 |
| Pigs, bars, ingots, old and other, unmanufactured | 254,696 330,016 | 49,100 822,418 |
| Manufactures of | 67,650 | 139,668 |
| COSTON MANITEACTITUDES OF . | 1 007 010 | 1 078 149 |
| Printed, painted, or colored | 1,287,312 1,415,112 | 1,076,148 1,086,426 |
| Hosiery, shirts, and drawers | 8,804,520 | 4 689 946 |
| Bleached and unbleached. Printed, painted, or colored. Hosiery, shirts, and drawers. Jeans, denims, drillings, etc. Other manufactures of, not specified. | 86,919 12,879,751 | 104,688 12,131,590 4,051,786 4,200,787 |
| Cartireu, Stong, and China ware | 8,709,542 | 4,051,786 |
| Fancy-goods | 3,828,302 | 4,300,787 |
| Herring | 189,615 | 180,840 |
| Mackerel Sardines and anchovies, preserved in oil or otherwise | 1481 | 67 |
| Sardines and anchovies, preserved in oil or otherwise All other, not specified | 773,831 91,654 | 677,910 149,85 8 |
| FLAX. AND MANUPACTURES OF: | 1 | • |
| FLAX, AND MANUFACTURES OF: Flax, raw | 1,248,064 | 1,177,229 |
| Flax, raw. Manufactures of, by yard. Other manufactures of. | 11,509,894 2,402,496 | 11,490,758 2,922,812 |
| Fruits of all kinds, including nuts | 9,336,779 | 9,738,546 |
| Furs and dressed fur-skins | 2,401,778 | 2,280,204 |
| Cylinder, crown, or common window | 1,006,456 | 812,612 |
| Cylinder and crown, polished | 8,482 14,405 | 7,168 5,685 |
| Finted, rolled, or rough plate. Cast polished plate, not silvered. Cast polished plate, silvered. | 1,263,864 | 885,823 |
| Cast polished plate, silvered | 552,899 | 572,066 |
| Other manufactures of | 1,090,680 | 1,061,795 |
| Allimais) and manufactures of: | | 400 000 |
| Hair, human, and manufactures of | 77,075 163,596 | 135,776 169,127 |
| Hair, other, and manufactures of | | • |
| HEMP, AND MANUPACTURES OF: RAW | 1,852,480 | 2,221,164 |
| | | JOILE . |

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IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | Twelve Months ended June 80. | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878. | 1877. | 1878. |
| HEMP: DUTIABLE. | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Manufactures of, by yard | \$7,404 91,598 825,113 | \$2,232 90,894 |
| Other manufactures of | 91,598 | 90,894 |
| india rubber and guita-percha, manufactures of | 825,113 | 242, 564 |
| IRON AND STEEL, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 1,556,415 | 1,250,057 |
| Pig-iron Castings | 8,044 | 6,015 |
| Bar-iron | 1.515.691 | 1,541,115 |
| Boiler-iron Band, hoop, and scroll-iron | 1,182 | 108 |
| Band, hoop, and scroll-iron | 12,659 | 45 |
| Sheet-ironOld and scrap-iron | 103,283 | 85,784 |
| Hardware | . 148,201 96,527 | 105,992 92,602 |
| Hardware Anchors, cables, and chains of all kinds | 156,799 | 87,514 |
| Machinery | 780,020 | 628,667 |
| Muskets, pistols, rifles, and sporting-guns | 818,137 | 333,297 |
| Steel ingots, bars, sheets, and wire | 1.338.982 | 1,220,037 |
| Railroad bars or rails, of steel | 1,464 | 530 |
| CutleryFiles | 875,276 | 1,161,882 |
| Sawa and tools | 135,585 | 125,448 |
| Saws and tools. Other manufactures of iron and steel | 13,507 2,568,828 | 8,984 2,410,106 |
| | 542,838 | 249,253 |
| HITTE AND OTHER GRASSES AND MANUFACTURES OF: | , | ~10,400 |
| Raw Manufactures of, by yard. Gunny-cloth and gunny-bags, and manufactures of, | 2,351,778 | 2,438,198 |
| Manufactures of, by yard | 629 | 114 |
| Gunny-cloth and gunny-bags, and manufactures of, | 400 000 | |
| used for baggingOther manufactures of, not specified | 162,286 2,213,694 | 155,646 |
| LEAD AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 2,210,094 | 1,510,630 |
| LEAD, AND MANUFACTURES OF: Pigs, bars, and old | 702,240 | 858,996 |
| Manufactures of | 46,442 | 7,958 |
| Manufactures of Leather, AND MANUFACTURES OF: Leather of all kinds. Gloves of kid, and all other, of skin or leather, doz. pairs. Other manufactures of. Marble and stone, and manufactures of | | • |
| Leather of all kinds | 4,589,718 | 8,784,729 |
| Gloves of kid, and all other, of skin or leather, | 0.400.040 | |
| Other manufactures of | 8,128,919 537,014 | 8,195,702 488,928 |
| Marble and stone, and manufactures of | 865,183 | 746,956 |
| Metals, metal compositions, and manufactures of | 847,041 | 875,946 |
| Metals, metal compositions, and manufactures of | 564,580 | 561,867 |
| Olls: Coal and other mineral oils | 876,568 | 535 |
| Whale and fish, not of American fisheries | 44,015 876,781 114,650 | 56,616 |
| Olive, salad. Olive, not salad. All other vegetable, fixed. Volatile, or essential | 114 650 | 414,485 44,845 |
| All other vegetable fixed | 169,316 | 84,040 |
| Volatile, or essential | 281,588 | 200,043 171,740 |
| Opium, and extract of | 1,788,347 | 1,874,819 |
| Paintings, chromo-lithographs, photographs, and statuary | 998,691 | 794,193 |
| PAINTS: | | |
| White lead | 173,000 | 109,799 |
| Whiting and Paris white | 27,069 11,270 | 10, 984 7,967 |
| Red lead and litharge. Whiting and Paris white Other paints and painters' colors. PAPER, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 715,747 | 719,363 |
| PAPER. AND MANUFACTURES OF: | .10, | 110,000 |
| Printing paper | 413 | 2,721 |
| Printing paper Writing paper | 8,944 | 13,006 |
| Paper-hangings, and other paper | 100,184 | 119,7.0 |
| Papier-mache, and other manufactures of paper not | 1 000 010 | 4 004 100 |
| epecined, including parchment | 1,080,612 331.822 | 1,331,138 848,286 |
| specified, including parchment Perfumery and cosmetics Potatoes | 1,652,968 | 245,515 |
| Precious stones. | 2,114,704 | 2,975,512 |
| Provisions (meats, poultry, lard, butter, cheese, etc.), not | | • • |
| including vegetables | 724,252 | 927,264 |
| Precious stones. Provisions (meats, poultry, lard, butter, cheese, etc.), not including vegetables. Salt. | 1,659,521 | 1,632,865 |
| saitpetre (nitrate of potasn) | 512,327 | 232,990 |
| BEEDS: | 1,916,249 | 1,883,883 |
| FIGASCEIL OF HISCOUL | | |
| Flaxseed, or linseed | 378,121) gitized by | 330,960 |

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | Twelve Months ended June 80. | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878- | 1877. | 1878. |
| DUTIABLE. | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| SILK, MANUFACTURES OF: Dress and piece goods | \$16,750,826 | \$18,861,195 |
| HosieryOther manufactures of | 78,940 5,000,398 | 136,201 5,840,536 |
| SODA, AND SALTS OF: Bicarbonate | 107,169 | 96,244 |
| Bicarbonate, including sal-sods and sods-ash | 8,441,432 1,114,045 | 8,385,569 1,076,008 |
| Acetate, sulphate, phosphate, and all other salts of | 8,906 | 12,865 |
| soda Spices of all kinds; also ginger (ground), pepper, and mustard | 1,437,995 | 1,986,217 |
| mustard Straw and palm-leaf, manufactures of, SUGAR AND MOLASSES: | 1,679,781 | 2,296,266 |
| Brown sugar. Refined sugar. | 81,187,504 | 69,642,368 |
| Molases. Melado and sirup of sugar-cane | 28,043 7,808,957 | 7,469 6,764,119 |
| Melado and sirup of sugar-cane | 1,654,165 5,857 | 1,123,613 6,898 |
| Sulphur, refined. Tin, and manufactures of: | 48,868 | 14,924 |
| In plates | 9,751,827 39,332 | 9,929,498 |
| Other manufactures of | 39,332 | 58,498 |
| Leaf | 8,728,619 | 4,102,782 |
| Cigars. Other manufactures of. Watches and watch movements and materials | 2,002,847 81,281 | 2,269,267 67,819 |
| Watches and watch movements and materials | 779,489 | 812,582 |
| WINES, SPIRITS, AND CORDIALS: Spirits and cordials in casks. Spirits and cordials in bottles. | 1,461,659 | 1,149,166 |
| Spirits and cordials in bottles | 478.085 1,889,871 | 1,149,166 406,116 1,838,891 |
| Wine in bottles | 2,236,889 | 2,123,254 |
| WOOD, AND MANUFACTURES OF. Cabinet-ware, house-furniture, and all manufac- tures of wood, not otherwise specified | | |
| tures of wood, not otherwise specified Boards, deals, planks, joists, and scantling | 728,175 8,146,098 | 832,267 8,174,385 |
| Shingles | 69,189 | 97,149 8,893 |
| Shingles | 7,170 224,679 | 3,893 20 0,016 |
| WOOL, SHEEP'S (and hair of the alpaca, goat, and other | | , |
| like animals), AND MANUFACTURES OF: Unmanufactured | 7,156,944 | 8,968,015 |
| Cloths and cassimeres | 6,624,909 83,265 | 6,771,658 19,071 |
| Shawis | 1,298,129 9,939 | 1 841 44" |
| BlanketsCarpets | 674,011 | 2,352 893,389 |
| Dress goods Hosiery, shirts, and drawers | 12,549,867 559,941 | 12,055.806 582,922 |
| Other manufactures of | 8,948,239 | 4,058,514 |
| ZINC, SPELTER, OR TUTENAG, AND MANUFACTURES OF: In blocks or pigs | 64,956 77,713 | 59,601 |
| In sheets | 4,007,484 | 69,582 8,570,904 |
| Total value of dutiable commodities | \$310,527,540 | \$295,778,267 |
| Total value of commodities free of duty | 181,569,866 | 171,099,579 |
| Total imports | \$192,090,406 | \$466,872,846 |
| Total value of coin and bullion | \$40,774,414 451,815,992 | \$29,821,314 437,051,532 |
| Total imports | \$492,090,406 | \$46 6,872,846 |
| Brought in American vessels | \$151,826,988 | \$146,499,282 807,407,565 |
| Brought in foreign vessels Brought in cars and other land vehicles | 829,565,833 10,697,640 | |

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES.

LAST TWO YEARS.

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. Corrected to August 14, 1872. | Twelve Months ended June 30. | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | 1877. | 1878. |
| OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTION. | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Acids | \$74,930 | \$4 8,5 94 |
| AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS: Fanning-mills. | 10 554 | 2,066 |
| Horse-powers. | 10,554 24,297 | 19,873 |
| Mowers and reapers | 765,249 | 1.018,916 |
| Ploughs and cultivators | 129,285 | 154,877 |
| All other, not specified | 896,588 | 1,879,467 |
| Animals, living: | | |
| Horned cattle | 699,180 | 967,259 9 906 919 |
| Horned cattle | 1,598,090 301,134 | 8,896,818 798,723 |
| Mules | 478,484 | 501,518 |
| Sheep | 234,480 | 888,499 |
| All other, and fowls | 18,895 | 46,841 |
| Ashes, pot and pearl | 58,170 | 38,389 |
| Bark, for tanning | 67,176 | 111,335 |
| BEER, ALE, PORTER, AND CIDER: In bottles | ** *** | 100.054 |
| In caeks | 51,077 40,138 | 108,054 89 ,14 3 |
| Bells and bell and bronze metal | 12,366 | 12,579 |
| Billiard-tables and apparatus | 88 908 | 18,983 |
| Blacking | 101,886 | 105,434 |
| Bones and bone-dust | 121,496 | 78,989 |
| Bone-black, ivory-black, and lamp-black | 22,876 | 80,740 |
| Books, pamphlets, maps, and other publications | 634,345 827,817 | 586, 86 5 589, 4 51 |
| BREAD AND BREADSTUFFS: | 051,011 | 000,501 |
| Barley | 708,541 | 2,565,730 |
| Bread and biscuit | 696,084 | 780,317 |
| Indian corn | 41,021,345 | 48,080,358 |
| Indian-corn meal | 1,511,152 | 1,885,898 |
| Oats | 1,150,686 | 1,277,980 |
| Rye | 1,833,766 39,672 | 8,051,789 . 30 ,775 |
| Rye flour | 47,185,562 | 96,872,016 |
| Wheat flour | 21.668,947 | 25,092,896 |
| Other small grain and pulse | 876,665 | 1,077,989 |
| Maizena, farina, and all other preparations of bread- | | |
| stuffs used as food | 650.206 | 1,709,639 |
| Bricks | 25,571 | 954,446 |
| Brooms and brushes of all kinds | 173,000 288,684 | 146,0 63 218,965 |
| Candles, tallow and other | 866,018 | 979.008 |
| Cars, railroad, passenger and freight | 538,997 | 532,840 |
| Clocks, and parts of | 1,025,586 | 936,008 |
| Clocks, and parts of | | |
| mustard | 41,964 | 60,758 |
| COAL: | 4 004 0 | 4 444 6 15 |
| Bituminous | 1,024,711 | 1,006,843 |
| OtherCombs | 1,891.851 8,999 | 1,358.634 15.956 |
| COMMOD | 0,900 | 19/400 |

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. Corrected to August 14, 1878. | Twelve Months ended June 30. | |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1010, | 1877. | 1878. |
| | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| COPPER, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | \$109,451 | \$169,020 |
| OrcIn pigs, bars, sheets, and old | 2,718,218 | 2,102,455 |
| Other manufactures of | 195,780 | 217,423 |
| Other manufactures of | 828,888 | 883,973 |
| COTTON, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 4 004 200 | |
| Sea-islandOther, unmanu'actured | 1,084,509 170,038,999 | 1,616.214 |
| Colored manufactures | 2,484,181 | 178,415,270 2,959,910 |
| Uncolored " | 6,437,223 | 7,053,463 |
| Uncolored "All other manufactures of | | 1,422,255 |
| Drugs, chemicals, and medicines | 1,314,489 1,979,957 628,209 87,855 | 2,302,967 |
| Dye-stuffs | 97 95K | 527,281 98,085 |
| Earthen and stone ware | 835,810 | 719,117 |
| FRITTER . | · ' | •10,11 |
| Apples, dried. Apples, green or ripe. Other fruit, green, ripe, or dried. Preserved, in cans or otherwise. | 920,292 | 259,955 |
| Apples, green or ripe | 986,112 | 886,090 |
| Other fruit, green, ripe, or dried | 268,282 762,344 | 296,096 434,828 |
| | 8,788,802 | 2,616,730 |
| Gas-fixtures and chandeliers | 26,899 | 59,230 |
| | 562,268 | 497,247 |
| Glass and glass-ware | 658,061 16,069 | 869,641 |
| Glass and glass-ware | 10,000 | 81,247 |
| Gold bullion | 1,084,596 | 205,319 |
| Gold coin | 21,274,565 11,488,894 | 6,420,351 |
| Silver bullion. | 11,488,894 | 15 035,045 |
| Silver coin | 8,672,596 620,147 | 5,163,006 223,264 |
| Gold and silver leaf | 141 | 281 |
| Gold and silver leaf Jewelry, and other manufactures of gold and silver. HAIR: | 132,499 | 208,142 |
| Unmanufactured | 838,487 | 831,843 |
| Manufactures of | 9,896 | 80,283 |
| HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS: | 262,271 | 000 071 |
| HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS: Of wool, fur, and silk Of palm-leaf, straw, etc | 43,599 | 262,251 46,838 |
| Hay | 116,936 | 141,340 |
| Hay HEMP, AND MANUFACTURES OF: Unmanufactured | 40.400 | 40.040 |
| Unmanufactured | 12,182 175,750 | 18,210 146,043 |
| Cables and cordage. All other manufactures of. | 695,625 | 1,056,709 |
| Hides and skins, other than fur | 2,480,427 | 1,286,840 |
| Hoop-skirts Hops. | | |
| Hops | 2,305,855 214,084 | 2,152,873 2:27,3:28 |
| Ice INDIA-RUBBER AND GUTTA-PERCHA MANUFACTURES; | *13,003 | 261,050 |
| Boots and shoes. | 27,445 | 29,801 |
| Boots and shoes. Other manufactures. | 192,087 | 274,943 |
| IRON AND STREL, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 89,029 | 140,148 |
| Pig Bar | 194,775 | 183,373 |
| Boiler-plate | 14,205 | 11,513 |
| Railroad bars or rails | 243,811 | 824,935 |
| Sheet, band, and hoop | 21,518 218,279 | 18,033 275,783 |
| Car-wheels | 122,039 | 69,628 |
| Car-wheels Stoves, and parts of | 113,321 | 140,984 1,016,974 |
| Steam-engines, locomotive | 568,802 | 1,016,974 |
| Steam-engines, stationary | 54,038 | 120,272 |
| engines | 70,018 | 109,703 |
| engines | 2,698,368 | 8,849,908 |

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | Twelve Mo June | |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878. | 1877. | 1878 |
| IRON AND STEEL, AND MANUFACTURES OF (Continued): | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Nails and spikes | \$319,584 | \$287,767 8,968,293 |
| Nails and spikes | 8,361,767 | 8,968,292 |
| Steel, and manufactures of: | 4- 001 | 15 00 1 |
| Ingots, bars, sheets, and wire | 15,661 88,714 | 15,80.2 54,81:: |
| Cutlery. Edge-tools. Files and saws Muskets, pistols, rifles, and sporting guns. Manufactures of steel, not specified. | 721.012 | 911,095 |
| Files and saws | 721,012 86,309 | 39,782 |
| Muskets, pistols, rifles, and sporting guns | 5,259.818 | 2,098,501 |
| Manufactures of steel, not specified | 806,981 | 865,497 |
| Junk (old) and oakum | 87,415 243,878 | 40,931 24 5.877 |
| Lead, and manufactures of | 49,835 | 814,890 |
| Lamps Lead, and manufactures of | , | • |
| Boots and shoes. Leather of all kinds, not specified | 414,680 | 468,433 |
| Leather of all kinds, not specified | 6,016,878 | 6,189,052 |
| Morocco, and other fine | 1,280,225 94,085 | 908,969 127,000 |
| Saddlery and harness. Manufactures of, not otherwise specified | 861,988 | 389,203 |
| Lime and cement | 97,928 | 98,334 |
| Manures: | | • |
| GuanoSubstances used expressly for manures | 41,580 | 8.727 |
| Substances used expressly for manures | 1,076,602 | 1,208,049 |
| Marble and stone rough | 181 716 | 142,661 |
| Marble and stone, rough | 131,716 917,987 | 597,856 |
| | 173,812 | 143,219 |
| Matches. Mathematical, philosophical, and optical instruments | 48,848 | 27,929 |
| MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS: | 578,864 | 438,664 |
| Organs, melodeons, etc | 880,156 | 808,019 |
| All other. | 12,659 | 14,795 |
| NAVAL STORES: | · 1 | • |
| Rosin and turpentine | 2,384,378 | 2,329,319 |
| Tar and pitch | 160,410 | 158,094 5,095,163 |
| Dils: | 4,818,140 | 0,000,100 |
| Mineral, crude | 8,756,720 | 2,694,018 |
| Mineral, crude | | |
| Naphthas, benzine, gasoline, etc | 1,816,682 | 1,411,813 |
| Illuminating. Lubricating, heavy paraffine, etc | 55,401,182 | 41,513,676 |
| Residuum | 817,355 | 639,197 316,271 |
| Animal: Lard. | 281,551 | 994,440 17,447 801,218 |
| Animal: Lard | 19,720 | 17,447 |
| Sperm. | 497,540 817,355 281,551 19,720 879,865 | 801,218 |
| Whale and other fishVegetable: Cotton-seed | 442,165 842,248 | 411,898 |
| Linseed | 48,485 | 2,514,393 27,232 |
| LinseedVolatile, or essential | 401,829 | 8.23,841 |
| Ordnance-stores: | | |
| Cannon and gun-carriages and accoutrements | 11,588 | 6,793 |
| Carridges and fraces | 2,825,570 | 8,337,094 |
| Gunpowder. | 248,925 | 102,436 |
| Cartridges and fuses. Cartridges and fuses. Gunpowder. Shot and shell. Ore, argentiferous, or silver bearing. | 2,161,866 | 1,366,529 |
| Ore, argentiferous, or silver bearing | 44,950 | 8,550 |
| Paints and painters' colors Paintings and engravings. Paper and stationery. | 186,050 | 239,075 |
| namenga and engravings | 196,518 988,218 | 281,841 1,085,819 |
| Perfumery | 269,785 | 295.269 |
| Perfumery Plated ware of silver or other metal Printing presses and type | 149,772 | 215,189 |
| Printing-presses and type | 149,772 159,746 | 171,063 |
| PROVISIONS: | | E4 ME0 004 |
| Bacon and hams | 49,512,412 4,552,528 | 51,750.203 5,009.836 |
| Beef { Fresh. Salted or cured | 2,950,952 | 2,973,284 |
| | | |

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. Corrected to August 14, 1878. | | onths ended e 80. |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878. | 1877. | 1878. |
| Provisions—(Continued): | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Butter. | \$4,494,616 | \$3,930,840 |
| Cheese | 12,700,627 | 14,108,529 |
| Condensed milk | 123,801 | 128,118 |
| Eggs. | 8,429 | 14,880 |
| Rgrs Fish, dried or smoked Fish, fresh | 791,785 114,838 | 766,136 |
| Fish nickled | 486,788 | 84,278 |
| Fish, pickledFish, other, cured | 2.496.225 | 416,100 8,198,896 |
| Lard | 25,562,665 | 80,014,023 |
| Meats, preserved. | 3,989,977 | 5,099,918 |
| Mutton, fresh | 36,480 | 9,272 |
| Oysters. Pickles and sauces. | 260,630 | 893,053 |
| Pork | 45,361 6,296,414 | 19,476 |
| Onions | 48,081 | 4,918,646 44,484 |
| Potatoes. | 533,187 | 541,593 |
| Other vegetables Vegetables, prepared or preserved | 90,586 | 79,864 |
| Vegetables, prepared or preserved | 25,982 | 59,135 |
| Quicksilver | 1,767,266 | 1,280,008 |
| Cotton and linen | 5,719 1,140 78,112 | 12,825 |
| Rice. | 78.112 | 32.866 |
| Balt | 20,133 | 24,968 |
| Scales and balances | 159,231 | 215,656 |
| Cotton | 130,062 | 179,602 |
| Clover, timothy, garden, and all other | 8,403,685 | 437 2,085,887 |
| Cotton. Flaxeed or linseed. Clover, timothy, garden, and all other ewing-machines, and parts of | 1,652,487 | 1,661,715 |
| Perfumed, and all toiletOther | 11,549 | 86,272 |
| Other | 627,403 | 621,813 |
| permaceti | 41,027 | 58,302 |
| From grain | 489,174 | 864,162 |
| From molasses From other materials | 285,979 | 272,457 |
| From other materials | 5,811 | 12,633 |
| pirits of turpentine | 2,274,639 454,282 | 2,883,569 |
| tarchteam and other fire-engines and apparatus | 61.535 | 613,621 |
| TIGAR and MOTASSES! | 01,000 | 85,862 |
| Sugar, brown | 6,618 | 4,146 |
| Sugar, refined | 4,586,698 | 4,508,115 |
| Sugar, brown. Sugar, refined. Molasses Candy and confectionery. | 594,547 87,686 | 865,747 |
| Candy and contectionery | 7,883,616 | 41,687 |
| Callow | 87,057 | 6,695,377 116,274 |
| OBACCO, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | 3.,,55. | 210,212 |
| Leaf | 28,825,521 | 24,803,165 |
| Cigars | 38,161 | 46,170 |
| Snuff Other manufactures | 1,968 8,154,564 | 7.825 |
| Cennic and values | 131,082 | 3,627,022 |
| Frunks and valises. Jmbrellas, parasols, and sun-shades | 2,492 | 140,477 5,187 |
| Varnish Vessels sold to foreigners: | 61,178 | 93,052 |
| Steamers | 9,000 | 147,800 |
| Sailing-vessels | 186,802 | 241.681 |
| Vinagor | 5,858 | 4,120 |
| Watches and parts of | 77,857 | 4,120 140,794 |
| Wax | 84,461 509,028 | 96,574 |
| | | 569,762 |
| Wearing-apparelWhalebone | 160,666 | 264,980 |

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES-(Continued).

| From the Official Report of the Bureau of Statistics. | | onths ended to 80. |
|---|---|---|
| Corrected to August 14, 1878. | 1877. | 1878. |
| WOOD, AND MANUFACTURES OF: | VALUES. | VALUES. |
| Boards, clapboards, deals, planks, joists, and scantling Laths, palings, pickets, curtain-sticks, broom; handles, and bed-slats. Shingles | \$5,434,923 | \$4, 531,741 |
| | 16,800 126,689 | 9,288 154,583 |
| Box-shooks. Other shooks, staves, and headings | 305,201 | 145,232 |
| Hogsheads and barrels, cmpty | 8,948,789 255,911 | |
| All other lumber | 846,410 | 520,454 |
| Fire-wood. Hop, hoop, telegraph, and other poles | 9,518 418, 33 1 | |
| Logs, masts, spars, and other whole timber | 499,822 | |
| Timber, sawed and hewed | 8,124,419 | 2,662,784 |
| All other timber | 60,059 1,700,419 | |
| Wooden were | 398,889 | 1,961,522 287,861 |
| All other manufactures of wood | 1,878,089 | 1,714,410 |
| Wool, and manufactures of: Wool, raw and fleece | 26,446 | 93,856 |
| CarpetsOther manufactures of | 16,377 | 10,490 |
| Other manufactures of | 275,460 | 427,534 |
| Ore or oxide | 84,468 | 83,881 |
| Plates, sheets, pigs, or bars | 115,12 | 216,580 |
| ALL ARTICLES NOT ENUMERATED: All other unmanufactured articles | 792,297 | 854,281 |
| All other manufactured articles | 2,152,625 | 2,257,504 |
| Total Domestic Exports | \$676,115,816 | 3722,779,499 |
| Total value of merchandise 1877. 1878. | | |
| (mixed values) \$632,990,090 \$993,724,514 Total value of coin and bullion 43,135,738 27,054,985 | \$676, 115,818 | \$722,770,499 |
| Gold value of merchandise | \$589,669,490 | \$660,683,798 |
| Shipped in American vessels | 156,081,514 515,104,908 4,980,096 | 159,785,187 557,748,544 5,295,768 |
| • | \$676,115,818 | \$722,779,499 |
| II.—EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES OF FOREIGN PRODUCTIONS, LAST TWO YEARS. | | |
| Total value of merchandise Total value of coin and bullion | \$12,804,996 18,027,499 | \$14,154,698 6,678,940 |
| Total foreign exports | \$25,882,495 676,115,818 | \$20,882,988 722,779,499 |
| Gross exports | \$701,948,818 | \$ 748,612 ,437 |
| Total value of merchandise \$645,785,076 \$709,879,212 Total value of coin and bullion. 56,163,227 \$3,733,325 | | |
| Gross exports | | |

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES, WITH RATES OF DUTY THEREON.*

Table showing Quantities, Values, Total Duties, Rates of Duty and Average Duty, ad valorem, on all imported Commodities paying \$100,000 or upwards into the Treasury, in the year 1878.

[Compiled from the Official Report on Commerce and Navigation of the U. S. for 1878.]

| Commodities. | Quantities. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty, ad valo- rcm, per |
|--|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Ale, porter, and beer: In | | Dellars. | | Dollars. | cent. |
| bottlesgallons | 491,606 | 499,607 | | 178,153 | 84.44 |
| Aniline dyes or colorslbs | 228,424 | 479,378 | 50 c. per lb.) and 85 p. c. | 282,131 | 58.83 |
| Animals, living: Cattle, | | _ | | | |
| hogs, horses, sheep, etc No. | | | 20 per cent. | 510,984 | |
| Barley bushels Books and other printed | 5,806,191 | 8,493,557 | 15 c. per bush. | 870,929 | 24.94 |
| matter | ì | 1,497,898 | 25 per cent. | 374,480 | 25.00 |
| Braids of straw | | 891,251 | | 269,634 | £0.00 |
| Brushes | | 295,413 | 40 per cent. | 118,165 | 40.00 |
| Buttons | | 1,886,191 | 30 per cent. | 850,855 | |
| Cheeselbs. | | | 4 c. per lb. | 87,880 | 22.13 |
| China, porcelain, and Parian ware, plain, white, and not decorated in any man- ner | | 289,183 | 45 per cent. | 180,193 | 45.00 |
| decorated in any manner. "Other earthen, stone, or crockery ware, white, glazed, edged, printed, painted, or dipped, or | | 657,465 | 50 per cent. | 829,948 | 50.00 |
| cream colored | 572,846 | 3,081,898 1,929,660 | | 1,212,748 429,631 | |
| cents or less per square yardsquare yards "Printed or colored, value 25 cents or less per | 7,459,608 | | 5⅓ c. per yard. | 412,072 | 45.47 |
| square yard square yards | 5.598.108 | 903,874 | } 54c. per sq. } } yd.& 20 p.c. } | 464,872 | 57.89 |
| square vard.square vards | 1,422,441 | 884,045 | 85 per cent. | 134,438 | 35.00 |
| " Hosiery" Laces, cords, braids, gimps galloons, and cotton laces. | | 4,770,103 | | 1,669,586 | |
| colored and insertings | | 2,482,908 | 33 per cent. | 809,282 | 85.00 |

^{*} For greater condensation, fractions are omitted, and the figures are therefore approximate, except as to rates and percentages of duty, which are the figures of the Bureau of Statistics.

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| Commodities. | Quantities. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty, ad valo- rem, per cent. |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cotton, thread-yarn, warps, | | | | | |
| or warp-yarn not wound on spools, valued at over 60 |)i | | | | |
| and not exceeding 80 cents per poundlbs. | | 890,025 | 30 c. per lb. { and 20 p. c. } | 246,564 | 63.23 |
| Cotton, valued at over 80 cts. | | 4 400 000 | (40 c, per lb.) | 040.004 | F0 60 |
| per pound lbs. "Velvet, velveteens, velvet | 1,007,517 | 1,196,020 | and 20 p.c. } | 642,331 | 53.68 |
| bindings, ribbons, and vestings | l | 730,278 | 85 per cent. | 255,597 | 35.00 |
| Cotton manufactures not otherwise specified | | 3,794,111 | 85 per cent. | 1,328,531 | 35.00 |
| Currants, Zante or otherlbs. | 17,911,852 | 776,827 | | 179,414 | |
| mosaics, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious | | | | | |
| stones, not set | | 2,970,469 | | 297, 047 | 10.00 |
| Dolls Embroideries, of cotton or | | 875,610 | | 181,453 | 35.00 |
| woolFans | | 2,542,822 360,912 | | 890,023 126,319 | 85.00 85.00 |
| Feathers, ostrich, cock, and other ornamental | | 919,632 | <u>-</u> | 229,918 | |
| Feathers and flowers, artifi- | | 010,000 | ao per cent. | ,510 | |
| cial and ornamental, not otherwise provided for | | 842,587 | 50 per cent. | 421,230 | £0.00 |
| Fire-crackers, in boxes of 40 packs, not exceeding 80 to | d i | | | | |
| the packboxes | 125,025 | 101,918 | \$1 per box. | 125,060 | 122.68 |
| cents or less per square yd. "valued at above 30 cents | | 8,057,839 | 35 per cent. | 2,820,615 | 35.00 |
| per square yard | | 1,691,851 | 40 per cent. | 676,787 | 40.00 |
| tures of flax, jute, or hemp. | | | | | |
| the component of chief | ì | | | | |
| value (except bagging for | | 2.467.685 | 80 per cent. | 740,385 | 80.00 |
| "Duck, canvas, paddings, | | ,, | | , , | |
| "Duck, canvas, paddings, cot-bottoms, diapers, crash, huckabacks, hand- kerchiefs (not hemmed), | | | | | |
| lawns, or other manufac- | | | | | |
| tures of flax, jute, or hemp, valued at 80 cents or less | 1 | | | | |
| per square yard | L) | 670,355 | 85 per cent. | 234,705 | Ι. |
| per square yard | | 317,847 | 40 per cent. | 127,139 | 40.00 |
| thread | | 627,788 | 40 per cent. | 251.093 | 40.00 |
| flax not otherwise provided | . } | PP0 000 | 40 | 990 121 | 40.00 |
| for | | 550,879 | - | 220,161 | 1 |
| "Filberts and walnutslbs. | 2,089,184 4,834,452 | 219,578 268,926 | 6 c. per lb. 8 c. per lb. | 125,848 145,034 | |
| " Pruneslbs. " Raisinslbs. | 17,654,657 | 1.172.177 | 1 c. per lb. | 176,547 893,818 | 15.09 |
| Furs, and manufactures of | | 1,904,966 2,059,729 | 20 per cent. | 412,011 | .20.00 |

| | | | | , | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Commodities. | Quantities. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty ad valo- rem, per cent. |
| Glass-ware: Porcelain, Bo- | | | | | |
| hemian, cut, engraved, painted, colored, printed, stained, silvered, or gilded, not including plate-glass, silvered, or looking-glass | | 470.440 | 40 per cent. | 100 500 | 40.00 |
| plates Plate glass, cast, polished not silvered, above 24 by | | 400,440 | 40 per cent. | 188,537 | 40.00 |
| "Window-glass, cylinder, | 100,115 | 658,560 | 50 c. per sq. ft. | £78,390 | 57.49 |
| crown, or common, un- polished, above 10 by 15 and not above 16 by 24 lbs. "Above 16 by 24 and not | 5,802,216 | 175,755 | 2 c. per lb. | 117,853 | 67.05 |
| above 24 by 30 lbs ""Above 24 by 30 inlbs. "Manufactures of, not other- | 6,562,511 | | | 164,06 3 186,936 | |
| wise specified | | 539,126 | 40 per cent. | 215,806 | 40.00 |
| straw Hemp, jute, and other fibre: Bags, cotton-bags, and | | 78 0,674 | 40 per cent. | 295,024 | 40.00 |
| bagging (except bagging for cotton) | | 1,004,832 | 40 per cent. | 403,480 | 40.CO |
| age, cwt | 157,765 498,276 | 764,189 1,000,011 | \$15 per ton. \$6 per ton. | 118,324 147,983 | 15.48 13.45 |
| hemp | 222,072 | 1,827,099 | £25 per ton. | 403,048 | 22.02 |
| of: Braces, webbing, etc Iron and steel, manufactures | | ••••• | 35 per cent. | ••••• | 35.00 |
| of: Bar iron, ¾ @ 2 in. thick | 44,908,918 1,122,144 8,712,618 | 988,629 1,261,430 226,791 | 1 c. per lb. \$7 per ton. 1½ c. per lb. | 449,089 892,999 108,908 | 45.43 30.65 48.02 |
| "Steel, and manufactures of: | •••• | 1,095,867 | 85 per cent. | 383,430 | 85.00 |
| Pen-knives, jack-knives, and pocket-knives | | 797,530 | 50 per cent. | 898,791 | 50.00 |
| "In ingots, bars, coils, | ••• ••••• | 854,9 C6 | 85 per cent. | 123,914 | 8 5.00 |
| less that 1/2 inch diameter, valued at 7 cents per pound or less | 6,278,292 | 529,731 | 2½ c. per lb. | 141,292 | 42.84 |
| and not over 11 cents per pound | 4,699,342 | 473,845 | 3 c. per lb. | 140,995 | 29.75 |
| nrearms. | | 842,109 | 85 per cent. | 119,782 | 85.00 |
| "Manufactures of steel not otherwise provided for Jewelry of gold, silver, or other metal, or imitations | | 662,804 | 45 per cent. | 296,812 | 45.60 |
| other metal, or imitations of | ••••• | | 25 per cent. | | 25.00 |

| Commodities, | Quantities. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty, ad valo- rem, per cent. |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lead, and manufactures of Pigs and bars, and moltenlbs. Leather, and manufactures of: Calf-skins, tanned, or | 6,717,052 | 294,283 | 2 c. per lb. | 184,841 | 45.66 |
| tanned and dressed | | 1,839,460 | 25 per cent. | 459,970 | 25.00 |
| "Gloves, of kid or leather, of all descriptions" "Upper leather of all kinds, and skins, dressed and | | 8,179,763 | 50 per cent. | 1,589,984 | 50.00 |
| finished, of all kinds, not otherwise provided for "Manufactures of, and articles of leather, or of which | | 1,554,878 | 20 per cent. | 310,930 | 20.00 |
| leather shall be a com- ponent part, not otherwise provided for | | 88 \$,484 ε,841,138 | | 116,727 768,258 | 85.00 90.00 |
| Veined and all other, in block, roughed or squared, not otherwise specified | 857,725 | 876,986 | 50 c.per cu. | 254 ,893 | 67.45 |
| and all other floor-matting, of flags, jute, or grass | | 422,003 | 30 per cent. | 128,602 | 80.00 |
| Metal, manufactures of, not otherwise provided for Musical instruments | | 478,907 533,010 | | 167,667 159,868 | 85.00 80.00 |
| Oils, olive, salad, in bottles or flasksgallons Opium | 195,681 209,874 | | \$1 per gall. \$1 per lb. | 195,694 209 ,874 | 51.51 29.13 |
| ing | 54,805 | 617,160 | \$6 per lb. | 828,829 | 53.27 |
| not otherwise provided for Rice, cleaned | 41 170 075 | 1. 84 0,382 1,104,710 | 85 per cent. 2½ c. per lb. | 469,163 1,087,647 | 75.00 93 23 |
| or other packageslbs. in bulk | 1 X52.100 963 | 1,062,995 483,908 | 12 c.per 100 lbs. 8 c.per 100 lbs. | 492,546 812,092 | 89.73 69.00 |
| WINC QUALITY DUAGE | 1,010,000 | . 631,736 | 4 c. per box. | 287,039 | 45.44 |
| Seeds: Flaxseed or linseed (56 lbs. to the bushel. bushels | 1.284.862 | 1,880,197 | 20 c. per bush | 256,972 | 13.63 |
| Silk: Braids, laces, fringes. galloons, buttons, and ornaments, dress and | | | | • | |
| piece goods | | 13,509,262 | 60 per cent. 60 per cent. | 8,295,965 783,398 | 60 00 60.00 |
| "Ready-made clothing | | 1,303,786 948,711 | 60 per cent. | 149,227 | 60.00 |
| " Ribbons | l | 1,600,458 | 60 per cent. | 9:34,275 | 60.00 |
| "Ribbons (edge of cotton) "Silk manufactures not otherwise provided for, | | 201,758 | 50 per cent. | 100,879 | 50.00 |
| made of silk, or of which | l i | 1 | | | |
| silk is the component or | | | | | |

| COMMODITIES, | Quantifics. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty, ad valo- rem, per cent. |
|--|-------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Silk: manufactures of, which have as a component | | | | | |
| thereof 25 per centum, or over, in value of cotton, | 1 | | | | l |
| flax, wool, or worsted | 85,178,762 | 1,818,496 | | 656,718 | 50.00 |
| Soda causticlbs. Soda ashlbs. | | 1,015,554 8,128,772 | 1½ c. per lb. ½ c. per lb. | 497,681 521,069 | 49.01 16.65 |
| Spices: Cassia, and Cassia Vera | 1,184,769 | | · · | 115,651 | 81.90 |
| " Nutmegs | 848.282 | | | 171,802 | |
| "Pepper: black and white, grainlbs. Spirits and wines: Brandy, | 7,507,049 | 609,956 | 5 c. per lb. | 876,205 | 61.53 |
| proof gallons "Cordials, liqueurs, arrack, | 506,076 | 1,021,032 | \$2 per gall. | 1,020,495 | 99.18 |
| absinthe, kirechwasser, | J | | | | |
| ratafia gallons "Spirits, other, manufac- | 78.858 | 168,402 | \$2 per gall. | 147,085 | 141.88 |
| tured or distilled from | | OK1 000 | \$2 per gall. | 878,956 | 346 49 |
| "Spirits, other (except | ********* | 201,032 | ga per gan. | 010,300 | |
| graingallons "Spirits, other (except brandy), manufactured or distilled from other mate- | | | | | 004 50 |
| "Cologne-water and other | 204,303 | 125,909 | \$2 per gall. | 409,926 | 362.36 |
| perfumery, of which alco- hol forms the principal | | | (#9 non mall) | | |
| ingredientgallons | 9,557 | 15 7,076 | | 107,815 | 68.25 |
| Sugar and molasses: Mo- lassesgallons | 26,855,764 | 6,860,316 | 5 c. plus 25 per cent | 1,678,485 | 24.47 |
| "Molasses concent'ed, tank- bottoms, sirup of sugar- | | | (per lb.) | | |
| bottoms, sirup of sugar- cane, and meladolbs. Sugar: All not above No. 7, | 86,691,376 | 1,383,482 | 11/4 c. plus 1 25 c. per lb. | 687,963 | 49.78 |
| Dutch standardibs. "Above No. 7 and not above | 860,287,182 | 41,516,497 | 134 c. plus 25 p.c.p.lb. | 18,818,782 | 45.33 |
| No. 10ibs. | 618,019,876 | 83,232,883 | { 2 c. plus 25 } } p. c. pr. lb. } | 15,450,497 | 46.49 |
| "Above No. 10 and not above No. 18lbs. | | 4,110,513 | 1 22 c.plus 25 (p. c. per lb.) | 2,033,904 | 26.98 |
| Tartar, cream oflbs. Tartar, argols, other than | | | 10 c. per lb. | | 42.55 |
| crude | | 0.829.640 | 6 c. per lb. | 2,669,662 | 26.88 26.98 |
| Tobacco, and manufactures | | <i>0</i> ,010,0±0 | 118 C. PCI ID. | 2,000,000 | |
| of: Leaf, unmanufactured and not stemmedlbs. | 7,458,844 | 8,909,061 | 85 c. per lb. | 2,613,449 | 66.67 |
| " Cigars, cigarettes and che- rootslbs. | 551,056 | 2,117,519 | \$2.50 pr.lb. \ and 25 p. c. \ | 1,907,480 | 90.06 |
| Toys, wooden and other | | 271,467 717,828 | 50 per cent. | 185,755 179,831 | 50.00 25.00 |
| Watches, of gold or silver Wines, Champagne, and all | | 111,020 | 25 per cent. | 110,001 | ۵.00 |
| other sparkling, in bottles, containing not more than | | | | | |
| 1 pint each and more than 1/2 pintdozen. | 98,801 | 618,489 | \$3 per dozen. | 296,578 | 47.93 |
| "containing not more than 1 quart and more than 1 | | · | - | | |
| pintdozens | 78,088 | 924,360 | \$6 per doz. | 469,377 | 50.68 |

PRINCIPAL IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES, WITH RATES OF DUTY THEREON, 1878—Continued.

| Commodities. | Quantities. | Values. | Rate of Duty. | Total Duties. | Average Duty, ad valo- rem, per cent. |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Wines, still, in casksgalls. "in bottles, containing each not more than 1 quart and | 8,658,726 | 1,874,791 | 40 c. per gall. | 1,467,785 | 77.95 |
| more than 1 pint.doz.bots. | 142,811 | 620,369 | \$1.60 per doz. | 229,185 | 36 99 |
| Wood: Boards, planks, deals. and other lumberMft. "Manufactures of, not | 268,711 | 2,569,86 0 | \$2 per M. ft. | 527,422 | 20 52 |
| otherwise provided for Wools, hair of the alpaca, goat, etc.: Raw and manu- factured, Class No. 1, | | 458,547 | 85 per cent. | 177,689 | 85.00 |
| cents or less per lblbs. "Class No. 2, value not | 9,887,544 | 2,214,233 | (10 c. per lb.) and 11 p.c., less 10 p. c.) | 1,177,587 | 58.17 |
| over 32 cents per pound.lbs. "Class No. 2, value over 32 | 2,077,882 | 683,464 | | 277,477 | 43.79 |
| "Class No. 8, carpet and other similar wools, valued | 951,487 | 886,219 | 12 c. per lb. { and 10 p. c. } | 147,800 | 43.96 |
| at 12 cents or less per pound | 19,855,082 | 2,288,597 | 8 c. per lb. | 595,756 | 36.62 |
| poundlbs. "Dress goods, women and | 7,000,296 | 1,861,042 | 6 c. per lb. | 420,049 | 80.86 |
| calidren's, and real or imitation Italian cloths, valued at not exceeding 20 cents per sq. ydsq. yds. "Valued at above 20 cents per square yard sq. yds. "Dress goods, women and children's, and real or | | | 6 c. per sq. \\ yd. &35 p.c. \\ 8 c. per sq. \\ 8 c. yer sq. \\ yd. &40 p.c. \\ | 2,689,129 5,744,968 | 1 |
| imitation Italian cloths, weighing 4 ounces and over per square yardlbs. "Hosiery, valued at above 80 cents per poundlbs. | 1,014,841 178,840 | 1,690,509 464,506 | 1 50 c. per lb. 1 | 1,098,859 252,089 | 65.00 54.25 |
| "Manufactures not other- wise specified, valued at above 80 cents per lblbs. | 604,300 | 882,958 | \$50 c. per lb. } and 85 p. c. } | 611,488 8,988,590 | 69.23 70. 0 |
| Wool and worsted, Cloths. lbs. Wool Clothing — articles of | . 4,005,575 | 5,657,894 | 50 c.per lb. and 85 p. c. 50 c. per lb. | ., | 54.89 |
| wear | 165,986 | 576,439 | 50 c. per lb. and 40 p. c. | 818,586 | U1.00 |
| wise provided forlbs. | 128,725 | 200,204 | 50 c. per lb.) and 35 p. c. } | 187,718 | 65.76 |
| "Shawls, woollenlbs. "Worsted, etc., not other- | 86,587 | 198,155 | 50 c. per lb. (and 85 p. c.) | 118,798 | 86.85 |
| wise provided for | 880,968 | 1,102,878 | and 40 p. c. | 655,095 | 57.24 |
| fringes, cords, buttons, etclbs. | 832,206 | 805,898 | { 50 c. per lb. } } and 50 p. c. } | 509,065 | 70.67 |
| "Yarns, valued at above 80 cents per poundlbs. | 453,226 | 548,168 | 50 c. per lb. { and 50 p. c. } | 419,250 | 77.48 |
| Average duty on all dutiable | e commodit | | | | 49.75 |

FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report on Commerce and Navigation of the United States for 1877, etc.]

STATEMENT showing the value of the Imports and Exports of the United States carried respectively in United States Vessels, and in Foreign Vessels, during fifty-eight years ended June 30, 1878, with the percentage carried in vessels of the United States.

| 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. | American vessels. \$ 58,025,890 76,984,331 71,511,541 | Foreign vessels. | American vessels. | Foreign ves- | and exports carried in American | and exports carried in | carri |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 822 823 824 825 827 826 827 828 827 832 832 832 833 834 835 837 838 840 841 842 843 844 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 | 76,984,331 71,511,541 | • | | sels. | vessels. | foreign vessels. | Amer ican vessel |
| 822 823 824 825 827 826 827 828 827 832 832 832 833 834 835 837 838 840 841 842 843 844 845 845 845 845 845 845 845 | 76,984,331 71,511,541 | | | \$ | \$ | | |
| 828. 824. 825. 825. 826. 827. 828. 827. 828. 838. 838. 838. 838. 838. 838. 838 | 71,511,541 | 4,559,825 | 55,175,572 | 9,798,410 | 113.201,462 | 14,358,235 | 88 |
| 824. 825. 826. 827. 829. 829. 831. 832. 833. 833. 833. 834. 844. 844. 844. 844 | 71,511,541 | 6,257,210 | 60,715,568 | 11,444,713 | 137,699,899 | 17,701,923 | 88 |
| 825. 826. 827. 8827. 8828. 8827. 8828. 8831. 8833. 8835. 8836. 8837. 8840. 8841. 8844. 8846. 8847. 8846. 8849. | | 6,067,726 | 65,315,666 | 9,383,464 | 136,827,207 | 15,451,190 | 89 |
| 826. 827. 828. 828. 832. 831. 832. 834. 835. 837. 838. 841. 844. 844. 844. 844. 844. 844. 84 | 75,265,053 91,902,512 | 5,283,954 4,437,563 | 67,411,706 88,799,749 | 8,574,951 10,735,639 | 142,676,759 180,702,261 | 13,858,905 15,173,202 | 91 92 |
| 827 828 829 830 831 833 833 833 835 836 837 839 841 844 844 844 844 844 845 847 849 850 | 80,778,120 | 4,196,357 | 69,553,516 | 8,041,806 | 150,331,636 | | 92 |
| \$28. \$29. \$30. \$31. \$32. \$32. \$34. \$35. \$35. \$36. \$37. \$38. \$39. \$40. \$41. \$44. \$44. \$44. \$44. \$45. | 74,965,496 | 4,518,572 | 72,090,544 | 10,232,283 | 147,056,040 | 14,750,855 | 90 |
| 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 849. 850. | 81,951,319 | 6,558,505 | 61,108,374 | 11,156,312 | 143,059,693 | 14,750,855 17,714,817 | 88 |
| 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 837. 838. 840. 842. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 69,325,552 | 5,166,975 | 62,089,441 | 10,269,230 | 131,414,993 | 15,436,205 | 89 |
| 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 840. 841. 842. 844. 845. 844. 845. 849. 850. | 66,035,739 | 4,481,181 | 63,882,719 | 9,966,789 | 129,918,458 | 14,447,970 | 89 |
| 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 93,962,110 | 9,229,014 | 65,546,181 | 15,764,402 | 159,508,291 | 24,993,416 | 86 83 |
| 834 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 849. 850. | 90,298,229 98,060,772 | 10,731,037 10,057,539 | 66,140,760 68,058,231 | 21,036,183 22,082,202 | 156,438.989 166,119,003 | 31,767,220 32,139,741 | 83 |
| 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 113,700,174 | 12,821,158 | 77,693,461 | 26,643,512 | 191,393,635 | | 83 |
| 836. 837. 838. 839. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 135,288,865 | 14,606,877 | 94,135,191 | 27,558,386 | 229,424,056 | | 84 |
| 838. 839. 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 171,056,442 | 18,323,593 | 97,132,457 | 31,530,583 | 268,188,899 | 49,854,176 | 84 |
| 839. 1 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 1 846. 1 847. 848. 849. 850. | 122,177,193 | 18,812,024 | 91,207,563 | 26,211,813 | 213,384,756 | | 82 |
| 840. 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 103,087,448 | 10,629,956 | 89.819,799 | 18,666,817 | 192,907,247 | | 84 |
| 841. 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 143,874,252 | 18,217,880 | 94,787,948 | 26,240,468 | 238,662,200 | | 84 |
| 842. 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 92,802,352 113,221,877 | 14,339,167 14,724,300 | 105,622,257 94,808,638 | 26,463,689 24,043,165 | 198,424,609 208,030,515 | | 83 |
| 843. 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. | 88,724,280 | 11,437,807 | 79,893,023 | 24,798,511 | 168,617,303 | | 82 |
| 844. 845. 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 49,971,875 | 14,781,924 | 65,053,636 | 19,292,844 | 115,025,511 | | 82 |
| 846. 847. 848. 849. 850. | 94,174,673 | 14,260,362 | 78,450,529 | 82,749,517 | 172,625,202 | | 78 |
| 847. 848. 849. 850. | 102,438,481 | 14,816,083 | 86,942,442 | 27,704,164 | 189,380,923 | | 81 |
| 849. 850. | 106,008,173 | 15,683,624 | 86,550,175 | 26,938,341 | 192,558,348 | 42,621,965 | - 81 |
| 849. 850. | 113,141,357 128,647,232 | 83,404,281 | 100,204,804 | 53,868,210 44,374,200 | | | 70 |
| 850. | 128,647,232 | 26,351,696 | 109,657,931 100,533,123 | 45,222,697 | 238,305,168 220,915,275 | | |
| | 120,382,152 139,657,043 | 27,475,287 38,481,275 | 99,615,041 | 52,283,679 | 239.272,084 | | |
| | 163,650,543 | 52,574,389 | 152,456,689 | 65,931,322 | 316,107,232 | | 72 |
| | 155,258,467 | 53,038,388 | 139,476,937 | 70,181,429 | 294,735,404 | 123,219,817 | 70 |
| 853. | 191,688,325 | 76,290,322 | 155,028,802 | 75,947,355 | 346,717,127 | 152,237,677 | 69 |
| | 215,376.273 | 86,117,821 | 191,322,266 | 84,474,054 | 406,698,539 | | |
| | 202,234,900 | 59,233,620 | 203,250,562 | 71,906,284 | 405,485,462 | 131,139,904 | 75 |
| | 249,972,512 259,116,170 | 64,667,430 101,773,971 | 232,295,762 251,214,857 | 94,669,146 111,745,825 | 482,268.274 510,331,027 | 159,336,576 213,519,796 | |
| | 203,700,016 | 78,913,134 | 243,491,288 | 81,153,133 | 447,191,304 | | 73 |
| | 216, 123, 428 | 122,644,702 | 249,617,953 | 107,171,509 | 465,741,381 | | 66 |
| 860. | 228,164,855 | 134,001,399 | 279,082,902 | 121,039,394 | 507,247,757 | 255,040,798 | |
| 861. | 201,544,055 | 134,106,098 | 179,972,733 | 69,372,180 | 381,516,788 | 203,478,278 | 65 |
| 862. | 92,274,100 | 113,497,629 | 125,421,318 | 104,517,667 | 217,695,418 | 218,015,296 | 50 |
| 863. | 109,744,580 | 143,175,340 | 132.127,891 102,849,409 | 199,880,691 237,442,730 | 241,872,471 184,061,486 | | 27 |
| 865. | 81,212,077 | 248,350,818 174,170,536 | 93,017,756 | 262,839,588 | 167,402,872 | | |
| | 112,040,395 | 333,471,763 | 213,671,466 | 351,754,928 | 325,711,861 | | |
| 867. | 117,209,536 | 300,622,035 | 179,788,851 | 279,399,969 | 296,998,387 | 580,022,004 | 33 |
| 868. | 122,965,225 | 248,659,583 | 175,016,348 | 301,886,491 | 297,981,573 | 550,546,074 | 35 |
| 869. | 136,802,024 | 300,512,231 | 153,154,748 | 285,979,781 | 289,956,772 | 586,492,012 | |
| | 153,237,283 | 309,140,304 | 199,732,324 | 329,786,978 | 352,969,607 | | 35 |
| | 163,285,710 | 363,020,644 445,416,783 | 190,378,462 168,044,799 | 392,801,932 293,929,579 | 353,664,172 345,331,101 | 839,346,362 | |
| | 177,286,302 174,739,839 | 471,806,765 | 171,566,758 | 494,915,886 | 346,306,597 | 966,722,651 | |
| | 176,027,778 | 405,320,135 | 174,424,216 | 533,885,971 | 350,451,994 | 939,206,106 | 27 |
| 875. | 157,872,726 | 382,949,568 | 156,385,066 | 501,838,949 | 314,257,792 | 884,788,517 | 26 |
| 876. | 143,389,704 | 321,130,500 | 167,686,467 | 492,215,487 | 311,076,171 | 813,345,987 | |
| | 151,834,067 146,499,282 | 329,565,833 | 164,826,214 166,512,291 | | 316,660,281 313,011,573 | 859.920,536 876,996,846 | |

U. S. IMPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES-1821-1878.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports on the Commerce and Navigation of the U. S.]

| FISCAL YEARS. | Woolens. | Cottons. | Hemp and mfs. | Iron and steel infs. | Linens and flax mfs. | Silks. |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollare. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| 1821 | 7,437,737 | 7,589,711 | 1,738,806 | 1,868,529 | 2,564,159 | 4,486,924 |
| 1822 | 12,185,904 | 10,246,907 | 3,059,413 | 3,155,575 | 4,132,747 | 6,840,928 |
| 823 | 8,268,038 | 8,554,877 | 2,293,757 | 2,967,121 | 3,803,007 | 6,718,444 |
| 824 | 8,386,597 | 8,895,757 | 2.370,234 | 2,831,702 | 3,873,616 | 7,205,317 |
| 825 | 11,392,264 | 12,509,516 | 2,619.210 | 3,706,416 | 3,887,787 | 10,299,743 |
| 826 | 8,431,974 | 8,348,034 | 2,699,084 | 3,186,485 | 2,987,026 | 8,327,909 |
| 827 828 | 8,742,701 8,679,505 | 9,316,153 | 2.581,821 | 3,973,587 | 2,656,786 | 6,712,015 |
| 829 | 6,881,489 | 10,996,270 8,362,017 | 3,278,759 2,230,724 | 4,180,915 3,430,908 | 3.239,539 2,842,431 | 7,686,640 7,192,698 |
| 830 | 5,766,396 | 7,862,326 | 1,613,221 | 3,655,848 | 3,011,280 | 5,932,242 |
| 831 | 12,627.229 | 16,090,224 | 1,812,721 | 4,827,833 | 3,790,111 | 11,117,646 |
| 832 | 9,992,424 | 10,399,653 | 2,627,871 | 5,306,245 | 4,073,164 | 9,248,907 |
| 833 | 13,262,500 | 7,660,449 | 2,660,089 | 4,135,437 | 3,132,557 | 9,498,366 |
| 834 | 11,879,328 | 10,145,181 | 2,349,302 | 4,746,621 | 5,485,389 | 10,998,964 |
| 835 | 17,834,424 | 15,367,585 | 3,172,188 | 5,351,616 | 6,472,021 | 16,677,547 |
| 836 | 21,080,003 | 17,876,087 | 4,270,000 | 7,880,869 | 9 307,493 | 22,980,212 |
| 837 | 8,500,292 | 11,150,841 | 2,481,706 | 6,526,693 | 5,544,761 | 14,352,823 |
| 838 | 11,512,920 | 6,599,330 | 2,189,322 | 3,613,286 | 3,972,098 | 9,871,248 |
| 839 | 18,575,945 | 14,908,181 | 2,813,715 | 6,507,510 | 7,703,065 | 21,742,369 |
| 840 | 9,071,184 | 6.504,484 | 2,374,270 | 3,184,900 | 4,614,466 | 9,835,757 |
| 841 | 11.001,939 | 11,757.036 | 3,309,351 | 4,255,960 | 6,846,807 | 15,554,897 |
| 842 | 8.375,725 | 9,578,515 | 1,627.422 | 3,572,081 | 3,659,184 | 9,457,417 |
| 843 | 2.472,154 9,408,279 | 2,958,796 | 788,780 | 1,012,086 | 1,484,921 | 2,704,013 |
| 844 845 | 10,504,423 | 13,236,830 13,360,729 | 1,127,340 942,033 | 2,395,760 | 4,492,826 | 8,310,711 |
| 846 | 9,935,925 | 12,857,422 | 877,109 | 4,075,142 3,660,581 | 4,923,109 5,098,505 | 9,731,796 10,667,649 |
| 847 | 10,639,473 | 14,704,186 | 691,091 | 8,710,180 | 5,154,837 | 11,733,371 |
| 848 | 15,061,102 | 17,205,417 | 787,235 | 7,060,470 | 6,624,648 | 14,543,633 |
| 849 | 13,503,202 | 15,183,759 | 938,567 | _9,262,567 | 5,907,242 | 13,791,232 |
| 850 | 16,900,916 | 19,681,612 | 1,064,860 | 10,864,680 | 8,134,674 | 17,639,624 |
| 851 | 19,239,930 | 21,486,502 | 828,050 | 10,780,312 | 8,795,740 | 25,777,245 |
| 852 | 17,348,184 | 18,716,741 | 507,988 | 18,843,569 | 8,515,709 | 21,651,752 |
| 853 | 27,051,934 | 26,412,243 | 760,416 | 26,993,082 | 10,236,037 | 30,434,886 |
| 854 | 31,119,654 | 82,477,106 | 395,456 | 28,288,241 | 10,863,536 | 84,696,831 |
| 855: | 22,076,448 | 15,742,923 | 295,051 | 23,945,274 | 8,617,165 | 24,366,550 |
| 856 | 30,705,161 | 24,337,504 | 237,162 | 21,618,718 | 11,189,463 | 30,226,532 |
| 857 858 | 30,848,620 26,288,189 | 28,114,924 17,574,142 | 915,876 | 23,320,148 | 11,441,542 | 27,800,319 |
| 359 | 33,301,509 | 26,026,140 | 843,740 814,327 | 14,453,617 14,749,056 | 6,557,323 10,340,605 | 20.222,103 26,747,527 |
| 60 | 37,735,914 | 9,079,676 | 1,035,479 | 18,464,346 | 10,736,335 | 30,767,744 |
| 61 | 28,169,826 | 21,722,079 | 1,302,182 | 14,837,062 | 9,537,401 | 23,686,351 |
| 362 | 15,325,630 | 8,904,051 | 2,813,899 | 8,631,938 | 4,049,672 | 7,588,370 |
| 863 | 20,992,859 | 14,121,589 | 5,951,291 | 12,382,375 | 8,042,426 | 12,890,760 |
| 364 | 32,760,850 | 14,341,501 | 5,951,291 6,231,319 | 19,609,698 | 9,915,635 | 20,597,723 |
| 865 | 20,757,958 | 7,324,438 | 3,509,994 | 13,802,936 | 10,169,669 | 8,439,145 |
| 866 | 57,725,389 | 27,652,413 | 5,662,872 | 19,425,109 | 23,801,214 | 28,508,690 |
| 867 | 51,913,871 | 23,872,474 | 6,372,822 | 24,996,275 | 20,464,875 | 18 357,059 |
| 868 | 37,238,513 | 16,668,382 | 7,604,551 | 22,521,392 | 13,430,743 | 16,908,533 |
| 869 | 40,637,389 | 19,088,786 | 5,785,762 | 28,077,471 | 16,552,887 | 22,288,669 |
| 870 | 42,099,181 | 21,900,898 | 6,348,419 | 32,489,199 | 16,253,162 | 23,870,142 |
| 871 872 | 52,700,623 | 26,587,995 | 8 013,364 | 43,256,120 | 18,061,095 | 32,154,604 |
| 873 | 69.811,240 | 29,983,671 | 7,845,024 | 52,890,457 | 21,220,496 | 36,341,694 |
| 874 | 72,892,743 | 31,810,680 24,922,254 | 7,862,444 6,926,681 | 57,333,158 84,709,345 | 20,428,391 | 29,835,867 |
| 875 | 55,856,545 | 24,199,793 | 6,263,203 | 20,474,244 | 17,472,755 16,603,242 | 23,996,782 24,380,923 |
| 376 | 42,260,342 | 19,850,107 | 6,549.065 | 12,871,385 | 14.456,046 | 23,668,191 |
| 877 | 33,465,179 | 16,456,296 | 6,192,708 | 10,222,220 | 13,915,902 | 21,751,219 |
| 878 | 24,724,047 | 14,398,791 | 2,314,290 | 9,057,633 | 11,490,758 | 19,701,731 |

U. S. IMPORTS OF LEADING ARTICLES--1821-1878.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports on the Commerce and Navigation of the U. S.]

| FISCAL YEARS. | Sugar. | Molasses. | Tea. | Coffee. | Spirits and wines. | Earthen, stone, and China ware |
|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| — | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| 1821 | 3,553,895 | 1,719,227 | 1,322,636 | 4,489,970 | 3,678,262 | 763,883 |
| 1822 | 5,035,003 | 2,398,355 | 1,860,777 | 5,552,649 | 4,314,888 | 1,164,609 |
| 1828 | 3,259,031 | 2,634,222 | 2,361,245 | 7,098,119 | 3,082,961 | 1,143,418 |
| 1824 | 5,411,617 | 2,413,643 | 2,786,252 | 5,437,029 | 3,193,518 | 888,869 |
| 1825 | 4,232,662 | 2,457,715 | 3,728,935 | 5,250,828 | 3,961,473 | 1,086,890 |
| 1826 | 5,311,954 | 2,838,728 | 3,752,281 | 4,159,558 | 3,368,900 | 1,337,589 |
| 1827 | 4,577,464 | 2,818,982 | 1,714,882 | 4,464,391 | 3,272,471 | 1,181,04 |
| 1828 | 3,546,795 | 2,788,471 | 2,451,197 | 5,192,338 | 3,839,189 | 1,554,010 |
| 1829 | 3,622,655 | 1,484,104 | 2,060,457 | 4,588,585 | 3,017,476 | 1,337,744 |
| 1880 | 4,630,922 | 995,776 2,432,488 | 2,425,018 | 4,227,021 | 2,194,092 | 1,259,060 |
| 18 3 1 | 4,931,824 2,936,619 | 2,524,281 | 1,418,037 | 6,317,666 | 2,710,795 | 1,624,604 |
| 1888 | 4,755,856 | 2,867,986 | 2,788,353 5,484,603 | 9,099,464 10,567,299 | 3,752,497 3,806,723 | 2,024,020 |
| 1884 | 5,538,102 | 2,989,020 | 6,217,949 | 8,762,657 | 4,263,633 | 1,818,18 |
| 1885 | 6,806,425 | 3,074,172 | 4,522,806 | 10,715,466 | 5,383,289 | 1,591,413 |
| 1886 | 12,514,718 | 4.077,312 | 5,342,811 | 9,653,053 | 6,249,415 | 2,709,18 |
| 1887 | 7,203,806 | 3,444,701 | 5,903,054 | 8,657,760 | 5,576,543 | 1,823,400 |
| 1838 | 7,586,831 | 3,865,285 | 3,497,156 | 7,640,217 | 3,795,200 | 1,385,530 |
| 1889 | 9,924,632 | 4,364,234 | 2,428,419 | 9,744,103 | 5,664,123 | 2,483,25 |
| 1840 | 5,581,128 | 2,910,791 | 5,427,010 | 8,546,222 | 3,801,740 | 2,010,23 |
| 1841 | 8,802,742 | 2,628,519 | 3,466,245 | 10,444,882 | 3,834,648 | 1,536,45 |
| 1842 | 6,503,563 | 1,942,575 | 4,527,108 | 8,938,638 | 2,157,885 | 1,557,96 |
| 1848 | 2,532,618 | 1,134,820 | 3,849,862 | 6,399,189 | 575,541 | 588,030 |
| 1844 | 6,897,245 | 2,833,753 | 4,120,725 | 9,764,554 | 1,787,982 | 1,633,48 |
| 1845 | 4,049,708 | 3,154,782 | 5,761,788 | 6.243,532 | 2,091,306 | 2,439,51 |
| 1846 | 4,397,239 | 3,332.297 | 5,032,121 | 8,420,243 | 3,170,965 | 2,525,34 |
| 1847 | 9,406,253 | 2,994,170 | 4,285,157 | 9,109,891 | 3,170,167 | 2,242,24 |
| 1848 | 8,775,223 | 3,435,703 | 6,225,479 | 8,249,997 | 3,095,238 | 2,332,99 |
| 1849 | 7,275,780 | 2,778,174 | 4,101,652 | 9,060,443 | 3,790,733 | 2,261,33 |
| 1850 | 6,950,716 | 2,890,185 | 4,719,232 | 11,234,835 | 5,372,063 | 2,601,39 |
| 1851 | 13,478,709 | 3,707,581 | 4,798,005 | 12,851,070 | 5,198,758 | |
| 1852 | 13,977,393 | 3,595,127 | 7,285,817 | 14,474,900 | 4,644,053 | |
| 1858 | 14,168,337 | 3,684,888 | 8,186,217 | 15,525,954 | 7,139,939 | |
| 1854 | 11,604,656 | 3,126,293 | 6,729,447 | 14,549,718 | 6,872,565 | |
| 1855 | 13,284,663 | 3,502,370 | 6,973,999 | 16,940,400 | 6,069,481 | 3,717,67 |
| 1856 | 21,295,154 | 4,334,668 | 6,893,891 | 21,514,196 | 9,655,400 | |
| 1857 | 41,596,238 | 8.259,175 | 5,757,860 | 22,386,379 | 6,801,467 | 4,037,06 |
| 1858 1859 | 18,946,663 28,345,297 | 4,116,759 | 6,777,295 7,388,741 | 18,341,081 25,086,029 | 5,478,840 | 3,215,23 |
| 1860 | 28,931,166 | 5,062,850 5,216,327 | 8,803,771 | 21,768,939 | 6,870,206 8,712,817 | 3,434,03 4,407,81 |
| 1861 | 27,822,672 | 4,151,013 | 6,977,283 | 20,568,297 | 6,748,281 | 3,301,23 |
| 1862 | 20,357,524 | 3,427,813 | 6,545,654 | 14,192,195 | 2,511,141 | 1,286,60 |
| 1868 | 19,083,225 | 4,732,378 | 8,003,525 | 10,395,860 | 3,517,810 | |
| 1864 | 29,662,978 | 7,256,064 | 10,549,880 | 16,221,586 | 4,758,117 | |
| 1865 | 25,249,243 | 7.471,467 | 4,956,730 | 11,241,706 | 2,406,408 | |
| 1844 | 39,596,492 | 7,227,351 | 11,123,231 | 20,531,764 | 6,917,869 | |
| 1860 1867 | 35,922,199 | 8,916,311 | 12,415,037 | 20,696,259 | 5,756,998 | |
| 1968 | 49,343,516 | 12,262,270 | 11,111,560 | 25,288,451 | 4,598,013 | |
| 1049 | 59,821,189 | 12,011,147 | 13,687,750 | 24,531,743 | 6,272,491 | 4,372,60 |
| 1010 | 55,665,073 | 11,345,631 | 13,863,273 | 24,234,879 | 7,587,676 | 4,388,77 |
| 1071 | 61,324,362 | 13,489,261 | 17,254,617 | 30,992,869 | 8,638,441 | 4,681,37 |
| 1872 | 79,146,974 | 12,802,128 | 22,943,575 | 37,942,225 | 8,582,223 | |
| 1673 | 77,992,978 | 14,929,415 | 24,466,170 | 44,109,671 | 9,258,469 | 6,015,92 |
| 1424 | 77,443,598 | 10,947,824 | 21,112,234 | 55,048,967 | 8,636,469 | 4,882,35 |
| 1925 | 70,016,959 | 12,879,153 | 22,673,703 | 50,591,488 | 7,769,527 | 4,265,21 |
| 1876 | 55,704,594 | 11,863,299 | 19,524,166 | 56,788,997 | 6,594,551 | |
| 3號? | 81,215,547 | 7,808,257 | 16,181,467 | 53,634,991 | 6,061,497 | 3,709,54 |
| 1878 | 69,649,837 | 7,887,732 | 15,660,168 | 51,914,605 | 5,517,427 | 4,051,78 |

Aggregate Exports from the United States of Leading Articles of Domestic Production, 1821-1878.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports on Commerce and Navigation.]

| Fiscal Year. | Cotton, Raw. | Cotton Manuf's. | Iron and Steel Manuf's. 2 | Corn, Indian. ³ | Flour.4 | Wheat. | Bacon and Hams. |
|-----------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 001 | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| 821 822 | 20,157,484 24,035,058 | | 108,083 | 606,279 | 4,298,043 | 178,314 | |
| 823 | 20,445,520 | | 132,727 97,271 | 900,656 930,489 | 5,103,288 4,962,373 | 189,064 | |
| 824 | 21,947,401 | | 142,974 | 930,403 | 5,759,176 | | |
| 825 | 36,846,649 | | 156,173 | 878,073 | 4,212,127 | 254,552 | |
| 826 | 25,025,214 | 1,138,125 | 253,895 | 1,007,321 | 4,121,466 | 290,404 | |
| 827 | 29,359,545 | 1,159,414 | 275,671 | 1,022,464 | 4,420,081 | 245,704 | |
| 828 | 22,487,229 | 1,010,232 | 233,618 | 822,858 | 4,286,939 | 177,835 | |
| 829 | 26,575,311 | 1,259,457 | 226,539 | 974,535 | 5,793,651 | 179,269 | |
| 830 | 29,674,883 | 2,4,201 | 309,473 | | 6,085,953 | | |
| 831 | 25,289,492 | 1,126,313 | 239,274 | 396,617 | 9,938,458 | 523,270 | |
| 832 | 31,724,682 | | 220,538 | | 4,880,623 | | |
| 833 | 36,191,105 | | 243,603 | | 5,613,010 | | 160 |
| 834 | 49,448,402 | | 236,577 | | 4,520,781 | | |
| 835 | 64,951,302 | 2,858,681 | 236,577 297,357 | 588,276 | 4,394,777 | 51,405 | |
| 836 | 71,284,925 | 2,255,734 | 308,666 | 103,702 | 3,572,599 | 2,062 | |
| 837 | 63,240,102 | 2,831,473 | 494,908 | 147,982 | 2,987,269 | 27,206 | |
| 838 | 61,556 811 | 3,758,755 | 702,492 | 141,992 | 3,603,299 | 8,125 | |
| 839 | 61,238,982 | | 946,586 | | | | |
| 840 | 63,870,307 | 3,549,604 | 1,110,772 | 338,333 | 10,143,615 | 1,685,483 | |
| 841 | 54,330,341 | 3,122,546 | 1,045,825 | 312,954 | 7,759,646 | 822,881 | |
| 842 | 47,593,464 | 2,970,690 | 1,110,826 | 345,150 | 7,375,356 | 916,616 | |
| 843 | 49,119,806 | 3,223,550 | 532,693 | 281,749 | 3,763,073 | 264,109 | |
| 844 | 54,033,501 | 2,898,780 | 716,332 | 404,008 | 6,759,488 | 500,400 | |
| 845 | 51,739,643 | 4,327,928 | 857,677 | 411,741 | 5,398,593 | 236,779 | |
| 846 | 42,767,341 | 3,545,481 | 1,161,584 | 1,186,663 | 11,668,669 | 1,681,975 | |
| 847 | 53,415,848 | 4,082,533 | 1,170,927 | 14,395,212 | 26,133,811 | 6,049,350 | |
| 848 | 61,998,294 | 5,718,205 | 1,267,318 | 3,837,483 | 13,194,109 | 2,669,175 | |
| 849 | 65,396.967 | 4,923,129 | 1,096,630 | 7,966,369 | 11,280,582 | 1,756,848 643,745 | |
| 850 851 | 71,984,616 112,315,317 | 4,734,424 7,241,205 | 1,914,460 2,265,185 | 3,892,193 1,762,549 | 7,098,570 10,524,331 | 1,025,732 | |
| | 87,965,732 | 7,672,151 | 2,320,603 | 1,540,225 | 11,869,143 | 2,555,209 | |
| 852 853 | 109,456,404 | 8,768,894 | 2,509,304 | 1,374,077 | 14,783,394 | 4,354,403 | |
| 854 | 93,596,220 | 5,535,516 | 4,216,947 | 6,074,277 | 27,701,444 | 12,420,172 | |
| 855 | 88,143,844 | 5 857 181 | 3,768,301 | 6,961,571 | 10,896,908 | 1,329,246 | 3,195,9 |
| 856 | 128,382,351 | 5,857,181 6,967,309 | 4,190,096 | 7,622,565 | 29,275,148 | 15,115,661 | 3,863,3 |
| 857 | 131,575,859 | 6,115,177 | 4,906,491 | 5,184,666 | 25,882,316 | 22,240,857 | 4,511,4 |
| 858 | 131,386,661 | 5,651,504 | 4,737,094 | 3,259,039 | 19,328,884 | 9,064,504 | 1,957,4 |
| 859 | 161,434,923 | 8,316,222 | 5,506,880 | 1,323,103 | 14,433,591 | 2,849,192 | 1,263,0 |
| 860 | 191,806,555 | 10,934,796 | 5,712,986 | 2,399,808 | 15,448,507 | 4,076,704 | 2 273,7 |
| 861 | 34,051,483 | 8,059,549 | 5,932,587 | 6,890,865 | 24,645,849 | 38,313,624 | 4,848,3 |
| 862 | 1,180,113 | 2,946,464 | 4,563,201 | 10,387,383 | 27,534,677 | 42,573,295 | 10,290,5 |
| 863 | 6,652,405 | 2,906,411 | 6,475,279 | 10,592,704 | 28,366,069 | 46,754,195 | 18,658,2 |
| 864 | 9,895,854 | 1,246,216 | 7,283,166 | 3,404,398 | 25,588,249 | 31,432,133 | 12,323,3 |
| 865 | 6,836,400 | 3,323,637 | 10,786,559 | 3,849,758 | 27,507,084 | 19,398,028 | 10,536,6 |
| 866 | 281,385,223 | 1,780,165 | 3,759,554 | 11,070,395 | 18,396,686 | 7,842,749 | 6,269,7 |
| 867 | 201,470,423 | 4,608,235 | 9,487,883 | 14,871,092 | 12,803,775 | 7,822,555 30,247,632 | 3,291,1 |
| 368 | 152,820,733 | 4,871,054 | 10,784,654 | 13,094,036 | 20,887,798 | 30,247,632 | 5,476,9 |
| 869 | 162,633,052 | 5,874,222 | 10,873,948 | 6,820,719 | 18,813,865 | 24,383,259 | 7,482,0 |
| 370 | 227,027,624 | 3,787,282 3,558,136 | 13,414,443 | 1,287,575 | 21,169,593 | 47,171,229 | 6,123,1 |
| 371 | 218,327,109 | 3,558,136 | 20,943,979 | 7,458,997 | 24,093,184 | 45,143,424 | 8,126,6 |
| 872 | 180,684,595 | 2,304,330 | 11,195,434 | 23,984,365 | 17,955,684 | 38,915,060 | 21,126,5 |
| 373 | 227,243,069 | 2,947,528 | 13,283,239 | 23,794,694 | 19,381,664 | 51,452,254 | 35,022,1 |
| 374 | 211,223,580 | 3,095,840 | 14,794,802 | 24,769,951 | 29,258,094 | 101,421,459 59,607,863 | 33,383,9 28,612,6 |
| 376 | 190,638,625 | 4,071,822 7,722,978 | 19,204,961 14,225,596 | 24,456,937 | 23,712,440 24,433,470 | 68,382,899 | 39,664,4 |
| 377 | 192,659,262 | | | 33,265,280 41,621,245 | 21,663.947 | 47,135,562 | 49,512,4 |
| 78 | 171,118,508 179,031,484 | 10,235,843 | 16,277,757 15,844,264 | 48,630,358 | 25,092,826 | | 51,750,2 |

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Not reported separately prior to 1855.
 Includes fire-arms, machinery, and sewing-machines,
 Includes Corm Meal up to 1855.
 Includes Wheat up to 1855.
 Includes Un Pork up to 1855.

Aggregate Exports from the United States of Leading Articles of Domestic Production, 1821-1878.

[Compiled from the Annual Reports on Commerce and Navigation.]

| | | 100 100 | | | Detasla | m-1 | 777 - 3 |
|--------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| FISCAL | T | D. 1 | D 41 | G1 0 | Petrole- | Tobacco, | Wood |
| YEAR. | Lard.1 | Pork. | Butter. | Cheese.2 | um and | Leaf and | and |
| Z 23220 | | | | | Coal O.l. | Manuf's. | Manuf's. |
| | and factors | | | | | | |
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars, | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| 1821 | | 1,354,116 | 190,287 | | | 5,648,962 | 1,822,077 |
| | | 1,357,899 | 221,041 | | | 6,222,838 | 1,651,258 |
| | | 1,291,322 | 192,778 | | | 6,282,672 | 1,638,734 |
| 1824 | | 1,489,051 | 204,205 | | | 4,855,566 | 2,037,28 |
| 1825. | | 1,832,679 | 247,787 | | | 6,115,623 | 1,988,220 |
| 1826 | | 1,892,429 | 207,765 | | | 5,347,208 | 2,331,000 |
| | | 1,555,698 | 184,049 | | | 6,577,123 | 1,990,869 |
| | | 1,495,830 | 176,354 | | | 5,269,960 | 2,161,767 |
| 1829 | | 1,493,629 | 176,205 | | | 4,982,974 | 2,081,400 |
| 1830 | | 1,315,245 | 142,370 | | | 5,586,365 | 2,056,28 |
| 1831 | | 1,501,644 | 264,796 | | | 4,892,388 | 2,063,31 |
| 1839 | | 1,928,196 | 290,820 | | | 5,999,769 | 2,149,65 |
| 1822 | , | 2,151,558 | 258,452 | | | 5,755,968 | 2,663,10 |
| 1834 | | 1,796,001 | 190,099 | | | 6,595,305 | 2,507,061 |
| | | 1,776,732 | 164,809 | | | 8,250,577 | 3,402,934 |
| 1886 | | 1,383,344 | 114,033 | | | 10,058,640 | 2,860,69 |
| 1827 | | 1,299,796 | 96,176 | | | 5,795,647 | 3,155,99 |
| 1838 | | 1,312,346 | 148,191 | | | 7,392,029 | 3,116,190 |
| | | 1,777,230 | 127,550 | | | 9,832,943 | 3,604,39 |
| 1840 | | 1,894,894 | 210,749 | | | 9,883,957 | 2,926,840 |
| 1041 | | 2,621,537 | 504,815 | | | 12,576,703 | 3,576,863 |
| | | 2,629,403 | 388,185 | | | 9,540,755 | 3,230,000 |
| 1042 | | 2,120,020 | 508,968 | | | 4,650,979 | 1,687,80 |
| 1040 | | 3,236,479 | | | | 8,397,255 | 3,011,968 |
| 1844 | | 2,991,284 | 758,829 878,865 | | | 7,469,819 | 3,099,45 |
| 1845 | | 3,883,884 | 1,063,087 | | | 8,478,270 | 3,685,276 |
| | | 6,630,842 | | | | 7,242,086 | 3,937,586 |
| | | | 1,741,770 | | | | |
| 1848 | | 9,003,272 9,245,885 | 1,361,668 | | | 7,551,122 5,804,207 | 5,183,109 3,859,983 |
| 1349 | | 7,550,287 | 1,654,157 1,215,463 | | | 9,951,023 | 4,823,79 |
| 1800 | | 4,368,015 | | | | 9,931,023 | 5,055,77 |
| 1851 | | 3,765,470 | 1,124,652 | | | 10,031,283 | 5,516,74 |
| 1002 | | 6,202,324 | 779,391 862,343 | | | 11,319,319 | 5,840,198 |
| 1000 | | 11,061,016 | 1,258,393 | | | 10,016,046 | 7,351,66 |
| 1854 | 4,018,016 | 4,390,979 | 418,723 | | | 14,712,468 | 9,376,55 |
| 1855 | | 5,029,940 | 580,286 | 514,034 | | 12,221,843 | 7,779,04 |
| 1856 | 3,870,949 | 2,805,867 | 593,084 | 887,705 647,423 | | 20,260,772 | 11,075,79 |
| 1857 | 5,144,195 | 2,852,942 | 541,863 | | | 17,009,767 | 10,159,92 |
| 1858 | 3,809,501 | 3,355,746 | 750,911 | 731,910 | | 24,476,529 | 7,186,21 |
| 1859 | 3,268,406 | 3,132,313 | 1,144,321 | 649,302 1,565,630 | | 19,289,975 | 10,031,97 |
| 1860 1861 | 4,545,831 4,729,297 | 2,609,818 | 2,355,985 | 3,321,631 | Control of the Contro | 16,545,241 | 7,882,93 |
| 1862 | 10.004,521 | 3,980,153 | 4,164,344 | 2,715,892 | 1,539,027 | 13,402,000 | 8,672,91 |
| | 15,755,570 | 4,334,775 | 6,733,743 | 4,216,804 | 27,839 | 23,150,253 | 11,954,83 |
| 1863 | 11 960 799 | 5,828,030 | 6,140,031 | 5,638,007 | 10,771,292 | 26,493,829 | 12,359,84 |
| 1864 | 11,260,728 9,134,858 | 6,850,808 | 7,292,715 | 11,697,746 | 16,548,969 | 45,307,933 | 18,351,56 |
| 1865 | 5,970,651 | 4,788,484 | 1,267,851 | 6,036,828 | 24,373,932 | 31,438,561 | 13,402,89 |
| 1866 | | 3,597,690 | 1,184,367 | 7,893,535 | 24,407,642 | 22,571,912 | 14,838,57 |
| 1867 | 6,634,556 | 2 967 659 | 582,745 | | | 26,077,987 | 15,149,09 |
| 1868 | 9,427,831 7,443,948 | 3,267,652 3,422,928 | 484,094 | 7,010,424 6,437,866 | | 99 947 710 | 15,126,45 |
| 1869 | | | 592,229 | | | 23,347,719 22,705,225 | 13,734,83 |
| 1870 | 5,933,397 | 3,253,137 | | 8,881,934 | | 91 005 057 | 12,942,28 |
| 1871 | 10,563,020 | 4,302,320 | 853,096 | 8,752,990 | | 21,995,957 | |
| 1872 | 20,177,619 | 4,122,308 | 1,498,812 | 7,752,918 | 34,058,390 | 26,659,921 | 15,240,87 18,219,80 |
| 1873 | 21,245,815 | 5,007,035 | 952,919 | 10,498,010 | | 25,331,946 | 20,353,71 |
| 1874 | 19,308,019 | 5,808,712 | 1,092,381 | 11,898,995 | | 32,968,528 | |
| 1875 | 22,900,522 | 5,671,495 | 1,506,996 | 13,659,603 | 29,891,465 | 27,844,470 | 18,440,08 |
| 1876 | 22,429,485 | 5,744,022 | 1,109,496 | 12,270,083 | 32,915,786 | 25,570,538 | 17,296,27 |
| 1877 | 25,562,665 | 6.296,414 | 4,424,616 | | | 32,020,214 | 18,444,03 |
| 1878 | 30,014,023 | 4,913,646 | 3,930,840 | 14,103,529 | 46,574,974 | 28,484,182 | 16,776,38 |
| | | | | | | | |

Included in Pork up to 1855
 Included with Butter as "Butter and Cheese" up to 1855.

TONNAGE OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1877.

Comparative View of the Distribution of the Tonnage of the United States Merchant Marine, employed in the Foreign Trade, the Coastwise Trade, and the Fisheries, each Yeur, from 1789 to 1877.

Compiled from the Annual Report of the Register of the Treasury, 1877.

| YEARS. | Foreign Trade. | Coast- wise Trade. | Whale Fish- eries. | C od and Mack- erel Fish- erics. | Sail. | Steam. | Total. | Annual Increase or Decrease |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | per cent. |
| 1789 | 123,893 | 68,607 | | 9,062 | 201,562 | | 201,562 | |
| 1790 | 346,254 | 103,775 | | 28,348 | 478,377 | | 478,377 | 137.33 |
| 1791 | 363,110 | 106,494 | | 32,542 | 502,146 | | 502,146 | 4.96 |
| 1792 | 411,438 | 120,957 | | 32,062 | 564,457 | | 564,457 | 12.35 |
| 1793 | 367,734 | 122,071 | | 30,959 | 520,764 | | 520,764 | -7.74 |
| 1794 | 438,863 | 162,578 | 4,129 | 23,048 | | | 628,618 | 20.71 |
| 1795 | 529,471 | 184,398 | 3,163 | 30,933 | | | 747,965 | 19.00 |
| 1796 | 576,733 | 217,841 | 2,364 1,104 | 34,962 40,628 | | | 831,900 876,912 | 11.22 |
| 1797 | - 597,777 603,376 | 237,403 251,443 | 763 | 42,746 | 876,912 898,328 | | 898,328 | 5.41 2.49 |
| 1798 1799 | 657,142 | 246,640 | 5,647 | 29,979 | | | 939,408 | 4.57 |
| 1800 | 667,107 | 272,492 | 3,466 | 29,427 | 972 492 | | 972,492 | 3.52 |
| 1801 | 630,558 | 274,551 | 3,085 | 39,382 | | | 947,576 | -2.56 |
| 1802 | 557,760 | 289,623 | 3,201 | 41,522 | 892,106 | | 892,106 | - 5.85 |
| 1803 | 557,760 585,910 | 299,060 | 12,390 | 51,812 | | | 949,172 | 6.39 |
| 1804 | 660,514 | 317,537 | 12,339 | 52,014 | 1,042,404 | | 1,042,404 | 1.00 |
| 1805 | 744,224 | 332,663 | 6,015 | 57,465 | 1,140,367 | | 1,140,367 | 9.40 |
| 1806 | 798,507 | 340,540 | 10,507 | 59,183 | 1,208,737 | | 1,208,737 | 5.99 |
| 1807 | 840,163 765,252 | 349,028 | 9,051 | 70,306 | 1,268,548 | | 1,268,548 | 4.95 |
| 1808 | 765,252 | 420,819 | 4,526 | 51,998 | 1,242,595 | | 1,242,595 | -2.04 |
| 1809 | 906,853 | 405,163 | 3,777 | 34,487 | 1,350,282 | | 1,350,282 | 8.66 |
| 1810 | 981,019 | 405,347 | 3,589 | 34,828 | 1,424,783 | | 1,424,783 1,232,502 | 5.51 —13.49 |
| 1811 | 763,607 | 420,362 477,972 | 5,299 2,930 | 43,234 30,459 | 1,232,502 1,269,997 | | 1,269,997 | 2.95 |
| 1812 1813 | 758,636 672,700 | 470,109 | 2,942 | 20,877 | 1,166,628 | | 1,166,628 | - 8.14 |
| 1814 | 674,633 | 466,159 | 562 | 17,855 | 1,159,209 | | 1,159,209 | - 0.63 |
| 1815 | 854,295 | 475,666 | 1,230 | 36,937 | 1,368,128 | | 1,368,128 | 18.02 |
| 1816 | 800,760 | 522,665 | 1,168 | 47,626 | 1,372,219 | | 1,372,219 | 0.29 |
| 1817 | 804,851 | 525,030 | 5,224 | 64,807 | | | 1,399,912 | 0.20 |
| 1818 | 589,954 | 549,374 | 16,750 | 69,107 | 1,225,185 | | 1,225,185 | -10.34 |
| 1819 | 581,230 | 571,058 | 32,386 | 76,078 | 1,260,752 | | 1,260,752 | 0.01 |
| 1820 | 583,657 | 588,025 | 36,445 | 72,040 | 1,280,167 | | 1.280,167 | 1.51 |
| 1821 | 593,825 | 614,845 | 27,995 18,216 | 62,293 | 1,298,958 | | 1,298,958 | 1.47 |
| 1822 | 613,068 | 624,189 | 18,216 | 69,226 | 1,324,699 | 21,879 | 1,324,699 | 1.98 |
| 1823 | 600,003 | 617,805 | 40,503 | 78,255 | | 21,879 | 1,336,566 | 0.89 |
| 1824 | 636,807 | 641,563 | 33,346 | 77,447 | 1,367,553 | 21,610 | 1,389,163 1,423,110 | 3.94 |
| 1825 | 667,408 696,221 | 640,861 $722,340$ | 33,379 $41,974$ | 81,462 73,656 | 1,400,049 1,500,132 | 23,061 34,059 | 1,534,191 | 2.44 7.80 |
| 1826 | 701,517 | 789,259 | 45,892 | 83,939 | 1,580,409 | 40,198 | 1,620,607 | 5.63 |
| 1829 | 757,998 | 842,906 | 54,801 | 85,687 | 1,701,974 | 39,418 | 1,741,392 | 7 45 |
| 1829 | 592,859 | 508,858 | 57,284 | 101,797 | 1,206,761 | 54,037 | 1,260,798 | -27.60 |
| 1830 | 537,563 | 516,979 | 39,705 | 97.529 | 1,127,304 | 64,472 | 1,191,776 | - 5.47 |
| 1831 | 538,136 | 539,724 | 82,797 | 107,189 | 1,233,401 | 34,445 | 1,267,846 | 6.38 |
| 1832 | 614,121 | 649,627 | 73,246 | 107,189 102,458 | 1,348,636 | 90,814 | 1,439,450 | 13.53 11.59 |
| TS33 | 648,869 | 744,199 | 101,636 | 111,447 | 1,504,301 | 101,850 | 1,606,151 | 11.59 |
| 1834 | 749,378 | 783,619 | 108,424 | 117,486 | 1,636,093 | 122,814 | 1,758,907 | 9.51 |
| 1835 | 788,173 | 797,338 | 97,649 146,254 | 141,781 109,731 | 1,702,127 | 122,814 145,556 154,765 | 1,824,941 | 3.13 |
| 1836 | 753,094 | 873,023 | 146,254 | 109,731 | 1,736,546 | 145,556 | 1,882,102 | 3.13 |
| 1837 | 683,205 | 956,981 | 129,137 | 127,363 | 1,741,921 | 109,765 | 1,896,686 | 0.24 5.22 |
| 1838 | 702,962 | 1,041,105 | 124,860 | 126,713 | 1,802,217 | 193,423 | 1,995,640 2,096,479 | 5.05 |
| 1839 1840 | 702,400 | 1,153,552 | 132,285 $136,927$ | 108,242 104,305 | 1,891,541 1,978,455 | 204,938 | 2,180,764 | 4.02 |
| 1841 | 762,838 788,398 | 1,176,694 1,107,068 | 157,405 | 77,873 | 1,955,656 | 202,309 175,088 | 2,130,744 | - 2.30 |
| 1842 | 823,746 | 1,045,753 | 151,990 | 70,902 | 1,862,730 | 229,661 | 2,092,391 | - 1.80 |
| 1843 | 856,930 | 1,076,156 | 152,517 | 73,000 | 1,921,736 | 236,867 | 2,158,603 | $-\frac{1.80}{3.16}$ |
| 1844 | 900,471 | 1,109,615 | 168,614 | 101,396 | 2,007,926 | 272,170 | 2,280,096 | 5.63 |
| 1845 | 904 476 | 1,223,218 | | 08 404 | 2,090,983 | 326,019 | | |

TONNAGE OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1878-(Continued),

| | | | - | | *************************************** | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| YEARS. | Foreign Trade. | Coast- wise Trade. | Whale Fish- eries. | Ccd and Mack- erel- Fish- eries. | Sail. | Steam. | Total. | Annual Increase or Decrease per cent. |
| Sales I | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | Tons. | |
| 1846 1847 1848 1849 | 1,047,454 1,168,707 | 1,315,577 1,488,601 1,659,317 1,770,376 | 187,420 193,859 192,613 180,186 | 109,132 133,406 | 2,214,192 2,434,205 2,726,151 2,871,621 | 347,893 404,841 427,891 462,395 | 2,562,085 2,839,046 3,154,042 3,334,016 | 6.00 10.81 11.09 5.71 |
| 1850 1851 1852 1853 | 1,439,694 1,544,663 1,705,650 1,910,471 | 1,797,825 1,899,976 2,055,873 2,134,258 | 146,017 181,644 193,798 193,203 | 151,918 146,156 | 3,010,020 3,188,832 | 525,434 583,607 634,240 604,618 | 3,535,454 3,772,439 4,138,440 4,407,010 | 6.04 |
| 1854 1855 1856 1857 | 2,151,918 2,348,358 2,302,190 2,268,196 | 2,322,114 2,543,255 2,247,663 2,336,609 | 181,901 186,848 189,461 195,842 | 146,969 | 4,126,295 4,441,716 4,198,576 4,235,059 | 676,607 770,285 673,077 705,784 | 4,802,902 5,212,001 4,871,653 4,940,843 | 8.96 8.52 2 60 1.41 |
| 1858 1859 1860 | 2,301,148 2,321,674 2,379,396 2,496,894 | 2,401,220 2,480,929 2,644,867 2,704,724 | 198,594 185,728 166,841 145,734 | 148,846 156,707 162,764 192,461 | 4,321,418 4,376,285 4,485,931 4,662,609 | 728,390 768,753 867,937 877,204 | 5,049,808 5,145,038 5,353,868 5,539,813 | 2.20 1.90 4.06 3.47 |
| 1862 1863 1864 1865 | 2,173,537 1,926,886 1,486,749 509,199 | 2,616,716 2,960,633 3,245,265 1,016,199 | 117,714 99,228 95,145 1,380 | 204,197 168,309 | 4,401,701 4,579,537 4,026,065 1,212,805 | 710,463 575,519 960,335 367,189 | 5,112,164 5,155,056 4,986,400 1,570,994 | -4.51 0.84 -3.83 |
| 1865 1863 1866 | 1,009,151 1,031,541 356,215 1,300,852 | 2,365,323 2,162,220 557,401 2,528,214 | 89,136 76,990 28,180 52,384 | 53,278 97,728 503 76,065 | 2,816,838 2,442,212 785,254 2,834,535 | 699,950 926,267 157,045 1,122,980 | 3,516,788 3,368,479 942,299 3,957,515 | 2.2 |
| 1867 1868 1868 | 214,796 1,460,940 33,449 1,496,220 | 132,176 2,702,140 2,515,515 | 71,343 | 83,857 62,704 | 278,072 3,118,895 33,449 3,041,083 | 68,900 1,199,415 | 346,972 4,318,310 33,449 4,144,641 | } - 0.15 1.10 - 4.70 |
| 1870 1871 1872 1873 | 1,448,846 1,363,652 1,359,040 1,378,533 | 2,638,247 2,764,600 2,929,552 3,163,230 | 67,954 61,490 51,608 44,755 | 91,460 92,865 97,547 109,519 | 4,171,412 3,194,970 3,326,194 3,539,584 | 1,075,095 1,087,637 1,111,553 1,156.443 | 4,246,507 4,282,607 4,437,747 4,696,027 | 2.40 0.83 3.65 5.85 |
| 1874 1875 1876 | 1,389,815 1,515,598 1,553,705 | 3,293,439 3,219,698 2,598,835 | 39,108 38,229 39,116 40,593 | 78,290 80,207 87,802 91,085 | 3,615,042 3,685,064 3,107,086 3,071,404 | 1,185,610 1,168,668 1,172,372 | 4,800,652 4,853,732 4,279,458 | 2.28 1.16 -11.88 - 0.86 |
| 1878 | | | 39,700 | 86,547 | 3,045,087 | 1,171,196 1,167,678 | 4,242,600 4,212,765 | -0.86 -0.70 |

Steam Vessels built in the United States during the Year ended June 30, 1878.

| CLASS OF VESSELS. | Number. | Tonnage. |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| River essamers, side-wheel River essamers, stern-wheel River steamers, propellers Lake steamers, propellers Lake steamers, side-wheel Ocean steamers, propellers | 57 112 141 7 1 1 16 | 21,173 05 25,647.59 7,090.35 6,461.90 98.15 21,388.56 |
| Total | 334 | 81,859.60 |

Number and Tonnage of Steam Iron Vessels built in the United States during the Year ended June 30, 1878.

| Ports. | Number. | Tons. |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Wilmington, Baltimore, Buffalo, Cincinnati and St. Louis | galized b %G C | ∮ ஐ,960. 20 |

NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE SHIPPING OF THE UNITED STATES, JUNE 30, 1878.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES IN WHICH DOCUMENTED. | | ailing essels. | | team essels. | | nal- ats. | Ba | rges. | T | otal. |
|---|--------|-------------------|--------|---|-------|--------------|-------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|
| | No. | Tons. | No. | Tons. | No | Tons. | No. | Tons. | No. | Tons. |
| 1 Alabama | 72 | | | 6.083 | | | 5 | 511 | | |
| 1 Alabama | | 10,245 | | | | | 0 | 1 100000 | 146 | 16,839 |
| 2 Alaska | 10 | 134 | | | | | | | 11 | 180 |
| 3 Arizona | | | 4 | 834 | | | 4 | 554 | 8 | 1,389 |
| 4 California | 676 | 111,880 | | 63,227 | | | 61 | 8,179 | 905 | 183,280 |
| 5 Connecticut | 704 | 46,661 | 91 | 27,029 | | 120 | 44 | 2,092 | 840 | 79,901 |
| 6 Delaware | 159 | 11,299 | 16 | 2,630 | | | 9 | 1,300 | 184 | 15.229 |
| 7 District of Columbia | 66 | 2,532 | 32 | 6,060 | | | 1 | 168 | 99 | 8,760 |
| 8 Florida | 292 | 19,482 | 65 | 7,142 | | | | 700 | 357 | 26,624 |
| 9 Georgia | 76 | 10,184 | 24 | 10,024 | | | 3 | 298 | 103 | 20,590 |
| 10 Illinois | 295 | 68,529 | 161 | 23,670 | | | 47 | 10,318 | 503 | 102.517 |
| | 200 | 00,020 | 54 | 5,611 | | | 25 | | | 8,722 |
| 11 Indiana | | | 48 | | | | 20 | 3,111 | 79 | |
| 12 Iowa | | | | 3,732 | | | | | . 48 | 3,732 |
| 13 Kentucky | | | 47 | 11,617 | | | 24 | 3,394 | 71 | 15,011 |
| 14 Louisiana | 443 | 35,058 | 189 | 54,281 | | | 15 | 2,816 | 647 | 92,154 |
| 15 Maine | 2,683 | 518,678 | 81 | 16,073 | | | 1 | 151 | 2,765 | 534,903 |
| 16 Maryland | 1,641 | 92,145 | 133 | 37,657 | | | 2 | 134 | 1,776 | 129,937 |
| 17 Massachusetts | 2,365 | 426,124 | 153 | 44,442 | | | 7 | 2,170 | 2,525 | 472,736 |
| 18 Michigan | 444 | 50,921 | 369 | 60,773 | | | 135 | 34,184 | 948 | 145,877 |
| 19 Minnesota | 2 | 93 | 48 | 4,711 | | | 21 | 1,624 | 71 | 6,428 |
| | | 3,422 | 46 | 4,740 | | | 16 | 1,268 | | 9,430 |
| 20 Mississippi | 110 | 0,422 | | | | | | | 172 | |
| 21 Missouri, | | | 174 | 59,094 | | | 195 | 70,177 | 369 | 129,271 |
| 22 Nebraska | | | 27 | 5,619 | | | | ***** | 27 | 5,619 |
| 23 New Hampshire | 72 | 13,070 | 5 | 281 | | | | | 77 | 13,351 |
| 24 New Jersey | 896 | 51,624 | 103 | 16,922 | 163 | 15,431 | 68 | 10,661 | 1,230 | 94,638 |
| 25 New York | 2,153 | 687,924 | 1,011 | 374,293 | 878 | 69,502 | 561 | 129,594 | 5,603 | 1,261,313 |
| 26 North Carolina | 301 | 9,855 | 22 | 1,836 | | | | | 323 | 11,692 |
| 27 Ohio | 244 | 63,731 | 220 | 64,620 | | | 178 | 28,575 | 642 | 156,925 |
| 28 Oregon | 44 | 4,733 | 81 | 28,736 | | | 21 | 5.010 | 146 | 37,079 |
| 29 Pennsylvanie | 705 | 141,218 | 454 | 130,886 | | 3,499 | | | 1,648 | 359,940 |
| 80 Rhode Island | 244 | 17,304 | 56 | 21,820 | | 0,200 | | | 300 | 39,124 |
| of Court Courties | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31 South Carolina | 187 | 9,162 | 41 | 5,312 | | | | | 228 | 14,474 |
| 32 Tennessee | | | 89 | 13,266 | | | 2 | | 91 | 13,330 |
| 33 Texas | 232 | 8,020 | 33 | 6,099 | | | 15 | 2,227 | 280 | 16,346 |
| 34 Vermont | 13 | 731 | 8 | 2,583 | | | | | 23 | 3,453 |
| 35 Virginia | 1,045 | 28,042 | 85 | 7,069 | | | 7 | 736 | 1,137 | 35,847 |
| 36 Washington Territory. | 69 | 25,691 | 39 | 5,310 | | | | | 108 | 31,001 |
| 37 West Virginia | | 110,100 | 140 | 16,235 | | | 267 | 26,572 | 407 | 42,807 |
| 88 Wisconsin | 280 | 54,826 | 115 | 17,315 | | | 2 | 251 | 397 | 72,393 |
| oo wasconsin | ~OC | 01,020 | 110 | 21,010 | | | ~ | 201 | 001 | 12,000 |
| Total | 17 500 | 0 501 910 | 4 400 | 1,167,678 | 1 071 | 00 601 | 0 100 | 195 000 | 05 004 | 4 919 764 |
| 10tai | 11,525 | 2,521,516 | 4,412 | 1,101,010 | 1,011 | 00,091 | 2,130 | 400,010 | 20,204 | 4,212,104 |
| | | | == | | - | | = | | _ | _ |
| SUMMARY. | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Atlantic & Gulf Coasts | | 2,064,971 | | 632,144 | 582 | 46,489 | | | 18,566 | 2,897,416 |
| Pacific Coast | 799 | 140,439 | 293 | 98,153 | | | 86 | 14,343 | 1,178 | 252,935 |
| Northern Lakes | 1,546 | 315,909 | 918 | 201,550 | 519 | 41,902 | 183 | 45,296 | 3,166 | 604,657 |
| Western Rivers | | | | 235,832 | | | | 221,926 | 2,354 | 457,258 |
| | | | -, 200 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | -, | | -,557 | 2011200 |
| Grand total | | STATE OF STATE OF | | | | | | Carried Comment | Carlo Salaria | |

Number and Tonnage of Vessels built in the United States during the Year ended June 30, 1878.

[From the Annual Report of the Register of the Treasury, December, 1878.]

| | Sailing Vessels. | | Steam Vessels. | | Canal- boats. | | Barges. | | Total. | |
|--|---------------------|------------|-------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|--|
| SUMMARY. Atlantic & Gulf Coasts. Pacific Coast Northern Lakes. Western Rivers. | No. 463 36 33 | 2,523.90 | 22 55 | | ·ii | Tons. 748.73 1,159.77 | 5 2 | 448.29 | | Tons. 143,804.61 11,382.73 11,488.23 68,928.01 |
| Total | 532 | 106.066.51 | 834 | 81,859 60 | 19 | 1,908.50 | 373 | 45,668.96 | 1,258 | 235,103.57 |

Business of the New York Clearing House from its Foundation.

| Years. | No. of Banks. | Capital. | Exchanges. | Balances paid in money. | Average daily exchanges. | Average daily bal- ances paid in money. | Ratios. |
|--------|------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---------|
| | | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Per.c. |
| 1854. | 50 | 47,044,900 | 5,750,455,987 | 297,411,494 | | | 5 2 |
| 1855. | . 48 | 48,884,180 | 5,362,912,098 | 289,694,137 | 17,412,052 | | 5.4 |
| 1856. | 50 | 52,883,700 | 6,906,213,328 | | | | |
| 1857. | 50 | 64,420,200 | 8,333,226,718 | | | 1,182,246 | 4.4 |
| 1858 - | 46 | 67,146,018 | 4,756,664,386 | | 15,393,736 | 1,016,954 | 6.6 |
| 1859. | 47 | 67,921,714 | 6,448,005,956 | | | | 5.6 |
| 1860. | 50 | 69,907,435 | 7,231,143,057 | | | | 5.3 |
| 1861. | 50 | 68,900,605 | 5,915,742,758 | | | | 6.0 |
| 1862. | 50 | 68,375,820 | 6,871,443,591 | | 22,237,682 | | 6.0 |
| 1863. | 50 | 68,972,508 | 14,867,597,849 | | | | 4.6 |
| 1864. | 49 | 68,586,763 | 24,097,196,656 | | | | 3.7 |
| 1865. | 55 | 80,363,013 | 26,032,384,342 | | 84,796,040 | | 4.0 |
| 1866. | 58 | 82,370,200 | 28,717,146,914 | 1,066,135,106 | | | 3.7 |
| 1867. | 58 | 81,770,200 | 28,675,150,472 | | 93,101,167 | 3,717,414 | 4.0 |
| 1868. | 59 | 82,270,200 | 28,484,288,637 | 1,125,455,237 | 92,182,164 | 3,642,250 | 4.0 |
| 1869. | 59 | 82,720,200 | 37,407,028,987 | 1,120,318,308 | | 3,637,397 | 3.0 |
| 1870. | 61 | 83,620,200 | 27,804,539,406 | | | | 8.7 |
| 1871. | 65 . | 84,420,200 | 29,300,986,682 | | 95, 133, 074 | 3,927,666 | 4.1 |
| 1872. | 61 | 84,420,200 | 32,636,997,404 | | 105,964,277 | 3,939,266 | 3.7 |
| 1873. | 59 | 83,370,200 | 33,972,773,943 | | 111,022,137 | 3,765,922 | 3.4 |
| 1874. | 59 | 81,635,200 | 20,850,681,963 | | 68,139,484 | 3,173,958 | 4.7 |
| 1875. | 59 | 80,435,200 | 23,042,276,858 | | 75,301,558 | 3,608,977 | 4.8 |
| 1876. | 59 | 81,731,200 | 19,874,815,361 | 1,009,532,037 | 64,738,812 | 3,288,381 | 5.1 |
| 1877. | 58 | 71,085,200 | 20,876,555,937 | 1,015,256,483 | 68,447,724 | 3,328,710 | 4.9 |
| 1878. | 57 | 63,611,500 | 19,922,733,947 | 951,970,454 | 65,106,974 | 3,111,015 | 4.8 |
| VE | 1 | 172,674,670 | 2474,138,972,237 | 219,835,157,113 | 161,705,866 | 12,581,591 | 4.2 |

¹ Yearly averages for twenty-five years.

Railroad Land Sales-Partial Statement, 1874-1878. [From Circulars of Dun. Barlow & Co.]

| | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. | 1878. |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. | Acres. |
| Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé | 200,459 | 75,415 | 126,577 | 85,047 | 265,000 |
| Burlington & Mo. River | | | | | 531,301 |
| Chic., St. Paul & Minneapolis | 81,243 | 23,726 | 26,828 | 88,916 | 61,685 |
| Denver Pacific | · · • · · · · · · · · · | | | 26,101 | 84,521 |
| Hastings & Dakota | 23,824 | | | 12,653 | 15,77 |
| Kansas Pacific | 85,898 | | | 185,998 | 200,72 |
| Little Rock & Fort Smith | 4,064 | 9,665 | 89,409 | 40,102 | 59,57 |
| Northern Pacific | 50,835 | | | 514,462 | 751,85 |
| Southern Minnesota | | | | 2,301 | 7,43 |
| St. Paul & Sioux City | 42,824 | 46,186 | 88,677 | 61,968 | 153,289 |
| St. Paul & Pacific | • • • • • • • • • • | | •••• | | 150,000 |
| Union Pacific | 235,749 | 111,965 | 129,696 | 69,015 | 818,400 |
| Wisconsin Central | | | 1,455 | 19,718 | 21,186 |
| Total, 13 railroad companies | | | | 1,006,266 | 2.570.744 |

In the State of Minnesota, sales of railroad lands amounted to 430,900 acres in

eleven months of 1878, against 228,639 in corresponding months of 1877.

In Texas, where land absorption by actual settlers is going forward with unprecedented rapidity, the land sales by the State were, in 1873, 1,550,000 acres; in 1877, 3,500,000 acres; and in 1878 (estimated), 3,800,000 acres.

In Nebraska, which holds some ten and a half million acres of public lands donated to the State for school purposes, 100,918 acres were leased in 1878 to actual settlers at a reputal of six per cont. on appraised yalus.

Michigan sold 802,291 acres of her public lands in the two years 1877-78, and still holds 2,787,988 acres undisposed of.

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² Totals for twenty-five years.

THE BALANCE OF TRADE FOR 22 YEARS, 1856-1877.

From the Financial Review, 1877, with Additions.

For the purpose of showing the total amount of exports and imports of merchandise and the total of specie in each year since 1856, the table below has been compiled. In the columns headed "Excess" are given the differences between exports and imports each year, showing at a giance the "trade balance" of the country.

Gold Value of Imports and Exports of Merchandise and Specie into and from the United States in each Fiscal Year since 1856.

| | YEAR. | | MERCHAND | ISE. | | | SPECIE. | | |
|--------|-------|----------------------------|-------------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------------------|-----|------------|
| | | Imports. | Exports. | Excess | 8. | Imports. | Exports. | 1 | Excess. |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | | . \$ | \$ | | \$ |
| 15.485 | 1856 | 310,432,310 | 281,219,423 | Im. 29,21 | | 4,207,632 | 58,929,651 | Ex. | 41,537,853 |
| 6.922 | 1857 | 348,428,342 | 293,823,760 | Im. 54,60 | | 12,461,799 | 74,995,399 | Ex. | 56,675,123 |
| 3.147 | | 263,338,654 | 272,011,274 | | 2,620 | | 63,067,487 | Ex. | 33,358,651 |
| | 1859 | 331,333,341 | 292,901,051 | | 2,290 | | 72,012,276 | | |
| | 1860 | 353,616,119 | | Im. 20,04 | 0,062 | | 66,546,239 | | |
| | 1861 | 289,310,542 189,356,677 | | Fr. 1 21 | 6,709 $3,824$ | | 29,791,080 | | |
| 72,588 | | 243,335,815 | | Im 20 27 | 0.818 | | 36,887,640 | EX. | 10,012,000 |
| | 1864 | 316,447,283 | | | | | 64,156,611 | EX. | 00,000,000 |
| | 1865 | | 162,013,500 | | 2,082 | | 105,396,541 67,643,226 | EX. | 57 099 15 |
| | 1866 | 434,812,066 | | | 2,544 | | 86 044 071 | Ev. | 75,343,979 |
| | 1867 | 395,763,100 | | | 9,447 | | 60 969 279 | E. | 38,797,897 |
| | 1868 | 357,436,440 | 281,952,899 | | 3,541 | 14,188,368 | | | 79,595,734 |
| | 1869 | | 286,117,697 | | | 19,807,876 | | | 37,330,504 |
| | 1870 | | | | 6,640 | | | | 31,736,480 |
| | 1871 | 520,223,684 | | | 3,506 | | | | 77,171,964 |
| | 1872 | | 444,177,586 | | | 13,743,689 | | | 66,133,843 |
| | 1873 | 642,136,210 | 522,479,317 | | | 21,480,937 | | | 63,127,637 |
| | 1874 | 567,406,342 | 586,283,040 | | | | 56,630,405 | Ex. | 38,175,499 |
| | 1875 | 533,005,436 | | | 3,725 | | 92,132,142 | Ex. | 71,231,425 |
| | 1876 | 460,741,191 | 540,384,671 | | 3,480 | | | | 40,569,621 |
| | 1877 | 451,323,126 | 602,475,220 | | | | | | 15,387,758 |
| | 1878 | | | Ex. 257,79 | 06,964 | | 33,733,225 | Ex. | 3,911,911 |

Value and Percentage of Agricultural Products (including Products of the Forest) Exported from the United States for each Year from 1850 to 1878.

[From the Quarterly Report of the Bureau of Statistics, No. 4, 1878.]

| Year ending June 30. | Total domestic exports. | Total exports of agricultural products. | Percent- age of ag- ricultural products to total domestic exports. | Year ending June 30. | Total domestic exports. | Total exports of agricultural products. | Percentage of agricultural products to total domestic exports. |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| | \$ | \$ | | | S | \$ | |
| 1850 | 136,946,912 | 123,825,808 | 90.44 | 1865 | 323,743,187 | 207,232,749 | 64,01 |
| 1851 | 196,689,718 | | 85.69 | 1866 | 550,684,277 | 416,157,242 | |
| 1852 | 192,368,984 | 144,037,465 | 74.85 | 1867 | 438,577,312 | 330,413,246 | 75.35 |
| 1853 | 213,417,697 | 176,589,418 | 82.74 | 1868 | 454,301,713 | 319,004,531 | 70.22 |
| 1854 | 252,047,806 | 195,258,953 | 77.48 | 1869 | 413,761,115 | 311,756,665 | 75 32 |
| 1855 | 246,708,553 | 175,385,328 | 71.09 | 1870 | 499,092,143 | 391,269,605 | 79.01 |
| 1856 | 310,586,330 | 248,091,084 | 79.91 | 1871 | 562,518,651 | 397,963,220 | 70.75 |
| 1857 | 338,985,065 | 260,139,925 | 76.75 | 1872 | 549,219,718 | 407,141,706 | 74.13 |
| 1858 | 293,758,279 | 232,478,953 | 79.49 | 1873 | 649,132,563 | 493,962,697 | 76.00 |
| 1859 | 335,894,383 | 258,449,990 | 76.96 | 1874 | 693,039,054 | 550,043,638 | 79.37 |
| 1860 | 373,189,274 | 295,081,484 | 78.61 | 1875 | 643,094,767 | 479,893,212 | 74.68 |
| 1861 | 228,699,486 | 180,516,442 | 82.46 | 1876 | 644,956,406 | 514,339,866 | 81.30 |
| 1862 | 213,069,519 | 160,821,597 | 75.50 | 1877 | 676,115,592 | 517,737,998 | |
| 1863 | 305.884,998 | 215,273,568 | | 1878. | 722,779,499 | 592,475,813 | 81.98 |
| 1864 | 320,035,199 | 183,356,276 | 57.29 | 1 | | | 1 |

Foreign Trade of the United States by States and Territories during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1878.

[From the Quarterly Report of the Bureau of Statistics, No. 4, 1878.]

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | | Exports. | | Imports. | TOTAL |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| I ERAITORIES. | Domestic. | Foreign. | Total. | | Commerce. |
| Maine | Dollars. 5,583,640 | | | | Dollars. 7,483,557 |
| New Hampshire Vermont | 5,811 1,445,632 | l | 5,811 1,445,632 | 19,777 | 25,588 4,930,381 |
| Massachusetts Rhode Island | 46,653,219 20,719 | 1,431,728 | 48,084,947 20,719 | 40,679,714 148,848 | 88,764,661 169,567 |
| Connecticut New York | 3,642,418 344,801,391 | 5,454 | 3,647,872 | | 5,027,733 |
| Pennsylvania New Jersey | 44,564,790 | | 44,609,545 734,572 | 19,404,322 | 64,013,867 |
| Delaware | 28,002 | | 28,002 | 1,750 | 29,752 |
| Maryland Dist. of Columbia. | 45,492,527 10,056 | | 10.056 | | 62,572,149 16,169 |
| Virginia North Carolina | 11,126,622 5,063,784 | 321 | 5,064,108 | 84,169 | 11,381,847 5,148,277 |
| South Carolina Georgia | 19,689,322 | 483 | 19,061,971 19,689,805 | 189,037 507,206 | 19,201,008 20,197,011 |
| Florida | 8,081,903 9,487,774 | | 8,082,122 9,487,774 | | 3,806,448 10,706,216 |
| Mississippi Louisiana | 894,065 85,273,286 | 221,567 | 891,085 85,594,853 | 995 11,258,255 | 395,080 96,848,108 |
| Texas | 14,500,468 809,147 | | 15,667,266 938,459 | 4,230,551 682,448 | 19,897,817 1,620,907 |
| Wisconsin Illinois and Iud'a. | 2,257,688 3,765,855 | | 2,257,668 3,781,899 | 27,591 899,920 | 2,285,279 4,181,819 |
| Michigan | 10,348,918 8,084,204 | 880,750 | 10,729,663 3,034,204 | 2,157,111 184,602 | 12,856,774 8,218,806 |
| California | 85,497,843 | 8,970,657 | 39,468,510 | 82,629,280 | 72,097,790 |
| Oregon Washington Ter | 6,229,967 565,790 | | 6,231,555 565,790 | 498,449 30,962 | 6,730,004 596,752 |
| Alaska | •••• | 3,844 | 8,844 | 2,148 100,591 | 2,148 104,435 |
| Total | 722,771,399 | 20,884,488 | 743,605,837 | 466,872,846 | 1,210,478,683 |

AGRICULTURE IN EUROPE.

EUROPEAN statistics of agriculture are strikingly deficient. The aggregate amount and value of the great staple crops (as cereals, etc.) of each country are nowhere to be found. Even in Great Britain, where a careful official statement of the acreage of different crops, or the area of land under cultivation, has been published annually for many years, there are no statistics of the annual yield, either as to quantity or value of the crops produced. An attempt to remedy this want was made by the International Statistical Congress at St. Petersburg, in 1872. The statistical corps of the French government was empowered to collect the international statistics of agriculture, and the result of direct inquiries addressed to the statistical authorities of Europe has been published. Though far from complete, the information gathered presents quite interesting figures. The leading facts ascertained, though only partly official (the rest being estimated), are summarized on p. 232, from the Report of the U. S. Commissioner of Agriculture.

The average annual production of cereals of all sorts in Europe is estimated at 5.158,269,600 bushels, of which 1,657,332,000 bushels, or nearly a third, are assigned to Russia; 765,260,000 bushels, or nearly 15 per cent., to Germany; 709,500,000 bushels, or nearly 14 per cent., to France; 567,600,000 bushels, or over 11 per cent., to Austria-Hungary. The production of the United States in 1873 is set down at 1,568,442,000 bushels, an aggregate nearly equal to that of Russia. Europe produces a little over 17 bushels per capita of her population; the United States, in 1873, about 39% bushels per capita. amount and value of the great staple crops (as cereals, ctc.) of each country are no-

1873, about 3934 bushels per capita.

Estimating the average consumption at 15.6 bushels per capita for food, seed, and various manufactures, Europe produces about enough to meet her own demand except in wheat and some other breadstuffs, which exhibit a considerable deficiency

to be supplied by importation.

Of potatoes, Ireland produces 23 bushels per capita; the German Empire. 18.1;
Holland, 14.5; Belgium, 11.6; France, 10.2; Scandinavia, 9.9; Austria-Hungary,
8½; Russia and Finland, 4½; Great Britain, 3½; Italy, 1.1; Portugal, 0.85; Spain,
0.28. In the other states this culture is still more insignificant.

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STATISTICS OF AMERICAN AGRICULTURE.

The following statistics of the agricultural products of the United States represent the leading crops for a series of years since 1870. For the year 1869 we have the figures of the census of 1870, which are the result of a detailed enumeration taken by the United States marshals and their deputies as to the amount of land under tillage, and the quantity of each crop produced during the agricultural year 1869. The figures here given for each year since do not represent a census of agriculture, but the estimates made up by the Department of Agriculture from the returns received through its correspondents in all parts of the country. These correspondents estimate the area in specific crops, and from their own experience and judgment form an opinion of the condition of the plant of each crop from month in month, and ultimately of the quantities produced. These returns are recorded, and the records prepared by counties are summed up and averaged at the Agricultural Department, and the averages corrected by a duplicate record, in which the difference in the productive value of the counties is considered. To cite the language of the Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture, "the corrected result stands as an average, not inevitably of the whole State, but of such portion, half or two thirds, or whatever area is reported of the entire State." While the results cannot possess the authority of an accurate census, they are all that we have since 1870, except in a few States where agricultural statistics are collected by law.

Crops of Principal Cereals in the United States, 1870-1877.

[Condensed from the Reports of the Commissioner of Agriculture.]

1. Indian Corn.

| Years. | Bushels. | Acres. | Value. | Yield per acre. | Average price. | Value per acre |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | | Dollars. | 5.7 | Cents. | Dollars. |
| 1870 | 1,094,255,000 | 38,646,977 | | 28.3 | 54.9 | 15 57 |
| 871 | 991,898,000 | 34,091,137 | | 29.1 | 48.2 | 14 02 |
| 1872 | | 35,526,836 | | 30.7 | 39.8 | 12 24 |
| 873 | | 39,197,148 | | 23.8 | 48.0 | 11 41 |
| 874 | 850,148,500 | 41,036,918 | 550,043,080 | 20.7 | 64.7 | 13 40 |
| 875 | 1,321,069,000 | 44,841,371 | 555,445,930 | 29.4 | 42.0 | 12 38 |
| 876 | 1,283,827,500 | 49,033,364 | 475,491,210 | 26.1 | 37.0 | 9 69 |
| 1877 | 1,342,558,000 | 50,369,113 | 480,643,400 | 26.6 | 35.8 | 9 54 |
| Total | 8,908,749.000 | 332,742,864 | 4,024,070,860 | | | |
| Ann'al Av'ge. | 1,113,593,625 | 41,592,858 | 503,008.857 | 26.7 | 45.1 | 12 09 |

2. Wheat.

| Years. | Bushels. | Acres. | Value. | Yield per acre. | Average price. | Value per acre. |
|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | | | Dollars. | | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| 1870 | 235,884,700 | 18,992,591 | | 12.4 | 1 04.2 | 12 94 |
| 1871 | 230,722,400 | 19,943,893 | | 11.5 | 1 25.8 | 14 55 |
| 1872 | 249,997,100 | 20,858,359 | 310,180,375 | 11.9 | 1 24.0 | 14 87 |
| 1873 | 281,254,700 | 22,171,676 | 323,594,805 | 12.7 | 1 15.0 | 14 50 |
| 1874 | 308,102,700 | 24,967,027 | 291,107,895 | 12.3 | 94.4. | 11 66 |
| 1875 | 292,136,000 | 26,381,512 | | 11.0 | 1 00 0 | 11 16 |
| 1876 | 289,356,500 | 27,627,021 | | 10.4 | 1 03.7 | 10 86 |
| 1877 | 365,094,800 | 26,193,407 | | 13.9 | 1 08.2 | 15 08 |
| Total | 2,252,548,900 | 187,135,486 | 2,451,155,605 | | | |
| Ann'al Av'ge. | 281.743,612 | 23,391,936 | 306,394,451 | 12.0 | 1 08.8 | 13 09 |

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STATISTICS OF AMERICAN AGRICULTURE-Continued.

3. Oats.

| Years. | Bushels. | Acres. | Value. | Yield per acre. | Average price. | Value per acre |
|---------------|---|------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| METAL TO | | | Dollars. | Bushels. | Cents. | Dollars |
| 1000 | 247,277,400 | 8,792,395 | 107,136,710 | 28.1 | 43.3 | 12 18 |
| 1870 | | 8,365,809 | 102,570,030 | 30.5 | 40.1 | 12 26 |
| 1872 | 255,743,000 271,747,000 | 9,000,769 | 91,315,710 | 30.3 | 33.6 | 10 14 |
| 1873 | 270,340,000 | 9,751,700 | 101,175,750 | 27.7 | 37.4 | 10 37 |
| 1874 | 240,369,000 | 10,897,412 | 125,047,530 | 22.0 | 52.0 | 11 47 |
| 1875 | 354,317,500 | 11,915,075 | 129,499,930 | 29.7 | 36.5 | 10 86 |
| | 320,884,000 | 13,358,908 | 112,865,900 | 24.0 | 35.1 | 8 44 |
| 1876 | | | 118,661,550 | 31.6 | 29.2 | 9 25 |
| 1877 | 406,394,000 | 12,826,148 | 118,661,550 | 31.0 | 29.2 | 9 25 |
| Total | 2,367,071,900 | 84,908,216 | 888,273,110 | | | |
| Ann'al Av'ge. | 295,883,990 | 10,613,527 | 111,034,139 | 27.9 | 28.4 | 10 56 |
| 4. Barley: | | | | | | |
| ann. av., 8 | 31,814,724 | 1,477,809 | 25,032,158 | 21.5 | 78.8 | 16 97 |
| 5. Rye: ann. | 01,014,124 | 1,411,000 | 20,032,100 | 21.5 | 10.0 | 10 91 |
| av., 8 years | 16,890,950 | 1,225,307 | 12,543,888 | 13.7 | 75.2 | 10 33 |
| 6. Buck wh't: | 20,000,000 | 2,000,001 | 24,020,000 | 10 | 10.2 | 20 00 |
| ann, av., 8 | | 3.4.1.1 | | | | |
| years | 9,010,737 | 524,755 | 6,937,429 | 17.1 | 73.8 | 13 20 |
| Potatoes: | | | | | | |
| ann. av., 8 | 200000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | |
| yrs, 1870-77 | 127,827,337 | 1,440,856 | 74,290,614 | 88.7 | 53.1 | 52.04 |
| Hay: crop of | | | | | | |
| 1877, tons | 31,629,300 | 25,367,708 | 271,934,950 | 1.24 | \$8.60 | 10.72 |
| Cotton: crop | | | | lbs. | cts. | |
| of '77, bales | 4,750,000 | 12,056,855 | 209,000,000 | 176 | 10.0 | 17.60 |

Table showing the average cash value per acre of the principal crops of the farm, taken together, in each State, for the year 1877.

[From the Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for 1877.]

| STATES. | Av'ge value per acre. | States. | Av'ge value per acre. | STATES. | Av'age value per acre. |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Maine N. Hampshire | | South Carolina Georgia | \$7 97 8 18 | IndianaIllinois | \$11 42 10 04 |
| Vermont | | Florida | 9 82 | Wisconsin Minnesota | 11 10 |
| Rhode Island Connecticut | 22 50 | Mississippi Louisiana | 9 77 | Iowa | |
| New York New Jersey | 14 79 | Texas | 11 45 | Kansas Nebraska | 8 39 7 89 |
| Pennsylvania | 14 80 | Tennessee | 9 75 | California | 13 78 |
| Delaware | 15 89 | W. Virginia Kentucky | 10 46 | Oregon | 20 75 |
| Virginia North Carolina | 9 96 8-01 | Ohio Michigan | 18 34 15 63 | and the Territo- | 18 13 |

LEADING AGRICULTURAL CROPS IN EUROPE.

| | اا | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| Countries. | Date of Sta- tistics. | Total Area. | Land under Tillage. | Wheat. | RYE. | Barley. | OATS. | Potatorc. | Aver- age yield of Wheat per acre. |
| 1. Austria. 2. Baden. 3. Baden. 3. Baden. 4. Baden. 4. Demark. 6. Fundand. 6. Fundand. 7. France. 7 | 1871 1873 1873 1873 1873 1873 1873 1873 | Acres. 74,180,173 22,273,313 374,285 19,390,648 19,390,648 19,390,648 19,390,648 19,390,183 10,783,838 11,786,147 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,786,138 11,888,688 11,888,688 11,888,688 11,888,898 11,8888 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 11,888,898 | Acres 22,273,813 1,486,909 1,686,4704 8,286,704 8,284,909 1,981,63 | Bushala 4,847,388 21,688,889 22,689,889 227,889,086 104,513,884 5,871,088 5,883,080 107,881,080 107,881,080 7,874,188 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 2,146,589 3,146,589 | Bushals 74,407,428 1,583,478 24,560,568 18,907,589 1771,634 1771,634 1771,630 178,000 8,187,448 8,740,887 173,486,788 117,636 1,767,136 | ### 1986 1986 | Busheds 81.88,777 85.887,914 87.1777 88.188,777 18.188,773 18.289,660 18.289,660 11.11,682 11.11,116,821 11.11,682 11.11,116,821 11.11,682 11 | The half 178,429,626 59,778,270 69,808,441 14,625,600 7,095,000 7,095,000 13,251,505 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,455 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,415 18,390,417 18,300,417 18,300,417 18,300,417 18,300,417 18,300,417 18,300,417 18, | ###################################### |
| ביייים בייים ביייים בייים ביים בייים בי | ē | anianiania | animoine. | 201,201,200 | Mrhorring . | W#,12#,100 | 400'00 a' 000 | 70,000,001 | 70.0 |

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NATIONAL BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1878.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, December, 1878.]

THE following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of all the national banks at the close of business on the first day of October, 1878—the date of their last report.

| | New York City. | Boston, Philadel- phia and Baltimore. | Other Banks. | Aggregate. |
|---|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|---|
| | 47 banks. | 99 banks. | 1,907 banks. | 2,053 banks. |
| RESOURCES. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Loans and discoumts | | | 430,184,396 | |
| On U. S. bonds on demand On other stocks, bonds, etc., on | 7,003,085 | 1,140,581 | 735,243 | · · • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| demand | 57,904,202 | 19,766,710 | 7,874,762 | |
| Payable in goldOn single-name paper without | 6,752,181 | 8,053 | 1,247,996 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| other security | 17,297,474 | 10,583,112 | 6,699,583 | |
| All other loans | 80,629,03 S | | 62,609,942 | |
| Overdrafts | 130.973 | 81,090 | 3,254,845 | 3,466,908 |
| Bonds for circulation | 24,195,500 | 50,113,200 | 273,247,950 | 847,556.650 |
| Bonds for deposits | 26,715,550 | 6,402,300 | 14,819,000 | 47,986,850 |
| U. S. bonds on hand | 11,463,900 | 7,903,450 | 27,418,250 | 46.785.600 |
| Other stocks and bonds | 9,193,664 | 8,726,212 | 23,989,659 | 86,859,535 |
| Due from reserve agents Due from other national banks | 1 | 16,875,648 | 68,707,776 | 85,083,419 |
| Due from other national banks Due from other banks and bank- | 11,366,000 | 8,636,970 | 21,489,949 | 41,492,919 |
| ers. Real estate, furniture and fix- | 2,981,297 | 894,272 | 8,439,129 | 12,814,698 |
| tures | 9,465,820 | 7,082,589 | 80,154,117 | 46,702,476 |
| Current expenses | 995,333 | 780,220 | 4,497,014 | 6,272,567 |
| Premiums | 1,767,167 | 1,021,048 | 4,346,521 | 7,184,786 |
| Premiums Checks and other cash items | 1,765,188 | 874,554 | 8,342,691 | 10,982,483 |
| Exchanges for clearing-house | 62,454,792 | 15,148,067 | 4.769,679 | 82,872,588 |
| Bills of other national banks | 1,560,628 | 2,523,054 | 12,846,044 | 16,929,721 |
| Fractional currency | 67,708 | 36,187 | 411,771 | 515,661 |
| Specie | 13,294,602 | 5,987,489 | 11,406,515 | 80,688,606 |
| Legal-tender notes | 14,898,468 | 8,300,990 | | 64,428,600 |
| U. S. certificates of deposit | 21,660,000 | 7,370,000 | 8,660,000 | 82,690,000 |
| Five per cent. redemption fund | 1,073,505 | 2,178.855 | 11,953,681 | 15,205,541 |
| Due from U. S. Treasury | 147,702 | 265,303 | 925,128 | 1,338,183 |
| Totals | 8 S4,778,767 | 297,224,528 | 1,085,275,843 | 1,767,279,133 |
| J.IABILITIES. | F0 000 000 | mo ros e | 800 001 100 | 440 447 400 |
| Capital stock | 53.800,000 | 78.526,310 | | 466,147.486 |
| Surplus fund | 15 920,280 | 19,968,943 | 91,008,607 | 116,897,780 |
| Undivided profits | 8.659,800 20,025,861 | 3,899,816 42,986,571 | 28,376,597 238,875,660 | 40,936,218 301,868,092 |
| State bank notes outstanding | 78,339 | 80,757 | 259,817 | 418,918 |
| Dividends unpaid | 190,705 | 1,087,472 | 1,890,218 | 8,118,390 |
| Individual deposits | 172,441,669 | 108,863,331 | 838,981,177 | 6:0,236,177 |
| U. S. deposits | 26,090,297 | 6,255,785 | 9,308,730 | 41,654,812 |
| U. S. deposits Deposits of U. S. disbursing offi- | | | | |
| cers | 131,225 | 20,271 | 8,191.299 | 8,342,795 |
| Due to national banks | 3 68,125,941 | 27,787,067 | 26,583,506 | 122,496,514 |
| Due to other banks and bankers. | 19,811,700 | 6,591,905 | 16,783,098 | 42,636,703 8,007,825 |
| Notes and bills re-discounted | 8,000 | 37,537 1,168,758 | 2,969,788 8,326,225 | 4,502,983 |
| Bills payable | | | | |
| Totals | 884,778,767 | 297,224,523 | 1,085,275,843 | 1,767,279,133 |

NATIONAL BANKS BY STATES, NOVEMBER, 1878.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, December, 1878.]

| STATES AND TERITORIES. | In operation. | Capital paid in. | Bonds on deposit. | Circulation issued. | Circulation redeemed. | Circulation outstanding |
|---|---------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Maine | 72 | \$10,660,000 | \$9,626,250 | \$20,538,580 | \$11,738,656 | \$8,799,92 |
| New Hampshire | 46 | 5,740,000 | | | 6 003 908 | 5,194,74 |
| | | 9 599 000 | 7 669 500 | 10 020 600 | 6,923,328 11,627,166 | 7 950 49 |
| Vermont | 47 | 8,533,000 95,407,000 | 79 991 050 | 18,979,600 | 100 777 000 | 7,352,43 |
| Mussachusetts | 237 | 95,407,000 | 14,221,950 | 166,473,645 | 102,777,080 | 63,696,56 |
| Rhode Island | 61 82 | 20,009,800 25,504,620 | 7,662,500 72,221,950 14,254,400 20,323,700 | 35,026,715 47,555,410 | 21,976,505 29,564,017 | 13,050,21 |
| | | | | | | - |
| Totals, Eastern States | 545 | 165,854,420 | 129,857.800 | 300,692,025 | 184,606,752 | 116,085,27 |
| New York | 280 | 90,689,691 | 55,766,300 | | 118,990,888 | 50,871,89 |
| New Jersey | 69 | 13,858,350 | 12,626,350 | 29,531,520 | 18,172,195 | 11,359,32 |
| Pennsylvania | 235 | 55,909,840 | 46,677,650 | 109,208,135 | 66,960,830 | 42,247,30 |
| Delaware | 14 | 1,763,985 | 1,549,200 | | 2,000,605 | 1,432,06 |
| Maryland | 32 | 12,865,010 | 7,821,000 | 22,314,450 | 14,614,276 | 7,700,17 |
| Totals, Middle States | 630 | 175,086,876 | 124,440,500 | 334,349,485 | 220,738,794 | 113,610,69 |
| Dist. of Columb | 7 | 1,507,000 | 1,155,000 | 3,549,600 | 2,459,001 | 1,090,59 |
| Virginia | 18 | 3,285,000 1,756,000 | 2,529,850 | 7.226,270 | 4,865,578 | 2,360,69 |
| West Virginia | 15 | 1,756,000 | 1,458,000 | 4,941,430 | 3,393,022 | 1,548,40 |
| North Carolina | 15 | 2,551,000 | 1,764,000 | 3,986,200 | 2,272,720 2,230,960 | 1,713,48 |
| South Carolina | 12 | 2,851,100 | 1,490,000 | 3,580,325 | 2.230.960 | 1,349,36 |
| Georgia | 12 | 2,041,000 | 1,925,000 | 4,817,790 | 2,891,381 | 1,925,40 |
| Monida | 1 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 59,500 | 15,700 | 43.80 |
| Florida | | 1,658,000 | | | 1,511,142 | |
| Alabama | 10 | 1,050,000 | 1,621,000 | 2,990,130 | 1,011,142 | 1,478,98 |
| Mississippi | | 9 475 000 | 1 000 000 | 66,000 | 65,389 | 61 |
| Jouisiana | 7 | 3,475,000 | 1,820,000 | 6,557,760 | 4,533,224 | 2,024,58 |
| exas | 11 | 1,100,000 | 680,000 | 1,686,420 | 1,149,415 | 537,00 |
| Arkansas | 2 | 205,000 | 205,000 | 531,900 | 280,307 | 251,59 |
| Kentucky | 48 | 9,936,500 | 8,546,350 | 18,039,495 | 9,812,155 | 8,227,34 2,567.38 |
| ennessee | 25 | 3,080,300 | 2,754,500 | 6,400,280 10,947,375 | 3,832,947 8,602,943 | 2,567.38 |
| Missouri | 22 | 7,175,000 | 2,000,000 | | | 2,344,43 |
| Cotals, Southern States | 205. | 40,670,900 | 27,998,700 | 75,380,475 | 47,915,884 | 27,464,59 |
| Ohio | 162 | 26,986,900 | 23,157,250 | 56,231,270 | 34,845,147 | 21,386,12 |
| ndiana | 94 | 15,026,530 | 12,918,500 | 34,542,755 | 22,144,156 | 12,398,59 |
| | 139 | 17,194,600 | 9,988,500 | 33,574,905 | 23,659,677 | 9,915,22 |
| Illinois | 79 | 9,514,500 | 6,275,750 | 16,253,190 | 10,255,860 | 5,997,33 |
| Michigan | 38 | 3,315,000 | 2,094,500 | 7,165,660 | 4,878,370 | 2,287,29 |
| Wisconsin | 76 | 5 097 000 | 4,557,000 | 12,427,740 | 8,038,221 | 4,389,51 |
| owa | 31 | 5,927,000 4,968,700 | 9 670 400 | 7,124,660 | 4,502,396 | 2,622,26 |
| Minnesota | 11 | 4,900,700 | 2,679,400 | 2,813,680 | 1,891,161 | 922,51 |
| Kansas | 10 | 800,000 1,000,000 | 740,000 844,000 | 1,853,340 | 1,112,106 | 741,23 |
| Totals, Western States | 640 | 84,733,230 | 63,254,900 | 171,987,200 | 111,327,094 | 60,660,10 |
| | | | | | | 0.11 |
| evada | | 050.000 | | 131,700 | 128,587 | 3,11 |
| regon | 1 | 250,000 | 250,000 | 487,000 | 263,100 | 223,90 |
| olorado | 13 | 1,235,000 | 823,000 | 1,611,920 | 868,639 | 743,28 |
| Jtah | 1 | 200,000 | 50,000 | 614,930 | 545,874 | 69,05 |
| daho | 1 | 100,000 | 100,000 | 197,740 | 115,739 | 82,00 |
| Iontana | 3 | 350,000 | 280,000 | 544.420 | 297,871 | 246,54 |
| Wyoming | 2 2 | 125,000 | 60,000 | 116,360 | 62,360 | 54,00 |
| New Mexico | 2 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 591,070 | 325,510 | 265,56 |
| Dakota | 3 | 175,000 | 110,000 | 155,530 | 56,530 | 99,00 |
| Washington | 1 | 150,000 | 50,000 | 45,000 | | 45,00 |
| Totals, Pacific States and Territories | | 0.008.000 | 0.000.000 | 4 402 020 | 0.001.010 | 1 001 10 |
| and Territories | 27 | 2,885,000 | 2,023,000 | 4,495,670 | 2,664,210 | 1,831,46 |
| old Banks | 9 | 4,300,000 | 1,834,000 | 3,051,220 | 1,582,300 | 1,468,92 |
| Due for mutilated | | | | | | 1,339,67 |
| | | | | | - | |
| Totals for all | | And the second | | Section 1 | 1 1 T L 2 STORY WELL | |

CONDITION OF THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANKS, 1872-1878.

From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, December, 1878.

The following table exhibits the resources and liabilities of the national banks in operation at corresponding dates for the last seven years;

| | Oct. 8, 1872. | Sept. 12, 1878. | Oct. 2, 1874. | Oct. 1, 1875. | Oct. 2, 1876. | Oct. 1, 1877. | Oct. 1, 1878. |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | 1,919 banks. | 1,976 banks. | 2,004 banks. | 2,087 banks. | 2,089 banks. | 2,080 banks. | 2,053 banks. |
| RESOURCES. | Millions. 877.2 | Millions. 944.2 | Millione. 954 4 | Millions. 984.7 | Millione. 981.3 | Millions. 891.9 | |
| Bonds for circulation Other U. S. bonds Other stocks, bonds etc. | 889.0 27.6 28.5 | \$88.3 23.6 23.7 | 385.8 28.0 27.8 | 870.3 28.1 83.5 | 337.2 47.8 31.4 | 886.8 45.0 84.5 | 94.7 |
| Due from other banks. Real estate | 128.2 32.3 | 149.5 84.7 | 184.8 88.1 | 144.7 | 146.9 43.1 | 199.9 45.3 | 138.9 |
| Specie Legal-tender notes | 10.2 102.1 | 19.9 92.4 | 21.2 80.0 | 8.1 76.5 | 21.4 84.2 | 22.7 66.9 | |
| National-bank notes Clearing-house ex- changes | 15.8 125.0 | 16.1 | 18.5 109.7 | 18.5 87.9 | 15.9 | 15.6 74.5 | |
| U. S. certificates of de- posit | 6.7 | 20.6 | 43.8 | 48.8 | 29.3 | 83.4 | 82.7 |
| urerOther resources | 25.2 | 17.8 | 20.3 18.9 | 19.6 19.1 | 16.7 19.1 | 16.0 28.7 | 16.5 24.9 |
| Totals | 1,755.8 | 1,830.6 | 1,877.2 | 1,832.2 | 1,827.2 | 1,741.1 | 1,767.8 |
| Liabilities. | | | | | | | |
| Capital stock Surplus fund | 479.6 110.8 | 491.0 120.8 | 493.8 129.0 | 504 8 184.4 | 499.8 182.2 | 479.5 122.8 | 466.2 116.9 |
| Undivided profits Circulation | 46.6 885.1 | 54.5 840.8 | 51.5 834.2 | 58.0 819.1 | 46.4 292.2 | 44.5 291.9 | 40.9 801.9 |
| Due to depositors Due to other banks | 698.9 148.8 | 640.0 173.0 | 683 8 175.8 | 679 4 179.7 | 666.2 179.8 | 689.4 161.6 | 668.4 165.1 |
| Other liabilities, | 11.5 | 11.5 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 7.9 |
| Totals | 1,755.8 | 1,830.6 | 1,877.2 | 1,882.2 | 1,827.2 | 1,741.1 | 1,767.8 |

Comparison of Condition of the Treasury, January 1, 1878, and January 1, 1879.

[Official Statement of the Warrant Division, Treasury Department.]

| Balances. | 1878. | 1879. |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|
| Currency | \$ 5,498,841 85 | \$4,515,550 13 |
| Currency Special Deposit of Legal Tenders for redemp- | 10,000,000 00 | 10,000,000 00 |
| tion of Certificates of Deposit | 82,839,000 00 | 84,515,000 00 |
| Coin | 139,518,405 80 | 2:24,865,477 6: |
| Coin and Silver Certificates | 83,424,900 00 | 24,076,830 00 |
| Coin, less Coin and Silver Certificates | 106,093,505 30 | 200,788,647 62 |
| Outstanding Called Bonds | 20,745,800 00 | 21,718,700 0 |
| Other Outstanding Coin Liabilities | 5,907,846 95 | 4,624,257 12 |
| Outstanding Legal Tenders | 849,948,776 00 | 346,6 81,016 00 |
| Outstanding Fractional Currency | 17,764,108 90 | 16,108,154 6 |
| Outstanding Silver Coin | 38, (83, 484 19 | 89,981,957 25 |
| Total Debt, less Cash in Treasury | 2,045,955,442 79 | 2,028,648,111 09 |
| Increase of Debt for December | 71.628 15 | 1,283,785 30 |
| Reduction of Debt since July 1 | 14,202,780 47 | 7,188,720 78 |
| Market value of Gold | 102 87 | 100 00 |
| Imports (12 months ending November 80) | 482,292,984 00 | |
| Exports (12 months ending November 80) | 628,016,618 00 | 739,971,789 00 |

BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES OTHER THAN NATIONAL.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, December 2, 1873.]

Number of State Banks, Savings Banks, Trust Companies, and Private Bankers, and their Average Capital and Deposits, by States, for the six months ending May 31, 1878.

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | No. of banks | Capital. | Deposits. | STATES AND TERRITORIES. | No. of banks | Capital. | Deposits. |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------|
| | | \$ | \$ | | | \$ | \$ |
| Maine | 69 | 92,108 | 28,957,428 | Ohio | 255 | 6,042,364 | 15,952,238 |
| N. Hampshire | 71 | 61,000 | 28,309,624 | Cincinnati | 21 | 2,022,369 | 7,361,629 |
| Vermont | 21 | 344,167 | 8,140,383 | Cleveland | 9 | 893,623 | 12,244,967 |
| Massachusetts | 170 | 834,666 | 157,816,812 | Indiana | 150 | 5.081.175 | 10,224,039 |
| Boston | 59 | 3,061,397 | 70,746,941 | Illinois | 319 | 4,509,738 | 12,472.557 |
| Rhode Island. | 58 | 3,883,267 | 50,028,328 | Chicago | 31 | 3,612,908 | 6,832,759 |
| Connecticut | 107 | 2,840,000 | 78,858,210 | Michigan | 153 | 2,636,707 | 4,737,722 |
| Commediation. | 201 | 20101000 | 10,000,010 | Detroit | 15 | 1,108,368 | 5,179,009 |
| N.E. States. | 555 | 11.116,605 | 422,857,726 | Wisconsin | 89 | 1,386,425 | 3,714,069 |
| 11.13. 000000. | | 11,110,000 | 200,001,100 | Milwaukee | 11 | 729,853 | 5,747,509 |
| New York | 328 | 10,427,448 | 148,258,669 | Iowa | 287 | 5,255,013 | 8,224,785 |
| N. Y. City | 443 | 40,700,289 | 247,964,314 | Minnesota | 77 | 1,510,502 | 3,233,693 |
| Albany | 14 | 642,000 | 12,153,189 | Missouri | 176 | 4,124,269 | 10.184.792 |
| New Jersey | 59 | 1,741,071 | | Saint Louis. | 32 | 6,576,033 | 16,387,002 |
| | | | 19,326,498 | Kansas | 109 | 1,472,344 | |
| Pennsylvania | 313 | 10,807,358 | 29,979,015 | | 48 | 503,595 | 2,598,746 |
| Philadelphia | 59 | 2,113,756 | 42,552,729 | Nebraska | 48 | 000,000 | 1,189,250 |
| Pittsburg | 37 | 4,657,547 | 13,727,252 | 777 4 CIA-F | 1 500 | 47,470,286 | 100 004 800 |
| Delaware | 9 | 712,578 | 1,798,521 | West. States | 1,182 | 47,410,280 | 126,284,766 |
| Maryland | 13 | 627,513 | 559,703 | 0 | | 0.40.000 | 4 400 K 48 |
| Baltimore | 41 | 4,162,516 | 24,604,030 | Oregon | 10 | 643,225 | 1,489,547 |
| Dist. of Col | 10 | 496,742 | 3,151,613 | California | 84 | 9,943,129 | 17,422,175 |
| Washington | | | | S. Francisco | 33 | 21,787,036 | 78,070,629 |
| | | | | Colorado | 28 | 526,190 | 934,915 |
| Mid. States | 1,326 | 77,088,818 | 544,075,533 | Nevada | 18 | 412,268 | 1,914,583 |
| | | | 2 100 200 | Utah | 8 | 120,000 | 714,555 |
| Virginia | 77 | 3,291,667 | 6,499,580 | New Mexico . | 4 | 5,000 | 61,180 |
| West Virginia | 22 | 1,496,792 | 3,927,737 | Wyoming | 3 | 8.2,794 | 148,682 |
| N. Carolina | 13 | 588,290 | 978,018 | Idaho | 2 | 54,000 | |
| S. Carolina | 18 | 911,523 | 1,004,868 | Dakota | 12 | 78,039 | 277,927 |
| Georgia | 67 | 4,317,817 | 3,948,488 | Montana | 8 | 133,413 | 183,918 |
| Florida | 6 | 89,483 | 233,405 | Washington | 3 | 208,000 | |
| Alabama | 22 | 993,276 | 1,813,605 | Arizona | 4 | 85,000 | 25,885 |
| Mississippi | 32 | 1,289,573 | 1,732,597 | | - | | |
| Louisiana | 3 | 116,000 | 48,110 | Pacif. States | | | |
| New Orleans | 21 | 4,473,905 | 7.994,123 | and Territo. | 217 | 34,148,094 | 101,802,804 |
| Texas | 102 | 3,707,057 | 4,626,420 | 100000 -000000 | | | |
| Arkansas | 15 | 225.576 | 298,605 | Totals | 4,400 | 205,382,832 | 1,242,794,903 |
| Kentucky | 74 | 7,010,103 | 6,287,262 | | 1,100 | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR | |
| Louisville | 17 | 5,288,296 | 5,650,057 | | | | 17,770 |
| Tennessee | 31 | 1,769,671 | 2,731,199 | | | | |
| South.States | 520 | 35,559,029 | 47,774,074 | | | ***** | 255 AD 4020 |

| GEOGRAPHICAL | STATE BANKS, SAV- INGS-BANKS, PRIVATE BANKERS, ETC. | | NA | NATIONAL BANKS. | | | " TOTAL. | | |
|--|---|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|----------|--|
| Divisions. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Depos- |
| N. Eng. States. Middle States. South'n States. | 555 1,326 520 | 77.09 | Millions. 422.86 544.07 | 542 634 | | Millions. 128.83 374.89 | 1,960 | 254.27 | Millions, 551.69 918.96 83.71 |
| Western States and Ter | | 85.55 81.62 | 47.77 228.09 | 704 | | 35,94 137,50 | - 1 | 117333 | 335.59 |
| United States | 4,400 | 205.38 | 1,242.79 | 2,056 | 470.39 | 677.16 | 6,456 | 675.77 | 1,919.95 |

From this table it will be seen that the total number of banks and bankers in the country at the dates named (May 31, 1878, and June 29, 1878, for the national banks) was 6,456, with a total banking capital of \$675,776,198, and total deposits of \$1,919,-954,201.

SAVINGS-BANKS, PRIVATE BANKS, ETC., IN 1878.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 2, 1873.]

Total Average Capital and Deposits of all State and Savings-Banks and Private Bankers in the Country, for the Six Months ending May 31, 1878.

| Geographical | | STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES. | | | Private Bankers. | | | Savings- Banks. | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------|------------------|----------------|-----|--------------------|--|
| Divisions. | No. | Capital. | Deposits. | No. | Capital. | Depos- its. | No. | Deposits. | |
| New Eng. States | 42 | Millions, 8.19 | Millions. | 71 | Millions. | Millions. | 442 | Millions. | |
| Middle States | 217 | 42 45 | 122.10 | 916 | 34.48 | 61.92 | 193 | 860.03 | |
| Southern States Western States and | 23:3 | 27.38 | 30.67 | 280 | 7.80 | 13.68 | 7 | 8.43 | |
| Territories | 8 61 | 46.83 | 61.65 | 1,589 | 33.16 | 105.00 | 49 | 61.41 | |
| United States | 853 | 124.85 | 229.48 | 2,856 | 77.80 | 183.83 | 691 | 829.48 | |

The capital of the 2,056 national banks in operation on June 29, 1878, was \$470,333,-356, not including surplus, which amounted at that date to more than 118 millions; while the average capital of all the State banks, private banks, and savings-banks having capital stock, for the six months ending May 31 previously, was, seen above, but \$205,832,832; considerably less than one-half that of the national banks. The net deposits of the national banks were \$677,159,298, while the average deposits of all other banks and bankers, including savings-banks, were \$1,242,794,908. The average deposits for the same period of 663 savings-banks having no capital stock were \$903,299,345.

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of Savings-Banks in the United States, from 1874 to 1878.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 2, 1873.]

| | 1874-'75. | 1875–'76. | 1876-'77. | 1877-173. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| RESOURCES. | 674 hanks. | 686 banks. | 675 banks. | 663 banks. |
| | s | | 8 | 8 |
| Loans on real estate | 851,836,551 | 873,501,248 | 869,770,878 | 403,921,601 |
| Loans on other securities | 181,148,206 | 164,024,477 | 114,474.168 | 88,192,337 |
| United States bonds | 83,206,272 | 108,162.634 | 115,389,880 | 129,362,890 |
| State and other stocks and bonds. | 161.834.430 | 169,801,299 | 184,116,602 | 170,155,078 |
| Railroad bonds and stocks | 20,690,901 | 23,992,313 | 24,586.503 | 21,752,650 |
| Bank stock | 80,503.752 | 83,267,494 | 84,571,581 | 84,703,256 |
| Real estate | 14,136,748 | 15,540,884 | 21.037,428 | 29,952,494 |
| Other investments | 11,354,781 | 20,730,050 | 18,135,678 | 18,169,863 |
| Expenses Due from banks | 1,318,683 | 8 :6,018 | 1,029,238 | 216,690 |
| Due from banks | 23,378,937 | 23,011,148 | 23,522,572 | 22,551,208 |
| Cash | 17,858,182 | 18,456,405 | 16,160,096 | 17,469,085 |
| Totals | 806,197,454 | 951,858,544 | 922,794,562 | 941,447,150 |
| Liabilities. | | | | |
| Deposits | 849,581,633 | 891,459,890 | 866,498,453 | 879,897,425 |
| Surplus fund | 16,499,565 | 51,821,033 | 43,835,885 | 43,892,508 |
| Undivided profits | 29,072,493 | 5,497,503 | 9,200,778 | 6,964,177 |
| Other liabilities | 1,043,763 | 8,075,118 | 8,259,447 | 10,698,045 |
| Totals | 896,197,454 | 951,353,544 | 9.32,794,562 | 941,447,150 |

AMOUNT OF PAPER MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, December, 1878.]

The subjoined table exhibits, by denominations, the amount of national-bank and legal-tender notes outstanding on November 1, 1878:

| DENOMINATIONS. | Amount of national-bank notes. | Amount of legal-tenders. | Total. |
|--|--|---|---|
| Ones. Twos. Fives. Tens. Tens. Tyenties. Fifties One hundreds. Five hundreds One thousands Fractions of notes not presented or destroyed | \$ 4,284,219 2,552,146 92,539,275 102,981,440 68,219,780 20,967,900 27,104,400 657,500 304,000 | \$ 20,368,581 20,332,920 55,576,740 65,926,631 63,565,929 96,691,193 81,227,707 30,501,500 88,490,500 | \$ 24,652,750 22,915,066 148,116,015 16S,906,071 131,785,709 47,658,995 58,381,470 81,159,000 83,794,500 |
| Totals | 819,652,121 | 847,681,016 1,000,000 | 667,383,137 1,000,000 |
| Balances | 819,652,121 | 346,681,016 | 666,888,137 |

Section 5175 of the Revised Statutes provides "that not more than one-sixth part of the notes furnished to any association shall be of a less denomination than five-dollars, and that after specie payments are resumed no association shall be furnished with notes of a less denomination than five dollars."

In view of this provision, the printing of one and two dollar notes was discontinued on November 1, 1878, and it is not expected that any notes of these denomina-

tions will be issued hereafter.

Table, by States, of the Aggregate Deposits of Savings-Banks, with the Number of their Depositors and the Average Amount Due to Each, in 1877 and 1878.

| | | 1876–777. | | 1877–778. | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| STATES. | Number of de- positors. | Amount of deposits. | Average to each depositor. | Number of de- positors. | Amount of deposits. | Average to each depositor. |
| | | \$ | 8 | | \$ | 8 |
| Maine | 90,621 | 26,662,150 | | 88,661 | 25,708,472 | 808 00 |
| New Hampshire | 93,683 | 30,963,047 | 813 76 | 94,967 | 28,789,549 | 808 19 |
| Vermont | 25,671 | 6,815,829 | 265 50 | 27,690 | 6,722,691 | 242 78 |
| Massachusetts | 739,289 | 243,340,643 | 829 15 | 789,757 | 244,596,614 | 830 64 |
| Rhode Island | 99,865 | 50,542,274 | 506 10 | 89,475 | 48,103,119 | 587 61 |
| Connecticut | 203,514 | 78,524,172 | 885 84 | 204,575 | 77,214,372 | 877 48 |
| New York | 861,603 | 819,716,864 | 871 07 | 844,550 | 312,823,058 | 870 40 |
| New Jersey | *81,026 | 29,318,548 | 348 92 | 63,447 | 16,353,275 | 257 74 |
| Pennsylvania | *67.660 | 17,577,468 | 259 79 | *68,000 | 17,923,825 | 263 59 |
| Maryland | *50,197 | 19,543,967 | 389 34 | *50,450 | 19,739,206 | 891 26 |
| District of Columbia | | | 555 51 | 8,928 | 382,905 | 97 48 |
| Louisiana | | | | 5,978 | 1,932,330 | 828 24 |
| Ohio | 26,037 | 10,041,726 | 885 67 | *22,840 | 8,623,245 | 886 00 |
| Indiana | *5,548 | 1,986,025 | 858 00 | ,020 | O.O.O.O. | 333 55 |
| Oalifornia | *42,600 | 81,185,600 | 782 05 | *96.967 | 70.984,764 | 732 05 |
| Totals | 2,895,814 | 886,218,806 | 861 63 | 2,400,785 | 879,897,425 | 866 50 |

^{*} Estimated.

Statement showing the amount of State, National-Bank, and United States Notes, etc., outstanding at the close of each fiscal year, from 1860 to 1878, inclusive.

[Prepared at the Treasury Department, July 19, 1878.]

| | fr. rahan | | ory Departur | •ut, suly 15, | 10.0.] | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| Tirle. | Amount authorized. | Amount issued. | Outstanding June 30, 1860. | Outstand ing June 30, 1861. | Outstand ing June 30, 1862. | Outstanding June 30, 1863. | |
| State-Bank Circulation, National-Bank Circulat's Demand Notes, acts of | | | 207,102,477 | 202,005,767 | 183,792,079 | 238,677,218 | 179,157,717 31,235,270 |
| July 17 and Aug. 5, '61. Legal-tender Notes, act | 60,000,000 | 60,000,000 | ¦ | | 53,040,000 | 3,351,019 | 780,999 |
| Legal-tender Notes, act of July 11, 1962. Legal-tender Notes, act of Mar. 3, 1863. | 150,000,000 | 447,300,203 | | | 96,620,000 | 297,767,114 | 431,178,671 |
| One and two-year Notes of 1883, act of Mar. 3, 1863, bearing 5 per cent. interest. Compound-interest notes, acts of Mar. 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864, bearing | 400,000,000 | 211,000,000 | | | | 89,579,475 | 158,471,450 |
| 6 per cent. interest Fractional Currency | 400,000,000 50,000,000 | | | | | 20, 192,456 | 15,000,000 22,894,877 |
| Total am't in Currency | | | 207,102,477 | 202,005,767 | 333,452,079 | 649,867,283 | 833,718,984 |
| Value of the paper dollar as compared with coin July 1 of each year Value of currency in gold | | | | | 90 86.6 288,769,500 | \$0 76.6 497,798,838 | \$0 88.7 822,649,247 |
| TITLE. (Continued.) | Outstanding June 30, 1865. | Outstanding June 30, 1866. | Outstanding June 30, 1867. | Outstanding June 30, 1868. | Outstand- ing June 30, 1869. | Outstand- ing June 30, 1870. | Outstanding June 30, 1871. |
| State-Bank Circulation Nutional-Bank Circulat'n Demand Notes Legal-tender Notes One and two-year Notes | \$ 142,919,638 146,137,860 472,603 432,687,966 | 19,996,163 281,479,908 272,162 400,619,206 | 4,484,112 298,625,379 208,432 371,783,597 | 3,163,771 299,762,855 141,723 356,000,000 | 2,558,874 299,929,624 123,739 356,000,000 | 2,222,793 299,766,984 106,256 856,000,000 | 1,968,058 318 261,241 96,505 856,060,000 |
| of 1863 | 42,338,710 193,756,090 25,005,829 | 3,454,230 159,012,140 27,070,877 | 1,123,630 122,394,480 28,307,523 | 555,492 28,161,810 82,626,952 | 347,772 2,871,410 82,114,637 | 248,272 2,152,910 39,878,684 | 198,572 768,500 40,582,87 5 |
| Total am't in Currency | 983,318,636 | 891,904,686 | 826,927,153 | 720,412,603 | 693,946,056 | 700,375,899 | 717,875,751 |
| Value of the paper dollar as compared with coin July 1 of each year Value of currency in gold | \$0 70.4 692,256,353 | 90 66 &\$3,657,093 | \$0 71.7 592,906,769 | \$0 70.1 505,009,234 | \$0 78.5 510,050,351 | \$0 85.6 599,521,770 | \$0 89 638,909,418 |
| TITLE, (Continued.) | Outstanding June, 30, 1872. | Outstanding June 30, 1873. | Outstanding June 30, 1874. | Outstanding June 30, 1875. | Outstanding June 30, 1876. | Outstanding June 80, 1877. | Outstand- ing June 30, 1878. |
| State-Bank Circulation National-Bank Circulat'u Demand Notes Logal-tender Notes One and two-year Notes | 1,700,935 337,664,795 88,296 357,500,000 | 1,394,470 347,267,061 79,968 856,000,000 | 1,009,021 351,981,032 76,732 332,000,000 | 786,844 354,408,008 70,107 375,771,580 | 668,938 882,996,336 66,918 369,772,284 | \$1,611 817,048,872 60,963 859,764,332 | 426,604 824,514,284 62,297 346,681,016 |
| of 1863 | 167,522 598,520 40,855,8 3 5 | 142,105 479,400 44,799,365 | 127,625 415,210 45,881,296 | 118,575 367,390 42,129,424 | 104,705 828,760 84,446,595 | 95,725 296,630 20,403,187 | 90,485 274,920 16,547,769 |
| Total am't in Currency | 788,570,908 | 750,082,369 | 781,490,916 | 773,646,728 | 738,876,536 | 698,194,270 | 688,597,275 |
| Value of the paper dollar as compared with coin July 1 of each year Value of currency in gold | 90 87.5 646,34 9,640 | \$0 86.4 \$48,033,887 | \$0 91 711,156,733 | \$0 87.2 674,619,947 | \$0 89.5 66C,816,999 | \$0 94.7 661,189,973 | \$0 99.4 684,465,691 |

Statement Showing Aggregate Circulation of Paper Currency and Circulation per capita for the Years named, 1811-1877.

From a Table prepared by Edward Young, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, November, 1877.

| YEAR. | Circulation of Bank of United States. | Circulation of State Banks. | Aggregate Paper Money. | Population. | Paper Circulation per capita. |
|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| 1811 1815 1816 1820 1830 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1851 1860 | 3,589,481 12,924,145 19,206,379 17,389,797 28,075,422 11,447,968 6,768,067 5,962,621 6,695,861 | \$28,100,000 45,500,000 68,000,000 44,863,344 61,323,898 94,839,570 103,692,495 140,301,038 149,185,890 116,138,910 135,170,995 106,968,572 155,165,251 207,102,477 | \$33,500,000 45,500,000 68,000,000 48,452,825 74,248,043 114,047,949 121,032,292 163,376,460 160,633,858 122,906,977 141,153,616 113,664,433 155,165,251 207,102,477 | \$7,453,000 8,369,000 8,614,000 *9,658,453 *12,866,020 14,778,000 15,213,000 15,655,000 16,162,000 *17,009,453 23,995,000 *31,443,321 | \$4 49 5 43 7 89 5 02 5 77 7 93 8 19 10 74 10 25 7 62 8 51 6 66 6 47 6 59 |
| 1862 1963 1864 1865 1866 1867 1868 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 | | | Greenbacks, National Bank Notes, and other Paper Money. \$202,205,000 332,794,000 522,072,000 628,692,000 678,745,000 678,745,000 678,745,000 678,745,000 678,745,000 678,745,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 771,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 781,582,000 | 82,064,000 82,704,000 83,365,000 84,048,000 84,748,000 85,469,000 86,973,000 87,756,000 40,604,000 42,856,000 44,060,000 44,060,000 45,316,000 46,624,000 | \$6 81 10 17 8 92 14 74 18 09 19 95 19 14 18 01 17 92 17 73 18 24 18 01 17 75 18 14 17 75 |

PAPER MONEY AND COIN OF GREAT BRITAIN.

| communication: | m an omera |
|---|----------------------------|
| Estimated value of the GOLD COIN in circulation in the United Kingdom December 31, 1875. Gold bullion December 31, 1875. | £118,560,000 14,908,000 |
| dom builds becember 61, 1818 | £183,468,000 |
| Estimated value of the SILVER COIN in circulation in the United Kingdom December 31, 1875. | £19,000,000 |
| Estimated value of the PAPER CURRENCY in circulation in the United Kingdom December 31, 1875: | |
| Notes of Bank of England | £28,041,000 |
| Notes of English banks. | 4,728,000 |
| Notes of Scotch and Irish banks | |
| Total paper money | PAR 998 000 |

^{*} Enumerated; for all other years the population is estimated.

Total currency of Great Britain, specie and paper........... £198,766,000

SPECIE IN BANKS, 1868-1878.

From the Annual Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, 1878.

THE table below exhibits the amount of specie held by the national banks at the dates of their reports for the last nine years; the coin, coin-certificates, and checks payable in coin held by the New York City banks being stated separately.

| | arcia by 1 | National Bar | III III III | ora orty. | Held by other | Aggregate |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| DATES. | V (7 0 | | 1 | | National | Specie. |
| | Coin. | U. S. Coin- certificates. | Checks Payable in Coin. | Total. | Banks. | DP COLO. |
| The state of | | | | | | |
| Oct. 5, 1868 Jan. 4, 1869 | \$1,698,623 1,902,769 | \$6,390,140 18,038,520 | \$1,536,354 2,348,140 | \$9,625,117 22,289,430 | \$3,378,596 7,337,320 | \$13,003,713 29,626,750 |
| Apr. 17, 1869 | 1,652,575 | 3,720,040 | 1,469,827 | 6,842,442 | 3,102,090 | 9,944,532 |
| June 12, 1869 | 2,542,534 | 11,953,680 | 975,016 | 15,471,230 | 2,983,861 | 18,455,091 |
| Oct. 9, 1869 | 1,792,741 | 16,897,900 | 1,013,949 | 19,704,590 | 3,297,816 | 23,002,406 |
| Jan. 22, 1870 | 6,196,036 | 28,501,460 | 2,190,645 | 36,888,141 | 11,457,243 | 48,345,384 |
| Mar. 24, 1870 | 2,647,908 | 21,872,480 | 1,069,094 | 25,589,483 | 11,507,061 | 37,096,544 |
| June 9, 1870 | 2,942,400 | 18,660,920 | 1,163,906 | 22,767,226 | 8,332,212 | 31,099,438 |
| Oct. 8, 1870 | 1,607,743 | 7,533,900 | 3,994,006 | 13,135,649 | 5,324,362 | 18,460,011 |
| Dec. 28, 1870 | 2,268,582 | 14,063,540 | 3,748,127 | 20,080,249 | 6,227,003 | 26,307,252 |
| Mar. 18, 1871 | 2,982,156 | 13,099,720 | 3,829,882 | 19,911,758 | 5,857,409 | 25,769,167 |
| Apr. 29, 1871 | 2,047,931 | 9,845,080 | 4,382,107 | 16,275,118 | 6,456,909 | 22,732,027 |
| June 10, 1871 | 2,249,408 | 9,161,160 | 3,680,855 | 15,091,423 | 4,833,532 | 19,924,955 |
| Oct. 2, 1871 | 1,121,869 | 7,590,260 | 1,163,628 | 9,875,758 | 3,377,240 | 13,252,998 |
| Dec. 16, 1871 | 1,454,931 | 17,354,740 | 4,255,631 | 23,065,302 | 6,529,997 | 29,595,299 |
| Feb. 27, 1872 | 1,490,418 | 12,341,060 | 3,117,101 | 16,948,579 | 8,559,247 | 25,507,826 |
| Apr. 19, 1872 | 1,828,660 | 10,102,400 | 4,715,364 | 16,646,424 | 7,787,475 | 24,433,899 |
| June 10, 1872 | 3,782,910 | 11,412,160 | 4,219,420 | 19,414,490 | 4,842,155 | 24,256,644 |
| Oct. 3, 1872 | 920,767 | 5,454,580 | | 6,375,347 | 3,854,409 | 10,229,756 |
| Dec. 27, 1872 | 1,306,091 | 12,471,940 | | 13,778,031 | 5,269,305 | 19,047,336 |
| Feb. 28, 1873 | 1,958,770 | 11,539,780 | | 13,498,550 | 4,279,124 | 17,777,674 |
| Apr. 25, 1873 | 1,344,951 | 11,743,320 | | 13,088,251 | 3,780,558 | 16,868,809 |
| June 13, 1873 | 1,442,098 | 22,139,080 | | 23,581,178 | 4,368,909 | 27,950,087 |
| Sept. 12, 1873 | 1,063,211 | 13,522,600 | | 14,585,811 | 5,282,659 | 19,868,470 |
| Dec. 26, 1873 | 1,376,171 | 18,325,760 | | 19,701,931 | 7,205,107 | 26,907,038 |
| Feb. 27, 1874 | 1,167,820 | 23,518,640 | | 24,686,460 | 8,679,403 | 33,365,864 |
| May 1, 1874 June 26, 1874 | 1,530,282 1,842,525 | 23,454,660 | | 24,984,942 | 7,585,027 | 32,569,969 |
| Oct. 2, 1874 | | 13,671,660 13,114,480 | | 15,514,185 14,406,267 | 6,812,022 | 22,326,207 |
| Dec. 31, 1874 | 1,443,215 | 14,410,940 | | 15,854,155 | 6,834,679 6,582,600 | 21,240,946 22,436,761 |
| Mar. 1, 1875 | | 10,622,160 | | 11,706,716 | 4,960,391 | 16,667,107 |
| May 1, 1875 | | 5,753,220 | | 6,683,326 | 3,937,036 | 10,620,362 |
| June 30, 1875 | | 12,642,180 | | 13,665,196 | 5,294,386 | 18,959,582 |
| Oct. 1, 1875 | | 4,201,720 | | 4,955,625 | 3,094,705 | 8,050,330 |
| Dec. 17, 1875 | | 12,532,810 | | 13,402,247 | 3,668,659 | 17,070,900 |
| Mar. 10, 1876 | 3,261,131 | 19,086,920 | | 22,348,051 | 6,729,294 | 29,077,345 |
| May 12, 1876 | | 15,183,760 | | 16,016,074 | 5,698,521 | 21,714,595 |
| June 30, 1876 | | 16,872,780 | | 18,087,303 | 7,131,167 | 25,218,470 |
| Oct. 2, 1876 | 1,129,814 | 13,446,760 | | 14,576,574 | 6,785,080 | 21,361,654 |
| Dec. 22, 1876 | 1,434,702 | 21,602,900 | | 23,037,602 | 9,962,046 | 32,999,649 |
| Jan. 20, 1877 | 1,669,285 | 33,629,660 | | 35,298,945 | 14,410,323 | 49,709,268 |
| Apr. 14, 1877 | 1,930,726 | 13,899,180 | | 15,829,906 | 11,240,132 | 27,070,093 |
| June 22, 1877 | 1,423,258 | 10,324,320 | | 11,747,578 | 9,588,418 | 21,335,990 |
| Oct. 1, 1877 | | 11,409,920 | | 12,948,406 | 9,710,414 | 22,658,800 |
| Dec. 28, 1877 | | | | 21,074,826 | 11,832,924 | |
| Mar. 15, 1878 | 2,428,797 | 35,003,220 | | 37,432,017 | 17 290,041 | 54,722,05 |
| May 1, 1878 | 2,688,092 | | | 28,085,732 | 17,938,024 | 46,023,75 |
| June 29, 1878 | 1,905,705 | | | 13,860,205 | 15,391,264 | 29,251,470 |
| Oct. 1, 1878 | 1,779,792 | 11,514,810 | | 13,294,602 | 17,394,004 | 30.688,60 |

PAPER CIRCULATION AND SPECIE IN BANKS IN TWELVE COUNTRIES—1878.

THE following table exhibits in brief the paper circulation and specie on hand of the banking institutions in the countries named at the dates specified.

[Compiled from the London Economist, Nov. 23, 1873, from the Économiste Français, and from other official sources.]

| Country. | Date. | Danks of issue. | Paper cir- culation. | Coin and bullion, |
|-----------------|----------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Creat Britain | Nov. 29, 1378. | Bank of England Scotch banks Irish banks English joint stock b'ks Private banks | 28,308,065 31,678,055 | 19,805,555 18,877,580 |
| France | Nov. 21, 1878. | Total Great Britain Bank of France and | 231,196,950 | |
| Q | 37 4F 40W0 | branches | 445,156,346 | 414,640,638 |
| Germany | Nov. 15, 1878. | German Imperial Bank (Reichsbank) | 152,385,000 | 116,450,000 |
| Russia | Nov. 12, 1878. | Bank of Russia | 679,100,000 | 105,569,000 |
| Austria-Hungary | Nov. 15, 1878. | Austrian National Bank | 158,595,000 | |
| Nétherlands | Nov. 18, 1878. | Netherlands Bank | 79,800,000 | 49,475,000 |
| | | National Bank | 61,010,000 | 18,985,000 |
| Spaln | Oct. 31, 1878. | Bank of Spain | 33,795,000 | 28,145,000 |
| | | Swiss Concordat banks. Associated (Enskilda) | 15,955,000 | 7,035,000 |
| D#10404 | o may, 2010 | Banks of Sweden | 11,630,000 | 4,320,000 |
| Canada (Ontario | | | | |
| | | 27 chartered banks | | |
| United States | Oct. 1, 1878 | N. Y. City Nat. Banks | 20,025,861 | 13,294,601 |
| | | All other Nat. Banks | 1281,862,231 | 17,394,001 |
| : | Jan. 1, 1879 | U. S. Legal-Tenders (Greenbacks), includ- | | In Treasury, Jan. 1, 1819. Nat. |
| | | ing fract. currency | 862,851,206 | 144,589,448 |

^{1.} Norg.—The National Banks are required to redeem their circulating notes in legal tender funds, i.e., United States notes, convertible after Jan. 1, 1879, into gold and sliver. The Banks held Oct. 1, 1878, a reserve of \$30.88,606 in specie, and \$12,267.112 in legal tender notes and treasury deposits; total, \$142,955,718 as against National Bank issues to the amount of \$301.883,092. There issues, moreover, are secured by deposits in the Treasury of bonds of the United States to the amount of \$100 in bonds for each \$90 of National Bank notes issued.

Temporary Loans Considered as Currency.

Referring to the table on page 230 of paper currency issues during the suspension of specie payments, some writers add to the currency and compound-interest notes all the three-year treasury notes or seven-thirties issued from 1861 to 1865, the temporary-loan certificates, and certificates of indebtedness put forth by the Treasury during the same period. The amount of these evidences of debt at the end of each fiscal year, as tabulated by Senator Cockrell from the annual Finance Reports, and printed in the *Hissouri Republican*, was as follows: 1864, \$372,589,841; 1865, \$1,016,270,311; 1866, \$1,092,143,447; 1837, \$643,230,645; 1868, \$240,856,830; 1869, \$192,808,010; 1870, \$46,397,510; 1871, \$32,449,410; 1872, \$12,661,800; 1873, \$412,160; 1374, \$341,360. It is claimed by some that these temporary loans or evidences of indebtedness must be added to the volume of paper currency each year in the Treasury statement on page 230, in order to afford a true measure of the expansion of the currency and its subsequent contraction. On this head Secretary McCulloch, in his annual Report for 1865, intimated the opinion that not far from 15 per cent of the interest-bearing treasury notes entered into the circulation of the country.

ESTIMATE OF GOLD AND SILVER IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1878.

| [From the Annual Report of the Director of the Mint, December 1, | 1578.] |
|--|---|
| Amount of gold coin and bullion on hand June 80, 1877 | \$192,720,230 50,000,000 13,330,715 |
| Total. Deduct exportations. \$0,197,555 And probable amount used in arts and manufactures. 2,500,000 | \$256,050,945 |
| | 11,697,533 |
| Leaves a net balance of | \$ 244,353,390 |
| The estimated amount of silver coin and bullion June 30, 1877 Production of the year ending June 30, 1878 Importations " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " | \$50,135,623 49,000,000 16,490,599 |
| Total Deduct exportations year ending June 30, 1878 | \$ 115,626,227 |
| | 27,535,670 |
| Leaves a net balance of | 89. |

Weekly Fluctuations in the Gold Value of Fine Bar Silver, etc., during the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1878 (prepared from Quotations furnished by Pixley & Abell, London).

[From the Report of the Director of the Mint, Dec. 1878.]

| DATE. | Price per ounce British standard 925 thou- sandths fine. | Price per ounce fine in U.S gold coin. | the | Relative value of gold to silver. | DATE. | Price per ounce British standard 925 thou- sandths fine. | Price per ounce fine in U.S.gold coin. | the | Relative value of gold to silver. |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| 1877. July 5. July 19. July 19. July 19. July 26. Aug. 2. Aug. 9. Aug. 23. Aug. 30. Sept. 20. Sept. 13. Sept. 20. Sept. 27. Oct. 4. Oct. 11. Oct. 18. Oct. 25. Nov. 15. Nov. 25. Nov. 20. Dec. 27. | 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% 54% | doll. ets. 1 18. 10 1 18. 37 1 19. 19 1 18. 92 1 18. 93 1 18. 97 1 18. 37 | 91. 34 91. 55 92. 19 91. 98 91. 76 91. 98 91. 76 91. 98 91. 98 92. 19 92. 82 92. 82 93. 88 93. 25 91. 98 91. 98 91. 98 91. 98 91. 98 | | 1878. Jan. 3. Jan. 10. Jan. 17. Jan. 24. Jan. 21. Jan. 24. Jan. 31. Feb. 7. Feb. 28. Mar. 7. Mar. 14. Mar. 21. Mar. 28. Apr. 4. Apr. 11. Apr. 18. Apr. 18. Apr. 19. May 16. May 23. May 30. June 20. June 13. June 20. June 27. | Pence. 53% 54 54 55 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 | doll. ets. 1 17.82 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.37 1 18.41 1 18.62 1 17.72 1 16.86 1 17.14 1 17.17 1 16.72 1 16.86 1 17.14 1 17.14 1 17.14 1 17.14 1 17.14 | 91, 55 91, 15 90, 92 91, 55 91, 55 91, 34 93, 03 93, 46 91, 76 91, 98 91, 76 91, 92, 61 91, 95 91, 55 91, 55 91, 12 90, 70 90, 70 90, 28 90, 60 90, 6 | 1 to 17.54 1 to 17.46 1 to 17.58 1 to 17.58 1 to 17.58 1 to 17.43 1 to 17.30 1 to 17.30 1 to 17.30 1 to 17.32 1 to 17.32 1 to 17.33 1 to 17.34 1 to 17.34 1 to 17.46 1 to 17.62 1 to 17.62 1 to 17.63 1 to 17.70 1 to 17.64 |
| | | Type to | | | Av. for year | 541/8 | 1 13.64 | 91.76 | to 17.42 |

Gold and Silver of Domestic Production deposited at the Mints and Assay Offices, from their Organization to the Close of the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1878.

| LOCALITY. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| Alabama | | | 217,283 31 |
| Alaska | . 22,852 89 | | 22,852 89 |
| Arizona | 1,935,631 90 | 586,677 96 | 2,522,309 86 |
| California | . 686,506,692 69 | 1,246,962 77 | 687,753,655 46 |
| Colorado | . 29,984,158 59 | 15,846,879 20 | 45,831,037 79 |
| Dakota | . 2,289,835 58 | | 2,289 835 56 |
| Georgia | . 7,527,850 91 | 403 83 | 7,528,254 74 |
| Idaho | . 22,815,440 52 | 504,988 88 | 23,320,379 8 |
| Iowa | . 192 58 | 468 00 | 660 58 |
| V | 0 0 0 0 1 A | | 956,859 10 |
| Lake Superior Mary land | | 2,524,919 46 | 2,524,919 46 |
| Maryland | 402 12 | | 402 12 |
| Massachusetts | | 917 56 | 917 56 |
| Michigan | | 1.196 87 | 1.196 87 |
| Montana | 43,007,147 50 | | 47.011.615 57 |
| Nebraska | | 749,730 71 | 796,568 27 |
| Nevada | | 61,203,128 45 | 73,816,718 09 |
| New Hampshire | 10,299 60 | | 10,399 00 |
| New Mexico | 1.888.672 01 | 1,479,469 61 | 2.868.141 62 |
| North Carolina | 10,445,614 90 | 44.885 02 | 10,490,499 9 |
| Oregon | | 8,232 12 | 14,259,839 04 |
| South Carolina | | 4 45 | 1.884.554 69 |
| Cennessee | 80,565 99 | l | 80,563 99 |
| Jtah | | 7,3,7,781 29 | 7,745,268 24 |
| ermont | | | 10,800 41 |
| Virginia | 1,648,718 09 | | 1.648.718 09 |
| Washington Territory | | | 158,051 71 |
| Wyoming Territory | 672,389 92 | 11,793 86 | 684,188 78 |
| Refined bullion | 164,249,543 32 | 32,971,229 89 | 197,228,773 71 |
| Parted from silver | 11.180,710 89 | 00,010,000 00 | 11,180,710 89 |
| Contained in silver | 9,821,107 50 | | 9.821,107 50 |
| Parted from gold | 2,001,101 00 | 6,407,879 01 | 6,407,879 01 |
| Contained in gold | | 512,472 90 | 512,472 90 |
| Other sources | 10,019,658 90 | 4,851,691 07 | 14.871.349 97 |
| renct soutces | 10,010,000 80 | 4,001,001 07 | 17,011,049 81 |
| Total | 1,084,548,994 64 | 138,354,127 46 | 1,172,903,122 10 |

Gold and Silver Production of the United States during the Fiscal Year 1878.

[Estimate from the Annual Report of the Director of the Mint, December 1, 1878.]

| LOCALITY. | GoLD. | SILVER. | TOTAL. |
|----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| California | 15,230,679 | 2,373,389 | 17,634,00 |
| Nevada | 19,546,513 | 28,130,350 | 47,676,96 |
| Colorado | 3,366,404 | 5,394,940 | 8.761.84 |
| Montana | 2,260,511 | 1,669,635 | 8,930,14 |
| Idaho | 1.150,000 | 200,000 | 1.850.00 |
| Utah | 392,000 | 5,208,000 | 5,600,00 |
| Arizona | 500,000 | 3,000,000 | 8,500.00 |
| New Mexico | 175,000 | 500,000 | 675.00 |
| Oregon | 1.000,000 | 100,000 | 1,100,00 |
| Washington | 309,000 | 25,000 | 825.00 |
| Dakota | | | 8,000,00 |
| Lake Superior | | 100,000 | 100.00 |
| North Carolina | | | 150.00 |
| Georgia | | | 100,000 |
| Other sources | 25,000 | 25,000 | 50,00 |
| Total | 47,226,107 | 46,726,314 | 93,952,42 |

Note.—The annual statement of John J. Valentine, Superintendent of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, San Francisco, of the precious metals produced in the United States during the calendar year 1878 (January to December), was considerably less than the above estimate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873. This estimate (based upon the amount of bullion transported by express) was as follows: Gold, \$39,565,281; silver, \$38,746,891; total, \$77,702,622; being about ten millions less than the product of 1877.

TOTAL COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES MINT, 1793 to 1878, INCLUSIVE.

From the Official Report of the Director of the Mint,

| | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 793 to 1795 | | \$370,683 80 | \$11,878 00 | \$453,541 80 |
| 796 | 102,727 50 | 79,077 50 | 10,824 40 | 192,129 4 |
| 797 | 108,422 70 | 19,591 45 | 9,510 84 | 125,524 2 |
| 798 799 | 205,610 00 | 330,291 00 423,515 00 | 9,797 00 9,106 68 | 545,698 0 645,906 6 |
| 900 | | 224,296 00 | 29,279 40 | 571,335 4 |
| 301 | 422,570 00 | 74,758 00 | 13,628 37 | 510,956 3 |
| 302 | 423,310 00 | 58,843 00 | 84,422 83 | 516,075 8 |
| 303 | 258,877 50 | 87,118 00 | 25,203 08 | 870,698 5 |
| 304 | 258,642 50 | 100,340 50 | 19,844 94 | 871,827 9 |
| 305 | 170,367 50 | 149,388 50 | 18,483 48 | 883,239 4 |
| 906 | 8:24,505 00 487,495 00 | 471,819 00 | 5,960 00 9,652 21 | 801,084 0 |
| 907 908 | 284,665 00 | 597,448 75 684,300 00 | 18,090 00 | 1,044,595 90 982,055 00 |
| 09 | 169,875 00 | 707,876 00 | 8,001 58 | 884,752 5 |
| 310 | 501,485 00 | 688,778 50 | 15,660 00 | 1,155,868 50 |
| 311 | | 608,840 00 | 2,495 95 | 1,108,740 9 |
| 312 | 290,485 00 | 814,029 50 | 10,755 00 | 1.115.219 50 |
| 318 | 477,140 00 | 620,951 50 | 4,180 00 | 1,102,271 50 |
| 314 | 77,270 00 | 561,687 50 | 8,578 30 | 642,535 80 |
| 315 | | 17,808 00 | | 20,488 00 |
| 16 | | 28,575 75 607,783 50 | 28,209 82 89,484 00 | 56,785 57 647,267 50 |
| 17 18 | 242,940 00 | 1,070,454 50 | 81,670 00 | 1,845,064 50 |
| 19 | | 1,140,000 00 | 26,710 00 | 1,425,325 00 |
| 20 | 819,030 00 | 501,680 70 | 44.075 50 | 1,864,786 20 |
| 21 | 189,825 00 | 825,762 45 | 3,890 00 | 1,018,977 4 |
| 23 | 88,980 00 | 805,806 50 | 20,723 39 | 915,509 89 |
| 23 | 72,425 00 | 895,550 00 | | 967,975 00 |
| 24 | 98,900 00 | 1,752,477 00 | 12,620 00 | 1,858,297 00 |
| 25 26 | 156,885 00 92,245 00 | 1,564,583 00 2,002,090 00 | 14,926 00 16,344 25 | 1,735,894 00 2,110,679 25 |
| 27 | 181,565 00 | 2,869,200 00 | 28,577 82 | 8,024,842 82 |
| 28 | 140,145 00 | 1,575,600 00 | 25,686 24 | 1.741.381 24 |
| 99 | 295,717 50 | 1,994,578 00 | 16,580 00 | 2,306,875 50 |
| 30 | 648,105 00 | 2,495,400 00 | 17,115 00 | 8,155,620 00 |
| 31 | 714,370 00 | 8,175,600 00 | 88,608 60 | 8,928,478 60 |
| 33 | 798,485 00 | 2,579,000 00 | 23,620 00 | 8,401,055 00 |
| 83 | 978,550 00 | 2,759,000 00 | 28,160 00 | 3,765,710 00 |
| 194 | 954,970 00 186,175 00 | 8,415,002 00 8,443,008 00 | 19,151 00 | 7,888,423 00 5,668,667 00 |
| 95 96 | 185,700 00 | 8,606,100 00 | 89,489 00 23,100 00 | 7,764,900 00 |
| 37 | 148,805 00 | 3 ,096,010 00 | 55,588 00 | 8,399,898 00 |
| 38 | 809,595 00 | 2,333,243 00 | 68,702 00 | 4,206,540 00 |
| 39 | 1,855,885 00 | 2,176,296 00 | _ 81,286 61 | 8,568,467 61 |
| 40 | 1,675,302 50 | 1,726,703 00 | 94,627 00 | 8,426,688 50 |
| 41 | 1,091,597 50 | 1,132,750 00 | 15,978 67 | 2,240,821 17 |
| 43 | 1,884,170 00 | 2,332,750 00 | 23,838 90 | 4,190,758 90 |
| 48 | 8,108,797 50 | 8,834,750 00 | 24,283 20 | 11,967,830 70 |
| 44 45 | 5,428,230 00 8,756,447 50 | 2,235,550 00 1,873,200 00 | 23,987 52 38,948 04 | 7,687,767 52 5,668,595 54 |
| 46 | 4,084,177 50 | 2,558,580 00 | 41,208 00 | 6,633,965 50 |
| 47 | 20,221,885 00 | 2.879,450 00 | 61,836 69 | 22,662,671 69 |
| 48 | 8,775,519 50 | 2,040,050 00 | 64,157 99 | 5,879,720 49 |
| 49 | 9,007,761 50 | 2,114,950 00 | 41,984 82 | 11,164,695 82 |

TOTAL COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES MINT 1798 TO 1877, IN-CLUSIVE-(Continued).

| | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| | Gold. | Silver. | Minor. | Total. |
| 1830 1851 | \$31,981,738 50 62,614,492 50 | \$1,866,100 00 | \$44,467 50 99,635 48 | \$33,592,306 00 |
| 1852 1853 | 56,846,187 50 39,377,909 00 | 774,397 00 999,410 00 9,077,571 00 | 50,630 94 67,059 78 | 63,488.524 93 57,896,228 44 48,522,539 78 |
| 1854 | 25,915,918 50 | 8,619,270 00 | 42,688 85 | 84,577,826 85 |
| 1855 | 28,977,968 00 | 8,501,245 00 | 16,030 79 | 82,495,243 79 |
| 1836 | 36,697,768 50 | 5,185,240 00 | 27,106 78 | 41,860,115 28 |
| 1857 | 15,811,563 00 | 1,477,000 00 | 63,510 46 | 17,352,073 46 |
| 1858 | 30,253,725 50 | 8,040,730 0 0 | 234,000 00 | 88,528,455 50 |
| 1859 | 17,296,077 00 | 6,187,400 00 | 307,000 00 | 23,790,477 00 |
| 1860 | 16,445,476 00 | 2,769,920 00 | 342,000 00 | 19,557,396 00 |
| 1861 | 60,692,287 00 | 2,605,700 00 | 101,660 00 | 63,400,597 00 |
| 1862 | 45,532,396 50 | 2,812,401 50 | 116,000 00 | 48,460,788 00 |
| 1863 | 20,695,852 00 | 1,174,092 80 | 478,450 00 | 22,348,394 80 |
| 1864 | 21,649,345 00 | 548,214 10 | 463,800 00 | 22,661.859 10 |
| 1865 | 25,107,217 50 | 636,308 00 | 1,183,330 00 | 26,926,855 50 |
| 1866 | 28,813,945 00 | 680,264 50 | 646,570 00 | 29,640,779 50 |
| 1867 | 28,217,187 50 | 986,871 00 | 1,879,540 00 | 31,083,598 50 |
| 1868 | 18,114,425 00 | 1,136,750 00 | 1,713,385 00 | 20,964,560 00 |
| 1869 | 21,828,637 50 | 840,746 50 | 1,279,035 00 | 23,948,439 60 |
| 1870 | 22,257,312 50 | 1,767,253 50 | 611,445 00 | 24,636,011 00 |
| 1871 | 21,302,475 00 | 1,955,905 25 | 283,760 00 | 23,542,140 95 |
| 1872, | 20,376,495 00 | 8,029,834 05 | 123,020 00 | 23,529,849 05 |
| 1878 | 35,249,337 50 | 2,945,795 50 | 494,050 00 | 38,689,188 00 |
| | 50,442,690 00 | 5,983,601 30 | 411,925 00 | 56,838,216 80 |
| 1875 | 83,558,965 00 | 10,070,368 00 | 230,375 00 | 43,854,708 00 |
| 1876 | 88,178,962 50 | 19,126,502 50 | 260,350 00 | 57,565,815 00 |
| 1877 | 44,078,199 00 | 28,549,935 00 | 62,165 00 | 72,690,299 00 |
| 1878 | 52,798,980 00 | 28,290,825 50 | 30,694 00 | 81,120,499 50 |
| Total | 1,035,958,675 00 | £37,163,116 90 | 12,915,897 55 | 1,286,037,189 45 |
| | | | .,, | |

Coinage during Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1878.

| | Pieces. | Value. |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Gold | 2,984,882 | \$52,798,980 00 |
| Silver (trade dollars) | 11,378,010 | 11,378,010 00 |
| Silver (standard dollars) | 8,573,500 | 8,573,500 00 |
| Silver (fractional coin) | 30,172,240 | 8,339,315 50 |
| Silver (fractional coin) | 3,059,800 | 30,694 00 |
| Total | 56.118.382 | \$81,120,499 50 |

The total amount purchased for the [silver] dollar coinage up to September 30, 1878, was 17,925,701.99 fine ounces, at a cost to the government of \$21,057,369.17, an average cost of 117.47 cents per ounce flue.

At the coining rate for standard silver dollars. \$1.164 per standard ounce, the above amount purchased will produce \$23,176,665.19.

All silver is purchased at its gold value, and of the amount paid for silver bullion for the dollar coinage, \$7,672,792.95 was paid in gold coin, and \$18,384,576.22 in standard silver dollars.

VALUE OF FOREIGN COINS IN UNITED STATES MONEY.

AS PROCLAIMED BY THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

January 1, 1879.

| Country. | Monetary Unit. | STAND ARD. | VALUE IN U. S. MONEY. | STANDARD COIN. |
|--|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Austria | FlorinFrancDollarMilreis of 1,000 | G. & S. G. & S. | .19 3 .96 5 | 8 Gulden. 5, 10, and 20 francs. Escudo, 3/2 bolivar and bolivar. |
| British Posses- sions in North America | | Gold | 1.00 | None. |
| Bogota Cent'l America. Chili | l'eso Dollar Peso | Gold Silver Gold | .96 5 .98 5 .91 2 .26 8 | Dollar. Condor, doubloon, and escudo. 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Ecuador Egypt | Crown Dollar Pound of 100 piasters | Silver Gold G. & S. | .93 5 4.97 4 | Dollar. 5, 10, 25, and 50 plasters. |
| Greece | Pound sterling. Drachma Mark | Gold G. & S. Gold | 4.86 61 .19 3 .23 8 | ½ sovereign and sovereign. 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. 5, 10, and 20 marks. |
| India Italy | Rupee of 16 an- | Silver G. & S. | .44 4 .19 8 | 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen. 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. |
| Mexico Netherlands | Dollar. Florin. Crown Dollar. | Silver G. & S. | 1.015 .88 5 | Peso or dol.,5,10, 25, & 50 centavo. Florin ; 10 guidens, gold (\$4.01,9). 10 and 20 crowns. |
| Portugal | Milreis of 1,000 reis Rouble of 100 | Gold | 1.08 | 2, 5, and 10 milreis. |
| Spain | Dollar Peseta of 100 | Gold | 1.00 | 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 pesetas. |
| Sweden Switzerland Tripoli Tunis | Mahbubof 20 | | .26 8 .19 8 | 10 and 20 crowns. 5, 10, and 20 francs. |
| Turkey United States | Piaster | Silver Gold | .11 8 .04 3 | 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 plasters. |
| of Colombia | Peso | Silver | .98 5 | |

The above table exhibits the values in United States money of account, of the pure gold or silver representing, respectively, the monetary units and standard coins of foreign countries, in compliance with the Act of Congress of March 3, 1878, which provides "that the value of foreign coin, as expressed in the money of account of the United States, shall be that of the pure metal of such coin of standard value," and that "the values of the standard coins in circulation of the various nations of the world shall be estimated annually by the Director of the Mint, and be proclaimed on the first day of January by the Secretary of the Treasury."

The estimate of values contained in the above table has been made by the Director of the Mint, and proclaimed in compliance with the above stated provisions.

rector of the Mint, and proclaimed in compliance with the above stated provisions

of law.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES OF GOLD IN NEW YORK, 1862-1878.

[Compiled from the Commercial and Financial Chronicle.]

| Month | 18 | 62. | 18 | 863. | 18 | 664. | 18 | 865. | 18 | 66. | 18 | 867. |
|-------------|--------|--------|-------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|
| Jan | H. | L. | H. 1603/ | L. | H. 159¾ | L. | H. 234% | L. | H. 14414 | L. | H. 137 % | L. 1321/ |
| Feb | | | 1721/2 | 1521/2 | | | 21634 | | 140% | | 140% | 1351/ |
| March. | | | 17134 | | 16934 | 159 | 201 | | 136 % | | 140% | 133% |
| April | | | 157 % | | 1843 | | 1541/2 | | 1291/2 | | 1415% | 132% |
| May | | | 154% | 1431/2 | | 168 | 14516 | | 141% | | 138 % | 135 |
| June | | | 148% | 1401/2 | | 193 | 147% | | 167% | | 13834 | 136% |
| July | | 10834 | | 12314 | | 222 | 1463 | | 155% | 147 | | 138 |
| Aug | | | 129% | | 26134 | 2311/2 | 1451/8 | 14014 | 1521/8 | 146% | 1421/2 | 139 % |
| Sep | | 1161% | 1431/6 | 126 % | 2541/2 | 191 | 145 | 143% | 1471/8 | 1431/2 | 146% | 141 |
| Oct | 1331/2 | 122 | 15334 | 140% | 22734 | 189 | 149 | 1441/8 | 1543/8 | 1451/2 | 145% | 1401/4 |
| Nov | 13314 | 129 | 154 | 143 | 260 | 210 | 14814 | 1451/2 | 148% | 137% | 1411/2 | 1381/ |
| D ec | 134 | 1281/2 | 15234 | 1481/2 | 243 | 2123/4 | 148% | 1441/2 | 141% | 1311/4 | 137% | 133 |
| Year | 134 | 1011/8 | 1721/2 | 1221/8 | 285 | 1511/2 | 234% | 1281/2 | 167% | 1251/8 | 146% | 1321 |

| MONTH | 18 | 68. | 18 | 369. | 18 | 70. | 18 | 71. | 18 | 72. | 18 | 373. |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| | H. | L. | H. | L. | II. | L. | H. | L. | H. | L. | H. | L. |
| Jan | 14214 | 1331/4 | 1365% | 134% | 1231/4 | 119% | 11114 | 1101/2 | 1101/8 | 1031/2 | 1141/4 | 1115% |
| Feb | 144 | 13934 | 1361/4 | 130 % | 1211/2 | 1151/8 | 1121/4 | 110% | 111 | 1091/2 | 1151/8 | 112% |
| March. | 1411/4 | 137 % | 1321/2 | 1303/8 | 116% | 11014 | 111% | 1101/8 | 110% | 109% | 1181/2 | 114% |
| April | 140% | 13734 | 1345% | 131% | 115% | 1111/2 | 11134 | 1101/8 | 1131/4 | 109% | 1191% | 11634 |
| May | 1401/6 | 1391/6 | 1443/ | | 1151/6 | 1133/ | 1121 | 111 | | 1121/8 | 118% | 116% |
| June | 1411/4 | 139% | 139% | 1361% | 1143/4 | 110% | 1131/6 | 1113/ | 1143/ | 113 | 1181/4 | 115 |
| July | | | 1373/ | | 122% | | 113% | 11134 | | 1131/6 | | 115 |
| Aug | | | 1361/ | 131% | 122 | | 1131% | 1115% | | 1121/8 | | 114% |
| Sep | | | 1621/2 | | 116% | | 115% | | 11516 | 1125% | | 110% |
| Oct | | 133% | | | 113% | 1111% | | 1111% | | 11214 | | 10734 |
| Nov | | 132 | 128% | | 11334 | 110 | 112% | | 1141 | 111% | | 1061/ |
| Dec | | 134% | | | 111% | | 110% | | 1131/2 | 111% | | 1083/8 |
| Year | 150 | 132 | 1621/2 | 1191/2 | 1231/4 | 110 | 115% | 108% | 115% | 1081/2 | 1191/8 | 106 1/8 |

| MONTH. | 18 | 74. | 18 | 375. | 18 | 76. | 18 | 77. | 18 | 78. |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| January February March April May June July August September October November December | 113 113% 114% 113% 112% 110% 110% 110% 112% 112% | 111% 111% 111% 111% 110% 109% 109% 109% | H. 113% 115% 117 115½ 116% 117½ 117½ 117% 114% 117% 115½ 117% 115½ 117% | 113¼ 114% 114 115 116¼ 111¾ 112% 113¾ 114¼ | 113% 113% 112% 112% 110% 110% 110% 110% | 112% 113% 112% 112% 111% 111% 109% 109% | 1063/8 1063/8 1053/2 104 1033/8 | L. 105¼ 104% 104¼ 106¼ 105% 102% 102½ 102½ 102½ 102½ 102½ 102½ 102½ 102½ | 102% 102 101¼ 101¼ 101 100¾ 100¾ 100¼ 100½ 100½ | L. 101¼ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ 100¾ |

UNITED STATES CURRENCY VALUE OF GOLD.

Giving the Currency Price in Dollars of One Hundred Dollars in Gold in the New York Market, averaged by Months and Years, from Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1879.

| PERI- ODS. | 1862. | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. | 1867. | 1868. | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec | 108.5 101.8 101.5 103.3 106.5 115.5 114.5 118.5 128.5 131.1 | 160.5 154.5 151.5 148.9 144.5 130.6 125.8 184.2 147.7 148.0 | 159.6 162.9 172.7 176.8 210.7 258.1 254.1 222.5 207.2 238.5 | 905.5 173.8 148.5 185.6 140.1 148.1 143.5 143.9 145.5 | 138.4 130.5 127.3 131.8 148.7 151.6 145.5 148.3 143.8 | 187.4 185.6 187.5 187.5 189.4 140.8 143.4 148.5 189.6 | 141.4 189.5 138.7 139.6 140.1 142.7 145.5 148.6 187.1 184.4 | 184.4 181.3 132.9 139.2 188.1 186.1 134.2 136.8 130.2 126.2 | 119.5 112.6 113.1 114.7 112.9 116.8 117.9 114.8 112.8 | 1:1.5 111 1:0.6 1:11.5 1:12.4 1:12.4 1:14.5 1:13.2 1:11.2 | 110.8 110.1 111.1 118.7 118.9 114.3 114.4 118.5 118.2 112.9 | 114.1 115.5 117.8 117.7 116.5 115.7 115.4 112.7 108.9 108.6 | 112.8 112.1 113.4 112.4 111.8 110 109.7 109.7 110 110.9 | 114.5 115.5 114.8 115.8 117 114.8 118.5 115.8 116.5 115.2 | 118.4 114.3 113.2 112.7 111.9 111.8 110.8 109.7 110.7 | 105.2 104.8 106.2 106.5 105.5 105.6 104.6 103.5 102.9 |
| Aver'ge of year | 113.3 | 145.2 | 208.8 | 157.3 | 140.9 | 188.2 | 189.7 | 183 | 114.9 | 111.7 | 112.4 | 118.8 | 111.2 | 115.1 | 111.5 | 104.7 |

Norm.—According to the officially-published quotations of the gold market in New York, the curreacy price of \$100 gold reached its maximum on the 11th day of July, 1864, the quotations for that day ranging from \$276 to \$285. The average price of \$100 gold for the month of July, 1864, was \$258.10.

For the year 1978 the average currency value of gold was \$101.48.

GOLD VALUE OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY.

Giving the Gold Price in Dollars of One Hundred Dollars in Currency in the New York Market, averaged by Months and Years, from Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1878.

| PERI- ods. | 1862. | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. | 1866. | 1867. | 1868. | 1869. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | - | | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Jan | 97.6 | 68.9 | 64.3 | 46.3 | 71.4 | 74.3 | 72.2 | 73.7 | 82.4 | | 91.7 | | | | 88.6 | 94.1 |
| Feb | 96.6 | 62.3 | 63.1 | 48.7 | 72.3 | 72.8 | 70.7 | 74.4 | 83.7 | 89.7 | 90.7 | | | 87.3 | 88.2 | 95 |
| Mar | 98.2 | 64.7 | 61.4 | 57.5 | 76.6 | 74.1 | 71.7 | 76.2 | 88.8 | 90.1 | 90.8 | 86.6 | 89.2 | | 87.4 | 95.4 |
| Apr., | 98.5 | 66 | 57.9 | | | 73.7 | 72.1 | 75.2 | 88.4 | 90.4 | | 84.9 | | | 88.3 | 94.1 |
| May | 96.8 | 67.2 | 56.7 | 73.7 | | 73 | 71.6 | 71.8 | 87.2 | 89.7 | 88 | 85 | 89.9 | 86.3 | 88.7 | 93.9 |
| June. | 93.9 | 69.2 | 47.5 | 71.4 | 67.2 | 72.7 | 71.4 | 72.4 | 88.6 | 89 | 87.8 | 85.8 | | 85.4 | | 94.8 |
| July . | 86.6 | 76.6 | | 70.4 | | 71.7 | 70.1 | 73.5 | 85.6 | | 87.5 | | | 87.2 | 89.5 | 94. |
| Aug. | 87.3 | 79.5 | 39.4 | 69.7 | | | 68.7 | 74.5 | 84.8 | 89 | 87.4 | | | | 90.2 | 95.7 |
| Sept | 84.4 | 74.5 | 44.9 | | | | | 73.1 | 87.1 | 87.3 | | | | | 91.1 | 96.6 |
| Oct | 77.8 | 67.7 | 48.3 | 68.7 | 67.4 | 69.7 | 72.9 | 76.8 | 88.7 | 88.3 | | | | 85.8 | 90.1 | 97.5 |
| Nov | 76.3 | 67.6 | 42.8 | 68 | 69.5 | 71.6 | 74.4 | 79.2 | 89.8 | | | | 90.2 | | 91.6 | 97.2 |
| Dec | 75.6 | 66.2 | 44 | 68.4 | 73.2 | 74.2 | 74 | 82.3 | 90.3 | 91.5 | 89.1 | 90.9 | 89.6 | 87.8 | 92.5 | 97.8 |
| Aver'ge | 00.0 | 00.0 | 40.0 | 000 | 774 | 72.4 | 71.6 | 75.2 | 87 | 89.5 | 89 | 87.9 | 89.9 | 86.9 | 89.6 | 95.5 |
| of year | 88.3 | 68.9 | 49.2 | 63.6 | 71 | 12.4 | 11.0 | 10.2 | 01 | 00.0 | 09 | 01.9 | 09.9 | 00.9 | 00.0 | 30.0 |

For the year 1878 the average gold value of currency was \$98,56.

HIGHEST AND LOWDST PRICES OF ACTIVE STOCKS AT FROM 1860 to 1877. THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

| | 1860. | 60. | 1861. | 61. | 18 | 1862. | 18 | 1863. | 18 | 1864. | 18 | 1865. | 186 | 1866. | 1867. | 7. | 1868. |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------|----------|------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------|----------|--------|----------------------|
| NAME OF STOCK. | H. | L. | II. | L. | H. | L. | H. | H. L. | | H. L. | H. L. | L. | H. L. | L. | П. Г. И. | L. | H. L. |
| | | | 1 | - | | 1 | | | | 1 | | | - | 2 | 211 | | 001 |
| Angama Express | | : | : | : | : | ::: | : | : | : | : | : | : | 105 | 77. | 823/ | 543/ | 75 823/ 543/ 773/ 40 |
| Central of New Jersey | | | | | | | | | | | | | 132% | 104 | 125 | 115 | 124% |
| Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul | | | | | | : | | | | | | | 641/2 | 41 | 53% | 25 | 111 |
| ", " " " " " pref. | pref | | | | | : | | | : | : | : | | of of | 55 | 20% | 47% | 112 |
| Chicago and Northwestern | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | 88 34 | 34 | 401/2 20 | 20 | 62 | 251/2 | 651% | 29 % | 973/ |
| " pref | : | | | : | : | : | 501% | 16 | 97 | 61 | 717% | 48 | 84 | 521/8 | 83 | 563% | 981/8 |
| Chicago and Rock Island | 841/ | 421% | 62 | 303/ | 85% | 50 | 1231 | 821 | 149% | 851% | 1131/2 | 813/ | 83 | 90 | 105 | 85 | 118 |
| d Western | 99 | 54 | 88 | 65 | 130 | 88 | 198 | 8 | 265 | 195 | 225 | 185 | 62 | 125% | 130 | 110 | 132 |
| rie | 43 | 81% | 401/2 17 | 17 | 6514 88% 122 | 88% | 122 | 66 | 126% | 82 | 981/2 | 441/4 | 97 | 571/2 | 771/2 | 5234 | 821% |
| Iannibal and St. Joseph | : | : | : | : | : | : . | | : | : | : | : | :: | 60 | 30 | 52 | 45 | 91 |
| Harlem 24 | 24 | 8 | 17 | 834 | 834 25% 12 | 12 | 179 | | 271/2 285 | 861% | 77 | 55. | 97 | 97 | 1181/2 | 95 | 131% |
| ake Shore | : | | | | : | | : | - | : | : | : | : | : | : | ::: | : | 1021/2 |
| Michigan Centrul | - | S | 611/2 | 893% | 93 | 47 | 12834 | 91 | 157 | | 1181/4 | 901/2 | 11734 | 100% | 114 | 102 | 129 |
| New York Central | 921/8 | | 821/2 | 821/2 68 1 | 10734 79% 140 107 | 79% | 140 | 107 | 145 | | 119 | 80 | 1231/2 | 86% | 1181/2 | 95% | 159% |
| : | : | : | | : | : | : | ::: | : | 69 | | 841/2 | 191/2 | 36% | 241/4 | 30 | 22 | 34% |
| | 1071/2 70 | 70 | 100 | 50 | 50 137 | 91 | 248 | 13614 | 325 | 214 | 329 | 151 234 1 | 234 | 159% 1731/2 | 1731/2 | 1081/4 | 12 108 1 130 1 88 |
| | 1461/2 | 106 | 121 | 971/2 | 170 | 110 | | 171 | 300 | | 270 | 200 | 270 | 239 | 312 | 854 | 369 |
| luicksilver | : | : | : | : | : | : | | : | : | : | : | : | 58 | 86% | 451/2 | 15 | 321/4 |
| d Western | 86 39% | : | : | : | : | : | 86 | 39% | 751/2 52 | 52 | St | 39 | 551% | 31 | 531% | 84 | 67 |
| | : | : | | | : | : | : | | | : | : | : | 80 | 70 | 81% | 54 | 8014 |
| Wells-Fargo Express | : | : | : | : | :: | : | : | ::: | : | : | | : | : | : | 70% | 42 | 491/2 |
| | | | : | : | : | : | : | : | | | : | : | 70 | 44 | 50% | 30% | 891% |

133.7% 598.7% 598.7% 64.7% 64.7% 64.7% 64.7%

T.

88

No sales reported.

* Hudson River Railroad consolidated with New York Central.

1878. 532 1937 2337 2337 2997 2997 2997 2997 2997 0914 797 797 297 297 297 84% 61% 22% 16% 1174 H. 91 43¼ 15½ 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. L. 1877. \$20% 73% \$90% \$90% 500% H. 101/2 433% 84% 96 2455 247% % T. 1876. 888 488 51 488 1 48 888 51 548 51 68 888 51 548 51 68 H. 00 4782 2½ 36 288% 288% 518% 106% 57% 22.22 I. 1875. 821% 823% 824% 84% 84% 84% H. ACTIVE STOCKS-(Continued). 2234 18% 83% 60 69% Y. 1874. 88174888800814418344881488 881444486081441884681488 881444888848 8588888 82888 84888 4937 H. 57.14 T. 1873. 45.2% 45.2% 50.0% 49% 76% 60% 130 700% 52% 139 97% 111 106% H. 29 1071/2 861/2 113 25.25% 66 1/2 28 1/2 63 63 T. 1872. 266 1137 190 1777 8277 8277 8277 H. Ą 84778 8151 8251 82778 82778 82778 90% 89% 89% T. 1871. PRICES 91 1/2 877: 911/2 125 /2 126 647/2 93 /2 93 /2 25.27. H. 20 2000 7,09 42% 92% 123% 80% 80% L. 1870. 4134 461/2 H. 69 10% 85% 62% 73% 01% 22.24 42% 481/2 16 32 T. 1869. 69% 78 377% 44 5% H. 348 Adams Land Sanda American Express... Col., Chicago and I. C... Delaware, Lack. and West. Erie Central of New Jersey... Chicago and Northwest'n Chicago and Rock Island. Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul Lake Shore. Michigan Central.... Wells-Fargo Express.... pref. Hannibal and St. Joseph. Harlem Ohio and Mississippi.... Quicksilver.... United States Express Pacific of Missouri Union Pacific..... STOCK. Adams Express... NAME OF Pacific Mail. Panama Wabash

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HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES FOR NINETEEN YEARS, 1860-1878.

Compiled from the Commercial and Financial Chronicle.

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

| J11 _1 | ALMANAC FOR 1879. |
|------------|---|
| Reg. | 100 101 11 12 12 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 |
| Reg. | H . H |
| Sixes. | H 2000 200 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X |
| Conb. | H L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L |
| Reg. | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. |
| Coup. | |
| 1863. | |
| 1867. | H |
| 1965, пеw. | |
| 1865. | |
| 1364. | # XXXXXXX # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # |
| 1862. | H. L. H. L. H. L. L. H. L. |
| Reg. | 1 |
| Coup. | # \$5500000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| Coup. | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| Coup. | 平88.8 文 文 文 文 |
| | Coup. Reg. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. 18st. Coup. Reg. Coup. Reg. Reg. |

DIVIDENDS OF NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING COM-PANIES FOR EIGHT YEARS, 1870-1877.

[From J. G. Martin's Stock Fluctuations, Boston, 1871-78.]

| Manufacturing Companies. | Capital, Jan., 1878. | Par. | 1870. | 1871. | 1872. | 1873. | 1874. | 1875. | 1876. | 1877. |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------|----------|-------|---------|---------|
| Amoskeag | 3,000,000 | 1,000 | 10 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| Androscoggin | 1,000,000 | 100 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 6 |
| Appleton | 600,000 | 1,000 | 9 | 14 | 12 | 9 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| AtlanticBartlett | 1,000,000 350.000 | 100 | 1 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 0 24 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Bates | 1,500,000 | 100 | | 4 | 10 | 8 | 8 | ŏ | 8 | 6 |
| Boott | 1,200,000 | 1,000 | l ii | 20 | 20 | 13 | 124 | Š | 8 | ğ |
| Boston | 800,000 | 1,000 | 10 | 11 | 12 | l š | 6 | ŏ | ő | 6 |
| Boston Duck | 350,000 | 700 | 33 | 10 | 11 | 1Ŏ | 10 | 8 | Š | 7 |
| Cabot | 600,000 | 500 | | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 0 | 7 |
| Chicopee | 1,000,000 | 100 | 18 | 70 | 50 | 80 | 10 | .5 | 7 | 7 |
| Cocheco | 1,000,000 | 500 | 13 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 9 |
| Continental | 1,500,000 1,200,000 | 100 500 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 10 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dwight Everett | 800,000 | 100 | ŏ | 3 | g | 10 | 3 | ŏ | 3 | 3 |
| Franklin | 1,000,000 | 100 | 8 | ő | 8 | 8 | 8 | 3 | ő | ő |
| Great Falls | 1,500,000 | 100 | 8 | اقا | 10 | 10 | ă | ŏ | ŏ | ŏ |
| Hamilton Cotton | 1,200,000 | 1,000 | Š | 64 | Ď | -š | 8 | 7 | š | Ğ |
| " Woollen | 600,000 | 100 | 15 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| nin | 1,000,000 | 100 | 9 | 11 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 0 | 8 |
| Jackson | 600,000 | 1,000 | 12 | 20 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 6 | 8 | 6 |
| Kearsarge | 600,000 | 100 | | 0 | .0 | .7 | _ 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| aconia | 1,000,000 | 400 400 | 8 | 20 | 11 20 | 12 2 21 | 7 20 | 20 | 0 15 | 6 |
| Laucaster | 800,000 1,500,000 | 1,000 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 121/ |
| Lowell | 2,000,000 | 1,690 | \$90 | \$140 | \$70 | \$50 | \$45 | | \$20 | \$20 |
| " Bleachery | 300,000 | 200 | 20 | 40 | 20 | 20 | 18 | iŏ | 8 | 6 |
| " Machine Shop | 600,000 | 500 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 10+ |
| Lyman | 1,470,000 | 100 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 6 |
| Manchester | 2,000,000 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115+ | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Massachusetts | 1,800,000 | 1,000 | 6 | 10 | 16 | 12 | .8 | 8 | 6 | 6 |
| Merrimack | 2,500,000 | 1,000 | .7 | 18 | 18 | 13 | 10 14 | 9 | 5 | .8 |
| Middlesex | 750,000 1,000,000 | 100 500 | 15 8 | 17 16 | 13 18 | 9 12 | ii | 8 | 10 | 19 4 |
| Nashua Naumkeag | 1,500,000 | 100 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 6 |
| Newmarket | 600,000 | 500 | ا و | 8 | 14 | 14 | 8 | 8 | ň | 3 |
| New England Glass | 500,000 | 500 | 8 | 8 | 3 | ō | 4 | 6 | ŏ | ŏ |
| Otis | 800,000 | 1.000 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| Pacific | 2,500,000 | 1,000 | 12 | 16 | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 16 | 20 |
| Pepperell | 1,200,000 | 500 | 20 | 5 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 10 |
| Salisbury | 1,000,000 | 100 | 10 | 131 | 121 | Ŏ | 0 | 0 | Ŏ | 0 |
| saimon Falls | 600,000 | 300 | 7 | 9 | 10 | .9 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 2 0 |
| Bandwich Glass Btark Mills | 400,000 | 1,000 | \$ 6 | \$8 10 | \$7 13 | \$4 11 | 11 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Fremont and Suffolk | 1,200,000 1,200,000 | 1,000 | 6 | 10 | 49 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 81/2 |
| Phorndike | 450,000 | 1,000 | ŏ | 6 | 84 | 10 | ğ | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| Washington | 1,650,000 | 100 | ă l | Š | 10 | ŏ | ŏ | ŏ | 6 | 6 |
| York Mills | 1,200,000 | 1,000 | 18 | 20 | 85 | 18 | 11 | او | 8 | ă. |

Dividend in liquidation. The new Manchester Mills organized 1875.

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[†] Besides 30 per cent. extra dividend Feb., 1877.

PRICES OF BRITISH THREE PER CENT CONSOLS FOR EIGHTY-EIGHT YEARS, 1789-1877.

[From the London Economist's Commercial History and Review, 1877.]

| Feature Section Section <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Tcars. | Highest Price. | Lowest Price. | Years. | Highest Price. | Lowest Price. | Years. | Highest Price. | Lowest Price. | Years. | Highest Price. | Lowest Price. |
| | 1790 | 80.9 89.7 97.1 81.0 72.4 70.5 56.5 58.0 67.2 70.0 73.0 79.0 64.6 64.4 69.1 | 70.5 75.7 72.5 62.7 61.0 53.2 47.2 52.6 60.0 54.2 66.0 55.7 57.6 62.6 63.4 | 1812 1813 1814 1815 1816 1817 1819 1820 1821 1822 1824 1824 1825 1826 1827 1828 1829 1828 1829 1828 | 63.0 67.5 67.5 67.5 65.7 84.0 79.0 70.2 783.0 783.0 85.7 93.5 84.6 89.6 95.7 93.5 94.9 | 55.1 54.5 54.5 61.5 63.9 62.0 73.0 65.6 68.7 75.4 91.1 73.9 81.7 83.5 86.6 74.6 78.1 | 1884 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1848 1844 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1853 | 93.2 93.1 93.0 94.1 95.5 94.1 93.5 90.6 97.2 90.0 94.5 97.5 90.0 94.5 99.1 101.6 | 89.0 89.1 86.6 90.2 91.9 89.2 85.7 87.1 90.1 92.1 97.9 91.9 87.9 78.0 95.0 95.0 95.6 95.7 | 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1866 1867 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 | 96.1 97.9 98.9 97.4 95.6 94.7 94.0 91.5 91.5 96.1 94.5 94.0 93.6 95.6 | 90.5 86.5 94.6 88.2 91.1 89.1 89.1 84.0 89.9 92.5 91.4 91.7 91.2 92.4 |

MERCHANT SHIPPING OF THE WORLD IN 1876.

[From the London Economist's Commercial History and Review, 1877.]

| Countries. | Sailing Vessels. | Tonnage. | Steam Ve ss els. | Tonnage. | Total Tonnage. |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|
| British United States Norwegian Italian German French Spanish Greek Dutch Swedish Russian Austrian Danish Portuguese South American Central American Turkish and Egyptian Belgian Asiatc Liberian | 4,749 4,601 8,456 3,858 2,915 2,121 1,432 2,121 1,785 983 1,348 456 2,73 1,53 306 | 5,807,365 2,390,521 1,410,903 11,292,076 876,995 726,048 557,320 426,905 399,993 399,128 391,932 338,684 188,953 107,016 95,459 57,944 48,269 22,344 16,019 | 3,299 605 114 226 314 230 111 126 219 151 78 87 86 80 30 35 | 8,362,992 799,728 55,874 97,582 224,896 334,334 176,250 81,660 81,660 81,269 00,697 92,277 59,263 81,133 28,264 40,700 10,577 | 9,170,367 8,180,249 1,465,777 1,389,676 1,102,853 733,570 434,038 584,593 497,914 419,653 249,650 129,293 154,728 61,076 76,553 64,044 |

From 1694, the year of its Foundation, to 1877.

Norz.—It is to be understood in all cases that the discount rate against any gt the rate charged until the next succeeding date. For example, April 20th, 1876, ... Directors fixed the minimum rate of discount on first class bills at 2 per cent, which continued until May 2d, 1877, when it was raised to 3 per cent.

| | | | | | | - | |
|--------------|---|------|---|------|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|
| 1694 | Aug. 86 | | May 29 5 | | May 19 8 | | May 9 5 |
| | OCT. 24 0 | 1 | June 26 41/2 Oct. 1 5 | l | June 16 6 | ' | June 13 314 |
| 1695 | Jan. 16 6 | 1 | | 1 | July 25 7 Aug. 4 8 | 1 | July 18 814 |
| | " 16 4½ " 16 3 | 1 | " 6 7 Nov. 18 7 | | Aug. 4 8 Sept. 8 9 Nov. 10 8 | 1 | Sent. IX. 4 |
| 1704 | May 19 3 Feb. 28 4 | | " 18 6 | ١. | •• 9 <u>4</u> 7 | ł | Oct. 3 5 |
| 1710 | June 32 5 | 1357 | April 2 61/2 June 18 6 | 1365 | Dec. 15 5 Jan. 12 51 26 5 | ì | " 10 6 Nov. 9 7 |
| 1716 1719 | July 26 4 April 30 5 | ĺ | July 16 5½ Oct. 8 6 | | " 26 5 | ļ | Nov. 9 7 28 6 Dec. 12 5 |
| 1720 1722 | (Mt 27 A | | 12 7 | l | March 2 41/4 | 1878 | Jan. 9 4½ " 23 4 " 30 3½ |
| 1722 1743 | Aug. 23 4 Oct. 18 5 18 4 | į. | Nov. 5 9 | 1 | May 4 41/4 | ļ | " 23 4 " 30 814 |
| 1745 | " 18 4 | ĺ | Dog 94 10 | 1 | June 1 81/ | 1 | " 30 314 March 26 4 |
| 1746 | Dec. 12 5 May 1 4 | 1358 | Jan. 7 6 | İ | July 2/ 3% | | March 26 4 May 7 41/2 " 10 5 |
| 1773 | | | | İ | Aug. 3 4 Sept 28 414 | 1 | |
| 1822 1825 | " 13 5 June 20 4 Dec. 13 5 | | Feb. 4 31/2 | | Oct. 2 5 | | June 4 7 12 6 July 10 5 |
| 1827 | | | Dec. 9 214 | Į | " 7 7 | | * 17 41/ |
| 1836 | July 21 41/2 Sept. 1 5 | 1359 | May 5 412 | | Nov. 23 6 Dec. 28 7 | 1 | " 24 4 " 81 814 |
| 1833 1839 | Feb. 15 4 | 1 | Dec. 9 21/ April 28 31/ May 5 41/2 June 2 31/2 | 1866 | Jan. 4 8 Feb. 22 7 | | A 110. 21 X |
| 1009 | May 16 5 June 20 51/2 | | July 14 214 Jan. 19 8 | 1 | March 15 6 | | " 29 5 |
| 1840 | Aug. 1 6 Jan. 28 5 | 1960 | Jan. 19 8 | İ | May 3 7 | | " 18 7 |
| 1841 | Oct. 19 0 | | March 29 41/4 | | " 11 9 " 1210 | } | |
| 1842 | June 8 5 April 7 4 | | April 12 5 May 10 414 | | Aug. 16 8 | | 4 90 8 |
| 1844 | Sept. 5 21/2 | | Nov. 8 414 | | 28 7 30 6 | ĺ | |
| 1845 | March 13 21/2 | | " 18 5" " 15 6 | | Sept. 6 5 | 1974 | Dec. 4 5 "11 414 Jan. 8 4 |
| | Oct. 16 3 Nov. 6 31/2 | • | . ** 29 5 | | NOV. 8 4 | 15/1 | " 15 814 |
| 1846 1847 | Aug. 27 8 | 1961 | Dec. 31 6 Jan. 7 7 | 1867 | Dec. 20 31/ Feb. 7 8 | | May 28. 81 |
| | Jan. 14 814 | | Feb. 14 8 | | May 30 214 | | June 4 3 |
| | April 8 5 | İ | March 21 7 April 4 6 | 1863 | Nov. 19 21 | | July 30, 3 |
| | Aug. 5 51/2 Oct. 25 8 | | | 1369 | I her E R | | July 30 3 4 20 31/2 |
| | Nov. 27 7 | | Aug. 1 5 | | April 1 4 May 6 415 June 10 4 | | Oct. 15 4 |
| | Dec. 2 6 23 5 | 1 | 29 47 | | ** 24 814 | | NOV. 16 A |
| 1848 | | | Sept. 19 814 Nov. 7 8 | i | July 15 8 | 1975 | " 30 6 Jan. 7 5 |
| 1849 | Nov. 2 8 | 1862 | Jan. 9 21/3 | 1870 | Nov. 4 3 | | " 14 4 " 28 8 |
| 1850 | June 15 3½ Nov. 2 3 Nov. 22 3½ Dec. 26 3 | | July 10 21/2 | 1010 | Nov. 4 3 July 21 814 | ŀ | |
| 1852 | April 22 2 | | | | Ang 4 6 | | July 8 8 |
| 1858 | Jan. 6 21/3 | 1863 | Jan. 15 4 29 5 | | 11514 18414 | | Oct 7 91/ |
| | | ŀ | | | 20 4 | | |
| | Sept. 1 4 15 414 | ł | April 23 814 | | Sept. 1 31/2 | | Nov. 18 8 |
| 1854 | ·· zy 0 | l | May 16 814 | 1371 | ** 29 214 | 1876 | Thec 30 4 |
| | Aug. 3 5 | l | Nov. 2 5 | 20,1 | April 13 21/2 | 1010 | Jan. 6 5 |
| 1955 | April 5 4 1/4 May 3 4 | l | Dec. 2 7 | | June 15 214 July 13 2 | | April 6 3 |
| | June 14 8% | 1 | * 3 8 | | Sept. 21 8 | 1977 | 1. 20 2 May 2 8 |
| | Sept. 6 4 | 1364 | Jan. 20 8 | | | 1011 | July 4 214 |
| | 13 4½ 27 5 Oct. 4 5½ | | Feb. 11 7 " 25 6 | | Nov. 16 4 | | Sept. 5 8 |
| | " 18 6 " 18 7 | | April 16 7 | 1979 | Dec. 14 3 | | Oct. 10 4 |
| 1856 | May 22 6 | l | May 2 8 | 20,2 | April 4 81/2 | | Nov. 29 4 |
| | 78 S. Tun 91 C. | | P 9. 3/ 00 01/ | | 9" 2 . Tuller 4 91. | | ~ 1 4 · Aug 10 |

Jan. 78, 8; Jan. 81, 2; Mar. 27, 3; May 30, 214; June 27, 3; July 4, 314; Aug. 1, 4; Aug. 12, 8; Oct. 14, 6; Nov. 21, 5.

PRICES OF GOVERNMENT LOANS IN LONDON, 1873-77.

[Compiled from the Financial Register, London, 1878.]

| Country. | Issue price. | 18 | 78. | 18 | 74. | 18 | 75. | 18 | 76. | 18 | 377. |
|--|------------------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------|------------|----------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------|
| A Alex Describing | | 17. | L. | 11. | L. | n. | L. | n. | z. | п. | L |
| | 72] & 73 | 101 | 981/2 | 99 | 86 | 98 | 83 | 91 | 29 | 74 | 59 |
| Austria-Hungary: 5 p. c. Silver Rentes | 81 | ļ | | ļ | | 68 | C5 | 67.50 | 62.45 | 59 | 45 |
| Belgium: | Par. | 1021/2 | 90 | 103 | 991/4 | 1031/6 | 100 | 104 | 101 | 1041/2 | 100 |
| Bolivia: 6 per cent., 1872 | 68 | | | | · · · · · · · | ļ | | 28 | 15 | 26 | 17 |
| Brazil: 4½ p. c. Debt, 1868 | 88 | 87 | 73 | 26 | 87 | 92 | 60 | 921/4 | 80 | 92 | 82 |
| 5 per cent. Debt, 1865. Canada: | 74 | 88 | 8 8 | 102 | 93 | 100 | ç0 | 98 | 81 1/3 | 97 | 88 |
| 6 per cent. Debt, re- duced, 1877-84 | Par. | 108% | 100 | 112 | 104 | 1111/ | 1031/2 | 108 | 101 | 107 | 100 |
| Cape of Good Hope: 6 per cent. Debt, 1861, | | | | | | | | | | | |
| red., 1891 Ceylon: | ••••• | 103 | 100 | 117 | 117 | 110 | 99 | | • • • • • | 120 | 118 |
| 6 p. c. Debt of 1868 Chili: | Par. | 112 | 1061/4 | ł | 108 | 113 | 108 | 113 | 107 | 105 | 100 |
| 6 per cent. Debt, 1867. Colombia: | 84 | 100 | 99 | 105 | 100 | 95 | 80 | 104 | 83 | 102 | 95 |
| 6 per cent. Debt, 1863. Cuba: | 86 | 84 | 77 | 98 | 80 | 81 | 70 | 82 | 65 | • • • • • | ••••• |
| 7 per cent. Railway Debt, 1863 | | 84 | 71 | 86 | 78 | 90 | 73 | 98 | 83 | 92 | 76 |
| Denmark: _ 5 p. c. Debt of 1864 | 98 | 100% | 98 | 97 | 96 | 99 | 97 | | | | |
| Ecuador: 1 per cent. Consolidat- | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| ed Debt | | 11 | 8 | 11 | 71/2 | 10 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 6 |
| 7 per cent. Debt, 1864. France: | 93 | 1011/6 | 90 | 1011/ | 90 | 100 | 74 | 92 | 85 | 78 | 61 |
| 5 p. c. Rentes, 1871 5 p. c. Rentes, 1872 | 82.50 81.50 | 921/2 96 | 90 82 | 99% 99% | 91 91 | 100 100 | 92 92 | 106¥ 106¥ | | 108% 108% | 101 101 |
| Great Britain: 8 per cent. Consols | | 961/6 | 91% | 98% | 9134 | 9436 | 921/4 | 971/4 | 98% | 9734 | 98 |
| 6 per cent. Debt, 1824. | 56 <u>1</u> & 59 | 19 | 10 | 17 | 10 | | | | | 14 | 11 |
| Guatemala: _6 per cent. Debt, 1869. | 701/2 | 60 | 42 | 58 | 40 | 55 | 81 | Avera | ge 3 8 | 30 | 20 |
| Honduras: 10 per cent. Railway | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Loan, 1870 India: | 80 | 89 | 15 | 17 | 6 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 11/2 | 6 | 1 |
| 5 per cent. Debt | | 1131/2 | 108 | 110% | 1061/2 | 1091/2 | 106 | 1071/2 | 104 | 10714 | 108% |
| 5 per cent. State Do- main Debt, 1865 | 771/4 | 94 | 86 | 97 | 88 | 100 | 95 | 104 | 96 | 104 | 97 |
| Japan: 7 per cent. Loan, 1878. | 981/4 | 1011 | 97% | 102 | 88 | 101 | 90 | | | 107 | 99 |
| Mauritima: 6 p. c. Debt of 1865 | | 115 | 110 | 117 | 118 | 116 | 112 | 120 | 113 | 121 | 115 |
| Mexico: 3 per cent. Debt, 1846. | 58 | 1814 | 18 | 17% | 15 | 17 | 18 | 1314 | 41/2 | 834 | 6 |
| 5 per cent. Dobt, 1862. | 85 | 104 | 961/4 | 102 | 93 | 101 | 90 | | • • • • • | | |
| Netherlands: 4 per cent. Debt New South Wales: | 82 | 95 | 861/2 | 98 | 90 | | | 100 | 97 | 103 | 97 |
| 5 per cent., redeem- | | 100. | 400. | | 40- | | | | | | |
| able 1888-92 | | 1081/ | 1081/4 | 1101/ | 105 | 109 | 104 | 1111/ | 1111/4 | 112 | 106 |

PRICES OF GOVERNMENT LOANS IN LONDON, 1878-77 -- Continued.

| Portugal: 8 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | 771% | H. 105 72 | <i>L</i> . | II. | <i>L</i> . | II. | L. | H. | L. | II. | L. |
|---|----------|-----------------|------------|--------|------------|------|-----|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------|
| 5 per cent. Consolidated Loan, 1863-71 Peru: 5 per cent. Debt, 1872. Portugal: 3 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | 771% | | 101 | 1101/ | | | | | | | |
| ed Loan, 1863-71 Peru: 5 per cent. Debt, 1873. Portugal: 3 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 36 | 771% | | 101 | 1161/ | | | | 1 | | l | |
| Peru: 5 per cent. Debt, 1873. Portugal: 8 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | 771% | | 101 | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 5 per cent. Debt. 1873. Portugal: 3 p. c. Debt. 1853-67 88 | ~ | 72 | | 1161/ | 1021/ | 103 | 101 | 103% | 105% | 107% | 101 |
| Portugal: 8 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | ~ | 72 | | | | | | ۱ | | | |
| 8 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | 81 A 48 | | 40% | 61% | 461/4 | 57 | 25 | 23 | 10 | 1614 | 934 |
| 8 p. c. Debt, 1853-67 88 | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | 08 cm 20 | 41 | 86 | 47% | 421/2 | 46 | 40 | · · · · · | • • • • • | 5 5 14 | 491/2 |
| Queensland: | | | | | 400 | | | | | | 400 |
| 6 p. c. Debt of 1861. | 92 | 115 | 108 | 114 | 109 | 115 | 110 | 1131/ | 107 | 1121/2 | 108 |
| Roumania: | | | | | - | | •• | | | | |
| 8 per cent. Debt, 1867. | 71 | 101 | 98 | 108 | 99 | 102 | 90 | 106 | 74 | 91 | 58 |
| Russia: | 68 | 69 | | | | | | 71 | 400 | 63 | 43 |
| 8 per cent. Debt, 1859. | 05 | | 64 91 | 75 | 64 96 | 74 | 64 | | 47 72 | 89 | 68 |
| 5 per cent. Debt, 1862. San Domingo: | ν± | 100 | AT | 103 | . 20 | 105 | 94 | 101 | 12 | 00 | vo |
| 6 per cent. Debt. 1839. | 70 | 29 | 18 | 27 | 7 | 14 | | 4407 | 5 | 9 | 4 |
| South Australia: | 10 | 200 | 10 | 21 | • | 14 | 4 | 14% | 0 | , , | - |
| 6 per cent., redeem- | | | | | | | | Į | | l | |
| able 1872-80 | 102 | 10614 | 1001/ | 106% | 10414 | 107 | 104 | 115 | 104 | 114 | 102 |
| Spain: | 102 | 10075 | 10275 | 100% | 10175 | 107 | 104 | 113 | 104 | 114 | 100 |
| 3 per cent. (Old and | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred) | 81 | 80 | 1614 | 20% | 17 | 21 | 17 | 20% | 1214 | 13 | 10 |
| 6 per cent, Land Mort- | 01 | 30 | 1073 | 202 | | 41 | 11 | ~~/% | 1~/8 | 10 | 20 |
| gage, 1871 | 80 | 80 | 40 | 67 | 51 | 75 | 53 | 168 | 55 | 70 | 22. |
| Sweden and Norway: | ا بت | • | | ٠, | 31 | | • | ۳ ا | • | •• | ••• |
| 5 per cent., 1868 | 90 | 107 | 101 | 107 | 99 | 106. | 100 | 100 | 101 | 109 | 101 |
| Turkey: | ••• | 20. | 702 | 20. | •• | 200. | 100 | 1.00 | 101 | -00 | |
| | 631/4 | 751/4 | 60 | 7214 | 54 | 72 | 25 | 82 | 10 | 17 | 71/2 |
| United States: | w/s | , | - | 1~/2 | ٠. | .~ | | | | | •/2 |
| 6 per cent, 5-20 Bonds, | - 1 | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 1862 | 1 | 9414 | 90 | 107 | 1011/2 | 103 | 101 | | | | |
| 5 p. c. 10-40 Bonds, | | 0-75 | | | 201/3 | | | | | | |
| 1864 | | 93 | 881/4 | 106 | 1021/2 | 104 | 100 | 100 | 105 | 1111/4 | 106% |
| 6 per cent. Debt. 1865 | | 9614 | 91 | 110% | 105 | 105 | 101 | 103 | | 108 | 1021/4 |
| Massachusetts 5 per | | | - | | | | | 1 | | | \ · - |
| cent. Debt, 1866 | | 97 | 89 | 98 | 83 | 96 | 83 | 108 | 101 | 100 | 102 |
| Virginia 6 p. c. New | | | | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Funded Debt | | 55 | 48 | 52 | 40 | 53 | 42 | 67 | 58 | 72 | 53 |
| Venezuela: | | 1 | | l | | | | 1 | | l | |
| 6 per cent. Debt, 1864 | 60 | 24 | 15 | 23 | 13 | 20 | 8 | 16 | 6 | 13 | 10 |
| Victoria: | | | | | | | - | 1 | - | l | |
| 6 p. c. Railway Loan | Par. | 116 | 111 | 1151/4 | 110 | 117 | 112 | 11814 | 108% | 114 | 107 |

THE WEALTH OF GREAT BRITAIN.

In the entire absence of any attempted statement of the amount of British wealth through the census of the United Kingdom, an estimate laid before the Statistical Society of London in 1878 by Mr. R. Giffin is interesting, though unauthoritative. Mr. Giffin's figures are based upon the property and income tax returns, supplemented by conjectural estimates of the amount of capital which yields no income, or which escapes taxation in all forms. Capitalizing the incomes reported from all sources in 1875, and which amounted to 2877,586,000, at from four years' to thirty years' purchase (the latter rate for lands), he arrives at the gross sum of 20,643,120,000 as the probable value of property which contributes to the revenue under the income tax. To this are added foreign investments, movable property yielding no income, government property, etc., to the amount of £1,905,000,000, making the sum of £3,648,120,000 (or \$42,740,600,000) as the estimated aggregate of the wealth of Great British in. This is about eleven times the amount of the national debt of that country. Mr. Giffen also calculates that the increase of British capital from 1865 to 1875 must have been at least £,000,000 of pounds sterling, or three times the amount of the public debt; and that while population has increased at the rate of only 1 per cent per annum, capital has grown at the rate of 8 to 4 per cent per annum.

[Condensed, with additions, from the Financial Review, 1877.]

TABLE FOR INVESTORS.

The following table shows the rate per cent of annual income to be realized from stocks or bonds hearing any given rate of yearly dividends or interest, from 1 to 15 per cent, when purchased at various prices from 10 to 300 per cent. This table applies equally well to both stocks and bonds, and has nothing to do with the length of time which a bond has to run to maturity.

For example: To ascertain what rate of annual interest will be realized on a bond or stock which bears 7 per cent per annum and can be purchased at 92 (i.e., at 92 per cent of its pur value, whatever the par may be), find 92 in the column of "purchase price" and follow that line across to the column headed "7 per cent," which will show the correct figures—in the present instance, 7% per cent.

| Pur- | 3 per | 3.65 | 4 per | 44p'r | 5 per | 6 per | 7 per | 710 | 8 per | 9 per | 10 per | 12 per | 15 per |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|
| CHASC | cent. | PCT | | | | | cent. | ber | | cent. | | cent. | cent. |
| Price. | | cent. | 1 | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 1 | Cent. | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | 1 | |
| | 30 | 36.50 | | 45 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 73 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 120 | 150 |
| | 20 | 24.33 | | 80 | 83.33 | | 46 66 | | 53.33 | | 66.66 | 80 | 100 |
| | 15 | 18.25 | | 22.50 | | 30 | 35 | 36.50 | | 45 | 50 | 60 | 75 |
| | | | 18.18 | | | | | | | | 45.45 | 54.54 | |
| 24 | 12,50 | 15.20 | 16.66 | 18.75 | 20.83 | 25 | 29.16 | 30.41 | 83.88 | 57.50 | 41.66 | 50 | 62.50 |
| 26 | 11.53 | 14.03 | 15.38 | 17.30 | 19.23 | 23.07 | 26.92 | 23.07 | 30.76 | 34.61 | 38.46 | 46.15 | 57.69 |
| 2 8 | 10.71 | 13.03 | 14.28 | 16.07 | 17.85 | 21.42 | 25 | 26.07 | 28.57 | 82.14 | 35.71 | 42.85 | 53.57 |
| 80 | 10 | | 18.33 | | 16.66 | | | 24.33 | | 30 | 33.33 | 40 | 50 |
| 32 | | | 12.50 | | | | | | | 28.12 | 31.25 | 37.50 | 46.87 |
| 34 | 8.82 | 10.73 | 11.76 | 13.23 | 14.70 | 17.64 | 20.58 | 21.47 | 23.52 | 26.47 | 29.41 | 85.29 | 44.11 |
| 86 | 8.33 | 10.13 | 11.11 | 12.50 | 13.88 | 16.66 | 19.44 | 20.27 | 22 22 | 25 | 27.77 | 83,83 | 41.66 |
| 38 | 7.89 | 9.60 | 10.52 | 11.84 | 13.15 | 15.78 | 18.42 | 19.21 | 21.05 | 23.68 | 26.81 | 81.57 | 89.47 |
| 40 | 7.50 | 9.12 | 10 | 11.25 | 12.50 | 15 | 17.50 | 18.25 | 20 | 22.50 | 25 | 30 | 87.50 |
| 42 | 7.14 | 8.69 | | 10.71 | 11.90 | 14.28 | 16.66 | 17.38 | 19.04 | 21.42 | 23.80 | 28.57 | 85 71 |
| 44 | 6.81 | 8.29 | 9.09 | 10.2 | 11.33 | 13 63 | 15.90 | 16.59 | 18.18 | 20.45 | 22.72 | 27.27 | 34.09 |
| 46 | 6.52 | 7.93 | 8.69 | 9.78 | 10.86 | 13.04 | 15.21 | 15.86 | 17.39 | 19.56 | 21.78 | 26.08 | 32.60 |
| 48 | 6.25 | 7.60 | 8.33 | | | | | 15.20 | | | 20.83 | 25 | 81.25 |
| 50 | 6 | 7.30 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 14.60 | | 18 | 20 | 24 | 30 |
| 51 | 5.88 | 7.15 | 7.84 | 8.82 | 9.80 | | 13.72 | 14.31 | | 17.64 | 19.60 | 23.52 | 29.41 |
| 52 | 5.76 | 7.01 | 7.69 | 8.65 | 9.61 | 11.53 | 13.46 | 14.03 | 15.38 | 17.30 | 19.23 | 28.07 | 28.84 |
| 53 | 5.66 | 6.88 | 7.54 | 8.49 | 9 48 | 11.32 | 13 20 | 13.77 | 15 09 | 16 98 | 18.86 | 22.64 | 28.30 |
| 54 | 5.55 | 6 75 | 7.40 | 8.33 | | | | 13.51 | | | 18.51 | 22.22 | 27.77 |
| 55 | 5.45 | 6.63 | 7.27 | 8.18 | | | | 13.27 | | | 18.18 | 21.81 | 27.27 |
| 56 | 5.35 | 6.51 | 7.14 | 8.03 | | | | 13.03 | | | 17.85 | 21.42 | 26.78 |
| 57 | 5.26 | 6.40 | 7.01 | 7.89 | | | | 12.80 | | | | 21.05 | 26.31 |
| 58 | 5.17 | 6.29 | 6.89 | 7.75 | | | | 12.58 | | | 17.24 | 20.68 | 25.86 |
| 59 | 5.08 | 6.18 | 6.77 | 7.62 | | | | 12.37 | | | 18.94 | 20.33 | 25.43 |
| 60 | 5.00 | 6.08 | 6.66 | 7.50 | 8.33 | | | 12.16 | | | 16.66 | 20.00 | 25 |
| 61 | 4.91 | 5.97 | 6.55 | 7.37 | 8.19 | | | 11.95 | | | 16.39 | 19.67 | 24.59 |
| 62 | 4.83 | | | 7.25 | 8.06 | | | 11.77 | | | | 19.35 | 24.19 |
| | 4.76 | 5.79 | 6.34 | 7.14 | 7.93 | | · | 11 58 | | | 15.87 | 19.04 | 28.80 |
| 63 | 4.68 | 5.70 | 6.25 | 7.03 | 7.81 | | | 11.40 | | | 15.62 | 18.75 | 28.43 |
| 65 | 4.61 | 5.61 | 6.15 | 6.92 | 7.69 | | | 11.23 | | | 15.88 | 18.46 | 23.07 |
| 66 | 4.54 | 5.53 | 6.06 | 6.81 | 7-57 | | | 11.06 | | | 15.15 | 18.18 | 22.72 |
| 67 | 4.47 | 5.44 | 5.97 | 6.71 | 7.46 | | | 10.89 | | | 14.92 | 17.91 | 22.88 |
| 68 | 4.41 | 5.36 | 5.88 | 6.61 | 7.35 | | | 10.78 | | | 14.70 | 17.64 | 22.05 |
| 69 | 4.34 | 5.28 | 5.79 | 6.52 | 7.24 | 0.02 | 10.29 | 10.57 | 11 60 | 18 04 | 14.49 | 17.89 | 21.78 |
| 70 | 4 28 | 5.21 | 5.71 | 6.42 | 7.14 | 8.57 | | | 11.43 | | 14.28 | 17.14 | 21.42 |
| 71 | 4.22 | 5.14 | 5.63 | 6.33 | 7.04 | 8.45 | | 10.28 | | | 14.08 | 16.90 | 21.12 |
| 72 | 4.16 | 5.06 | 5.55 | 6.25 | 6.94 | 8.33 | | 10.13 | | | 13.89 | 16.66 | 20.83 |
| | | | | | | | | | 10.95 | | | | 20.54 |
| | 4.10 | 5 4.93 | 5.47 5.40 | 6.16 | 6.84 | 8.21 8.10 | 9.58 9.45 | 10 00 | 10.80 | | 13.69 13.51 | 16.48 16.21 | 20.27 |
| 74 | 4.00 | 4.93 | 5.33 | 6.00 | 6.66 | 8.10 | 9.33 | | 10.66 | | 13.33 | 16.21 | 20.21 |
| 75 76 | 3.94 | 4.80 | 5.26 | 5.92 | 6.57 | 7.89 | 9.33 | | 10.52 | | 18.15 | 15.78 | 19.73 |
| 77 | 3.89 | 4.74 | 5.19 | 5.84 | 6.49 | 7.79 | 9.09 | | 10.38 | | 12.98 | 15.58 | 19.43 |
| 80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 19.23 |
| 78 | 3.84 | 4.67 | 5.12 5.06 | 5.76 | 6.41 | 7.69 | 8.97 | | 10.25 10.12 | | 12.82 12.65 | 15.88 15.18 | 18.98 |
| 79 | 3.79 | 4.62 4.56 | 5.00 | 5.62 | 6.25 | 7.59 | 8.86 | 9.24 | | | 12.50 | 15.18 | 18 75 |
| 80 | 8.75 8.70 | 4.50 | 4.98 | 5.55 | 6.17 | 7.50 7.40 | 8.75 8.64 | 9.01 | * G 27 | 11.25 11.11 | 12.34 | 14.81 | 18.51 |
| 82 | 8.65 | 4.45 | 4.87 | 5.48 | 6.09 | 7.81 | 8.58 | 8.90 | | 10.97 | 12.19 | 14.68 | 18.29 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 83 | 3.61 | 4.39 | 4.81 | 5.42 | 6.02 | 7.22 | 8.43 | 8.79 | | 10.84 | 12.04 | 14.45 | 18.04 |
| 84 85 | 3.57 3.52 | 4.84 | 4.76 | 5.85 5.29 | 5.95 5.88 | 7.14 7.05 | 8.88 8.28 | 8.69 | | 10.71 | 11.90 | 14.28 | 17.85 |
| | 0 02 | 4.20 | 4.70 | 0.28 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 0.25 | 8.58 | 9.41 | 10.58 | 11.76 | 14.11 | 17.64 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE FOR INVESTORS-(Continued).

| Pur- | | O RK | | | | | | 73 | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| chase Price. | 3 per cent. | 8.65 per cent. | 4 per cent. | 41p'r cent. | 5 per cent. | 6 per cent. | 7 per cent. | 718 per cent. | | 9 per cent. | 10 per cent. | 12 per cent. | 13 per cent. |
| 86 87 | 3.43 3.44 | 4.24 | 4.65 | 5.23 5.17 | 5.81 5.74 | 6.97 | 8.13 8.04 | 8.48 8.39 | | 10.46 10.34 | 11.62 11.49 | 18.95 13.79 | 17.44 17.24 |
| 88 | 3.40 | 4.14 | 4.54 | 5.11 | 5.68 | 6.81 | 7.94 | 8.29 | 9.09 | 10.23 | 11 36 | 13.63 | 17.04 |
| 89 90 | 3.37 8.33 | 4.10 | 4.49 4.44 | 5.05 5 | 5.61 5.55 | 6.74 6.66 | 7.86 7.77 | 8.20 8.11 | 8.88 | 10.11 10 | 11.23 11.11 | 13.48 13.33 | 16.85 16.66 |
| 91 | 8.29 | | 4.39 | 4.94 | 5.49 | | 7.69 | 8.09 | 8.79 | 9.89 | 10.98 | 1.318 | 16.43 |
| 92 98 | 3.28 3.22 | 3 96 3.93 | 4.84 4.80 | 4.89 4.83 | 5.48 5.87 | 6.45 | 7.60 7.52 | 7.93 7.84 | 8.69 8.60 | 9.78 9.67 | 10.86 10.75 | 1.804 1.290 | 16.30 16.12 |
| 94 95 | 3.19 3.15 | 3.88 3.84 | 4.25 | 4.78 4.78 | 5.81 5.96 | 6.88 6.81 | 7.44 | 7.76 7.68 | 8.51 8.42 | 9.57 9.47 | 10.68 10.5% | 1.276 1.263 | 15.95 15.78 |
| 96 | 3.10 | | 4.16 | 4.68 | 5.20 | 6.25 | 7.29 7.21 | 7.60 7.52 | 8.88 | 9.87 | 10.41 10.80 | 12.50 12.87 | 15.72 |
| 97 98 | 3.09 3.06 | 8.72 | 4.12 | 4.59 | 5.15 5.10 | 6.12 | 7.14 | 7.45 | 8.16 | 9.18 | 10.20 | 12 24 | 15.46 15.80 |
| 99 100 | 3.03 | 3.68 | 4.04 | 4.54 | 5.05 | 6.06 | 7.07 | 7.87 | 8.08 | 9.09 | 10.10 10 | 12.12 12 | 15.15 .15 |
| 101 | 2.97 | 3.61 | 8.96 | 4.45 | 4.95 | 5.94 | 6.93 | 7.22 | 7.92 | 8.91 | 9.90 | 11.88 | 14.85 |
| 102 103 | 2.94 2.91 | 8.57 8.54 | 3.92 8.88 | 4.41 4.86 | 4.90 4.85 | 5.88 5.82 | 6.86 6.79 | 7.15 7.08 | 7.84 7.76 | 8.82 8.73 | 9.80 9.70 | 11.76 11.65 | 14.70 14.56 |
| 104 | 2.88 2.85 | 8.50 8.47 | 8.84 8.80 | 4.82 4.28 | 4.80 | 5.76 5.71 | 6.72 | 7.01 6.95 | 7.69 7.61 | 8.65 8.57 | 9.61 9.52 | 11.58 11.42 | 14.42 14.28 |
| 106 | 2.83 | 8.44 | 8.77 | 4.24 | 4.71 | 5.66 | 6.60 | 6.88 | 7.54 | 8.49 | 9.43 | 11.82 | 14.15 |
| 107 108 | 2.80 | 3.41 8.87 | 8.78 8.70 | 4.20 | 4.67 | 5.60 5.55 | 6.54 6.48 | 6.82 6.75 | 7.47 | 8.41 8.83 | 9.84 9.25 | 11.21 11.11 | 14.01 13.88 |
| 109 | 2.75 | 3.34 | 3.66 | 4.12 | 4.58 | 5.50 | 6.42 | 6.69 | 7.88 | 8.25 | 9.17 | 11 | 13.76 |
| 110 111 | 2.72 | 3.81 3.28 | 3.68 8.60 | 4.09 | 4.54 | 5.45 | 6.86 | 6.63 | 7.27 | 8.18 | 9.09 | 10.90 | 18.68 |
| 112 | 2.67 | 3.25 | 8.57 | 4.01 | 4.46 | 5.85 | 6.25 | 6.51 | 7.14 | 8.03 | 8.92 | 10.71 | 13.39 |
| 118 114 | 2.65 2.63 | 3.93 3.20 | 3.54 3.50 | 8.98 8.94 | 4.42 | 5.80 5.26 | 6.19 6.14 | 6.46 6.40 | 7.07 | 7.96 7.89 | 8.84 | 10.61 10.52 | 18.27 13.15 |
| 115 | 2.60 | 8.17 | 8.47 | 8.91 | 4.85 | 5.91 | 6.08 | 6.34 | | 7.82 | 8.69 | 10.48 | 18.04 |
| 116 117 | 2.56 2.56 | 3.14 8.11 | 3.44 3.41 | 3.87 3.84 | 4.81 4.27 | 5.17 5.12 | 6.08 5.98 | 6.29 6.28 | 6.89 6.83 | 7.75 | 8.61 8.54 | 10.84 10.25 | 12.93 12.83 |
| 118· 119 | 2.54 2.52 | 8.09 8.06 | 8.88 3.86 | 8.81 8.78 | 4.23 | 5.08 5.04 | 5. 98 5.88 | 6.18 6.13 | 6.77 | 7.62 7.56 | 8.47 8.40 | 10.16 10.08 | 12.71 12.60 |
| 120 | 2.50 | 8.04 | 8.88 | 8.75 | 4.16 | 5 | 5.83 | 6.08 | 6.66 | 7.50 | 8 83 | 10 | 12.50 |
| 121 122 | 2.47 | 3.01 2.99 | 3.30 3.27 | 3.71 3.68 | 4.18 4.09 | 4.95 | 5.78 5.78 | 6.03 5.98 | 6.61 6.55 | 7.43 | 8.26 8.19 | 9.91 9.83 | 12.89 12.29 |
| 123 | 2.43 | 2.96 | 3.25 | 3.65 | 4.06 | 4.87 | 5.69 | 5.98 | 6.50 | 7.81 | 8.13 | 9.76 | 12.19 |
| 124 125 | 2.41 2.40 | 2.94 2.90 | 3 22 3.20 | 3.62 3.60 | 4.08 | 4.83 | 5.65 5.60 | 5.88 5.80 | 6.45 6.40 | 7.25 7.20 | 8.06 8 | 9.67 9.60 | 12.09 12 |
| 130 | 2.30 | 2.80 2.66 | 8.08 2.96 | 8.46 8.83 | 8.84 8.70 | 4.61 | 5.38 5.18 | 5.61 5.33 | 6.15 5.92 | 6.92 | 7.69 | 9.28 8 88 | 11.58 |
| 140 | 2.14 | 2.60 | 2.85 | 8.21 | 8.57 | 4.28 | 5 | 5.21 | 5.71 | 6.42 | 7.14 | 8.57 | 10.71 |
| 145 150 | 2.06 | 2.51 2.48 | 2.75 2.66 | 8.10 8 | 8.44 3.33 | 4.18 | 4.82 4.66 | 5.03 4.86 | 5.51 5.83 | 6.20 6 | 6.89 6.66 | 8.27 | 10.34 10 |
| 155 | 1.98 | 2.35 | 2.58 | 2.90 | 8.22 | 8.87 | 4.51 | 4.70 | 5.16 | 5.80 | 6.45 | 7.74 | 9.67 |
| 160 165 | 1.87 | 2.28 2.21 | 2.50 2.43 | 2.81 2.72 | 8.12 3.08 | 8.75 8.63 | 4.87 | 4.56 4.42 | 5 4.84 | 5.62 5.45 | 6.25 6.08 | 7.50 7.27 | 9.37 9.09 |
| 170 175 | 1.76 1.71 | 2.14 2.08 | 2.35 2.28 | 2.64 2.57 | 2.94 2.85 | 3.52 3.42 | 4.11 | 4.29 4.17 | 4.70 4.57 | 5.29 5.14 | 5.88 5.71 | 7.05 6 85 | 8.83 8.57 |
| 180 | 1.66 | 2.02 | 2.22 | 2.50 | 2.77 | 3.83 | 8.88 | 4.05 | 4.44 | 5 | 5.55 | 6.66 | 8.33 |
| 185 190 | 1.62 | 1.97 | 2.16 2.10 | 2.43 2.36 | 2.70 2.68 | 8.24 8.15 | 3.78 3.68 | 3.94 3.84 | 4.82 | 4.86 4.73 | 5.40 5.26 | 6.43 | 8.10 7.89 |
| 195 200 | 1.58 1.50 | 1.89 | 2.05 | 2.30 | 2.56 | 3.07 | 3.58 3.50 | 3.79 3.65 | 4.10 | 4.61 | 5.13 | 6.15 | 7.69 7.50 |
| 210 | 1.42 | 1.78 | 1.90 | 2.14 | 2.88 | 2.85 | 8.88 | 8.47 | 8.80 | 4.28 | 4.76 | 5.71 | 7.14 |
| 220 225 | 1.36 1.33 | 1.65 1.62 | 1.81 | 2.04 | 2.27 | 9 72 2.66 | 3.18 3.11 | 3.81 3.24 | 8.63 8.55 | 4.09 | 4.54 4.44 | 5.45 5.88 | 6.81 6.66 |
| 230 | 1.30 | 1.58 | 1.78 | 1.97 | 2.17 | 2.60 | 8.04 | 8.17 | 8.47 | 8 91 3.75 | 4.84 | 5.21 | 6.52 |
| 240 | 1.25 | 1.59 | 1.60 | 1.87 | 2.08 | 2.40 | 2.91 | 3.04 2.92 | 8.20 | 3.60 | 4.16 | 4.80 | 6.20 |
| 275 | 1.00 | 1.83 | 1.45 | 1.63 1.50 | 1.81 1.66 | 2.18 | 2.54 | 2.65 2.40 | 2.90 2.66 | 8.27 | 8.68 8.88 | 4.36 | 5.45 5 |
| 800 | 1 | 1.40 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | - | 4.00 | Ø.7U | A.00 | 0 | 0.00 | - 1 | |

DEBTS, REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND COMMERCE OF NATIONS.

Compiled from the Almanach de Gotha, the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, and from Official Documents. The figures are for the latest attainable years as to each country.

| COUNTRIES. | Public Debt. | Revenue. | Expendi- tures. | Imports. | Exports. |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | \$ | 8 | \$ | 8 | \$ |
| Argentine Republic. | 68,416,043 | 20,683,537 | 20,663,337 | 34,910,290 | 44,041,131 |
| Austria proper | 1,419,096,072 | 186,776,170 | 202,035,039 | 050 450 000 | 004 000 000 |
| Austria-Hungary | 205,999,970 | 60,000.000 | 58,845,695 | 258,450,000 | 204.800,000 |
| Belgium | 232,684,553 | 50,048,972 | 49,045,128 | 258,504.000 | 222,920,400 |
| Bolivia | 17,500,000 | 2,929,574 | 4,505,504 | 5,750,000 | 5,000,000 |
| Brazil | 368,351,139 | 72,548,454 | 67,789,297 | 88,045,520 | 104,232,800 |
| Canada | 112,248,378 | 22,700,000 | 24,100,000 | 93,200,000 | 89,851,320 |
| Chili | 50,677,600 | 21,294,383 | 22,052,187 | 39,050,197 | 37,139,96 |
| China | 3,200,000 | | 0 880 440 | 105,000,000 | 114,000,000 |
| Colombia | 15,399,304 | 3,114,619 | 2,779,410 | 6,949,028 | 9,994,386 |
| Denmark | 52,000,000 | 13,464,066 | 13,074,620 | 50,311,240 | 33,933,640 |
| Ecuador | 17,500,000 | 20,800,000 | 21,500,455 | 7,596,264 | 3,913,536 |
| Egypt | 450,540,000 | 54,820,818 | 54,737,670 | 29,000,000 | 68,000.000 |
| France | 4,695,600,000 | 548,605,716 | 589,334,162 | 892,360,000 | 961,540,000 |
| Germany | 30,000,000 | 135,584,249 | 135,000,000 | 918,850,000 | 608,200,000 |
| Gt. Britain & Ireland. | 3,888,907,980 | 398,825,180 | | 1,969,695,885 | |
| Greece | 98,012,000 | 7,765,360 | 7,832,768 | 24,073,400 | 15,097,000 |
| Guiana | 46 0,000 | | 4,580,000 | | |
| Hawaiian Islands | 548,022 | 504,095 | 460,000 | | 2,090,000 |
| Hungary Proper | 274,358,915 | | 116,902,036 | | ******** |
| India, British | 576,634,330 | | 292,503,145 | 244,000,000 | 325,600,000 |
| Italy | 1,977,117,845 | 279,550,000 | 278,121,440 | | 213,371,000 |
| Japan | 145,000,000 | 63,120,600 | 62,993,850 | | 27,669,46 |
| Luxembourg | 2,400,000 | 1,438,660 | 1,409,344 | | |
| Mexico | 395,500,000 | 23,807,671 | 24,891,522 | 29,062,407 | 31,659,15 |
| Netherlands | 391,242,322 | 43,973,345 | 48,785,061 | | |
| Norway | 13,526,128 | 11,364,220 | 10,726,500 | 52,017,280 | |
| Paraguay | 12,098,417 | 609,000 | 750,000 | | |
| Peru | 213,482,680 | 29,801,195 | 33,755,375 | | 37,500,000 |
| Persia | No debt. | 8,240,000 | 8,750,000 | 5,625,000 | |
| Portugal | 428,977,613 | 29,568,816 | 29,720,336 | 38,131,520 | |
| Roumania | 90,000,000 | 19,578,885 | 19,578,885 | | |
| Russia | 2,020,092,043 | | 430,557,403 | 365,426,400 | |
| Servia | 5,000,000 | 2,968,422 | 2,924,779 | 6,197,000 | 5,500,000 |
| Siam | | 4,000,000 | 4,000,000 | 7,100,000 | 8,300,000 |
| Spain | 2,401,612,001 | 131,500,000 | 131,824,000 | 66,670,000 | 75,564,000 |
| Sweden | 39.241,142 | 23,563,201 | 21,872,193 | 85,906,800 | 62,532,960 |
| Switzerland | 6,225,000 | 8,297,480 | 8,524,400 | | Not given. |
| Turkey | 1,212,772,200 | 88,764,050 | 140,000,000 | 72,430,000 | 51,000,000 |
| United States | 2,028,648,111 | 257,763,879 | 236,964,327 | 466,872,846 | 739,107,578 |
| Uruguay | 43,615,000 | 6,965,683 | 6,800,000 | 21,917,800 | 16,953,000 |
| Venezuela | 62,659,687 | | 3,642,500 | | 17,000,000 |
| Total debts | 24 097 349 195 | | 100 | | |

Congressional Appropriations for Fiscal Years 1878 and 1879.

| Onject. | Year ending June 30, 1878. | Year ending June 30, 1879. | OBJECT. | Year ending June 30, 1878. | Year ending June 80, 1879. |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Legislative, execu- | | | Fortifications | \$275,000 | \$275,000 |
| expenses | C15 450 815 | \$15,271,251 | Indians | 4,829,866 No app'n. | 4.746.275 8,201,700 |
| Sundry civil exp's | 17, 133, 750 | | South. war claims | | 0,201,100 |
| Consular and dip- | | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | allowed | 464,059 | 418,294 |
| lomatic | 1,138,374 | 1.077,635 | Deficiencies | 2,745,481 | 11,698,079 |
| Post Office | 88,584,143 | | Miscellancous ob- | | |
| Army | 25,712,500 | | jects | 798,008 | 1,681,344 |
| Naval service | 13,541,024 | | 1 | | |
| Pensions | 28,588,000 | | Total\$ | 144,492,149 | 172, 190,628 |
| Military Academy | 286,601 | 292,805 | 1 | i | |

NATIONAL DEBTS, EXPENDITURE, AND COMMERCE, PER CAPITA.

[Computed from the official census and finance statements of each country.]

| Country. | Debt per head. | Annual expenditure per head. | Annual imports per head. | Annual exports per head |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Argentine Republic | 89.07 | 12.04 | 20.81 | 25.66 |
| Austria-Hungary | 5.78 | 1.68 | 7.19 | 5.70 |
| Austria proper | 65.26 | 9 29 | | |
| Hangary proper | 17.68 | 7.58 | | |
| Belgium | 48.08 | 10.13 | 58.41 | 46.00 |
| Bolivia | 10.04 | 2.58 | 8.80 | 2.08 |
| Brazil | 86.48 | 6.70 | 8.71 | 10.81 |
| Canada | 81.16 | 6.60 | 25.87 | 24 91 |
| Chili | 24.49 | 10.66 | 18.21 | 17.95 |
| Colombia | 5.23 | .94 | 2 85 | 8.88 |
| Denmark | 27.19 | 6.83 | 26.31 | 17.95 |
| Ecuador | 20.20 | 24.86 | 8.77 | 4.51 |
| | | 10.43 | 5.52 | 12.94 |
| Egypt | 197.28 | 14.07 | 24.17 | 96.05 |
| France | .70 | 8.15 | 21.54 | 14.21 |
| German Empire | 10.55 | 6.88 | | 14.21 |
| Prussia | 114.69 | 12.85 | 59.11 | 40.59 |
| | 27.50 | 5.35 | 16.49 | 10.30 |
| Greece | | | .98 | 1.48 |
| India, British | 3.01 | 1.48 | 9.67 | 8.85 |
| Italy | 71.94 | 10.12 | | 8 41 |
| Mexico | 42.68 | 2.68 | 8.18 | 67.70 |
| Netherlands | 101.21 | 11.87 | 71.27 | |
| Norway | 7.48 | 5.91 | 28.77 | 18.77 |
| Paraguay | 54.73 | 3.89 | 2.55 | 2.74 |
| Peru | 79.82 | 12.63 | ***** | 14.02 |
| Portugal | 96.84 | 6.70 | 8.60 | 5.97 |
| Roumania | 11.82 | 3.85 | 3.19 | 5.60 |
| Russia | 16.88 | 4 83 | 4.29 | 8.28 |
| Servia | 8.61 | 1.43 | 4.58 | 4.06 |
| Spain | 143.71 | 7.88 | 3.96 | 4.48 |
| Sweden | 8.86 | 4.98 | 19.89 | 14.11 |
| Switzerland | 2.25 | 3.06 | | |
| Turkey | 31.70 | 4.38 | 2.23 | 1.59 |
| United States | 52.56 | 6.13 | 12.C4 | 16.92 |
| Uruguay | 98.00 | 15.28 | 49.25 | 88.09 |
| Venezuela | 85.11 | 2.04 | 6.72 | 9.52 |

FINANCES OF THE GREAT CITIES OF EUROPE.

THE Director of the Statistical Bureau of Buda-Pesth, Hungary, Mr. J. Körösi, has published two volumes upon the population and inances of the principal European cities, containing a mass of facts which, while not thoroughly digested or tabulated, are of very great value to the statistician.

From that part of these volumes relating to municipal finances, we gather the fact that in Europe (as in the United States) the progress of municipal ambition, the march of luxury, and the passion for expense, are continually swelling the public debts and the taxation of the people. Expenditures increase in a much greater ratio than population or public wealth. Not only the indispensable expenditures of maintaining cities with all the improvements of modern civilization, sewerage, lighting by gas, sanitary provisions, street pavements and juvenile instruction, but other classes of expenditure, go on continually increasing. Among those expenditures, which may be

classed rather as expenditures of luxury than of necessity, may be reckoned fine boulevards, avenues, shade trees, public parks, and splendid public buildings. While Paris, that brilliant and showy capital, full of opulence and luxury, stands at the head of the cities of Europe in costliness, there is hardly a little city but has an ambition to take Paris as a model for its own embellishment and improvement. Every city desires to substitute for its ancient and often picturesque but narrow streets, a city with broad avenues and splendid boulevards, and at least one public park for the resort and recreation of the people. These things cost money; and accordingly we find that the march of expenditure and taxation is always onward.

We gather in general terms from the figures of Mr. Körösi's book, that there is scarcely a large city in Europe whose ordinary expenditures have not doubled within the last ten years; and this, although the municipal populations have increased only from 15 to 20 per cent during the same period. Here is a comparative table showing the ordinary expenditures of some of the European cities ten or twelve

years ago, and at the present time:

| CITY. | Year. | Expenditure. | Year. | Expenditure. | Expendi- ture per head. |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Paris | 1866 1869 1865 1864 1364 | Dollars, 80,000,000 3,600,009 5,200,000 940,000 515,000 | 1878 1875 1874 1874 1874 | Dollars, 44,000,000 9,200,000 13,200,000 1,080,600 6,005,000 | Dollars. 21 00 7 20 9 20 5 40 8 00 |
| Brealau Copenhagen Florence Rome Genoa Turin | 1866 1865 1866 1871 1866 1865 | 925,000 800,000 1,700,000 2,400,000 1,560,000 2,040,000 | 1875 1874 1875 1875 1875 1875 1874 | 1,700,000 1,600,000 6,700,000 4,000,000 2,850,000 2,400,000 | 7 90 · 7 00 18 90 11 60 6 20 8 60 |

DEBTS OF AMERICAN CITIES.

Note.—In the American Almanac and Treasury of Facts for 1878, pp. 282-3, appeared a table of Municipal Debts in the United States, presenting a parallel view of the total debt, property valuation, and taxation in 127 cities in 1866 and 1876 comparatively. The following list of the principal cities in the United States exhibits their indebtedness at the latest attainable date, with the valuation of property for the purposes of taxation, and the rate per cent levied, wherever obtainable. In cases where a sinking-fund exists, to be applied to the reduction of debt, the net amount only is given.

| CITIES. | YEAR, | DEBT. | Valuation of Property. | TAX 0N \$100. |
|------------------|-------|------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | | Dollars. | Doilars. | \$ |
| Albany, N. Y | 1877 | 3.517.789 | 35,617,154 | 2.43 |
| Alexandria, Va | 1878 | 1,167,600 | 4,000,000 | 1 |
| Allegheny, Pa | 1878 | 1,794,000 | 46,340,496 | 1.53 |
| Augusta, Ga | 1877 | 828,800 | 4,216,260 | |
| Baltimore | 1878 | 9.257.445 | 255,000,000 | 2.083 |
| Bangor, Me | 1877 | 2,726,642 | 9.642.461 | 2.14 |
| Bath, Me | 1878 | 1,616,100 | 7,267,690 | 2.45 |
| Boston | 1877 | 26,159,777 | 630,427,200 | 1.28 |
| Bridgeport, Ct | 1877 | | | |
| Brookline, Mass | 1877 | 622,081 | | 2.10 |
| Drookline, Mass | | 1,310,948 | ********* | 2.11 |
| Brooklyn, N. Y | 1879 | 87,475,818 | 229,593,016 | 8.17 |
| Buffalo, N. Y | 1878 | 7,509,257 | 99,975,575 | 1.21 |
| Cambridge, Mass | 1877 | 8,781,297 | 49,615,140 | 1.80 |
| Charleston, S. C | 1878 | 4,716,754 | 96,591,778 | 2.60 |
| Chelsen, Mass | 1877 | 1,590,704 | 15,767,407 | 1.76 |
| Chicago | 1877 | 16,638,646 | 148,400,148 | 2.70 |

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DEBTS OF AMERICAN CITIES-Continued.

| CITIES. | YEAR. | DEBT. | VALUATION OF PROPERTY. | TAX 01 \$100. |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| | | Dollars. | Dollars. | 8 |
| Cincinnati | 1877 | 23,389,000 | 179,430,143 | 2.91 |
| Cleveland, O | 1877 | 7,704,164 | 71,028,151 | 2.86 |
| Columbus, O | 1877 | 1,401,800 | 27,133,175 | 2.10 2.83 |
| Detroit Wich | 1877 1878 | 1,074 298 1,201,400 | 19,624,250 87,865,685 | .90 |
| Dayton, O | 1878 | 5,808,500 | 13,579,650 | 3.56 |
| | 1877 | 1,455,000 | 23,963,855 | |
| Evansville, Ind | 1877 | 3,893,979 | 45,658,127 | |
| Fitchburg, Mass | 1877 | 787,582 | 10,668,319 | |
| Galveston, Tex | 1877 | 861,400 | | i.ti |
| Haveshill Mass | 1978 1877 | 2,152,100 362,218 | 10.542.954 | 1.41 |
| Holyoke Mass | 1877 | 986,500 | 9,899,890 | |
| Indianapolis | 1877 | 2,064,500 | 55,367.945 | 1.12 |
| Ironton, O | 1877 | 125,284 | 8,046,199 | 2.24 |
| Jersey City, N. J | 1878 | 14,217,485 | 60,404,281 | 2.86 |
| Ironton, O. Jersey City, N. J. Lawrence, Mass. Lewiston, Me. | 1878 | 14,217,485 1,790,700 | 23,789,000 | 1.50 |
| Lewiston, Me | 1877 | 1,005,690 | 11,740,602 | 2.00 |
| Louisville, Ky | 1878 1878 | 5,500,056 9 150 504 | 63,194,487 | 25.20 |
| Lowell, Mass | 1877 | 2,159,594 1,800,506 | 40,064,126 24,195,889 | 1.72 |
| Lynn, Mass Manchester, N. II | 1878 | 986,127 | 15,300,000 | 1.56(1 |
| Memphis, Tenn | 1877 | 4,906,974 | 25,829,600 | 2.00 |
| Memphis, Tenn Meriden, Conn | 1877 | 487,880 | | 1.90 |
| Milwaukee, Wis | 1876 | 2,292,802 | 58,675,185 | 2.50 |
| Minneapolis, Minn | 1876 | 1,178,971 | 21,834,078 | 3.00 |
| Mobile, Ala Nashua, N. H | 1877 | 1,785,122 | 17,140,511 | 1.60 |
| Nashville, Tenn | 1877 1878 | 507,600 1,712,685 | 8,276,538 11,000,000 | 2.00 |
| Newark, N. J. | 1878 | 8,824,455 | 84,704,000 | 1.98 |
| New Bedford, Mas | 1877 | 1,221,993 | 26,133,297 | |
| Newburyport, Mass | 1877 | 394,858 | 7,644,984 | |
| New Haven, Ct | 1877 | 891,040 | 46,000,000 | 1.31 |
| New London, Ct New Orleans, La | :::: | £32,500 | 222 222 222 | 1.60 |
| New Orleans, La | 1878 | 20,778,868 | 111,123,695 | 2.93 1.88 |
| Newton, Mass. | 1878 | 1,262,054 129,021,244 | 25,012,980 1,098,387,775 | 2.55 |
| Norfolk, Va | 1877 | 2,165,087 | 1,000,001,110 | 2.50 |
| Norwich, Ct | 1877 | 763,278 | | 1.80 |
| Paterson, N. J Peoria, Ill | 1878 | 1,284,500 | 19,150,861 | 2.25 |
| Peoria, Ill | 1876 | 686 500 | 14,574,105 | 2 |
| Philadelphia | 1878 | 60,781,984 | 594,988,897 | 2.15 |
| Piqua, O | 1877 | 318,650 | 2,697,805 | 2.43 2.50 |
| Portland Wa | 1870 1877 | 13,862,669 5,130,839 | 894,905,203 | 2.00 |
| Portsmouth O | 1877 | 289,019 | 19,067,200 5,867,978 | 2.75 |
| Piqua, O | 1978 | 10,158,726 | 117,040,500 | 1.45 |
| Quincy, Ill | 1878 | 1,725,000 | | |
| Rochester, N. Y | 1877 | 6,008,680 | 50,200,775 | 2.00 |
| Rockland, Mc | •••• | 948,950 | | 4.44 |
| St. Joseph, Mo | 4040 | 1,380,900 | 8,583,711 | 2.80 1.75 |
| St. Louis | 1878 1878 | 22,789,905 1,827,150 | 173,771,240 23,061,000 | 1.80 |
| St. Louis | 1877 | 1,279,615 | 25,810,600 | 1.60 |
| Sandusky, O | 1877 | 502,854 | 4,025,848 | 3.92 |
| San Francisco | 1878 | 4,869,000 | 244,476,470 | 1.60 |
| Savannah, Ga | 1878 | 8,469,300 | 18,200,000 | 1.50 |
| Somerville, Mass | 1877 | 1,726,723 | 26,479,400 | |
| Springfield, Ill Springfield, Mass | 1977 | 814,020 | 5,644,985 | 1.82 |
| Springheid, Mass | 1877 | 1,642,622 463,108 | 80,692,776 15,870,513 | 1.02 |
| Taunton, Mass | 1877 1877 | 8,778,849 | 19,508,720 | 8.19 |
| Topeka, Kan | | 841,400 | 20,000,000 | 1 |
| *Washington, D. C | 1878 | 23,310,146 | 111,420,766 | 1.50 |
| Worcester, MassZanesville, O | 1878 | 2,256,999 | 41,969,748 | 1.54 |
| | 1877 | 587,193 | 7,525,300 | 2 373 |

^{*} Including the District of Columbia.

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THE INSOLVENT LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE power conferred by the Constitution upon Congress to establish uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcles has been three times exercised. The bankrupt act of 1800 was limited by its terms to five years, could be enforced only on the application of creditors, and embraced only persons in trade. It was repealed in 1808.

The second bankrupt act, passed in the severely stringent times of 1841, was broader in its provisions, embracing all persons owing debts; but it could be enforced by creditors only against merchants and others established in business. This law was still shorter-lived than the first, having been repealed in March, 1843.

The third bankrupt law, which lasted more than eleven years, was enacted March 2, 1867. Its provisions were far more general than ever before enacted, enabling any person owing debts to the amount of \$300 to take the benefit of the enabling any person owing debts to the amount of \$800 to take the beneft of the act on his own application, by surrender of his property. Debtors could also be forced into bankruptcy on the application of creditors if certain offences or acts specified in the statute had been committed. In either case, the bankrupt, after the payment of charges and the distribution of his estate, obtained a discharge from all indebtedness existing at the time, with certain exceptions specified in the law. This act gave rise to numerous complaints on account of the great cost of enforcement, absorbing much of the debtor's effects in law expenses, and for other reasons it became very unpopular. After several legislative amendments, and persistent but unsuccessful efforts to secure others, the bankrupt law was definitively repealed by act of July 7, 1878, to take effect September 1, 1878. The number of persons taking the benefit of the act within a short time before its repeal was unprecedent, edly large. The following table exhibits (with some slight omissions where so figures could be had) the whole number of proceedings in bankruptcy during the eleven years and three months while it was in force: eleven years and three months while it was in force :

The table shows the percentage of bank upteles to the number of persons or firms in business, and to the population by the census of 1870:

Bankruptcies in the United States, 1867-1878.

[From the Boston Commercial Bulletin.]

| | | Bank- | Perce | ntage | | 1 - 1 - 1 | Bank- | Perce | entage |
|---------------|---------|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| | Dealers | | To trad- ers. | To popu- lation | - T m | Dealers | | To trad- ers. | To popu- lation |
| Maine | 11,007 | 1,822 | 16.5 | | Virginia | 9,979 | 6,916 | 69.3 | |
| New Hampshire | 7,411 | 1,220 | 16.6 | | West Virginia | 5.142 | 800 | 15.5 | .181 |
| Vermont | 7,380 | 992 | 13.4 | .300 | North Carolina | 6,441 | 1,363 | 21.3 | .127 |
| Massachusetts | 35,235 | 9,103 | 25.8 | .624 | South Carolina. | 4.592 | 1,835 | 40.0 | .260 |
| Rhode Island | 5,013 | 500 | | .230 | Florida | 1,819 | 326 | 18.0 | .179 |
| Connecticut | 12,422 | 1.514 | 12.2 | .282 | Georgia | 7,522 | 1,416 | 18.8 | .120 |
| | | | _ | | Alabama | 5,200 | 1,736 | 33.4 | .174 |
| New England | 78,468 | 15,151 | 19.3 | .434 | Mississippi | 5,504 | 4,073 | 74.0 | .493 |
| | | | | | Louisiana | 7,753 | 1,753 | 22.6 | .241 |
| New York | 116,111 | 15,777 | 13.6 | .360 | Texas | 11,287 | 1,698 | 15.0 | .207 |
| New Jersey | 19,041 | 1.884 | 9.9 | .208 | Arkansas | 3,998 | 2,251 | 56.2 | .465 |
| Pennsylvania | 74,926 | 6,622 | | .188 | Tennessee | 8,470 | 4,481 | 52.9 | .356 |
| Maryland | 13.083 | 864 | | .111 | Kentucky | + 16,727 | 4,785 | 28.6 | .362 |
| Delaware | 3.735 | 251 | 6.8 | ,201 | | - | | 1 | - |
| Dist. of Col | 2,569 | 433 | 16.8 | .329 | South'n States. | 94,424 | 83,433 | 35.4 | .297 |
| Middle States | 229,465 | 25,831 | 11.2 | .262 | California Oregon | 17,108 2,640 | 2,694 306 | 15.8 11.6 | .481 |
| Ohio | 47.163 | 5,567 | 11.8 | .209 | Nevada | 1,495 | 150 | 10.0 | .353 |
| Michigan | 23,345 | 1,422 | | | 2101111111111111 | -, | | | |
| Indiana | 25,748 | 4,025 | 15.6 | .239 | Pacific States | 21,243 | 3,150 | 14.9 | .454 |
| Illinois | 50,325 | 7,890 | | .311 | 11211 | | | | |
| Wisconsin | 20,187 | 1,578 | 7.8 | .150 | Total, U. S | 661,390 | 104,695 | 18.4 | .831 |
| Minnesota | 8,708 | 784 | | | | 1-5689 | 110,235 | NAME OF | |
| Iowa | 22,583 | 1,879 | 8.0 | | | (() STEEN | 7777509 | | |
| Nebraska | 3.529 | 254 | | .208 | 1 100 1 | | -1-590 | 1 | |
| Missouri | 26 250 | | 11.5 | | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | 1-1-1-6 | | 177 119 | ACTOR TO |
| Kansas | 8,161 | 642 | 8.0 | | 1 | 100 | 1 0 | OF BUILDING | 1000 |
| Colorado | 1,791 | 70 | 3.9 | .176 | E 100 049 | 11.750 | District | | 1129 |
| West'n States | 237,790 | 27,130 | 11.4 | .208 | | 15.00 | | | |

The whole number of failures reported by Dun, Bailow & Co., from January 1st, 1868, to September 30th, 1878—ten years and nine months—was 61,328, though the agency reports are not intended to cover many and large classes of persons who have taken the benefit of the bankrupt act. In the South the proportion of bankruptcies to dealers is surprisingly large, while the proportion to population is only about 3 in 1,000. It is not readily to be believed that over one-third of all persons and firms engaged in business at the South have gone through bankruptcy. A very large proportion of the bankruptcies in that section has been of planters, who are not included in the census enumeration of dealers and manufacturers, nor are they generally included in the commercial reports. These figures give evidence of the general soundness of our commerce and industry. Even if no allowance be made for bankruptcies of owners of landed property, or other persons—bankers, speculators, and professional men—not included in the roll of dealers and manufacturers, still the whole number of bankrupts is only 104,695 out of 661,390 firms and persons doing business—about 15½ per cent, in over eleven years. And this includes, moreover, only the weary years of disaster, which it has been the custom to call years of "inter prostration" in business. Including all fraudulent bankruptcies, including all cases in which the same person has gone through bankruptcy twice, including all the wrecks caused by the yellow fever, the grasshoppers, the failure of crops, the political disturbances, the failure of railroads, and the stoppage of half the iron works in the country, we have still only 155 bankruptcies for 1,000 dealers and manufacturers during eleven years, the worst in the listory of the country. Certainly this is a most encouraging record.—The Public, N. Y.

The repeal of the National Bankrupt Act, which, while in existence, suspended all State legislation on the same subject, has revived the State insolvent laws in full force. Several States have already amended their statutes, and other legislatures will doubtless act in the matter. The following abstract of existing laws as to insolvency and assignments by debtors in the several States will be found of interest. It is to be carefully noted that no State law can release indebtedness to citizens of another State.

Note.—For the legal provisions in the States exempting real and personal property from levy, execution, or sale, for debt, see p. 72.

ALABAMA.

No provision is made by law for insolvent debtors.

ARKANSAS.

No insolvent laws in force, except those providing for the discharge of a debtor imprisoned on civil process, or for payment of a fine and costs.

CALIFORNIA.

The claims of both resident and non-resident creditors are discharged upon the determining an assignment of all his property, and giving notice thereof by publication.

COLORADO.

The law makes no provision for assignments by insolvent debtors.

CONNECTICUT.

All foreign creditors have, by the law of the State, an equal standing with domestic ones. The Probate Courts take cognizance of the petition of a creditor whose claim amounts to more than \$100, and a trustee is appointed to take charge of the debtor's estata, who sells the property for the benefit of all, and pays pro rata, but the debtor can have no discharge unless his estate pays 70 per cent.

DELAWARE.

The law of assignments is similar to that in Pennsylvania so far as it refuses a discharge to the debtor.

FLORIDA.

There are no assignment or insolvent laws in force.

GEORGIA.

An assignment by a debtor does not discharge him from his liabilities.

ILLINOIS.

The law recognizes assignments for the benefit of creditors, but makes no provision for the discharge of the debtor.

TWITTAWA

A debtor can be released only where all the creditors consent to a discharge, upon his assigning his property for their benefit.

IOWA.

An assignment for the benefit of creditors does not discharge the debtor, but all the creditors are entitled to share the estate in equal proportion, according to the amount of their claims.

KANSAS.

An assignment does not discharge the debtor, unless all the creditors consent,

KENTUCKY.

A debtor may assign his property for the benefit of his creditors, but he cannot get a discharge except upon payment of his debts in full.

LOUISIANA.

The law permits a debtor to surrender his property and obtain a discharge from all his liabilities, upon the consent of a majority of his creditors in number and amount.

WATER.

A debtor who owes more than \$300 may apply for the benefits of the insolvent act of that State; or two or more creditors may compel him upon certain conditions to place himself under the operation of the laws. If, after full investigation, no fraud is apparent, he may have his discharge in four months; and should a debtor at the first meeting produce an agreement signed by creditors representing three-fourths of his indebtodness, binding themselves to accept a certain percentage, he may have his discharge at once upon payment of the same.

MARYLAND.

A debtor making an assignment can only be released from his liabilities by consent of all the creditors.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The insolvent law, upon which the United States bankrapt act of 1867 was modelled, provides for insolvent courts in each county which are courts of record; where any inhabitant of the State, who is unable to pay his debts, may assign his property for the benefit of his creditors, and where, by due process of law, he may obtain a release from all his obligations which the sale of his effects does not cover. The proceedings in such court are not expensive, all the fees being regulated by statute; but a discharge does not exempt the debtor, as did the United States law, from liability to civil process and arrest in other States where debts may be due.

MICHIGAN.

An insolvent debtor may make an assignment of his property for the benefit of his creditors, and obtain a discharge from his debts.

MINNESOTA.

The law allows a debtor to make an assignment, but no provision is made for his discharge.

MISSISSIPPI.

MISSISSIPPI.

A debtor cannot be discharged from his liabilities by assigning his property unless all the creditors consent.

MISSOURI.

An assignment by a debtor does not release him from his debts unless they are paid in full, or all the creditors consent to the debtor's discharge.

NEBRASKA.

The law allows a debtor to make an assignment without the consent of his creditors, but no discharge can be obtained.

NEVADA.

The law discharges the debtor from all his liabilities upon his assigning all his property for the beneat of creditors.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

A debtor may assign for the benefit of his creditors, but such assignment does not annul any prior mortgage or sale, dissolve any attachment, or bind any creditor

who, within thirty days, signifies his dissent to such assignment. The law needs important amendments to render it of any advantage either to debtor or creditor.

NEW JERSEY.

The law provides for an assignment by a debtor, notice of which must be given by publication. The claims of all creditors, resident and non-resident, may be discharged by the proceedings under the act.

NEW YORK.

A State insolvent law passed in 1877, and amended in 1878, provides for a record of all assignments for benefit of creditors in County Clork's offices, an inventory of all property to be filed with the County Judge, verified by affidavit of the assignor. Books and papers to be open to examination of all creditors, assignees to give bond, and to be removable by the court on petition of creditors, and proof. Citation may be issued to all parties interested. The court has power to examine all parties, to require accounts from assignees, to adjudicate payment of creditors provata, to discharge the assignee and his surety from liability, on proof of a composition between the assignor and his creditors, and to authorize him to release the assets to the assignor. the assignor.

NORTH CAROLINA.

A debtor who makes an assignment, without fraud being shown, can be discharged from imprisonment, but his debts remain in full force.

The debtor may make an assignment, and all the creditors are entitled to a share in the property, but the debtor is not discharged from his debts by the procecdings.

A debtor cannot make an assignment so as to obtain a discharge from his debts without the consent of all his creditors.

PENNSYLVANIA.

A debtor may make an assignment, but the claims of his creditors are not thereby discharged. RHODE ISLAND.

A special insolvent act was passed in 1878, under which any debtor whose property has been attached or levied upon, and before the sale of the same, may dissolve such attachment or levy by making an assignment within sixty days after such attachment or levy, for the equal benefit of all his creditors. Under the law there can be no preferred creditors.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

An assignment by a debtor secures his release from imprisonment, but only the claims of those creditors who accept a dividend from the debtor's estate are discharged.

TENNESSEE.

No provision is made for assignments or insolvent proceedings.

TEXAG

There are no insolvent or assignment laws.

VERMONT.

A new insolvent law was passed in 1876, to take effect on the repeal of the United States bankrupt act. It is modelled after the law of Massachusetts, with this proviso, that creditors in other States will be notified and entitled to participate in the proceeds of all assets.

VIRGINIA.

A debtor may assign his property for the benefit of all his creditors, or of any particular creditor. An assignment will in no event discharge the debtor from his debts.

WEST VIRGINIA.

No provision is made for insolvent assignments.

WISCONSIN.

The law discharges a debtor from all his debts upon his assigning all his property, except where fraud is discovered.

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THE CUSTOMS TARIFF OF GREAT BRITAIN.

No protective duties are now levied on goods imported, Customs duties being charged solely for the sake of revenue. Formerly the articles subject to duty numbered nearly a thousand; now they are only twenty-two, the chief being to-bacco, spirits, tea, and wine. The following is a complete list:

[From the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, 1878.]

POPULATION OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND AT EACH DECENNIAL CENSUS FROM 1801 TO 1871.

| | 1801. | 1811. | 1821. | 1801. | 1841. | 1851. | 1861. | 1871. |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Eng. and Wales Scotland Irelands Islands Army, Navy, & Merchant Sea. | 1,678,452 5,319,867 82,810 | 1,884,044 *6,084,996 | 2,137,325 6,869,544 | 2,405,610 7,828,847 | 2,652,339 8,222,664 | 2,922,362 6,623,982 | 5,850,309 | 8,360,018 5,411,416 |
| men abroad | | | | | 202,954 | 212,194 | 250,356 | 229,000 |
| Unit. Kingdom Increase, per ct. | | 18,509,116 13.99 | 21,272,187 14.92 | 24,892,485 14.71 | 27,289,404 11.67 | 27,958,143 2.63 | 29,571,644 5.77 | 31,857,338 7.72 |

^{*} The population of Ireland and that of the Channel Islands in the British S.as for 1801 and 1911 are given by estimate, no census having been taken before 1821.



BRITISH INTERNAL REVENUE TAXES AND REVENUE RECEIVED.

The following table shows the principal excise and stamp taxes, licenses, carriage duties, and property and income taxes levied by the British laws, and collected from all sources, except customs duties, post-office, telegraphs, and miscellaneous.

[Compiled from the 20th Report of the Commissioners on the Inland Revenue, 1878.]

| Sources of Revenue. | Tax. | REVENUE, 1877. |
|--|---|----------------------|
| | £ s. d. | Pounds reduced |
| Ammulacus licenses | 2 0 0 | to dollars. |
| Appraisers' licenses | | 46,500 |
| | £1 to £10 | 412,000 |
| Auctioncers' licenses | | 328,000 200,550 |
| Bankers' licenses Beer, licenses to brew or sell | 30 0 0 190 6d to 63 100 | |
| | 12s. 6d. to £5 10s. 1s. for each £100. | 3,500,000 |
| Bills of exchange and notes | 15s. to £2 | 3,812,100 |
| Carriages, licenses (413,333) | 0 0 1 | 2,768,700 |
| Checks, drafts, and receipts | 0 0 1 | 4 00% 000 |
| Chicago mon out | 0 12 1 | 4,085,000 |
| Chicorý, per cwt | 2s. 6d. to £1 10s. | 15,000 |
| Distillers' licenses | 10 10 0 | 10,574,600 8,500 |
| Dogs, licenses (1,362,176) | 0 5 0 | 1,748,700 |
| Game licenses | £2 to £3 | 1,900,000 |
| Gun, license to use or carry | 0 10 0 | 886,000 |
| Tiones date annual value of 600 and unward | ed in the nound | |
| House duty, annual value of £20 and upward | 6d. in the pound. | 7,302,310 620,000 |
| Insurance policies | 18. to £6 | 5,424,448 |
| Land tax | | 18,500,000 |
| Mela men hachel | £1 10s. for ca. £100 | 40,201,890 |
| Malt, per bushel | 2s. 7d. and 5% | |
| Maltsters' licenses | 2s. 7d. to £4 14s. | 74,800 26,000 |
| Marriage licenses | 5d. to 10s. | |
| Medicines, patent | 11/4 to £1 | 191,125 845,200 |
| Parents for inventions | £5 to £100 7 10 0 | 162,500 |
| Pawnbrokers' licenses | 5s. to £4 | 116,000 |
| Pedlers and hawkers | 1s. 6d. to 17s. | 830,150 |
| Plate, gold and silver, per ounce | 18. 04. 10 178. | 990,130 |
| ti income under CIEO exempt | 11/3 to 93 | 26,420,435 |
| " incomes under £150, exempt | 1¼d. to 3d. | 20,220,200 |
| Publicans selling beer, wine, and spirits | £5 10s, to £16 10s. | 1,800,000 |
| Railway-passenger receipts, each £100 | 5 0 0 | 8,650,000 |
| Restaurants | 10s. 6d. to £2 4s. | 40,650 |
| Sarvents (mela) each | 0 15 0 | 837,600 |
| Servants (male), each | 0 5 0 | 10,699,570 |
| Solicitors' certificates | £6 to £9 | 486,315 |
| Spirits, home-made, per gal | 0 10 0 | 73,365,825 |
| " dealers in, no retailers | 10 10 0 | 460,000 |
| " retailers of | 10s. to £14 6s. | 8.626.615 |
| Stamps in law proceedings | | 2,914,575 |
| Sugar used by brewers | 0 11 6 | 2,500,000 |
| Sweets, dealers in | 5 5 0 | 25,000 |
| Tobacco and snuff, dealers in | | 400,000 |
| " " manufacturers of | | 40,000 |
| Vinegar-makers | | 15,045 |
| Wine merchants, wholesale | | 268,500 |
| Various items | | 774,032 |
| • | | |
| Total Inland Revenue | | \$231,904,255 |

London Bankers' Clearing House Statistics.

| Year ending | Total clearances | Year ending | Total clearances | Year ending | Total clearances |
|----------------------|---|------------------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| April 30. | for the year. | April 30. | for the year. | April 30. | for the year. |
| 1868 1869 1870 | £8,257,411,000 8,534,039,000 3,720,623,000 4,018,464,000 | 1872 1873 1874 1875 | £5,359,722.000 6,003,335.000 5,993,586,000 6,013,299,000 | 1876 1877 1878 | £5,407,243,000 4,873,800,000 5,036,533,000 |

TOTAL REVENUE OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1861-1878.

AMOUNT OF THE GROSS PUBLIC REVENUE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, DISTINGUISHING THE PRINCIPAL BRANCHES THEREOF.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Total Gross Revenue. | £70.888,085 60.985,075 70,644,552 70,833,747 60,433,747 60,431,233 60,600,215 60,600,215 77,856,234 77,878,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 77,881,637 |
| Miscellane- | 21,557,511 1,998,113 8,754,562 8,754,562 8,773,218 8,773,218 8,773,218 8,735,718 8,736,718 8,746,770 8,746,873 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746,874 8,746 |
| Crown Lands, (Net Receipts.) | 2530, 558 2530, 558 253, 000 253, Telegraph Service. | £100,000 500,000 755,000 1,015,000 1,210,000 1,225,000 1,225,000 1,325,000 1,325,000 |
| Post. Office. | \$3,400,000 \$5,510,000 \$1,650,000 \$1,650,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 |
| Property and Income Tax. | £10,938,817 10,385,000 10,567,000 1,588,000 1,588,000 6,177,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 6,380,000 |
| Тахев. | 23.187,000 8.187,000 8.187,000 8.2187,000 8.2287,000 8.487,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 8.2887,000 |
| Stamps. | 28,346,412 8,550,945 8,994,000 9,530,000 9,540,000 9,541,000 9,541,000 9,770,000 9,770,000 9,770,000 10,550,000 11,050,000 11,050,000 11,050,000 |
| Excise, Licenses, etc. | 219,485,000 17,155,000 19,528,000 19,528,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 19,738,000 |
| Customs. | 283 285,777 28 28,5777 28 28,5777 29 28,5772 20 28,5772 |
| Years ended 31st March. | 1881 1983 1984 1986 1986 1987 1987 1971 1971 1977 1977 1977 |

With an abatement of £80 on Incomes under £300..... Norz.—On Incomes from £100 to £150..... 64. in the pound. of and above £150..... 64. in the pound. On Incomes w

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TOTAL EXPENDITURE OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1861-1878,

| AMOUNT | AMOUNT OF THE G | ROSS PUBL | IC ŘXPRND | ITURE OF T. BRANCHE | GROSS PUBLIC EXPENDITURE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, DISTINGUISHING BRANCHES THEREOF. | KINGDOM, | DISTINGUIS | | THE PRINCIPAL |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Years ended 31st March. | New Sinking Fund. | Total Interest on Debt. | Interest on Loans for Local Purposes. | Civil List and Civil Charges of all kinds. | Army. | j. | Navy. | Charges of Collection of Revenue. | Total Gross Expenditure. |
| 1981 1982 1983 1984 1984 1987 1987 1989 1970 1971 | 1985 1985 1985 1986 1986 1989 1989 1971 | 294, 285, 1114 26, 280, 684 26, 280, 684 26, 281, 781 26, 281, 782 26, 781, 773 26, 781, 773 27, 783 27, 783 27, 783 27, 783 28, 783 2 | | 20,778,000 10,881,000 10,881,000 10,707,140 10,707,140 10,707,140 10,707,140 10,707,140 11,108,708 11,108,708 11,108,708 11,108,708 11,108,708 11,108,708 11,108,708 | £14,970,000 15,570,989 16,284,700 14,888,031 14,888,031 14,675,640 15,418,689 15,000,000 18,568,400 18,568,400 | 23880 245311 256631 256 | £18,881,098 11,870,686,048 10,881,596 10,896,283 10,896,283 10,676,101 11,168,949 11,366,945 11,366,945 9,777,290 9,456,641 | 22, 457, 488 4,699, 581 4,593, 481 4,593, 483 4,693, 593 4,693, 988 4,693, 988 6,623, 988 6,533, 988 6,533, 988 6,533, 988 7,533, 988 7,533, 988 7,533, 988 | 673,894,135 71,894,563 68,482,006 66,482,307 66,730,386 74,732,313 74,772,816 68,894,738 68,754,538 |
| 1873 1874 1875 | 1873 1874 1875 | 26,899,601 26,804,838 26,706,736 27,094,430 Permanent | | 13,296,908 12,883,197 17,067,609 14,520,716 | £15,521,580 14,729,700 14,426,990 14,519,484 | £340,000 683,500 713,974 579,115 | 9,900,486 9,548,000 10,279,900 10,690,404 | 5,488,263 6,070,196 6,471,811 6,799,891 | 71,490,090 70,714,448 76,466,510 74,828,040 |
| 1876 | 230,150 | of Debt. 27,400,000 | £48,730 | 15,637,074 | 14,577,469 500,000 200,000 | 501,638 | 11,003,449 | 6,698,398 | 76,621,773 |
| 1877 | 764,885 | 25,700,000 28,000,000 | 412,750 | 16,887,139 | 14,607,405 | 504,719 | 10,978,593 | 7,066,498 | 78,126,2008 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

BRITISH SAVINGS BANKS.

CAPITAL OR DEPOSITS IN POST-OFFICE AND OTHER SAVINGS BANKS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR 15 YEARS, 1863-1877.

[From the (Official) Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, 1878.]

| Post-Office Banks. | Trustees' Banks. | Total, Trustees' and Post-Office. | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| 2 363 8,876,828 364 4,993,124 365 6,526,400 366 8,121,175 367 9,749,929 368 11,666,635 369 13,524,209 370 15,099,104 371 17,025,004 372 19,318,339 378 21,167,749 374 23,157,469 375 25,187,345 36,996,550 | £ 40,951,505 39,520,836 38,745,298 36,382,116 86,533,203 36,867,457 37,553,746 37,958,549 38,819,663 40,088,348 40,500,135 41,505,919 42,407,769 43,283,570 | £ 44,328,323 44,513,460 45,271,618 44,503,129 1 46,223,132 48,534,112 51,077,955 53,057,653 61,667,684 64,663,418 67,595,114 70,220,120 | Increase Decrease Increase 't' 't' 't' 't' 't' 't' 't' | £ 185,127 758,238 768,407 1,779,841 2,250,980 2,543,843 1,979,618 2,787,614 3,563,020 2,261,197 2,995,534 2,331,696 2,685,006 |

Comparative Capital and Reserves of British and American Banks, October, 1878.

[From the Report of the Comptroller of the Currency, Dec. 2, 1878.]

The proportion of capital, and of capital and surplus, to liabilities, is much greater in this country than elsewhere, which is undoubtedly owing to the fact that our law requires that the full amount of authorized capital shall be actually paid in. In England, as a rule, only a portion of the capital is paid in, but the stockholders are individually liable for the full amount of their subscriptions. This restricted liability is true of the limited banks only, the stockholders of other corporations not limited being each liable for all of the debts of the corporation.

The following table compiled from the London Economist of Oct. 19 1878.

The following table, compiled from the London Economist of Oct. 19, 1878, exhibits the amount of capital, reserve and liabilities, and the ratio of capital, and of capital and reserve, to liabilities, of 8,417 banks (141 banks and 8,276 branches) of

the United Kingdom:

| | : | Number | OF | | Re erve | | | RATIO TO | LIABIL- |
|-------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------|----------------------------|
| Banks. | Banks. | Branch- | Total. | Capital. | fund and undivided profits. | Total. | Liabilities. | Capital. | Capital and profits. |
| | | | | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pounds. | Pr. ct. | Pr. ct. |
| England and | | i | 1 1 | | f | - 1 | | | ł |
| Wales | 72 | 1,144 | 1,216 | 26,043,420 | 13,761,814 | 39,808,934 | 228,679,543 | | |
| Bank of Eng | 1 | 10 | 1 11 | 14,553,000 | 3,764,531 | 13,321,531 | 51,611,899 | 28.20 | 15.50 |
| Isle of Man | 2 | 7 | 9 | 60,9∩4 | 29,395 | 90,799 | 5 9,269 | 11.29 | 16.82 |
| Scotland | 10 | 809 | 819 | 9,045,780 | 4,857,882 | 17,903,662 | 82,003,497 | 11.02 | |
| Ireland Colonial with | 9 | 970 | 279 | 2,950,000 | 1,374,141 | 4,324,141 | 20,800,649 | | 20.79 |
| Lond. offices Foreign with | 27 | 969 | 996 | 20,430,136 | 7,336,415 | 27,766,551 | 121,905,216 | 16.76 | 22.78 |
| Lond. offices | 20 | 67 | 87 | 17,563,130 | 2,810,444 | 20,403,574 | 89,628,424 | 44.33 | 51.49 |
| Totals | 141 | 8,276 | 8,417 | 90,649,370 | 33,969,122 | 124,618,492 | 64),253,501 | 16.78 | 23.01 |

National Banks.

| October 1, 1878 | No. | 466 147 426 | 157 672 002 | 6.12 0V1 400 | 1 140 120 214 | 40.00 | F1 / 2 |
|-----------------|-------|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|-------|--------|
| October 1, 1878 | 2,053 | 466,147,436 | 157,833,993 | 623,981,429 | 1,140,179,314 | 40.88 | LL.'.2 |

The ratio of capital to liabilities of the 3.417 banks in the United Kingdom is 16.78 per cent., while the corresponding ratio of the national banks is 40.88, more than double.

FOREIGN TRADE OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1861-1877.

From the Statistical Abstract of the United Kingdom, 1878.

VALUE OF THE TOTAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE INTO AND FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM, WITH PROPORTION THEREOF PER HEAD OF TOTAL POPULATION.

| 100 | Імро | PRTS. | | Expo | | TOTAL OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. | | | |
|-------|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | Propor- | British P | roduce. | | Total Value of | | Propor- | |
| YEARS | Total Value. | Head of Popula- tion of United Kingdom | Total Value. | Proportion per Head of Popula- tion of United Kingdom | Foreign and Colonial Produce. | British and Foreign and Colonial Produce. | Total Value. | tion per Head of Popula- tion of United Kingdom | |
| 1861 | £ 217,485,024 225,716,976 248,919,020 274,952,172 271,072,952,172 271,072,92 275,183,137 294,683,608 295,460,214 331,015,490 331,015,490 354,693,677 371,287,872 370,082,701 373,989,577 394,419,632 | 9 5 7 9 16 4 9 1 5 9 12 10 9 11 2 9 14 4 10 10 1 11 2 6 11 11 2 11 8 3 11 8 5 | £ 125,102,814 123,992,264 146,602,342 160,449,03 165,835,725 188,917,556 189,961,923 179,677,812 189,953,857 223,066,162 253,257,347 255,164,603 200,653,204 198,393,655,8121 193,393,655,8121 193,393,655,121 193,393,655 | 5 0 0 0 1 5 1 1 7 5 19 4 4 5 17 4 7 6 7 11 7 7 18 10 7 7 7 6 16 6 1 3 | £ 34,529,684 42,175,870 50,00,667 52,170,561 52,995,851 44,998,146 48,100,642 47,061,095 44,493,755 60,508,538 58,331,487 55,840,162 58,992,343 58,146,360 58,137,398 53,452,955 | 281,612,323 256,776,602 | £ 377,117,522 391,885,110 445,821,429 487,571,786 489,903,861 594,195,956 500,985,666 522,472,062 532,476,266 547,338,070 614,590,180 669,282,458 682,292,137 667,733,165 655,551,900 631,931,305 646,765,702 | 13 8 5 15 3 5 16 9 0 16 8 2 17 15 2 16 1 3 17 1 4 6 17 10 10 19 10 1 21 0 6 21 4 6 20 11 10 20 0 4 19 1 11 | |

NUMBER AND TONNAGE OF SAILING AND STEAM VESSELS BUILT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM IN EACH YEAR, 1861-1876.

| | SAILING | VESSELS. | STEAM | Vessels. | TOTAL. | |
|----------------------|------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| YEARS. | Vessels | Tons. | Vessels | Tons. | Vessels | Tons. |
| 1861 | 774 | 1 2 9,970 | 201 | 70,8 69 | 975 | 200,839 |
| 1862 | 827 | 164,061 | 221 | 77,3 38 | 1,048 | 241,398 |
| 1863 | 881 | 253,036 | 279 | 107,951 | 1,160 | 360,987 |
| 1864 | 867 | 272,499 | 874 | 159,374 | 1,241 | 431,873 |
| 1865 | 922 | 235,555 | 882 | 179,649 | 1,304 | 415,204 |
| 866 | 915 | 907,678 | 854 | 133,511 | 1,323 | 841,189 |
| 867 | | 185,771 | 295 | 97,219 | 1,910 | 282,990 |
| 868 | | 290,477 | 232 | 79,096 | 1,110 | 869,578 |
| | 731 | 245,378 | 281 | 123,2 03 | 1,012 | 368,570 |
| | 609 | 136,286 | 434 | 226,5 91 | 1,048 | 362,87 |
| 1871 1872 1873 | 427 422 | 60,260 58,757 89,626 | 587 635 509 | 330,7 98 415,9 61 363,9 17 | 1,022 1,062 931 | 891,050 474,710 458,540 |
| 874 | 566 | 187,318 | 482 | 333,890 | 981 | 521,20 |
| 875 | | 241,646 | 857 | 178,905 | 923 | 420,55 |
| 1876 | | 236,890 | 320 | 123,475 | 1,007 | 360,36 |
| 1877 | 707 | 212 364 | 889 | 221,330 | 1,096 | 433,6 |

From the Statistical Abstract of Great Britain.

BRITISH SHIPPING.

NUMBER AND TONNAGE OF REGISTERED SAILING AND STEAM VESSELS (exclusive of River Steamers) OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, EMPLOYED IN THE HOME AND FOREIGN TRADE; AND THE NUMBER OF MEN EMPLOYED THEREIN.

| Трат | DES IN | SA | ILING VES | SELS. | ST | EAM VESS | BELS. | TOTAL. | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| WHICH EMPLOYED | | | | | Ves- sels. | Tons. | Men Em- ployed | Ves- sels. | Tons. | Men Em- ployed. | |
| In the Foreign Trade. | 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865 1866 1867 1878 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 | 6,902 7,095 7,360 7,557 7,384 7,454 7,467 7,306 6,963 6,757 6,202 6,091 5,898 5,613 5,327 | 2,866,218 2,993,696 3,246,526 3,532,242 8,629,023 3,612,973 3,641,662 3,646,150 3,641,743 3,468,717 3,279,570 3,206,179 3,113,132 3,092,730 3,123,202 | 96,880 100,145 106,100 110,489 110,501 109,073 107,364 105,704 102,440 96,954 89,147 86,426 83,766 82,693 81,329 | 477 510 574 727 756 784 834 862 810 935 1,066 1,364 1,479 1,597 1,465 | * 313,465 328,310 371,201 456,241 523,698 553,425 608,232 619,199 644,080 936,914 1,185,877 1,368,245 1,513,210 1,470,158 | 19,260 22,288 27,835 28,860 28,748 31,411 31,568 30,207 33,089 40,323 48,776 | 7,379 7,605 7,984 8,284 8,140 8,238 8,301 8,168 7,773 7,692 7,268 7,455 7,377 7,210 6,792 | 3,179,683 3,322,006 3,617,727 3,998,483 4,152,721 4,166,398 4,249,894 4,265,349 4,265,823 4,229,127 4,216,484 4,392,056 4,481,377 4,605,940 4,593,360 | 115,609 119,405 128,388 138,324 139,361 137,821 138,775 137,272 132,647 130,043 129,470 135,202 138,068 140,516 135,695 | |
| Total—Home and Foreign Trade. | 1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 | 19,288 19,059 19,757 20,184 20,207 20,212 20,161 20,525 20,156 19,769 19,650 19,709 18,785 17,926 17,221 17,228 17,101 | 3,918,511 4,011,501 4,283,528 4,559,475 4,706,752 4,705,049 4,681,031 4,691,820 4,677,275 4,519,141 4,343,558 4,245,904 4,037,564 4,044,504 4,037,564 4,044,504 4,126,058 9,138,149 | 144,949 146,047 153,651 158,589 156,568 153,229 153,840 152,186 147,207 141,035 197,101 130,877 128,733 126,240 123,563 | 997 1,033 1,120 1,329 1,419 1,506 1,616 1,725 2,240 2,557 2,796 2,796 2,946 2,970 3,121 3,218 | 441,184 461,793 511,751 618,993 701,699 747,813 812,677 824,614 880,028 1,039,969 1,290,003 1,515,704 1,680,953 1,827,024 1,847,188 1,877,024 1,847,189 | 31,076 37,480 39,054 39,803 43,111 43,662 43,304 | 20,285 20,092 20,877 21,513 21,626 21,718 21,778 22,250 21,881 22,180 22,207 22,554 21,581 20,872 20,379 20,349 20,319 | 4,359,695 4,478,294 4,795,279 5,208,465 5,408,451 5,452,862 5,493,708 5,516,434 5,557,303 5,559,110 5,633,561 5,748,097 5,864,588 5,891,692 5,996,152 5,996,152 6,115,638 | 171,957 173,863 184,727 195,756 197,643 196,340 197,502 195,962 199,738 203,720 202,229 203,606 199,667 198,638 198,665 | |

JOHN LAW'S MONEY.

[From " Money and Trade Considered," by John Law, 1705.]

"Considering how small a share we have of the money of Europe, and how much trade depends on money, it will not be found very practicable to better our condition but by an addition to our money. Or, if it is practicable without it, it is much more so with it.

"What I shall propose is to make money of land equal to its value; and that money to be equal in value to silver money; and not liable

• to fall in value, as silver money falls.

"To supply the nation with money, it is humbly proposed that forty commissioners be appointed by Parliament, answerable to Parliament for their administration and the administration of the officers

under them; the nomination of these officers being left to the commissioners.

"That the commissioners have power to coin notes, which notes

to be received in payments, where offered.

"There are three ways humbly offered to the Parliament for giving out these notes; they in their wisdom may determine which will be most safe.

"1. To authorize the commission to lend notes on land security, the debt not exceeding one-half or two-thirds of the value: and at

the ordinary interest.

"2. To give out the full price of land, as it is valued, twenty years' purchase more or less, according to what it would have given in silver money, the commission entering into possession of such land by wadset granted to the commission or assignees; and redeemable betwixt that and the expiring of a term of years.

"3. To give the full price of land upon sale made of such lands,

and disponed to the commission or assignees irredeemably.

"That for a year and a half the commission be limited to a certain sum; after that time to have power to coin what sums are demanded;

unless restricted by ensuing Parliaments.

"This paper money will not fall in value as silver has fallen or may fall. Goods or money fall in value, if they increase in quantity, or if the demand lessens. But the commission giving out what sums are demanded, and taking back what sums are offered to be returned; this paper money will keep its value, and there will always be as much money as there is occasion or employment for, and no more.

"So that this paper money proposed, having a better value than

so that this paper money proposed, having a better value than silver, and receiving no addition to its value, from being used as money, and not being liable to any change in its value, the quantity and demand increasing and decreasing together, it is so far more qualified to be the measure by which goods are valued, the value by which goods are exchanged, and in which contracts are made payable.

"If a money is established that has no intrinsic value, and its extrinsic value to be such as it will not be exported; nor will not be less than the demand for it within the country: wealth and power will be attained and be less precarious. Money not being liable to be lessened directly nor consequentially, and trade not liable to decay

consequentially.

"The paper money proposed being always equal in quantity to the demand, the people will be employed, the country improved, manufacture advanced, trade, domestic and foreign, will be carried on and wealth and power attained. And not being liable to be exported, the people will not be set idle, etc., and wealth and power will be less precarious.

"When a nation establishes a money, if the money they set up has a value equal what it is made money for, and all the other qualities necessary in money, they ought to have no regard to what value it will have in other countries. On the contrary, as every country endeavors by laws to preserve their money, if that people can contrive a money that will not be salved abroad, they will do what other countries have by laws endeavored in vain."

THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

[Compiled from the Sessional Papers of the Dominion of Canada for 1878.]

The Dominion of Canada forms (since 1867) a confederate government, with a representative parliament meeting annually at Ottawa, the capital. The members of the Senate, 78 in number, are nominated for life by the summons of the Governor-General. The House of Commons, with 206 members, is elected by the people for five years, the right of suffrage being subject to a property qualification. The Governor-General (appointed in 1878) is the Marquis of Lorne, salary, \$50,000. The funded debt in 1877 was \$149,897,110, drawing interest from 4 to 6 per cent., having increased to this amount from 80 millions in 1867. The revenue for the fi-cal year ending June 30, 1877, was \$22,059,274, derived from the following principal sources: customs, \$12,546,968; excise, \$4,941,998; public works, including railways and canals, \$1,807,076; post-office, \$1,114,946.

The expenditure for 1877 was \$34,382,406, of which \$3,000,000 was for redemption of the debt, \$3,000,000 for the Pacific and other railway constructions, and \$4,000-

of the debt, \$3,000,000 for the Pacific and other railway constructions, and \$4,000-000 for other public works. The net ordinary expenses amounted to \$23,887,368, the principal item being for interest on the public debt, \$6,797,237.

Commerce of Canada for 10 Years-1868-1877.

Statement showing the values of total Exports, Imports, and Goods entered for Consumption in the Dominion, with the Duty collected thereon for ten years.

| Year ending June 30. | Total Exports. | Total Imports. | Entered for Consumption. | Duty. |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| | \$ | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 868 | 57,567,888 | 73,459,644 | 71,985,306 | 8,819,431 63 |
| 869 | 60,474,781 | 70,415,165 | 67,402,170 | 8,298,909 71 |
| 870 | 73,573,490 | 74,814,339 | 71,237,663 | 9,462,940 44 |
| 871 | 74,173,618 | 96,092,971 | 86,947,482 | 11,843,655 75 |
| 872 | 82,639,663 | 111,430,527 | 107,709,116 | 13,045,493 50 |
| 873 | 89,789,922 | 128,011,281 | 127,514,594 | 13,017,730 17 |
| 874 | 89,351,928 | 128,213,582 | 127,404,169 | 14,421,882 67 |
| 875 | 77,886,979 | 123,070,283 | 119,618,657 | 15,361,382 19 |
| 876 | 80,966,435 | 93,210,346 | 94,733,218 | 12,833,114 48 |
| 877 | 75,875,393 | 99,327,962 | 96,300,483 | 12,548,451 09 |
| Aggregate for ten years | 762,300,097 | 998,046,100 | 970,852,798 | 119,652,991 56 |

The chief items of export were in 1877:

Of the imports, 40 millions came from Great Britain, 51 millions from the United States, and \$5,300,000 from all other countries.

Of the exports, \$41,500,000 went to Great Britain, 26 millions to the United States, and 8 millions to all other countries. The Canadian lumber trade is of great extent and value, and from 94 to 96 per cent. of its aggregate exports go to the United States.

The merchant shipping of the Dominion, Jan. 1, 1878, numbered 7,363 vessels, measuring 1,310 468 tons, and is steadily increasing. The canals of Canada are extensive and profitable, and are managed by the Government. The Welland canal charges 20 cents per ton on grain and other bulky freights, and 24 cents a ton on each vessel. The total tonnage passing the Welland canal in 1877 was 1,216,659, and that through the Saint Lawrence canals, 1,341,156. The revenue from all the

and that through the saint Lawrence canals, 1,341,100. The revenue from all the canals in 1877 was \$373,954.

The savings banks of Canada in 1877 numbered 287 post-office and government savings banks (first started in 1883), with deposits amounting to \$7,470,631, on which the interest allowed depositors was \$234,224.

The total money value of the fisheries within the Dominion of Canada has been

as follows, for the past eight years : 1870. \$6.577.891 72 | 1874 \$11,681,896 90 1871. 7,573.199 85 | 1875 10,380,385 29 1871..... 11,012,302 39

11,422,501 77 Of this aggregate, the value of cod-fish figures at about \$3,360,000 per annum; mackerel, \$1,670,000; herring, \$1,500,000, and lobsters, \$1,213,000.

The Indian population of Canada, as reported by the Superintendent of Indian Affairs in 1877, was 99,650.

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SUMMARY OF POPULAR 'AND ELECTORAL VOTES FOR PRESI-DENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, 1789-1876.

| 3 | | 7 | 196 | * PRESID | EN | TS. | | * VICE-PRESIDENT | rs. |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|---|--|---------|----------|-----------|------------------|---------------|
| Ele | ate | Chica-N | | | | VOTE. | | | 6 |
| Year of I | No. of States. | Total Elec. | POLITICAL PARTY. | CANDIDATES. | States. | Popular. | Electoral | Candidates. | Elect. Vote |
| 1789 | | 73 | | George Washington John Adams. John Jay R. H. Harrison John Rutledge John Hancock George Clinton Samuel Huntingdon John Milton James Armstrong. Benjamin Lincoln. Edward Telfair. Vacancies | | | 69 | | 34 |
| 1792 | 15 | 135 | Federalist Federalist Republican | George Washington John Adams. George Clinton. Thomas Jefferson. Aaron Burr. Vacancies. | | | 132 | | 50 |
| 1796 | 16 | 138 | Federalist Republican Federalist. Republican | John Adams Thomas Jefferson. Thomas Pinckney Anron Burr. Samuel Adams Oliver Elsworth George Clinton John Jay. James Iredell George Washington John Henry S. Johnson Charles C. Pinckney | : | | 71 | | 66 55 31 11 1 |
| 1800 | 16 | 138 | Republican Republican Federalist Federalist | Thomas Jefferson Aaron Burr John Adams, Charles C. Pinckney John Jay | | | | | ÷766 |

^{*} Previous to the election of 1804 each elector voted for two candidates for President; the one receiving the highest number of votes, if a majority, was declared elected President; and the next highest Vice-President.

[†] Three States out of thirteen did not vote, viz.: New York, which had not passed an electoral law; and North Carolina and Rhode Island, which had not adopted the Constitution.

[†] There having been a tie vote, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the 36th ballot, which was as follows: Jefferson—Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont, and Virginia—10 States: Burr—Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Rhode Island—4 States; Blank—Delaware and South Carolina—2 States.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES-(Continued).

| 5 | 00 | 7 | | Preside | NT | | | VICE-PRESIDENT | rs. |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------|--|--|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Year of Elec- tion. | No. of States. | Total Elec. | POLITICAL PARTY. | Candidates. | States. | VOTE. | Electoral | CANDIDATES. | Elect. Vote. |
| 1804 | 17 | 176 | Republican Federalist | Thomas Jefferson Charles C. Pinckney | | | 162 14 | George Clinton Rufus King | 162 |
| 1808 | 17 | 176 | Republican Federalist. | James Madison. Charles C. Pinckney George Clinton Vacancy | 5 | | 122 47 6 | George Clinton Rufus King John Langdon James Madison. James Monroe | 113 47 9 8 8 |
| 1812 | 18 | 218 | Republican. Federalist. | James Madison De Witt Clinton Vacancy | 7 | | 128 89 1 | Elbridge Gerry Jared Ingersoll | 131 86 1 |
| 1816 | 19 | 221 | Republican. Federalist. | James Monroe Rufus King Vacancies | 3 | | 34 | D. D. Tompkins. John E. Howard James Ross John Marshall Robt. G. Harper. | 5 4 |
| 1820 | 24 | 235 | Republican Opposition. | James Monroe John Q. Adams Vacancies | | | 231 | Rich. Stockton Daniel Rodney Robt. G. Harper Richard Rush | 1 |
| 1824 | 24 | 261 | Republican. Coalition Republican. Republicar. | Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams Wm. H. Crawford Henry Clay | 833 | 105,321 44,282 46,587 | 84 41 37 | John C. Calhoun Nathan Sanford. Nathaniel Macon Andrew Jackson M. Van Buren. Henry Clay | 30 |
| 1828 | 24 | 261 | Democratic Nat. Repub. | Andrew Jackson John Q. Adams | 15 | 647,231 509,097 | 178 | John C. Calhoun Richard Rush William Smith | 8 |
| 1832 | 24 | 288 | Democratic Nat. Repub. Anti-Mason | John Floyd | 7 | 530,189 33,108 | 49 | John Sergeant Henry Lee | 1 |
| 1836 | 26 | 294 | Democratic. Whig Whig Whig Whig | Wm. H. Harrison Hugh L. White Daniel Webster | | 7 | 73 26 14 | John Tyler | 4 2 |

[&]quot;No choice having been made by the Electoral College, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. A choice was made on the first ballot, which was as follows: Adams—Connecticut, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetta, Missourt, New Hampshire, New York, Ohio, Rhode Island, and Vermont—13 States; Jackson—Alahama, Indiana, Mississippi, New Jensey, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Tennessee—1 States; Crawford—Delaware, Georgia, North Carolina, and Virginia—4 States.

[†] No candidate having received a majority of the votes of the Electoral College, the Senate elected B. M. Johnson Vice-President, who received 33 votes; Francis Granger received 16.

SUMMARY OF POPULAR AND ELECTORAL VOTES-(Continued).

| 157 | 8 | V. | 5-391-7 | PRESIDE | NT | s. | | VICE-PRESIDEN | TS. |
|------------|---------|-----------------|--|---|--------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--------------|
| Elec n. | States. | Elec. 1 | POLITICAL | | - | VOTE. | | | ote. |
| Year of El | No. of | Total E | PARTY. | CANDIDATES. | States. | Popular. | Electoral | CANDIDATES. | Elect. Vote. |
| 1840 | | 294 | Democratic | Wm. H. Harrison Martin Van Buren. James G. Birney | 19 | 1,275,017 1,128,702 7,059 | 60 | R. M. Johnson | 48 |
| | | giri i Bujik | | | | | | L. W. Tazewell. James K. Polk. | 11 |
| 1344 | 26 | 275 | Democratic Whig Liberty | James K. Polk Henry Clay James G. Birney | 15 11 | 1,337,243 1,299,068 62,300 | 105 | Geo. M. Dallas T. Frelinghuysen | 105 |
| 1818 | 30 | 290 | Whig Democratic Free Soil | Zachary Taylor Lewis Cass Martin Van Buren | 15 | 1,360,101 1,220,544 291,263 | 127 | Millard Fillmore Wm. O. Butler Chas. F. Adams. | 127 |
| 1852 | 31 | 296 | Democratic Whig Free Dem | Franklin Pierce Winfield Scott John P. Hale | 4 | 1,601,474 1,386,578 156,149 | 42 | Wm. R. King Wm. A. Graham Geo. W. Julian | 45 |
| 1856 | 31 | 296 | Republican. | James Buchanan John C. Fremont Millard Fillmore | 19 11 1 | 1,838,169 1,341,264 874,534 | | J. C. Breckinr'ge Wm. L. Dayton. A. J. Donelson. | |
| 1860 | 33 | U | Cons. Union | Abraham Lincoln J. C. Breckinridge John Bell S. A. Douglas | 17 11 3 2 | 1,866,352 845,763 589,581 1,375,157 | 180 72 39 12 | Hannibal Hamlin Joseph Lane Edward Everett. H. V. Johnson | 3 |
| 1804 | *36 | 314 | Republican. Democratic | Abraham Lincoln Geo. B. McClellan Vacancies | 3 | 2,216,067 1,808,725 | | Andrew Johnson G. H. Pendieton. | |
| 1868 | +37 | 317 | Republican. Democratic. | Ulysses S. Grant Horatio Seymour Vacancies | 26 8 3 | 2,709,613 | 214 80 23 | Schuyler Colfax. F. P. Blair, Jr | |
| 1872 | 37 | | Dem. & Lib. Democratic. Temp'rance | David Davis | 6 | 2,831,079 29,408 5,608 | 42 18 2 1 | T. E. Bramlette. W. S. Groesbeck | 4 |
| 1876 | 38 | 369 | Democratic | ‡ Not Counted Rutherford B. Hayes Samuel J. Tilden Peter Cooper Green Clay Smith Scattering | 21 | 4 984 885 | 184 | | 18 |

^{*} Eleven States did not vote, viz.: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia.

[†] Three States did not vote, viz.: Mississippi, Texas, and Virginia.

[†] Three electoral votes of Georgia cast for Horace Greeley, and the votes of Arkansas, 6, and Louisiana, 8, cast for U.S. Grant, were rejected. If all had been included in the count, the electoral vote would have been 300 for U.S. Grant, and 66 for opposing candidates.

PRESIDENTS AND THEIR CABINETS. PRESIDENTS AND VICE-PRESIDENTS.

| | | Presidents. | | | | Vice-Presidents. | | | | | |
|----------------|-----|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Term. | No. | Name. | Qua | lifi | ed. | Š. | Name. | Qual | ified. | | |
| *1 2 | | George Washington. | Mar. | 4, | 1798 | Ш | | June Dec. | 8, 1789 2, 1798 | | |
| 4 | | John Adams Thomas Jefferson | Mar. Mar. Mar. | 4, | 1797 1801 | 3 | Thomas Jefferson Aaron Burr George Clinton | | 4, 1801 | | |
| 284 567 | 4 | James Madison | Mar. Mar. Mar. | 4, | , 1805 , 1809 , 1818 | !! | Elbridge Gerry | March March | 4, 1809 4, 1818 | | |
| 8 | 5 | James Monroc | Mar. Mar. | | 1817 1821 | 6 | tJohn Gaillard Daniel D. Tompkins | Nov. March March | 25, 1814 4, 1817 5, 1821 | | |
| 10 11 | 6 | John Quincy Adams Andrew Jackson | Mar. Mar. | 4, | 1825 1829 | 7 | 44 44 | March | 4, 1825 | | |
| 12 13 14 | | Martin Van Buren Wm.Henry Harrison | | 4, | 1833 1837 1841 | 9 | Martin Van Buren Richard M. Johnson John Tyler | March | 4, 1857 | | |
| | 10 | John Tyler | April | 6, | 1841 | | †Samuel L. Southard †Willie P. Mangum | April May | 6, 1841 81, 1842 | | |
| 16 | 12 | Zachary Taylor | Mar. Mar. July | 5, | 1845 1849 1850 | 12 | | March | 4, 1845 5, 1849 11, 1850 | | |
| 17 | | | Mar. | 4, | 1853 | 13 | William R. King †David R. Atchison | March April | 4, 1853 18, 1853 | | |
| 19 | | James Buchanan Abraham Lincoln | Mar. Mar. | 4, | 1867 1861 | 115 | John C. Breckinridge Hannibal Hamlin | March | 4, 1861 | | |
| 20 20a | 17 | Andrew Johnson | Mar. April | | 1865 1865 | 16 | Andrew Johnson †Lafayette S. Foster †Benjamin F. Wade | April | 15, 1865 | | |
| 21 22 | 18 | Ulysses S. Grant | Mar. Mar. | | | | Schuyler Colfax Henry Wilson | March March | 4, 1866 4, 1878 | | |
| 23 | 19 | Rutherford B.Hayes | Mar. | 5, | 1877 | 19 | Thomas W. Ferry William A. Wheeler | | 22, 1876 5, 1877 | | |

The heavy-faced figures in this column mark the terms held by the Presidents, and are referred to in succeeding tables. The smaller figures indicate the numerical order or sequence of individual officers from the first.

† Acting Vice-President and President pro tem. of the Senate.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

| 1 1 Thomas Jefferson Sept. 26, 1789 14 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 2 March 4, 1793 14 a 18 March 4, 1793 14 a 18 March 4, 1793 18 March 4, 1797 19 March 1, 1795 18 March 4, 1797 19 March 1, 18 March 4, | Term. | No. | NAME. | Appointed. | Term. | No. | Nàme. | Appoint | ED. | | | |
| | 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 | 2 8 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | Edmund Randolph. Timothy Pickering. John Marshall. James Madison Robert Smith. James Monroe John Quincy Adams Henry Clay Martin Van Buren. Edward Livingston. Louis McLane. | March 4, 1793 Jan. 2, 1794 Dec. 10, 1795 March 4, 1870 March 5, 1801 March 6, 1800 March 6, 1800 April 2, 1811 March 4, 1818 March 5, 1821 March 7, 1836 March 6, 1890 Mary 29, 1833 June 27, 1834 June 27, 1834 | 14a 15 16a 17 18 19 20a 21 | 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 | Hugh S. Legare Abel P. Upshur John C. Calhoun James Buchanan John M. Clayton Daniel Webster Edward Everett William L. Marcy Lewis Cass Jeremiah S. Black William H. Seward " E. B. Washburne. Hamilton Fish | April 6, May 94, July 24, Mar. 6, Mar. 6, Mar. 8, July 22, Nov. 6, Mar. 7, Mar. 6, Dec. 17, Mar. 5, April 15, Mar. 11, Mar. 14, Mar. 4, | 1841 1848 1844 1844 1846 1859 1858 1857 1866 1865 1865 1865 1868 1869 1878 | | | |

The heavy-faced figures mark the Presidential term in which each Cabinet Officer held his appointment, as shown by the table of Presidents preceding. Digitized by Google

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

| | | BISOTO | WIAL | | , OF | 1111 | | CALAN | J | | |
|--------------|----------|--|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Term. | No. | Name. | Арр | OINT | ED. | Тетш. | No. | N | TAME. | Арго | INTED. |
| 1 2 | 1 2 | Alex. Hamilton Oliver Wolcott | reb. | z, | 1790 | 14a | 15 16 | Thomas Walter John C. | Ewing Forward Spencer | April Sept. March | 6, 184 13, 184 8, 184 |
| 3 4 | я | " " | Mar. Jan | 1, | 1797 1801 1801 | 15 16 | 17 18 19 | George Robert Wm. M | Spencer M. Bibb J. Walker. . Meredith. | June March March | 15, 184 6, 184 8, 184 |
| 5 6 7 | 1 | " | Mar. | 4, 4, | 1809 1818 | 16a 17 | 20 21 | Thomas James (| Gorwin Huthrie | July March | 23, 185 7, 185 |
| | 67 | Geo. W. Campbell Alexander J. Dallas. Wm. H. Crawford | Oct. | 6, 22, | 1814 1814 1816 | 18 | 23 24 | Philip I John A. | Cobb Thomas. Dix | Dec. Jan. | 12, 186 11, 186 |
| 8 9 10 | 8 | " " Richard Rush | Mar. Mar. Mar. | | 1817 1821 1825 | 19 20 | 27 | Hugh M | P. Chase tFessenden IcCulloch | March | . 7. 180 |
| 11 | 9 10 | Richard Rush | Mar. Aug. | 6, 2, | 1829 1831 1833 | 20a 21 | 28 | George | S. Boutwell Richardson | April March | 15, 186 11, 186 |
| | 12 18 | | o uno | | | 22 | 30 31 | Lot M. | . Bristow Morrill | June | 4, 187 7, 187 |
| 13 14 | 14 | Thomas Ewing | Mar. Mar. | 4, 5, | 1837 1841 | 23 | 82 | John Sh | ierman | March | 8, 187 |
| === | | The second second | | - | | | - | WAR. | | | |
| 2 | 123 | Henry Knox | Sept. Mar. | 12, | 1789 1793 | 14a | 19 | John C. | Spencer | April Oct. | 6, 184 12, 184 |
| | 3 | Timothy Pickering James McHenry | Jan. Jan. | 27, | 1795 1796 | | 21 | William | I. Porter Wilkins | Feb. | 8, 184 15, 184 |
| 3 | 100 | | Mar. May | 4, | $\frac{1797}{1800}$ | 15 16 | 22 | William | L. Marcy. Crawford. | March | 6, 184 |
| | 5 | Roger Griswold | Feb. | 3, | 1801 | 16a | 24 | Charles | M. Conrad | Aug. | 15, 1859 |
| 5 | 0 | 44 44 | Mar. Mar. | 4. | $1801 \\ 1805$ | 17 | 26 | James I | n Davis 3. Floyd | March | 6, 185 |
| 6 | 7 8 | William Eustis John Armstrong | Mar. | 7, | 1809 | 19 | 27 | Joseph . | Holt | Jan. | 18, 186 |
| 7 | | James Monroe | Mar. Jan. Mar. Sept. | 4, | 1813 1814 | 20 | 29 | Edwin I | M. Stanton. | Jan. March | 15, 186 |
| | 10 | wm. H. Crawford | Aug. | 1, | 1919 | 20a | | 11 G G | | April | 15, 186 |
| 130 | 12 | George Graham John C. Calhoun | Oct. | 8. | 1817 | | | THE THOU | nt, ad inter. | Aug. Feb. | 12, 186 21, 186 |
| 10 | | James Barbour | Mar. | 5, | $1821 \\ 1825$ | 21 | 30 | John M. | . Schofield. | May March | 28, 186 11, 186 |
| 1383 | 14 | Peter B. Porter | May | 26, | 1828 | 600 | 32 | Wm. W | Rawlins Belknap. | Oct. | 25, 1869 |
| 11 | 15 16 | John H. Eaton Lewis Cass | Aug. | | 1829 1831 | 22 | 33 | Alphons | so Taft | March March | |
| 12 | 36 | " " | Mar. | 4, | 1833 | 0.0 | 34 | James D | . Cameron. | May | 22, 187 |
| 13 14 | 18 | Joel R. Poinsett John Bell | Marc | h 5. | 1837 1841 | 23 | 99 | Geo. W. | . McCrary . | March | 12, 107 |
| - | _ | | | | | OF T | H | E NAV | Y. | | |
| 3 | 1 | Benjamin Stoddert. | May Mar. | 21, | 1798 1801 | 14a | 14 | Abel P. | E. Badger Upshur | April Sept. | 6, 184 13, 184 |
| 5 | 2 | Robert Smith | July Mar. | 15, | 1801 | 1 | 15 | David F | Henshaw W. Gilmer | July | 24, 184 |
| 6 | 4 | | Mar. | 7. | 1805 1809 | | 17 | John Y. | Mason | March | 15, 184 14, 184 |
| 7 | 5 | William Jones | Jan. Marc | 12, | 1813 | 15 | 18 | George . John Y. | Bancroft Mason | March Sept. | 10, 184 9, 184 |
| -100 | 6 | B.W. Crowninshield | Dec. Marc | 19, | 1814 | 16 | 19 | William | Mason B. Preston A.Graham | March | 8, 184 |
| 8 | 7 | Smith Thompson | Nov. | 9, | 1817 | 16a | 21 | John P. | Kennedy . C. Dobbin | July | 22, 185 |
| 9 | 136 | Samuel L. Southard | Mar. Sept. | 5, | 1821 | 17 | 22 23 | James C | C. Dobbin | March March | |
| 10 | 35 | | Marc | h 4, | 1825 | 19 | 24 | Gideon | Welles | March | 5, 186 |
| 11 | 10 | John Branch Levi Woodbury | Marc | n 9, 23. | 1829 | 20 20a | | " | " | March April | 15, 1863 |
| 12 | | The state of the s | TIECUL C. | , | 2000 | 21 | 25 | Adolph | E. Borie | March | 5, 1869 |
| 13 | | Mahlon Dickerson. | Marc | h 4. | 1837 | 22 | | | Robeson | March | 25, 1869 4, 1873 |
| 14 | 12 | James K. Paulding. George E. Badger. | June Marc | 25, h 5 | 1838 1841 | 23 | 27 | Rich.W | .Thompson | March | 12, 1877 |
| | | | | , | | · | | | Digitized by | 1005 | rte - |

SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.

| Term. | No. | Name. | APPOINTED. | Term. | No. | Name. | APPOINTED. |
|--|------------------|-------|--|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| 16 16a 17 18 19 20 20a | 2 3 4 5 | " " … | Sept. 12, 1850 Mar. 7, 1858 Mar. 6, 1857 Mar. 5, 1861 Jan. 8, 1868 | 21 22 23 | 8 9 10 | James Harlan O. H. Browning Jacob D. Cox Columbus Delano. "ZachariahChandler Carl Schurz | July 27, 1860 March 5, 1863 Nov. 1, 1870 March 4, 1873 Oct. 19, 1873 |

POSTMASTERS-GENERAL.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

| _ | _ | | | | | | _ | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 8 10 11 | 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 | William Bradford. Charles Lee Theophilus Parsons Levi Lincoln Robert Smith John Breckinridge Cæsar A. Rodney. William Pinkney. Richard Rush. "" William Wirt. "" John M. Berrien Roger B. Taney. | March Jan. Dec. March Feb. March Aug. Jan. March Dec. March Feb. March | 4, 27, 10, 4, 20, 5, 8, 7, 28, 4, 11, 4, 10, 4, 13, 5, 4, 9, 20, 4, | 1793 1794 1795 1797 1801 1805 1805 1806 1807 1811 1813 1814 1817 1817 1825 1825 1825 1828 1838 | 15 16 16a 17 18 19 20 20a | 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 82 | John J. Crittenden Hugh S. Legare John Nelson John Y. Mason Nathan Clifford Isaac Toucey John J. Crittenden Caleb Cushing Jeremish S. Black. Edwin M. Stanton. Edward Bates T.J. Coffey, ad int. James Speed "" "Henry Stanbery William M. Evarts. E. Rockwood Hoar Amos T. Akerman. George H. Williams | Sept. July Mar. June Mar. July Mar. Dec. Mar. June Dec. April July July July July Mar. Dec. | 18, 1841 1, 1842 6, 1846 21, 1846 21, 1846 22, 1850 7, 1853 6, 1897 6, 1897 15, 1865 15, 1865 15, 1865 15, 1865 15, 1865 15, 1865 15, 1865 24, 1865 15, 1865 24, 1865 14, 1877 24, 1871 |
| 11 12 13 | 18 14 15 16 | John M. Berrien Roger B. Taney Benjamin F. Butler. Felix Grundy | March July March Nov. March July Jan. | 9, 20, 4, 15, 4, 5, | 1829 1831 1833 1833 1837 1838 1840 | 23 | 31 32 33 84 85 | E. Rockwood Hoar Amos T. Akerman. | Mar. June Dec. Mar. April May | 5, 1869 28, 1870 14, 1871 4, 1873 26, 1873 22, 1876 |

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

| CHIEF JUSTICES. | | | Associate Justices | | STATE WHENCE APPOINTED. | TERM OF SERVICE. | YEARS OF SERVICE. | BORN. | DIED. |
|-----------------|--|----|--|----|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------|
| | Simple Company | * | | * | N W 1- | 1000 1000 | | | 100 |
| | John Jayt | .: | John Rutledget | | New York S. Carolina. | | 6 2 | 1745 1739 | |
| | | | William Cushing | | Mass | 1789-1810 | 21 | 1733 | |
| | | | James Wilson | :: | Penn | 1789-1798 | 9 | 1742 | |
| | | 4 | John Blairt | | Virginia | | 7 | 1732 | |
| | | | Rob't H. Harrison+ | | Maryland | 1789-1790 | i | 1745 | |
| | | | James Iredell | 5 | N. Carolina. | | 9 | 1751 | |
| | | | Thomas Johnsont | 1 | | | 2 | 1732 | |
| | | | William Patterson | 7 | New Jersey. | | | 1745 | |
| 2 | John Rutledget | | | | S. Carolina. | | | 1739 | |
| 9 | John Hatiougo, | 9 | Samuel Chase | 4 | Maryland | | 15 | 1741 | |
| 3 | Oliver Ellswortht | | | | Connecticut | 1796-1801 | 5 | 1745 | 180 |
| | | 10 | Bushr'dWashington | 3 | Virginia | 1798-1829 | 31 | 1762 | 182 |
| Ų, | | 11 | Alfred Moore† | 6 | N. Carolina. | 1799-1804 | 5 | 1755 | 181 |
| 4 | John Marshall | | | | | 1801-1835 | 34 | 1755 | 183 |
| 13, | | 12 | William Johnson | 11 | S. Carolina. | | 30 | 1771 | 183 |
| 3 | | | Brockh't Livingston | 8 | | 1806-1823 | 17 | 1757 | 182 |
| | | 14 | Thomas Todd | 8 | Kentucky | 1807-1826 | 19 | 1765 | |
| | | 15 | Joseph Story | 2 | | 1811-1845 | 34 | 1779 | |
| 8 | | | Gabriel Duvalt | | | 1811-1836 | 25 | 1752 | |
| 36 | | | Smith Thompson | | New York | | | 1767 | |
| 8 | | | Robert Trimble | | Kentucky | | | 1777 | |
| | | | John McLean | | Ohio | 1829-1861 | 32 | 1785 | |
| | | 20 | Henry Baldwin | | | 1830-1846 | 16 | 1779 | |
| _ | | 21 | James M. Wayne§ | 12 | Georgia | 1835-1867 | 32 | 1790 | |
| D | Roger B. Taney | 00 | Didie D Bankaun | 10 | Maryland | 1836-1864 | 28 | 1777 | |
| | | 22 | Philip P. Barbour | 10 | Virginia | 1836-1841 | 5 | 1783 | |
| 2 | | 23 | John Catron | 8 | Tennessee. | 1837-1865 | 28 15 | 1778 | |
| | | 24 | Poter W Deniel | 8 | Alabama | 1837-1852 | 19 | 1780 | |
| - | | 20 | John Catron John McKinley Peter V. Daniel Samuel Nelson† | 17 | Virginia | 1841-1860 1845-1872 | 27 | 1785 1792 | |
| | | 97 | Levi Woodbury | 15 | New Home | 1040-1012 | 6 | 1789 | |
| | | 98 | Robert C. Griert | 20 | Ponn | 1846 1860 | 23 | 1794 | |
| | | 20 | Benj. R. Curtist | 27 | Moss | 1851-1857 | | 1809 | |
| 9 | | | John A. Campbellt. | | | 1853-1861 | 8 | 1811 | |
| 6 | SHEED A WANT OF THE PARTY OF TH | 31 | Nathan Clifford | 20 | Maine | | | 1803 | |
| 9 | | 32 | Noah H. Swayne | 19 | Ohio | 1861 | | 1805 | |
| 8 | | | Samuel F. Miller | | | 1862 | | 1816 | |
| | The state of the s | | David Davist | | | 1862-1877 | 15 | 1815 | |
| 2 | | 35 | Stephen J. Field | 8 | California . | | | | |
| 6 | Salmon P. Chase | 1. | | | Ohio | 1864-1873 | | 1808 | |
| | 3 | 36 | | 28 | Penn | 1870 | | 1808 | |
| 6 | | 37 | Joseph P. Bradley | 8 | New Jersey | 1870 | | | |
| 15 | | 38 | Ward Hunt | 26 | New York | 1872 | | 1811 | |
| 7 | Morrison R. Walte | | | | Ohio | 1874 | | 1816 | |
| | THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE | 20 | John M. Harlan | | | | | 1833 | |

^{*} The figures before the names of the Associate Justices indicate the order of their appointment. The numbers following refer to the same numbers in the first column, and show the vacancy filled by each appointment.

[§] The Supreme Court, at its first session in 1790, consisted of a Chief Justice and five Associates. The number of Associate Justices was increased to six in 1807 by the appointment of Thomas Todd; increased to eight in 1837 by the appointments of John Catron and John McKinley; increased to nine in 1865 by the appointment of Stephen J. Field; decreased to eight on the death of John Catron in 1865; decreased to seven on the death of James M. Wayne in 1867; and again increased to eight in 1870.



[†] Resigned.

I Presided one term of the court : appointment not confirmed by the Senate.

SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

| | Name. | State. | Con | gress. | | T | erm c | of E | Servic | e. | Born | Die |
|-----|--|---------|-------|----------------|--------|--------|-----------|------|---------|------------------|--------------------------|------|
| 1 | F. A. Muhlenberg | Pa | 1st | Cong. | Apr | il 1. | 1789. | to | Mar. | 4, 17 | 91. 1750 | 18 |
| 2 | Jonathan Trumbull | Conn. | 2d | Cong. | Oct. | 24, | 1791, | to | Mar. | 4, 17 | 98. 1740 | |
| | F. A. Muhlenberg | Pa | 3d | Cong. | Dec | . 2 | 1793, | to | Mar. | 4, 17 | 95 | 1 |
| | Jonathan Dayton | N. J | | Cong. | Dec. | . 7. | , 1795, | to | Mar. | 4, 17 | 97. 1760 | 18 |
| | ""… | 66 | 5th | Cong. | May | 15, | 1797, | to | Mar. | 8, 17 | 99. | 1 |
| 4 | Theodore Sedgwick | Mass. | 6th | Cong. | Dec | . 2 | , 1799, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 01. 1740 | |
| 5 | Nathaniel Macon | INC | 7th | Cong. | Dec | . 7, | , 1801, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 03. 1757 | 18 |
| | | | | Cong. | Oct. | 17, | 1803, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 05 | |
| | Joseph B. Varnum. | | 9th | Cong. | Dec | . 2 | , 1806, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 07. | |
| 6 | Joseph B. Varnum. | Mass. | 10th | Cong. | Oct. | 26, | 1807, | ţο | Mar. | 4, 18 | 09. 1750 | 18 |
| _ | - " " | _" | lith | Cong. | May | ' ZZ, | 1809, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 18 | 11. | رد ا |
| 7 | Henry Clay | Ку | 12th | Cong. Cong. | NOV | . 4, | 1811, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 18 | 18. 1777 | 18 |
| 1 | | ~ ~ | 13th | Cong. | May | 74, | 1919, | to | Jan. I | is, is | 14. | |
| _ | Langdon Cheves. | S.C) | 1041 | a | Tom | 40 | 1014 | 4. | 35 | 4 10 | | |
| 8 | Languon Cheves. | 2d } | 13th | Cong. | Jan. | 19, | 1014, | ιο | Mar. | 4, 10 | 15. 1776 | 18 |
| 1 | | Ses.) | 4 442 | a | D | | 1015 | 4. | 35 | 4 10 | | |
| - | Henry Clay | Ay | 1411 | Cong. | Dec. | *, | 1010, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 10 | 17. | 1 |
| Į | | | 1811 | Cong. | Dec. | Ţ, | 1017, | to | Mor. | ¥, 10 | 19. | 1 . |
| | , | N W | Toth | Cong. | Dec. | . U, | 1019, | ш | may. | 19, 10 | a | 1 . |
| ۱ | John W. Taylor . | 14.1 | 10+1 | Cong. | Non | 15 | 1000 | +- | Wa- | 4 10 | 21. 1784 | 11 |
| 7 | JOHN W. Taylor . 7 | Ses. | TOTH | Cong. | 1101 | . 10, | 1040, | w | шаі. | 7, 10 | 21. | 1 * |
| _ | DIME D D. L | 37. | HWAT. | Cong | Dec | 4 | 1891 | to | Mor | 4 18 | 23. 1783 | 18 |
| ٦ | Henry Clay | K w | 18th | Cong. | Dec | · 7 | 1828 | to | Mor | 4 18 | 25. | 1 |
| | John W Taylor | NV | 19th | Cong. | Dec | , F | 1825 | to | Mar | 4, 18 | 27 | ١. |
| : 1 | Andrew Stevenson | Va | 20th | Cong. | Dec | 3. | 1827. | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 29. 1784 | i |
| -1 | maicw Stevenson. | 44 | 21st | Cong. | Dec | 7 | 1820. | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | B1. | 1 |
| 1 | 44 44 | 44 | 22d | Cong. | Dec | 5. | 1831. | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 38. | 1: |
| 1 | Henry Clay John W. Taylor Andrew Stevenson. | 44 | 23d | Cong. | Dec. | 2 | 1833. | to | June | 2, 18 | 84. | |
| | | Ten) | | | - | | | | | | | 1 |
| 2 | John Bell $\{$ | 2d } | 23d | Cong. | June | 3 2. | 1884. | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 35. 1797 | 18 |
| -1 | | Ses. | 607 | | | | • | | | • | l l | ı |
| 3 | James K. Polk | 44 | | Cong. | | | | | | | | 18 |
| _ | _ " _ " | 46 | 25th | Cong. | Sept | . 5, | 1837, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 39. | |
| 3 | Rob't M. T. Hunter. | Va | 26th | Cong. | Dec. | 16, | 1889, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 41. 1809 | |
| 힐 | John White | Ку | 27th | Cong. | May | 81, | 1841, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 13. 1805 | |
| R | John W. Jones John W. Davis Robert C. Winthrop | Va | 28th | Cong. | Dec. | 4, | 1843, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 45. 1800 | |
| 7 | John W. Davis | Ind | 29th | Cong | Dec. | . 1, | 1845, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 18 | 47. 1799 | |
| 8 | Robert C. Winthrop | Mass. | 30th | Cong. | Dec. | 6, | 1847, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 49. 1809 | |
| 刘 | Howell Copp | Ga | 31st | Cong. | Dec. | zz, | 1849, | to | Mar. | 4, 18 | 51. 1816 | |
| 9 | Howell Cobb Linn Boyd Nathaniel P. Banks | ку | 32d | Cong. | Dec. | _1, | 1801, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 18 | 58. 1800 | 1 |
| Ų | Mathanial D. D. | 35 | 330 | Cong. | Dec. | ο, | 1000, | to | Mar. | 9, 18 | 00. | |
| | Natuaniei P. Banks | MASS. | ofth | Cong. | reo. | ્ર ટૂ, | 1000, | 10 | Mar. | 4, 10 | 57. 1816 | |
| 9 | Wm Poppingt | 3. U | abth | Cong. | Dec. | ું, | 1007, | 10 | Mar. | 5, 10 | 59. 1823 | |
| | James L. Orr Wm. Pennington Galusha A. Grow Schuyler Colfax | N. J | 1106 | Cong. | reo. | ٠, | 1000, | 10 | Mar. | 2, 10 | 61. 1796 68. 1829 | |
| | Schnyler Colfe- | Ind | 2041 | Cong. | Do | 4, | 1001, | 10 | Mar. | 3, 10 | 85. 1823 | |
| ا٠ | Schuyler Collax | Ind | 2011 | Cong. | Dec. | Ţ, | 1000, | 10 | Mar. | 7, 10 | N7 1060 | 1 ' |
| 1 | | | Syth | Cong. | Dec. | - 42, | 1900 | w | Mur. | 4, 10 | 01 | |
| e. | James G. Blaine | Ma " | 40til | Cong. | Mo | · *, | 1001, | 10 | Mar. | 2, 10 4 10 | 71. 1830 | |
| ا | oanies G. Diaine | M. C | 1912 | Cong. | Mar. | *, | 1971 | to | Mar. | 2, 10 A 19 | 78 | 1 . |
| 1 | " " | "… | 494 | Cong. | mar. | *, | 1679 | to | Mar. | 7, 10 1 10 | 75. | |
| , | Michael C. Kerr | ind | AAth | Cong. | Dec. | Ė, | 1975 | to | Ang | 30 100 30 100 | 76. 1827 | i |
| , | acı O. IXCIT | ו מים ו | | _ | 1 | | | | _ | | ŀ | " |
| R | SamuelJ.Randall | Pa.) | 44th | Cong. | Dec | 4 | 1876 | to | Mar | 4 19 | 7. 1528 | ١. |
| ر | ~ acro | Ses. | | Jong. | المالي | ₹, | 2010, | | | z, 1 0 | | 1 |
| 1 | " " | ~~~, | 45th | Cong. | Oct | 15 | 1877 | to | | | | ١. |
| | | • • • | 20011 | ~~~ <u>6</u> . | , | ٠٠, | , | ••• | | _ | | |

NOTE.—Speakers elected pro tempore are not included in the above table. The figures prefixed indicate the number of Speakers, not the sequence of their official terms.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE.

PRESIDENTS PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE.

| | | | SERVICE. | | | |
|-------|---|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------|-------|
| 147.3 | NAME. | STATE. | Congress. | Time. | BORN. | DIED. |
| 1 | John Langdon | New Hampshire . | 1st and 2d | 1789-1792 | 1741 | 1819 |
| 2 | Richard Henry Lce. John Langdon | | . 2d | 1792-1792 1792-1794 | | |
| 3 | Ralph Izard | South Carolina. | 3d | 1794_1795 | 1749 | 1804 |
| | Henry Tazewell | Virginia | 3d and 4th | 1795-1796 | 1753 | 1799 |
| 5 | Samuel Livermore . | New Hampshire | 4th | 1796-1797 | 1732 | 1803 |
| 6 | | | 4th and 5th | 1797-1797 | 1751 | 1804 |
| 78 | William Bradford Jacob Read | Rhode Island South Carolina | | 1797-1797 | 1729 | 1808 |
| | Theodore Sedgwick | | | 1798-1798 | 1746 | 1819 |
| 10 | John Lawrence | New York | 5th | 1798-1799 | 1750 | 1810 |
| 11 | James Ross | Pennsylvania | 5th | 1799-1799 | 1762 | 1847 |
| - | Samuel Livermore. | New Hampshire | 6th | 1799-1800 | | |
| 12 | Uriah Tracy John E. Howard | Connecticut Maryland | | 1800-1800 | 1755 | 1807 |
| | James Hillhouse | Connecticut | 6th | 1801-1801 | 1754 | 1839 |
| | Abraham Baldwin . | Georgia | | 1801-1802 | | |
| 16 | Stephen R. Bradley. | Vermont | 7th | 1802-1803 | 1754 | 1830 |
| 17 | John Brown | Kentucky | 8th | 1803-1804 | 1757 | 1837 |
| | Jesse Franklin | North Carolina | 8th | 1804-1805 | 1758 | 1823 |
| | Joseph Anderson Samuel Smith | Tennessee Maryland | 8th 9th and 10th | 1805-1805 | 1757 | 1837 |
| 20 | Stephen R. Bradley. | Vermont | | 1808-1800 | 1102 | 1009 |
| 21 | John Milledge | Georgia | 10th and 11th | 1809-1809 | 1757 | 1818 |
| 22 | Andrew Gregg | Pennsylvania | 11th | 1809-1810 | 1755 | 1835 |
| 23 | John Gaillard | South Carolina | 11th | 1810_1811 | 0.00 | 1826 |
| 24 | John Pope | Kentucky | 11th and 12th | 1811-1812 | 1770 | 1845 |
| 20 | Wm. H. Crawford Joseph B. Varnum . | Georgia | 12th and 13th | 1812-1813 | 1772 | 1831 |
| ~ | John Gaillard | South Carolina | 13th, 14th, and 15th | 1814_1819 | 1,00 | 1061 |
| 27 | James Barbour | Virginia | 15th and 16th | 1819-1820 | 1775 | 1842 |
| | John Gaillard | South Carolina | 16th, 17th, 18th, & 19th | 1820-1826 | | |
| 28 | Nathaniel Macon | North Carolina | 19th and 20th | 1826-1828 | 1757 | 1837 |
| 00 | Samuel Smith | Maryland | 20th and 21st | 1828-1831 | irin i | 1000 |
| 20 | L. W. Tazewell Hugh L. White | Virginia Tennessee | 22d and 23 d | 1839_1834 | 1773 | 1840 |
| 31 | George Poindexter. | MISSISSIDDI | 23d | 1834-1835 | 1779 | 1853 |
| 32 | John Tyler William R. King | Virginia | 23d 24th | 1835-1836 | 1790 | 1862 |
| 33 | William R. King | Alabama | 24th, 25th, and 26th . | 1836-1841 | 1786 | 1853 |
| 341 | Samuel L. Southard | New Jersey | 127th | 1841-1842 | 1787 | 1842 |
| 36 | David R. Atchison | Miggouri | 27th and 28th 29th, 30th, and 31st 31st and 32d | 1842-1846 1846-1850 | 1807 | 1901 |
| 00 | William R. King | Alabama | 31st and 32d | 1850-1852 | 1001 | |
| 34 | David R. Atchison. | Missouri | 32d and 33d | 1852-1854 | | |
| 37 | Jesse D. Bright | Indiana | 33d and 34th | 1854-1856 | 1812 | 1875 |
| 38 | Charles E. Stuart | Michigan | 34th | 1856-1856 | | |
| 40 | Charles E. Stuart James M. Mason Thomas J. Rusk | Virginia | 34th and 35th | 1857–1857 1857–1857 | 1798 | 1871 |
| | | | | 1857-1860 | 1802 | 1869 |
| | Jesse D. Bright | Indiana | 36th | 1860-1860 | | |
| 42 | Jesse D. Bright Solomon Foot Daniel Clark Lafayette S. Foster. | Vermont | 36th, 37th, and 38th | 1861-1864 | | |
| 43 | Daniel Clark | New Hampshire | 38th | 1864-1865 | 1809 | |
| 44 | Larayette S. Foster. | Obje | 39th | 1865-1867 | 1806 | 1000 |
| 46 | Benj. F. Wade Henry B. Anthony | Rhode Island | 39th and 40th | 1867-1869 1869-1873 | | |
| 47 | Matt. H. Carpenter. | Wisconsin | 43d | 1873-1875 | | |
| i | Henry B. Anthony Thomas W. Ferry | Rhode Island | 43d | 1875-1875 | | |
| 18 1 | Thomas W. Ferry | Michigan | 44th and 45th | 1875-1878 | | |

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, AND RATIO OF RAPRESENTATION BY THE CONSTITUTION AND AT EACH CENSUS.

| | Ad- | | Repres | ENTATIV | 728 TO | WHICH I | EACH S | TATE W | AS ENT | TLED BY | |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| STATES. | mit- ted to the Uni'n | Con- stitu- tion. 1789. | 1st census from Mar. 4, 1793. | 2d census from Mar. 4, 1808. | 8d census from Mar 4, 1813, | 4th census from Mar.4, 1823. | 5th census from Mar. 4, 1833. | 6th census from Mar.4, 1843. | 7th census from Mar. 4, 1853. | 8th census from Mar. 4, 1863, | 9th census from Mar. 4, 1873. |
| Ratio of Represent'n | | 80,000 | 33,000 | 83,000 | 85,000 | 40,000 | 47,700 | 70,680 | 93,423 | 127,331 | 131,423 |
| Alabama. Arkansas. California. Colorado. Connecticut. Delaware. Florida Georgia. Illinois. Indiana. Lowa. Kansas. Kentucky. Louisiana. Maine. Maryland Massachusetts. Michigan Minesota. Mississippi. Missouri. Nebraska. New Hampshire. New Jersey. New Hampshire. New Jersey. New Hampshire. New Jersey. New Hampshire. New Jersey. North Carolina. Ohio. Oregon. Pennsylvania. Rhode Island. South Carolina. | 1819 1856 1876 1845 1818 1818 1818 1818 1819 1819 1820 1837 1838 1837 1837 | 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 | 33,000 7 1 2 2 8 14 4 5 10 10 10 | 7 1 4 6 9 17 17 13 | 7 2 6 6 27 13 6 6 23 23 2 9 | 8 | 5 5 1 9 8 7 13 8 8 12 2 2 2 2 2 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 | 7 1 8 7 10 10 4 7 6 10 3 4 5 5 1 9 21 21 21 27 | 7 22 2 2 1 1 1 8 9 9 1 1 2 2 5 7 8 5 3 8 8 1 1 2 5 5 7 8 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 | 3 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 8 4 4 1 1 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 3 2 9 1 2 7 2 5 5 |
| Tennessee | 1796 1845 1791 | 10 | 9 | 4 22 | 6 23 | 9 5 22 | 13 5 21 | 11 4 15 | 10 2 3 3 | 8 4 3 11 | 10 6 3 |
| Virginia West Virginia Wisconsia | 1863 1848 | 10 | 19 | 223 | 23 | 22 | 21 | | 8 | 6 | |
| Whole number | | 65 | 105 | 141 | 181 | 213 | 240 | 223 | 201 | 213 | 293 |

^{*} These States admitted subsequently to the apportionment.1

CIVIL OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

THE following table is made up from the official statements of the heads of the various Departments of the Government, sent to Congress in August, 1878, in response to a Senate resolution, showing the number of civil officers employed by each Department from 1859 to 1875.

| | | 1859. | 1875. |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| 1284567 | Department of State | 8,778 899 90 | 430 12,483 1,489 181 44,897 2,475 |
| | | 86,397 | 62,427 |

NOTE.—It is to be understood that the above includes all officers and employees of the government at Washington and throughout the country, except those in the military and naval service.

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LENGTH OF SESSIONS OF CONGRESS, 1789-1879.

| No. of Congress. No. of Time of Session. | No. of Con- No. of Time of Session. |
|--|--|
| 1st 2dJan. 4, 1789—Sept. 29, 1789 1st 2dJan. 4, 1790—Aug. 12, 1790 3dDec. 6, 1790—Mar. 3, 1791 | 1stSept. 4, 1837—Oct. 16, 1837 25th 2dDec. 4, 1837—July 9, 1838 (3dDec. 8, 1838—March 8, 1839 |
| 2d { 1stOct. 24, 1791—May 8, 1792 2d Nov. 5, 1792—Mar. 2, 1798 | 23th { 1stDec. 2, 1839—July 21, 1840 2dDec. 7, 1840—March 3, 1841 |
| 3d { 1stDec. 2, 1793—June 9, 1794 } 3dNov. 8, 1794—March 8, 1795 | (1st. May 81, 1841—Sept. 13, 1841 27th {2d. Dec. 6, 1841—Aug. 31, 1842 |
| 4th 2d Dec. 5, 1796—March 8, 1797 | (8dDec. 5, 1842—March 3, 1843 28th { 1stDec. 4, 1843—June 17, 1844 28dDec. 2, 1844—March 3, 1845 |
| 15th 2d Nov. 18, 1797—July 10, 1797 18, 1797—July 16, 1798 18d Dec. 3, 1798—March 8, 1799 | 29th { 1stDec. 2, 1844—March 8, 1845 29th { 2dDec. 1, 1845—Aug. 10, 1846 7, 1846—March 8, 1847 |
| 6th { 1stDec. 2, 1799—May 14, 1800 2dNov. 17, 1800—March 8, 1801 | 30th { 1st Dec. 6, 1847—Aug. 14, 1848 2d Dec. 4, 1848—March 3, 1849 |
| 7th { 1stDec. 7, 1801—May 8, 1802 2dDec. 6, 1802—March 8, 1808 | 81st { 1stDec. 8, 1849—Sept. 30, 1850 2dDec. 2, 1850—March 8, 1851 |
| 8th 1stOct. 17, 1803—Mar. 27, 1804 2dNov. 5, 1804—March 8, 1805 | 32d { 1st. Dec. 1, 1851—Aug. 31, 1852 2d . Dec. 6, 1853—March 8, 1858 |
| 9th { 1stDec. 2, 1805—April 21, 1806 2dDec. 1, 1806—March 3, 1807 | 88d {1stDec. 5, 1853—Aug. 7, 1854 2dDec. 4, 1854—March 8, 1855 |
| 10th { 1stOct. 26, 1807April 25, 1808 2dNov. 7, 1808March 3, 1809 | 1stDec. 5, 1855—Aug. 18, 1856 34th 2dAug. 21, 1856—Aug. 30, 1856 |
| 11th 2d Nov. 27, 1809—June 28, 1809 18d Dec. 3, 1810—March 8, 1811 | 85th { 1st. Dec. 7, 1857—June 14, 1858 2d. Dec. 6, 1858—March 3, 1859 |
| 12th { 1stNov. 4, 1811—July 6, 1812 2dNov. 2, 1812—March 3, 1818 | 30th {1st Dec. 5, 1859—June 25, 1860 2d Dec. 8, 1860—March 4, 1861 |
| 13th 2d . Dec. 6, 1813—Aug. 2, 1813 2d . Dec. 6, 1813—April 18, 1814 8d . Sept. 19, 1814—March 8, 1815 | 87th 2d Dec. 2, 1861—Aug. 6, 1861 3d Dec. 1, 1862—March 4, 1863 |
| 14th { 1stDec. 4, 1815—April 30, 1816 2dDec. 2, 1816—March 8, 1817 | 88th { 1st. Dec. 7, 1863—July 4, 1864 2d. Dec. 5, 1864—March 4, 1865 (1st. Dec. 4, 1885—July 98, 1986) |
| 15th { 1stDec. 1, 1817—April 20, 1818 2d Nov. 16, 1818—March 3, 1819 | 39th { 1st. Dec. 4, 1865—July 28, 1866 2d . Dec. 3, 1866—March 4, 1867 |
| 16th { 1st. Dec. 6, 1819—May 15, 1830 2d. Nov. 18, 1830—March 3, 1831 | 1st. March 4, 1867—Mar. 80, 1867 "July 8, 1867—July 20, 1867 |
| 17th 2d Dec. 2, 1822—March 8, 1823 | 40th { "Nov. 21, 1867—Dec. 2, 1867 2dDec. 2, 1867—July 27, 1868 3d. Dec. 7, 1868—March 4, 1869 |
| 13th { 1st. Dec. 1, 1823—May 27, 1824— | (1st. March 4, 1869—April 23, 1869 41st 2d. Dec. 6, 1869—July 15, 1870 |
| 19th 2d Dec. 4, 1826—March 8, 1827 | (3dDec. 5, 1870—March 4, 1871 (1stMarch 4, 1871—April 20, 1871 |
| 20th { 1st. Dec. 3, 1827—May 26, 1828 26 Dec. 1, 1828—March 3, 1829 27, 1841. Dec. 7, 1829—May 31, 1830 | 42d {2d Dec. 4, 1871—June 10, 1872 (3d Dec. 2, 1872—March 4, 1873 |
| 21st 2dDec. 6, 1830—March 3, 1831 | 43d {1stDec. 1, 1873—June 28, 1874 2dDec. 7, 1874—March 4, 1875 |
| 2d . Dec. 8, 1832—March 8, 1838 | 44th { 1st. Dec. 6, 1875—Aug. 15, 1876 2d . Dec. 4, 1876—March 4, 1877 |
| 2d Dec. 1, 1834—March 3, 1835 | 1stOct. 15, 1877—Dec. 8, 1877 45th 2dDec. 8, 1877—June 20, 1878 (3dDec. 2, 1878—March 4, 1879 |
| 24th { 1stDec. 7, 1835—July 4, 1836 2dDec. 5, 1836—March 3, 1837 | , |

NOTE.—To determine the years covered by a given Congress, double the number of the Congress, and add the product to 1799; the result will be the year in which the Congress closed. Thus, the Sith Congress = 70 + 1792 = 1859, that being the year which terminated the 38th Congress, on the 4th of March. To find the number of a Congress sitting in any given year, subtract 1799 from the year; if the result is an even number, half that number will give the Congress, of which the year in question will be the closing year. If the result is an odd number, add one to it, and half the result will give the Congress, of which the year in question will be the first year.

THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF SENATORS.

Vice-President (President of the Senate), WILLIAM A. WHEELER, Malone, N.Y., \$8,000.

Allison, William B., Dubuque, Iowa. Anthony, Henry B., Providence, R. I. Bailey, James E., Clarksville, Tenn. Barnum, William H., Lime Rock, Conn. Bayard, Thomas F., Wilmington, Del. Beck, James B., Lexington, Ry. Blaine, James G., Augusta, Maine. Booth, Newton, Sacramento, Cal. Bruce, Blanche K., Floreyville, Miss. Burnside, Ambrose E., Providence, R. I. Butler, Manning C., Edgefield C. H., S. C. Cameron, Angus, La Crosse, Wis. Cameron, J. D., Harrisburg, Pa. Chaffee, Jerome B., Denver, Col. Christiancy, Issac P., Lansing, Mich. Cockrell, Francis M., Warrensburg, Mo. Coke, Richard, Waco, Texas. Conkling, Roscoe, Utica, N. Y. Conover, Simon B., Tallahassee, Fla. Davis, David, Bloomington, Ill. Davis, Henry G., Piedmont, West Va. Dawes, Henry L., Pittsfield, Mass. Dennis, George R., Kingston, Md. Dorsey, Stephen W., Helena, Ark. Eaton, William W., Hartford, Conn. Edmunds, George F., Burlington, Vt. Eustis, James B., New Orleans, La. Ferry, T. W., Grand Haven, Mich. Garland, A. H., Little Rock, Ark. Gordon, John B., Atlanta, Ga. Grover, L. F., Salem, Oregon. Hamlin, Hannibal, Bangor, Maine. Hereford, Frank, Union, West Va. Hill, Benjamin H., Atlanta, Ga. Hill, Benjamin H., Atlanta, Ga. Hill, Benjamin H., Atlanta, Ga. Hill, Benjamin H., Atlanta, Ga.

Ingalls, John J., Atenson, Kan.
Johnston, John W., Abingdon, Va.
Jones, Charles W., Pensacola, Fla.
Jones, John P., Gold Hill, Nev.
Kellogg, Wm. P., New Orleans, La
Kernan, Francis, Utica, N. Y.
Kirkwood, S. J., Iowa City, Iowa.
Lamar, L. Q. C., Oxford, Miss.
Matthews, Stanley, Glendale, Ohio.
Maxey, Samuel B., Paris, Texas.
McCreery, Thos. C., Owensborough, Ky.
McDonald, Joseph E., Indianapolis, Ind.
McMillan, Samuel J. R., St. Paul, Minn.
McPherson, J. R., Jersey City, N. J. McDonald, Joseph E., Indianapolis, Ind. McMillan, Samuel J. R., St. Paul, Minn. McPherson, J. R., Jersey City, N. J. Merrimon, A. S., Raleigh, N. C. Mitchell, John H., Pordand, Oregon. Morgan, John T., Selma, Ala. Morrill, Justin S., Strafford, Vt. Oglesby, Richard J., Decatur, Ill. Paddock, Algernon S., Beatrice, Neb. Patterson, John J., Charleston, S. C. Plumb, P. B., Emporia, Kansas. Randolph, Theo. F.. Morristown, N. J. Ransom, Matt W., Weldon, N. C. Rollins, E. H., Concord, N. H. Sargent, Aaron A., San Francisco, Cal. Saulsbury, Eli, Dover, Del. Saunders, A., Omaha, Neb. Sharon, William, Virginia City, Nev. Shields, James, Carroliton, Mo. Spencer, George E., Decatur, Ala. Teller, Henry M., Central City, Col. Thurman, Allen G., Columbus, O. Wadleigh, Bainbridge, Milford, N. H. Wallace, William A., Clearfield, Pa. Whyte, William Pinkney, Baltimore, Md. Windom, William, Winona, Minn. Withers, Robert E., Wytheville, Va.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

President of the Senate.—WILLIAM A. WHEELER, Vice-President of the U S. President pro tempore, Chaplain.—Rev. Byron Sunderland, D.D. Secretary of the Senate.-George C. Gorham. Chief Clerk .- William E. Spencer. Principal Executive Clerk.—James R. Young. Principal Legislative Clerk.-James W. Nightingale. Sergeant-at-Arms.-John R. French. Postmaster.-W. E. Creary. Superintendent of Folding-Room.-L. D. Merchant. Euperintendent of Document-Room.-Amzi Smith.

Official Reporters of Debates.

D. F. Murphy.

Assistants.-Theo. F. Shuey. E. V. Murphy. Henry J. Gensler. R. S. Boswell.

45TH CONGRESS.-March 4, 1877, to March 4, 1879.

SENATE.-List of Members by States, with their Terms of Office.

Senators are elected for six years, one-third of the Senate retiring on the 4th of March each Salary of Senators, \$5,000 per annum.
Salary of Senators, \$5,000 per annum.
Mileage, 20 cents per mile of travel each way, at each annual session.
Allowance for stationery and newspapers, \$125 per annum.

ALABAMA.

Term Residence. Expires. 1879 George E. Spencer, R.... Decatur. 1883 John T. Morgan, D.....Selma.

ARKANSAS.

1879 Stephen W. Dorsey, R..... Helena. 1883 Aug. H. Garland, D...Little Rock.

CALIFORNIA.

1879 Aaron A. Sargent, R. Nevada City. 1881 Newton Booth, R.... Sacramento.

COLORADO.

1879 Jerome B. Chaffee, R..... Denver. 1883 Henry M. Teller, R...Central City.

CONNECTICUT.

1879 William H. Barnum, D.Lime Rock. 1881 William W. Eaton, D.... Hartford.

DELAWARE.

1881 Thos. F. Bayard, D...Wilmington. 1883 Eli Saulsbury, D...... Kenton.

FLORIDA.

1879 Simon B. Conover, R. Tallahassee. 1881 Charles W. Jones, D.... Pensacola,

GEORGIA.

1879 John B. Gordon, D......Atlanta. 1883 Benj. H. Hill, D..... Atlanta.

ILLINOIS.

1879 Richard J. Oglesby, R.... Decatur. 1983 David Davis, Ind....Bloomington.

INDIANA.

Term Expires. Residence. 1879 Dan. W. Voorhees, D.. Terre Haute. 1881 Jos. E. McDonald, D. Indianapolia.

TOWA.

1879 William B. Allison, R... Dubuque. 1883 Samuel J. Kirkwood, R. Jowa City.

KANSAS.

1879 John J. Ingalls, R.....Atchison. 1883 Preston B. Plumb, R.....Emporia.

KENTUCKY.

1879 Thos. C. McCreery, D., Owensboro'. 1883 James B. Beck, D.....Lexington.

LOUISIANA.

1879 James B. Eustis, D. New Orleans. 1883 Wm. P. Kellogg, R... New Orleans.

MAINE.

1881 Hannibal Hamlin, R......Bangor. 1883 James G. Blaine, R......Augusta.

MARYLAND.

1879 George R. Dennis, D....Kingston. 1881 Wm. Pinkney Whyte; D. Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS

1881 Henry L. Dawes, R..... Pittsfield. 1888 George F. Hoar, R..... Worcester.

MICHIGAN.

1881 Isaac P. Christiancy, R...Lansing. 1883 Thos. W. Ferry, R. Grand Haven.

SENATE .- LIST OF MEMBERS BY STATES-(Continued).

| Term Expires. Residence 1879 John H. Mitchell, RPortland, 1883 Lafayette Grover, DSalem. PENNSYLVANIA. 1879 Jas.Donald Cameron, R Harrisb'g 1881 William A. Wallace, D Clearfield RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H. TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis |
|--|
| 1879 John H. Mitchell, R Portland. 1883 Lafayette Grover, D Salem. PENNSYLVANIA. 1879 Jas.Donald Cameron, R Harrisb'g 1881 William A. Wallace, D Clearfield RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D |
| PENNSYLVANIA. 1879 Jas.Donald Cameron, R Harrisb'g 1881 William A. Wallace, D Clearfield RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H Tennessee. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis Texas. |
| 1879 Jas. Donald Cameron, R Harrisb'g 1881 William A. Wallace, D Clearfield RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence SOUTH CAROLINA. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis TEXAS. |
| 1881 William A. Wallace, D. Clearfield RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R. Provides 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R. Providence SOUTH CABOLINA. 1879 John J. Patterson, R. Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D |
| RHODE ISLAND. 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis |
| 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R., Provid'e 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R., Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R., Charleston 1883 Manning C., Butler, D., Edgefield C.H Tennessee. 1881 James E., Bailey, D, Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D, Memphis |
| 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R. Providence South Carolina. 1879 John J. Patterson, R. Charleston 1883 ManningC.Butler, D., EdgefieldC.H Tennessee. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis |
| SOUTH CAROLINA. 1879 John J. Patterson, R Charleston 1883 ManningC.Butler, D., EdgefieldC.H Tennessee. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis Texas. |
| 1879 John J. Patterson, R., Charleston 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis TEXAS. |
| 1883 Manning C. Butler, D., Edgefield C. H TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis TEXAS. |
| TENNESSEE. 1881 James E. Bailey, D Clarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, D Memphis TEXAS. |
| 1881 James E. Bailey, DClarksville 1883 Isham G. Harris, DMemphis TEXAS. |
| 1883 Isham G. Harris, DMemphis TEXAS. |
| Texas. |
| |
| |
| 1881 Samuel B. Maxey, D Paris |
| 1883 Richard Coke, DWaco |
| VERMONT. |
| 1879 Justin S. Morrill, R Strafford |
| 1881 George F.Edmunds, RBurlington |
| Virginia. |
| 1881 Robert E. Withers, D Wytheville |
| 1888 John W. Johnston, DAbingdon |
| WEST VIRGINIA. |
| 1881 Frank Hereford, DUnion |
| 1883 Henry G. Davis, DPiedmont |
| Wisconsin. |
| 1879 Timothy O. Howe, R Green Bay |
| 1881 Angus Cameron, RLa Crosse |
| |

45TH CONGRESS.—March 4, 1877, to March 4, 1879.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Salary of Representatives, \$5,000 per annum. Mileage, 20 cents per mile of travel, each session, to and from Washington. Allowance for Stationery and Newspapers, \$125 per annum.

SAMUEL J. RANDALL, Speaker, Philadelphia, Pa., Salary \$8,000.

Acklen, Joseph H., Pattersonville, La. Alken, D. Wyatt, Cokesbury, S. C. Aldrich, William, Chicago, Ill. Atkins, John D. C., Paris, Tenn. Bacon, William J., Utica, N. Y. Bagley, George A., Watertown, N. Y. Balley, John M., Albany, N. Y. Baker, John H., Goshen, Ind. Baker, William H., Constantia, N. Y. Ballou, Latimer W., Woonsocket, R. I. Banks, Nathaniel P., Waltham, Mass. Banning, Henry B., Cincinnati, O. Bayne, Thomas M., Pittsburgh, Pa. Beale, R. L. T., Hagne, Va. Beebe, George M., Monticello, N. Y. Bell, Hiram P., Cumming, Ga. Benedict, Charles B., Attica, N. Y. Bicknell, George A., New Albany, Ind. Bisbee, Horatio, Jr., Jacksonville, Fla. Blackburn, Joseph C. S., Versailles, Ky. Blair, Henry W., Plymouth, N. H. Bland, Richard P., Lebanon, Mo. Blies, Archibald M., Brooklyn, N. Y. Blount, James H., Macon, Ga. Boone, Andrew R., Mayfield, Ky. Bouck, Gabriel, Oshkosh, Wis. Boyd, Thomas A., Lewiston, Ill. Bragg, Edward S., Fond du Lac, Wis. Brentano, Lorenzo, Chicago, Ill. Brewer, Mark S., Pontiac, Mich. Briggs, James F., Manchester, N. H. Bright, John M., Fayetteville, Tenn. Brogden, Curtis H., Goldsboro', N. C. Browne, Thomas M., Eysteville, Tenn. Brogden, Curtis H., Goldsboro', N. C. Browne, Thomas M., Eysteville, Tenn. Brogden, Curtis H., Goldsboro', N. C. Rowne, Thomas M., Vinchester, Ind. Buckner, Aylett H., Mexico, Mo. Bundy, Solomon, Oxford, N. Y. Burchard, Horatio C., Freeport, Ill. Burdick, Theodore W., Decornh, Iowa. Butler, Benjamin F., Lowell, Mass. Cabell, George C., Danville, Va. Caim, Richard H., Charleston, S. C. Caldwell, John W., Russellville, Ky. Caldwell, John W., Russellville, Ky. Caldwell, John H., Lyone, N. Y. Campbell, Jacob M., Johnstown, Ps. Cambell, John G., Covington, Ky. Caswell, Lucien B., Fort Atkinson, Wis. Chittenden, Simeon B., Brooklyn, N. Y. Clafin, William, Newton, Mass. Clark, John B., Jr., Fayette, Mo. Clafin, William, Newton, Mass, Clark, Alvah A., Somerville, N. J. Clark, John B., Jr., Fayette, Mo. Clark, Rush, Iowa City, Iowa.

Clarke, John B., Brooksville, Ky. Clymer, Hiester, Reading, Pa. Cobb, Thomas R., Vincernes, Ind. Cole, Nathan, St. Louis, Mo. Collins, Francis D., Scranton, Pa. Conger, Omar D., Port Huron, Mich. Collins, Francis D.. Scranton, Pa.
Conger, Omar D., Port Huron, Mich.
Cook, Philip, Americus, Ga.
Covert, James W., Flushing, N. Y.
Cox, Jacob D., Toledo, O.
Cox, Samuel S., New York, N. Y.
Crapo, William W., New Bedford, Mass.
Cravens, Jordan E., Clarksville, Ark.
Crittenden, Thos. T., Warrensburg, Mo.
Culberson, David B., Jefferson, Tex.
Cummings, Henry J. B., Winterset, Iowa.
Culler, Augustus W., Morristown, N. J.
Danford, Lorenzo, St. Clairsville, O.
Davidson, Robert H. M., Quincy, Fla.
Davis, Horace, San Francisco, Cal.
Davis, Joseph J., Lonisburg, N. C.
Dean, Benjamin, Boston, Mass.
Deering, Nathaniel C., Osage, Iowa.
Denison, Dudley C., Royalton, Vt.
Dibrell, George G., Sparta, Tenn.
Dickey, H. L., Greenfield, O.
Dunnell, Mark H., Owatonna, Minn.
Durham, Milton J., Danville, Ky.
Dwight, Jeremiah W., Dryden, N. Y.
Eames, Benjamin T., Providence, R. I.
Eden, John R., Sullivan, Ill.
Eickhoff, Anthony, New York, N. Y.
Elam, Joseph B., Mansfeld, La.
Ellisworth, Charles C., Greenville, Mich.
Errett, Russell, Pittsburg, Pa.
Evans, James L., Noblesville, Ind. Errett, Russell, Pittsburg, ra.
Evans, I. Newton. Hatboro, Pa.
Evans, James L., Noblesville, Ind.
Evins, John H., Spartanburg, S. C.
Ewing, Thomas. Lancaster, O.
Felton, William H., Cartersville, Ga.
Finley, Ebenezer B., Bucyrus, O.
Forney, William H., Jacksonville, Ala
Fort, Greenbury L., Lacon, Ill.
Foster, Charles, Fostoria, O.
Franklin Renjamin J., Kansas City. Mo Franklin, Benjamin J., Kaneas City. Mo. Freeman, Chapman, Philadelphia, Pa. Frye, William P., Lewiston, Me. Fuller, Benoni S.. Boonville, Ind. Gardner, Mills, Washington C. H., O. Gardner, Mills, Washington C. H., O. Garth, William W., Huntsville, Ala. Gause, Lucien C., Jacksonport, Ark. Gibson, Randall L., New Orleans, La. Giddings, D. C., Brenham, Tex. Glover, John M., La Grange, Mo. Goode, John, Norfolk, Va.

Gunter, Thomas M., Fayetteville, Ark. Hale, Eugene, Ellsworth, Maine. Hamilton, Andrew H., Fort Wayne, Ind. Hanna, John, Indianapolis, Ind. Hardenbergh, Ang. A., Jersey City, N. J. Harmer, Alfred C., Germantown, Pa. Harris, Benj. W., E. Bridgewater, Mass. Harris, Henry R., Greenville, Ga. Harris, John T., Harrisonburg, Va. Harrison, Carter H., Chicago, Ill. Hart, E. Kirke, Albion, N. Y. Hart, E. Kirke, Albion, N. Y.
Hartzell, William, Chester, Ill.
Haskell, Dudley C., Lawrence, Kan.
Hatcher, Robert A.. New Madrid, Mo.
Hayes, Philip C., Morris, Ill.
Hazelton, George C., Boscobel, Wis.
Hendee, George W., Morrisville, Vt.
Henderson, Thomas J., Princeton, Ill.
Henkle, Eli J., Brooklyn, Md.
Henry, Daniel M., Cambridge, Md.
Herbert, Hilary A., Montgomery, Ala.
Hewitt, Abram S., New York, N. Y.
Hewitt, Goldsmith W., Birmingham, Ala.
Hiscock, Frank, Syracuse, N. Y. Hewiti, Goldsmith W., Birmingham, Ala. Hiscock, Frank, Syracuse, N. Y. Hooker, Charles E., Jackson, Miss. House, John F., Clarksville, Tenn, Hubbell, Jay A., Houghton, Mich. Humphrey, H. L., Hudson, Wis. Hungerford, John N., Corning, N. Y. Hunter, Morton C., Bloomington, Ind. Hunton, Eppa, Warrenton, Va. Litner, Anthony, St. Louis, Mo. James, Amaziah B., Ogdensburg, N. Y. Jones, Frank, Portsmouth, N. H. Jones, James Taylor, Demopolis, Ala. Jones, John, Delaware, O. Jorgensen, Joseph, Petersburg, Va. Jones, James Taylor, Demopolis, Ala, Jones, John S., Delaware, O. Jorgensen, Joseph, Petersburg, Va. Joyce, Charles H., Rutland, V. Keifer, J. Warren. Springfield, O. Keightlev, Ed'n W., Constantine, Mich. Kelley, William D., Philadelphia, Pa. Kenna, John E., Kanawha C. H., W. Va. Ketcham, John H., Dover Plains, N. Y. Killinger, John W., Lebanon, Pa. Kimmell, William, Baltimore, Md. Knapp, Robert M., Jerseyville, Ill. Knott, J. Proctor, Lebanon, Ky. Landers, George M., New Britain, Ct. Lapham, Elbridge G., Canandaigua, N. Y. Lathrop, William, Rockford, Ill. Ligon, Robert F., Tuskegee, Ala. Lindsey, Stephen D., Norridgewock, Me. Lockwood, Daniel N., Buffalo, N. Y. Loring, George B., Salem, Mass. Luttrell, John K., Santa Rosa, Cal. Lynde, William Pitt, Milwaukee, Wis. Mackey, L. A., Lock Haven, Pa. Maish, Levi, York, Pa. Majors, Thomas J., Peru, Neb. Manning, Van H., Holly Springs, Miss. Marsh, Benjamin F., Warsaw, Ill. Martin, Benjamin F., Warsaw, Ill. Martin, Benjamin F., Pruntytown, W. Va. McCook, Anson G., New York, N. Y. McGowan, J. H., Coldwater, Mich. McKenzie, James A., Longview, Ky. McKinley, William, Jr., Canton, O. MCGOWAN, J. H., COIdwater, Mich. McKenzie, James A., Longview, Ky. McKinley, William, jr., Canton, O. McMahon, John A., Dayton, O. Mills, Roger Q., Corsicana, Texas. Mitchell, John I., Wellsboro, Pa. Money, Hernando D., Winona, Misa. Monroe, James, Oberlin, O. Morgan, Charles H., Lamar, Mo. Morrison, William R. Westelo, Ill. Morrison, William R., Waterloo, Ill.

Morse, Leopold, Boston, Mass. Muldrow, H. L., Starkville, Miss. Muller, Nicholas, New York, N. Y. Mulier, Micholas, New Lora, M. I.
Neal, Henry S., Ironton, O.
Norcross, Amasa, Fitchburg, Mass.
Oliver, Addison, Onawa, Iowa.
O'Neill, Charles, Philadelphia, Pa.
Overton, Edward, jr., Towanda, Pa.
Page, Horges E. Pleagwille Cal. Page, Horace F., Placerville, Cal. Patterson, George W., Westfield, N. Y. Patterson, T. M., Denver, Col. Peddie, Thomas B., Newark, N. J. Peddie, Thomas B., Newark, N. J.
Phelps, James, Essex, Ct.
Philips, William A., Salins, Kan.
Pollard, Henry M., Chillicothe, Mo.
Potter, Clarkson N., New Rochelle, N.Y.
Pound, Thad. C., Chippewa Falls, Wis.
Powers, Llewellyn, Houlton, Me.
Price, Hiram, Davenport, Iows.
Pridemore, Auburn L., Jonesville, Va.
Pugh, John Howard, Barlington, N. J.
Ralney, Joseph H., Georgetöwn, S. C.
Randolph, James H., Newport, Tenn.
Res, David, Savannah, Mo.
Reagan, John H., Palestine, Tex. Rea, David, Savannah, Mo.
Reagan, John H., Palestine, Tex.
Reed, Thomas B., Portland, Me.
Reilly, James B., Pottsville, Pa.
Rice, Americus V., Ottawa, O.
Rice, William W., Worcester, Mass.
Riddle, Haywood Y., Lebanon, Tenn.
Robbins, William M., Statesville, N. C.
Roberts, Charles B., Westminster, Md.
Robertson, E. W., Baton Rouge, La.
Robinson, George D., Chicopee, Mass.
Robinson, Milton S., Anderson, Ind.
Ross, Miles, New Brunswick, N. J.
Ryan, Thomas, Topeks, Kan. Robinson, Milton S., Anderson, Ind. Ross, Miles, New Brunswick, N. J. Ryan, Thomas, Topeka, Kan. Sampson, Ezekiel S., Sigourney, Iowa. Sapp. William F., Council Bluffs, Iowa. Sayler, Milton, Cincinnati, O. Scales, Alfred M., Greensboro', N. C. Sexton, Leonidas, Enshville, Ind.: Shallenberger, Wm. S., Rochester, Pa. Shelley, Charles M., Selma, Ala. Singleton, Otho R., Canton, Miss. Sinnickson, Clement H., Salem, N. J. Slemons, William F., Monticello, Ark. Smalls, Robert, Beaufort, S. C. Smith, A. Herr, Lancaster, Pa. Smith, William E., Albany, Ga. Southard, Milton I., Zancsville, O. Sparks, William A. J., Carlyle, Ill. Springer, William M., Springfield, Ill. Starin, John H., Fultonville, N. Y. Steele, Walter L., Rockingham, N. C. Stenger, William S., Chambersburg, Pa. Stephens, Alex. H., Crawfordville, Ga. Stewart, J. H., Saint Paul, Minn. Stone, Joenph C., Burlington, Iowa. Strait, Horace B., Shakopee, Minn. Swann, Thomas, Baltimore, Md. Thompson, John M., Butler, Pa. Thornburgh, Jacob M., Knoxville, Tenn. Throckmorton, Jas. W., McKinney, Tex. Tipton, Thomas F., Bloomington, Ill. Townsend, Martin I., Troy, N. Y. Townsend, Martin I., Troy, N. Y. Townsend, R. W., Shawneetown, Ill. Tucker, John R., Lexington, Va. Tucker, John R., Lexington, Va. Turner, Thomas, Mount Sterling, Ky. Turney, Jacob, Greensburg, Pa.

Vance, Robert B., Asheville, N. C.
Van Vorhes, Nelson H., Athens, O.
Veeder, William D., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Waddell, Alfred M., Wilmington, N. C.
Waik, John T., Norwich, Ct.
Walker, Gilbert C., Richmond, Va.
Walsh, William, Cumberland, Md.
Ward, William, Chester, Pa.
Warner, Levi, Norwalk, Ct.
Watson, Lewis F., Warren, Pa.
White, Harry, Indians, Pa.
White, Michael D., Crawfordsville, Ind.
Williams, Jeremiah N., Clayton, Ala.
Williams, Jeremiah N., Clayton, Ala.
Williams, Jeremiah N., Clayton, Ala.
Williams, James, Kenton, Del.
Williams, Richard, Portland, Or.
Williams, Richard, Portland, Or.
Williams, Charles G., Janesville, Wis.
Williams, Charles G., Janesville, Wis.

Willis, Benjamin A., New York, N. Y. Willits, Edwin, Monroe, Mich. Wilson, Benjamin, Wilsonburg, W. Va. Wood, Fernando, New York, N. Y. Wren, Thomas, Eureka, Nev. Wright, Hendrick B., Wilkesbarre, Pa. Yeates, Jesse J., Murfreesboro', N. C. Young, Casey, Memphis, Tenn. Young, John S., Homer, La.

DELEGATES.

Cannon, George Q.. Salt Lake City, Utah. Corlett, William W., Cheyenne, Wy. Fenn, Stephen S., Mount Idaho, Idaho, Jacobs, Orange, Seattle, Wash. Kidder, Jefferson P., Vermillion, Dak. Maginnis, Martin, Helena, Montana. Romero, Trinidad, New Mexico. Stevens, Hiram S., Tucson, Arizona.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

Speaker.—Samuel J. Randall, of Pennsylvania.
Chaplain.—Rev. W. P. Harrison.
Clerk of the House.—George M. Adams.
Chief Clerk.—Green Adams.
Superintendent of Lower Document-Room.—Morgan Rawls..
Librarian.—W. M. Hardy.
Sergeant-at-Arms.—John G. Thompson.
Doorkeeper.—Charles W. Field.
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THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

45TH CONGRESS.-HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.-March 4. 1877. to March 4, 1879.

[Democrats marked D.; Republicans, R.; Members of the last House, *.1

(Names of contestants of seats placed directly under those of the sitting members, and indented.)

The figures indicate the number of the district represented by each member.

ALABAMA.

1 James T. Jones, D. 2 Hilary A. Herbert, D. 3 Jere. N. Williams,* D. 4 Charles M. Shelley, D. J. Haralson, R.

5 Robert F. Ligon, D. 6 Goldsmith W. Hewitt, *D. 7 William H. Forney, *D.

8 William W. Garth, D.

ARKANSAS.

1 Lucien C. Gause,* D. 2 William F. Slemons,* D. 3 Jordan E. Cravens, D. 4 Thomas M. Gunter,* D.

CALIFORNIA.

1 Horace Davis, R. 2 Horace F. Page, * R. 8 John K. Luttrell, * D. 4 P. D. Wigginton, D.

COLORADO.

1 Thos. M. Patterson, D.

CONNECTICUT.

1 George M. Landers. * D. 2 James Phelps,* D. 8 John T. Wait,* R. 4 Levi Warner,* D.

DELAWARE.

1 James Williams, * D.

FLORIDA.

1 R. H. M. Davidson, D. 2 Horatio Bisbee, Jr., R. J. J. F.nley, D.

GEORGIA.

1 (Vacancy.) 2 William E. Smith,* D. 3 Philip Cook,* D. 4 Henry R. Harris,* D. 5 Milton A. Candler,* D. 6 James H. Blount,* D. 7 William H. Felton,* D. 8 Alex. H. Stephens,* D. 9 Hiram P. Bell, D.

ILLINOIS.

1 William Aldrich, R. 2 Carter H. Harrison,* D. 3 Lorenzo Brentano, R. 4 William Lathrop, R. 5 H. C. Burchard,* R. 6 Thos. J. Henderson,* R. 7 Philip C. Hayes, R. 7 Finip C. Hayes, R.
8 Greenbury L. Fort,* R.
9 Thomas A. Boyd, R.
10 B. F. Marsh, R.
11 Robert M. Knapp, D.
12 Wm. M. Springer,* D. 12 Wm. M. Springer,* D.
13 Thomas F. Tipton, R.
14 Joseph G. Caunon,* R.
15 John R. Eden,* D.
16 Wm. A. J. Sparks,* D.
17 Wm. R. Morrison,* D.
18 William Hartzell,* D.
19 R. W. Townshend, D.

INDIANA.

1 Benoni S. Fuller, * D. 2 Thomas R. Cobb, D. 8 George A. Bicknell, D. 4 Leonidas Sexton, R. 5 Thomas M. Browne, R. 6 Milton S. Robinson,* R. 7 John Hanna, R.
8 Morton C. Hunter,* R.
9 Michael D. White, R.
10 Wm. H. Calkins, R.
11 James L. Evans * R. 12 Andrew H. Hamilton,* D. 18 John H. Baker, * R.

Towa.

1 Joseph C. Stone, R. 2 Hiram Price, R. 3 Theo. W. Burdick, R. 4 Nathan C. Deering, R. 5 Rush Clark, R.

6 Ezek. S. Sampson,* R.

7 H. J. B. Cummings, R. William F. Sann, R. 8 William F. Sapp, R 9 Addison Oliver,* R.

KANSAS.

1 William A. Phillips,* D. 2 Dudley C. Haskell, R. 3 Thomas Ryan, R.

KENTUCKY.

1 Andrew R. Boone,* D. 2 James A. McKenzie, D. 3 John W. Caldwell, D. 4 J. Proctor Knott.* D. 5 Albert S. Willis, D. 6 John G. Carlisle, D. 7 Jos. C. S. Blackburn, * D. 8 Milton, J. Durkbar, * D. 8 Milton J. Durham,* D. 9 Thomas Turner, D. 10 John B. Clarke,* D.

· Louisiana:

1 Randall L. Gibson,* D. 2 E. John Ellis,* D. 8 J. H. Acklen, D. 4 Jos. R. B. Elam, D. 5 John S. Young, D. 6 E. W. Robertson, D.

MAINE.

1 Thomas B. Reed, R. 2 William P. Frye,* R. 3 Stephen D. Lindsey, R. 4 Llewellyn Powers, R. 5 Eugeno Hale, * R. Digitized by GOOGLO

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, BY STATES-(Continued).

MARYLAND.

1 Daniel M. Henry, D. 2 Charles B. Roberts,* D. 2 William Kimmel, D.
4 Thomas Swann,* D.
5 Eli J. Henkle,* D.
6 William Walsh,* D.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1 William W. Crapo.* R. 2 Benj. W. Harris,* R. 3 Benjamin Dean, D. 4 Leopold Morse, D. 5 Nathaniel P. Banks, * R. 6 George B. Loring, R. 7 Benjamin F. Butler, R. 8 William Claffin, R. 9 William W. Rice, R. 10 Amasa Norcross, R. 11 Geo. D. Robinson, R.

MICHIGAN.

1 (Vacancy.) 2 Edwin Willits, R. 25 Edwin W. Mitts, R.
26 Jonas H. McGowan, R.
27 Edwin W. Keightley, R.
28 Charles C. Klisworth, R.
28 Charles C. Elisworth, R.
29 Jan. A. Hubbell & D. 9 Jav A. Hubbell. R. MINWESOTA. 1 Mark H. Dunnell. R. 2 Horace B. Strait. * R.

3 Jacob H. Stewart, R.

MISSISSIPPI. 1 Henry L. Muldrow, D. 2 Van H. Manning, D. 3 Hernando D. Money, * D. 4 Otho R. Singleton, * D. 5 Charles E. Hooker, * D. 6 James R. Chalmers, D.

MISSOURL.

1 Anthony Ittner, R. 2 Nathan Cole, R. 3 Lyne S. Metcalfe, R. R. G. Frost, D.
4 Robert A. Hatcher,* D.
5 Richard P. Bland, * D.
6 Charles H. Morgan,* D.
7 Thos. T. Crittenden, D.
8 Benj. J. Franklin, * D.
9 David Rea.* D.
10 Henry M. Pollerd P. 10 Henry M. Pollard, R. 11 John B. Clark, Jr.,* D. 12 John M. Glover,* D. 13 Aylett H. Buckner,* D.

NEBRASKA.

Thomas J. Majors, R.

NEVADA.

1 Thomas Wren, R.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1 Frank Jones,* D. 2 James F. Briggs, R. 3 Henry W. Blair,* R.

NEW JERSEY.

1 C. H. Sinnickson,* R 2 John Howard Pugh, R. 3 Miles Ross,* D. 4 Alvah A. Clark, D.

NEW YORK.

1 James W. Covert, D. 2 William D. Veeder, D. 3 Sim. B. Chittenden, * R. 4 Archibald M. Bliss, * D. 5 Nicholas Muller, D. 6 Samuel S. Cox. * D. 7 Anthony Eickhoff, D 8 Anson G. McCook, F 9 Fernando Wood, D. 10 Abram S. Hewitt, * D 110 Aoram S. Hewitt, D.
11 Benjamin A. Willis, D.
12 Clarkson N. Potter, D.
13 John H. Ketcham, R.
14 George M. Beebe, D.
15 Stephen L. Mayham, D. 16 John M. Bailey, R. 17 Martin I. Townsend, * R. 18 Andrew Williams, * R. 19 Amaziah B. James, R. 20 John H. Starin, R. 21 Solomon Bundy, R. 22 George A Bagley, * R. 23 William J. Bacon, R. 24 William H. Baker, * R. 25 Frank Hiscock, R. 26 John H. Camp, R. 27 Elbridge G. Lapham,*R. 28 Jeremiah W. Dwight, R. 29 John N. Hungerford, R. 30 E. Kirke Hart, D. 31 Charles B. Benedict, D. 32 Daniel N. Lockwood, D. 33 Geo. W. Patterson, R.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1 Jesse J. Yeates,* D. 2 Curtis H. Brogden, R. 3 Alfred M. Waddell, D. 4 Joseph J. Davis, D. 5 Alfred M. Scales, * D. 6 Walter L. Steele, D. 7 Wm. M. Robbins, * D. 8 Robert B. Vance,* D.

Оню.

1 Milton Sayler,* D. 2 Henry B. Banning,* D. 3 Mills Gardner, R. 4 John A. McMahon, D. 5 Americus V. Rice, * D. 6 Jacob D. Cox, R. 7 Henry L. Dickey, D. 8 J. Warren Keifer, R. 9 John S. Jones, R. 10 Charles Foster, R. 11 Henry S. Neal, R. 12 Thomas Ewing, D. 13 Milton I. Southard,* D. 14 Ebenezer B. Finley, D. 15 N. H. Van Vorhes,* R. 16 Lorenzo Danford,* R. 4 Alvah A. Clark. D. 17 Wm. McKinley, Jr., R. 5 Augustus W. Cutler, * D. 18 James Monroe, * R. 6 Thomas B. Peddie, R. 19 James A. Garfield, * R. 7 A. A. Hardenbergh, * D. 20 Amos Townsend, R.

OREGON.

1 Richard Williams, R.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1 Chapman Freeman,* R. 2 Charles O'Neill,* R. 3 Samuel J. Randall,* D. 4 William D. Kelley,* R. 5 Alfred C. Harmer, R. 6 William Ward, R. 7 Isaac N. Evans, R. 8 Hiester Clymer, * D. 9 A. Herr Smith, * R. 9 A. Herr Smith.* R.
10 Samuel A. Bridges, D.
11 Francis D. Collins,* 1).
12 Hendrick B. Wright, D.
13 James B. Reilly.* D.
J. L. Nutting, R.
14 John W. Killinger, R.
15 Edward Overton, R.
16 John I. Mitchell, R.
17 Jacob M. Campbell, R.
18 Wm. S. Stenger,* D.
19 Levi Maish,* D.
20 Levi A. Mackey,* D.
21 Jacob Turney,* D.
22 Russell Errett, R.
23 Thomas M. Bayne, R. 23 Thomas M. Bayne, R. 24 Wm.S.Shallenberger, R. 25 Harry White, R. 26 John M. Thompson, R. 27 Lewis F. Watson, R.

RHODE ISLAND.

1 Benj. T. Eames,* R. 2 Latimer W. Ballou,* R.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1 Joseph H. Rainey,* R. J. S. Richardson, D. 2 Richard H. Cain, R. 8 D. Wyatt Aiken, D. 4 John H. Evins, D. 5 Robert Smalls,* R. G. D. Tillman, D.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, BY STATES-(Confinued).

| | • | |
|---|---|---|
| TENNESSEE. 1 James H. Randolph, R. 2 J. M. Thornburgh, * R. 3 George G. Dibrell, * D. 5 John M. Bright, * D. 6 John F. House, * D. 7 Wash C. Whitthorne, * D. 8 John D. C. Atkins, * D. 9 William P. Caldwell, * D. 10 Casey Young, * D. TEXAS. 1 John H. Reagan, * D. 2 David B. Culberson, * D. 3 J.W. Throckmorton, * D. 4 Roger Q. Mills, * D. | 2 Dudley *: Denison,* R. 3 George W. Hendee,* R. VIRGINIA. 1 R. L. T. Beale, D. 2 John Goode, Jr.,* D. 3 Gilbert C. Walker,* D. 4 Joseph Jorgensen, R. 5 George C. Cabell, * D. | 9 A. L. Pridemore, D. WEST VIRGINIA. 1 Benjamin Wilson,* D. 2 Benjamin F. Mariin, D. 3 John E. Kenna, D. WISCONSIN. 1 Charles G. Williams,* R. 2 Lucien B. Caswell,* R. 3 George C. Hazelton, R. 4 William P. Lynde,* D. 5 Edward S. Bragg, D. 6 Gabriel Bouck, D. 7 H. L. Humphrey, R. 8 Thaddens C. Pound, R. |
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| • | | |
| • | | |
| | | |
| Democratic Majori | ty | 16 |
| I | elegates from Territorie | 4. |
| | | |
| ARIZONA. | Montana. | Washington. |
| Hiram S. Stevens,* D. | Martin Maginnis,* D. | Orange Jacobs,* R. |
| DAKOTA. | New Mexico. | Wyoning. |
| Jefferson P. Kidder,* R. | Trinidad Romero, R. | William W. Corlett, R. |
| IDAHO. | Uтан. | |
| Stephen S. Fenn,* D. | George Q. Cannon,* D. | |
| Number of Count | ies in each State and | Territory in 1878. |
| United States. | United States. | United States. |
| 1 Alabama 67 2 Arkansas 74 3 California 52 | 19 Minnesota. 71 20 Missiseippi. 75 21 Missouri 115 22 Nebraska. 62 | 87 West Virginia 54 88 Wisconsin 60 |
| 4 Colorado 80 | 22 Nebraska 62 | Total Counties 2299 |
| 5 Connecticut 8 6 Delaware 8 | 23 Nevada | Territories. |
| 7 Florida 89 | 25 New Jersey 21 | 1 |
| 8 Georgia 137 | 26 New York 60 | |
| | 27 North Carolina 94 | 2 Dakota 84 |
| 9 Illinois | 28 Ohio | 9 Ideho 10 |
| 9 Illinois | 28 Ohio | 9 Ideho 10 |
| 9 Illinois 102 10 Indiana 92 11 Iowa 99 12 Kansas 76 | 28 Ohio | 9 Ideho 10 |
| 14 Louisiana 58 | 28 Ohio | 8 Idaho |
| 14 Louisiana 58 15 Maine 16 | 32 South Carolina 83 33 Tennessee 94 | 8 Idaho |
| 14 Louisiana 58 15 Maine 16 16 Maryland 28 | 82 South Carolina 33 83 Tennessee 94 84 Texas 151 85 Vermont 14 | 3 Idaho 10 4 Montana 10 5 New Mexico 12 6 Utah 20 7 Washington 24 8 Wyoming 5 |
| 14 Louisiana 58 15 Maine 16 16 Maryland 28 | 82 South Carolina 33 83 Tennessee 94 84 Texas 151 85 Vermont 14 | 3 Idaho 10 4 Montana 10 5 New Mexico 12 6 Utah 20 7 Washington 24 |
| 14 Louisiana 58 15 Maine 16 16 Maryland 28 17 Maggachusetts 14 | 32 South Carolina 83 33 Tennessee 94 | 3 Idaho 10 4 Montana 10 5 New Mexico 12 6 Utah 20 7 Washington 24 8 Wyoming 5 |

REPRESENTATIVES ELECT TO THE FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.-March 4. 1879. to March 4, 1881.

[Democrats marked D.; Independent Democrats, I. D.; Republicans, R.; National, or Greenback party, G.; Members of the Forty-fifth Congress, *.]

The figures mark the number of the Congressional District represented by each member.

1 Thomas Herndon, D., Mobile. 2 Hilary A. Herbert, D., Montgomery. 3 William J. Samford, D., Opeliks. 4 Charles M. Shelley, D., Selma. 5 Thomas Williams, D., Wetumpka. 6 Burwell B. Lewis, D., Tuscaloosa. 7 William H. Forney, D., Jackson-

ville. 8 William M. Lowe, I. D., Huntsville.

ARKANSAS.

1 Poindexter Dunn, D., Forest City. 2 William F. Slemons, * D., Monticello. 8 Jordan E. Cravens, * D., Clarksville. 4 Thomas M. Gunter, * D., Fayetteville.

CALIFORNIA.

[Elects 4 members Sept. 3d, 1879.]

COLOBADO.

James B. Belford, R., Central City.

CONNECTICUT.

Joseph R. Hawley, R., Hartford.
 James Phelps,* D., Essex.
 John T. Wait,* R., Norwich.
 Frederick Miles, R., Salisbury.

DELAWARE.

Edward L. Martin, D., Seaford.

FLORIDA.

1 Rob't H. M. Davidson,* D., Quincy. 2 Noble A. Hull, Sanford.

GEORGIA.

1 John C. Nicholls, D., Savannah. 2 William E. Smith, D., Albany.

2 Winam E. Sunta, D., Alossy.
3 Philip Cook,* D., Americus.
4 Henry Persons, I. D., Talbotton.
5 Neil J. Hammond, D., Atlanta.
6 James H. Blount, * D., Macon.
7 Willium H. Felton,* I. D., Carters-

ville. 8 Alexander H. Stephens,* I. D., Crawfordsville.

9 Emory Speer, I. D., Athens.

ILLINOIS.

1 William Aldrich, * R., Chicago.
2 George R. Davis, R., Chicago.
3 Hiram Barber, Jr., R., Chicago.
4 John C. Sherwin, R., Aurora.
5 R. M. A. Hawk, R., Mt. Carroll.
6 Thos. J. Henderson, * R., Princeton.
7 Philip C. Hayes, * R., Morris.
8 Greenbury L. Fort, * R., Lacon.
9 Thomas A. Boyd. * R., Lewiston.
10 Benjamin F. Marsh, * R., Warsaw.

11 James W. Singleton, D., Quincy.
12 Wm. M. Springer, D., Springfield.
13 A. E. Stevenson, I. D., Bloomington.
14 Joseph G. Cannon, R., Danville.
15 Albert P. Forsythe, G., Shelbyville.
16 Wm. A. J. Sparks, D., Carlyle.
17 Wm. R. Morrison, D., Waterloo.
18 John R. Thomas, R., Metropolis.
19 R. W. Townshend, D., Shawnee-

town.

INDIANA.

1 William Heilman, R., Evansville.
2 Thomas R. Cobb.* D., Vincennes.
3 George A. Bicknell.* D., New Albany.
4 Jeptha D. New. D., Vernon.
5 Thomas M. Brovne.* R., Winchester.
6 William R. Myers, D., Anderson.
7 Gilbert De La Matyr, G., Indianapolis.
8 Andrew J. Hosteller D. Befford

7 Ghoert De La Maryt, G., Indianapolis, 8 Andrew J. Hostetler, D., Bedford, 9 Godlove S. Orth, R., Lafayette, 10 Wm. H. Calkins,* R., La Porte, 11 Calvin Cowgill, R., Wabash, 12 Walpole G. Colerick, D., Ft. Wayne, 13 John H. Baker,* R., Goshen,

IOWA.

1 Moses McCoid, R., Fairfield.
2 Hiram Price,* R., Davenport.
3 Thomas Updegraff, R., McGregor.
4 Nathan C. Deering,* R., Osage.
5 Rush Clark,* R., Iowa City.
6 James B. Weaver, G., Bloomfield.
7 Edward H. Gillette, G., Des Moine*.
8 William F. Sapp,* R., Council Bluffs.
9 Cyrus C. Carpenter, R., Fort Dodge.

KANSAS.

1 John A. Anderson, R., Manhattan. 2 Dudley C. Haskell, * R., Lawrence. 3 Thomas Ryan, * R., Topeka. 1 [J. R. Hallowell, R., at large, Colum-

KENTUCKY.

bus.]

1 Oscar Turner. I. D., Blandville.
2 James A. McKenzie, * D., Long View.
3 John W. Caldwell, * D., Russellville.
4 J. Proctor Knott, * D., Lebanon.
5 Albert S. Willis, * D., Louisville.
6 John G. Carlisle, * D., Covington.
7 Jos. C. S. Blackburn, * D., Versailles.
8 Philip B. Thompson, Jr., D., Harrisonburg. risonburg.

9 Thomas Turner, D., Mt. Sterling.

10 Elijah C. Phister, D., Maysville.

LOUISIANA.

1 Randall L. Gibson, * D., New Orleans. 2 E. John Ellis, * D., New Orleans. 3 Joseph H. Acklen, * D., Pattersonville. 4 Jos. R. B. Elam, * D., Mansfield. 5 John S. Young, D., Homer. 6 E. W. Robertson, * D., Baton Rouge.

MAINE.

- 1 Thomas B. Reed.* R., Portland. 2 William P. Frye.* R., Lewiston. 3 Stephen D. Lindsey,* R., Norridge-
- wock.
- 4 George W. Ladd, D., Bangor. 5 Thompson H. Murch, G., Rockland.

MARYLAND.

1 Daniel M. Henry, * D., Cambridge. 2 J. F. C. Talbot, D., Towsonton. 3 William Kimmel, * D., Baltimore. 4 Robert McLane, D., Baltimore, 5 Eli J. Henkle, * D., Brooklyn.

6 Milton G. Urner, R., Frederick.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1 William W. Crapo,* R., New Bedford.

ford.
2 Benj. W. Harris.* R., E. Bridgewater.
3 Walbridge A. Field,* R., Boston.
4 Leopold Morse.* D., Boston.
5 Selwyn Z. Bowman, R., Somerville.
6 George B. Loring,* R., Salem.
7 William A. Russell, R.. Lawrence.
8 William Claffin,* R., Newton.
9 William W. Rice.* R., Worcester.
10 Amasa Norcross,* R., Fitchburg.
11 Geo. D. Robinson,* R., Chicopee.

MICHIGAN.

1 John S. Newberry, R., Detroit.
2 Edwin Willits,* R., Monroe.
3 Jonas H. McGowan,* R., Coldwater.
4 Julius C. Burrows, R., Kalamazco.
5 John W. Stone,* R., Grand Rapids.
6 Mark S. Brewer,* R., Pont Huron.
8 Roswell G. Horr, R., East Saginaw.
9 Jay A. Hubbell,* R, Houghton.

MINNESOTA.

1 Mark H. Dunnell,* R., Owatonna. 2 Henry Poehler, D., Henderson. 3 Wm. D. Washburn, R., Minneapolis.

Mississippi.

1 Henry L. Muldrow.* D., Starkville. 2 Van H. Mauning,* D., Holly Springs. 8 Hernando D. Money.* D., Winona. 4 Otho R. Singleton,* D., Canton. 5 Charles E. Hooker.* D., Jackson. 6 Jas. R. Chalmers,* D., Vicksburg.

MISSOURL.

MISSOURI.

1 Martin L. Clardy, D., St. Louis.
2 Erastus Wells, D., St. Louis.
3 R. Graham Frost, D., St. Louis.
4 Lowndes H. Davis, D., Jackson.
5 Richard P. Bland, D., Lebanon.
6 James R. Waddill, D., Springfield.
7 Alfred M. Lay, D., Jefferson City.
8 Sam'l L. Sawyer, D., Independence.
9 Nicholas Ford, G., Rochester.
10 Gideon D. Rothwell, D., Moberly.
11 John B. Clark, Jr., D., Fayette.
12 William H. Hatch, D., Hannibal.
13 Aylett H. Buckner, D., Mexico.

NEBRASKA.

Edw. K. Valentine, R., Norfolk. ¹ [Thomas J. Majors, R., Contingent]

NEVADA.

Rollin M. Daggett, R., Virginia City.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

1 Joshua G. Hall, R., Dover. 2 James F. Briggs,* R., Manchester. 3 Evarts W. Farr, R., Littleton.

NEW JERSEY.

1 George M. Robeson, R., Camden. 2 Hezekiah B. Smith, G., Smithville. 3 Miles Ross. * D., New Brunswick. 4 Alvah A. Clark, * D., Somerville. 5 Charles H. Voorhis, R., Hackensack. 6 John L. Blake, R., Orange. 7 Lowiz A. Brighon B. Lersey City.

7 Lewis A. Brigham, R., Jersey City.

NEW YORK.

NEW 10RK.

1 James W. Covert, * D., Flushing.

2 Daniel O'Reilly, I. D., Brooklyn.

3 Sim. B. Chittenden, * R., Brooklyn.

4 Archibald M. Bliss, * D., Brooklyn.

5 Nicholas Muller, * D., New York.

6 Samuel S. Cox, * D., New York.

7 Edwin Einstein, R., New York.

8 Anson G. McCook, * R., New York.

9 Fernando Wood, * D., New York.

10 James O'Brien, D., New York.

11 Levi P. Morton, R., New York.

12 1* Vacancy.

12 [*] Vacancy. 13 John H. Ketcham, * R., Dover Plains. 14 John W. Ferdon, R., Piermont. 15 William Lounsbery, D., Kingston.

15 William Lounsbery, D., Kingston.
16 John M. Balley, R., Albany.
17 Walter A. Wood, R., Troy.
18 John Hammond, R., Crown Point.
19 Amaziah B. James, R., Ogdensburg.
20 John H. Starin, R., Fultonville.
21 David Wilber, R., Milford.
22 Warren Miller, R., Ilion.
23 Cyrus D. Prescott, R., Rome.
24 Joseph Mason, R., Oswego.
25 Frank Hiscock, R., Syracuse.
26 John H. Camp, R., Lvons.
27 Elbridge G. Lapham, R., Canandaigus.

daigua.

28 Jeremiah W. Dwight,* R., Dryden. 29 D. P. Richardson, R., Angel ca. 30 John Van Voorhis, R., Rochester.

31 Richard Crowley, R., Lockport.
32 Ray V. Pierce, R., Buffalo.
33 Henry Van Aernam, R., Franklinville.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1 Joseph J. Martin, R., Williamston. 2 William H. Kitchin, D., Scotland Neck.

Neck.

3 Daniel L. Russell, G., Wilmington.

4 Joseph J. Davis,* D., Lewisburg.

5 Alfred M. Scales,* D., Greensboro.

6 Walter L. Steele,* D., Rockingham.

7 Rob't F. Armfield, D., Statesville.

8 Robert B. Vance,* D., Asheville.

OHIO.

1 Benj. Butterworth, R., Cincinnati. 2 Thomas L. Young, R., Cincinnati. 3 Mills Gardner, R., Washington 4 John A. McMahon, D., Dayton. 5 Benjamin Lefevre, D., Sydney. 6 William D. Hill, D., Defiance. 7 Frank Hurd, D., Toledo.

8 Ebenezer B. Finley, D., Bucyrus.
9 George L. Converse, D., Columbus.
10 Henry L. Dickey, D., Greenfield.
11 Henry S. Neal, R., Ironton.
12 Thomas Rwing, D., Lancaster.
13 A. J. Warner, D., Marietta.
14 Gibson Atherton, D., Newark.
15 George W. Geddes, D., Mansfield.
16 William McKinley, Jr., *R., Canton.
17 James Monroe, R., Oberlin.
18 Jona. T. Updegraff, R., Mt. Pleasant.
19 James A. Garfield, R., Mentor.
20 Amos Townsend, *R., Cleveland 4 John H. Evins,* D., Spartanburg. 5 Geo. D. Tillman, D., Edgefield. TENNESSEE. 1 Robert L. Taylor, D., Elizabethtown.
2 Leonidas C. Houk, R., Knoxville.
3 George G. Dibrell, * D., Sparta.
4 Benton McMillan, D., Carthage.
5 John M. Bright, * D., Fayetteville.
6 John F. House, * D., Clarksville.
7 Wash. C. Whitthorne, * D., Columbia.
8 John D. C. Atkins, * D., Paris.
9 C. B. Simonton, D., Dresden.
10 Casey Young, * D., Memphis.

OREGON.

John Whiteaker, D., Pleasant Hill.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1 Henry H. Bingham, R., Philadelphia.
2 Charles O'Neill,* R., Philadelphia.
3 Samuel J. Randail,* D., Philadelphia.
4 William D. Kelley,* R., Philadelphia.
5 Alfred C. Harmer,* R., Germantown.
6 William Ward,* R., Chester.
7 William Godshalk, R., New Britain.
8 Hiester Clymer,* D., Reading.
9 A. Herr Smith,* R., Lancaster.
10 Reuben K. Bachman, D., Durham.

10 Reuben K. Bachman, D., Durham. 11 Robert Klotz, D., Mauch Chunk. 12 Hendrick B. Wright,* D., Wilkes-

barre.

3 John M. Ryan, D., Pottsville.

4 John W. Killinger, * R., Lebanon.

5 Edward Overton, * R., Towanda.

6 John I. Mitchell, * R., Wellsboro.

7 Alex. H. Coffroth, D., Somerset.

8 Horatio G. Fisher, R., Huntington.

9 Frank E. Beltzhoover, D., Carlisle.

20 Seth H. Yocum, G., Bellefonte.

21 Morgan R. Wise, D., Wayneeburg.

22 Russell Errett. * R., Pittsburg.

3 Thomas M. Bayne, * R., Allegheny.

24 William S. Shallenberger, * R., Rochester.

25 Harry White,* R., Indiana. 26 Samuel B. Dick, R., Meadville. 27 J. H. Osmer, R., Franklin.

RHODE ISLAND.

1 Nelson V. Aldrich, R., Providence. 2 Latimer W. Ballou, * R., Woonsocket.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

John S. Richardson, D., Sumter.
 M. P. O'Connor, D., Charleston.
 D. Wyatt Aiken,* D., Cokesbury.

TEXAS.

1 John H. Reagan.* D., Palestine. 2 David B. Culberson.* D., Jefferson. 3 Olin Wellborn, D., Sherman. 4 Roger Q. Mills.* D., Corsicana. 5 Geo. W. Jones, G., Bastrop. 6 [3] Vacancy.

VERMONT.

Charles H. Joyce,* R., Rutland.
 James M. Tyler, R., Brattleboro.
 Bradley Barlow, R. G., St. Albans.

VIRGINIA.

1 R. L. T. Beale, D., Hague. 2 John Goode, Jr.,* D., Norfolk. 3 Joseph E. Johnston, D., Richmond. 4 Joseph Jorgensen,* R., Petersburg. 5 George C. Cabell,* D., Danville. 6 J. Randolph Tucker,* D., Lexington, 7 John T. Harris * D. Harrisonburg. 7 John T. Harris, * D., Harrisonburg. 8 Eppa Hunton, * D., Warrenton. 9 James B. Richmond, D., Estellville.

West Virginia.

1 Benjamin Wilson,* D., Wilsonburg. 2 Benjamin F. Martin,* D., Pruntytown.

3 John E. Kenna. D., Kanawha C. H.

WISCONSIN.

1 Charles G. Williams. * R., Jancsville. 2 Lucien B. Caswell, * R., Ft. Atkinson. 3 George C. Hazelton. * R., Boecobel. 4 Peter V. Denster, D., Milwaukee. 5 Edward S. Bragg. * D., Fond du Lac. 6 Gabriel Bouck. * D., Oshkosh. 7 Herman I. Humphray * R. Hudson.

7 Herman L. Humphrey, * R., Hudson. 8 Thaddeus C. Pound, * R., Chippewa Falls.

| Total number of Representatives | | 293 |
|---------------------------------|----|-----|
| Democrats | | |
| Republicans | | |
| Greenback or National party | 10 | |
| Vacancies | 6 | |
| | | 293 |

Of the 10 members elected by the Greenback party, five are classed as Republicans, and five as Democrats. Members of the 45th Congress elected to the 46th, 155.

1 The two representatives elect whose names are in brackets were chosen by Kansas and Nebraska in addition to their regular quota in the House, contingent upon admission under the claim of those States to

addition to their regular quots in the latest of the presentation.

2 Alexander Smith, Rep., was elected November 5th, 1873, from the 12th N. Y. District, but died on Election-day. The vacancy will be filled in 1879.

3 Guntave Schleicher, Dem., representative-cleck from Texas, died Jan. 10, 1879.

Delegates from Territories.

ARIZONA John G. Campbell, D., Prescott. DAKOTA. Granville G. Bennett, R., Yankton, IDAHO. George Ainslie, R., Idaho City.
MONTANA. Martin Maginnis,* D., Helena.

NEW MEXICO. Mariano A. Otero, R., Bernalillo. UTAH. George Q. Cannon,* D., Salt Lake City. WASHINGTON. Thomas H. Brents, R., Walla Walla. WYOMING. Stephen W. Downey, R., Laramic City.

SENATORS-ELECT, 46TH CONGRESS .- March 4, 1879, to March 4, 1881.

| Democrats, 42; Republicans, | 33; Independent, 1: Total, 76. |
|--|--|
| Alabama. 1883 John T. Morgan, D | Mississippi. 1881 Blanche K, Bruce, R Floreyville, 1883 Lucius Q. C. Lamar, D |
| Arkansas. 1883 Aug. H. Garland, D Little Rock. 1885 James D. Walker, D Fayetteville. California. | Missouri. 1881 Francis M. Cockrell, DWarrensburg. 1885 George G. Vest, DSedalia. Nebraska. |
| 1881 Newton Booth, RSacramento. 1885 James T. Farley, DJackson. Colorado. | 1881 Algernon S. Paddock, R. Beatrice. 1883 Alvin Saunders, R. Omaha. |
| 1883 Henry M. Teller, R Central City, 1885 Nathaniel P. Hill, R Denver, Connecticut. | 1881 William Sharon, RVirginia City. 1885 John P. Jones, RGold Hill. New Hampshire. |
| 1881 William W. Eaton, DHartford. 1885 Orville H. Platt, RMeriden. | 1883 Edward H. Rollins, RConcord. 1885 |
| 1881 Thos. F. Bayard, DWilmington. 1888 Eli Saulsbury, DKeuton. | 1881 Theo. F. Randolph, D Morristown. 1883 John R. McPherson, D Jersey City. |
| Florida. 1881 Charles W. Jones, DPensacola. 1885 Wilkinson Call, DJacksonville. | New York. 1881 Francis Kernan, D |
| Georgia | North Carolina. 1883 Matt. W. Ransom, D |
| 1883 David Davis, IndBloomington. 1885 John A. Logan, R | 1881 Allen G. Thurman, DColumbus. 1895 George H. Pendleton, DCincinnati. Oregon. |
| 1881 Jos. E. McDonald, DIndianapolis. 1885 Dan. W. Voorhees, DTerre Hautc. | 1883 Lafayette Grover, D |
| 1833 Samuel J. Kirkwood, R Iowa City. 1885 William B. Allison, R Dubuque. Kansas. | 1881 William A. Wallace, DClearfield. 1883 Jas, Donald Cameron, RHarrisburg. Rhode Island. |
| 1883 Preston B. Plumb, R Emporia. 1885 John J. Ingalis, R Atchison. Kentucky. | 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Providence, 1883 Heury B. Anthony, R Providence. South Carolina. |
| 1883 James B. Beck, DLexington. 1885 John T. Williams, DMt. Sterling. Louistana. | 1883 Manning C. Butler, D. Edgefield C. H. 1885 Wade Hampton, D. Columbia. |
| 1883 Wm. P. Kellogg, RNew Orleans. 1885 B. Frank Jonas, DNew Orleans. Maine. | 1881 James E. Bailey, D |
| 1881 Hannibal Hamlin, RBangor. 1883 James G. Blaine, RAugusta. Maryland. | 1881 Samuel B. Maxey, D. Paris. 1883 Richard Coke, D. Waco. |
| 1881 Wm. Pinkney Whyte, DBaltimore. 1885 James B. Groom, DElkton. Massachusetts. | 1881 George F. Edmunds, R Burlington. 1885 Justin S. Morrill, R Strafford. Virginia. |
| 1881 Henry L. Dawes, R Pittsfield. 1883 George F. Hoar, R Worcester. Michigan. | 1881 Robert E. Withers, D Wytheville, 1883 John W. Johnston, D Abingdon. West Virginia. |
| 1881 Isaac P. Christiancy, R Lansing. 1883 Thos. W. Ferry, R | 1881 Frank Hereford, D |
| 1881 Sam. J. R. McMillan, R St. Paul. 1883 William Windom, R Winona. | 1881 Angus Cameron, R La Crosse, 1885 Matt. H. Carpenter, R Milwaukee. |

| • |
|---|
| Mississippi. 1881 Blanche K. Bruce, R. Floreyville. 1883 Lucius Q. C. Lamar, D. Oxford. Missouri. |
| 1881 Francis M. Cockrell, DWarrensburg. 1885 George G. Vest, DSedalia. Nebraska, |
| 1881 Algernon S. Paddock, RBeatrice. 1883 Alvin Saunders, ROmaha. Nevada. |
| 1881 William Sharon, RVirginia City. 1885 John P. Jones, RGold Hill. New Hampshire. |
| 1883 Edward H. Rollins, R Concord. 1885 |
| 1881 Theo. F. Randolph, D Morristown. 1883 John R. McPherson, D Jersey City. New York. |
| 1881 Francis Kernan, D |
| 1883 Matt. W. Ransom, D |
| 1881 Allen G. Thurman, DColumbus. 1835 George H. Pendleton, DCincinuati. Oregon. |
| 1883 Lafayette Grover, D |
| 1881 William A. Wallace, DClearfield. 1885 Jas. Donald Cameron, RHarrisburg. Rhode Island. |
| 1881 Ambrose E. Burnside, R Providence, 1883 Henry B. Anthony, R Providence. |

meron, R.....La Crosse. Carpenter, R.... Milwaukee. Digitized by Google

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE-45TH CONGRESS, 1877-79.

The first-named Senator on each Committee is its Chairman.

Committee on Privileges and Elections.

B. Wadleigh, of N. H.
J. H. Mitchell, of Oregon.
Angus Cameron, of Wie.
S. J. R. McMillan, of Minn.
George F. Hoar, of Mass.
J. J. Ingalls, of Kan.
Eli Saulsbury, of Del.
A S. Merrimon, of N. C.
Benjamin H. Hill, of Ga.

Foreign Relations.

Hannibal Hamlin, of Me. Timothy O. Howe, of Wis. Roscoe Conkling, of N. Y. Stanley Matthews, of Ohio. S. J. Kirkwood, of Iowa. T. C. McCreery, of Ky. W. W. Eaton, of Conn. John W. Johnston, of Va. J. T. Morgan, of Ala.

Finance.

Justin S. Morrill, of Vt. Henry L. Dawes, of Mass. Thomas W. Ferry, of Mich. John P. Jones, of Nev. W. B. Allison, of Iowa. Thomas F. Bayard, of Del. Francis Kernan, of N. Y. W. A. Wallace, of Pa. D. W. Voorhees, of Ind.

Appropriations.

William Windom, of Minn. Aaron A. Sargent, of Cal. W. B. Allison, of Iowa. Stephen W. Dorsey, of Ark. James G. Biaine, of Me. Henry G. Davis, of W. Va. Robert E. Withers, of Va. W. A. Wallace, of Pa. James B. Beck, of Ky.

Commerce.

Roscoe Conkling, of N. Y. George E. Spencer, of Ala. S. J. R. McMillan, of Minn. John J. Patterson, of S. C. John P. Jones, of Nev. John B. Gordon, of Geo. George R. Dennis, of Md. Matt W. Ransom, of N. C. T. F. Randolph, of N. J.

District of Columbia.

S. W. Dorsey, of Ark. G. E. Spencer, of Ala. John J. Ingalls, of Kan. E. H. Rollins, of N. H. A. S. Merrimon, of N. C. William H. Barnum, of Ct. I. G. Harris, of Tenn.

Manufactures.

Edward H. Rollins, of N. H. A. E. Burnside, of R. I. J. D. Cameron, of Pa. John W. Johnston, of Va. J. R. McPherson, of N. J.

Agricultura.

A. S. Paddock, of Neb. William Sharon, of Nev. George F. Hoar, of Mass. Henry G. Davis, of W. Va. John B. Gordon, of Ga.

Military Affairs.

George E. Spencer, of Ala.
A. E. Burnside, of R. I.
B. Wadleigh, of N. H.
P. B. Plumb, of Kan.
J. D. Cameron, of Pa.
T. F. Randolph, of N. J.
Francis M. Cockrell, of Mo.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Texas.
M. C. Butler, of S. C.

Naval Affairs.

Aaron A. Sargent, of Cal. Henry B. Anthony, of R. I. Simon B. Conover, of Fla. James G. Blaine, of Me. William P. Whyte, of Md. J. R. McPherson, of N. J. C. W. Jones, of Fla.

Judiciary.

George F. Edmunds, of Vt. Roscoe Conkling, of N. Y. Timothy O. Howe, of Wis. I. P. Christiancy, of Mich. David Davis, of Ill. Allen G. Tuurman, of O. J. E. McDonald, of Ind.

Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

T. W. Ferry, of Mich. Hannibal Hamlin, of Me. A. S. Paddock, of Neb. Simon B. Conover, of Fla. S. J. Kirkwood, of Iowa. A. E. Burnside, of R. I. Eli Saulsbury, of Del. Samuel B. Maxey, of Tex. James E. Bailey, of Ten.

Territories.

John J. Patterson, of S. C. Jerome B. Chaffee, of Col. A. Saunders, of Neb. W. P. Kellogg, of La. A. H. Garland, of Ark. L. F. Grover, of Oregon. Frank Hereford, of W. Va.

Public Lands.

Richard J. Oglesby, of Ill. A. S. Paddock, of Neb. Newton Booth, of Cal. Jerome B. Chaffee, of Col. P. B. Plumb, of Kan. J. E. McDonald, of Ind. Charles W. Jones, of Fla. L. F. Grover, of Oregon. A. H. Garland, of Ark.

Private Land-Claims.

Allen G. Thurman, of O. Thomas F. Bayard, of Del. George F. Edmunds, of Vt. I. P. Christiancy, of Mich. L. F. Grover, of Oregon.

Indian Affairs.

William B. Allison, of In. Richard J. Oglesby, of Ill. John J. Ingalls, of Kau. A. Saunders, of Neb. T. C. McGreery, of Ky. Richard Coke, of Texas. James B. Eustis, of La.

Pensions.

John J. Ingalls, of Kan. Blanche K. Bruce, of Miss. S. J. Kirkwood, of Iowa. W. P. Kellogg, of La. Robert E. Withers, of Va. James E. Bailey, of Tenn. D. W. Yoorhees, of Ind.

Revolutionary Claims.

J. W. Johnston, of Va. Charles W. Jones, of Fla. Benjamin H. Hill, of Ga. Henry L. Dawes, of Mass. S. J. R. McMillan, of Minn.

Claims.

S. J. R. McMillan, of Minn. John H. Mitchell, of Or. Angus Cameron, of Wis. Henry M. Teller, of Col. George F. Hoar, of Mass. F. M. Cockrell, of Mo. Frank Hereford, of W. Va. I. G. Harris, of Tenn. J. T. Morgan, of Ala.

Mines and Mining.

William Sharon, of Nev. Jerome B. Chaffee, of Col. Newton Booth, of Cal. P. B. Plumb, of Kan. Frank Hereford, of W. Va. Richard Coke, of Tex. Benjamin H. Hill, of Ga.

COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE-(Continued).

Patents.

Newton Booth, of Cal. B. Wadleigh, of N. H. George F. Hoar, of Mass. Francis Kernan, of N. Y. W. W. Eaton, of Ct.

Railroads.

John H. Mitchell, of Or. Henry L. Dawes, of Mass. S. W. Dorsey, of Ark. H. M. Teller, of Col. A. Saunders, of Neb. Matt W. Ransom, of N. C. W. Windom, of Minn. S. Matthews, of Ohio. W. H. Barnum, of Ct. L. Q. C. Lamar, of Miss. D. H. Armstrong, of Mo.

Revision of the Laws of the United States. I. P. Christiancy, of Mich. S. Matthews, of Ohlo. David Davis, of Ill. W. A. Wallace, of Pa. Francis Kernan, of N. Y.

Education and Labor.
A. E. Burnside, of R. I.
John J. Patterson, of S. C.
Justin S. Morrill, of Vt.
Blanche K. Bruce, of Miss.
William Sharon, of Nev.
John B. Gordon, of Ga.
S. B. Maxey, of Texas.
James E. Bailey, of Tenn.
L. Q. C. Lamar, of Miss.

Civil Service and Retrenchment.

H. M. Teller, of Col. Richard J. Oglesby of Ill. John J. Patterson, of S. C. Newton Booth, of Cal. T. C. McCreery, of Ky. W. P. Whyte, of Md. James B. Beck, of Ky.

Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

J. P. Jones, of Nev. E. H. Rollins, of N. H. George R. Dennis, of Md.

Engrossed Bills.
T. F. Bavard, of Del.
Robert E. Withers, of Va.
11. B. Authony, of R. I.

Rules.

James G. Blaine, of Me. T. W. Ferry, of Mich. A. S. Merrimon, of N. C.

Public Printing.
H. B. Anthony, of R. I.
A. A. Sargent, of Cal.
W. Pinkney Whyte, of Md.

Enrolled Bills.
Simon B. Conover, of Fla.
A. S. Paddock, of Neb.
D. H. Armstrong, of Mo.

Joint Committee on the Library.

Timothy O. Howe, of Wis. George F. Edmunds, of Vt. Matt W. Ransom, of N. C.

Public Buildings and Grounds.

H. L. Dawes, of Mass. Justin S. Morrill, of Vt. J. D. Cameron, of Pa. Eli Saulsbury, of Del. James B. Eusiis, of La.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

On Mississippi Levees.

Blanche K. Bruce, of Miss. James G. Blaine, of Me. W. P. Kellogg, of La. Francis M. Cockrell, of Mo. I. G. Harris, of Tenn. Angus Cameron, of Wis. James B. Eustis, of La.

On Transportation Routes to the Sea-Board.

Angus Cameron, of Wis. William Windom, of Minn. Simon B. Conover, of Fla. J. D. Cameron, of Pa. Honry G. Davis, of W. Va L. Q. C. Lamar, of Miss, James B. Beck, of Ky. M. C. Butler, of S. C.

On the Civil Service-J. B. Chaffee, of Col. William Windom, of Minn. H. Hamlin, of Me. A. S. Merrimon, of N. C. William W. Eaton, of Ct.

On the Law for Ascertaining Result of Presidential Elections.

Geo. F. Edmunds, of Vt. R. Conkling, of N. Y. T. O. Howe, of Wis. S. J. R. McMillan. of Minn. H. M. Teller, of Col. David Davis, of Ill. T. F. Bayard, of Dcl. A. G. Thurman, of Obio. John T. Morgan, of Ala.

On the Reorganization of the Army.

A. E. Burnside, of R. I.
P. B. Plumb, of Kansas.
Samuel B. Maxey, of Tex.

On Accounts of the Treasury Department.

H. G. Davis, of W. Va. James B. Beck, of Ky. W. B. Allison, of Iowa. J. J. Ingalis, of Kan. J. D. Cameron, of Pa.

On the Relations between the United States and Mexico.

Roscoe Conkling, of N. Y. H. Hamlin, of Maine. T. O. Howe, of Wis. John P. Jones, of Nev. J. D. Cameron, of Pa. William W. Eaton, of Ct. Samuel B. Maxey, of Tex.

To make Provision for taking the Tenta Census.

Justin S. Morrill, of Vt. Aaron A. Sargent, of Cal. Angus Cameron, of Wis. Stanley Matthews, of Ohio. David Davis, of Ill. Francis Kernan, of N. Y. John T. Morgan, of Ala.

To Inquire into the late Presidential Election in Louisiana.

Geo. F. Edmunds, of Vt. W. B. Allison, of Iowa. J. J. Ingalls, of Kan. Geo. F. Hoar, of Mass. David Davis, of Ill. W. Pinkney Whyte, of Md. Charles W. Jones, of Fla.

On Violations of Rights of American Citizens at the Elections of 1878.

H. M. Teller, of Col.
Angus Cameron, of Wis.
S. J. Kirkwood, of Iowa.
Geo. F. Hoarsof Mass.
S. J. R. McMillan, of Minn.
T. F. Bayard, of Del.
W. A. Wallace, of Pa.
J. E. Bailey, of Tenn.
A. H. Garland, of Ark.

On Epidemic Diseases.

Isham G. Harris, of Tenn. Stanley Matthews, of Ohio. L. Q. C. Lamar, of Miss. A. S. Paddock, of Neb. S. R. Conover, of Fla. A. H. Garland, of Ark. James B. Eustis, of La.

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-45TH CONGRESS, 1877-79.

The first-named Representative on each Committee is its Chairman.

Elections.

John T. Harris, of Va. William M. Springer, of Ill. Milton A. Candler, of Ga. Jacob Turney, of Pa. Thomas R. Cobb, of Ind. Jer. N. Williams, of Ala. E. John Ellis, of La. John T. Wait, of Ct. J. M. Thornburgh, of Tenn. Hiram Price, of Iowa. Frank Hiscock, of N. Y.

Ways and Means.

Fernando Wood, of N. Y. J. Randolph Tucker, of Va. Milton Sayler, of O. W. M. Robbins, of N. C. Henry R. Harris, of Ga. Raudall L. Gibson, of La. James Phelps, of Ct. William D. Kelley, of Pa. James A. Garfield, of O. Horatio C. Burchard, of Ill. N. P. Banks, of Mass.

Appropriations.

J. D. C. Atkins, of Tenn. James H. Blount, of Ga. O. R. Singleton, of Miss. Hiester Clymer, of Pa. Abram S. Hewitt, of N. Y. Wm. A. J. Sparks, of Ill. Milton J. Durham, of Ky. Eugene Hale, of Me. Charles Foster, of O. A. Herr Smith, of Pa. John H. Baker, of Ind.

Banking and Currency.

A. H. Buckner, of Mo. Thomas Ewing, of O. A. A. Hardenbergh, of N. J. Jesse J. Ycates, of N. C. William Hartzell, of Ill. Hiram P. Bell, of Ga. E. Kirke Hart, of N. Y. Benj. T. Rames, of R. I. S. B. Chittenden, of N. Y. Greenbury L. Fort, of Ill. Wm. A. Phillips, of Kau.

Pacific Railroad.

J. w. Texas. R. W. Throckmorton, of Wm. R. Morrison, of Ill. John F. House, of Tenn. John K. Luttrell, of Cal. George M. Landers, of Ct. J. R. Chalmers, of Miss. J. B. Elam, of La. Chalmer, of Pa Charles O'Neill, of Pa. Henry W. Blair, of N. H. Lucien B. Caswell, of Wis. W. W. Rice, of Mass. Nathan Cole, of Mo. A. S. Hewitt, of N. Y.

Claims.

John M. Bright, of Tenn. Levi Warner, of Ct. Joseph J. Davis, of N. C. James B. Reilly, of Pa. H. L. Dickey, of O. Daniel M. Henry, of Md. D. N. Lockwood, of N. Y. T. J. Henderson, of Ill. C. C. Ellewooth of Mich C. C. Ellsworth, of Mich. S. D. Lindsey, of Me. H. J. B. Cummings, of Ia.

Commerce.

John H. Reagan, of Tex. William H. Felton, of Ga. C. B. Roberts, of Md. A. M. Bliss, of N. Y. Miles Ross, of N. J. David Rea, of Mo.
John E. Kenna, of W. Va.
Morton C. Hunter, of Ind.
Mark H. Dunnell, of Minn. Jay A. Hubbell, of Mich. E. Overton, of Pa.

Public Lands.

Wm. R. Morrison, of Ill. Benoni S. Fuller, of Ind. Lucien C. Gause, of Ark. H. B. Wright, of Pa. G. W. Hewitt, of Ala. William E. Smith, of Ga. John H. Ketcham, of N.Y. William F. Sapp, of Ia. Jeff. P. Kidder, of Dak.

Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

Alfred M. Waddell, of N.C. Wm. F. Slemons, of Ark. W. P. Caldwell, of Tenn. Hernan. D. Money, of Miss. D. C. Giddings, of Tex. William W. Garth, of Ala. Joseph G. Cannon, of Ill. Chapman Freeman, of Pa. Andrew Williams, of N. Y. Amos Townsend, of O. John K. Luttrell, of Cal.

District of Columbia.

Jos. C. S. Blackburn, of Ky. Eppa Hunton, of Va. Eli J. Henkle, of Md. Hiester Clymer, of Pa Stephen L. Mayham, of N.Y. Gabriel Bouck, of Wis. George W. Hendee, of Vt. William Claffin, of Mass. Lorenzo Brentano, of Ill. Horace Davis, of Cal. R. W. Townshend, of Ill.

Judiciary.

J. Proctor Knott, of Ky. Wm. Pitt Lynde, of Wis. John T. Harris, of Va. William S. Stenger, of Pa. John A. McMahon, of O. D. B. Culberson, of Tex. William F. Frye, of Maine. Benj. F. Butler, of Mass Omar D. Conger, of Mich. Elb. G. Lapham, of N. Y. William H. Forney, of Ala.

War-Claims.

John R. Eden, of Ill. George C. Cabell, of Va. James B. Reilly, of Pa. John W. Caldwell, of Ky. Charles M. Shelley, of Ala. William D. Veeder, of N.Y. Addison Oliver, of Ia. Milton S. Robinson, of Ind. P. D. Wigginton, of Cal.
John M. Thompson, of Pa.
J. Warren Keifer, of O.
Thomas J. Majors, of Neb.
B. F. Martin, of West Va.

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Public Expenditures. Robert A. Hatcher, of Mo. William Hartzell, of Ill. Chas. B. Benedict, of N. Y. A. L. Pridemore, of Va. Ebenezer B. Finley, of O. Van H. Manning, of Miss. R. H. M. Davidson, of Fla. William H. Baker, of N. Y. Ed. W. Keightley, of Mich. Theodore W. Burdick, of la. Thomas M. Bayne, of Pa.

Private Land-Claims Thomas M. Gunter, of Ark. Wm. P. Caldwell, of Tenn. James Williams, of Del. Gabriel Bouck, of Wis R. W. Townshend, of Ill. Thomas Turner, of Ky. Dudley C. Denison, or Vt. John H. Starin, of N. Y. J. H. McGowan, of Mich. Richard H. Cain, of S. C. Geo. A. Bicknell, of Ind.

Manufactures.

Hendrick B. Wright, of Pa. George C. Dibrell, of Tenn. Levi Warner, of Ct. Benjamin Wilson, of W.Va. Carter H. Harrison, of Ill. R. M. H. Davidson, of Fla. Robert F. Ligon, of Ala. Thos. B. Peddie, of N. J. Anthony Ittner, of Mo. Thomas F. Tipton, of Ill. William J. Bacon, of N. Y.

Agriculture.

Aug. W. Cutler, of N. J. John M. Glover, of Mo. John M. Giover, of Mo. James W. Covert, of N. Y. C. Wyatt Alken, of S. C. A. L. Pridemore, of Va. Ebenezer B. Finley, of O. Walter L. Steele, of N. C. Nathanial C. Dagging of Is. Nathaniel C. Deering, of Ia. Philip C. Hayes, of Ill. Lewis F. Watson, of Pa William H. Calkins, of Ind.

Indian Affairs.

Alfred M. Scales, of N. C. Andrew R. Boone, of Ky. Charles E. Hooker, of Miss. Charles H. Morgan, of Mo. Charles H. Morgan, of Mo. J.W. Throckmorton, of Tex. Thomas M. Gunter, of Ark. George M. Beebe, of N. Y. Horace F. Page, of Cal. Nelson H. Van Vorhes, of O. M. I. Townsend, of N. Y. J. H. Stewart, of Minn. S. S. Fenn, of Idaho.

Military Affairs. Henry B. Banning, of O. Levi Maish, of Pa. James Williams, of Del. George G. Dibrell, of Tenn. A. A. Clark, of N. J. John H. Evins, of S. C. Edward S. Bragg, of Wis. Horace B. Strait, of Minn. Harry White, of Pa. Anson G. McCook, of N. Y. Benjamin F. Marsh, of Ill.

Militia.

Miles Ross, of N. J. Alfred M. Scales, of N. C. Eli J. Henkle, of Md. Frank Jones, of N. H. David B. Culberson, of Tex. Thomas Turner, of Ky. William H. Calkins, of Ind. Solomon Bundy, of N. Y. I. Newton Evans, of Pa. Roberts Smalls, of S. C. John S. Young, of La.

Naval Affairs. W. C. Whitthorne, of Tenn. John Goode, of Va. Benjamin A. Willis, of N.Y. Frank Jones, of N. H. Leopold Morse, of Mass William Kimmell, of Md. Benj. W. Harris, of Mass. Lorenzo Danford, of O. Alfred C. Harmer, of Pa. John Hanna, of Ind. T. T. Crittenden, of Mo.

Foreign Affairs.

Thomas Swann, of Md. Samuel S. Cox, of N. Y And. H. Hamilton, of Ind. William H. Forney, of Ala. Samuel A. Bridges, of Pa. Benj. Wilson, of W. Va. James Monroe, of O. Chas. G. Williams, of Wis. William W. Crapo, of Mass. John W. Killinger, of Pa. Jos. H. Acklen, of La.

Territories.

Benj. J. Franklin, of Mo. Hay. Y. Riddle, of Tenn. Jacob Turney, of Pa. Jas. Taylor Jones, of Ala. H. L. Muldrow, of Miss. Leopold Morse, of Mass George A. Bagley, of N. Y. William Aldrich, of Ill.
Thomas B. Reed, of Maine. Henry S. Neal, of O. M. Maginnis, of Montana. J. E. Cravens, of Atk.

Revolutionary Pensions.

L. A. Mackey, of Pa. Richard P. Bland, of Mo. E. John Ellis, of La. Chas. B. Benedict, of N. Y. Walter L. Steele, of N. C. B. F. Martin, of W. Va. William Kimmel, of Md.

Geo. W. Patterson, of N. Y. Mills Gardner, of O I. Newton Evans, of Pa. Amasa Norcross, of Mass.

Invalid Pensions. Americus V. Rice, of O. Americus v. Akce, of O. Gold, W. Hewitt, of Ala. Hay. Y. Riddle, of Tenn. William Walsh, of Md. Levi A. Mackey, of Pa. James W. Covert, of N. Y. C. H. Sinnickson, of N. J Joseph H. Rainey, of S. C. Charles H. Joyce, of Vt. Llewellyn Powers, of Mainc. L. S. Metcalfe, of Mo.

Railway and Canals. George C. Cabell, of Va Thos. T. Crittenden, of Mo. Charles M. Shelley, of Ala. James A. McKenzie, of Ky. Nicholas Muller, of N. Y. A. A. Clark, of N. J. James L. Evans, of Ind. John I. Mitchell, of Pa. John H. Camp, of N. Y. George C. Hazleton, of Wis. Walter L. Steele, of N. C.

Mines and Mining. George M. Beebe, of N. Y. Joseph J. Davis, of N. C. William H. Felton, of Ga. Francis D. Collins, of Pa. Andrew R. Boone, of Ky. David Rea, of Mo.
Jas. Taylor Jones, of Ala.
Thomas Wren, of Nevada.
Jas. H. Randolph, of Tonn. W. S. Shallenberger, of Pa. John W. Stone, of Mich. Hiram S. Stevens, of Arizo.

Education and Labor. John Goode, Jr., of Va. Benoni S. Fuller, of Ind. Milton I. Southard, of O. A. S. Willis, of Ky. John M. Bright, of Tenn. Hiram P. Bell, of Ga. Van H. Manning, of Miss. George B. Loring, of Mass. Jacob M. Campbell, cf Pa J. N. Hungerford, of N. Y. Dudley C. Haskell, of Kan.

Revision of the Laws of the United States. William Walsh, of Md.
Gilbert C. Walker, of Va.
Richard P. Bland, of Mo.
George A. Bicknell, of Ind.
Hilary A. Herbert, of Als.
A. S. Willis, of Ky. Rush Clark, of Ia.
Wm. McKinley, Jr., of O.
E. K. Hart, of N. Y.
Jos. H. Acklen, of La. Thomas Ryan, of Kan.

Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

Alex. H. Stephens, of Ga. Levi Maish, of Pa. Robert B. Vance, of N. C. John B. Clark, Jr., of Mo. R. M. Knapp, of III. H. L. Muldrow, of Miss. John B. Clarke, of Ky. Mark S. Brewer, of Mich. Thomas Ryan, of Kan. J. W. Dwight, of N. Y.

Patents.

Robert B. Vance, of N. C. John B. Clarke, of Ky. William E. Smith, of Ga. D. Wyatt Aiken, of S. C. R. W. Townshend, of Ill. Aug. W. Cutler, of N. J. William Ward, of Pa. H. M. Pollard, of Mo. James F. Briggs, of N. H. Edwin Willits, of Mich. Benjamin Dean, of Mass.

Public! Buildings and Grounds.

Philip Cook, of Ga.
Casey Young, of Tenn.
Benj. J. Franklin, of Mo.
Archibald M. Bliss, of N.Y.
Francis D. Collins, of Pa.
R. F. Ligon, of Ala.
James A. McKenzie, of Ky.
Joseph C. Stone, of Ia.
H. L. Humphrey, of Wis.
John S. Jones, of O.
William Lathrop, of Il.

Accounts.

Charles B. Roberts, of Md. John A. McMahon, of O. J. R. Chalmers, of Miss. Henry W. Blair, of N. H. Thomas A. Boyd, of Ill.

Mileage.

Thomas R. Cobb, of Ind. Anthony Eickhoff, of N.Y. Namuel A. Bridges, of Pa. Lorenzo Danford, of O. Milton S. Robinson, of Ind.

Expenditures in the State Department.

Wm. M. Springer, of Ill. S. L. Mayham, of N. Y. Mark H. Dunnell, of Minn. Thomas M. Bayne, of Pa. Benjamin Deau, of Mass. Thos. Turner, of Ky. Solomon Bundy, of N. Y.

Expenditures in the Treasury Department.

John M. Glover, of Mo. Henry R. Harris, of Ga. Wm. H. Forney, of Ala. Lucien C. Gause, of Ark. Wm. D. Veeder, of N. Y. H. L. Dickey, of O. George A. Bagley, of N. Y. Michael D. White, of Ind. Joseph Jorgensen, of Va.

Expenditures in the War Department.

Jos. C. S. Blackburn, of Ky. Milton A. Candler, of Ga. Americas V. Rice, of O. Benj. T. Eads, of R. I. H. L. Dickey, of O. Thos. B. Reed, of Me. John M. Bailey, of N. Y.

Expenditures in the Navy Department.

Benj. A. Willis, of N. Y. W. C. Whitthorne, of Tenn. John S. Carlisle, of Ky. Horace F. Page, of Cal. Jay A. Hubbell, of Mich. A. L. Pridemore, of Va. R. Williams, Oregon.

Expenditures in the Post-Office Department.

Jer. N. Williams, of Ala. John W. Caldwell, of Ky. Lewis F. Watson, of Pa. Curtis H. Brogden, of N.C. J. B. Clerk, Jr., of Mo. W. McKinley, of O.

Expenditures in the Interior Department.
Wm. A. J. Sparks, of Ill.
Wm. M. Robbins, of N. C.
D. L. Luckwood, of N. Y.
Addison Oliver, of Ia.
Edwin Willits, of Mich.
T. M. Patterson, of Col.
T. C. Pound, of Wis.

Expenditures on Public Buildings.

William P. Lynde, of Wis-Jesse J. Yeates, of N. C. Wm. F. Slemons, of Ark, William S. Stenger, of Pa. Amasa Norcross, of Mass. Rich, Williams, of Oregon. John M. Bailey, of N. Y.

Expenditures in the Department of Justice.

Edward S. Bragg, of Wis. Milton J. Durham, of Ky. John R. Eden, of Ill. A. A. Hardenberg, of N. J. John H. Bvins, of S. C. Nicholas Muller, of N. Y. Omar D. Conger, of Mich. John T. Wait, of Ct.

Mills Gardner, of O. Geo. D. Robinson, of Mass. John S. Young, of La.

On Rules.

The Speaker.
Alex. H. Stephens, of Ga.
Milton Sayler, of O.
Nath. P. Banks, of Mass.
James A. Garfield, of O.

Printing.

Otho R. Singleton, of Miss. Anthony Eickhoff, of N.Y. Latimer W. Ballou, of R. I.

Enrolled Bills.

And. H. Hamilton, of Ind J. B. Elam, of La. John E. Kenna, of W. Va. Nelson H. Van Vorhes, of O. Joseph H. Rainey, of S. C.

Library.

Samuel S. Cox, of N. Y. Chas. E. Hooker, of Miss. Eugene Hale, of Maine.

SELECT COMMITTEES.

Reform in the Civil Service.

Carter H. Harrison, of Ill. Philip Cook, of Ga. William W. Garth, of Ala. Jordan E. Cravens, of Ark. Daniel M. Henry, of Md. Charles H. Morgan, of Mo. J. D. Cox, of Ohio. Amaziah B. James, of N.Y. J. Howard Pugh, of N. J. Leonidas Sexton, of Ind. C. N. Potter, of N. Y.

Mississippi Levees.

E. W. Robertson, of La. Robert A. Hatcher, of Mo. Ilernan, D. Money, of Miss, H. Casey Young, of Tenn. R. M. Knapp, of Ill. George M. Landers, of Ct. Benj. F. Martin, of W. Va. Russell Errett, of Pa. Thaddeus C. Pound, of Wis. Geo. D. Robinson, of Mass, Horatio Bisbee, Jr., of Fla.

On the Revision of the Laws Regulating the Counting of the Electoral Votes for President and Vice-President.

Milton I. Southard, of O. Rppa Hunton, of Va. C. N. Potter, of N. Y. John F. House, of Tenn. George A. Bicknell, of Ind. Illiary A. Herbert, of Ala. John G. Carlisle, of Ky.

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-(Continued).

Benj. F. Butler, of Mass. Thomas M.Browne, of Ind. Curtis H. Brogden, of N.C. Ezekiel S. Sampson, of la.

On Alleged Frauds in the Late Presidential Election.

C. N. Potter, of N. Y.
Wm. R. Morrison, of Ill.
Eppa Hunton, of Va.
Wm. S. Stenger, of Pa.
John A. McMahon, of O.
W. M. Springer, of Ill.
J. S. C. Blackburn, of Ky.
Jacob D. Cox, of O.
Benj. F. Butler, of Mass.
Thos. B. Reed, of Me.
Frank Hiscock, of N. Y.

To Inquire into the Causes of the Present Depression of Labor.

Abram S. Hewitt, of N.Y. II. Y. Riddle, of Tenn. Henry L. Dickey, of O. John R. Tucker, of Va. J. M. Thompson, of Pa. Wm. W. Rice, of Mass. Thomas A. Boyd, of Ill.

On the Census.

Samuel S. Cox, of N. Y. R. Q. Mills, of Texas. Robert F. Ligon, of Ala. William E. Smith, of Ga. John G. Carlisle, of Ky. Robert A. Hatcher, of Mo. Latimer W. Ballou, of R. I. Joseph Jorgensen, of Va. Thomas Ryan, of Kan. Richard Williams, of Or. Alvah A. Clark, of N. J.

On Reorganization of the Army.

Henry B. Banning, of O. Geo. G. Dibrell, of Tenn. Edward S. Bragg, of Wis. Horace B. Strait, of Minn. Harry White, of Pa.

On Transfer of Indian Bureau.

Alfred M. Scales, of N. C. Andrew R. Boone, of Ky. Chas. E. Hocker, of Miss. N. H. Van Vorhes, of O. Jacob H. Stewart, of Minn.

On the Ventilation of the Hall.

Casey Young, of Tenn.
James M. Covert, of N. Y.
Chas. M. Shelley, of Ala.
John G. Carlisle, of Ky.
Benj. F. Butler, of Mass.
Addison Oliver, of Ia.
John W. Stone, of Mich.

On Epidemic Diseases in the United States.

Casey Young, of Tenn. Randail L. Gibson, of La. Chas. E. Hooker, of Miss. John Goode, of Va. Leopold Morse, of Mass. James A. Garfield, of O. Alfred C. Harmer, of Pa. S. B. Chittenden, of N. Y.

Table of Representatives in Congress re-elected to the next succeeding Congress, 1789-1879.

[Compiled from the full lists of members of each Congress in the Political Register and Congressional Directory, by B. P. Poore, Boston, 1878.]

| - | Congres | SSES. | Re- elected. | Not re- elected. | | Congress | ES. | Re- elected. | Not re- elected. |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1st 2d 3d 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th | Congress 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 4 | 1793-95 1793-95 1795-97 1797-99 1799-1801 1801-3 1808-5 1805-7 1807-9 1809-11 1811-18 | 87 45 65 60 72 58 72 95 95 92 88 82 97 | 28 25 43 54 54 55 36 54 57 69 69 | 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st 32d 33d 34th 35th 36th | Congress, | 1685-87 1837-39 1839-41 1841-43 1843-45 1845-47 1847-49 1849-51 1851-58 1858-55 1856-57 1857-59 | 105 103 99 98 86 93 116 115 75 | 115 125 112 179 126 185 136 131 143 141 122 120 165 |
| 14th 15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st 22d 23d | 44 44 48 48 44 44 44 | 1815-17 1817-19 1819-21 1821-23 1823-25 1825-27 1827-29 1829-81 1851-38 | 64 103 89 108 129 129 115 125 108 139 | 133 92 111 91 91 94 104 98 108 119 | 37th 38th 39th 40th 41st 42d 48d 44th 45th | 66 66 66 66 66 61 | 1861-63 1863-65 1865-67 1867-69 1869-71 1871-78 1873-75 1875-77 1877-79 | 66 94 111 122 117 194 118 153 155 | 129 93 87 121 126 120 181 189 188 |

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

EXECUTIVE MANSION.

| Office. | NAME. | Whence Appointed. | Date of Commission. | Salary. |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| President of the U. S Private Secretary | Rutherford B.Hayes W. K. Rogers | Ohio Minnesota | March 4, 1877 March 4, 1877 | \$50,000 8,500 |
| | DEPARTMENT | OF STATE. | | |
| Secretary of State Assistant Secretary Second Assist. Secretary | William M. Evarts. | New York | March 12, 1877 | 8,000 |
| Second Assist Secretary | Fred' W. Seward | New York | March 16, 1877 | 8,500 8,500 |
| Third Assistant Secretary | Charles Payson | Mass | June 11, 1878 | 8,500 |
| Third Assistant Secretary Chief Clerk Examiner of Claims | Sevellon A. Brown Henry O'Conner | New York Iowa | Ang. 7, 1878 Feb. 9, 1872 | 2,500 8,500 |
| | TREASURY DEPA | | | |
| Secretary of the Treasury. Assistant Secretary Assistant Secretary Chief Clerk. Solicitor of the Treasury. Supervising Architect. | John Sherman | Ohio | March 8, 1877 | 8.000 |
| Assistant Secretary | John B. Hawley | Illinois | Dec. 6, 1877 | 4,500 4,500 |
| Chief Clerk | J. K. Upton | N. Hampshire | May 1, 1877 | 2,700 |
| Solicitor of the Treasury | Kenneth Rayner | N. Carolina | June 30, 1877 | 4,500 |
| Supervising Architect Chief of Bureau of Engrav- | James G. Hill | Massachus'ts. | Aug. 11 1876 | 4,500 |
| Chief of Bureau of Engrav- ing and Printing. Ch'f of Bureau of Statistics Chief of Warrant Division. Ch'f of Appointment Div'n Director of the Mint. First Comptroller. Second Comptroller. Commissioner of Customs Register of the Treasury. First Auditor. Second Auditor. Third Auditor. | Orsamus H. Irish | Nebraska | Oct. 1, 1878 | 4,500 |
| Ch'f of Bureau of Statistics | Joseph Nimmo, Jr | New York | Sept. 1, 1878 | 2,400 |
| Chief of Warrant Division | Joseph T. Power | Pennsylvania Obje | July 1, 1875 | 2,750 2,500 |
| Director of the Mint | R. E. Preston, Act'g | Tennessee | may 0, 1010 | 4,500 |
| First Comptroller | Albert G. Porter | Ind | Mar. 8, 1878 | 5,000 |
| Second Comptroller | William W. Upton | Oregon | Sept. 26, 1877 | 5,000 4,000 |
| Register of the Treasury | Glenni W. Scoffeld. | Pennsylvania. | April 1, 1878 | 4,000 |
| First Auditor | Robert M. Reynolds | Alabama | April 18, 1878 | 8,600 |
| Second Auditor | Ezra B. French | Maine | Aug. 8, 1861 | 8,600 8,600 |
| Fourth Auditor | Stephen J.W. Tabor | Iowa | May 19, 1863 | 8,600 |
| Fifth Auditor | Jacob H. Ela | N. Hampshire | Dec. 19, 1871 | 8.600 |
| Transport of the IT S | Jacob M. McGrew | Connecticut | July 1, 1875 | 8,600 6,000 |
| Assistant Treasurer | Albert U. Wyman | Nebraska | June 6, 1877 | 8,600 |
| Compt'r of the Currency | John Jay Knox | New York | April 24, 1872 | 5,000 |
| Third Auditor. Fifth Auditor. Sixth Auditor. Sixth Auditor. Sixth Auditor. Assistant Treasurer of the U.S. Compt'r of the Currency. Com. of Internal Revenue. Solic'r of Internal Revenue. | Green B. Raum Charles Cheslev | Illinois N. Hampshire | Aug. 2, 1876 Oct. 13, 1871 | 6,000 4,500 |
| Chairman of Light-House | | n | | • |
| Board | John Kodgers | Dist. of Col | June 23, 1878 | 4,000 |
| Assist. in Charge of Office | Julius E. Hilgard | Illinois | April 1, 1878 | 4,200 |
| Board | John M. Woodworth | Illinois | March 13, 1875 | 4,000 |
| DE | PARTMENT OF T | HE INTERIC | R. | |
| | | | | 8,000 |
| Assistant Secretary | Alonzo Bell | New York | April 9, 1877 | 8,500 |
| Secretary of the Interior Assistant Secretary Chief Clerk Asst. Attorney-General | Geo. M. Lockwood. Edgar M. Marble | New York Michigan | April 10, 1877 March 80, 1877 | 2,500 5,000 |
| | General Land | | | |
| CommissionerChief Clerk | Jas. A. Williamson. Uri J. Baxter | Iowa Michigan | June 26, 1876 April 1, 1867 | 4,000 2,000 |
| · | Pension Off | ce. | • | |
| CommissionerChief Clerk | John A. Bentley | Wisconsin | March 28, 1876 | 8,600 2,000 |

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—(Continued). Patent Office.

| Office. | Nane. | Whence Appointed. | Date of Commission. | Salary. |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| Commissioner Assistant Commissioner Chief Clerk | Helbert F Poins | Wisconstn | Oct 91 1000 | 94 500 |
| Assistant Commissioner | W W Dockette | Winnesote | Tules 10 1000 | \$4,500 |
| Chief Clark | T A Socier | Donneylvonio | April 10, 1070 | 8,000 |
| Chief Cierk | D I B Clarks | Tome | April 10, 1077 | 2,250 |
| Framinans in chief | V D Stockbridge | Maino | April 19, 1008 | 8,000 |
| Examinera-in-cine) | H H Rotes | New York | April 99 1977 | 8,000 |
| | | New Tolk | April 20, 1011 | 8,000 |
| | EXAMINERS. | | | l |
| Chemistry, Class B Sewing Machines and Tex- | Thomas Antisell | l | ĺ | , |
| official Gazette of the Pa- | Wm. H. Appleton | | i . | ' ' |
| tent Office | John W. Babson | Maine | 1877 | 1,800 |
| rine Arts | william Burke | Pennsylvania. | Dec. 1, 1868 | 2,500 |
| Calorifics - Stoves and | | l | | |
| Lamps Leather - working Ma- | B. R. Catlin | New York | May 2, 1871 | 2,500 |
| chinery and Products Metal Working, Class A Metal Working, Class B | J P Chanman | Obio | June 1, 1872 | 2,500 |
| Metal Working, Class A. | J. B. Church | Dist of Col | July 10, 1877 | 2,500 |
| Metal Working, Class B. | S. W. Stocking | New York | July 9, 1868 | 2,500 |
| Hydraulics and Pneu- | or we becoming | | 0, 1000 | ~,000 |
| Hydrauncs and Phenmatics. Chemistry, Class A. Agriculture. Printing and Stationery. Steam Engineering. Plastics, Ceramics, etc. Agricultural Products. Civil Engineering. Harvesters and Mills. Carriages. Wagons and | J. B. Durnall | Colorado | Oct. 1, 1872 | 2,500 |
| Chemistry, Class A | R. G. Dyrenforth | Illinois | May 1, 1871 | 2,500 |
| Agriculture | Oscar C. Fox | Ohio | May 1, 1871 May 23, 1870 | 2,500 |
| Printing and Stationery | Frank L. Freeman | Mass | Oct. 1, 1872 | 2,500 |
| Steam Engineering | Frank Fowler | Dist. of Col | Oct. 1, 1872 July 1 1869 | 2,500 |
| Plastics, Ceramics, etc | B. S. Hedrick | N. Carolina | April 10, 1861 May 21, 1861 | 2,500 |
| Agricultural Products | J. W. Jayne | Pennsylvania. | May 21, 1861 | 2,500 |
| Civil Engineering | B. W. Pond | Maine | Aug. 7, 1877 | 2 500 |
| Harvesters and Mills | Jos. G. Parkinson | Main | Aug. 7, 1877 June 1, 1869 | 2,500 |
| Carriages, Wagons and | | ł | | 1 |
| Cars Mechanical Engineering Household Fire Arms, Navigation, | Henry P. Sanders | New York | May 15, 1867 | 2,500 |
| Mechanical Engineering | Albin Schoepf | Maryland | March 14, 1866 | 2,500 |
| Household | | | | 2,500 |
| Fire Arms, Navigation, | | | | |
| Wood-working, etc Philosophical | W. A. Bartlett | New York | Dec. 1, 1875 | ¥,500 |
| Philosophical | H. C. Townsend | maine | May 9, 1877 | 2,500 |
| Builders'Hardware, Locks, | A C William | a | T-1- 4 4004 | |
| etc | A. G. Wilkinson | Connecticut | July 1, 1864 | 2,500 |
| Examine of Interferences | Zenas F. Wilber | Unio. | May 1, 1877 | 2,500 |
| Trade-Marks and Labels . | | | May 1, 1875 | 2,250 |
| ~ | Indian Office | e. | | |
| Commissioner | E. A. Hayt | New York | Sept. 1877 Feb. 4, 1879 | 8,000 |
| Chief Clerk | | | Feb. 4, 1879 | 2,000 |
| Commissioner of Educa | Bureau of Educ | cation. | | |
| Commissioner of Educa- | John Eston | Tennessee | March 18 1990 | 8,000 |
| Chief Clerk | Charles Warren | Illinois | Oct. 1, 1870 | 1,500 |
| Office Older | Charles Warren | | 1, 1010 | 1,000 |
| P | OST-OFFIÇE DEP. | ARTMENT. | | |
| Postmaster-General | David M. Kev | Tennessee | March 12, 1877 | 8,000 |
| Chief Clerk | W. A. Knapp | Ohio | Aug. 22, 1876 | 2,200 |
| First Assistant Postmas- | | | 3. 3.9 20.0 | 1 -, |
| ter-General | James N. Tvner | Indiana | March 16, 1877 | 8,500 |
| | | | | |
| master-General Third Assistant Post- | Thomas J. Brady | Indiana | July 24, 1876 | 8,500 |
| Third Assistant Post- | | 1 | ,, | -, |
| master-General | Abraham D. Hazen. | Pennsylvania. | June 7, 1877 | 8,500 |
| | | | | |
| Mails | Jos. H. Blackfan | New Jersey | July 28, 1868 | 3,000 |
| Mails | ·I | 1 | 1 | ! " |
| eral for Post-Umce De- | 1 | | 1 | į |
| partment | Alfred A. Freeman. | Tennessee | May 1, 1877 | 4,000 |
| Superintendent of Money- | at a Day | 1.0 | l | |
| Order System | unas. r. Macdonald. | Mass | July 1, 1865 | 8,000 |
| | | | • | |

WAR DEPARTMENT.

| Office. | Name. | Whence Appointed. | Date of Commission. | Salary. |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Secretary of War | Geo. W. McCrary H. T. Crosby | | | \$8,000 2,500 |
| Adjutant-General { Asst. Adjutant-General Chief Clerk | Brig. Gen. E. D. \ Townsend\ Col. R. C. Drum R. P. Thian | Mil. Academy Pennsylvania. New York, | Feb. 22, 1869 | 5,500 8,500 2,000 |
| Inspector-General { Quartermaster-General. { Chief Clerk | Brig. Gen. R. B.) Marcy | Mil. Academy | May 15, 1861 | 5,500 5,500 2,000 |
| Paymaster-General Chief Clerk | Brig. Gen. B. Alvord G. D. Hanson | Mil. Academy Dist. Col | July 22, 1876 Sept. 16, 1877 | 5,500 2,000 |
| Commissary-General { Chief Clerk | Brig. Gen. R. Mc- } Feeley } Richard M. Hanson | Mil. Academy Dist. Col | April 14, 1875 July 1, 1871 | 5,500 2,000 |
| Surgeon-General $\Big\}$ | Brig. Gen. J. K.) Barnes | Pennsylvania. | Aug. 22, 1864 | 5,500 |
| Assistants | Col. Chas. H. Crane Maj. J.J. Woodward Maj. Jno. S. Billings Capt. Geo. A. Otis Samuel Ramsey | Pennsylvania. Ohio Mass'chusetts | June 26, 1876 Dec. 2, 1876 Feb. 28, 1866 | 3,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000 |
| Judge-Advocate General { Chief Clerk | Brig. Gen. Wm. } McKee Dunn } Thomas Duke | Indiana Army | | |
| Chief of Engineers { | Brig. Gen. A. A. } Humphreys } | Mil. Academy | Aug. 8, 1866 | 5,500 |
| Assistant in charge of Public Buildings and Grounds | Lt. Col. T. L. Casey | | | 1 |
| Chief Signal Officer | Col. Albert J. Myer Alexander Ashley | New York Pennsylvania. | July 28, 1866 July 1, 1874 | |
| Chief of Ordnance | Brig Gcn. S. V.) Benét Valentine McNally. | Mil. Academy Mass'chusetts | June 23, 1874 Dec. 11, 1871 | |

Brief History of the Standard Silver Dollar.

Authorized to be coined, Act of April 2, 1792. Weight, 416 grains, standard silver; fineness, 892.4: equivalent to 371½ grains of fine silver, with 44½ grains alloy of pure copper.

Weight changed, Act of January 18, 1837, to 412½ grains, and fineness changed to 900, preserving the same amount of pure silver = 371½ grains, with 15 alloy.

Coinage discontinued, Act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, from 1792 to 1878, \$8,045,888.

Coinage revived, two million dollars per month required to be coined, and issue made legal-tender for all debts, public and private, Act of February 28, 1878.

Total amount coined, February 28, 1878, to December 31, 1878, \$22,495,550.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

| OFFICE. | NAME. | Whence Appointed. | Date of Commission. | Salary. |
|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Secretary of the Navy Chief Clerk Acting Judge-Advocate Chief of Burcau of ! | R. W. Thompson John W. Hogg Capt. W. B. Reney. | | | \$8,000 2,500 2,500 |
| Yards and Docks (Chief of Bureau of Navi-) | Com. R. L. Law | Indiana | July 1, 1878 | 5,000 |
| gation | Com. W.D. Whiting | | Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. | 4,000 |
| Chief of Bureau of Ord- | Com.W.N.Jeffers. | District of Columbia | } April 10, '73 | 3,500 |
| Chief of Bureau of Pro- | P. G. Geo. F. Cutter | | | 4,400 |
| Chief of Bureau of Med- | Sur. Gen. J. W. Taylor | New Jersey | Oct. 21, 1878 | 3,500 |
| Chief of Bureau of Equip- | Capt. Earl English. | | | 4,000 |
| ment and Recruiting. { Chief of Bureau of Con- | Chief Constructor (| District of | Apl. 28, 1877 | 3,500 |
| struction and Repair (| J. W. Easby S Engineer - in - Chief | Columbia | | 1 Landau |
| Steam-Engineering (| William H. Shock | | Feb. 26, 1877 | 4,000 |
| Commandant of Navy (Yard, Washington) | Commodore John C. Febiger | | Oct. 10, 1876 | 4,000 |
| | Navy Pay | Office. | | |
| Paymaster | J. A Smith | Maine | Nov. 7, 1878 | 4,400 |
| | Marine Cor | ps. | | |
| Commandant MarineCorps | Colonel Charles G McCawley | Lontstone | Nov. 1, 1870 | 8,500 |
| In charge Marine Barracks | Major Charles Hev | -1 | 1 | i ' |
| | wood | | . Nov. 1, 1876 | 2,500 |
| Superintendent | Naval Obser | | 2 1 | |
| Professors | Rear-Admiral John Rodgers | New York | Ang. 24 186 | 8,509 8,000 8,000 |
| · | Nautical Alı | | ., | |
| Superintendent | Professor Simon Newcomb | 1 | Sept. 21, 1861 | 8,500 |
| | Signal Of | Ace. | | |
| In charge | Commodore John C Beaumont | Pennsylvania | June 14, 1874 | 4,000 |
| | Hydrographi | | 13540.4000 | |
| Hydrographer | • - | | May 10, 1878 | 4,00 |
| | DEPARTMENT O | Mags chugatt | s March 12, 187 | 7 8,00 |
| Attorney-General | Charles Devens Samuel F. Phillips Edwin B. Smith Thomas Simons George C. Wing Alexander J. Bentley | N. Carolina Maine New York Ohio | Nov. 15, 187 Aug. 28, 187 May 28, 187 July 1, 187 June 10, 186 | 7,00 5 5,00 5 5,00 8 2,20 |
| Solicitor-General. Assistant Attorney-Gen'l. Assistant Attorney-Gen'l. Chief Clerk. Law Clerk. | Charles Devens Samuel F. Phillips Edwin B. Smith Thomas Simons George C. Wing Alexander J. Bentley EPARTMENT OF | N. Carolina Maine New York Ohio | May 28, 187 July 1, 187 June 10, 186 | 7,00 5 5,00 5 5,00 8 2,20 |

JUDICIARY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Supreme Court of the United States.

| _ | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|
| | Appointed D | ate of mission. Salary. |
| Mr. Chief Justice Waite | | |
| Mr. Justice Clifford | | |
| Mr. Justice Swayne | | |
| Mr. Justice Miller | | |
| Mr. Justice Field | | |
| | | |
| Mr. Justice Strong | | 18, 1870 10,000 |
| Mr. Justice Bradley | | |
| Mr. Justice Hunt. | | |
| Mr. Justice Harlan | KentuckyNov. | 29, 1877 10,000 |
| Clerk.—D. W. Middleton | IllinoisIndiana | 1863 |
| First Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— | Justice Clifford, of F | ortland, Maine. Dis- |
| | | |
| Maine. | Massachuset | te. |
| Maine, New Hampshire. | Massachuset Rhode Islan | • |
| New Hampshire, | Rhode Islan | đ. |
| • | Rhode Islan | đ. |
| New Hampshire, | Rhode Islan on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1878. fr. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern No | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, | Rhode Islan on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1878. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern No. Eastern New | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, | Rhode Islan on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1878. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern No. Eastern New | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1878. fr. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern Ne Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern Ne Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Ph | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern Ne Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Ph Western Per | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern N. Eastern Net , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Pi Western Pet Delaware. | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern N. Eastern Net , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Pi Western Pet Delaware. | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Becond Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Bastern Pennsylvania, Circuit Judge.—Wm. McKennan, W | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern Ne Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Ph Western Per Delaware. Vashington, Pa., Dec. 22, | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern New Eastern New , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Ph Western Per Delaware. Vashington, Pa., Dec. 22, Chief Justice Waite. | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Becond Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Bastern Pennsylvania, Circuit Judge.—Wm. McKennan, W | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. fr. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern No Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Pi Western Per Delaware. Vashington, Pa., Dec. 22, Chief Justice Waite. I North Car | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Second Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, Circuit Judge.—Wm. McKennan, W Fourth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Maryland, West Virginia, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern N. Eastern New , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Pi Western Pet Delaware. Vashington, Pa., Dec. 22, Chief Justice Waite. I North Can Western) | d |
| New Hampshire, Circuit Judge.—John Lowell, Bost Becond Judicial Circuit.—M tricts of— Vermont, Connecticut, Northern New York, Circuit Judge.—Samuel Blatchford Third Judicial Circuit.—Mr. tricts of— New Jersey, Bastern Pennsylvania, Circuit Judge.—Wm. McKennan, W Pourth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Maryland, | Rhode Islam on, Mass., Dec. 18, 1873. ir. Justice Hunt, of Uti Southern Ne Eastern Nev , New York City, Mar. 4, Justice Strong, of Pi Western Pet Delaware. Vashington, Pa., Dec. 22, Chief Justice Waite. North Ca Western) stricts), South Caro | d |



JUDICIARY OF THE UNITED STATES.

| Fifth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice 1 | Bradley, of Newark, N. J. Districts |
|---|---|
| Georgia (Northern and Southern), Northern Florida, Southern Florida, Northern, Middle, and Southern Alabama, Circuit Judge.—William B. Woods, Atlanta, | Mississippi (Northern & South'n), Louisiana, Eastern Texas. Western Texas. Ga., Dec. 22, 1865 |
| Sixth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice Sy | vayne, of Columbus, Ohio. Districts |
| of— Northern Ohio, Southern Ohio, Eastern Michigan, Western Michigan, Circuit Judge.—John Baxter, Knoxville, Ten | Kentucky, · Eastern, Middle, and Western Tennessee. n. Dec. 13, 1877 |
| Seventh Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice | Harlan, of Louisville, Ky. Districts |
| of— Indiana, Northern Illinois, Southern Illinois, Circuit Judge.—Thomas Drummond, Winfiel | Eastern Wisconsin, Western Wisconsin, d, Ill., Dec. 22, 1860 |
| Eighth Judicial CircuitMr. Justic | e Miller, of Keokuk, Iowa. Dis- |
| tricts of— Minnesota, Iowa, Eastern Missouri, Western Missouri, Circuit Judge.—John F. Dillon; Davenport, I | Kansas, Eastern Arkansas, Western Arkansas, Nebraska. owaDec. 22, 1869\$6,000 |
| Ninth Judicial Circuit.—Mr. Justice | Field, of San Francisco, Cal. Dis- |
| tricts of— California, Oregon, Circuit Judge.—Lorenzo Sawyer, San Francis | Nevada. |
| United States Court | of Claims |
| Appointed from | |
| Charles D. Drake, Chief Justice Missouri. Charles C. Nott New Yorl William A. Richardson Massachu J. C. Bancroft Davis New Yorl William H. Hunt Louisians | |
| | _ |

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

| | Date of (| commission. | Balary. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| CHIEF-JUSTICE.—David K. Cartter, Ohio | March | 11, 1968 | \$4,500 |
| Justices.—Andrew Wylie, D. C | March | 18. 1863 | 4.000 |
| David C. Humphries, Ala | May | 13, 1870 | 4.000 |
| Arthur MacArthur, Wis | July | 15, 1870 | 4.000 |
| Alexander B. Hagner, Md | Jan. | 21, 1878 | 4.000 |

JUDGES OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS.

| Districts. | Name. | RESIDENCE. | DATE OF COMMISSION. | SAL- ARY. | |
|---|---|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| ALABAMA: | Taba Dana | | E-L ON 100F | | |
| ARKANSAS : | John Bruce | montgomery | reb. 27, 1875 | \$ 3,500 | |
| Eastern District | Henry C. Caldwell | Little Rock | June 30, 1864 | 3,500 | |
| Western " | Henry C. Caldwell Isaac C. Parker | Fort Smith | Mar. 24, 1875 | 8,500 | |
| CALIFORNIA | Ogden Hoffman Moses Hallett Nathaniel Shipman Edward G. Bradford | San Francisco | Feb. 27, 1851 | 5,000 | |
| COLORADO | Moses Hallett | Denver | Jan. 20, 1877 | 8,500 | |
| CONNECTICUT | Nathaniel Shipman | Hartford | April 17, 1873 | 3,500 | |
| DELAWARE FLORIDA: | Edward G. Bradford | wilmington | Dec. 12, 1871 | 8,500 | |
| Northern District | Thomas Settle | Jacksonville | Jan. 30, 1877 | 8,500 | |
| Southern " | Thomas Settle James W. Locke | Key West | Feb. 1, 1872 | 8,500 | |
| GEORGIA: | | | | -, | |
| _ (Two Districts) | John Erskine | Atlanta | Jan. 22, 1866 | 8,500 | |
| Illinois: | TT TT TO 1 | on t | T 44 4000 | 4 000 | |
| Northern District. | Henry W. Blodgett | Chicago | Jan. 11, 1870 | 4,000 | |
| INDIANA | Welter () Greenem | Indiananolis | Dec 91 1960 | 8,500 8,500 | |
| Towa | James M. Love | Keokuk | Jan. 11, 1870 Mar. 8, 1855 Dec. 21, 1869 Feb. 21, 1856 | 8.500 | |
| Kansas | Henry W. Blodgett Samuel H. Treat Walter Q. Gresham James M. Love Cassius G. Foster Bland Ballard Edward C. Billings Edward Fox William F. Giles Thomas L. Nelson | Atchison | Mar. 10, 1874 | 8,500 8,500 | |
| KENTUCKY | Bland Ballard | Louisville | Jan. 22, 1862 | 8,500 | |
| LOUBIANA | Edward C. Billings | New Orleans | Feb. 10, 1876 | 4,500 | |
| MAINE | Edward Fox | Portland | May 31, 1866 | 8,500 | |
| MARYLAND | Thomas L. Nelson | Worderton | Jan. 11, 1854 | 4,000 | |
| MICHIGAN: | I nomas Ļ. Neison | w orcester | Jan. 10, 1879 | 4,000 | |
| Eastern District | Henry B. Brown | Detroit | Mar. 19, 1875 | 8,500 | |
| Western " | Henry B. Brown Solomon L. Withey | Grand Rapids | Mar. 11, 1863 | 8,500 | |
| MINNESOTA: | Rensselaer R. Nelson | St. Paul | June 1, 1858 | 3,500 | |
| MISSISSIPPI | - · · · · · · | 0.0.1 | 35 4 4000 | | |
| (Two Districts) | Robert A. Hill | Oxiora | May 1, 1866 | 8,500 | |
| Missouri: | Samuel Treet | St Lonie | Mer 2 1857 | 8,500 | |
| Western " | Arnold Krekel | Jefferson City | Mar. 31, 1865 | 8,500 | |
| NEBRASKA | Samuel Treat | Falls City | Mar. 3, 1857 Mar. 31, 1863 April 9, 1868 Dec. 21, 1869 July 27, 1866 April 28, 1871 | 8,500 | |
| Nevada | Edgar W. Hillyer | Carson City | Dec. 21, 1869 | 3,500 | |
| NEW HAMPSHIRE. | Daniel Clark | Manchester | July 27, 1866 | 8.500 | |
| NEW JERSEY | John T. Nixon | Trenton | April 28, 1871 | 4,000 | |
| NEW YORK : | William J. Wallace | Quenonas | April 7, 1874 | 4,000 | |
| | William G. Choate | | | 4,000 | |
| Eastern " | Charles L. Benedict | Brooklyn | Mar. 9, 1865 | 4,000 | |
| NORTH CAROLINA : | | _ | · . | · · | |
| Eastern District | George W. Brooks Robert P. Dick | Elizabeth City. | Jan. 22, 1866 | 8,500 | |
| Western " | Robert P. Dick | Greensboro | June 7, 1872 | 8,500 | |
| Onio: | Martin Walker | Wooster | Nov 95 1979 | 8.500 | |
| Southern " | Martin Welker Philip B. Swing | Ratavia | Mar. 20, 1871 | 4,000 | |
| Oregon | Matthew P. Deady | Portland | Mar. 9, 1859 | 8,500 | |
| PENNSYLVANIA: | • | | | | |
| Rastern District | <u></u> | | | 4,000 | |
| Western " | Winthrop W. Ketcham. John P. Knowles George S. Bryan | Pittsburgh | June 26, 1876 | 4,000 | |
| RHODE ISLAND | Guerra & Brunn | Charleston | Jan. 24, 1870 Mar 19 1986 | 3,500 3,500 | |
| TENNESSEE: | George S. Dijan | Charleswii | mai. 12, 1000 | 0,000 | |
| Rest. & Mid. Dist. | Connally F. Trigg | Bristol | July 17, 1862 | 3,500 | |
| Western District. | Connally F. Trigg Eli S. Hammond | Memphis | June 17, 1878 | 8,560 | |
| T=+ 10 . | | | | | |
| Eastern District | Amos Morrin | Galveston | Feb. 5, 1872 | 8,500 | |
| western " | Amos Morriti Thomas H. Duval Hoyt H. Wheeler | Jamaice | Mar. 3, 1857 Mar. 16, 1877 | 3,500 | |
| Vermont Virginia : | Hoyt H. Wileeler | vamarca | mar. 10, 10// | 3,500 | |
| Kastern District | Robert W. Hughes. | Norfolk | Jan. 14, 1874 | 8,500 | |
| Western " | Alexander Rives | Charlottesville | Feb. 6, 1871 | 8,500 | |
| WEST VIRGINIA | Robert W. Hughes Alexander Rives John J. Jackson, Jr | Parkersburg | Aug. 8, 1861 | 8,500 | |
| WISCONSIN: | | 1 | | | |
| *************************************** | A1 1 TO TO | | | | |
| Eastern District | Charles E. Dyer Romanzo E. Bunn | Racine | Feb. 10, 1875 Oct. 80, 1877 | 8,500 8,500 | |

DIPLOMATIC SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Register of the Department of State, December, 1878.]

| COUNTRY. | Name and Rank. | Resi- dence. | Whence Appoint- | Date of Commis- sion. | Sal- ary. |
|------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| Argentine Den | Thomas O. Osborn, Min Res. | Puonos A | TIL | Feb. 10 174 | 67 E00 |
| Aust'ia-H'ngary | John A. Kasson, * E. E. & M. P. John F. Delaplaine, Sec. Leg. Wm. C. Goodloe, Min. Res S. Newton Pettis, M. R. & C. G. H. W. Hilliard, E. E. & M. P. John C. White, Sec. Leg. | Vienna | Iowa. | June 11, '77 | \$7,500 |
| Relgium | Wm C Goodlee Min Res | Brussels | N. Y. | Mor 4 78 | 1,800 7,500 |
| Bolivia | S. Newton Pettis. M. R.& C. G. | La Paz. | Pa | Sept. 4, '78 | 5,000 |
| Brazil | H. W. Hilliard, E. E. & M.P. | Rio de J. | Ga | July 31, '77 | 12,000 |
| | John C. White, Sec. Leg | Rio de J. | Ill | June 28, '78 | 1,800 |
| CentralAmeri-) | | İ | 16 | NO POLITICISM | |
| Costa Rica | | | 1 2 | LINCH CHARLE | |
| Guatemala, } | George Williamson, Min. Res. | Guatemal | La | May 17, '73 | 10,000 |
| Honduras, | | | 1 | | |
| Nicaragua, Salvador | | 1 6 | o de | 1/12/06 | |
| Chili | Thos. O. Csborn, E.E. & M.P. | Santiago. | Kans. | May 31, '77 | 10,000 |
| China | Geo. F. Seward, E.E.& M.P. | Peking | Cal | Jan. 7, '76 | 12,000 |
| C.F. | Chest. Holcombe, Sec. & Int. | Peking | | Aug. 15, '76 | 5,000 |
| Colombia Denmark | Geo. F. Seward, E. E. & M. P. Chest. Holcombe, Sec. & Int. Ernest Dichman, Min. Res. Mich. J. Cramer, Chargé d'Af. Edw. F. Noyes, E. E. & M. P. | Copenh 'n | Wis | June 15, 78 | 7,500 5,000 |
| France | Edw. F. Noyes, E E.&M.P | Paris | Ohio. | July 1, '77 | 17,500 |
| | Edw. F. Noyes, E E. & M.P Robert R. Hitt, Sec. of Leg Henri Vignaud, 2d Sec. of Leg | Paris | Ill | Dec. 15, '74 | 2,625 |
| C | Henri Vignaud, 2d Sec. of Leg | | | Dec. 14, '75 | 2,000 |
| Germany | H. Sidney Everett, Sec. of Leg. | Berlin | Maga | Aug. 1, '77 | 17,500 2,625 |
| | Chanman Coleman 2d S Leg | Rorlin | Ma | Mosr Q 7741 | 2,000 |
| Great Britain | John Welsh, E. E. & M. P Wm. J. Hoppin, Sec. of Leg. E. S. Nadal, 2d Sec. of Leg John Meredith Read, Ch. d'Af. Lames M. Comply, Min. Per | London | Pa | Nov. 9, '77 | 17,500 |
| | Wm. J. Hoppin, Sec. of Leg. | London | N.Y. | June 22, '76 | 2,625 |
| Greece | John Meredith Read Ch d'Af | Athens | N. J. | June 8, '77 Aug. 15, '76 | 2,000 5,000 |
| Hawaiian Is'lds | James M. Comly, Min. Res | Honolulu. | Ohio. | July 1, '77 | 7,500 |
| Hayti | James M. Comly, Min. Res John M.Langston, M.R.&C.G. | Portau P. | D. C. | Sept. 28, '77 | 7,500 |
| Italy | Geo. P. Marsh. E. E. & M. P. | Rome | Vt. | Mar 20 '61 | 12,000 |
| Japan | Geo. W Wurts, Sec. of Leg John A. Bingham, E. E. & M. P. | Yedo | Ohio. | April 16, '69 May 31, '73 | 1,800 12,000 |
| | | | | | 2,500 |
| | David Thompson, Interpreter John H. Smyth, M.R. & C.G. John W. Foster, E.E. & M.P. | Yedo | Ohio. | Nov. 18, '74 | 2,500 |
| Liberia, Mexico | John H. Smyth, M.R.&C.G. | Monrovia | N. C. | July 12, '78 Mar. 17, '73 | 4,000 |
| MCAICO | Daniel S. Richardson, Sec. Leg. | Mexico | Cal. | July 28, 75 | 1.800 |
| Netherlands | James Birney, Min. Res | T'eHague | Mich. | Jan. 10, '76 | 7,500 |
| Paraguay and | T-1 - 0 0 11 11 00 11 10 | | 11-20-00-000 | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | |
| Uruguay | Richard Cibbs F F & M B | Montevid. | Me | Aug. 15, '76 | 5,000 |
| Portugal | John C. Caldwell, Ch. d'Aff Richard Gibbs, E. E. & M. P Benj. Moran, Chargé d'Aff E. W. Stoughton, E. E. & M. P Wickham Hoffman, Sec. Leg. James R. Lowell, E. E. & M. P | Lisbon | Pa. | April 9, 75 | 5,000 |
| Russia | E. W. Stoughton, E.E. & M.P. | St. Peters. | N.Y. | Oct. 30, '77 | 17,500 |
| | Wickham Hoffman, Sec. Leg. | St.Peters. | N. Y. | May 31, '77 | 2,625 |
| Spain | Dwight T Pood See of Log | Madrid | Mass. | June 11, '77 | 12,000 |
| | | | | | 7,500 |
| witzerland | John L. Stevens, Min. Res Nichola Fish, Chargé d'Aff Horace Maynard, Min. Res | Berne | N. Y. | June 20, '77 | 5,000 |
| Turkey | Horace Maynard, Min. Res | Constanti | Tenn. | Mar. 9, '75 | 7.500 |
| 5 1 | G. H. Heap, Sec. of Leg. and Consul-General | Constanti | ra | July 12, 78 | 3,000 |
| | A. A. Gargiulo, Interpreter | Constanti | | July 1, '73 | 3.000 |
| Venezuela | Jehu Baker, Min. Res | Caracas | Ill | Mar. 4, '78 | 7,500 |

^{*} Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Register of the Department of State, December, 1878.]

| Country, and Date of Presentation. | NAME. | Rank. | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| ARGENTINE REPUBLIC. | Sefior Don Manuel R. Garcia | * E. E. and M. P. | | |
| March 16, 1869. Austria-Hungary October 26, 1875. | Count Ladislas Hoyos | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| BELGIUM | Mr. Maurice Delfosse | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| BRAZILOctober 9, 1871. | Councillor A. P. de Carvalho Borges. | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| CHINASeptember 28, 1878. | Chen Lan Pin | E. E. and M. P. Ass't. E. E. and M. P. Minister Resident. | | |
| March 21, 1876. DENMARK | Mr. J. H. de Hegermann-Lin- | ł | | |
| December 8, 1875. FRANCE February 23, 1877. | Mr. Max Outrey | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| GERMANY | Mr. Kurd Von Schlözer | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| GREAT BRITAIN February 7, 1868. | The Right Honorable Sir Edward Thornton, K. C. B. | | | |
| October 25, 1872. | Señor Don Vicente Dardon Mr. Elisha H. Allen | 1 | | |
| January 14, 1870. Harti. | Mr. Stephen Preston | } | | |
| February 18, 1873. | Baron Albert Blanc | 1 | | |
| November 12, 1875. | Jushie Yoshida Kiyonari | | | |
| December 18, 1874. MEXICO | Señor Don Manuel M. de Zama- | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| NETHERLANDS April 27, 1875. | Mr. de Pestel | Minister Resident. | | |
| Paraguay December 7, 1877. | Dr. Don Benjamin Aceval | | | |
| October 8, 1878. | Viscount das Nogneiras Mr. Nicholas Shishkin | | | |
| October 29, 1875. SALVADOR. | Señor Don V cente Dardon | | | |
| February 13, 1874. | Señor Don Felipe Mendez Vigo. | | | |
| February 8, 1879. SWEDEN AND NORWAY. | Count Carl Lewenhaupt | E. E. and M. P. | | |
| May 8, 1876. TURKEY October 14, 1873. | Gregoire Aristarchi Bey | l | | |
| VENEZUELA | Señor Don Juan B. Dalla Costa. | E. E. and M. P. | | |

^{*} Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary.

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE.

The following table includes all consuls, consuls-general, and commercial agents of the United States, the amount of whose compensation reaches \$1000, or upwards, annually. By the act of June 1st, 1874, the salaried consulates are divided into seven classes, besides other subdivisions, with specific fixed salaries for each, as follows:

| Five consulates | at | \$5,000 | Twenty-one | consulates | at | 33,000 |
|-----------------|----|---------|--------------|------------|----|--------|
| Two " | at | 5,000 | Sixteen | 44 | at | 2,500 |
| One consulate | at | 4,500 | Thirty-seven | ۰۰ | at | 2,033 |
| Six consulates | at | 4,000 | Forty-seven | " | at | 1,500 |
| Eight " | at | 8,500 | Eighteen | 46 | at | 1,000 |

By law, all consuls receiving a fixed salary are required to pay into the Treasury, without reduction, all fees received by virtue of their offices. At other consulates and consular agencies the fees collected form the sole compensation of the incumbent, which, however, is limited in the case of consular agents to a maximum of \$1000, and such agents are usually allowed to transact business. Consuls whose salaries do not exceed \$1500, and from whose consulates without the agencies fees are paid into the Treasury to the amount of \$9000 a year, are compensated at \$2000 a year. The compensation of the feed consuls is limited to \$2500. If the fees exceed that sum, such consuls can pay clerk-hire from the fees received at the consulate when specially authorized, but not otherwise. The column of fees shows the amount of fees received at each consulate and agency from which returns have been made for the year ending December 31st, 1876.

From the Register of the Department of State, December, 18.7.

CONSULS OF THE UNITED STATES.

C.A. means Commercial Agent; C.G., Consul-General; C.C., Consular Clerk.

| PLACE. | NAME. | STATE. | Date Appointed. | Salary. | Fees in 1877. | |
|------------------------------|---|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Argentine Republic. | | | | | | |
| Buenos Ayres | Edward L. Baker | m | Jan. 8, 74 | \$3,000 | \$3,393 10 | |
| Austria-Hun- gary. | | | | | | |
| Prague Trieste Vienna | Charles A. Phelps Alex. W. Thayer P. Sidney Post, C. G. | Mass N. Y Ill | Feb. 22, 77 Nov. 1, '64 June 17, '74 | 2,000 2,000 8,000 | 8,010 57 2,072 46 5,615 50 | |
| Barbary States. | | İ | | | | |
| TanglerTunis | Felix A. Mathews George W. Fish | Cal Mich | July 9, 770 July 13, 78 | 8,000 8,000 | 13 00 15 00 | |
| Belgium. | | | | | | |
| Antwerp | James Riley Weaver. John Wilson George C. Tanner | 'Pa | Jan. 18, '72 | 2,500 | 2,842 10 2,675 01 656 50 | |
| Brazil. | | | | | | |
| Bahia | Richard A. Edes Asa C. Prindle Andrew Cone John L. Frisbie Thomas Adamson | N. Y Pa Mich | Aug. 6, '78 July 24, '78 July 8, '78 | 1,000 2,000 1,000 | 984 69 1,671 60 1,135 97 547 63 7,211 65 | |
| Chili. Talcahuano Valparaiso | William Crosby | Ohio | Mar. 11, '75 | 1,000 8,000 | 558 89 1,518 81 | |

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE-(Continued).

| | | | | | , |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| PLACE. | Name. | STATE. | Date Appointed. | Salary. | Fees in 1877. |
| China. | | | | | |
| AmoyCantonChin-Kiang | Joseph J. Henderson Charles P. Lincoln | 1 | | \$3,500 3,500 8,500 | \$3,059 61 525 62 586 18 |
| Foo-Chow | M. M. De Lano | Col | April 20, '69 June 8, '75 Nov. 3, '76 | 8,500 | 788 61 |
| Hankow | Isaac F. Shenard | Мо | Nov. 3, 76 | 1,500 3,500 | 1,186 20 |
| Ningpo | K.B. Lee, Interpreter Isaac F. Shepard Edward C. Lord | N.Y | Mar. 18, 67 | 3,500 | 179 59 |
| Shanghai | O. B. Bredford, C. C. | Pa. | May 27 '67 | 5,000 1,200 | 9,299 77 |
| " | D. B. McCarteeInt | Ohio | Aug. 9, '77 | 2,000 | |
| Tien-Tsin | Edward C. Lord | Oregon. | May 1, '77 June 8, '75 | 3,500 2,000 | 218 89 |
| Colombia, U.S. of | Will. 14. 1 conick, 1110. | | 0 und 0, 10 | , | • |
| Agninwall | James Thorington | Iowa | May 27 173 | 8,000 | 8 877 90 |
| Panama | James Thorington Owen M. Long Elias P. Pellet | in | April 7, '69 | 8,000 | 3,877 29 1,967 50 |
| | Elias P. Pellet | N. Y | June 17, '74 | 1,000 | 2,504 45 |
| Denmark, &c. | | | | | |
| Copenhagen | Henry B. Ryder Voluey V. Smith | A =1= | April 7, 74 | 1,500 2,500 | 197 39 1,425 22 |
| St. Thomas | voincy v. Smith | A18 | April 12, 73 | 2,000 | 1,420 22 |
| Ecuador. | Phanor M. Eder | Novedo | A 15 178 | 1,000 | 974 00 |
| | rhanor M. Eder | Nevaua | Aug. 15, 70 | 2,000 | 214 00 |
| France and Do- minions. | | | | | |
| Algiers | C M Military C C | c | Jan. 8, '70 | Fees. | • • • • • • • • • • • |
| Bordeaux | C. F. ThirionC. C. Benj. Gerrish, Jr J. P. Vendroux, Agt. | И. Н | Jan. 8, '70 Oct. 24, '73 | 1,200 2,500 | 6,126 78 |
| Calais | J. P. Vendroux, Agt. | | Oct. 24, '73 Mar. 21,'63 | | 1,255 85 |
| CognacGnadaloune | Benj. Gerrish, Jr J. P. Vendroux, Agt. Thos. P. Smith, Agt. Chas. Bartlett John A. Bridgland Benj. F. PeixottoC. | Ме | Aug. 23, '73 Mar. 12, '78 Oct. 7, '78 | Fees. | 1,539 50 1,197 55 |
| Havre | John A. Bridgland | Ind | Oct. 7, 78 | 3,000 | 6,593 47 |
| Marseilles | John B. Gould | Me. | Feb. 14, '78 June 11, '78 | 2,500 2,500 | 8,317 00 2,902 47 |
| Martinique | Walter H. Garfield | Mass | Nov. 13, '77 | 1,500 | 1,815 26 |
| Nantes Nice | Geo. Gifford William H. Vesey | Me D. C | 1 Oct 1 '701 | 1,000 1,500 | 480 50 |
| Paris | Lucius Fairchild | W 18 | IMAV 22. 781 | 6,000 | 40,778 50 |
| RheimsSt. Etienne | A. Gonverneur Gill Wm. F. Grinnell | N. Y | Mar. 1, '67 | Fces. Fees. | 1,892 50 1,528 50 |
| Friendly Isl'ds. | | | | | 2,000 00 |
| | Thomas M. Dawson. | Cal | April 10, '78 | 1,000 | 152 02 |
| Germany. | | | | • | 200 0.0 |
| Aix la Chapelle | James T. Du Bois Edgar Stanton H. Kreismann, C. G. Ed. P. McLean, C. C. Wilson King Williams, C. Fox. Nathan K. Griggs Geo. E. Bullock Bret Harte C. A. | Pa | Nov. 2. 177 | Fees. | 1,881 50 |
| Barmen | Edgar Stanton | <u>I</u> II | Jan. 13, '75 | 2,000 | 7,576 00 |
| Berlin | Ed. P. McLean, C. C. | N. Y | June 17, '74 Nov. 18, '70 | 4,000 1,200 | 6,164 00 |
| Bremen | Wilson King | Pa | Feb. 25, '70 | 2,500 | 2,690 50 |
| Brunswick | Williams C. Fox | Mo | Mar. 28, '76 Aug. 5, '76 | Fees. 2,000 | 2,085 50 9,195 00 |
| Cologne | Geo. E. Bullock | Ind | Aug. 3, 10 | 2,000 | 1,452 50 |
| Crefeld Dresden | Bret HarieC. A. Joseph T. Mason Alfred E. Lee. C. G. | Cal | May 6, 78 Mar. 8, 76 | Fees. 2,500 | 8,507 50 8,844 00 |
| Frankfort | Alfred E. Lee. C. G. | Ohio | April 5, '77 | 3,000 | 3.158 50 |
| Geestemunde | Wolfgang Schoenle John M. Wilson | Ohio | Mar. 5, '78 Feb. 25, '76 | Fees. | 2,096 99 |
| Hamburg Kehl | II. Schwartzmann | | April 30, '721 | 2,500 | 5,393 98 1,115 50 |
| Leipzig Mannheim Mayence | L. Schwartzmann John H. Steuart | Pa | Sent 9 '70 | 2,000 | 5,266 50 |
| Mayence | Edward M. Smith August Heidelberger | | | \$1,500 | \$1,753 50 2,352 00 |
| Munich | G.Henry Horstmann | Pa | April 19, '69 | 1,500 | 1,038 50 4,161 5 0 |
| Sonneberg | Henry J. Winser | N.J. | Mar. 81, '71 April 16, '69 | 2,000 2,000 | 4,161 50 8,925 50 |
| Stettin | G.Henry Horstmann James M. Wilson Henry J. Winser Leop. Burckhardt Joseph S. Potter | Ohio | Mar. 26, '78 | 1,000 | 247 95 |
| orungari | Joseph S. Potter | mass | mar. 11, 75 | 1,500 | 1,741 50 |

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE—(Continued).

| | | | 1 | | Acceptable of |
|------------------------|---|--------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| PLACE. | NAME. | STATE. | Date Appointed. | Salary. | Fees in 1877. |
| Great Britain | | | | 111111 | Si Jours of |
| and Dominions. | | | | | \$ 500 Days |
| Auckland | Geo. W. Rosevelt Woodb'ry H. Polleys James M. Donnan. | Pa | Mar. 23, '73 | \$1,500 | \$642 05 |
| Barbadoes | Woodb'ry H. Polleys | N. Y | June 19, '78 | 1,500 | 3,210 01 |
| Belfast | James M. Donnan. | Va | May 12, '73 | 2,500 | 9.047 93 |
| Belleville, Canada | William D. Fuller Chas. M. Allen Eugene Schuyler Charles O. Shepard. | | Dec. 4, '76 | ****** | 1,235 00 |
| Bermuda | Chas. M. Allen | N. Y | Aug. 7, '61 | 1,500 | 1,736 73 |
| Birmingham | Eugene Schuyler | N. Y | July 10, '78 | 2,500 | 4.652 50 |
| Bradford | Charles O. Shepard. | N. Y | June 6, '77 | 3,000 | 11,435 00 |
| Bristol | Theodore Canisius | Ill | Jan. 13, '75 | 1,500 | 1.276 35 |
| Brockville | A. C. Litchfield, C.G. W. W. Edgecomb William Wirt Sikes. William Morey David M. Dunn W. McCutchen, Agt. | | May 4, '75 | | 1,112 50 |
| Calcutta | A. C. Litchfield, C.G. | Mich | May 23, '71 | 5,000 | 5,933 75 |
| Cape Town | W. W. Edgecomb | Me | April 19, '71 | 1,500 | 669 32 |
| Cardiff | William Wirt Sikes. | N. Y | June 8, '76 | 2,000 | 2,171 75 |
| Ceylon | William Morey | Me | Aug. 9, '77 | 1,000 | |
| Charlottet'n, P. E. I. | David M. Dunn | Ind | Mar. 15, '71 | 1,500 | 1,065 11 |
| Chatham, Canada | W. McCutchen.Agt. Robert S. Chilton Edwin Vaughan | | Sept. 11, '76 | | 976 50 |
| Clifton | Robert S. Chilton | D. C | Feb. 2, '71 | 1,500 | 446 50 |
| Coaticook | Edwin Vaughan | N. H | April 16, '69 | 2,000 | 5,607 50 |
| Cork | Lowis Richmond | RI | Mov 17 75 | 2,000 | 911 02 |
| Demerara | Philip Figyelmesy | D. C | Jan. 30, '65 | 3,000 | 2,067 80 |
| Dublin | Ben. H. Barrows | Nebr | Feb. 25, '76 | 2,000 | 1,531 26 |
| Dundee | Philip Figyelmesy Ben. H. Barrows M. McDougall Henry R. Myers | N. Y | Aug. 2, '71 | 2,000 | 6,479 41 |
| Dunfermline | Henry R. Myers | Ala | July 2, '78 | Fces. | 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000 |
| Fort Erie, | Andrew C. Phillips | Me | April 16, '69 | 1,500 | 755 50 |
| Gaspé Basin | Andrew C. Phillips George H. Holt Horatio J. Sprague Samuel F. Cooper Emanuel Newell Act | N. Y | April 17, '71 | 1,000 | No Fees. |
| Gibraltar | Horatio J. Sprague | Mass | May 12, '48 | 1,500 | 1,080 67 |
| Glasgow | Samuel F. Cooper | Iowa | Aug. 5, '76 | 3,000 | 8,831 77 |
| Greenock | Emanuel Newell, Agt Warren A. Worden, A Mortimer M. Jackson | | May 15, '73 | 1,500 | 985 14 |
| Guelph, Canada | Warren A. Worden, A | N. Y | Nov. 21, '77 | | 1 833 00 |
| Halifax | Mortimer M.Jackson | Wis | Aug. 1, '61 | 2,000 | 2.301 70 |
| Hamilton, Canada | Frank Leland | Wis | . Feb. 7, '78 | 2,000 | 2,301 70 1,285 75 |
| Hong-Kong | John S. Mosby | Va | Aug. 28, '78 | 4,000 | 13,426 92 |
| Huddersfield | C. W. Whitman, Agt. | | Feb. 7, '77 | | 1,832 50 |
| Hull | Joseph Atkinson | | Dec. 23, '73 | | 1,832 50 1,841 77 |
| Kingston, Canada | M. H. Twitchell | La | April 1, '78 | 1,500 | 526 50 |
| Kingston, Jamaica. | George E. Hoskinson | Wis | Dec. 20, '75 | 2,000 | 3,211 99 |
| Lauthala, F. I | G. W. Griffin C.A. | Kv | Mar. 6, '78 | 1,000 | 69 88 |
| Leeds | Alfred V. Dockery | N. C. | Feb. 18, '78 | 2,000 | 1,232 00 |
| Leicester | J. Barber Haxby, Agt. | | Nov. 16, '69 | | 1.465 00 |
| Leith | John T. Robeson | Tenn . | July 9, '70 | 2,000 | 1.766 08 |
| Liverpool | Stephen B. Packard | La | May 22, '78 | 6,000 | 1,766 08 40,244 84 |
| London | Adam Badeau C.G. | N. Y | April 28, '70 | 6,000 | 38,159 98 |
| London, Canada | Wm. F. Blake, Ag't. | | . April 18, '72 | | 1,554 25 |
| Mahé (Seychelles) | Thomas T. Prentis. | Vt | Dec. 19, '71 | 1,500 | 189 30 |
| Manchester | Albert D. Shaw | N.Y | . April 24, '78 | 3,000 | 14,305 00 |
| Melbourne | Oliver M. Spencer | Iowa | June 4, '76 | 4,500 | 2,190 00 |
| Montreal | John Q. Smith, C.G. | Ohio | Feb. 18, '78 | 4,000 | 3,600 03 |
| Napanee, Canada | W. V. Detlor | | | | 1,174 50 |
| Nassau | T. J. McLain, Jr | Ohio | Dec. 14, '77 | 2,000 | 1,409 72 |
| Newcastle | Evan R. Jones | Wis | April 16, '69 | 1,500 | |
| Newcastle, N. S. W | . George Mitchell | | July 23, '67 | | 1,433 25 6,144 50 1,997 00 1,182 00 250 60 |
| Nottingham | Jasper SmithC.A. | D. C | . May 23, '77 | Fees. | 6,144 50 |
| Ottawa, Canada | A. Cummings, C. A. | D. C | Mar. 7, '78 | Fees. | 1,997 00 |
| Paris, Canada | E. M. Sharp, Agt | | . July 3, '78 | | 1,182 00 |
| Picton, N. S | Oscar Malmros | Minn | May 4, '70 | 1,500 | 250 60 |
| Port Elizabeth | Alphonso Taylor | | Nov. 27, '71 | | 1.000 0 |
| Port Hope, Canada | La Rue Peck | | . April 12, '76 | | 1,155 50 |
| Port Louis | Harry C. Marston | III | . Aug. 27, '78 | 2,000 | 638 20 |
| Port Sarnia, Canada | Samuel D. Pace | Mich | . April 19, '69 | 1,500 | 1,196 50 |
| Port Stanley, F. I. | . George Gerard | Pa | June 17, '74 | 1,500 | 5 8 |
| P't St'y & St. Thos | . G. C. Baker, C. A | Me | June 20, '78 | Fees. | 1,049 50 |
| Prescott | Sanford S. Blodgett | N. Y. | . May 7, '78 | 1,500 | 640 00 |
| Quebec | . John N. Wasson | Ill | . April 24, '78 | 1,500 | 840 3 |
| Redditch | H. C. Browning Agt | | June 22, '71 | | 1,172 56 4,117 56 2,130 66 |
| Sheffield | Claudius B. Webster | Conn . | July 11, '70 | 2,500 | 4,117 5 |
| Singapore | Adolph G. Studer | Iowa. | May 23, '71 | 1,500 | 2,130 6 |
| Southampton | Wm. Thomson | D. C | . Aug. 6, '78 | 1,500 1,000 | 466 88 |
| St. Georges, Berm's | C. P. Williams, C. A | N. Y. | . Oct. 2, '78 | Fees. | 1.546 7 |
| St. Helena | Warren A. Worden, A. Mortimer M. Jackson Frank Leland. John S. Mosby C. W. Whitman, Agt. Joseph Atkinson. M. H. Twitchell George E. Hoskinson G. W. Griffin G. Alfred V. Dockery. J. Barber Haxby. Agt. John T. Robeson Stephen B. Packard Adam Badeau. C.G. Wm. F. Blake, Ag't. Thomas T. Prentis. Albert D. Shaw Oliver M. Spencer. John Q. Smith, C.G. W. V. Detlor T. J. McLain, Jr. Evan R. Jones George Mitchell Jasper Smith C.A. A. Cummings, C. A. A. Cummings, C. A. A. Cummings, C. A. Sanford S. Blodgett. Harry C. Marston. Samuel D. Pace George Gerard G. C. Baker, C. A. Sanford S. Blodgett. John N. Wasson. H. C. Browning. Agt. Claudius B. Webste. Adolph G. Studer Wm. Thomson C. P. Williams, C. A. James W. Siler. John Hammill Darius B. Warner | Ark | . Feb. 16, '77 | 1,500 | 841 12 |
| St. Helen's | John Hammill | | . Oct. 19, '65 | | 841 1: 2,369 40 3,457 95 |
| | | | | 2,000 | |

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE-(Continued).

| PLACE. | Name. | STATE. | Date Appointed. | Salary. | Fees in 1877. |
|--|---|------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| St John's, N. F St. John's, Queboc. | Thos. N. Molloy. Robert J. Saxe James H. Williams. Wm. C. Howells Fulton Paul. Josiah M. Lucas. | N. Y Vt | Mar. 18, '67 Dec. 17, '74 | Fees. \$1,500 | \$1,054 47 1,087 70 |
| Toronto | James H. Williams | Me | Feb. 1, '76 | Fees. | 1,755 12 |
| Trinidad | Fulton Paul | Ohio | April 24, 78 May 27, 74 June 16, 71 | 2,000 Fees. | 2,699 50 |
| Tunstall | Josiah M. Lucas | Îli | June 16, 71 | 2,500 | 2,255 01 6,275 00 |
| Victoria | Allen Francis | Oregon. | June 18, '77 | Feer. | 1.884 09 |
| Windeor, N. S | Josiah M. Lucas Allen Francis John H. Jenks, C. A. Dan. K. Hobart James W. Taylor | Me | Sept. 15, '77 | 1,500 1,000 | 1,178 50 |
| Winnipeg | James W. Taylor | Minn | Sept. 14, '70 | 1,500 | 1,016 45 640 40 |
| Hawaii. | i | ŀ | ' ' | • | |
| Henolulu | James Scott | Ohio | Aug 99 174 | 4,000 | 5,432 86 |
| ** | James Scott F. P. HastingsC. C. | | June 11, '77 | 1,000 | 0,402 00 |
| Hayti. | | | | | |
| Aux Cayes | Thomas Dutton Stanislas Goutier J. M. Langston, C.G. | . | Feb 27 '77 | | 971 15 |
| Cape Haytien | Stanislas Goutier | Pa | July 9, '70 | 1,000 | 511 55 |
| Port au Prince | J. M. Langston, C.G. | D. C | Sept. 28, '77 | 7,500 | 1,504 74 |
| Honduras. | | | <u> </u> | | |
| Omoa and Truxillo. | Frank E. Frye | Me | April 24, '74 | 1,000 | 271 83 |
| Italy. | | | | | |
| Florence | J. Schuyler Croeby. John F. Hazleton Manuel Govin George H. Owen B. Odell Duncan Sampson P. Bayly. Chas. McMillan. C.G. Chas. M. Wood. C.C. | N. Y | Aug. 15, '76 | 1,500 | 1,689 00 |
| Genoa | John F. Hazleton | N. Y | June 8, '78 | 1,500 | 1,888 20 |
| Legnorn Messina | George H Owen | Fia | Nov. 80, '77 | 1,500 1,500 | 1,888 20 1,809 02 |
| Naples | B. Odell Duncan | S. C | June 1, '69 | 1,500 | 2,962 94 1,479 25 |
| Palermo | Sampson P. Bayly | Va | Aug. 81, '76 | 1,500 | 4,900 84 |
| Boine | Chas M Wood C.C. | N. Y | April 10, '76 | 8,000 1,000 | 574 50 |
| Venice | | | Mai. 2:, 10 | 1,000 | 414 98 |
| Japan. | | | | | |
| Kanagawa | T. B. Van Buren, C.G. | N. J | June 17 174 | 4,000 | 6,998 60 |
| | George E. Rice. Int. and V. C. G. | ì | Nov. 8 100 | 2,000 |) 0,550 00 |
| " | and V. C. G. | \{\cdot\} | 101.5, 103 | | } |
| ******** | Edward H. Mudget, Marshal. | } | Nov. 12, 78 } | 1,000 and fees. | } |
| Nagasaki | Marshal. Willie P. Mangum Rodney H. Powers . Marshal. | Ń. C | Mar. 18, 65 | 8,000 | 443 07 |
| | Marshal | | Sep.22,'73 { | 1,000 and fees. | } |
| Osaka and Hicgo | Julius Stahel | Ŋ. Y | Feb. 6, '78 | 8,000 | 2,460 20 |
| Liberia. | A . | | 1 1 | | |
| Monrovia | James H.Smyth,C.G. | N. C | May 98 158 | 4,000 | 45 82 |
| Madagascar. | , | | 1 20, 10 | 2,000 | 250 040 |
| | Wm. W. Robinson | Win | Man 10 101 | • • | |
| Mexico. | TIME W. MODINEUM | 44 12 | Mar. 10, "15 | 2,000 | 64 95 |
| | T | | | | |
| Guavmas | John A. Sutter, Jr Alexander Willard Warner P. Sutton Edward G. Kelton A. G. Lespinasse | Cal | July 18, "70 | 2,000 | 1,162 87 |
| Matamoras | Warner P. Sutton | Mich | Mar. 18, '78 | 1,000 2,000 | 604 55 656 50 |
| Mazatlan | Edward G. Kelton | | Mar. 11, '75 | Fees. | 1,297 90 |
| Mexico | A. G. Lespinasse | N. Y | Oct. 27, '74 | | 1,297 90 1,021 15 125 95 |
| Tampico | Ang. J. Caseard | La | Dec. '78 | 1,500 | 551 19 |
| Vera Cruz | Ang. J. Caseard S. T. Trowbridge | ш | April 19, '60 | 3,000 | 1,841 48 |
| Muscat. | | } | | | |
| Zanzibar | William H. Hathorne | Mass | Aug. 2, '76 | 1,000 | 426 08 |
| Netherlands, &c. | 1 | | 1 | | |
| Amsterdam | David Eckstein. | Ohio | April 94 179 | 1,500 | 1,068 C1 |
| Batavia | Pliny M. Nickerson | Mass | April 19, '71 | 1,000 | 827 27 |
| Curaçoa | Wm. H. Faxon | Conn | April 28, '70 | Fees. | 1,554 06 2,251 84 |
| Schiedam | David Eckstein | | Aug. 8, 77 | 2,000 | 2,251 84 1,459 00 |
| Nicaragua. | | 1 | | | 1,300 00 |
| San Juan del Norte | | | Digitized by | Goog | le |
| and Punta Arenas | Henry S. Lasar C | 'мо | Oct. 17, 178 | 1,000 | 703 87 |
| *:20 | | | | - / | .00 01 |

UNITED STATES CONSULAR SERVICE-(Continued).

| PLACE. | Name. | STATE. | Date Appointed. | Salary. | Fees in 1872. |
|------------------------------------|---|--------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Peru. | | | | • | |
| | Robert T. Clayton | Ca | June 12, '77 | \$3,500 | \$3,338 26 |
| Portugal, &c. | Lobert 1. Orașion | | June 24, 11 | 4 2,000 | \$5,500 10 |
| Fayal | Samuel W. Dabney | Mass | July 28, '72 | 1,500 | 812 78 |
| Funchal | Samuel W. Dabney Thomas B. Reid Henry W. Diman | Me | July 5, '77 | 1,500 | 205 68 |
| Lisbon | Thomas M. Terry | Mich | Aug. 15, 76 | 2,000 1,000 | 681 11 167 74 |
| • | Thomas M. Terry Wm. H. Thomas | S. C | June 26, '78 | 1,000 | 19 42 |
| Russia. | | _ | A | 0.000 | |
| Odes a | Leander E. Dyer Wm. H. Edwards | D. C | June 18, '78 | 2,007 2,000 | 83 50 545 50 |
| San Domingo. | | | | 1 | |
| San Domingo | Paul Jones | Ohio | June 17, '74 | 1,500 | 933 53 |
| Siam. | | | | | |
| | David B. Sickles | Ark | Aug. 13, '76 | 8,000 | 473 73 |
| Society Islands. | Donanas Atmatan | G | Tule 11 100 | 1 000 | J=1 94 |
| Tahiti | Dorence Atwater | Coun | July 11, 10 | 1,000 | 471 37 |
| Spain and Do- minions. | | 1 | | | |
| Barcelona | Fred'k H. Scheuch Alfred N. Duffié | Ind | Mar. 24, 74 | 1,500 | 231 94 |
| Cardenas | l.T. H. Washington, Agt. | | Feb. 10, '75 | 1 . | 1,890 63 8,567 84 |
| Cienfuegos | De Witte Stearns Henry C. HallC. G. Jos. A. Springer.C.C. Jos. A. RaphelC.C. | Miss | Aug. 15, 76 | 1 250n | 2.002 83 |
| Havana | Jos. A. Springer. C.C. | Cuba | Nov. 7, '78 Jan. 8, '70 | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 18,818 70 |
| 4 | Jos. A. Raphel. C.C. | Md | Feb. 14, '72 June 18, '77 | 1.200 | 1,539 10 |
| Malaga Manila | John F. Quarles Frederick G. Heron. | N. Y | Feb. 22, '77 | 1,500 Fees. | 1.458 24 |
| Matanzas | C TI TINLE | Kan | Manah 0 10 | 8,000 | 8,572 69 1,026 28 |
| Mayaguez Ponce | Ed. E. White Jos. S. Swords | Va | Dec. 4, '78 | Fees. | 1,840 87 |
| Sagua la Grande | Jos. S. Swords | D. C | Dec. 4, '78 April 21, '69 | Fees. 2,000 | 2,505 01 605 83 |
| San Juan, P. R Santiago de Cuba | Edward Conroy John C. Landreau | La | Dec. 12, '76 | 2,500 | 1,472 98 |
| Sweden and Norway. | | | | | |
| | E. L. Oppenheim | N. Y | April 1, '78 | Fees. | 1,108 87 |
| Switzerland. | | | | | |
| Basie | John A. Campbell | Wyom | Dec. 3, 1877 | 2,000 1,500 | 1,939 50 541 00 |
| St. Gall | John A. Campbell J. E. Montgomery Albert J. De Zeyk Samuel H. M. Byers. | Iowa | Mar. 5, 78 | Fee . | 8,803 50 |
| | Samuel H. M. Byers. | lowa | Mar. 23, '00 | 2,000 | 3,965 83 |
| Turkey and Do- minions. | | | | | |
| Beirut | John T. Edgar | Neb | Mar. 11, '73 | 2,000 | 119 92 |
| Cairo | E. E. Farman Agt. and C.G. | N. Y. | Mar. 27, '76 | 4,000 | 8S1 27 |
| Constantinanta | and C.G. E. A. Van Dyck C.C. G. Harris Heap | Mich | May 12, '78 | 1,000 8,000 | 406 50 |
| Constantinopie | James Maynard, | Tonn | Jan 19,'76 { | 1,000 | } |
| Jerusalem | Joseph G. Willson | Iowa : | Ang. 1. '77 | and fees. 1,500 | 65 50 |
| Smyrna | E. J. Smithers Cuthbert B. Jones | D. C | Mar 11, '67 | 2,000 | 1,572 11 |
| | Cumpert B. Jones | LH | Aug. 15, "16 | 8,000 | ÷ 2 00 |
| Uruguay. | Frederick Crocker | j | Ang 15 170 | 2,000 | 2,089 59 |
| Venezuela. | L'IOUCITCE CIDERUI | | ug. 10, 10 | ~,000 | A1008 00 |
| | James C.Eckert.C.A | N. Y | May 22 72 | 1,500 | 1,628 28 |
| Maracaibo | James C.Eckert,C.A. E. H. Plumaker A. Lacombe | Tenn. | June 24, '78 | Fees. | 2,168 52 8,047 62 |
| Fuerto Cabello | A. Lacombe | | ժայ ց ՀՀՍ, `67¦ | ed Fees. | ∩ லின் ஜ ் |

THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Summarized from the Annual Report of the General of the Army, Dec. 1878]

THE Army of the United States on the 15th of October, 1878, consisted of the following forces in officers and men:

| | Officers. | Enlisted men. |
|--|-----------|------------------|
| Ten cavalry regiments | 430 | 7.829 |
| Five artillery regiments | 281 | 2,630 |
| Twenty-five infantry regiments | 868 | 11,205 |
| Engineer battalion, recruiting parties, ordnance der ment, hospital service, Indian scouts, West Point, | and | • |
| general service | 574 | 3,097 |
| | | |
| Total | 2453 | 24,761 |

For convenience and to fix responsibility, the country is divided into three military divisions, each with several departments, as follows:

- 1. Military division of the Missouri, commanded by Lieut.-Gen. P. H. Sheridan, head-quarters Chicago; comprehends the departments of the Missouri (Gen. Pope); Dakota (Gen. Terry); Texas, (Gen. Ord); and the Platte (Gen. Crook). There are 8 regiments of cavalry and 18 of infantry in this division.
- 2. Military division of the Pacific, commanded by Major-General Irvin McDowell, headquarters San Francisco. Includes departments of California (Gen. McDowell); the Columbia (Gen. O. O. Howard); Arizona (Gen. O. D. Willcox): comprises one regiment of artillery, two of cavalry, and four of infantry.
- 3. Military division of the Atlantic, commanded by Major-General W. S. Hancock, head-quarters New York. Includes department of the East (Gen. Hancock); department of the South (Gen. C. C. Augur, Newport Barracks, Ky). There is also the department of West Point, commanded by Major-General Schofield. This division includes four regiments of artillery and three of infantry.

The maximum military force allowed under existing laws is 2,153 commissioned officers and 25,000 enlisted men. The report of the General of the Army exhibits the actual number in service as 2,153 officers and 24,761 enlisted men, Oct. 15, 1878. The following table exhibits the number in each rank of the army:

Colonels, 69; Ileutenant-colonels, 85; majors, 244; captains, 585; adjutants, 88; regimental quarter-masters, 88; first lieutenants, 583; second lieutenants, 437; chaplains, 34; store-keepers, 21; total, 2,153. The enlisted men embrace 40 sergeant-majors, 39 quarter-master sergeants, 632 musicians, 296 trumpeters, 9 saddler ergeants, 104 ordnance sergeants, 185 hospital stewards, 143 commissary sergeants, 427 first sergeants, 1,851 sergeants, 1,451 corporals, 221 farriers, 74 artificers, 115 saddlers, 46 wagoners, and 17,604 privates: total, 23,242. Besides these, there are employed in the Signal Corps, 411; Military Academy, 9 professors, 45 officers, 282 cadets, 280 enlisted men: total, 616.

The number of retired army officers is 831; number of privates discharged during the fiscal year 1878, 3,607; number died, during same period, 278; number deserted, 1,678; number eulisted and re-enlisted, 6,630.

| | the Army. |
|---|-----------|
| General of the Army William T. Sherman | 1840 |
| Licutenant-GeneralPhilip H. Sheridan | 1853 |
| Major Generals (limited by law to three)Winfield S. Hancock | 1844 |
| John M. Schofield | 1853 |
| Irvin McDowell | 18?8 |
| Brigadier-Generals (limited by law to six) John Pope | 1842 |
| Oliver O. Howard | 1854 |
| Alfred H. Terry | 1865 |
| Edward O. C. Ord | 1839 |
| Christopher C. Augur | 1843 |
| George Crook | 1852 |

PAY OF THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

[From the Official Army Register, 1878.]

| | Pay of Officers in Active Service. | | | | | Pay of Retired Officers. | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| GRADE. | | Yearly Pay. | | | | | Ye | arly P | ay. | |
| | First 5 years' ser- vice. | After 5 yrs' ser- vice. | After 10yrs' ser- vice. | After 15 yrs' ser- vice, | After 20 yrs' ser- vice. | First 5 yrs' ser- vice. | After 5 yrs' ser- vice. | After 10yrs' ser- vice. | After 15yrs' ser- vice. | |
| GeneralLieutenant-GeneralMajor-GeneralBrigadier-General. | \$13,500 11,600 7,500 5,500 | | 20p.c. | 30 p. c. | wop.c. | \$5,625 4,125 | | | | |
| ColonelLieutenant-Colonel | 3,500 8,000 | | | * \$4, 500 | *4,500 *4,000 | 2,625 2,250 | | \$3,150 2,700 | | |
| Major | 2,500 | 2,750 | 3,000 | 3,250 | 8,500 | 1,875 | 2,062 | 2,250 | 2,437 | 2,625 |
| Captain, mounted Captain, not mounted | 2,000 1,500 | 2,200 1,980 | 2,400 2,160 | | | 1,500 1,350 | 1,650 1,485 | | 1,950 1,755 | |
| Regimental Adjutant Regimental Quartermast'r | 1,800 1,800 | 1,980 1,980 | 2,160 2,160 | 2,340 2,340 | 2,520 2,520 | | | ••••• | | |
| 1st Lieutenant, mounted. | 1,600 | 1,760 | 1,920 | 2,050 | 2,240 | 1,200 | 1,320 | 1,440 | | |
| 1st Lieutenant, not m't'd. 2d Lieutenant, mounted. | 1,500 | 1,650 1,650 | 1,800 1,800 | 1,950 1,950 | 2,100 2,100 | 1,125 1,125 | | 1,350 1,350 | 1,462 1,462 | |
| 2d Lieutenant, not m't'd. Chaplain | 1,400 1,500 | 1,540 1,650 | 1,680 1,800 | 1,820 1,950 | | 1,050 1,850 | 1,155 1,485 | | 1,367 1,755 | 1,470 |

^{*} The maximum pay of colonels is limited to \$4,500, and of lieutenant-colonels to \$4,000.

QUARTERS, FUEL, AND FORAGE ALLOWED TO ARMY OFFICERS.

By act of June 18, 1878, all allowance or commutation for fuel was prohibited, but wood is furnished at \$3 per cord, out of the pay of officers. Forage is furnished only in kind, and only to officers actually in the field or west of the Mississippi, on the basis of five horses for the General of the Army, four for the Lieutenant-General, three each for a major- or brigadier-general, and two each for a colonel, licutenant-colonel, major, mounted captain or lieutenant, adjutant, and regimental quartermaster. Quarters are furnished on the following basis: General (commutation for quarters), \$125 per month; Lieutenant-General, \$70 per month; majorgeneral, six rooms; brigadier-general or colonel, five rooms; lieutenant-colonel or major, four rooms; captain or chaplain, three rooms; and first or second lieutenant, two rooms-all of which may be commuted at \$10 per room per month.

Note.—The law provides that no allowances shall be made to officers in addition to their pay, except quarters and forage furnished in kind.

Mileage at the rate of eight cents per mile is allowed for travel under orders.

The pay of cadets at the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, was placed at \$540 per annum, by Act of Aug. 7th, 1876, instead of \$560 and one ration per dism (equivalent to \$609.50), by former laws.

The pay of privates runs from \$156 (\$13 a month and rations) for first two years, to \$21 a month after twenty years' service.

The following is a list of generals who have commanded the army since 1775, with the dates of command as far as can be ascertained from the official records:

Major-General George Washington, June 15, 1775, to December 23, 1733.

Major-General Henry Kuox, December 23, 1783, to June 20, 1784.

Lieutenant-Colonel Josiah Harmer, general-in-chief by brevet, September, 1783,

March, 1791.

Major-General Arthur St. Clair, March 4, 1791, to March, 1792.

Major-General Anthony Wayne, April 11, 1792, to December 15, 1796.

Major-General James Wilkinson, December 15, 1796, to July, 1798.

Lieutenant-General George Washington, July 3, 1798, to July death, Dec. 14, 1799.

Major-General James Wilkinson, June, 1803, to January, 1812.

Major-General Henry Dearborn, January 27, 1812, to June, 1815.

Major-General Jacob Brown, June, 1815, to February 21, 1898.

Major-General Mexander Macomb, May 21, 1828, to June, 1841.

Major-General Winfield Scott (brevet lieutenant-general), June, 1841, to Novem
ri. 1861.

ber 1, 1861.

Major-General George B. McClellan, November 1, 1861, to March 11, 1862.

Major-General Henry W. Halleck, July 11, 1862, to March 12, 1864.

Licutenant-General Ulysses S. Grant, March 12, 1864, to July 25, 1866, and as

General to March 4, 1869. General William T. Sherman since March 4, 1869. At one period, between 1784 and 1789, while the entire army as organized, consisted of a small corps of artillery, the corps was commanded by a captain.

Statistics of the United States Army, 1789-1879.

The following table exhibits the strength of the regular army of the United States, from 1789 to 1870, as fixed by acts of Congress. The figures are for the aggregate of officers and men:

| - | | | |
|--------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Year. | Strength of Army. | Year. | Strength of Army. |
| 1789. | 1 Reg't. Infantry, 1 Bat. Art. 840 | 1847. Mexican War | 17,812 |
| 1792. | Indian Border Wars 5,190 | 1848. " " | |
| | Peace establishment 8,629 | 1849-1855. Peace esta | blishment 10,320 |
| 1801. | 5,144 | 1856-1861. " | 12,931 |
| 1807. | | | 89,273 |
| 1810. | | 1868-1866. " " | |
| | War with Great Britain 11,881 | 1867. Peace esta | blishment 54,641 |
| 1815. | 9,418 | 1868-1869. " | " 52,922 |
| 1817-1 | 821. Peace establishment 9,980 | 1870. " | " 87,313 |
| 1888- | 1882. " " 6,184 l | 1871. " | " 85,353 |
| 7番 | | 1872-1874. " | " 82,264 |
| 100-1 | 367. " 7,198 7,198 12,539 | 1875-1879. " | " 27,489 |
| 1942-1 | 565. Peace establishment 8,618 | | |

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.

The United States Military Academy at West Point was founded by act of March 16, 1808, constituting the corps of engineers of the army a military academy with fifty students or cadets, who were to receive instruction under the senior engineer efficer as superintendent. Later acts established professorships of mathematics, engineering, philosophy, etc., and made the academy a military body, subject to the rules and articles of war. In 1815, a permanent superintendent was appointed, and a year later an annual board of visitors was provided for, to be named by the President, the Speaker of the House, and the President of the Senate. In 1843 the present system of the appointment of cadets was instituted, which assigns one cadet to each Compressional district and Territory in the Union to be In 1848 the present system of the appointment of cadets was instituted, which assigns one cadet to each Congressional district and Territory in the Union, to be named by the Representative in Congress for the time being, and ten appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the United States. The number of students is thus limited to 812. A large proportion of those appointed fail to pass the examination, and many others to complete the course, the proportion being stated at fully one-half hitherto. The course of instruction requires four years, and is largely mathematical and professional. The discipline is very strict, even more so than in the army, and the enforcement of penalties for offences is inflexible rather than severe. The whole number of graduates from 1802 to 1877 was about 2,700, of whom 1,200 are deceased and about 1,500 living. Of those surviving, 800 are still in the army, and about 700 ont of service.

Appointees to the Military Academy must be between 17 and 23 years of age, at least dive feet in height, and free from infirmity, and able to pass a careful examination.

Appointees to the Military Academy must be between 17 and 23 years of age, at least five feet in height, and free from infirmity, and able to pass a careful examination in various branches of knowledge. Each cade admitted must bind himself to serve the United States eight years from the time of admission to the academy. The pay of cadets, formerly fitty dollars per month and rations, was fixed at \$340 per year, with no allowance for rations, by the act of 1876. The aggregate amount of money appropriated by the United States for the Military Academy from 1802 to 1877 inclusive, was \$11,396,128, being an average of about \$149,049 annually. The number of actual members of the academy, by the official register of June, 1878, was 262.

Nincty-six cadets were admitted in 1877.

Ninety-six cadets were admitted in 1877.

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THE CITIZEN MILITIA.

The militia system in the United States has no common or uniform standard of organization. Each Stateregulates its own militia, and while at some times and in certain States much attention and considerable means have been expended in organizing and keeping up an efficient organization of citizen soldiers, there has been nowhere any continuity of system, and in many States an entire neglect. The Constitution recognizes "a well-regulated militia" as "necessary to the security of the State," and distinctly confers upon Congress among its enumerated powers the following:

"To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by Congress." Article 1,

Section 8.

This power has not been exercised by Congress in a manner to preserve any regular, uniform, or permanently organized militia system. The first act on the subject, May 8th, 1792, requires that "every able-bodied male citizen of the respective States, between the ages of 18 and 45, shall be enrolled in the militia." The same act prescribes details for army equipments and officers; makes a few special exemptions from service, and divides the organization of infantry, artillery, and cavalry into battalions and regiments. It also requires the appointment in each State of an adjutant-general, and reports from the officers of the militia, with an annual report from the adjutant-general in each State to the President of the United States. It prescribes the system of discipline and field exercise in the regular army to be

observed in the corresponding corps of the militia.*

This act, which is still unrepealed, appears to have fallen into utter neglect in a majority of the States, although Congress goes on year after year appropriating the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to provide arms and equipments for the whole body of the militia, and munitions of war to the value of fourteen million dollars have actually been distributed under this act, passed April 23, 1808. The returns on another page show that little systematic use is made of a militia organization. At the last session of Congress special attention was directed to the subject of the militia. A Senate resolution of December 13, 1877, called for a report from the Secretary of War, embodying recommendations looking to a thorough organization of the militia. Adjutant-General Townsend replied, furnishing certain statistics, and adding that, "the difficulty is not so much want of getting information as in finding material in the States to report." That officer algorithms of the belief that an enrolled militia cannot successfully be established in this country on account of the expense required, and the annoyance to citizens in the interruption of their private pursuits. A volunteer militia might, he thought, be possibly encouraged to a greater extent by the general government affording additional facilities, and the States making more liberal allowance for pay to those who would devote their time to militia organization. One good regiment of militia might be raised in each congressional district, with tolerably efficient control and discipline, with proper pecuniary aid; but without undue interference in the affairs of the States, as well as heavy expenditures of money, the general government could not (even if the law should sanction it) control the organization of citizens into military bodies

Dodies.

The Chief of Ordnance, General S. V. Benét, reported the amount of arms and ordnance which had been supplied to the several States, and recommended, with a view to greater efficiency, that the appropriation to supply the State militia with arms should be increased from \$200,000 to \$1,000,000 per annum.

The Quartermaster-General of the Army, M. C. Meigs, replied that the number of citizens of the proper age for militia service being about 7,500,000, and allowing that not more than 50 per cent of these are non-exempt, there would be enrolled as militia, to be provided with arms and equipments, 8,750,000 men. If it were determined to enforce existing laws in regard to the militia, provision must be made for camp equipage and tents, to place three million and three quarters of men in camp for a certain time during each year. The cost of clothing (which would be an annual expense) would be \$133,891,048; transportation, \$66,000,000; camp and garrison equipage, \$23,000,000; rent of ground and other expenses, \$22,205,224; the total equipage, \$23,000,000; rent of ground and other expenses, \$22,205,224; the total cost being reckoned at \$245,096,272, more than three-fourths of which, it was estimated, would be an annual expense. General Meigs added, as an expression of his own views:

"The training of all the milltia now ordered by law to be enrolled and trained will, if executed, cost this amount to the people who pay the taxes.

"As I am invited to offer suggestions for the improvement of the laws upon this subject, I must say that with a population of 45,000,000 of people actively engaged in the business of carning a living for themselves and families and in improving their condition in life, and imbude with the ideas of personal liberty and freedom from compulsory service which prevail in the United States, I believe that all attempts in time of peace to enforce general organization and training of the militia will prove fruitless.

"The true militia of the United States is the volunteer force, and that will not respond to calls for mere training, but will always respond to the call of their country when threatened by foreign or domestic enemies.

The several statutes in force in regard to the militia will be found in sections 1325-1561 of the Revised Statutes of the United States. Digitized by Google

I may call attention to the cost under which Europe groans, of the loss of work and waste of wag-s involved in the training of large bodies of soldiers; 3,750,000 men in the prime of life called from their trades and business for 40 days would lose to themselves and the country at least \$1 each for each day thus employed. This amounts to \$150,000,000 more of annual cost."

The Paymaster-General, Benj. Alvord, replied:

"It is my opinion that it is a matter of great importance that the militia system should be encorraged and maintained, and that all proper steps should be taken to keep up a martial spirit in our people, and military knowledge, which could be encouraged and expanded in time

The number of actually enrolled militia, in the years named, was as follows, as reported to the War Department and summarized for all the States:

1820..... 899,541 1830..... 1,190,853 1840..... 1,387,915 1850..... 1,960,265 1860..... 3,070,987 1878..... 3,734,693 1870..... (no returns.)

THE MILITIA FORCE OF THE UNITED STATES,

Organized and unorganized, according to the latest returns received at the Office of the Adjutant-General.

[From the Army Register for 1878.]

| | | Organized Strength. | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------|---------------------|---|----------------|--|--|
| STATES. | Year. | General officers. | General staff officers. | Regimental, field, and staff officers. | Company offi- | Total commissioned. | Total non-commissioned offi- cers, music'ns, privates, etc. | Aggregate. | Number of men available for military duty (unorganized). | |
| 1 Alabama ¹ 2 Arkansas | 1875 | 14 | 33 | 91 | 535 | 673 | 11,027 | 11,700 | 95,165 | |
| 3 California ⁴ 4 Colorado. ¹ | 1876 | 7 | 81 | 34 | 113 | 235 | 2,390 | 2,625 | 91,447 | |
| 5 Connecticut | 1876 | i | 22 | 40 | 109 | 172 | 2,409 | 2,581 | 63,793 | |
| 6 Delaware ¹ | 1010 | | | | 100 | 112 | 2,100 | 2,001 | 00,100 | |
| 7 Florida | 1876 | 6 | 30 | 7 | 17 | 60 | | 60 | 32,775 | |
| 8 Georgia ¹ | :::: | | | | | | ******** | | | |
| 9 Illinois ³ | 1876 | 2 | 19 | 55 | 165 | 241 | 4,742 | 4,983 | | |
| 10 Indiana | 1876 1876 | 1 | 10 | 34 | 196 | 241 | 2,510 | 2,751 | 377,833 190,810 | |
| 12 Kansas ² | 1876 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 103 | 123 | 2,125 | 2,248 | 95,000 | |
| | 1876 | 1 | 2 | | 42 | 45 | 834 | 879 | 217,044 | |
| 14 Louisiana | 1876 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 13 | 28 | 449 | 477 | 131,853 | |
| 15 Maine | 1876 | 1 | 18 | 9 | 39 | 67 | 803 | 870 | 78,376 | |
| 16 Maryland | 1876 | 1 | 10 | 16 | 64 | 91 | 1,200 | 1,291 | 89,344 | |
| 17 Massachusetts | 1876 | 3 | 32 | 99 | 211 | 345 | 3,529 | 3,874 | 216,109 | |
| 18 Michigan ² | 1876 | 1 | 9 | 20 | 72 | 102 | 1,792 | 1,894 | | |
| 19 Minnesota ³ | 1876 | | | | 43 | 43 | 1,183 | 1,226 | 107 170 | |
| 20 Mississippi 21 Missouri ³ | 1875 1876 | i | 6 | | 35 | 42 | 719 | 761 | 135,178 | |
| 22 Nebraska ² | 1875 | 1 | 17 | | 57 | 74 | 762 | 836 | 46,000 | |
| 23 Nevada | 1875 | 4 | 26 | | 36 | 66 | 695 | 761 | 15,639 | |
| 24 New Hampshire. | | i | 17 | 17 | 78 | 113 | 1,234 | 1.347 | 39,419 | |
| 25 New Jersey | 1876 | 3 | 41 | 67 | 178 | 289 | 3,663 | 3,952 | 248,127 | |
| 26 New York | 1875 | 27 | 302 | 324 | 855 | 1,508 | 17,971 | 19,479 | 483,183 | |
| 27 North Carolina ¹ . | | | | | | | | | | |
| 28 Ohio | 1875 | | 6 | 15 | 241 | 262 | 4,368 | 4,630 | 229,725 | |
| 29 Oregon | 1875 | 5 | 27 | | 17 | 49 | | 49 | 17,608 | |
| 30 Pennsylvania | 1876 | 14 | 185 35 | 142 88 | 505 | 846 222 | 8,996 | 9,842 | 361,872 | |
| 31 Rhode Island 32 South Carolina | 1876 | 15 | 39 | 143 | 96 340 | 537 | 1,856 6,412 | 2.078 6,949 | 39,966 77,040 | |
| 33 Tennessee | 1875 1876 | 13 | 6 | 145 | 72 | 79 | 1,205 | 1,284 | 239,564 | |
| 34 Texas | 1876 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 109 | 126 | 1,727 | 1,853 | 74,458 | |
| 35 Vermont | 1876 | î | 11 | 9 | 39 | 60 | 617 | 677 | 44,366 | |
| 36 Virginia1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 West Virginia1. | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38 Wisconsin ³ | 1875 | 3 | 13 | 6 | 80 | 102 | 1,635 | 1,737 | | |
| Grand aggregate | | 127 | 1,017 | 1,240 | 4,460 | 6,844 | 86,853 | 93,697 | 3,734,693 | |

^{1.} Returns not received.
2. Unorganized strength estimated.

^{3.} No enrollment.
4. Enrollment incomplete.

THE ARMIES OF THE WORLD.

[Compiled from Official Documents.]

| COUNTRIES. | Population. | Regular Army. | War Footing. | Annual Cost of Army. | Cost per Head. | Per cent of total Expendi- ture. |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Austria-Hung'y | 37,350,000 | 296,218 | 1,021,692 | \$ 50,680,000 | \$ 1 35 | 86.12 |
| Argentine Rep | 1,812,490 | 8,283 | 2,002,000 | Army and Navy, | 2 49 | 21.84 |
| Belgium | 5,336,185 | 46,277 | 103,683 | 4,514,018 8,787,909 | 1 64 | 17.91 |
| Bolivia. | 2,000,000 | 4.022 | 100,000 | 1,126,916 | 56 | 25 01 |
| Donvia | 11,108,291 | 16,500 | 32,000 | 10,862,496 | 97 | 16.02 |
| Brazil | 3,672,116 | 3,000 | | | 27 | 4.20 |
| Chili | 2,333,568 | 3,516 | 28,274 | | ~ ~ | 0.570100 |
| China | 433,500,000 | 700,000 | 1,260,000 | | | and the second |
| Colombia | 2,774,000 | 2,600 | 30,000 | | 10 | 10.36 |
| Denmark | 1,903,000 | 35,703 | 50,000 | | 1 26 | 18.40 |
| Egypt | 17,100,000 | 62,920 | 128,000 | A wmyr and Mayer | 26 | 8.13 |
| France | 36,905,788 | 470,600 | 1,750,000 | | 2 70 | 19.25 |
| Germany | 42,727,360 | 419,659 | 1,034,524 | | 2 16 | 68.57 |
| Great Britain | 34,242,966 | 133,720 | 370,561 | | 1 90 | 16.68 |
| Greece | 1,457,894 | 12,397 | 30,000 | | 1 02 | 19.08 |
| India, British | 191,168.412 | 58,170 | 144,700 | | 40 | 28.21 |
| Italy | 27,769,475 | 199,577 | 867,509 | | 1 36 | 13.65 |
| Japan | 34,338,404 | 35,380 | 50,240 | | 21 | 11.91 |
| Luxembourg | 205,158 | 513 | 00,210 | 100,480 | 48 | 7.12 |
| Mexico | 9,276,079 | 22,387 | | Army and Navy, | 1 13 | 42.40 |
| | | | | 10,554,745 | 100 | 100000 |
| Netherlands | 3,865,456 | 61,803 | 160,000 | | 2.65 | |
| Norway | 1,807,555 | 12,750 | 18,000 | | 81 | 13 80 |
| Persia | 6,000,000 | 28,400 | 108,500 | 3,400,000 | 56 | 37.71 |
| Peru | 3,000,000 | 13,200 | | | ***** | ****** |
| Portugal | 4,057,538 | 35,733 | 75,000 | | 1 07 | 14.61 |
| Roumania | 5,073,000 | 130,158 | 144,668 | | 65 | |
| Russia | 72,392,927 | 787,900 | 1,671,674 | | 1 99 | |
| Servia | 1,366,923 | 14,150 | 150,000 | | 63 | |
| Spain | 16,526,511 | 330,000 | 400,000 | | 2 97 | 37.28 |
| Sweden | 4,429,713 | 36,495 | 156,970 | | 80 | 16.36 |
| Switzerland | 2,759,854 | 106,102 | 203,262 | | 87 | 28.37 |
| Turkey | 9,573,000 | 157,667 | 618,100 | 24,763,095 | 2 58 | |
| United States | 38,925,598 | 26,914 | *3,759,693 | | 95 | 15.53 |
| Uruguay | 445,000 | 4,060 | 24,000 | Army and Navy, 2,364,100 | 5 31 | 34.76 |
| Venezuela | 1,784,197 | 5,494 | | | | |

Note.—The last column shows the ratio which the military expenditure bears to the total annual expenditure of each nation.

* Militia force plus the regular army.

THE NAVIES OF THE WORLD.

Compiled from Official Documents,

| COUNTRIES. | No. of Vessels. | No. of Men. | Cost of Navy. Dollars. | Countries. | No. of Vessels. | No, of Men. | Cost of Navy. |
|---|---|--|---|--|-------------------|--|---|
| Argentine Republic Austria-Hungary. Belgium Bolivia. Brazii. Canada (Dominion). Chili. China. Denmark. Rgypt. France. Germany. Gt.Britain & Ireland. Greece | 28 68 10 37 63 7 15 88 88 14 296 60 581 21 66 | 840 1,125 50,517 8,051 81,447 652 | 842,362 4,705,005 9,994,147 1,200,000 83,178,669 1,192,325 56,445,000 891,978 7,543,388 | Norway. Peru. Portugal Roumania. Russia. Spain Sweden Turkey. United States. | 186 141 170 | 3,858 366 39,089 14,646 6,141 6,000 | 2,700,000 Army and Navy, 10,554,745 5,780,216 658,340 1,585,494 20,080,704 6,586,315 1,852,793 14,077,974 |

THE NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

[Condensed from the Navy Register, July, 1878, and the Annual Report of the Secretary of the Navy, Dec., 1878.]

THERE were in active service Dec. 1, 1878, 29 steam cruising vessels, 5 sailing vessels, 15 iron-clad monitors, and 2 torpedo boats. There were also 19 vessels, temporarily out of repair, which added, make the effective fighting force of the United States Navy 51 cruising ships, 15 monitors, and 2 torpedo boats, or 68 vessels in all. Besides these, there are 23 steam and sailing vessels unfit for use, with 4 iron-clads, and 11 unfinished steam vessels of war. The whole number of naval steam vessels of all grades, including tugs, is 121, and of sailing vessels 22. The number of guns is 1,125.

The active list of the navy is composed of 1 admiral, 1 vice-admiral, 11 rearadmirals, 25 commodores, 50 captains, 89 commanders, 81 lieutenant-commandcrs, 280 lieutenants, 100 masters, 85 ensigns, 44 midshipmen, 79 cadet-midshipmen, and 237 cadet-midshipmen on probation at the Naval Academy, all of whom are officers of the line.

Of the staff, there are 1 surgeon-general, 14 medical directors, 15 medical inspec-Of the riam, there are 1 surgeon-general, 14 medical directors, 15 medical inspectors, 50 surgeons, 50 passed assistant-surgeons, 31 assistant-surgeons, 17 paymaster-general, 18 pay-directors, 18 pay-inspectors, 50 paymasters, 30 passed assistant-paymasters, 18 assistant-paymasters; 18 engineers, 28 cadet-engineers, 30 passed assistant-paymasters, 18 assistant-paymasters; 19 engineers, 28 cadet-engineers, and 78 cadet-engineers on probation at the Naval Academy; 24 chaplains, 12 professors of mathematics, 1 secretary for the admiral, and 1 for the vice-admiral; 1 chief-constructor, 10 naval

constructors, 5 assistant-constructors, and 9 civil engineers.

The warrant-officers consist of 58 boatswains, 59 gunners, 50 carpenters, 40 sail-

makers, and 43 mates.

makers, and 43 mates.

There were, July, 1878, in the service, provided for by the Navy Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1878-79, 7,500 enlisted men and boys.

The retired list is composed of 45 rear-admirals, 25 commodores, 16 captains, 18 commanders, 14 lieutenant-commanders, 6 lieutenants, 18 masters, 6 ensigns, 2 midshipmen, 3 surgeons-general, 17 medical directors, 1 medical inspector, 2 surgeons, 2 passed assistant-surgeons, 3 paymasters, eneral, 4 paydirectors, 3 paymasters, 2 passed assistant-paymasters, 2 assistant-paymasters, 4 cheft-constructor, 4 naval constructors, 7 chapiains, 6 professors of mathematics, 8 boatswains, 5 gumers, 13 carpenters, and 13 sailmakers.

The active list is therefore composed of 1,681 officers of the line, 670 officers of the staff, and 245 warrant-officers—total, 1,996 officers of all grades.

The retired list is composed of 140 officers of the line, 100 officers of the staff, 39 warrant-officers, and 6 professors of mathematics.

warrant-officers, and 6 professors of mathematics.

THE UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY AT ANNAPOLIS.

THE United States Naval Academy was opened October 10, 1845, and the credit of its foundation is attributed to Hon. George Bancroft, then Secretary of the Navy under President Polk. The course of instruction, designed to train midshipmen or us foundation is attributed to Hon. George Bancroft, then Secretary of the Navy under President Polk. The course of instruction, designed to train midshipmen for the navy, at first occupied five years, of which three were passed at sea. Various changes have been made in the course of instruction, which was made seven years in 180, four years in 1801 and six years (the two last of which are spent at sea) March 3, 1873, where it now remains. The Naval Academy, first located at Annapolis, Maryland, was removed to Newport, R. I., in May, 1861, but reestablished at Annapolis in September, 1865, where it now is, occupying lands formerly known as Fort Severn. The academy is under the direct care and supervision of the Navy Department. There are to be allowed in the academy one cadet-midshipman for every member or delegate in the House of Representatives appointed at his nomination, one for the District of Columbia, and ten appointed at large by the President. The number of appointments which can be made is limited by law to twenty-five each year, named by the Secretary of the Navy after competitive examinations, the cadets being from sixteen to twenty years of age. The successful candidates become students of the academy, and receive the pay of cadet-midshipmen, \$500 per annum. All cadets actually graduated are commissioned cadet engineers in the navy, as vacancies occur, the pay being \$1,000 at sea and \$800 on shore duty. The course of instruction is thorough, involving a close pursuit of mathematics, steam engineering, physics, mechanics, seamanship, ordnance, history, law, etc. The whole number of students, according to the Annual Register of 1877-78, was cadet-midshipmen \$71, cadet-engineers, \$9: total, 860. The graduating class of 1877 numbered 45 members.



NAVY OFFICERS.

[From the Navy Register of the U.S., July, 1878, with additions.] ADMIRAL.

| | ADMIK | Λ. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name. | Present Duty, Station or Residence. | ap- | Original Entry into the Service. | Date of Present Commission | Sea |
| David D. Porter | Special Duty, Washington | Penn | 829 | Aug. 15, 1 | 1870 23 |
| | VICE-ADM | IIRAL. | | | |
| tephen C. Rowan | Port Admiral, New York. | Ohio | 826 | Aug. 15, | 1870 25 |
| | REAR-ADMIRALS- | ACTIVE LI | вт (11). | | |
| William E. Le R J.R. Madison Mul C. R. P. Rodgers Stephen D. Trenc Thomas H. Patter John C. Howell Edward T. Niche | Sup't Naval Observat Member Board Exam toy. Waiting Orders Illany Gov. Naval Asylum, P Commanding Pacific thard Waiting Orders Commanding Asiatic Ord'd to command Eu obs Com'dg South Atlant an Com'dg North Atlant Member Board Exam | hiladelphia Station Station ropean St'n ic Station ic Station inners | N. J. R Conn. 16 Ohio. 16 N. Y. 16 La 1 Penn. 16 Ga 1 N. H. 1 | 832 June 833 June 1 834 Aug. 1 836 Mar. 2 836 Feb. 2 | 5, 1874 2 5, 1874 2 4, 1874 2 0, 1875 2 8, 1877 2 1877 2 6, 1878 2 |
| | COMMODORES—A | | | | |
| Thomas H. Stev. Foxhall A. Park John M. B. Clitz Andrew Bryson. Donald McN. Fal James H. Spots. J. W. A. Nichol George H. Coop John C. Beaumo John C. Febiger Peiree Crosby J. Blakeley Crei, Aaron K. Hughe Edmund R. Coll Charles H. Bald | er Superintendent Nava Light-House Inspect Philadelphia, Pa. Special Duty, San Fr Lison. Com'dt Navy Yard, Pres't Board of Inspec | nancisco New York. ection | Ky N. Y. N. Y. | 1837 Sept. 1838 Nov. 1837 June | 25, 1873 8, 1873 5, 1874 |

Navy Yards of the United States.

Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

2. Charlestown Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.

3. Gosport Navy Yard, near Norfolk, Va.

4. Kittery Navy Yard, opposite Portsmouth, N. H.

5. League Island Navy Yard, railes below Philadelphia.

6. Mare Island Navy Yard, near San Francisco, Cal.

7. New London Naval Station (unfinished), New London, Conn.

8. Pensacola Navy Yard, Pensacola, Florida.

9. Washington City Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.

PAY TABLE OF THE NAVY.

| PAI TABLE O | e THE | MAVI. | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | | At Sea. | On Shore Duty. | On Leave orWaiting Orders. |
| Admiral | | 913,000 | \$13,000 | \$18,000 |
| Vice-Admiral | | 9,000 | 8.000 | 6,000 |
| Rear-Admirals | | 6,000 | 5,000 | 4,000 |
| Commodores | . | 5,000 | 4,000 | 8,000 |
| Captains | | 4.500 | 8,500 | 2,800 |
| Commanders | [| 3,500 | 3,000 | 2,300 |
| Lieutenant-Commanders- | | | 1 | |
| First four years after date of comm After four years from date of comm Licutenants— | nission | 2,800 8,000 | 2,400 2,000 | 2,000 2,200 |
| First five years | | 2,400 2,600 | 2,000 2,200 | 1,600 1,800 |
| Masters_ | | | | |
| First five years | • • • • • • • • • • | 1,800 | 1,500 | 1,200 |
| After five years | ••••• | 2,000 | 1,700 | 1,400 |
| Ensigns— | | 1,200 | 1,000 | 800 |
| First five years | • | 1,400 | 1,200 | 1,000 |
| Midshipmen | | 1,000 | 7,800 | 7,600 |
| After five years. Midshipmen. Cadet Midshipmen. | | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Mates | | 900 | 700 | 500 |
| Medical and Pay Directors and Medical an | d Pay In- | | 1 | |
| spectors and Chief Engineers, having rank at sea | the same | 4,400 | ļ | |
| gineers— | piect wit- | 4,400 | i . | I |
| Surgeons, Paymasters, and Chief Engineer | 78— | 2,200 | | 1 |
| First five years after date of comm | ission | 2,800 | 2,400 | 2,000 |
| Second five years | | 3,200 | 2,800 | 2,400 |
| Third five years | | 8,500 | 8,200 | 2,600 |
| Fourth five years | | 8,700 | 8,600 | 2,800 |
| After twenty years | | 4,200 | 4,000 | 8,000 |
| Fourth five years | tant Pay- | 1 | 1 | |
| masters, and Passed Assistant Engineers | ;- - | 1 | 4 000 | 4 |
| First five years after date of appoi | ntment | 2,000 | 1,800 | 1,500 |
| After five years | | 2,200 | 2,000 | 1,700 |
| Assistant Surgeons, Assistant Paymaster sistant Engineers— | e, and As- | | | |
| First five years after date of appoi | ntment | 1,700 | 1,400 | 1,000 |
| After five years | | 1,900 | 1,600 | 1,200 |
| Chaplains- | | 1 | į. | 1 |
| First five years | | 2,500 | 2,000 | 1,600 |
| After five years | | 2,800 | 2,860 | 1,900 |
| After five yearsBoatswains, Gunners, Carpenters and Sail- | makers— | | 1 | 1 |
| First three years | | 1,200 | 900 | 700 |
| Second three years | • • • • • • • • • | 1,800 | | |
| Third three years | • | 1,400 | 1,800 1,800 | 900 |
| Fourth three years | • | 1,800 | | |
| Cadet Engineers (after examination) | | 1,000 | | 600 |
| On On leave or | | | | |
| shore duty. waiting orders. | CICIAS | nd Vessels | nders of S | \$750 |
| Naval Constructors— | First Cl | erks to (| ommandar | its of |
| First 5 years\$3,200 \$2,200 | Navy Y | ards | | 1,500 |
| Second 5 years., 3,400 2,400 | Second (| Clerks to | Commanda | nts of |
| Third 5 years 3,700 2,700 | Navy Y | ards | | 1,200 |
| Fourth 5 years 4.000 8.000 | Clerk, M | are Island | Navy Yard lants Nava | 1,800 |
| After 20 years 4,200 3,200 Ass't Naval Constructors— | Clerk to | Command | | I Sta- |
| Ass t Naval Constructors— | tione | | | 1 5/81 |
| First 4 vears 2 (III) 1.500 | Cierks to | raymaste | rs at Navy rk, Philadon | ı aras— |
| Second 4 years. 2,200 1,700 | DOSION | i, New 10 | ik, Phiiad | erhurg |
| After 8 years 2,600 1,900 Secretary to Admiral and Vice Ad- | Merc | eland Praeiingi(| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 1,600 |
| mirel Co KM | Kitto- | v Norfalle | and Punes | 1,500 cola 1,400 |
| miral \$2,500 Secretaries to Commanders of | Atoth | er Station | and Felisa | 1,800 |
| Squadrons | | | | ind of ordi- |
| Secretary to Naval Academy 1,800 | | | 0 per annu | |
| Note.—The navy spirit ration was to | | | | |
| thereof the navy ration is 80 cents per day | | oui, | , ., .0,0, | III IICU |
| among and man't remore to an occurate box and | • | | | |

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OFFICIAL STATISTICS OF THE STATES.

Note.—For State capitals and Governors, see p. 408. For meeting of Legislatures and time of elections, p. 409. For State valuations and taxes, p. 410. For population, areas, and admission to the Union, pp. 24, 84, and 411.

STATE OF ALABAMA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|-----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| Governor | Rufus W. Cobb | Nov. 28, 1878 | Nov. 27, 1880 | \$3,000 |
| Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State | None | | " | 1,800 |
| Treasurer | I. H. Vincent | " | • • | 2,100 |
| Auditor | Willis Brewer | " | " | 2,100 1,800 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruction | Leroy F. Box | , " | 44 | 2,150 |
| Attorney-General Commissioner of Lands. | H. C. Tompkins. | • | •• | 1,500 1,900 |
| State Librarian | | ** | | 1,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Robert C. Brickell, Chief-Justice; Geo. W. Stone, Amos R. Manning, Associate Justices. Term, 6 years. Elected by people. Salary, \$4,000 each.

Amount of State Debt, Sept. 30th, 1878, \$9,452,669; interest, 5 per cent.

State Receipts for last year, ending Sept. 30th, 1878, \$718,228.36.
State Expenditures for last year, \$448,097.28.
Amount raised by Taxation last year, \$827,889.90.
Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real and personal, \$117,486,580.97.

Rate of State Tax, 79 cents on \$100.

STATE OF ARKANSAS.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| GovernorLieutGovernor | | Jan. 7, 1879 | Jan. 4, 1881 | \$3,500 |
| Secretary of State | | " | 66 | 2,000 |
| Treasurer | | 44 | 44 | 2,500 |
| Auditor | | " | 44 | 2,500 |
| Attorney-General | | " | ** | 2,000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | J. L. Denton | ** | . 44 | 1,800 |
| Land Commissioner | D. W. Lear | •• | • 4 | 2,000 |

JUDICIABY, SUPREME COURT.-John R. Eakin, Chief Justice, 8 years. W. M. Harrison, 6 years; Jesse Turner, 4 years, Associate Justices. Elected by the people. Salary, \$3,500 each.

Salary, \$3,500 each.

Amount of State Debt, Sept. 30, 1877: Funded, \$4,153,085; unfunded, \$13,967,012.

General Statement of State Bonds issued: \$22,000 thirty year State Bank, 5 per cent; \$108,000 thirty year State Bank, 6 per cent; \$45,80,000 thirty year Real Estate Bank, 6 per cent; \$45,800 thirty year Funding, 1869, 6 per cent; \$2,281,000 thirty year Funding, 1879, 6 per cent; \$300,000 thirty year bending, 1874, and 1875, 10 per cent; \$1,396,773 thirty year Levee bonds, 7 per cent; \$5,350,000 thirty year Punding, 1874, and 1875, 10 per cent; \$1,298,000 of the Funding Bonds of 1870 are of doubtful validity. The Supreme Court of Arkansas in 1873 decided that all the Levee bonds are unconstitutional and invalid. All of the Railroad Aid bonds have been declared by the

tutional and invalid. All of the Railroad Aid bonds have been declared by the Supreme Court to have been illegally issued

State Receipts for year ending Sept. 30, 1877, \$630,383. State Expenditures for year, \$526,429. Amount raised by Taxation, \$457,450.

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real, \$61,960,452; personal, \$32,-692,425.

Rate of State Tax. 10 mills on the dollar.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of Office. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Sal- ary. |
|--|---|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------------|---|
| Governor *Lieutenant-Governor. Secretary of State. Treasurer Comptroller. Adjutant-General Supt. Pub. Instruction Attorncy-General Sec'y Bd. Agriculture. Surveyor-General. State Librarian. | Jas. A. Johnson. Thomas Beck. José G. Estudillo. W. B. C. Brown. P. F. Walsh. Ezra S. Carr Jos. Hamilton. Robert Beck. William Minis. | 44 44 | Dec. 6, 1875. | 44 44 44 44 44 | \$7,000 4,000 4,000 8,000 8,000 4,000 1,800 4,000 8,000 |

^{*} The Lieutenant Governor receives \$12 per day during sessions of the Legislature as President of the Senate. He is Warden of State Prison, and receives for that a salary of \$10 per day.

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Wm. T. Wallace, Chief-Justice; A. L. Rhodes, A. C. Niles, E. W. McKinstry, J. B. Crockett, Associate Justices. Term, 10 years. Elected by the people. Salary, \$6,000 each.

Amount of State Debt, Oct. Sist, 1878: Funded, \$3,403,000; Unfunded, none. General Statement of State Bonds issued: Civil Bonds of 1878, 6 per cent interest, \$2,801,000; State Capital Bonds of 1870, 7 per cent interest, \$250,000; Gitto, of 1872, 7 per cent interest, \$250,000; Civil Bonds of 1857, 7 per cent interest, \$5,500; Civil Bonds of 1857, 7 per cent interest, \$5,000; ditto of 1860, 7 per cent interest, \$1,500. Total, \$3,403,000.

State Receipts for year ending June 20th, 1878, 282, 212, 404, 48.

State Receipts for year ending June 30th, 1878, \$3,913,494.45.
State Expenditures for last year, \$3,797,884.68.
Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real and personal, \$584,583,651.
Rate of State Tax, year ending June 30th, 1879, 53 cents on \$100.

STATE OF COLORADO.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Governor. Licutenant-Governor. Secretary of State. Treasurer Additor. Adjutant-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. Attorney-General. State Librarian | H. A. W. Tabor N. H. Meldrum Nathan S. Culver Eugene K. Stimpson Robert S. Roe Joseph C. Shattuck Charles W. Wright. | At pleasure of Jan. 14, 1879 | Jan. 10, 1381 Governor. Jan. 10, 1881 | \$3,000 1,000 2,200 2,000 2,000 500 2,000 2,000 500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Henry C. Thatcher, Chief Justice; term, 9 years; elected by the people; salary \$3.250. Samuel H. Elbert, Wilbur F. Stone, Associates; salary of each, \$3.250. After short terms expire, Thatcher, 3 years; Elbert, 6 years; Stone, 9 years.

Amount of State Debt on Nov. 30th, 1873, \$123,803.10; consisting only of State warrants issued in anticipation of taxes accruing.

Colorado has no bonded debt, the State Constitution expressly prohibiting the contents.

Legislature from creating any debt beyond the amount actually provided for by

taxation, in advance of appropriations.

State Receipts for two years, ending Nov. 30th, 1878, \$807,893.53.

State Expenditures for two years, \$885,688.20.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$155,500.15.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$25,804.845; personal, \$17,988,-803. Rate of State tax, \$2 mills on \$1, besides 50 cents per capita for military pur-DOSCS.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|-------------|------------|-------------------------|
| Governor. Lient-Governor Secretary of State. Treasurer Comptroller. Sec. State Board of Education. Adjutant-General Sec. B'd of Agriculture State Librarian. | David Gallup. David Torrance Talmadge Baker Chauncey Howard B. G. Northrop Wm. B. Franklin | | | 1,500 1,500 2,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—John D. Park, Chief Justice, 8 years; Elisha Carpenter, Dwight W. Pardec, Dwight Loomis, Miles T. Granger, Edward I. Sanford, Roland Hitchcock, Earl Martin, Sidney B. Beardsley, Moses Culver, James A. Hovey, Associate Justices; term of all, 8 years. Elected by the General Assembly.

Boyer, Associate states, contact, and an incident and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a sec

State Receipts for year ending Dec. 1, 1878, \$1,652,570.31.
State Expenditures for last year, \$1,542,612.58.
Amount raised by taxation last year, \$2,246,490.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$238,027,032; personal, \$106,379,-903. Rate of State Tax, 1½ mills on the dollar.

The State Tax on property produced \$602,465, while no less than \$1,644.025 was derived from taxes on railroad companies, savings banks, insurance companies, telegraph and express companies, and non-resident stockholders.

A State law requires the Comptroller to collect and publish annually a statement of the total indebtedness, rate of tax, receipts from taxation, and actual expenditures of every town, city and county in Connecticut. This return, Oct. 1, 1877, exhibited the following interesting statistics:

Total debts of towns, cities and counties, \$17,151,327; total amount raised by taxation during the year, \$4,628,164; total expenditure for interest during the year, \$1,089,979; total expenditure for schools during the year, \$1,017,327; total expenditure for roads during the year, \$832,453; total expenditure for paupers during the year, \$255,1728; total expenditure for police during the year, \$255,1726; total expenditure for paupers during the year, \$255,146; total expenditure for salaries during the year, \$190,202; total expenditure for Fire Department during the year, \$184,441.

STATE OF DELAWARE.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of Office. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Sal- ary. |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State. Treasurer Auditor Adjutant-General Supt. Pub. Instruction Attorney-General State Librarian | None. Ignatius C. Grubb Thomas B. Giles. Nathan Pratt W. S. McCaulley. James H. Graves. J. B. Pennington. | 4 yrs. 2 yrs. 1 yr. 5 yrs. | | Oct., 1879. | |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Jos. P. Comegys, Chief-Justice; L. E. Wales, John W. Houston, Edw. Wootton, Associate Justices; Willard Saulsbury, Choncellor, \$2.500 each; Associate Justices, \$2.000.

Amount of State Debt, Dec. 12, 1873, \$953,000, all funded.

The State holds interest paying securities (railroad, etc.) to the amount of \$1,190,-790, and is virtually out of debt. The annual receipts were about \$355,000, and the annual expenditures \$105,000 and the saugust paying securities (railroad, etc.) to the associate Justices (railroad,

annual expenditures \$105,000, at the date of the last Governor's message. Of the tax receipts, no less than \$49,590 was from licenses, \$33,812 from tax on railroads and passengers, and only \$30,956 from taxes on real and personal property, in the whole State.

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STATE OF FLORIDA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Governor | Geo. F. Drew | Jan. 1, 1877 | Jan. 1, 1881 | \$3,500 |
| Lieutenant-Governor | | | : 1 | 500 |
| Secretary of State | W. D. Bloxnam | | | 2,000 |
| Treasurer Comptroller | Walter Gwynn | " | | 2,000 2,000 |
| Attorney-General | | " | " | 2,000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n Adjutant-General | W. P. Haisley | 66 | · " | 2,000 |
| Commissioner of Lands | o. o. Dickison | | | |
| and Immigration | Hugh A. Corley | Jan. 1. 1877 | Jan. 1, 1881 | 2,000 |
| State Librarian | Hugh A. Corley Chas. H. Foster | Clerk Suprem | e Ct., ex-officio | 800 |

JUDICIARY, SUFREME COURT.—Edwin M. Randall, Chief-Justice; term of office for life; appointed by Governor, with consent of Senate; salary, \$3,000. James D. Westcott, Jr., R. B. Van Valkenburgh, Associates; term, for life; appointed by Governor, with consent of Senate; salary of each, \$3,000. Amount of State Debt, Jan. 1st, 1878; Funded, \$1,284,700; unfunded, \$65,572.81. General Statement of State Bonds issued, \$1,500 Convention Bonds of 1868, 8 per cent.; \$6,800 bonds of 1877, 7 per cent.; \$925,000 bonds of 1873, 6 per cent., gold.

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$143,900.
State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1st, 1878, \$315,498.
State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1st, 1878, \$315,498.
Amount raised by taxation, \$255,000.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$19,718,462; personal, \$10,197.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$19,713,463; personal, \$10,197,-991. Rate of State tax, 90 cents on every \$100, of which 85 cents were remitted in 1878, owing to reduced expenditure.

STATE OF GEORGIA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| GovernorLieutGovernor | Alfred H. Colquitt | Jan. 1, 1877 | Jan. 1, 1881 | \$4,000 |
| Secretary of State | | " | 46 | 2,000 |
| Treasurer | John W. Renfroe | | 46 | 2,000 |
| Comptroller-General Attorney-General | W. L. Goldsmith | ** | 64 | 2,000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | G. J. Orr | | | 2,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Hiram Warner, Chief Justice; Logan E. Bleckley, James Jackson, Associate Justices. Term, 8 years. Elected by the Legisla-

ley, James Jackson, Associate Jackson. Arm, o journel.

lure. Salary, \$3,000 each.

N. B.—Future judges of the Supreme Court are to receive \$3,000 per annum.

Amount of State Debt, Jan. 1, 1878, \$10,644,500, funded at 5 per cent., 7 per cent, and 8 per cent. Interest. Railroad bonds indorsed by the State, \$2,686,000. The new State Constitution, adopted 1877, declared void sundry bonds and State indorsements issued in aid of railroads. State Receipts for year 1878, \$1,998,846.84.

S'ate Expenditures for year, \$1,728,910. Amount raised by Taxation, \$1,129,990.51. Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real, \$140,153,250; personal, \$93,506,-280

Rate of State Tax. 5 mills on the dollar.

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STATE OF ILLINOIS.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|--|---|---------------|--|
| Governor. Lieutenant-Governor. Secretary of State Treasurer. Additor. Adjutant-General. Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n Attorney-General. Sec. Bd. of Agriculture. State Librarian | Andrew Shuman Geo, H. Harlow John C. Smith Thos. B. Needles H. Hilliard James P. Slade Jas. K. Edsall S. D. Fisher | Jan. 13, 1879 Jan. 8, 1877 July 2, 1877 Jan. 13, 1879 Jan. 8, 1877 Jan. 12, 1875 | Jan. 10, 1881 | \$6,000 1,000 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 8,500 2,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Alfred M. Craig, Chief-Justice; John Scholfield, T. Lylo Dickey, John M. Scott, Pinkney H. Walker, David J. Baker, Associate Justices. Term, 9 years each. Elected by the people. Salary, \$5,000 each. Amount of State Debt, Oct. 1, 1878, \$562,742:06.

State Receipts for two years ending Oct. 1, 1878, \$6,659,771.36.

State Expenditures for two years, \$6,539,638.18.

Amount raised by Taxation, \$2,640,025.

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real and personal, \$361,712,532.

Rate of State Tax, 36 cents on \$100.

The Report of the State Auditor exhibits the amount of municipal debts in Illinois in 1878 as aggregating \$51,811,691, about 30 per cent, of which was incurred in aid of railroads. The State constitution now prohibits cities or counties from subscribing to railroad or other corporations, and limits municipal debts to 5 per cent on aggregate taxable property. cent on aggregate taxable property.

STATE OF INDIANA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Governor | James D. Williams. | Jan. 8, 1877 | Jan. 3, 1881 | \$6,000 |
| Secretary of State Treasurer | John G. Shanklin William Fleming | Jan. 16, 1879 Feb. 10, 1879 | Feb. 10, 1881 | 2,000 2,000 |
| Auditor | | Jan. 25, 1879 Nov. —, 1878 Mar. 15, 1877 | Jan. 25, 1881 Nov. —, 1880 Mar. 15, 1881 | 2,500 2,000 2,500 |
| State Librarian | | | April 1, 1879 | 1,200 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—James L. Worden, Samuel E. Perkins, Horace P. Biddle, George V. Howk, William E. Niblack; term of office, 6 years; elected by the people; salary, \$4,000.

Amount of State Debt, Nov. 1st, 1878, \$4,998,178.34, all at 6 per cent. interest. State Receipts for year ending Nov. 1st, 1878, \$1,860,777.61.

State Expenditures for year, \$1,497,356.20.

Amount raised by taxation, \$1,211,600.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$639,963,037; personal, \$215,829,968. Rate of State tax, 12 cents on each \$100.

STATE OF IOWA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term of Office. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|---|---|-----------------------|--|---|--|
| Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State Treasurer Auditor | J. F. McJunkin Jno. R. Shaffer James K. Powers. | "At " | Jan., 1878. Jan. 6, 1879. "pleasure of Jan. 7, 1878. Jan. 6, 1879. pleasure of | Governor. Jan. 4, 1880. Jan. 2, 1881. | \$3,000 556 2,200 2,200 1,000 2,200 1,500 1,000 |

STATE OF IOWA (Continued).

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Joseph M. Beck, Chief-Justice; Austin Adams, Wm. H. Seevers, James G. Day, James H. Rothrock, Associate Justices. Term, 6 years. Elected by the people. Salary, \$4,000 each.
Amount of State Debt, Sept. 30th, 1877: \$300,000, of War and Defence Fund. The Revenue Fund is responsible to the School Fund for \$345,435.19 at 8 per cent. Total State Debt, \$456,435.19.
State Receipts for two years between Nov. 1st, 1875, and Sept. 30th, 1877, \$1,187684.40

\$2,187,683.40.

State Expenditures, same period, \$2,122,470.78.

Amount raised by Taxation, same period, \$1,930,123.98.

STATE OF KANSAS.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Governor | John P. St. John | Jan. 18, 1879. | Jan. 10, 1881. | \$3,000 |
| Secretary of State Treasurer | James Smith | " | " | 2,000 2,000 |
| Auditor Adjutant-General | P. J. Bonebrake P. S. Noble | " At pleasure of | the Governor. | 2,000 1,200 |
| Supt. Pub. Instruction Attorney-General | Willard Davis | 46 | | 2,000 1,500 |
| Sec'y Bd. of Agriculture State Librarian Commissioner of Lands | D. Dickinson | i | | 1,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Albert H. Horton, Chief-Justice; D. J. Brewer, D. M. Valentine, Associate Justices. Chief Justice, 6 years; Associate Justices, 4 years. Elected by the people. Salary, \$3,000 each. Amount of State Debt, July ist, 1878, \$1,161,075.

General Statement of State Bonds issued: \$101,475 at 6 per cent; \$1,080,500 at

7 per cent. Total, \$1,181,975.

per cent. Total, \$1,181,970.
Amount in Sinking Fund, \$94,275.
Amount in Permanent School Fund, \$607,925.
State Receipts for year ending July 1st, 1878, \$1,206,675.
State Expenditures for year, \$1,272,910.
Amount raised by taxation for year, \$705,060.
Value of taxable property, as assessed: Real, \$96,695,457; Personal, \$41,131,186.
Rate of Taxation, 1878, 55 cents on each \$100.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

| STATE OFFICERS. | · Name. | Term of office. | Term began | Term ends. | Salary |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Governor Licutenaut-Governor | Jar. B. McCreary. J. C. Underwood | 4 yrs. | Aug. 81, '75 | Sept. 3, '79 | \$5,000 \$10 per day dur- ing ses- sion of |
| | J. M. Wright | 2 yrs. 4 yrs. | Jan. 7, 778 Jan. 3, 776 Aug. 31, 775 | Jan. 1, '80 Jan. 5, '80 Sept. 8, '79 | Senate. \$1,500 2,400 2,500 2,400 1,200 |
| Attorney-General | sonThos. E. Moss | 66 | " | 44 | 8,000 500 and |
| Register of Land Office. Com'r of Agriculture, Horticulture, and Sta- | | " | " | . " | fees. \$2,000 |
| tistics | W. J. Davie | | Feb. 17, '78 Jan. 4, '76 | | 9,000 1,000 4,000 |

STATE OF KENTUCKY-(Continued).

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—William S. Pryor, Chief-Justice; term expires 1st Mon., Sept. 1880. M. H. Cofer, Associate Justice; term expires, 1st Mon., Sept. 1882. John L. Elliott, Associate-Justice; term expires, 1st Mon. Sept., 1884. Thomas H. Hines, Associate-Justice; term expires, 1st Mon. Sept., 1886. State divided into four appellate districts. Term of office, 8 years. One judge elected every 2 years; the judge having shortest time to serve being Chief-Justice. Salary, \$5,000 each. Amount of State Debt, Oct. 10th, 1878: \$180,384, 6 per cent; School Fund, \$1.327,000, 6 per cent, redeemable at pleasure of Legislature; ditto, \$845,447.30, not redeemable. Total Debt. \$1,872,84130.

Total Debt, \$1,852,841.30.

redeemable. Total Debt, \$1,852,841.30.

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$230,000, 5-20 gold-bearing bonds.

State Receipts, year ending Oct. 10th, 1878: Revenue, \$1,120,223.37; White School Fund, \$818,401.01; Sinking Fund, \$196,030.77; Negro School Fund, \$28,060.79; En. Militia, \$2,665.44; Ins. Bureau, \$9,709.76; Military Fund, \$3.

State Expenditures, year ending Oct. 10th, 1878: Revenue, \$1,538,243.94; White School Fund, \$819,887.25; Sinking Fund, \$196,030.77; Negro School Fund, \$31,969.22; En. Militia, \$1,822.21; Ins. Bureau, \$10,474.95; Military Fund, none. Amount raised by Taxation, 1878: White, \$1,416,078.70; Negro, \$14,878.70.

Amount of Taxable Property as assessed real and nersonal: White, \$554,019.676;

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real and personal: White, \$354,019,676;

Negro, \$3,306,837.

Rate of State Tax, per cent: White, 40 c. per \$100: Negro, 45 c.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

| STATE OFFICERS, . | Name. | Term begau. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|
| Governor Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State. Treasurer Anditor. Attorney-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n Asst. Attorney-General. Commissioner of Lands. gtate Librarian | Louis A. Wiltz Will. A. Strong E. A. Burke Allen Jumel Horatio N. Ogden. Robt. M. Lueher James C. Egan James Graham | Jan. 1, 1879 Jan. 8, 1877 | Jan. —, 1881 " Jan. 1, 1883 Jan. 1, 1881 Jan. —, 1881 | \$8,000 8,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 1,500 900 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Thomas C. Manning, Chief Justice; term of office, 8 years; salary \$7,5:00. William B. Egan, Hobert H. Marr, Alcibiade De Blanc, William B. Spencer, Associates; term of office, 8 years; all appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; salary of each, \$7,000.

Amount of State Debt, Jan. 1st, 1879, \$11,724,800, funded.

All bonds issued now bear date of Jan. 1st, 1874, and bear a uniform interest of 7 per cent. These bonds have been made by reducing or funding the indebtedness

at sixty (60) cents on the dollar.

The unpaid interest on consolidated bonds from 1874 to 1878, inclusive, amounts to \$579.782, to which should be added amount to be paid on bonds to be funded, \$266,256.

The State Auditor estimates the unfunded bonds yet to be converted into consols at \$653,800, and miscellaneous indebtedness \$932,780, which, at 60 cents on the dollar, make \$930,913 to be added to the State debt, as given above.

State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1st, 1878, \$2,606,351.52.

State Expenditures for year, \$2,719,412.24.

Amount raised by taxation, \$2,432,188.

Amount of iaxable property as assessed: Real, \$138,164,847; personal, \$36,468.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Rcal, \$138,164,847; personal, \$36,468,-886. Rate of State Tax, 13 mills on \$1.

STATE OF MAINE.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of office. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|
| Governor LieutGovernor | Alonzo Garcelon | 1 yr. | Jan. 3, 1879. | Jan, 1, 1880. | \$2,500 |
| Secretary of State | | " | " | " | 1,500 |
| Treasurer | Charles A. White | | " | " | 2,000 |
| | Samuel D. Leavitt. | " | " | j " | 1,500 |
| Supt. of Pub. Inst'n | | 3 yrs. | Oct. 14, 1876. | Oct. 14, 1879. | 1,500 |
| Attorney-General Sec. Bd. of Agricul. | S. L. Boardman | 1 yr. | Jan. 8, 1979. | Jan. 1, 1880. | 1,000 |
| Commiss'r of Lands | E. C. Burleigh | 8 yrs. | April 5, 1876. | April 15, 1879. | 1,500 |
| State Librarian | J. D. Myrick | 4. | Oct. 16, 1878. | Oct. 16, 1891. | 1,000 |

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STATE OF MAINE-(Continued).

NOTE.—At the State election September 9th, 1878, there was no choice of Governor by the people. The Legislature, at its January, 1879, session, elected a Governor as well as other State officers whose terms had then expired.

Governor as well as other State officers whose terms had then expired.

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—John Appleton, Chief-Justice, Charles W. Walton, William G. Barrows, Charles Danforth, William W. Virgin, John A. Peters, Artemas Libby, Joseph W. Symonds, Associate Judges. Appointed by the Governor for seven years. Salary, \$3,000 cach.

Amount of State Debt Jan. 1st, 1878: Funded, \$5,873,900; unfunded, none. General Statement of State Bonds issued: Feb. 5th, 1861, \$23,000; Jan. 31, 1863, \$385,000; March 26th, 1863, \$307,000; March 26th, 1864, \$3,380,000; March 7th, 1868, \$2,386,000—all bearing 6 per cent interest.

Amount in Sinking Fund Jan. 1st, 1878, \$911,436.

State Receipts for year ending Dec. 31st, 1878, \$1,207,788.27.

State Expenditures for last year, \$1,871,637.64.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real and personal, \$224,579,568.

In the State valuation the real and personal is all put together.

Rate of State Tax, 1878, 40 cents on \$100.

Rate of State Tax, 1878, 40 cents on \$100.

STATE OF MARYLAND.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| Governor | John Lee Carroll | Jan. 1, 1876 | Jan. 1, 1880 | \$4,500 |
| Secretary of State | | 66 | 44 | 2,500 |
| Treasurer | | Jan. 1, 1877 | 44 | 2,500 |
| Comptroller | Thos. T. Keating | *** | 66 | 2.500 |
| Adjutant-General | Frank A. Bond | Jan. 1, 1876 | 44 | 2,000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. | | 44" | 44 | 2,000 |
| Attorney-General | C. J. M. Gwinn | 44 | 44 | 8,000 |
| Commissioner of Lands. | Wm. R. Hayward | " | 44 | 1,500 |
| State Librarian | J. H. T. Magruder. | | 66 | 1,500 |

JUDICIARY, COURT OF APPRALS.—James L. Bratol, Chief-Justice; elected by the people; term, 15 years. James A. Stewart, John M. Robinson, R. J. Bowie, R. H. Alvey, George Brent, Richard Grason, Oliver Miller, Associate Judges. Sal-

R. H. Alvey, George Brent, Richard Grason, Oliver Miller, Associate Judges. Salary, \$3,500. Appointed.

Election of 1878.—Democratic vote, 67,978: Republican vote, 53,914.

Amount of State Debt on Oct. 1st, 1877, \$10,758,673, funded. About half the debt bears 5 per cent interest, and the remainder 6 per cent.

The State holds, as against its public debt, interest-paying securitics amounting to \$4,285,713, besides \$23,860,682 in unproductive securities.

State Receipts for year ending Oct. 1st, 1877, \$2,109,193.76.

State Expenditures for year, \$2,179,813.76.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$1,563,956.54.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real and personal, \$478,468,028; rail-road property, \$68,576,242. Aggregate of property taxed, \$547,044,270. Rate of State Tax, 17 cents on \$100.

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of Office. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|---|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Governor. Lieutenant-Gov'nr. Secretary of State. Treasurer. Additor. Adjutant-General. Sec'y Bd. Education Attorney-General. Sec'y Bd. Agricult. State Librarian. | John D. Long Henry B. Pierce Charles Endicott Julius L. Clarke J. A. Cunningham. John W. Dickinson George Marston Chas. L. Flint | 44 44 44 | First Wed. in Jun., 1879. | First Wed. in Jan., 1880. " | \$5,000 2,500 5,000 8,000 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,000 |

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS-(Continued).

SUPPRIME JUDICIAL COURT.—Horace Gray, Chief-Justice; Seth Ames, James D. Colt, Marcus Morton, William C. Endicott, Otis P. Lord, Augustus L. Soule, Associate Justices. Office held during good behavior. Appointed by Governor. Salary, Chief-Justice, \$6,500; Associate Justices, \$6,000 each.

Amount of State Debt. Nov. 1st, 1878. \$33,020,464, all funded at 5 per cent

Amount of State Debt, Nov. 1st, 1878. \$33,020,464, all funded at 5 per cent interest. No floating debt.

General Statement of State Bonds issued: Union Fund, 1878, \$200,000; Filling Back Bay Lands, 1880, \$220,000; Southern Vermont Railroad, 1s90, \$200,000; Coast Defence, 1883, \$888,000; Troy & Greenfield Railroad, 1885-1897, \$13,939,972; Boston, Hartford & Erie Railroad, 4900, \$3,599,024; Bounty Fund, 1883, 1894, and 1895, \$88,580,244; War Fund, 1889, \$999,944; Danvers Lunatic Hospital, 1894, 1896, and 1897, \$1,500,000; Harbor Improvements (new), 1894 and 1896, \$700,000: Worcester Lunatic Hospital (new), 1895 and 1896, \$1,100,000; State Prisons Loan, 1895, \$1,202,280. Total, \$33,219,464. Funding Public Debt, Loan of 1856, due in 1862, and not presented for payment, \$1,000. Grand total, \$33,220,464.

Amount in Sinking Fund, Jan. 1st, 1878, \$10,885,690,21.

State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1st, 1878, \$7,244,900.23.

State Expenditures for year, \$5,787,127.51.

Amount raised by Taxation, 1878, \$1,000,000.

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real, \$1,118,557,164; personal, \$450,-

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, real, \$1,118,557,164; personal, \$450,-

431,046.

Rate of State Tax, year ending Dec. 31st, 1878, 6370 cents on \$1,000. In addition to the regular State tax, Massachusetts assesses corporations, over and above the local taxation, upon a valuation aggregating \$74,244,884.38, which is assessed at the average rate in the State, to wit, \$12.54 on \$1,000. The proceeds of this tax is distributed to the cities and towns where the stockholders reside, if within the commonwealth.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| GovernorLieutGovernor | Charles M. Croswell Alonzo Sessions | 1 14 | Dec. 31, 1881. | \$1,000 \$3 day |
| becretary of State Treasurer | Benj. D. Pritchard | " | 44 | 800 |
| Auditor-General Adjutant-General | John Robertson | . " | Dec. 31, 1878. | 1,000 1,000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | Cornelius A. Gower | 1st term, Jan. | Dec. 81, 1880. | 1,000 |
| Attorney-General | Otto Kirchner | 1, 1877. 2d term, Jan. | | 800 |
| Sec. B'd of Agriculture. | Robert G. Baird | 1, 1879. Appointed by | Jan. 1, 1880. | |
| Commission on all Total | | Bd. of Agri- culture dur- | ing pleasure. | 1,000 |
| Commissioner of Land Office | James M. Neasmith. Harriet A. Tenney | | Dec. 81, 1880 | 900 1,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUFREME COURT.—Thomas M. Cooley, Chief Justice, 8 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1885; James V. Campbell. 8 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1879; Issac Marston, 8 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1881; Benjamin F. Grave, 8 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1883; Associate Justices. Elected by the people, Salary of

Amount of State Debt, funded, Oct. 1, 1878, \$959,149.97.
Amount in Sinking Fund, \$794,251.
State Receipts for year ending Oct. 1, 1877, \$1,883,825.
State Expenditures for year, \$2,888,059.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$603,348.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$308,753,086; Person=1, \$66,127,998.
Rate of State Tax, 17 mills on each \$100 of valuation.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|-------------|--------------|--|
| Governor. Lieutenant-Governor. Secretary of State Treasurer Anditor. Attorney-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. Adjutant-General Insurance Commissioner State Librarian. | J. B. Wakefield. J. S. Irgenz. Wm. Pfaender. O. P. Whitcomb. Geo. P. Wilson. D. Burt H. P. Van Cleve. A. R. McGill | •• | Jan. 6, 1830 | \$3,000 600 1,800 3,500 2,500 1,500 2,000 1,200 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—James Giffillan, Chief-Justice; term, 7 years; elected by the people; salary, \$4,000. John M. Berry and F. R. E. Cornell, Associates; term, 7 years: elected by the people; salary of each, \$4,000.
Amount of State Debt, Nov. 30th, 1878, \$400,000, funded, bearing 7 per cent. interest: unfunded, \$122,001.94.
Besides this debt there are disputed bonds, issued in 1858, due 1883, to aid in the construction of railroads, \$2,275,000.
Amount in Sinking Fund. \$24,639.87

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$64,639.37.
State Receipts for year ending Nov. 30th, 1878, \$1,477,637.32.
State Expenditures for year, \$1,562,409.97.
Amount raised by Taxation, \$672,646.83.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$175,783,979; personal, \$45,141,-650. Rate of State tax, 2 mills on the dollar.

The tax for all purposes, State, county and town, averages 17½ mills on the dollar, or \$1.72½ on \$100.

The first complete return (for 1877) of the local indebtedness in Minnesota shows

Aggregate city and town debts, 1877, \$3,480,827; aggregate county debts, 1877, \$740,460; aggregate school district debts, \$570,024; add debt of the State, \$572,108. Total, \$5,863,419.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPL

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Lieutenant-Governor | | Jan, 7, 1878 | Jan. 2, 1832 | \$4,000 |
| | W. L. Hemingway Sylvanus Gwin | Jan. 7, 1878 | Jan. 2, 1882 | 2,500 2,500 2,500 |
| Attorney-General Supt. of Pub. Educat'n. Adjutant-General | J. Argyle Smith | Annointed by | Governor | 2,500 2,500 2,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—H. F. Simrall, Chief Justice. J. A. P. Campbell, H. H. Chalmers, Associate Justices. Term of office, 9 years. Appointed by

the Governor and Senate. Salary of each, \$3,500.

Amount of State Debt, Jan. 1, 1878, \$2,954.458.

The Report of State Treasurer, Jan. 1, 1878, says: "To arrive at a correct understanding of the financial condition, it is necessary to deduct the amounts due the Chickasaw and Common School funds, upon which only the annual interest should be naid." Subtracting these smooning at 1812 415 Ma and the cash belongs in Chickseaw and Common School thans, upon which only the annual interest should be paid." Subtracting these amounts, \$1,813,145.54, and the cash balance in Treasury Jan. 1, 1878, \$604,592.67, there remains only \$531,719.79 as the net State debt of Mississippi, according to the official statement.

State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1, 1878, \$865,327.47.

State Expenditures for year 1877, \$663,094.69.

Amount raised by Taxation last year, \$684,700.78.

Amount of Tayable Property as aggregad. Res. \$64,940.934; personal, \$32.2

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real, \$94,940,254; personal, \$32,-186,480.

Rate of State Tax on \$100, 50 cents.

Of the State taxes collected, \$143,287 was from tax on railroads, and express, telegraph, insurance, and banking companies; \$98,500 from fines and licenses to retail.

STATE OF MISSOURI.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|-------------|---------------|---|
| Governor. LientGovernor. Secretary of State Treasurer Auditor Attorney-General. Adjutant-General Supt. of Public Schools Register of Lands | Henry C. Brokmeye: Michael K. McGrath Elijah Gates Thomas Holladay Jackson L. Smith E. Y. Mitchell Richard D. Shannon. | | Jan. 8, 1883. | \$5,000 5 a day 8,000 8,000 8,000 2,000 8,000 8,000 8,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Thomas A. Sherwood, Chief Justice; 10 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1882; William B. Napton, 10 years; term expires Dec. 13, 1880; Warwick Hough, 10 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1884; John E. Henry, 10 years; term expires Dec. 31, 1878; Associate Justices. Elected by the people, one every two years. Salary of each, \$4,500.

Amount of State Debt, funded, Jan. 1, 1879, \$16,758,000; all bearing 6 per cent interest. Floating debt, \$250,000.

About \$11,000,000 of the State debt of Missouri was contracted in aid of railroads. State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1, 1877, \$3,567,006.

State Expenditures for year, \$3,777,960. Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$498,663,920; personal, \$146,055, 233. Railroad property (separately taxed), \$29,997,058. Rate of State Tax, 4 mills

STATE OF NEBRASKA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Torm ends. | Salary. |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Governor | Albinus Nance | Jan. 7, 1879 | Jan. 4, 1881 | \$2,500 |
| Licutenant-Governor | E. C. Carns | •• | | \$6 per |
| Secretary of State | S. J. Alexander | 44 | " | \$2,000 |
| Treasurer | G. M. Bartlett | ** | " | 2,500 |
| Auditor of Pub. Acc'ts | F. W. Liedtke | ** | " | 2,500 |
| Attorney-General | | | i " | 2.000 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. | | | " | 2,000 |
| Adjutant-General | | <u> </u> | | 500 |
| Sec. Bd. of Agriculture | D. II. Wheeler | Elected yearly | by Board of Agriculture. | 1,50 |
| Com'r of Public Lands | | 1 | | |
| and Buildings | F. M. Davis | Jan. 7, 1870 | Jan. 4, 1881 | 2,000 |
| State Librarian | Guy A. Brown | Appointed by | Supreme Ct. | 1,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Samuel Maxwell, Chief-Justice; 3 years; Amasa Cobb, 1 year; George B. Lake, 5 years; Associates; all elected by the people, and salary of each \$2,500.

Judges are elected for six years. The above represent unexpired terms.

Amount of State Debt Nov. 30th, 1878, \$599,267.33, drawing 8 per cent. interest.

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$162,577.85.

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$102,077.80.
State Receipts for two years ending Nov. 30th, 1878, \$1,938,337.43.
State Expenditures for two years, \$1,772,209.09.
Amount raised by taxation in 1878, \$918,413.30.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$30,263,813.51; personal, \$35,115,-712.46. Rate of State Tax, 6% mills on the dollar.

STATE OF NEVADA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Governor. LieutGovernor. Secretary of State Treasurer. | J. W. Adams Jasper Babcock L. L. Crockett | 66 66 | Jan. 1, 1888. | \$6,000 8,600 8,600 8,600 |
| Comptroller. Adjutant-General. Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n Attorney-General. Surveyor-General State Librarian. | LtGov., ex officio D. R. Sessions M. A. Murphy | Jan. 6, 1879. | Jan. 1, 1883. | 2,500 8,600 8,600 1,500 |

STATE OF NEVADA-(Continued).

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—W. H. Beatty, Chief-Justice; 2 years. O. R. Leonard, 4 years; Thomas P. Hawley, 6 years; Associate Judges. Salary of each, \$7,000. Elected by the people. C. F. Bicknell, Clerk Supreme Court, 4 years. Sal-

Amount of State Debt Jan. 1, 1879: Funded, 2557,017, at 9½ per cent,; unfunded, 2836; amount in sinking fund at 6 per cent, \$250,000; cash in Treasury, Jan. 1, 1879, \$668,064.

State Receipts for year ending Jan. 1, 1878, \$719,793.

State Expenditures for last year, \$645,649. Amount raised by taxation last year, \$601,760. Rate of State Tax, 90 cents on \$100.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| GovernorLientGove: nor | Benj. F. Prescott | June 5, 1878. | June 4, 1879. | \$1,000 |
| Secretary of State Treasurer | A. B. Thompson Solon A. Carter | June 5, 1878. | June 4, 1879. | 800 1.800 |
| Adjutant-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | Chas. A. Downs | İ | | 1,200 |
| Attorney-General Sec. B'd of Agriculture. State Librarian | James O. Adams | l | l | 1.000 |

Natt Head, Rep., was elected Governor, Nov. 5, 1878, for the two years' term beginning June 4, 1879.

The terms of most of the above State officers will expire in June, 1879. The

The terms of most of the above State olineers will expire in June, 1819. The Legislature which convenes June 4, 1879, will elect their successors.

JUDICTARY, SUPREME COURT.—Charles Doe, Chief-Justice; salary, \$2,400. Cinton W. Stanley, William L. Foster, George A. Bingham, William H. H. Allen, Isaac W. Smith, Lewis W. Clark, Associate Judges. Appointed by Governor and Council. Term of office, until 70 years of age. Salary, \$2,200 each.

Amount of State Debt June 1, 1878; Funded, \$3,420,100, interest at 6 per cent.; unfunded debt, \$61,000, interest at 5 per cent.; trust funds, \$63,408.24, interest at 6

per cent.

\$2,206,100 of the funded debt was on account of an issue of that amount of bonds to reimburse the towns for their municipal war expenditures, and the bonds are designated "Municipal War Loan."

State Receipts for year ending June 1, 1878, \$496,465.81.

State Expenditures for year ending June 1, 1878, \$496,465.81.

State Expenditures for year ending June 1, 1878, \$440,265.01.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$400,000.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real and personal, \$200,000,000.

Rate of State Tax, year ending April 1, 1878, 20 c. on each \$100 for State purposes.

Average rate for all purposes, including State, county, town, highway and school

taxes, \$1.72 on \$100.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| GovernorLieutenant-Governor | | 3d Tu. Jan. '78 | 3d Mo. Jan.'81 | \$5,000 |
| Secretary of State | . Henry D. Kelsey | | | Fees. |
| Treasurer Comptroller | . George M. Wright Robt. F. Stockton | Jan. 26, 1876 April 6, 1877 | Jan. 26, 1879 April 6, 1880 | \$4,000 4,000 |
| Adjutant-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | . Wm. S. Stryker | | | 8,000 |
| Attorney-General State Librarian | . John P. Stockton | April 5, 1877 | April 5, 1882 | 1,500 1,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Mercer Beasley, Chief-Justice; appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; term, 7 years; salary, \$5,200. V. Dalrimple, David A. Depue, Jonathan Dixon, M. M. Knapp, Alfred Reed, Edward W. Scrudder, Bennet Van Syckel, George S. Woodhull, Associates; appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; salary of each, \$5,000.

Amount of State Debt, Oct. 31st, 1878: War bonds, exempt, \$1,602,900; taxable, \$566,400. Total, \$2,196,800, bearing 6 per cent, interest. The debt is payable \$100,000 each year. Amount in Sinking Fund, \$1,458,852.34.

State Receipts for year ending Oct. 31st, 1878, \$1,741,233.50.

State Expenditures for, year, \$1,723,480.72.

Amount raised by taxation last year: Paid, \$819,999.81; unpaid, \$75,250.75. Total, \$895,250.36. Rate of State Tax, one mill on the dollar.

tal, \$895,250.36. Rate of State Tax, one mill on the dollar. Digitized by GOOGLE

STATE OF NEW YORK.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Governor | Wm. Dorsheimer Allen C. Beach James Mackin | Jan. 1, 1877 Jan. 1, 1878 | Dec. 31, 1879 Dec. 31, 1830 | \$10,000 & house, 5,000 5,000 6,000 |
| Attorney-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n Adjutant-General State Librarian | A. Schoonmaker, Jr. Neil Gilmour Franklin Townsend | April 4, 1877 Jan. 1, 1877 | 4, 1880 Dec. 81, 1879 | 5,000 5,000 2,500 |

JUDICIARY, COURT OF APPRALS.—Sanford E. Church, Chief-Justice; term of office, 14 years; elected by the people; salary, \$7,000. Charles Andrews, Geo. F. Danforth, Robert Earl, Theodore Miller, Charles A. Rapallo, Charles J. Folger, Associates; term, 14 years; elected by the people; salary of each, \$7,000.

Amount of State Debt, Oct. 1st, 1878, \$9,164,064.87; all being canal debt, bearing 6 per cent. gold interest, and redeemable 1883 to 1893. Amount in Sinking Fund, \$1,083,328.18.

\$1,083,385.18.
State Receipts for year ending Sept. 30th, 1878, \$12,404,505.
State Expenditures same year, \$13,870,056.
Amount raised by taxation last year, \$5,323,140.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$2,876,252,178; personal, \$379,-488,140. Rate of State tax, 2,5 mills on the dollar.
The amount of county, town and city debts in the State of New York in 1876 was \$244,079,859; in 1870 it was \$127,399,090.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| Governor | | Feb. 5. 1879 | Jan. 1, 1881 | \$4,000 |
| Lieutenant-Governor | | - " | 44 | |
| Secretary of State | Jos. A. Engelhard | Jan. 1, 1877 | | 1,000 |
| Treasurer | | " | ** | 1,000 8,000 1,250 |
| Auditor | Samuel L. Love | 46 | . " | 1.250 |
| Adjutant-General | Johnston T. Jones. | 6. | 66 | 200 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n | J C Scarborough | - 66 | 44 | 300 1,500 |
| Attorney-General | | 44 | 44 | 1,500 |
| Com'r of Agriculture | A A Dolle | 44 | " | 1,000 |
| Commissioner of Lands. | A. A. FUIK | " | 44 | |
| commissioner of Lands. | JOS. A. Engemara | | 14 | |
| State Librarian | Sherwood Haywood | •• | •• | 750 |

¹ Governor Vance was elected U. S. Senator in Jan., 1879, for six years from March 4, 1879. Lieut.-Gov. Jarvis succeeds to the office of Governor.

State Receipts for 2 years ending Oct. 1, 1878, \$1,066,957.60.
State Expenditures for 2 years, \$1,147,451.66.
Amount raised by Taxation, 1877, \$538,635.55.
Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real, \$91,679,918; personal, \$56,-884,639. Rate of State Tax, 38 cents on \$100.

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT. -W. N. H. Smith, Chief-Justice; Thos. S. Ashe, James H. Dillard, Associate Justices. Term, 8 years. Elected by the people. Salary, \$2,500 each.

Amount of State Debt, Oct. 1, 1878: Principal, \$16,960,045; Interest unpaid, \$10,-160,183; total, \$27,120,228, exclusive of unacknowledged "special tax bonds," amount \$11,407,000.

STATE OF OHIO.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| GovernorLieutenant-Governor | Richard M. Bishop. Jabez W. Fitch | Jan. 14, 1878 | Jan. 12, 1890 | \$4,000 800 |
| Secretary of State | | Jan. 13, 1879 | Jan. 10, 1891 | 2,000 |
| Treasurer | Anthony Howells | Jan. 14, 1878 | Jan. 12, 1880 | 8,000 |
| Auditor | James Williama | Jan., 1876 | 44 | 8,000 |
| Adjutant-General | Luther M. Meily | Jan. 14, 1878 | 44 | _ |
| State Commissioner of | 1 | | | 1 |
| Common Schools | James J. Burns | " | ** 1831 | |
| Attorney-General | Isaiah Pillars | " , | " 1881 | _ |
| Sec. Bd. of Agriculture | Vacancy. | | | |
| State Librarian | R. M. Stimson | Mar. 17, 1877 | Mar. 17, 1879 | _ |

JUDICIAEY, SUPREME COURT.—William White, Chief-Justice: term, 5 years; elected by the people; salary, \$3,000. George W. McIlvaine, W. J. Gilmore, W. Boynion, John W. Okey, Associates; term of each, 5 years; elected by the people; salary, \$3,000.

Amount of State Debt, funded, Nov. 15th, 1878, \$6,476,906, viz.: loan, payable after June 20th, 1831, 6 per cent., \$4,072,640; loan, payable after Dec. 31st, 1896, 6 per cent., \$2,400,000; small loans, not bearing interest, \$4,165. Total, \$6,476,906.

Amount in Sinking Fund, \$424,180.

State Receipts for year ending Nov. 15th, 1878, \$5,581,538.

State Expenditures for year, \$5,649,835.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$4,560,379.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$1,084,455,378; personal, \$490,-190,387. Rate of State tax per cent, 2.9 mills on \$1.

Besides the State tax there were levied in 1877: Total county taxes, \$6,499,755 total township, school, city and town taxes, \$16,454,718.

Desires the state tax there were levied in 1877: Total county taxes, \$6,490,753 total township, school, city and town taxes, \$16,454,718.

A State law requires all local debts of counties, cities, townships, etc., to be reported and published annually. The report of the State Auditor shows the following: Total debts of Ohio counties in 1878, \$3,169,517; total debt of cities in 1878, \$36,790,852; total debts of incorporated villages in 1878, \$917,418; total debts of townships, \$160,956; total debts of school districts, \$1,158,098. Total local debts,

\$41,205,841. The tax on dogs was levied on 132,360 animals, valued at \$406,278. Horses to the number of 741,281 were valued at \$39,496,063; cattle, 1,435,079, valued at \$25,423,623; sheep, \$3,332,423; hogs, \$3,069,016; carriages, \$15,768,644.

STATE OF OREGON.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| GovernorLieutenant-Governor Secretary of State, Audit- | None. | Sept. 11, 1878 | Sept. 13, 1882 | \$1,500 |
| or, and Comptroller | R. P. Earhart | 16 | | 1,500 |
| Treasurer | Edward Hirsch | " | 66 | 800 |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. Commissioners of Lands. | L. J. Powell Board composed of Gov'r, Sec. and Treas. of State | | ** | 1,500 |
| State Librarian | X. N. Stuves | Oct. 19, 1878 | Oct. 19, 1880 | 60 0 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—R. P. Boise, Chief-Justice; term, 6 years; elected by popular vote; salary, \$2,000. P. P. Prim, J. K. Kelly, Associates; term of each, 6 years; also elected by popular vote; salary of each, \$3,000. STATE CROUTT COURT.—C. B. Bellinger, J. F. Watson, H. K. Hanna, L. L. McArthur, Ben. F. Harding, Judges; term of each, 6 years; all elected by popular

Arthur, Ben. F. Harung, Juages; term of each, o years, an elected by years, \$2,000.

Amount of State Debt on Sept. 9th, 1878, \$651,595.48, viz.: Modoc War Bonds, 7 per cent., \$182,858,76; Lock Bonds, 7 per cent., \$180,000; Soldiers' Bounty and Rellef Bonds, 7 per cent., \$27,161; Warrants drawing 10 per cent. interest, \$331,575.62. Total, \$651,595.48.

State Receipts for two years ending Sept. 9th, 1873, \$828,561.91.

State Expenditures for last two years, \$779,560.81.

Amount raised by taxation. \$296.914.47.

Amount relied by taxation, \$280,914.47.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real and personal, \$41,436,080.
Rate of State Tax, 5 mills on the dollar.

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STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of Office | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Secretary of State Treasurer | Amos C. Noyes | " 2 yrs. | Pleasure of | Governor. May 3, 1890 | 8,000 4,000 5,000 |
| Auditor-General | James W. Latta J. P. Wickersham | 4 yrs. | June 1, 1876 | June 1, 1879 May 5, 1880 | 2,500 |
| Sec'y Bd. Agriculture State Librarian Sec'y of Internal Affairs | Thomas J. Edge C. L. Ehrenfeld | 8 yrs. | Elected by Feb. 4, 1878 | Board. Feb. 7, 1881 | 1,500 1,800 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—George Sharswood, 15 years from 1st Monday of Dec., 1867; Ulysess Mercur, 15 years from 1st Monday of Dec., 1872; Isaac P. Gordon, 15 years from 1st Monday of Dec., 1873; Edward M. Paxson, 21 years from 1st Monday of Jan., 1876; Warren J. Woodward, 21 years from 1st Monday of Jan., 1875; John Trunkey, 21 years from 1st Monday of Jan., 1878; James P. Sterrett, 21 years from 1st Monday of Jan., 1878; Elected by the people. Salary, 57,000 cach. Amount of State Debt, Dec. 1, 1878; Funded, \$21,875,621; unfunded, \$118, 882.73.

Of the funded debt. \$18,007.730 drew 6 per cent interest, and \$9,645,202 5 per

cent. The State held, Dec. 1, 1878, in stocks of incorporated companies, \$7,540,289; in sinking fund, \$388,631.
State Receipts for year ending Dec. 1, 1878, \$3,957,832 (exclusive of loans).
State Expenditures for year, \$4,362,171 (exclusive of sinking fund).
Amount raised by Taxation last year, \$6,092,001, from all sources.

Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real estate not taxed; personal, \$159,382,242

Rate of State Tax, 30 cents on \$100.

No tax is levied in Pennsylvania on real estate for State purposes. The tax on No tax is levied in Frennsylvania on real estate for State purposes. The tax on personal property, at the very low valuation current, produced only \$574,017 in 1877, out of total tax receipts of over \$6,000,000. Most of the large revenues of the State are derived from taxes on corporations. Witness the following: Tax on corporation stock in 1877, \$2,086,309; tax on foreign insurance companies, \$500,-887; tax on coal companies, \$482,845; tax on bank stock, \$394,278; commutation of tonnage tax, \$460,000; collateral inheritance tax, \$378,029; license taxes, \$884,-850; tax on writs, wills, and deeds, \$179,103; tax on net earnings or income, \$45,666 \$45,626.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term of Office. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Sal- ary. |
|--|---|-----------------------|---|---------------|---|
| Lieutenant-Governor Secretary of State General Treasurer | J. M. Addeman Samuel Clark | 1 yr. | May 28, 1878. | May 27, 1879. | \$1,000 500 2,500 2,000 1,500 |
| State Audt'r & Ins.Com. Adjutant-General Com'r Public Schools Attorney-General State Librarian | C. H. Barney T. B. Stockwell Willard Sayles | Elect 1 yr. | Mar. 4, 1878. cd by Board May 28, 1878. | Education. | 1,000 600 2,500 2,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Thomas Durfee, Chief-Justice; Walter S. Burgess, Elisha R. Potter, Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness, Associate Justices. Salary of Chief-Justice, \$4,500; Associate Justices, \$4,000 each. Term, practically for life; elected by the General Assembly. "Each Judge shall hold his office until his place be declared vacant by a resolution of the General Assembly to that effect." his place be declared vacuant by a resolution of the demeral assembly to mattered. (Const. of Rhode Island, Art. x., Sec. 4. 434,500 war loan; interest, 6 per cent.; unfunded debt, none; amount in Sinking Fund, \$593,590.31.
State Receipts for year ending April 30th, 1878, \$882,080.19.
State Expenditures for last year, \$994,538.91.
Amount raised by Taxation last year, \$492,360.17.
Amount of taxable property as assessed by the city and towns: real, \$188,655,569; nersonal \$677,807.240.

personal, \$67,397,249.

Rate of State tax, 12 cents on each \$100.

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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| GovernorLieutenant-Governor | Wade Hampton ¹ W. D. Simpson | In Dec., 1878 | In Dec., 1880 | \$3,500 1.000 |
| Secretary of State | R. M. Sims | 44 | 46 | 1,000 2,100 2,100 2,100 |
| Comptroller-General | Johnson Hagood | " | " | 2,100 |
| Attorney-General Supt. of Pub. Education. | H. S. Thompson | ** | " | 2,100 2,100 |
| Adjt. and Inspector-Gen. State Librarian | E. W. Moise | " | " | 1,500 62 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—A. J. Willard, Chief-Justice; term, 6 years; salary, \$4,000. Henry McIver, A. C. Haskell, Associates; term, 6 years; elected by the Legislature; salary of each, \$3,500. Circuit Court Judges—B. C. Pressley, First Circuit; A. P. Aldrich, Second; T. B. Fraser, Third; J. H. Hudson, Fourth; J. B. Kershaw, Fifth; T. J. Mackey, Sixth; W. H. Wallace, Seventh; Thomas Thomson, Eighth. Term, four years; elected by the Legislature; salary of each, \$3,500. \$3,500.

Amount of State Debt on October 31st, 1878: Funded, \$5,130,965.99. Uniunded, \$1,406.729.85, principal, not including guarantees, etc. There is interest due on this unfunded debt, an average of 2½ years, at 6 per cent., 5 per cent. and 7 per cent., amounting to about \$200,000.

By exchange of the old bonds of the State for new ones, by funding act of 1873, on the basis of scaling the debt at 50 cents on the dollar, there had been converted, up to Nov. 1st, 1878, the sum of \$5,130,966, at the new valuation During last year there was exchanged for consolidation bonds \$1,467,351, for which \$734,675.55 in new bonds were issued. The whole funded debt draws 6 per cent. interest.

new bonds were issued. The whole funded debt draws 6 per cent. interest.

State Receipts for year ending Oct. 31st, 1878, \$811,940.66.

State Expenditures for last year, 621,774.20.

Amount raised by taxation last year, \$715,982.08.

Amount of taxable property as assessed. Real, \$55,633,873; personal, \$40,063,341; also railroad property, not embraced above, amounting to \$6,530,772; making an aggregate of taxable property as assessed of \$132,227,956.

Bate of State Tax, 4½ mills on \$1.

1 Gov. Hampton was elected U.S. Senator for six years from March 4, 1879, and light of the Convention of the state Tax.

Lieut.-Gov. Simpson succeeds to the Governorship.

STATE OF TENNESSEE.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Governor | Albert S. Marks | Jan. 15, 1879 | Jan. 15, 1881 | \$4,00 |
| Sccretary of State | Chas. N. Gibbs | Jan. 15, 1877 | 44 | 1.20 |
| Treasurer, and ex-off. In- | | | | and fee |
| surance Commissioner. | M. T. Polk | 44 | " 1879 | 2.70 |
| Comptroller | | | " 1879 | 2.75 |
| Attorney-General | R J Lea | Sept. 1, 1878 | Sept. 1, 1886 | |
| Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. | Leon Trousdale | Mar 25 1877 | Mar. 25, 1879 | 8,00 |
| Adjutant-General Com'ner of Agriculture, | C. D. Porter | Jan. 15, 1877 | | 1,20 |
| Statistics, and Mines | J. B. Killebrew | Mar. 25, 1877 | Mar. 25, 1879 | 8,00 |
| Register of Lands State Librarian | James Glover Mrs. P. Haskell. | Jan. 15, 1877 | Jan. 15, 1879 | Fees. 1,00 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—J. W. Deaderick, Chief-Justice. W. F. Cooper, Tw. Freeman, Robert McFarland, Peter Turney, Associates; term of office for each, 8 years; all are elected by the people; salary of each, \$4,000.

Amount of State Debt, Dec. 21st, 1878, \$20,221,800, funded and registered. Linfunded Debt (unpaid interest). 24,010,002.00

Amount of State Dect. Dec. 218., 157.8, \$20,221,500, inneed and registered.
Unfunded Debt (unpaid interest), \$4,201,602.50.
General Statement of State bonds: Total amount issued, \$49,173.316.66. Now outstanding as liability against the State: Registered (Act of 1873), \$14,665,000, 6 per cent; \$292,300, 5 per cent; not required to be registered, \$397,000, 6 per cent; funding bonds (1873), 4,867,000, 6 per cent.
State Receipts for year ending Dec. 19th, 1878, \$626,528.84.
State Expenditures for last year, \$704,919.74.
Amount resised by to retion lest year, including tax on privileges, etc. \$896,528.84.

Amount raised by taxation last year, including tax on privileges, etc., \$696,528 84. Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$202,340,815; personal, \$20,871,-888. Rate of State Tax, 10 cents per \$100. Digitized by GOOGLE

STATE OF TEXAS.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Secretary of State | George McCormick. John B. Jones W. C. Walsh | Appointed by Jan. 16, 1879 | Jan. 11, 1883 " Jan. 11, 1883 | \$4,000 2,000 2,500 2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—George F. Moore, Chief-Justice; Robert S. Gould, M. H. Bonner, Associate-Justices. Term, 4 years. Elected by the people. Salary, \$3,500 each.

Amount of State Debt, Sept. 1, 1878, \$5,073.861, in State bonds, bearing 6 and 7 per cent. interest; except loan of April 21, 1874, which draws 10 per cent. interest. State Receipts for year 1877, \$1,962,914.

State Expenditures for year, \$1,759,879.

Amount raised by Taxation, \$1,896,170. Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed, 1878: Real and personal, \$303,203,424. Rate of State Tax, 5 mills on each dollar.

In addition to the tax of one half of one per cent, on property, there was levied a poll tax of \$3 on every male between \$1 and 60 years, one half of which, together with the fourth of the ad valorem tax, is expended for school purposes.

The State has further laid the foundation for an ample school fund, by devoting to that object all the alternate sections of land reserved out of its heavy railroad

grants, and also one half the public domain of the State, with all money that may come to the State from the sale of such moiety.

The public domain of Texas (which alone of all the States retained control and ownership of its public lands upon admission to the Union) still embraces more ownersmp of its public lands upon admission to the Union) still embraces more than 67,00,000 acres, or a territory larger than the entire surface of any State in the Union, except California and Nevada. The annual immigration into Texas is reckoned at 200,000 in the Governor's message for 1879. The present population is variously estimated at from 1,200,000 to 2,000,000, in the absence of a census. The aggregate vote at the State election of 1878 was 240,812.

STATE OF VERMONT.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|--|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| GovernorLieutenant-Governor | Redfield Proctor Eben P. Colton | Oct. 4, 1878. | Oct. 5, 1880. | \$1,000 \$6 per |
| Freasurer | George Nichols John A. Page E. Henry Powell | Oct. 4, 1878. | Legislature. Oct. 5, 1890. Legislature. | 1,700 1,700 1,400 |
| Adjutant-General Supt. of Education | James S. Peck Edward Conant John B. Mead | Dec. 1, 1878. | Dec. 1, 1890. | 1,40 75 1,40 1,40 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—John Pierpoint, Chief-Justice. Assistants—Jas. Barrett, First; Homer E. Royce, Second; Tinis P. Redfield, Third; Jonathan Ross, Fourth; H. Henry Powers, Flifth; Walter C. Dunton, Sixth. Elected by the Legislature for two years from Dec. 1st, 1878. Salary, \$2,500 each. Amount of State Debt Ang. 1st, 1878: Funded, \$38,000; unfunded, none. Rate of Interest, 6 per cent. Amount in sinking fund, \$38,000. State receipts for year ending Aug. 1st, 1879, \$390,831.48. Amount raised by Taxation last year, \$323,424.48. Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$70,849,386; personal, \$16,845,123. Bate of State Tax, 30 cents per \$100.

STATE OF VIRGINIA.

| NAME. | Term began. | Term ends, | Salary. |
|-------------------|---|--|---|
| F. W. M. Holliday | Jan. 1, 1878 | Jan. 1, 1832 | \$5,00 |
| James McDonald | Jan. 1, 1376 | | 90 2,50 |
| Wm. F. Taylor | " | | 2,00 8,00 |
| Jas. G. Field | Jan. 1, 1878 | Jan. 1, 1882 | 3,00 8,50 |
| Jas. McDonald | | | |
| Samuel H. Boykin | | | 1.30 |
| ֡ | F. W. M. Holliday. James A. Walker. James McDonald. R. M. T. Hunter. Wm. F. Taylor. Asa Rogers. Jas. G. Field. Wm. H. Ruffner. Jas. McDonald. Thomas Pollard. Samuel H. Boykin. | F. W. M. Holliday Jan. 1, 1878 James A. Walker Jan. 1, 1876 R. M. T. Hunter Wm. F. Taylor Jas. G. Field Jan. 1, 1878 Wm. H. Ruffner Mar. 15, 1874 Jas. McDonald July 1, 1877 Samuel H. Boykin. | F. W. M. Holliday. Jan. 1, 1878 Jan. 1, 1832 James A. Walker. James McDonald. Jan. 1, 1876 R. M. T. Hunter. Wm. F. Taylor. " Asa Rogers. " Jas. G. Field. Jan. 1, 1878 Jan. 1, 1882 Wm. H. Ruffner. Mar. 15, 1874 Jas. McDonald. July 1, 1877 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—R. C. L. Moncure, President of Court; Joseph Christian, Walter R. Staples, Francis T. Anderson, Ed. C. Burks, Judges. Elected by the Legislature for twelve years. Salary, President of Court, \$3,250; Judges, \$3,000 each.

Amount of State Debt, Dec. 1, 1678, \$29,350,826, drawing 6 per cent. interest. State Receipts for year ending Oct. 1, 1878, \$3,020,139.81. State Expenditures for year, \$2,997,967.09. Amount raised by Taxation, \$2,500,000. Amount raised by Taxation, \$2,500,000. Amount of Taxable Property, as assessed: Real, \$246,391,193; personal, \$76,-1600.

178,438.

Rate of State Tax, 50 cents on \$100.

Besides the tax on property, Virginia has a capitation tax of \$1, producing \$285,\$15, on the supposition that it is all collected; a tax on incomes of one per cent. yielding, on \$4,457,715 (the incomes assected), say \$34,557; a tax on banks, railroads, insurance companies, etc., paying \$120,000; and a license or liquor tax, yielding about \$600,000. The latter tax has become somewhat famous as the Moffett "bell-punch" tax on liquor consumed, the tax being 2½ cents on each glass of ardent spirits, and half a cent on malt liquors. This is in addition to a specific license tax of \$150 to each vendor of liquors. The Auditor, in his Jan, 1870 report, states the increased revenue by the Moffett register system at \$110,763 over the old license system, which charged a specific tax of \$350 on each license.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

| STATE OFFICERS. | NAME. | Term of office. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Governor LieutGovernor | H. M. Mathews | 4 yrs. | Mar. 4, 1877 | Mar. 4, 1881 | \$2,700 |
| Secretary of State | Sobieski Brady | 44 | " | 44 | 1,000 & fees |
| Treasurer | Thos. J. West | 44 | 64 | 44 | 1,400 |
| Auditor | | | 66 | 44 | 2,000 |
| Adjutant-General | E. L. Wood | " | ** | 44 | 1 |
| Supt. of Pub. Inst'n | Wm. K. Pendleton | 46 | " | 46 | 1,500 |
| Attorney-General | | 66 | 44 | 66 | 1,800 |
| State Librarian | E. L. Wood (| ex off. | AdjGen.) | | 930 |

JUDICIABY, SUPREME COURT.—Tho mas C. Green, Presiding Judge; C. P. T. Moore, Okey Johnson, A. F. Haymond, Judges. Elected by the people for 12 years. Salary, \$2,250 each.

West Virginia has no debt (unless the share of that State in the ante-bellum State debt of Virginia is reckoned such), the State Constitution having prohibited the creation of any debt by the Legislature, except in an emergency like rebellion or invasion. After the admission of the State in 1863, Virginia claimed that one third of her State debt of \$45,000,000 should be paid by West Virginia, and left out \$15,289,371 in the adjustment of her debt. West Virginia claims that a very much smaller sum is her share, and the matter remains unadjusted.

State Receipts for year ending Sept. 30th, 1873, \$632,276.20.

State Expenditures for year ending Sept. 20th, 1878, \$572,343.75.

Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$107,352,719.28; personal, \$62,740,489.46. Rate of State Tax, 30 cents per \$100.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.

| STATE OFFICERS. | Name. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Governor. LientGovernor Secretary of State. Treasurer Adjutant-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct in | Richard Guenther Ed. E. Bryant | Appointed by | Jan. 5, 1880. " Governor. Jan. 5, 1880. | \$5,000 1,000 5,000 5,000 |
| Attorney-General Sec. B'd of Agriculture. Commissioners of Lands State Librarian | Alex. Wilson Geo. E. Bryant | Elected by the | Society. | 8,000 2,000 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—E. G. Ryan, Chief-Justice, 6 years; term ends Jan. 1, 1882; Orsamus Cole, 6 years; term ends Jan. 1, 1880; William P. Lyon, 6 years; term ends Jan. 1, 1884; Harlow S. Orton, 10 years, term ends Jan. 1, 1888; David Taylor, 10 years, term ends Jan. 1, 1886; Associate Justices. Elected by the people. Salary of each, \$5,000.

Amount of State Debt, Sept. 30, 1878, \$2,252.057; interest, 7 per cent.
In addition to this, the debts of counties, cities, towns, villages and school districts in Wisconsin, as reported by the State Secretary in October, 1878, amounted to \$9,831,138.

\$3,031,105.
State Receipts for year ending Sept. 30, 1878, \$1,120,887.81.
State Expenditures for last year, \$1,047,796.28.
Amount raised by taxation last year, \$1,079,522.
Amount of taxable property as assessed: Real, \$359,268,374; personal, \$96,077,208.
Rate of State Tax, 1 81-100 mills on each dollar of volution.

The State Tax amounts to only about one-ninth of the whole taxes paid by the people.

The total tax levied in the State in 1876 was \$8.097,485, amounting to \$2.22 on each \$100 of assessed valuation, and apportioned as follows:
State Tax, \$788,942; county tax, \$1,436,849; town tax, \$3,220,417; school tax, \$1,617,689; road tax, \$1,083,538.

TERRITORY OF ARIZONA-No returns.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA-No returns.

TERRITORY OF IDAHO-No returns.

TERRITORY OF MONTANA.

| Officers. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Governor. Secretary Treasurer. Auditor Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. District-Attorney | D. H. Weston D. H. Cuthbert Clark Wright | Nov. 8, 1877 July 1, 1877 Jan. 5, 1878 Jan. 15, 1878 | July 18, 1882 Nov. 8, 1881 July 1, 1879 Jan. 5, 1880 Jau. 15, 1880 Oct. 10, 1881 | \$2,600 1,800 1,500 1,500 1,200 \$250 and fees. | |
| District-Attorney State Librarian | R. E. Anderson | Oct. 10, 1877 | Oct. 10, 1881 | 1 | |

JUDICIARY: SUPREME COURT.—D. S. Wade, Chief-Justice; term. 4 years from March 17, 1875; Hiram Knowles, 4 years from December 12, 1876; Henry N. Blake, 4 years from January 12, 1878, Associate Justices; appointed by the President; salary of cach, \$2,600.

Amount of Territorial Debt, Dec. 10th, 1878; Funded, \$85,500; unfunded, about

\$15,000.

Territorial Bonds issued July 1st, 1876, redeemable after two years, and payable after seven years from their date, drawing 10 per cent. interest, are being redeemed, and will all be called in the coming year and funded at lower interest. Amount in Sinking Fund, \$10,500.

Receipts for year ending Jan. 1st, 1878, \$64,222.23.

Expenditures for year \$60.000.000.

Expenditures for year, \$90,60.85.

Amount raised by taxation, Territorial, aside from county tax, \$52.866.9.7.

Rate of Tax for 1878, 8 mills on the dollar, and 40 per cont. of licenses collected.

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TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO.

| Officers. | Name, | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. | |
|-----------|---|--------------|------------|--|--|
| Governor | Wm. G. Ritch A. Ortez y Salazar Trinidad Alarid Thomas S. Tucker | Feb. —, 1878 | | \$2,600 1,800 1,000 1,000 250 150 | |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—L. Bradford Prince, Chief-Justice; term, 4 years from December, 1878; Samuel C. Parks, 4 years from January 22, 1878, Warren Bristol, Associates; appointed by the President and Senate; salary, \$2,600.

TERRITORY OF UTAH.

| Officers. | Name. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| Governor. Secretary. Treasurer. Auditor. Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. Sec. Bd. of Agriculture. Territorial Librarian | Levi P. Luckey James Jack Wm. Clayton John Taylor H. P. Folsom | Feb. 13, 1877 Aug. 5, 1878 Aug. 6, 1877 | Feb. 18, 1881 Aug. 5, 1880 Aug. 6, 1879 | \$2,600 1,800 600 1,200 1,500 |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Michael Schaeffer, Chief-Justice; term 4 years from April 20, 1876. Philip H. Emerson, 4 years from March 16, 1877, Jacob S. Boreman, 4 years from October 30, 1877, Jacob Secretary of each, \$2,600. The taxable property in Utah was assessed at \$22,653,660, real and personal, for year ending Dec. 31st, 1877.

The rate of taxables was Modified and the court.

The rate of taxation was 1/2 of 1 per cent.

Amount raised by taxation in 1877, \$37,052.22. Amount expended, \$56,967.87.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON.

| Officers. | NAME. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Governor. Secretary Treasurer Auditor. Adjutant-General Supt. of Pub. Instruct'n. Librarian | N. H. Owings F. Tarbell S. M. Reed A. Storch J. P. Juelson | Nov. —, 1878 Jan. 13, 1879 | Nov. —, 1880 Jan. 13, 1881 | \$2,600 1,800 1,203 1,000 600 400 | | |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Roger S. Green, Chief-Juelice; term, 4 years from December, 1878, S. C. Wingard, Associate; appointed by the President; salary of each, \$2,600.

TERRITORY OF WYOMING.

| Officers. | NAME. | Term began. | Term ends. | Salary. | |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|------------|---------|--|
| Governor | George W. French. | | 1 | 1.800 | |
| Treasurer | Stonbon W Downey | | 1 | | |

JUDICIARY, SUPREME COURT.—Chief-Justice, Joseph W. Fisher; term, 4 years from Feb. 14, 1876. Associate Justices, Jacob B. Blair, 4 years from Feb. 14, 1876; William Ware Peck, 4 years from Dec. 14, 1877. Salary, \$2,600 each.
Wyoming has no Territorial Debt. Rate of Tax, 1872, 2 mills on \$1.

ALABAMA, -State Ticket.

| | Gov., | Gov., | 1876. | PRES. | , 1876. | | | Gov., | 1876. | PRES., | 1876. |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|---------|----------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|
| Counties, | 1878. | Hous- | Wood- | Tilden. | Hayes. | Counties, | 1878. | Hous- | Wood- | Tilden. | Hayes |
| 01. | Cobb. | ton. | ruff. | Inden. | IIay ca. | 01. | Cobb. | ton. | ruff. | | TICL SAL |
| | D. | D. | R. | D. | R. | | D. | D. | R. | D. | R. |
| Autauga | 819 | 774 | 1,221 | 804 | 1,576 | Lauderdale . | 1,336 | 1,495 | 1.033 | 1,720 | 1,044 |
| Baldwin | 542 | 557 | 244 | 789 | 662 | Lawrence | 1,444 | 1,609 | 1,586 | 1,659 | 1,484 |
| Barbour | 2,335 | 3,270 | 171 | 3,594 | 162 | Lee | 1,314 | 2,087 | 942 | 2,885 | 1,105 |
| Bibb | 389 | 811 | 232 | 890 | 333 | Limestone | 1,165 | 1,687 | 4,293 | 1,684 | 1,343 |
| Blount | 1,538 | 1,640 | 129 | 1,402 | 347 | Lowndes | 1.021 | 1,090 | | 1,309 | 4,152 |
| Bullock | 858 | 2,919 | 592 | 1,567 | 959 | Macon | 1.869 | 110.0 | 0,202 | 1,493 | 881 |
| Durlock | 1,215 | 1,873 | 935 | 1,956 | 1,005 | Madison | 2,520 | 3,225 | 3,036 | 3,423 | 2,777 |
| Butler | | 2,062 | 296 | 2,040 | 421 | Marengo | 1,897 | 2,591 | 1,302 | 2,755 | 1,982 |
| Calhoun | 2,634 | 2,117 | 690 | 2,282 | 1.053 | Marion | 819 | 879 | 60 | 733 | 111 |
| Chambers | 1,007 | | 42 | 1,666 | 293 | Marshall | 1.440 | 1,126 | 111 | 1.067 | 167 |
| Cherokee | 1,832 | 1,464 | 66 | | 151 | Mobile | | 5,138 | 3,071 | 5,330 | 4,272 |
| Chilton | 1,103 | 1,075 | 1.5 | 728 | | | 2,385 | 1,436 | | 1,532 | 606 |
| Choctaw | 842 | 1,066 | **** | 1,209 | 693 | Monroe | 1,360 | | | | 6,259 |
| Clarke | 1,056 | 1,042 | 214 | 1,406 | | Montgom 'ry | 4,153 | 2,315 | | 2,381 | |
| Clay | 841 | 1,142 | 201 | 1,188 | 186 | Morgan | 1,698 | 1,359 | 597 | 1,432 | 773 |
| Cleburne | 1,103 | 781 | 282 | 1,052 | | Perry | 1,246 | 1,203 | | 1,467 | 3,528 |
| Coffee | 868 | 686 | 18 | 835 | 25 | Pickens | 1,277 | 2,007 | 70 | 2,158 | 48 |
| Colbert | 1,825 | 1,357 | 1,080 | 1,382 | 778 | Pike | 2,115 | | | 2,111 | 464 |
| Conecuh | 1,011 | 1,142 | 656 | 1,167 | 777 | Randolph | 1,236 | | 872 | 1,179 | 865 |
| Coosa | 946 | 1,330 | 741 | 1,349 | 733 | Russell | 1,143 | | | 2,051 | 1,022 |
| Covington | 588 | 731 | | 820 | | Sanford | | 1,191 | 92 | 1,201 | 198 |
| Crenshaw | 796 | 1,290 | 150 | 1,427 | 174 | Shelby | 956 | 1,456 | | 1,475 | 770 |
| Cullman | 276 | | | | | St. Clair | 1,318 | 1,215 | | 1,134 | 435 |
| Dale | 1,531 | 1,343 | 367 | 1,143 | 269 | Sumter | 1,063 | | | 2,234 | 1,370 |
| Dallas | 4,470 | 1,613 | 6,300 | 1,609 | 3,930 | Talladega | 1,344 | 1,942 | | 2,014 | 1,309 |
| *DeKalb | 1,310 | 1,009 | 373 | * | * | Tallapoosa | 1,584 | 2,609 | | 2,892 | 711 |
| Elmore | 1,333 | 1,401 | 1,153 | 1,399 | 1,249 | Tuskaloosa | 1,482 | 1,920 | | 2,184 | 988 |
| Escambia | 708 | 638 | 133 | 784 | 198 | Walker | 694 | 837 | 653 | 799 | 505 |
| Etowah | 898 | 1,336 | 310 | 1,198 | 273 | Washington | 656 | 500 | | 553 | 96 |
| Fayette | 1.117 | 925 | 135 | 935 | | Wilcox | | 1,483 | 3,586 | 1,490 | 3,599 |
| Franklin | 971 | 984 | 135 | 781 | 136 | Winston | 289 | 296 | 400 | 237 | 454 |
| Geneva | 299 | 521 | 1,008 | | 2,686 | | | | 158.5 | | OTHER |
| Greene | 709 | 382 | 1 | 408 | | Total | 89.571 | 99,255 | 55,582 | 102,002 | 68,230 |
| Hale | 1.763 | 2,220 | 1,467 | | | Per cent | | 64.10 | 35.90 | 59.97 | 40.03 |
| Henry | 1,908 | 1,676 | 225 | 1,587 | | Majority | | 43,673 | | 33,772 | |
| Jackson | 2,841 | 2,426 | 773 | | | Total vote | | | .837 | | ,232 |
| Jefferson | 2,123 | 1,845 | 368 | | | | | | 1.40 | 11.500 | 1354 |
| Lamar | | * | | ~,10~ | | * Not cany | Konno | | | | |

ARIZONA TERRITORY. Delegate in Congress.

| 16 | 378. | | 1876. | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Aggregate vote of the Territory. | Per cent. | | Aggregate vote of the Territory. | Per cent. | | |
| John G. Campbell, D. A. E. Davis, Gr H. S. Stevens, Dem K. S. Woolsey, I. D | 1,452 1'097 1,090 822 | 82.54 24.59 24.43 18.43 | H. S. Stevens, Dem. Hardy, Rep Cury, Dem | 1,137 1,062 972 | 36.85 32.97 30.17 | | |
| Total vote Campbell's majority | 4,461 | | Total vote | 8,221 | | | |
| over next | 853 | | Stevens's majority over next | 123 | • | | |

ALABAMA.-Bepresentatives in Congress.

| | 187 | 8. | | 1876. | | | | 1878. | 187 | 6. |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| lst Dist. | Herndon. | Bailey. | Jones. | Brom- | Turner. | 5th Dist. | Williams. | Nunn. | Ligon. D. | Booth. |
| | D. | G. | D. | berg, I. D. | R. | Autauga | 558 | 918 | 788 | 1,897 |
| Clarke | . 614 | 819 | 1,452 | 76 | | Bibb | 222 | . 1 | 889 | 292 |
| Choctaw | | 752 | 1,900 | 648 | | Chambers | 1,004 | 28 | 2,284 | 1,039 |
| Marengo | . 2,066 | 125 | 2,925 | 1,158 | 206 | Chilton | 802 | .85 | 852 | 156 |
| Mobile | | 1, 69 0 | 2,859 1,580 | 6,287 578 | | Clay | 895 874 | 183 578 | 1,178 1,347 | 187 788 |
| Monroe Washingto | | 44 | 616 | 85 | 69 | Cooss Elmore | 1.453 | 965 | 1,400 | 1,947 |
| M warmen | | | | | | Macon | 448 | 200 | 1,494 | 857 |
| Total Mai. ov. ne | | 2,941 | 10,582 1,811 | 8,771 | 2,182 | Tallapoosa. | 1,282 | 86 | 2,880 | 712 |
| Per cent | | 20.80 | 2,022 | •••• | | Total | 6,587 | 2,784 | 13,107 | 6,821 |
| Total vo | tc. 9 | .518 | •••• | 21.485 | **** | Majority | 8,803 | -, | 6,286 | 0,0 |
| In 1876, | F. G. B | rombe | rg. Ind | l. Der | nocrat, | Per cent | 70,51 | 29.49 | • | |
| had 8.771 | rotes. J | ones' n | najorit | y over | Brom- | Total vote. | | 271 | 19,22 | 8 |
| berg, 1,811 | ; over T | urner, | 8,450. | • | • | 6th Dist. | Lewis. | Smith. | Hewitt. | |
| 2d Dist. | Herbert | . Armst | rong. He | rbert. | Hall. | | D. | I. D. | D. | |
| D-11-4 | D. | . (| 3. ° | D. | R. | Fayette | 530 | 870 | 940 | |
| Baldwin | | . 2 | 30 | 788 | 658 | Greene | 686 | 1,035 | 1,054 | ä |
| Butler | | | 76 1 68 1 | 1,9 54 1,16 3 | 847 776 | Jefferson | 1,127 661 | 433 202 | 2,098 | |
| Conecuh Crenshaw | | | 28 : | 1,497 | 174 | Lamar Marion | 807 | 192 | 733 | Ř |
| Covington | | | <u>19</u> | 820 | 30 | Pickens | 1,148 | 65 | 2.157 | ğ |
| E ecambia | | 2 | 62 | 784 | 196 | Sanford | | | 1,201 | # |
| Montgom | | 4, 0 | 91 9 | 2,389 | 6,248 | Sum ter | 1,242 | 51 | 2,283 | opposition |
| Pike | 1,18 | | 36 | 3,111 | 464 | Tuskaloosa | | 458 | 2,182 | |
| | | | | | | Walker | 441 | 868 | 799 | |
| Total Majority | | | | 1,435 2,041 | 9,894 | Winston | 46 | 87 | 287 | |
| Per cent. | | | .75 | #,UEL | | Total | 7,652 | 3,200 | 13,634 | |
| Total vo | | 4,869 | | 20,83 | 19 | Majority | 8.451 | Oyaco | , | |
| 3d Dist. | | | Russell. | Willia | ms. Betts. | Per cent | 70.80 | 29.20 | | |
| | Samford. D. | I. D. | R. | D | R. | Total vote. | 10, | 852 | | |
| Barbour. | | 18 | 44 | 8,600 | | 7th Dist. | Forney. | Scattering | r. Forney | • |
| Bullock | | 3 . | 65 | 1,56 83 | 7 959 5 25 | | D. | | D. | |
| Coffee | | 86 | 23 | 1,14 | 288 4 288 | Blount | | •• | 1,430 2,053 | 171 |
| Dale Geneva | | | 1 | 406 | | Calhoun Cherokee | | •• | 1,723 | N |
| Henry | | | | 1.58 | | Cleburne | | ırns | 1.053 | 2 |
| Lee | | | 2 | 2,88 | | DeKalb | | | No return | 18. 💆 |
| Russell | . 1,256 | 89 | | 2,05 | | Etowah | | | 1,941 | <u> </u> |
| | | | <u></u> | | -` | Marshall | | •• | 1,011 | <u> </u> |
| Total | | | 135 | 14,08 | | Randolph. | 212 | | 1,179 | opposition. |
| Maj. over | | • • • • | 4 00 | 10,19 | 3 | Shelby | 462 | 94 | 1,475 | • |
| Per cent. | . 88.43 | | 1.92 | 45.00 | _ | St. Clair | | arns | 1,138 | |
| Total v | | ,010 | | 17,96 | | Talladega. | . 435 | •• | 2,017 | |
| 4th Dist. | Shelley | , Hara son. | l- Henry | . Shell | y. Haral- | Total | 2,653 | •• | 14,819 | |
| | D. | R. | I. R | . D. | R. | | . ~,ooo | | Garth. N | IcClellan |
| Dallas | | | | 2,49 | 0 2,979 | 8th Dist. | D. | 1. D. | D. | L D. |
| Hale | | | | | 9 48 | Colbert | . 847 | 508 | 1,837 | 808 |
| Lowndes | | | 183 | | 3 168 | Franklin. | . 239 | 489 | 775 | 14 |
| Perry | | 1,429 | 96 | | 8 2,568 | Jackson. | | 1,697 | 2,637 | 64 |
| Wilcox | 967 | 2,559 | ••• | 1,50 | 6 2,922 | Lauderdale | | 417 | 1,706 1,602 | 1,04 1,50 |
| Total | 8,514 | 6,545 | 814 | 9.65 | 5 8,675 | Lawrence. | | 1,490 1,497 | 1,575 | 1,80 |
| Maj. ov. 1 | next 1.94 | | . 51 | 99 | | Limestone | | 8,548 | 8,424 | 2,70 |
| Per cent. | | 42.57 | 7 2.04 | - | - | Madison | | 787 | 1,458 | 74 |
| Total v | ote. 1 | 5.878 | | 2 | ,566 | Morgan | | | | |
| In 1876 | , James | T. Rap | ier, Re | publi | can (col- | Total | . 8,279 | 10,828 | 14,529 | 8,91 |
| ored), ha | d 7,236 v | otes. 🗂 | | | • | Majority | | 2.044 | 5.619 | -, |
| | | | | | | Per cent | . 43.97 | 55.99 |) ' | |
| | | | | | | ' Total vote | . 12 | ,602 | 92 | 289 |

1878.

ARKANSAS.—Representatives in Congress.

1876.

1876.

| 20. | • | -0 | | 2010. |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| Dunn, D | Oup | Gauss. I |). Scat'g. | 3d Dist. McClure, Cravens, Stuart, Rice, Dell. |
| 1st District, 8,868 | . Օլդ». 0 | 15,841 | | PRDDG-IR |
| No opposition ca | ndidate v | vas non | n'nated | Clark 775 68 1,295 14 |
| for Congress in the | | | | Crawford 58% 781 190 70 4 |
| 1876 or in 1878. | | • | | Faulkner 155 439 312 23 |
| 2d Dist. Slemo | | 61 | O | Franklin 285 863 248 12 19 |
| D. | ns. Bradley Gr. | D. | R. | Garland 500 448 283 2 |
| Ashley 4 | 71 452 | D. 902 | 664 | Hot Spring 126 88 851 8 Johnson 161 978 46 19 1 |
| | 46 253 | 588 | 211 | Johnson 161 978 46 12 1 |
| Calhoun 4 | 41 243 | 459 | 258 | Montgomery 85 7 258 85 |
| Chicot 1 | | 444 | 1,418 | Perry 96 81 187 26 |
| Columbia 7 | | 1,274 | 728 | P1Ke 206 |
| Dallas 2 | 66 143 | 562 | 233 | Polk 9 95 964 59 |
| Dorsey 4 | 36 89 3 | 807 | 285 | Funaski3,123 137 1,410 434 |
| | 98 275 | 1,120 | 691 | Saline 230 311 427 33 |
| Grant 4 | 16 44 | 368 | 86 | Scott 180 536 81 31 |
| Hempstead 1,00 | 60 968 | 1,567 | 1,348 | Sebastian 715 1,152 209 172 |
| Howard 5 | 33 292 | 786 | 844 | Logan 388 863 89 49 76 |
| Jefferson 1,1 | | 896 | 8,085 | Yell 450 942 61 2 6 |
| Lafayette 2 | 28 451 | 389 | 581 | |
| Lincoln 6 | 01 414 | 661 | 927 | Total 8,016 8,277 5,927 681 180 |
| Little River | 1 262 | 838 | 413 | Maj. over next, 161 |
| Miller 8 | | 658 | 686 | Per cent 34.73 85.86 21.84 |
| Nevada 8 | 58 834 | 1,150 | 892 | Total vote, 23,081 |
| Ouachita 7 | 51 805 | 1,004 | 1,001 | , , |
| Sevier 2 | 88 146 | 504 | 117 | |
| Union 8 | | 1,094 | 746 | |
| Union 8 | | 1,004 | 110 | 1878. 1876. |
| Total11,2 | 26 8,399 | 15,566 | 14 150 | |
| Majority 2,8 | 60 0,000 97 | 1,407 | 14,159 | Gun- Cunning- Smith, Gun- Huckle- |
| Per cent 57.2 | 0 42.71 | 52.86 | 47.68 | 4th Dist. ter. ham, ter. berry. |
| Total vote19,62 | M . #50.11 | | 41.00 | |
| Scattering 11 | | 29,725 | | 5,891 2,609 969 12,855 4,167 Maj. over next, 2,782 8,188 |
| Scattering 11 | | 187 | • | Per cent 60.10 29.08 10.80 74.78 25.23 |
| | | 101 | ٥. | |
| 2d Dist. | 7 | ravens. | Rice. | Total vote 8,969 16,522 |
| | | D. | Gr. | |
| Clark | | 544 | 512 | Ov. Parameters and Communication |
| Clark Crawford | | 567 | 668 | On Representatives in Congress. |
| Faulkner | | 817 | 295 | Motel mate in Ctate 1000 Days |
| Franklin | | 824 | 187 | Total vote in State, 1878, Dem 32,570 |
| Garland | | 196 | 464 | Opp 18,873 |
| Hot Spring | | 276 | 124 | |
| Johnson | | 747 | 162 | For Congress 1976 Dem 51,448 |
| Logan | | 588 | 460 | For Congress. 1876, Dem 57,966 |
| Montgomery | | 138 | 98 | Qpp 27,208 |
| Perry | | 91 | 88 | (Total |
| Pike | | 188 | 63 | Total85,169 |
| Polk | | 194 | 73 | T- 1000 4h 4 G |
| Pulaski | | 710 | 2,160 | In 1818, the vote for Governor was 88,780, |
| Saline | •••• | 854 | 227 | In 1878, the vote for Governor was 88,730, all cast for W. R. Miller, Dem., there being no Republican or opposition and dide. |
| Scott | | 288 | 241 | no rechanged of obbosittoit Califidate. |
| Sebastian | ••• | 682 | 728 | The Legislature elected in 1878 stands 110 |
| Yell | | 498 | 828 | Democrats, 7 Republicans, and 7 National |
| | - | | | Greenback party. |
| Total | | 7,209 | 6,68 | 1874.—Total vote for Governor, 76,458, all |
| Majority | | 884 | ., - | cast for A. H. Garland, Dem. No opposition candidate. |
| Per cent | | 51.11 | 48.87 | Carurasc. |
| Total vote | | 14. | 070 | l |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | • | C | ALIF | ORNIA. |
| No general election | n has occi | | | tate since Nov., 1876, when the vote for Presi |
| dent and Congress | vae os foli | UMS . | ture o | tate since Mov., 1816, when the vote icr Prest |
| dent and Congress v | Ren. 20 | 289 · T | ilden T | Dem., 76,464; Cooper, Greenback, 44. Repub- |
| lican majority, 2,805 | . rech., u | ,~UO, I | mucu, I | Jem., 70,404; Cooper, Greenback, 44. Repub- |
| 1st Cong. Dist., Hor | | R | 99 114 1 | 8d Copy Diet Tosanh Wallance D |
| | | ner D | 10 969 | 8d Cong. Dist., Joseph McKenna, R 18,990 John K. Luttrell, D 19,846 |
| 2d Cong. Dist., Hor | ace N. Pag | m R | 20 815 | 4th Cong Dist P Puches P |
| G J | Carnent | er. D | 15 916 | Zun Cong. Dist., R. Pacneo, R |
| The Legislature of | 1877-187 | R stood - | -Democ | rets 82 Populisans of Viginion, D 19,108 |
| An election for R | epresents: | ives in | Congres | John K. Luttrell, D 19,846 4th Cong. Dist., R. Pacheo, R 19,104 P. D. Wigginton, D 19,108 rats, 82. Republicans, 35, Independents, 3. s, as well as for Governor and Legislaturo, will |
| take place Septemb | er 8d. 1979 |). | O OHE I CE | e, so well as for Governor and Legislature, will |
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COLORADO.—Representative in Congress.

| Counties—30. | | ONGRES ct. 1, 18 | | Gove Oct. 8, | | Counties. | | Congre ct. 1, 1 | | Gover Oct. 8, | |
|----------------|-------------|---------------------|---------|-----------------|--------|--------------|---------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------|
| | | atterson. | | | | Pueblo | 490 | 600 | 8 | 466 | 423 |
| | R. | D. | Gr. | R. | D. | Rio Grande. | 251 | 159 | | 864 | 862 |
| Arapahoe 2, | | 1,478 | 246 | | | Routt | | 29 | | New c | |
| Bent | 179 | 235 | _ 6 | 250 | | Saguache | 181 | 148 | •••• | 806 | 189 |
| Boulder 1, | 040 | 656 | 575 | | | San Juan | 277 | 294 | 47 | | |
| Clear Creek 1, | | 877 | 192 | | | Summit | 191 | 106 | -i | 201 | 185 |
| Conejos | 401 | 480 | 13 | 841 | | Weld | 603 | | 281 | 788 | 468 |
| | 88 5 | 248 | • • • • | 351 | | | | | | | |
| | 236 | 227 | 15 | New c | ounty. | Total | 14 901 | 19 008 | 9 990 | 14 154 | 19 216 |
| | 289 | 227 | 90 | 283 | 333 | Major. over | | 10,000 | <i>n</i> ,000 | 14,104 | 10,010 |
| | 150 | 163 | 21 | 84 | 117 | next | 9 901 | | | | 838 |
| El Paso | 858 | 861 | 23 | 713 | 397 | Per cent | 40.00 | 41.00 | 0.00 | 48.48 | |
| | 833 | 234 | 79 | 522 | | Tot. vote. | | 28,626 | 0.00 | | |
| Gilpin 1, | 097 | 640 | 206 | 1,003 | | | | | \-A 0 · | | 470 |
| Grand | 84 | 44 | 1 | 73 | | At the Sta | | | | | |
| Gunnison | 44 | 48 | | | ounty. | Rep., receiv | ca 19 | ,455 VOI | es tor | Repro | senia |
| | 808 | 292 | 56 | | | tive in the | LOI | Ly-niin | Cong | ress, u | gains |
| | 444 | 491 | 231 | 410 | | 13,310 votes | | | | | |
| | 505 | 511 | 126 | 537 | 596 | day, Nov. 7, | | | | | |
| | 966 | 999 | •••• | 229 | | places for | Cong | reseion | ai Ke | presen | tațive |
| | 130 | 189 | 119 | 50 | 108 | when T. M. | L'atte | rson, D | em., re | eceived | abou |
| | 869 | 362 | 14 | 874 | | 2.000 votes, | the | Republ | icans | declin | ing to |
| | 629 | 1,045 | 26 | 669 | | vote. Belfo | ord re | ceived | the | certific | ate of |
| | 816 | 856 | | | ounty. | election, bu | t_Patte | erson w | as adı | nitted | to the |
| | | | 20 | 465 | | scat in the | Hous | e, Dec. | 18, 187 | 77, by v | rote o |
| 1 at F | 320 | 235 | 20 | . 400 | 423 | 116 to 110. | | | | _ | |

The Legislature for 1879-1889 stands 55 Republicans, 19 Democrats, and 1 National Greenback.

CONNECTICUT.-State Ticket.

| 38 30 87 UT DV | Governor—1878. | | | | Pres't.—1876. | | Gov'r.—1876. | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| COUNTIES-8. | And- rews. | Hub- bard. | At- water | Bald- win. | Hayes | Tilden | Robin- son. | Hub- bard. |
| TREASURE C | R. | D. | G. | Pro. | R. | D. | R. | D. |
| Hartford New Haven | 10,550 10,603 | 10,598 10,502 | 3,369 | 121 261 | 12,311 13,180 | 13,537 15,629 | 12,346 13,059 | 13,438 |
| New London Fairfield Windham Litchfield | 5,590 8,803 3,291 4,639 | 4,239 8,241 2,316 5,316 | 1,436 265 | 300 32 108 81 | 7,173 10,210 4,324 5,237 | | 7,063 9,894 4,268 5,151 | 6,659 1,1428 2,828 5,950 |
| Middlesex | 3,117 2,274 | 2,967 2,206 | 219 30 | 111 65 | 3,865 2,734 | 3,657 2,338 | 3,771 2,715 | 3,708 2,348 |
| Total | 48,867 46,61 | 46,385 44,29 | 8,314 7,93 | 1,079 1,27 | 59,034 | 61,934 | 58,267 | 61,934 |
| Majority over next Scattering votes Total vote | 2,481 Majoriti 96 104,741 | | | ities | 1, | 2,900 184 2,152 | 3,667 1,376 121,577 | |

STATE OF DELAWARE.

| GOVERNOR-1878. PRESIDENT-1876. | | | REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS. | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---|-------------|---------|--------|-----------|--------|
| COUNTIES, Hall. | Stewart | Tilden. | Hayes. | i ' | 1878. | | 1876. | |
| D. | G. | D. | Ř. | COUNTIES. M | fartin. | | Williams. | Bird. |
| Kent 2,208 | 83 | 3,278 | 1,935 | 1 | D. | G. | D. | R |
| Newcastle. 5.030 | 675 | 6.613 | 6.054 | Kent 2 | | 36 | 8,266 | 1,905 |
| Sussex 8,492 | 2.127 | 3,490 | 2,763 | Newcastle 4 | 999 | 771 | 6,494 | 5,872 |
| | -,20 | | | Sussex 3, | 414 | 2,159 | 8,409 | 2,815 |
| Total 10.780 | 2,835 | 13,331 | 10,752 | _ | | | | |
| Majority 7.895 | , | 2.629 | | Total10. | ,576 | 2,966 | 13,169 | 10,592 |
| Per cent 79.40 | 20.60 | 55.44 | 44.56 | Majority 7. | .610 | | 2,577 | • |
| Total vote | 13,565 | | 24,135 | Per cent78 | 8.10 | 22.90 | • | |
| Total Tote | 10,000 | | 27,100 | Total vote | | 13.542 | 28.7 | 61 |
| In 1878 no Republican State or Congres- | | | In 1876 Charles Moore, prohibition, had | | | | | |

236 votes.

In 1878 no Republican State or Congressional ticket was nominated.

ized by Google

CONNECTICUT.—Representatives in Congress.

1876.

1878.

| FIRST DISTRICT | Hawley. R. | Landers. D. | Baker. G. | Johnson. P. | Hawley. R. | Landers. D. |
|---|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Hartford Co Tolland | 11,768 2,417 | 9,788 2,116 | 987 8 | 59 85 | 12,682 2,758 | 18,214 2,315 |
| Total Per cent Maj. over next, Total vote, | 14,185 48.86 2,286 | 11,890 52.20 | 995 8.66 | 94 | 15,390 Majorit | 15,589 7. 130 |
| Total vote, | 1878. | 1876 | 1 | | 1878. | 1876. |
| Second District. | D.&G. 948 13,451 | 223 13,041 15, | 761 Fairfie | R. eld Co. 9,189 | D. G. 7,899 1,431 | Hub- Warner. bard. B. D. 10,817 11,286 5,184 5,947 |
| I | 83 58.18 1 2,278 81,029 ait. Carter. Pa 3. D. | .97 Maj. 2, 36,27 almer. Wait. Wal G. R. D | 723 Per ce 98 scar 7 Maj. o Tota 1. Tota | nt 44.62 of ttering votes v. n., 1,180 al vote, 28,1 al vote of S | 48.70 6.87 were cast. 978 | Maj., 1,782 32,784 104,857; 1876 |
| N. London Co. 5,8 Windham Co. 8,3 Total 9,9 Per cent 53 | 260 2,487 286 7,571 | 111 4,255 2,1 375 11,288 9,1 | 889 The | rese), 115,743. Legislature o Rcp. 14 142 | f 1879 stand Dem. 7 100 | Gr. and Ind. |
| Maj. ov. next, 1, Total vote, | 665 | 1,748 20,81 | <u> </u> | 156 | 107 | 2 |

| | F | LORI | DA.–R | epres | entatives in C | ongre | is. | | |
|--------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------------------|---------------|----------|---------|-------------|
| | 1878 | 3. | 187 | ъ. | | 187 | 8. | 18 | 76. |
| • | David- | Con- | David | Pur | 1 | Hul | | Finley | . Blabee. |
| | son. | over. | son. | man. | ad DIST. | D. | R. | D. | R. |
| let. DIST. | D. | R. | D. | R. | Alachua | 1,178 | 1,745 | 1,255 | |
| Calhoun | 167 | 50 | 217 | 57 | Baker, | 256 | 158 | 288 | |
| Escambia | 1,210 | 1,176 | 1,439 | 1,582 | Bradford | 697 | 223 | 707 | |
| Franklin | 165 | 91 | 175 | 84 | Brevard | •••• | • • • • | 111 | 56 |
| Gadeden | 1,020 | 1,102 | 855 | 1,280 | Columbia | 908 | 803 | 901 | 717 |
| Hernando | 452 | 10 | 580 | 189 | Clay | 807 | 112 | 286 | |
| Hillsborough | 672 | 6 | 796 | 181 | Dade | 47 | 14 | 5 | - 8 |
| Holmes | 297 | 7 | 800 | 16 | Daval | 1,129 | 2,218 | 1,468 | 2,881 |
| Jackson | 1,884 | 737 | 1,395 | 1,293 | Hamilton | 609 | 418 | 614 | 329 |
| Jefferson | 774 | 907 | 743 | 2,658 | Madison | | | 1,082 | 1,521 |
| La Fayette | 253 | 35 | 310 | 61 | Marion | 1,008 | 1.190 | 902 | 1,548 |
| Leon | 782 | 2,446 | 1,015 | 8,007 | Nassau | 622 | 769 | 670 | 794 |
| Levy | 543 | 368 | 491 | 205 | Orange | 828 | 218 | 926 | 194 |
| Liberty | 180 | 93 | 148 | 81 | Putnam | 616 | 622 | 617 | 579 |
| Manatec | 410 | 87 | 263 | 25 | St. Johns | 582 | 846 | 508 | 881 |
| Monroe | 468 | 872 | 1,053 | 966 | Suwannee | 540 | 558 | 629 | 456 |
| Polk | 875 | | 456 | 6 | Volusia | 367 | 242 | 474 | 178 |
| Santa Rosa | 564 | 301 | 771 | 405 | | | | | |
| Sumter | 461 | 148 | 513 | 167 | Total | 9,639 | 9,626 | 11.452 | 11,470 |
| Taylor | 215 | 25 | 243 | 71 | Majority | 18 | •,••• | , | 18 |
| Wakulla | 314 | 177 | 264 | 179 | Per cent | 50.08 | 49.96 | 49.96 | 50.08 |
| Walton | 602 | 68 | 686 | 43 | Total vote. | 19,20 | | 22,9 | |
| Washington | 871 | 106 | 408 | 117 | | , | ~ | | |
| | | | | | The vote in t | he 2d | District | of Flor | rida in |
| Total | 11.582 | 8.301 | 13,163 | 12,628 | 1878, as first ca | | | | |
| Majority | 3,281 | -, | 540 | , | opinion of the | | | | |
| Per cent | 58.14 | 41.65 | 51.04 | 48.95 | gave a small m | alority | to Rishe | e Ren | The |
| Total vote | 19,8 | | 25,78 | | Board of State | Canvage | ore how | over w | hasivo |
| | 20,0 | | 20,10 | ~ | TOUR OF DESIGN | Ce 11 A 012 C | CTO' HOM | C. C. I | SATISTICAL. |

gave a small majority to Bispee, kep. The Board of State Canvassers, however, revised the returns, Dec. 23, 1878, throwing out the entire vote of Brevard and Madison Counties, as to mixed with fraud that they could not determine what votes were actually polled, and giving the District to the Democratic candidate by 18 majority.

| | 1878 | | 187 | 6. · | 1 | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
|--------------|----------------|--------|---------------|------------|----------------|----------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|
| COUNTIES-34. | Bennett. R. | Tripp. | Kidder. R. | Spink. | COUNTIES. | Bennett. | Tripp. | Kidder. R. | Spink. |
| Armstrong | 48 | 49 | ·~ 9 | ~60 | Minnehaha | 840 | 508 | 795 | 76 |
| Barnes | 69 | 18 | 5Ŏ | | Moody | 851 | 175 | 136 | 17 |
| Bon Homme | 428 | 418 | 406 | 183 | Morton | 58 | 19 | | |
| Brookings | 136 | 92 | 74 | -02 | Pembina | 238 | 123 | 187 | 20 |
| Brule | | 16 | •••• | 17 | Pennington | 296 | 845 | | |
| Burleigh | 218 | 529 | 217 | 232 | Richland | 142 | 99 | 126 | • 4 |
| Cass | 604 | 278 | 296 | 74 | Stanley | | | | |
| Clay | 470 | 514 | 799 | 148 | Stutsman | 83 | - 44 | 77 | 79 |
| Charles Mix | 20 | 27 | 29 | 40 | Traili | 447 | 87 | 115 | 46 |
| Codington | 54 | 80. | | | Turner | 268 | 231 | 265 | กั |
| Custer | 18 | 54 | • · • • | •••• | Union | 662 | 611 | 790 | 484 |
| Davison | 5 | 27 | 15 | ••• | Yankton | 983 | 727 | 757 | 645 |
| Deuel | 130 | 82 | | - | Tankon | 800 | 1.01 | 101 | 030 |
| Grand Forks. | 370 | 808 | 120 | •••• | Total | 10.455 | 8,493 | 6,199 | 2,418 |
| Grant | 66 | | | - | Majority | 1.962 | 0,490 | | æ, 2 10 |
| Hamlin | 18 | 17 | •••• | • • • • | | 55.17 | 44.82 | 8,786 | 28.01 |
| Hansen | | | *** | •••• | Per cent | | | 71.98 | |
| Hanson | 84 | 88 | . 84 | 4 | Total vote | 18,94 | Ö | 8,61 | 4 |
| Hutchinson | 178 | 68 | 184 | 41 | 37 | | | ~ | |
| Lake | 168 | 90 | - 83 | 15 | Nors The | LOTOR OF | Bruie, | Grand I | OPKS, |
| Lawrence | 2,426 | 2,661 | •::: | •::: | and Lake, thou | | | | |
| Lincoln | 635 | 200 | 736 | 147 | the whole vote | | | wn out l | y the |
| McCook | 64 | 34 | | | canvassers for | irregula | rit y . | | |

GEORGIA.-Representatives in Congress.

| | 18 | 378. | 187 | 16. | | 1 | 878. | 1 | 876. |
|------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Nicholls. | Corker | Hartridge. | Bryant. | | Smith. | Wade. | Smith. | Whiteley. |
| 1st Dist. | D. | Gr. | D | R. | 2d Dist. | D. | R. | D. | R. |
| Appling | 348 | 98 | 407 | 181 | Baker | 616 | 88 | 816 | 209 |
| Bryan | 177 | 112 | 852 | 278 | Berrien | 762 | 21 | 880 | . 84 |
| Bullock | 759 | | 1,006 | | Brooks | 708 | 489 | 1,012 | 771 |
| Burke | 581 | 1,542 | 1,020 | 268 | Calhoun | 416 | 102 | 619 | 556 |
| Camden | 852 | 63 | 283 | 456 | Clay | · 842 | 52 | 741: | |
| Charlton | 142 | | 250 | . 9 | Colquitt | 146 | 12 | 216 | 86 |
| Chatham | 2,086 | 1,778 | 2,144 | 1,588 | Decatur | 646 | 985 | 1,461 | 1,612 |
| Clinch | 233 | 164 | 582 | 114 | Dougherty. | 511 | 97 | 538 | 403 |
| Echols | 201 | | 172 | 22 | Early | 820 | • • • • | 659 | 369 |
| Effingham | 276 | | 630 | 182 | Lowndes | 6 86 | 537 | 830 | 599 |
| Emanuel | 823 | 58 | 754 | 107 | Miller | 117 | • • • • | 852 | 62 |
| Glynn | 366 | 161 | 266 | 571 | Mitchell | 472 | 826 | 624 | 541 |
| Liberty | 807 | 467 | 505 | 781 | Quitman | 172 | 9 | 458 | 48 |
| McIntosh | 129 | 862 | 804 | 669 | Randolph | 549 | 195 | 1.392 | 665 |
| Pierce | 404 | 122 | 828 | 264 | Terrell | 366 | 14 | 852 | 861 |
| Screven | 593 | | 997 | 198 | Thomas | 866 | 695 | 1.572 | 1,218 |
| Tatnall | 427 | 81 | 585 | 55 | Worth | 436 | 21 | 620 | 179 |
| Ware | 267 | 51 | 887 | 220 | | | | | |
| Wayne | 504 | 27 | 548 | 160 | Total Majority | 8,126 4 488 | 8,642 | 18,627 5,612 | 8,015 |
| Total | R 477 | 5,081 | 11.465 | 5,922 | Per cent | 67.04 | 80.85 | 61.56 | 38.42 |
| Majority | 9 44R | 0,001 | 5,543 | 0,000 | Tot. vote. | | 678 | | 1,642 |
| Per cent | | 37.24 | 65.36 | 84.68 | 200. 1000 | , | ••• | - | -,02- |
| Tot. vote. | 13,5 | | 17.8 | | | | | | |
| | Cook. | Scattering. | • | Pierce. | | Harris. | Persons. | Harris. | Hillird. |
| 2d Dist. | D. | ocurrent ing. | D. | R. | 4th Dist. | D. | I. D. | D. | R. |
| Coffee | 108 | | 869 | 18 | Campbell | 409 | 873 | 795 | 859 |
| Dodge | | ⊋ | 444 | 187 | Carroll | 1.802 | 728 | 1,737 | 217 |
| Dooly | | 5 | 1.459 | 294 | Chatth'chee | 829 | 591 | 630 | 177 |
| Brwin | 404 | | 804 | | Coweta | 946 | 2,034 | 1,362 | 1.820 |
| Lee | 100 | g | 404 | 710 | Douglas | 834 | 505 | 591 | 159 |
| Macon | 340 | ž ··· 4 . | 946 | 699 | Harris | 1.187 | 1,070 | 1,243 | 915 |
| Montgom'y | 97 | | 496 | 15 | Heard | 656 | 571 | 785 | 268 |
| Pulaski | 168 | £ | 1.844 | 189 | Marion | 807 | 844 | 570 | 822 |
| Schley | 167 | <u> </u> | 401 | 289 | Merriweth'r | | 1.333 | 1.378 | 634 |
| Stewart | | | 930 | 206 | Muscogce | 1 580 | 1.091 | 1.778 | 421 |
| Sumter | 481 | 2 2 3 3 | 1,670 | 886 | Talbot | 445 | 1.845 | 958 | 538 |
| Taylor | 140 | <u> </u> | 691 | 419 | Troup | | 1.851 | 2,020 | 355 |
| Telfair | 146 | i | 430 | 87 | 110up | 1,200 | 1,001 | ~,0~ | |
| Wahataa | | | 460 | 805 | Total | 0 101 | 13,336 | 18,797 | 5,783 |
| Webster | 106 ` | • • • • | | 26 | Majority | 10, 101 | 8,235 | 8.012 | 5,165 |
| Wilcox | 95 | • • • • | 886 | 20 | Per cent | 42 14 | 56.84 | 0,012 | • |
| | 2,628 | 6 | 10,684 | 4,280 | Tot. vote. | 23, | | 19, | 972 |
| Majority | 00.79: | | 71.38 | 28.60 | | | _ | | |
| Per cent Tot. vote, | 99 73° 2,0 | 104 | 14.8 | | | Disco | ed by Gc | naale | |
| | | | 14.1 | 7.7 th | | Digitiz | ed by 🔪 🔣 | | |

GEORGIA.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | 18 | 76. | | 1 | 878. | 18 | 76. |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|---|------------------|---|
| Hamm | ond. Arnold. | Candler. 1 | darkham. | | Stephens. | Scatter'g. | Stephens. | Tennelle |
| 5th Diet. D. Crawford 1,01 | | D. 1.098 | R. 83 | 8th Dist. Columbia | D. 46 | 1 | D. 524 | R. |
| Clayton 33 | 1 453 | 892 | 887 | Elbert | | 15 | 827 | • |
| DeKalb 60 | | 1,826 | 889 | Glascock | | - 5 | 878 | 2 |
| Fayette 46 | | 646 | 422 | Greene | | | 1,088 | 8 |
| Fulton 2,21 | 4 2,746 | 4,122 | 2,265 | Hancock | 180 | **** | 917 | 36 |
| Henry 55 | 4 7720 | 1,182 | 686 | Hart | 199 | ż | 732 | |
| Houston 78 | | 2,546 | 1,473 | Jefferson | 148 | | 945 | |
| Milton, 89 | | 686 | 14 | Johnson | . 141 | • | 354 | 7 |
| Monroe 1,43 | | 1.884 | 1,021 | Lincoln | 71 | | 527 | •••• |
| Pike 1,06 | | ,1,540 | 673 | McDuffle | 99 | | 647 | |
| Spalding 59 | | 1,058 | 607 | Oglethorpe | | •••• | 937 | ••• |
| Upson 86 | | 1,108 | 700 | Richmond. | | 8 | 8,843 | • • • • • |
| | | | | Taliaferro. | | | 613 | |
| Total 10,26 | 9 8,196 | 18,088 | 8,720 | Warren | | 7 | 695 | 850 |
| Majority 2.07 | | 9,368 | | Washingt'r | 169 | Š | 834 | 856 |
| Per cent 55.6 | | 67.46 | 32.52 | Wilkes | | 7 | 1,115 | •••• |
| Tot. vote, | 18,465 | | .803 | 1 | | | | |
| • | - | | • | Total | 3,673 | 54 | 14,471 | 1,27 |
| Blour | nt. Scatterin | | Gove. | Majority | | _ | 13.198 | • |
| 6th Dist. D. | n | D. | R. | Per cent | 98.55 | 1.45 | 91.91 | 8.00 |
| Baldwin 16 | • | 878 | 50 | Tot. vote | . 8,72 | 7 | 15 | ,744 |
| Bibb 73 | g | 3,364 | 1,262 | No oppos | ition ca | ndidate v | ras nomi | nated is |
| Butts 29 Sasper 25 | | 718 833 | 841 | this district | in 1878 | | | |
| | | 774 | 361 510 | i | | | | |
| ones 14 Laurens 22 | ~ ~ | 757 | 260 | aut Trea | Billupe. | Speer. | mı. | No Opp |
| Newton: 23 | | 1,080 | 919 | 9th Dist. Banks | D. 478 | I. D. 364 | D. 618 | |
| Putnam 20 | 8 ⊊ ···i | 905 | 40 | Clarke | | | 1,147 | |
| Rockdale 2 | | 715 | 261 | Dawson | . 855 | 1,06 5 284 | 421 | |
| | 8 | 486 | 467 | Fannin. | 184 | 327 | 266 | |
| Walton 36 | 85 E ''i6 | 1,341 | 301 | Forsyth | | 433 | 867 | 0 |
| Wilkinson. 28 | | 1,145 | 107 | Franklin | 587 | 733 | 963 | (X) |
| | | | | Gilmer | 229 | 801 | 554 | |
| Total 8,19 | 2 18 | 12,996 | 4,578 | Gwinnett | 1 104 | 946 | 1,549 | 9 |
| Major. over | - 10 | 10,000 | 2,0.0 | Hall | 920 | 903 | 1.516 | Ť |
| next 8,17 | 4 | 8.418 | | Habersham | . 810 | 818 | 1,026 | Opposition |
| Per cent 99.4 | ŝ .56 | 73.21 | 36.78 | Jackson | | 1,069 | 1,421 | 를 |
| Tot. vote. | 8,210 | | 751 | Lumpkin | | 301 | 545 | 유 |
| | -, | , | | Madison | 546 | 366 | 576 | _ |
| Leste | | Dabney. | Felton. | Morgan | 1.004 | 1,163 | 790 | Candidate. |
| 7th Dist. D. | | D. ` | I. D. | Pickens | 195 | 471 | 871 | 2. |
| Bartow 82 | | 695 | 2,489 | Rabun | 820 | 98 | 472 | 5 |
| Catoosa 59 | | 525 | 270 | Towns | 199 | 185 | 294 | 2 |
| Chattooga 1,00 | 9 446 | 908 | 464 | White | 363 | 339 | 529 | ₽. |
| herokee 79 | 2 1,530 | 820 | 1,459 | Union | 406 | 890 | 463 | • |
| Cobb 1,52 | 6 1,797 | 1,501 | 1,643 | Oconce | 579 | 371 | 410 | |
| Dade 59 | | 445 | 55 | | | | | |
| Floyd 1,98 Gordon 92 | | 1,654 | 1,834 | Total | 10,675 | 10,897 | 14,790 | |
| Gordon 92 Haralson 82 | | 798 823 | 1,122 | Majority | | 222 | • | |
| Murray 77 | | 598 | 278 513 | Scattering | 99 | | 28 | |
| | | | | Per cent | | 50.81 | 99.98 | |
| Paulding 87 Polk 74 | | 657 609 | 628 | Total vot | e 21, | | 14,813 | |
| Walker 190 | | | 1,061 | | • | | • | |
| Walker 1,20 Whitfield 91 | | 916 863 | 671 782 | | | | | |
| Total 12,96 | | 10,807 | 13,269 | | | | | |
| Majority | 1,350 | | 2,462 | | | | | |
| er cent 47.5 | | 44.88 | 55.11 | | | | | |
| Tot. vote. | 27,280 | 0.4 | 076 | | | | | |

The Legislature of 1878-79 stands: Democrats, 215; Republicans, 4.

ILLINOIS.-State Ticket.

| | т | reasurer—18 | 78. | Pr | esident—18 | 176. |
|---|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| Counties—102. | Smith. R. | Cronkrite. D. | Bates. N. G. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Cooper. G. |
| Adams | 2,991 | 4,045 | 793 | 4,953 | 6,308 | 41 |
| AlexanderBond | 1,020 1,249 | 970 916 | 68 8 29 | 1,219 1,520 | 1,290 1,142 | 17 |
| Boone | 1,508 | 243 | 180 | 1,965 | 863 | 43 |
| BrownBureau | 516 2,734 | 1,026 692 | 661 1,487 | 944 8,719 | 1,495 2,218 | 183 145 |
| Calhoun | 237 | 627 | 147 | 441 | 900 | |
| CalhounCarroll | 1,489 | 392 | 840 | 2,231 | 919 | 111 |
| Champaign | 834 3,371 | 1,280 2.127 | 539 1,486 | 1,209 4,530 | 1,618 3,108 | 74 604 |
| | 1,549 | 2,207 | 594 | 2,501 | 8,287 | 207 |
| Caristian Clark Clay Clinton Coles Cook Crawford Crawford Cumberland | 1,399 1,204 | 1,558 1,822 | 027 195 | 1,814 1,416 | 2,197 1,541 | 236 112 |
| Clinton | 1,090 | 1,555 | 178 | 1.329 | 1,989 | 132 |
| Coles | 2.301 | 2.360 | 425 | 2,957 | 2,822 | 109 |
| Crawford | 27,922 968 | 16,961 1,298 | 4,467 220 | 36,900 1,855 | 83,302 1,648 | 3 00 3 3 |
| | 909 | 1,020 | 815 | 1,145 | 1,407 | 129 |
| DeKalb DeWitt | 2,377 1,567 | 657 1,067 | 698 662 | 8,679 1,928 | 1,418 1,174 | 65 746 |
| Donglas | 1,527 | 1,441 | 144 | 1,681 | 1,857 | 94 |
| DuPage | 1,648 | 2,640 | 226 846 | 2.129 2,715 | 1,276 2,883 | 25 131 |
| Rdwards | 2,277 904 | 488 | 35 | 970 | 466 | 61 |
| Fayette | 859 | 1,551 | 84 | 1,145 | 2 205 | 43 |
| Ford | 1,571 1,267 | 1,932 340 | 896 957 | 1,881 1,601 | 2,421 742 | 57 204 |
| Franklin | 706 | 963 | 876 | 966 | 1,302 | 391 |
| Fulton | 3,087 744 | 8,462 1,217 | 804 85 | 4,187 703 | 4,669 1,140 | 89 282 |
| Gallatin Greene Grundy | 827 | 1.724 | 149 | 1.695 | 8,160 | 1 |
| Grandy | 1,596 | 193 | 1,155 | 1,996 627 | 1,142 | 108 770 |
| Hamilton Hancock | 265 2,786 | 1,032 8,426 | 826 645 | 8,496 | 1,433 4,207 | 89 |
| Hardin Henderson | 252 | 542 | | 890 | 611 | 184 |
| Henderson | 1,112 3,008 | 698 713 | 388 1.816 | 1,815 4,177 | 1,015 1,928 | 840 |
| Henry Iroquois Jackson | 2.443 | 695 | 2,012 | 4,177 8,768 | 2,578 | 244 |
| Jackson | 1,528 805 | 1,521 1,330 | 683 106 | 2,040 918 | 2,071 1,461 | 106 106 |
| Jasper Jefferson Jefferson Jersey Jo Daviess Johnson Kane Kankakee | 816 | 1,277 | 672 | 1,846 | 1.667 | 647 |
| Jersey | 674 2,42 8 | 1,558 | 540 638 | 1,345 2,907 | 2,166 2,276 | 140 |
| Johnson | 1,105 | 1,188 756 | 859 | 1,867 | 893 | 61 |
| Kane | 4.084 | 1,838 | 1,232 | 5,398 | 2,850 | 179 |
| Kankakee Kendall | 1,729 1.518 | 800 158 | 388 653 | 2,627 1,869 | 1,863 524 | 126 809 |
| Knox Lake | 8.189 | 1,866 | 1,148 | 5,235 | 2,632 | 141 |
| LakeLaSaile | 2,004 4,357 | 1,045 2,617 | 234 2,627 | 2,619 6,278 | 1,647 6,001 | 55 514 |
| Lawrence | 1,109 | 1,171 | 109 | 1,198 | 1.329 | 27 |
| Lee Livingston Logan | 1,978 2,734 | 783 589 | 921 2,533 | 8,087 8,550 | 2,090 2,134 | 100 1,170 |
| Logan | 2,704 2,846 | 2,197 | 381 | 2,788 | 2,595 | 87 |
| Macon | 2,020 | 1,885 | 499 | 8,120 | 2,783 | 268 114 |
| Macoupin | 2,715 3,436 | 8,278 8,459 | 840 641 | 8,567 4,554 | 4,076 4,730 | 89 |
| Macon | 1,408 | 1,818 | 669 | 2,009 | 2,444 | 200 |
| Marshall | 1, 878 989 | 1,109 1,274 | 258 450 | 1,553 1,566 | 1,480 1,989 | 135 83 |
| | 1,070 | 752 | 104 | 1,281 | 793 | 20 |
| Massac McDonough McHenry McLean Menard Mercer Montomery | 2,557 | 2,828 | 884 | 2,959 | 2,811 | 847 81 |
| McLean | 2,157 5,166 | 919 8,210 | 742 1,657 | 3,465 6,363 | 1,874 4,410 | 518 |
| Menard | 701 | 1,040 | 737 | 1,115 | 1.657 | 10 |
| Mercer | 1,8 78 788 | 867 1.850 | 861 65 | 2,209 845 | 1,428 1,651 | 90 7 |
| Montgomery | 1.561 | 2,245 | 544 | 2,486 | 8,013 | 201 |
| Montgomery Morgan Moultrie | 2,491 | 2,744 | 738 211 | 3,069 1,245 | 8,17 4 1,672 | 109 28 |
| Uggle | 771 2,325 | 1,038 1,470 | 737 | 8,838 | 1,921 | ⊤ 104 |
| Prorie | 8,762 | 4,048 | 1,089 | 4 .665 ed | by (5.448) | E 95 |

ILLINOIS.-State Ticket. (Continued.)

| | T | reasurer—18 | 78. | P | resident—18 | 76. |
|--------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| Counties—102. | Smith. R. | Cronkrite. D. | Bates. N. G. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Cooper. |
| Perry | 1,256 | 1,264 | 239 | 1,541 | 1,383 | 48 |
| Platt | 1,349 | 1,105 | 267 | 1,807 | 1,316 | 117 |
| Pike | 1,949 | 2,871 | 858 | 8,055 | 4,040 | 85 |
| Pope | 1,254 | 847 | 109 | 1,819 | 800 | 5 |
| Pulaski | 944 | 598 | 156 | 1,043 | 772 | ••• |
| Putnam | 471 | 225 | 146 | 646 | 459 | 14 |
| Randolph | 2.157 | 2,197 | 228 | 2,357 | 2,589 | 2 |
| Richland | 1.178 | 1.445 | | 1.410 | 1.552 | 55 |
| Rock Island | 2,804 | 1,166 | 1,978 | 8,912 | 2,838 | 27 |
| Saline | 970 | 956 | 415 | 980 | 1.081 | 641 |
| Sangamon | 2.659 | 4.252 | 889 | 4.851 | 5.847 | 79 |
| Schuyler | 1,183 | 1,640 | 592 | 1,522 | 1,804 | 115 |
| Scott | 515 | 1,048 | 449 | 910 | 1,269 | 182 |
| Shelby | 917 | 2,008 | 1.277 | 2.069 | 8,558 | 841 |
| Stark | 1.017 | 808 | 588 | 1.440 | 786 | 96 |
| St. Clair | 4.814 | 8.880 | 472 | 4.708 | 5.891 | 99 |
| Stephenson | 2,115 | 2.068 | 290 | 8,198 | 2,758 | 26 |
| Tazewell | 2,111 | 2.404 | 481 | 2.850 | 8,171 | 44 |
| Union | 860 | 1.059 | 66 | 978 | 2,155 | 8 |
| Vermilion, | 8,198 | 2,846 | 1,075 | 4,872 | 8,081 | 288 |
| Wabash | 658 | 910 | .,64 | 650 | 936 | 207 |
| Warren | 2.416 | 1.844 | 589 | 2.795 | 1.984 | 186 |
| Washington | 1,909 | 1.665 | 57 | 1,911 | 1,671 | 89 |
| Wayne | 1.213 | 1.831 | 834 | 1.570 | 1.751 | 482 |
| White | 1,000 | 1,764 | 296 | 1,297 | 2,066 | 469 |
| Whiteside | 2,494 | 902 | 1.579 | 8,851 | 2,131 | 188 |
| Will | 8,798 | 2.520 | 1.838 | 4,770 | 8,999 | 677 |
| Williamson | 1.428 | 1.210 | 582 | 1,672 | 1,644 | 41 |
| Winnebago | 2,780 | 1.022 | 462 | 4,505 | 1,568 | 70 |
| Woodford | 1,279 | 1,578 | 507 | 1,783 | 2,105 | 287 |
| Total | 215,283 | 169,965 | 65,673 | 278,232 | 258,601 | 17,233 |
| Majority over next | 45,318 | 1 | | 19,631 | , | |
| Per cent of whole | 47.74 | 87.69 | 14.56 | 50.21 | 46.67 | 8.12 |

In 1878, J. R. Gorin, Prohibition candidate for State Treasurer, received 2,192 votes.

Total vote: in 1876, on President, 554,066; 1872, 426,882; and in 1878, on Treasurer, 450,921.

The Legislature of 1879-1880 stands 105 Republicans, 85 Democrats, 10 National or Green-back party, and 4 Socialists. Total, 304.

| | | 11/1 | MMO. | 18A | eprese | mtatives i | и Соп | RLess | · | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | | 1878. | | 1876. | | 1 | | 1878. | | 1876. | |
| | Aldrich. | Doo- little. | | Aldrich | | | Barber. | | Cornell. | Bren- ham. | Le Moyne. |
| 1st DIST. Cook Du Page | R. 10,581 1,699 | 6,538 669 | N. G. 1,698 156 | R. 14,298 2,280 | D. 13,289 812 | 34 DIST. Cook Lake | R. 7,55 6 2,01 6 | D. 4.253 1,027 | N. G. 647 237 | R. 9,168 2,554 | D. 9,669 |
| Total Maj. over | | 7,282 | 1,854 | 16,578 | 14,101 | Total Maj. over | | 5,280 | 884 | 11,729 | 11,485 |
| next Per cent Total v. | 4,968 51.78 | 30.59 23,688 | 7.84 | 2,477 | | next Per cent Total v. | 4,294 58.05 | 29.26 18.044 | | 287 | |
| Geo. S. I in 1876. | Brown, | Green | | | | Benj. Si the 3d Dis | bley, Sc | cialis | | 2,206 vo | tes in |
| John M ceived 2,32 | cAuliffe 22 votes | , Soci in the | alist C | andida strict in | te, re- 1878. | | Sherwin. | Stough- | | Lathrop. | Farns-worth. |
| | Davis. | | | | | 4th DIST. Boone | R. 1,514 | D. 889 | N. G. 151 | R. 1,117 | D. 328 |
| 94 DIST. Cook | R. 10, 847 | D. 6,111 | N. G. 1,600 | R. 14,090 | D. 14,732 | De Kalb Kane McHenry. | 8,833 | 744 975 889 | 1,450 | 2,686 8,176 1,801 | |
| Total Maj. over | | 6,111 | 1,600 | 14,090 | 14,722 | Winnebag | | 1,845 | | 4,461 | 1,899 |
| next Per cent | 4,286 | 2.94 | 7.69 | | 642 | Total Maj. over | 12,800 | 4,785 | 8,696 | 13,241 | 8,149 |
| Total v. 8. F. No In 1878, | rton, Gr G. A. S | chillin | r. Soci | alist, re | ceived | next Per cent Total v. | 56.86 | 23.09 20. 721 | | 5,092 | |
| 2,478 votes | s in the | 2d D | etrict. | and 250 | votes | 8. A. Hi | | | | d _€ 5,791 | votes |

were cast for Condon, Ind.

ILLINOIS.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | | 187 | 76. | | | 1878. | | 18 | 76. |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Hawk. | Hatha- | King. | Burchard. | Patti- | | Marsh | . Phelps | Streeter | Marsh. | Hunga- |
| 5th DIST. R. | D. | N. G. | R. | D. | 10th DIST | '. R. | D. | N. G. | R. | D. |
| Carroll 1,564 | 288 | 888 | 2,254 | 1,042 | Hancock. | | | 614 | 3,497 | 4,176 |
| Jo Daviess 2,271 | 1,128 | 966 860 | 2,890 | 3.411 | Henderson | | 711 | 401 | 1,290 | 1,042 |
| Ogle 2,452 Stephens'n 2,278 | 1,244 1,558 | 664 | 8,717 8,156 | 2,066 2,813 | McDonou Mercer | guz,o (z 1,850 | 2,557 900 | 847 881 | 2,955 2,202 | 2,888 1,527 |
| Whiteside. 2,477 | 610 | 1,983 | 8,826 | 2,200 | Schuyler. | 1,110 | 1,688 | 266 | 1,219 | 1,829 |
| | | | | | Warren | 2,392 | 2,024 | 487 | 2,789 | 2,084 |
| Total 11,049 | 4,828 | 4,804 | 15,798 | 10, 60 0 | (Date) | 11.01/ | 11 000 | 9.400 | 14 050 | 10 400 |
| Maj. over next 6,219 | , | | 5,193 | | Maj. over | 11,814 | 11,205 | 8,406 | 14,202 | 13,496 |
| Per cent. 53.42 | | 28.24 | 0,200 | | next | | | | 706 | |
| Total v. | 20,009 | | | | Per cent | 44.50 | | 18.16 | | |
| ***** | . D | T7 | W | Dun- | Total v. | | 26,548 | a- 1 | . 3 448 - | 4 |
| *** | - Dunham. | • | son. | ham. | In 1876, | | | | | |
| 6th DIST. R. | D. 474 | N. G. | R. | D. | | | ton. | - | Robbins. | Anapp. |
| Bureau 2,761 Henry 2,965 | 738 | 1,688 1,846 | 8,788 4,160 | 2,311 2,096 | 11th DIST | | D. | N. G. | R. | D. |
| Lee 2,045 | 782 | 903 | 8,141 | 2,157 | Adams Brown | 2,740 496 | 4,206 1,004 | 801 664 | 5,187 955 | 6,126 1,589 |
| Putnam 486 | 124 | 270 | 639 | 462 | Calhoun | 219 | 618 | 154 | 489 | 905 |
| Rock Ial'd 2,757 | 1,194 | 1,081 | 8,887 | 2,865 | Greene | 850 | 1,690 | 216 | 1.698 | 8,154 |
| Total 10,964 | 8,257 | 5,675 | 15,560 | 9,821 | Jersey | 679 | 1,788 | 498 | 1.330 | 2,159 |
| Maj. over | 0,401 | 0,010 | 15,500 | 5 ,051 | Pike | 1,972 | 2,685 | 886 | 8,068 | 4,066 |
| next 4 289 | | | 5,789 | | Total | 6.956 | 11,961 | 8,084 | 12,622 | 17.049 |
| Per cent 52.46 | | 81. 94 | | | Maj. over | | , | 0,002 | 2.0,0.00 | , |
| Total v. | 20,896 | · | heat h | .2 000 | next | | 5,005 | | | 5,327 |
| In 1876, Austin | Dykes, C | и осн | DECK, IN | BUL #600 | Per cent | 81.68 | 54.48 | 13.82 | | |
| | Brooks, Ca | mabel | l. Haves. | Camp- | Total v. | Coak (| 21,951 | Wath an | Phillips. | C1- |
| and Drom D | Brooks. Ca | | .,, D | beil. | | | | | - | ger. D. |
| Grandy 1,593 | D. 197 1 | N. G. 1,151 | R. 1,948 | D. 1,275 | 19th DIST. | . R. 750 | D. 1.277 | N. G. | R. | D. |
| Kendall. 1,491 | 306 | 529 | 1.826 | 867 | Cass Christian . | 1,538 | 2,234 | 687 597 | 1,218 2,500 | 1,654 3,489 |
| La Salle. 4,149 | 2,377 8 | 8,068 | 6,269 | 6,584 | Menard | 660 | 1.086 | 786 | 1,112 | 1.667 |
| Will 8,479 | 2,915 1 | 1,764 | 4,806 | 4,637 | Morgan | 2,182 | 2 466 | 1,122 | 8,095 | 3,839 |
| Total 10,712 | K 70K 6 | 3,512 | 14,849 | 13 313 | Sangamon | 8,580 | 4,269 | 964 | 4,840 | 5,889 |
| Maj. over | 0,150 | ,014 | 12,020 | | Scott | 487 | 1,050 | 455 | 988 | 1,852 |
| next 4,200 | | | 1,536 | | Total | 9.143 | 12,542 | 4,611 | 13,744 | 17,409 |
| Per cent 46.53 | | 28.28 | | | Maj. over | | • | • | • | • |
| Total v. | 28,019 | | | | next | 04 50 | 8,400 | 10 00 | | 8,656 |
| Fort. | Shaw. St | raun. | Fort. | Parker. | Per cent Total v. | | 47.69 26,295 | 17.53 | | |
| sth DIST. R. Ford 1,286 | D. N 873 | 7. G. 987 | R. | D. 981 | IOMI V. | Tipton. | | | Tipton. | Steven |
| Ford 1,286 Iroquois 2,482 | 684 2 | 2,084 | 1,618 8,785 | 2,748 | | - | son. | | - | son. |
| Kankakee 1,789 Livingston 2,763 | 795 | 890 | 2,612 | 1,505 | De Witt | R. 1,595 | D. & G. 1,727 | Pro. 50 | R. 1,905 | D. 1,912 |
| Livingston 2,763 | 548 2 | ,498 | 8,538 | 8,810 | Logan | 2,850 | 2,561 | ũ | 2,783 | 2,640 |
| Marshall. 1,544 | 965 | 298 498 | 1,675 | 1,488 | Mason | 977 | 1,762 | 11 | 1,521 | 2,072 |
| Woodford 1,457 | 1,458 | 140 | 1,788 | 2,284 | McLean | 4,989 | 5,008 | 87 | 6,185 | 5,106 |
| Total 11,271 | 4,822 6 | ,575 | 15,001 | 12,211 | Tazewell. | 2,147 | 2,812 | 86 | 2,835 | 8,275 |
| Maj. over | - | | 0.000 | | Total | 12,058 | 13,870 | 125 | 15,229 | 14,987 |
| next 4,696 Per cent 49.72 | 21.27 2 | 29.00 | 2,800 | | Maj. over | | | | - | |
| Total v. | 22,668 | | | | next | 46.33 | 1,81 3 53.21 | | 243 | |
| | • | | | | Per cent Total v. | | 830 AP | | | |
| Boyd. | Wilson, Me | cKel- | Boyd. V | Vilson. | 1000111 | Cannon. | Jones. | Inter. | Cannon. | Black. |
| 9th DIST. R. | D. Ñ | . G. | R. | D. | 14th Dist. | Cannon. R. 3,313 | D. | N. G. | R. | D. |
| Fulton 8.173 | 8,425 | 763 | 4,278 | 4,587 | Champaign | 8,813 | 2,115 2,346 | 1,528 478 | 4,271 2,898 | 8,908 2,970 |
| Knox 8,194 Peoria 8,179 | 1,463 1 4,589 1 | 1,089 1,446 | 5,004 3,889 | 2.716 5,906 | Coles Douglas | 2,242 1,4 2 3 | 1,511 | 150 | 1,557 | 1,524 |
| Stark 997 | 882 | 452 | 1,867 | 842 | Macon | 2,823 | 2,026 | 934 | 8,112 | 8,005 |
| | | | | | Piatt | 1,328 | 1,115 | 273 | 1,775 | 1,472 |
| Total 10,548 | 9,802 8 | ,749 | 14,548 | 14,001 | Vermilion | 8,054 | 2,414 | 1,091 | 4,133 | 8,474 |
| Maj. over next 741 | | | 547 | - 1 | Total | 19 697 | 11 597 | 4,419 | 17,796 | 16.404 |
| next 741 Per cent 43.79 | 40.68 1 | 3.55 | 01/ | | Maj. over | 20,004 | , | 2,220 | 21,100 | , 202 |
| Total v. | 24,094 | | | | next | 1,160 | | | 1,892 | |
| Total v. In 1876, W. W. 678 votes. | Matthew | s, Gr | eenback | , had | Per cent | | 89.89 | 14.09 | | |
| 678 votes. | | | | | Total v. | | 29,663 | Can | طلت | |
| | | | | | | | nized by | CICIC | STE | |

ILLINOIS.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | | 1878 | | 18 | 76. | İ | | 1878. | | 18 | 76. |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|----------|-------------|---------------|------------|---------|-----------|---------|------------|-----------------|
| | | Forsythe | . Decius | Chaffee | Eden. | | Thoma | s. Allen. | Davis. | Wiley. | Hartsell. |
| 15th DIST. | | G. R. | D. | R. | D. | 18th DIST. | R. | D. & N. | G. | R. | D. |
| Clark | | 1,996 | | | | Alexander | | | 68 | 1,203 | |
| Crawford. | | | | | | Jackson | 1,499 | | 676 | | |
| Cumberlar | | | | | 1,455 | Johnson | 1,100 | | 858 | | |
| Edgar | | | 2,464 | 2,743 | 2,940 | Massac | 1,127 | | . 83 | 1,224 | |
| Effingham | | | | | | Perry | 1,301 | 1,268 | 179 | 1,521 | 1,436 |
| Jasper | | | | | | Pope | 1,243 | | 121 | 1,819 | 847 |
| Lawrence. | • • • • • • | 1,247 | | | 1,335 | Pulaski | 946 | | 150 | 1,037 | 771 |
| Moultrie | • • • • • | 1,049 | | 1,234 | 1,696 | Randolph | 2,204 | | 211 | 2,835 | |
| Shelby | • • • • • • | 2,123 | 1,969 | 2,087 | 3;6 01 | Union | 837 | | 108 | 966 | 2,158 |
| m | | 10 100 | 10.040 | 10 800 | 10.814 | Williams. | 1,404 | 1,261 | 510 | 1,683 | 1,665 |
| Total | | | 12,942 | 13,708 | 18,714 | M1-4-1 | 10 000 | 10.054 | 9 484 | 14.001 | 14 001 |
| Majority | | 164 | | | 4,946 | Total | 12,000 | 12,014 | Z,404 | 14,011 | 14,691 |
| Per cent Total vo | | | | | | Maj. over | 612 | | | | 20 |
| TOTAL VO | | | 048 | | | Per cent. | 46.61 | | 9.01 | | 20 |
| 16th DIST. | | | N. G. | Ashcraft. | Sparks. D. | Total v. | 40.01 | 27,214 | 0.01 | | |
| Bond | R. 1,226 | D. 935 | | R. 1,548 | 1,125 | Tour v. | | 21,214 | | | |
| Clay | 1.245 | | | | 1,617 | 1 | | | | | |
| Clinton | 967 | | | 1,332 | 2,078 | 1 | | _ | _ | | _ |
| Fayette | 1,590 | | 855 | 1.872 | 2.418 | Ĭ | Bell. | hend. | Crews. | Bonham. | Towns- bend. |
| Marion | 1.554 | | | 2,076 | 2,576 | 19th DIST. | R. | D. | N. G. | R. | D. |
| Montgo- | 2,002 | 2,0.0 | ••• | 2,010 | 2,0.0 | Edwards | 864 | | 21 | 988 | 436 |
| mery | 1,553 | 2,201 | 526 | 2,565 | 8,101 | Franklin | 681 | 1.006 | 850 | 697 | 1,132 |
| Washing- | =,000 | , | | , | 0,-0- | Gallatin | 585 | 1,394 | 20 | 833 | 1.172 |
| ton | 1.811 | 1,768 | 84 | 1,931 | 1,676 | Hamilton. | 233 | 1,113 | 786 | 301 | 1,368 |
| | | | | | -,-,- | Hardin | 244 | 562 | • • • • | 961 | 280 |
| Total | 9.946 | 11,493 | 2,139 | 12,708 | 14,561 | Jefferson. | 760 | 1,306 | 698 | 971 | 1,239 |
| Maj. over | ., | , | , | , | , | Richland. | 1,184 | 1,476 | 1 | 1,115 | 1,514 |
| next | | 1.547 | | | 1.828 | Saline | 912 | 1,106 | 856 | 769 | 900 |
| Per cent | 42,18 | 48.74 | 9.07 | | | Wabash | 635 | 926 | 82 | 472 | 895 |
| Total v. | | 23,578 | | | | Wayne | 1,168 | 1,389 | 801 | 1,545 | 1,543 |
| | Baker. | Morri- | Moberly. | Baker. | Morri- | White | 974 | 1,803 | 281 | 1,147 | 1,965 |
| | | son. | • | | son. | | | | | | |
| 17th DIST. | R. | D. | N. G. | R. | D. | Total | 8,190 | 12,603 | 2,847 | 9,239 | 12,439 |
| Macoupin | 2,761 | 8,192 | 252 | 8,499 | 4,128 | Maj. over | | | | | |
| Madison | 8,419 | 8,492 | 584 | 4,007 | 4,698 | _next | | 4,418 | | | 8,200 |
| Monroe | 561 | 2,182 | 15 | 853 | 2,116 | Per cent | 84.59 | 53.31 | 12.04 | | |
| St. Clair | 8,864 | 8,620 | 617 | 4,567 | 6,094 | Total v. | | 23,640 | | | |
| Total | 10 605 | 19 494 | 1,598 | 13,029 | 17 000 | W:111a | D 4 = - | | o- 1 | . 3 17 000 | |
| Maj. over | 10,000 | 12,400 | 1,080 | 10,020 | 11,000 | William : | D. And | icrson, | Gr., I | ac 4,000 | votes |
| next | | 1.831 | - | | 4,007 | M 1010. | | | | | |
| Per cent | 42 M | 50.47 | 6.48 | | ±,007 | | | | | | |
| Total v. | 20.01 | 24,639 | 0.70 | | | | | | | V | |
| TOTAL A. | | A-2,000 | | | | l — | | | | | |

IDAHO TERRITORY.—Delegate in Congress.

| IDANO IERAIIO. | mr.—Delei | gates in Cor | igress. | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| | 18 | 78. | 1976. | | |
| Counties—10. | Ainslie. R. | Brown. D. | Clark. R. | Fenn. D. | |
| Ada | 653 | 462 | 497 | 562 | |
| Alturas | 209 | 150 | 227 | 176 | |
| Bear Lake | 323 | | 4 | 234 | |
| Boise | 434 | 880 | 412 | 408 | |
| daho | 210 | 185 | 181 | 245 | |
| anihi | 269 | 248 | 144 | 124 | |
| lez Perce | 812 | 806 | 115 | 176 | |
| neida | | 366 | 413 | 363 | |
| /HUIUA | | 205 | 823 | 850 | |
|)wyheo | 28 | 200 | 89 | 87 | |
| Shoshone | 20 | | 09 | 01 | |
| Total | 3,645 | 2,294 | 2,284 | 2.671 | |
| fajority | 1,351 | , | , | 390 | |
| er cent | 61.87 | 38.62 | 43.05 | 53.93 | |
| Total vote | 5.9 | | 4.9 | | |

Note.—The returns, in 1878, for five counties, Bear Lake, Nez Perce, Oneida, Owyhee, and Shoshone, were thrown out by the Territorial Canvassers as irregular. The vote as counted gave Ainslie 2,322 votes, and Brown 1,533, showing a Republican majority of 789 by the counted vote.

INDIANA .- State Ticket.

| BEALT YEAR | Sec. o | f State | -1878. | Pres' | t—1876. | | Sec. o | of State | Pres't | Pres't-1876. | |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|-----------|--------------|---------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------|------------------|-------|
| COUNTIES \$2. | Shank lin. | Moore | James | Til- den. | Hayes | COUNTIES 92. | Shank lin. | Moore | James | Til- den. | Haye |
| 161 g 591 | D. | R. | N. | D. | R. | * | D. | R. | N. | D. | R. |
| Adams | 1,577 | 480 | 442 | 2,032 | 867 | Marion | 9,462 | 10,641 | 2,123 | 11,386 | 12,77 |
| Allen | 6,534 | 2.747 | 958 | 7,732 | 4.013 | Marshall. | 2,011 | 1,511 | 1,112 | 2,767 | 2,20 |
| Barthol'w | 2,838 | 2.240 | 81 | 2,810 | 2,326 | Martin | 1,572 | 900 | 200 | 1,569 | 1.11 |
| Benton | 1,015 | 1.082 | 448 | 1,145 | 1,316 | Miami | 2,779 | 2,652 | 199 | 2,845 | 2.79 |
| Blackford | 896 | 460 | 308 | 838 | 712 | Monroe | 1,601 | 1,560 | 288 | 1,559 | 1,66 |
| Boone | 2,408 | 2,473 | 909 | 2,493 | 2,663 | Montg'ry | 3,070 | | 598 | 3,201 | 2,9 |
| Brown | 1,166 | 378 | 137 | 1.254 | 488 | Morgan | 1,977 | 2,175 | 401 | 1,893 | 2,1 |
| Carroll | 2,006 | 1,830 | 355 | 2,189 | 1,980 | Newton | | | 552 | | |
| Cass | 2,977 | 2,857 | 621 | 3,506 | . 3,040 | Noble | 368 | | 399 | 767 | 2.6 |
| Clarke | 2,869 | 2,009 | 574 | 3,369 | 2,399 | | 2,486 582 | 671 | 70 | 2,665 579 | 6 |
| Clay | 2,295 | 1,813 | 1.098 | 2,543 | 2,303 | Ohio | | | | | |
| Clinton | 2.722 | 2,020 | 314 | | | Orange | 1,371 | 1,229 | 264 | 1,603 | 1,2 |
| Crawford | | | | 2,556 | 2,236 | Owen | 1,848 | | 350 | 1,914 | 1,39 |
| Daviess | 1,209 | 700 | 347 | 1,173 | 991 | Parke | 1,557 | | 700 | 1,819 | 2,49 |
| Dearborn | | 2,118 | 159 | 2,349 | 2,026 | Perry | 1,672 | | 151 | 1,723 | 1,3 |
| Decatur. | 3,267 | 1,834 | 148 | 3,379 | 2,093 | Pike | 1,652 | | 467 | 1,640 | 1,4 |
| | 2,460 | 2,444 | 100 | 2,377 | 2,446 | Porter | 1.182 | | 775 | 1,588 | 2,08 |
| DeKalb | 2,137 | 1,897 | 606 | 2,552 | 2,381 | Pusey | 2,247 | | 45 | 2,383 | 1,68 |
| Delaware | 1,558 | 2,905 | 161 | 1,656 | 3,170 | Pulaski | 855 | | | 1,138 | 8 |
| Dubois | 2,260 | 660 | 49 | 2,332 | 701 | Putnam | 2,632 | | 187 | 2,761 | 2,2 |
| Elkhart | 2,768 | 3,231 | 541 | 3,390 | 3,742 | Randolph. | 1,615 | | 194 | 1,922 | 3,94 |
| Fayette | 1,245 | 1,515 | 38 | 1,276 | 1,606 | Ripley | 2,494 | | 65 | 2,339 | 2.19 |
| Floyd | 2,299 | 1,116 | 1,107 | 2,960 | 1,795 | Rush | 2,307 | 2,451 | 80 | 2,203 | 2,4 |
| Fountain. | 2,093 | 1,901 | 956 | 2,202 | 2,236 | Scott | 1,055 | | 76 | 1,074 | 74 |
| Franklin. | 2,886 | 1,408 | • • • • • | 3,008 | 1,684 | Shelby | 2,982 | | 214 | 3,183 | 2,38 |
| Fulton | 1,531 | 1,400 | 261 | 1,707 | 1,574 | Spencer | 2,288 | 1,967 | 206 | 2,455 | 2,0 |
| Gibson | 2,227 | 2,202 | 130 | 2,317 | 2,274 | Starke | 543 | 317 | 222 | 553 | 4 |
| Grant | 2,055 | 2,549 | 245 | 2,115 | 2,819 | St.Joseph | 3,358 | 2,913 | 523 | 1,051 | 2,29 |
| Greene | 2,182 | 2,141 | 369 | 2,103 | 2,207 | Steuben | 665 | 1,744 | 609 | 3,468 | 3,54 |
| Hamilton | 1,588 | 2,789 | 785 | 1,897 | 3,259 | Sullivan | 2,339 | 1,091 | 396 | 2,884 | 1,58 |
| Hancock | 2,118 | 1,407 | 227 | 2,092 | 1,533 | Switzerld | 1,434 | 1,327 | 363 | 1,396 | 1,49 |
| Harrison. | 2,123 | 1,411 | 347 | 2,438 | 1,761 | Tippeca'e | 3,506 | 4,164 | 643 | 3,866 | 4,46 |
| Hendri'ks | 1,870 | 2,670 | 416 | 1,915 | 3,010 | Tipton | 1,692 | 954 | 282 | 1,704 | 1,34 |
| Henry | 1,797 | 3,050 | 556 | 1,924 | 3,631 | Union | 760 | 1,113 | 111 | 792 | 1,08 |
| Howard | 1,387 | 2,328 | 291 | 1,647 | 2,826 | Vand'hrg | 3,747 | 4,117 | 577 | 4,125 | 4,00 |
| Hunt'ton. | 2,412 | 2,104 | 324 | 2,463 | 2,451 | Vermill'n | 958 | 1,148 | 415 | 1,114 | 1,37 |
| lackson | 2,583 | 873 | 967 | 2,749 | 1,640 | Vigo | 3,448 | 2,424 | 2,930 | 3,739 | 3,5 |
| asper | 530 | 1,062 | 509 | 751 | 1,262 | Wabash | 2,157 | 3,169 | 143 | 2,243 | 3,5 |
| Jay | 1,993 | 1,860 | 295 | 1.944 | 1,924 | Warren | 667 | 1,439 | 558 | 881 | 1,68 |
| lefferson. | 2,570 | 3,082 | 171 | 2,697 | 2,991 | Warrick | 2,148 | 1,788 | 178 | 2,292 | 1,8 |
| Jennings. | 1,773 | 1,958 | 39 | 1,756 | 1,908 | Wash'ton | 2,045 | 1,209 | 271 | 2,335 | 1,61 |
| Johnson | 2,245 | 1,645 | 509 | 2,363 | 1,860 | Wayne | 2,679 | 4,625 | 609 | 3,197 | 5,59 |
| Knox | 2,691 | 1,816 | 169 | 3,058 | 2,288 | Wells | 1,956 | 770 | 650 | 2,339 | 1,50 |
| Kosci'sko | 2,427 | 2,985 | 160 | 2,703 | 3,217 | White | 1,190 | 1,320 | 650 | 1,450 | 1,50 |
| agrange. | 881 | 1,620 | 479 | 1,256 | 2,205 | Whitley | 1,748 | 1,256 | 514 | 2,052 | 1,66 |
| Lake: | 1,051 | 1,645 | 82 | 1,314 | 1,826 | m | 101 101 | 400 MEN | 00.410 | 240 850 | 200 - |
| Laporte | 3,476 | 2,948 | 173 | 3,699 | 3,288 | Total | 194,491 | 180,755 | | 213,526 | |
| awrence | 1,735 | 1,816 | 207 | 1,666 | 1,934 | Per cent | 46.89 | 43.56 | 9.51 | 49.53 | 49,3 |
| ladison | 3,199 | 2,293 | 164 | 3,374 | 2,603 | | 40 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Majority Total vot | | | | | | | 13,78 | 6 414,694 | | 5,515 431,070 | |

In 1876, Peter Cooper, Greenback, received 9.533 votes for President. The vote for Governor in 1876 was: Williams, Democrat, 213,164; Harrison, Republican, 208,080; Harrington, Greenback, 13,213. Total, 43,467.
The Legislature of 1879-80 stands: Democrats, 77; Republicans, 62; National Greenback party, 9; Independents, 2. Total, 150.

INDIANA.—Representatives in Congress.

| | | | DIAM | | oprose | HOLLIVES I | | -6200 | <u> </u> | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | | 1878. | | 187 | в. | | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
| | Hell- | Gar- | De | De | Ful- | | Browne. | Holman. | Jeffries. | Browne. | Holman. |
| 1st Dist. | man. R. | vin. D. | Bruler. | Bruler. R. | ler. · | 5th Dist. Dearborn. | R. 1,794 | D. 8,398 | Gr. 92 | R. 2,059 | D. 8,504 |
| Gibson | 2,226 | 2,167 | Gr. 160 | 2,262 | 2.275 | Fayette | 1,499 | 1,271 | 25 | 1,587 | 1,312 |
| Perry | 1,432 | 1,417 | 194 | 1,824 | 1,714 | Franklin. | 1,404 | 2,901 | ĩ | 1,569 | 3,015 |
| Posev | 1.818 | 2,099 | 63 | 1.735 | 2,275 1,714 2,353 | Randolph. | 3,548 | 1,608 | 153 | 1,569 8,876 | 2,002 |
| Spencer Vand'rb'rg | 1,954 | 2,147 3,258 | 345 | 2,102 3,924 | 2,875 | Union | 1,026 | 775 | 87 | 1,035 | 809 |
| Vand'rb'rg | 3 4,677 1,831 | 8,258 2,011 | 548 285 | 3,924 1,811 | 3,788 2,222 | Wayne | 4,505 | 2,983 | 438 | 5,462 | 3,427 |
| Warrick | 1,031 | 2,011 | 200 | 1,011 | | Total | 18.776 | 12.936 | 796 | 15,598 | 14,069 |
| Total | | 13,099 | 1,595 | 13,158 | 14,727 | Maj. over | | | • | • | |
| Maj. over | | | | | 4 200 | next | 840 | | | 1,509 | 4= 40 |
| next Per cent | 829 48.66 | 45.76 | 5.57 | 45.17 | 1,569 50.56 | Per cent Total v. | 50.08 | 47.03 | 2.89 | 52.57 29,6 | 47.42 87 |
| Total v. | 20.00 | 28,622 | 5.51 | 29,1 | | Total v. | | 27,503 | | 20,0 | 04 |
| | | | _ | • | | | Grose. | Myers. | Riley. | Robin- | Cham- |
| | Wel- man. | Cobb | Green. | Love- less. | Cobb. | 6th Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. | son. R. | bera. D. |
| 2d Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. | R. | D. | Delaware. | 2,817 | 1.648 | 120 | 2,994 | 1,853 |
| Crawford. | 818 | 1,229 | 164 | 1,055 | 1,282 | Grant | 2,524 | 2,101 2,125 1,872 | 246 | 2,661 | 2,160 2,165 |
| Daviess | 2,123 761 | 2,157 2,117 | 104 82 | 2,073 512 | 2,437 2,355 | Hancock. | 1 370 | 2,125 | 255 538 | 1,546 8,525 | 2,163 |
| Dubois Greenc | 2,146 | 2,184 | 870 | 2,218 | 2,083 | Henry Johnson | 2,898 1,643 | 2,245 | 509 | 1,802 | 2,319 |
| Knox | 1,749 | 2,732 | 157 | 2,379 | 8.144 | Madison | 2,280 | 3,205 | 163 | 2,523 | 8,418 |
| Martin | 875 | 1,552 | 223 | 1,155 | 1,604 | Shelby | 2,016 | 2,971 | 218 | 2,352 | 8,183 |
| Orange | 1,219 | 1.877 | 262 478 | 1,371 | 1,610 | | | | 20/0 | 10 400 | 10 107 |
| Pike Sullivan | 1,260 1,081 | 1,651 2,318 | 417 | 1,405 1,562 | 1,577 2,876 | Total Maj. over | 10,048 | 10,101 | 2,043 | 17,403 | 11,121 |
| Duminum | | | | | | next | 619 | | | 476 | |
| Total | 12,032 | 17,317 | 2,103 | 13,735 | 18,888 | Per cent | 45.05 | 47.89 | 6.05 | 49.23 | 49.45 |
| Maj. over | | ~ ~~~ | | | | Total v. | | 33,7 58 | | 35,3 | 46 |
| next Per cent | 38.23 | 5,285 55.05 | 6.68 | 40.91 | 5,153 56.26 | ł | | Hanna. | De La | Hanna. | Lan- |
| Total v. | 30.20 | 31,452 | | 83,5 | | | | _ | Matyr. Gr. & D. | | ders. |
| 2000 11 | | | | - | | 7th Dist. | | R. 9 | Gr. & D. | R. 9.705 | D. 1 098 |
| | Long. | Bick- nell. | Willy. | New- | Bick- nell. | Hendricks Marion | | 10.724 | 11.224 | 12.010 | 1,926 11,498 |
| 3d Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. | R. | D. | Morgan | | 2,169 | 2,872 | 2,032 | 1,976 |
| Barth'l | 1,976 | 2,824 | 58 | 2,267 | 2,801 | Putnam | | 2,859 | 2,817 | 2,197 | 2,836 |
| Brown Clarke | 291 1,009 | 1,202 2,204 | 742 | 487 2,401 | 1,229 3,270 | Total | | 17 991 | 18 790 | 19,634 | 19 993 |
| Floyd | 1,818 | 2,090 | 512 | 1,715 | 2,430 | Total Maj. over | next | 14,001 | 839 | 1,898 | 10,200 |
| Harrison. | 1,481 | 2,106 | | 1,710 | 2,434 | Per cent | | 48.85 | 51.14 | 49.75 | 46.20 |
| Jackson | 1,702 | 2,612 | 40 | 1,529 | 2,714 | Total vo | | 36,6 | 01 White. | 39,4 | 65 Mo- |
| Washingt' | п 1,092 | 2,036 | 236 | 1,635 | 2,347 | | Hunter. | Hos- tetler. | | | Lean. |
| Total | 9.369 | 15,074 | 1,588 | 11,576 | 17,225 | 8th Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. | R. | D. |
| Maj. over | ., | • | , | • | - | Clay Lawrence. | 1,859 1,781 | 2,281 | 1,101 213 | 2,340 1,906 | 2,429 1,632 |
| next | 05.00 | 5,705 | | 00.00 | 5,469 | Monroe | 1,578 | 1.555 | 816 | 1.694 | 1,518 |
| Per cent Total v. | 85.99 | 57.90 26, 031 | 6.10 | 38 80 29,8 | 57.78 | Owen | 1,099 | 1,862 | 843 | 1,397 | 1.854 |
| TOTAL V. | | • | | - | | Parke | 2,085 | 1,584 | 695 | 2,430 | 1,727 |
| 442 50 4 | Sexton. | New. | Gregg. | Sexton. | Woolen. | Vermilion Vigo | | 918 3,26 0 | 490 8,771 | 1,288 8,210 | 857 8,143 |
| 4th Dist. Decatur | R. 2,422 | D. 2,543 | Gř. | R. 2,455 | D. 2,418 | 1.50 | ~,041 | | | | |
| Jefferson. | 8,110 | 2,624 | 46 | 8,051 | 2.787 | Total | 12,124 | 13,164 | 4,929 | 14,265 | 13,165 |
| Jennings. | 1,884 | 1,848 | 28 | 1,956 | 1,799 | Maj. over | | 4 0 4 0 | | 4 400 | |
| Ohio | 682 2,147 | 602 2,533 | •••• | 602 2,139 | 500 2,873 | next Per cent | 40.10 | 1,040 48.55 | 16.36 | 1,100 44 89 | 40.93 |
| Ripley Rush | | | | 2,159 | 2,171 | Total v. | 40. IU | 80,227 | 10.00 | 82, | |
| Scott | 676 | 1,061 | 67 | 766 | 1,063 | | | | | | |
| Switzerl'd | 1,332 | 1,618 | | 1,483 | 1,399 | l . | Orth. | Mc- Cabe. | Tem- pleton. | White. | McWil liams. |
| Total | 14 655 | 15 140 | 199 | 11.000 | 14 570 | _9th Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. | R. | D. |
| Total Maj. over | | 10,140 | 199 | 13,520 | 14,570 | Benton | 993 | 977 | 563 | 1,208 | 1,015 |
| _ next | | 491 | | 832 | | Boone | 2,418 1,948 | 2,428 2,733 | 919 847 | 2,611 2,291 | 1,823 1,609 |
| Per cent | 48.83 | | | 49.95 | 48.78 | Clinton Fountain. | 1,833 | 2,087 | 991 | 2.040 | 1,019 |
| Total v. | | \$0,000 |) | 29,8 | 368 | Montgom' | y 2,806 | 8,068 | 669 | 8.019 | 8,019 |
| | | | | | | Tippecano | e 4,211 | -8,500 | 560 | 4,195 | 8,948 |
| | | | | | | Warren | 1,402 | 717 | 522 | 1,626 | 631 |
| | | | | | | Total | 15,608 | 15.510 | 4,571 | 16.990 | 15,580 |
| | | | | | | Maj. over | - | , | _, | - | , |
| | | | | | | next | 98 | 40.1- | 40.00 | 1,410 | 43.0- |
| | | | | | | Per cent | 43.73 | 43.45 | 12.87 | 47.37 | 43.37 |

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INDIANA.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | | | | | | res in Con | | . (00.0 | linued. | <u> </u> | |
|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|
| * | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. | I | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
| | Calkins | . Weir. S | kinner. | Calkins. | Haym'd | | | C le- | Stude- | Bon- | Hamil- |
| 10th Dist. | R. | D. | Gr. 344 | R. | D. | 12th Dist. | | rick. D. | baker. Gr. | ham. R. | ton. D. |
| Carroll Jasper | 1,829 1,060 | 2,012 551 | 498 | 2,066 1,201 | 860 | Adams | | 1.585 | 856 | 792 | 1,657 |
| Lake | 1.619 | 974 | 146 | 1,990 | | Allen | | 6,676 | 2,838 | 8,973 | 7,681 |
| Laporte | 1,619 3,218 929 | 8,101 | 2:34 | 8,489 | 3,600 | Blackford | | 893 | 741 | 595 | 823 |
| Newton | 929 | 424 | 465 | 1,079 | 830 | Huntington | | 2,405 | 1,261 752 | 2,420 1,829 | 2,495 1,817 |
| Porter Pulaski | 1,851 711 | 493 816 | 1,704 527 | 2,045 923 | 1,647 1,219 | Jay Wells | . | 1,974 1,829 | | 1,449 | 2,303 |
| St. Joseph | | 3,271 | 521 | 8,543 | 8,534 | Whitney | | 1,705 | 1,497 1,767 | 1,660 | |
| Starke | 321 | 584 | 220 | •••• | [111 | · m - 4 - 1 | | 17 007 | | 10 500 | |
| White | 1 900 | 1 000 | 598 | 1 010 | maj.] 1,594 | Total Maj. over 1 | next. | 7.355 | 9,712 | 12,111 | 19,142 6,365 |
| White | 1,333 | 1,222 | 000 | 1,616 | 1,094 | Per cent | | 63.73 | 36.26 | 38.86 | 58.72 |
| Total | 15,866 | 18,898 | 5,252 | | | Total vot | e | 26,7 | 79 | 82,5 | 9 1 |
| Maj. over | 1 000 | | | 1 140 | | N. BN | o Pon | nhlican | candid | late was | a nom- |
| next Per cent | 1,968 45.17 | 39.88 | 15.43 | 1,148 | | inated in 18 | 378 in | the 12th | Distri | ict. | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Total v. | 10.11 | 84,016 | | | · · · · | | | | | | |
| | Cow- | Dyke- | Moss. | Evans. | Arm- | 13th Dist. | Baker. R. | D. | Villiams. Gr. | Baker. R. | Kelley. D. |
| 11th Dist. | gill. R. | man. D. | Gr. | R. | strong. D. | De Ka'b | 1.887 | 2,168 | 507 | 2,399 | 2,597 |
| Cass | 2,664 | 2,639 | 1,093 | 3,049 | 8,576 | Elkhart | 3,309 | 2,619 | 582 | 3,693 | 3,388 |
| Fulton | 1.361 | 1.889 | 431 | 1,579 | 1,727 | Kosciusko Lagrange. | 2,994 1,628 | 2,406 854 | 167 493 | 8,259 2,087 | 2,689 1,201 |
| Hamilton. | 2,750 2,278 | 1,263 | 1,077 | 3,114 | 2,064 | Marshall | 1,526 | 2,000 | 1,106 | 2,236 | 2,791 |
| Howard Miami | 2,640 | 1,283 2,746 | 434 226 | 2,687 2,687 | 1,923 8,005 | Noble | 2,086 | 2,464 | 383 | 2,639 | 2,649 |
| Tipton | 884 | 1,600 | 427 | 1,415 | | Steuben | 1,754 | 1,012 | 224 | 2,168 | 958 |
| Wabash | 2,970 | 2,182 | 178 | 8,499 | 2,808 | Total | 15 184 | 13,523 | 3,462 | 18,481 | 16.273 |
| Total | 15 547 | 18 109 | 4,266 | 17 020 | 16,482 | Maj. over | 10,102 | 10,000 | 0,200 | 10,101 | 20,210 |
| Maj. over | 10,021 | 10,102 | 4,400 | 11,000 | 10,400 | _ next | 1,661 | | | 2.008 | 40 |
| _ next | 1,445 | | | 1,448 | | Per cent | 47.20 | | 10.76 | 52 89 84,9 | 46.57 |
| Per cent | 47.23 | 39.80 | 12.96 | 52.10 | 47.89 | Total v. | | 82,169 | | 0±,0 | 10 |
| Total v. | | 32,915 | | 84,4 | 112 | ! | | | | | |
| 8 | TAT | E OF | OI ' | WA | Repre | sentatives | in C | ongre | ss, 18 | 78. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | McCoid | . н | bbs. B | Bereman. | 1 | ι | Jpdegraff. | O'Do | nnell. S | pangler. |
| 1st District. Des Moine | 8 | R. 9 245 | 1 | D. 448 | G. | 3d District. | | R. 1.595 | | D. | G. |
| 1st District. Des Moine Henry | 8 | R. 9 245 | 1, | D. 448 717 | G. 640 1,086 | Allamakee. | | R. 1.595 | 1,6 | D. 612 806 | 316 1,090 |
| Jefferson | | R. 2,345 1,786 1,671 | 1, | D. 448 717 ' 645 | G. 640 1,086 840 | Allamakee. | | R. 1.595 | 1,6 8 1,7 | D. 612 806 700 | G. 316 1,090 669 |
| Jefferson Lee | | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 | 1, 2, | D. 448 717 645 369 | 640 1,086 840 1,054 | Allamakee. | | R. 1.595 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 | D. 612 806 700 808 | 316 1,090 669 208 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa | | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 | 1, 2, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware. Dubuque | | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 3,8 | D. 812 806 700 808 500 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 |
| Jefferson Lee | a | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 | 1, 2, 1, | D. 448 717 645 369 | 640 1,086 840 1,054 | Allamakee. | | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 8,8 | D. 612 806 700 808 | 91 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burei Washingto | n | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 | 1, 2, 1, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 | Allamakee, Buchanan, Clayton, Delaware, Dubuque, Fayette, Winneshiel | K | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 8,8 1,0 | D. 812 806 700 808 500 883 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burei Washingto | n | 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,845 1,552 1,836 | 1, 2, 1, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 | Allamakee, Buchanan, Clayton, Delaware, Dubuque, Fayette, Winneshiel | K | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 8,8 | D. 812 806 700 808 500 883 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burei Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of | n n | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 .4,760 e.48.57 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 | Allamakee Buchanan. Clayton Delaware . Dubuque . Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of | whole | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 9,48.84 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 3,8 1,0 10,8 | D. 812 806 700 808 500 883 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burer Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vot | f whole | R. 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 e.48.57 26,155 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 | 6. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 | Allamakee Buchanan Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total voi | whole | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 | 1,6 1,7 1,8 3,8 1,0 10,8 | D. 812 806 700 808 500 383 777 386 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burei Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of | f whole | R. 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 e.48.57 26,155 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 | 6. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 | Allamakee Buchanan. Clayton Delaware . Dubuque . Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of | whole e. | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 .) 17,422 | 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1, | D. 512 812 806 700 808 500 383 077 —————————————————————————————————— | 316 1,090 669 2991 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burer Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vot | f whole | R. 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 e.48.57 26,155 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 | 6. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 | Allamakee Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd | whole e. ick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 e.48.84 29,015 .) 17,422 Degring. | 1,4 1,7 1,3,4 1,6 10,8 87 | D. 612 806 700 808 500 8383 977 | 6. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burer Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vot | f whole | R. 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 e.48.57 26,155 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 | 6. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware. Dubnque. Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk | whole e ick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 1,872 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 .) 17,422 Deerling. R. 2,182 | 1,4 1,1 1,3,4 10,8 87 3. Grif | D. 612 806 700 808 808 883 977 886 .51 | 6. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 16,100 Weller. G. |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Burer Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vot | f whole | R. 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,845 1,836 1,836 12,705 4,760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 80 | D. 448 717 ' 645 369 478 287 001 —— 945 0.83 | 6. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette. Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer. | whole e. | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 2,182 1,225 | 1,4 1,7 1,8,8 1,0 10,8 87 3. Griff | D. 612 806 700 808 808 808 9077 | 6. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 16,100 Weller- G. 219 808 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi Total voi 1876Ston | f whole tee (R.) | R. 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 .4,760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. | 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot | D. 448 717 '645 369 369 478 2287 001 945 bbs (D.) | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette. Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer. | whole e. | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 2,182 1,225 | 1,, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 612 806 700 808 808 883 977 886 .51 | 6. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 16,100 Weller. G. |
| Jefferson LeeVan Buret Washingto Total Piurality Per cent. of Total void 1876Ston | f whole tee (R.) | 2,84.5 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 14,760 e.48.57 26,155 17,188. | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot | D. 448 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 0.88 0bs (D.) | 6.0 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total void 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer. Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw | whole e. ick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48,84 29,015 2,182 1,225 1,405 1,189 | 1,4 1,7 1,7 1,8 1,6 10,8 87 3. Griff | D. 612 606 700 8883 977 686 651 651 651 662 662 662 663 663 663 663 663 | 3.6 1,090 669 208 908 1,653 479 5,406 18.97 16,100 Weller. G. 219 808 228 169 748 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent, oi Total vol 1876 . Ston | f whole tee (R.) | R. 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 12,705 -4,760 -4,48.57 26,155 17,188. | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hob | D. 448 717 1645 645 3869 478 287 001 — 945 0.83 0bs (D.) | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw | whole e ick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015) 17,422 Deering. R. 2,182 1,225 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 | 1,4 1,7 1,7 1,7 10,8 87 3. Griff | D. 612 806 700 808 500 500 383 | G. 316 1,090 669 298 991 1,653 479 |
| Jefferson Lee Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi Total voi 1876Ston | f whole tee (R.) | R. 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 -4,760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hob | D. 448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 0.83 0.88 0.98 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.91 0.91 | 6.0 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw | whole e ick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015) 17,422 Deering. R. 2,182 1,225 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 512 806 700 808 8500 8500 8500 856 851 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 860 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18 97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 169 748 554 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876 . Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jackson Jones Muscatine | f whole te (R.) | 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 1,552 1,4,760 2,48,57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 1,624 2,188 1,694 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot Braze 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 4448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 0.83 0bs (D.) 713 434 826 363 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. G. 773 757 611 409 941 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876 Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Floyd Franklin Grundy Hancock | whole e.ck (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 1,837 2,48,84 29,015 2) 17,422 1,1225 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,145 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 612 806 700 808 500 500 383 | 3.6 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,400 18.97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 169 748 502 554 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent Total voi 1876Stone | f whole te (R.) | 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,836 1,552 1,4,760 2,48,57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 1,624 2,188 1,694 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot Braze 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 448 717 645 645 369 478 287 001 945 0.83 0.88 0.88 0.713 484 484 6826 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,054 499 562 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Geiger. G. 773 757 611 409 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876 Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Floyd Franklin Grundy Hancock | whole e.ck (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 1,837 2,48,84 29,015 2) 17,422 1,1225 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,145 | 1,4 1,7 1,8,8 1,6 10,8 87 3. Grif | D. 512 806 7700 808 8500 8500 8583 877 856 851 861 862 863 874 864 865 866 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,406 18 97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 169 748 554 147 97 440 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total of Total control Total of Total of Total of Jackson Jackson Jones Muscatine Scott | f whole te | 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,845 1,552 1,836 2,4760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 8,000 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 4448 717 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,034 499 5632 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Geiger. G. 773 757 611 409 941 469 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton. Delaware . Dubuque . Fayette . Winneshiel Total . Plurality . Per cent. of Total vol 1876 . Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer . Butler . Cerro Gord Chickasaw Franklin . Grundy . Hancock . Hardin . Howard . | whole e eick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 1,872 1,837 3,48,84 29,015 0) 17,422 0,015 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,132 1,145 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 512 806 808 808 809 808 800 808 800 800 800 800 | 3.6 1,090 6608 991 1,653 479 5,406 18 97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 169 748 502 554 47 97 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. of Total of Total control Total of Total of Total of Jackson Jackson Jones Muscatine Scott | f whole te | 2,845 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,845 1,552 1,836 2,4760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 8,000 | 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 4448 717 645 369 478 287 001 945 0.83 0bs (D.) 713 434 826 363 | G. 640 1,088 840 1,054 499 5632 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. 673 757 611 409 941 469 8,960 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette. Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer. Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Floyd Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard | whole eck (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 1,872 1,872 1,872 1,872 2,48.84 29,015 2,1723 1,1225 1,1495 1,189 1,611 1,191 1,101 1,1145 2,00 1,654 940 1,574 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 512 806 812 806 806 808 808 808 808 809 807 807 808 808 809 809 809 809 809 809 809 809 | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 ——————————————————————————————————— |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jones Muscatine Scott Total Plurality Per cent. oi | f whole te (R.) | R. 2,345 1,786 1.671 2,170 1,345 1,536 1,536 12,705 4,760 e,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,887 8,898 8,49,78 | 1, (2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, | D. 4448 717 | G. 640 1,086 840 1,034 499 5632 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Geiger. G. 773 757 611 409 941 469 | Allamakee Buchanan Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard Mitchell Winnesbago | whole e e e e c k (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 1,872 1,872 1,872 2,9,015 2,9,015 1,142 2,182 1,225 1,405 1,189 1,617 1,145 280 1,573 1,617 1,145 280 1,573 4,573 1,573 1,573 1,474 1,474 1,475 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 512 806 808 808 809 808 800 808 800 800 800 800 | G, 316 1,090 6699 208 991 1,653 5,400 18.97 16,100 Weller G, 2:19 808 808 228 219 748 140 1,012 557 97 410 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jones Muscatine Scott Total Plurality Per cent. oi | f whole te (R.) | R. 2,345 1,786 1.671 2,170 1,345 1,536 1,536 12,705 4,760 e,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,887 8,898 8,49,78 | 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot Branch 1 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 9, 35 | D. 4448 717 4448 717 5645 3669 478 287 001 945 0.88 0bbs (D.) 0.88 0054 434 363 363 119 509 6.47 | G. 640 1,086 8,940 1,054 499 5622 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. 773 757 611 409 941 409 941 44,04 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque. Fayette. Winneshiel Total Plurality. Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer. Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Floyd Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard | whole e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 1,872 12,723 1,837 2,48.84 29,015 1,17,422 1,225 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,573 456 662 | 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1 | D. 512 806 808 808 808 808 808 807 | G., 316 1,090 6699 208 991 1,653 479 ——————————————————————————————————— |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. ot 1876 Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jackson Jones Muscatine Scott | f whole te (R.) | R. 2,345 1,786 1.671 2,170 1,345 1,536 1,536 12,705 4,760 e,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,887 8,898 8,49,78 | 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot Branch 1 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 9, 35 | D. 4448 717 4448 717 5369 478 287 001 945 0.83 0.83 0.83 0.84 434 826 0.54 363 119 | G. 640 1,086 8,940 1,054 499 5622 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. 773 757 611 409 941 409 941 44,04 | Allamakee Buchanan Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard Mitchell Winnebago Worth Wright | whole e e. cick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 12,723 1,872 12,723 1,883 29,015) 17,422 29,015 1,17,422 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,145 280 1,617 3,526 4,536 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,637 1,63 | 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1, | D. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. | G. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,400 18.97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 228 2169 743 440 11,012 557 97 440 11,012 557 97 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jones Muscatine Scott Total Plurality Per cent. oi | f whole te (R.) | R. 2,345 1,786 1.671 2,170 1,345 1,536 1,536 12,705 4,760 e,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,698 2,698 1,624 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,887 8,898 8,49,78 | 2, 1, 1, 7, 30 Hot Branch 1 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 9, 35 | D. 4448 717 4448 717 5645 3669 478 287 001 945 0.88 0bbs (D.) 0.88 0054 434 363 363 119 509 6.47 | G. 640 1,086 8,940 1,054 499 5622 824 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. 773 757 611 409 941 409 941 44,04 | Allamakee Buchanan Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard Mitchell Winnebago Worth Wright | whole e e. cick (R | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,872 12,723 1,872 12,723 1,883 29,015) 17,422 29,015 1,17,422 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,145 280 1,617 3,526 4,536 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,405 2,636 1,637 1,63 | 1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1, | D. 512 806 812 806 808 808 808 808 808 808 808 808 808 | G. 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 5,400 18.97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 228 228 2169 743 440 11,012 557 97 440 11,012 557 97 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876 Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jackson Jones Muscatine Scott Total Total Total voi 1876 Price | f whole te. f whole te. f whole te. In | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,694 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,897 5,497 5,497 6,497 1,896 1,896 1,896 3,000 13,897 5,497 | 2, 2, 1, 1, 7, 300 Hotel Bran 1 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 4448 7.17 6448 7.17 6448 7.17 645 8369 478 8369 945 945 945 9.88 90bs (D.) 713 484 826 948 826 954 959 6.47 9hy (D.) | G. 640 1,088 840 1,054 499 562 834 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. Gray 773 757 611 409 941 469 3,960 14.77 | Allamakee. Buchanan. Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876 Burd 4th District. Blackhawk Bremer Butler Cerro Gord Chickasaw Floyd Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard Mitchel Winnebago Worth Wright Total Majority ov Per cent. of | whole e. o. o. | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,872 1,884 29,015 2,182 1,192 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,573 1,573 1,574 940 1,573 1,574 1,573 1,574 1,573 1,574 | 1,4 1,1 1,1,1 3,3,3 1,0 10,0 877 11,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 | D. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. | G. 316 1,090 6699 208 991 1,663 479 -5,400 18 97 16,100 Weller G. 219 808 229 808 2199 748 502 554 417 97 50 110 157 577 577 577 577 |
| Jefferson Lee Louisa Van Buret Washingto Total Plurality Per cent. oi 1876Ston 2d District. Cedar Clinton Jones Muscatine Scott Total Plurality Per cent. oi | f whole te. f whole te. f whole te. In | 2,345 1,786 1,671 2,170 1,345 1,552 1,552 1,836 12,705 4,760 2,48.57 26,155 17,188. Price. R. 1,981 2,694 2,138 1,896 3,000 13,897 5,497 5,497 6,497 1,896 1,896 1,896 3,000 13,897 5,497 | 2, 2, 1, 1, 7, 300 Hotel Bran 1 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, | D. 4448 7.17 6448 7.17 6448 7.17 645 8369 478 8369 945 945 945 9.88 90bs (D.) 713 484 826 948 826 954 959 6.47 9hy (D.) | G. 640 1,088 840 1,054 499 562 834 5,505 21.04 14,014 Gelger. Gray 773 757 611 409 941 469 3,960 14.77 | Allamakee Buchanan Clayton Delaware Dubuque Fayette Winneshiel Total Plurality Per cent. of Total vol 1876. Burd 4th District Blackhawk Bremer Buller Cerro Gord Chickasaw Franklin Grundy Hancock Hardin Howard Mitchell Winnebago Worth Wright Majority ov | whole e. o. o. | 1,595 1,528 2,507 1,644 1,757 1,820 1,872 12,723 1,872 1,884 29,015 2,182 1,192 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,182 1,183 1,617 1,101 1,573 1,573 1,574 940 1,573 1,574 1,573 1,574 1,573 1,574 | 1,4 1,1 1,1,1 3,3,3 1,0 10,0 877 11,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 1,1 | D. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. | 316 1,090 669 208 991 1,653 479 |

STATE OF IOWA.—Representatives in Congress, 1878. (Continued.)

| Ciark. | Brown. | Carter. | 1 | Sapp. | Kentley. | Hicks. |
|----------------------------|------------|----------------|--|------------|--------------|------------|
| 5th District. R. | D. | G. | 8th District. | R. | D. | G. |
| Benton 2,194 | 56 | 1,559 | Adams | 886 | 850 | 721 |
| Iowa 1,262 | . 9 | 1,684 | Audubon | | 436 | 2 |
| Johnson 1,921 | 514 | 1,851 | Cass | | 678 | 526 |
| Linn 8,056 | 40 | 2,899 | Fremont | | 908 | 686 |
| Marshall 2,120 | 12 | 1,530 | Harrison | | 882 | 584 |
| Poweshiek 1,898 | **** | 1,329 | Mills | 1,111 | 875 | 156 |
| Tama 1,754 | 66 | 1,159 | Montgomery | | 822 | 839 629 |
| (Total 14 005 | 699 | 10.011 | Page | | 416 | |
| Total14,205 | 099 | 12,011 | Pottawattamie | | 1,704 | 512 |
| Majority over all. 1,495 | 0.00 | 44.00 | Ringgold | 729 | 13 | 859 |
| Per cent, of whole, 52.77 | 2.69 | 44.62 | Shelby | 748 | 533 | 81 |
| Total vote26,915 | TT1 (D | | Taylor | 1,232 | 7 | 1,322 |
| 1876Clark (R.) 19,274. | Worley (D | .) 11,134 | Union | 902 | 329 | 943 |
| | | | (Pote) | 15 9/9 | 7 459 | F 700 |
| | Sampson. | Weaver. | Total | | 7,453 | 7,760 |
| 6th District. | R. | G. & D. | Majority over all. Per cent. of whole | | 24.89 | or 00 |
| Appanoose | | 1,766 | | | 2/1.59 | 25.39 |
| Davis | 947 | 1,577 | Total vote | | Dolton (D | 1 1 2 000 |
| Jasper | | 2,601 | 1876Sapp (R.) | • | Bolter (D. | |
| Keokuk | | 1,889 | ONE PROMOTE C | arpenter. | Hoggatt. | Brown. |
| Mahaska | 2,538 | 2,480 | 9th District. | 1.695 | G. 1.564 | D. |
| Marion | 1,918 | 2,570 | Boone Buena Vista | 834 | 285 | |
| Monroe | | 1,340 | | 528 | 254 | |
| Wapello | 2,245 | 2,143 | Calhoun | 714 | 204 865 | 23 |
| m.4-3 | 44.000 | | Cherokee | 528 | 546 | 1 17 |
| Total | | 16,366 | | 589 | 88 | 2 |
| Majority | | 2,058 | Clay Crawford | 995 | 159 | |
| Per cent. of whole | 46.64 | 53.35 | Dickinson | 215 | 109 | 608 |
| Total vote | 30,674 | | Franctt | 199 | 48 | • • • • |
| 1876Sampson (R.) | 18,778 | | Emmett | 1.116 | 907 | 5 |
| Hendershott (D.). | 14,719 | | Greene | | 681 | |
| | | | Hamilton | 775 372 | 817 | 88 |
| | | | Humboldt | 308 | 130 | •••• |
| 7th District. | Cummings. | Gillette. | Ida Kossuth | 505 | 89 8 | 8 |
| Adair | 1.000 | G. & D. 945 | Luca Luca | 241 | 27 | • • • • • |
| Clarke | | 1,100 | Lyon | 556 | 589 | 4 |
| Dallas | | 1,798 | Monona | 333 | | 1 |
| Decatur | 1 901 | 1,478 | O'Brien | 827 | 297 56 | . 3 |
| Guthrie | 1 999 | 1,116 | Osceola | 271 | 452 | 10 |
| Lucas | 1 027 | 1,118 | Palo Alto | | 445 | *:** |
| Madison | 1 849 | 1,914 | Plymouth | 736 354 | 239 | 170 |
| Polk | 2 66A | 8,469 | Pocahontas | 614 | 239 391 | |
| Warren | 1 761 | 1.969 | Sac | 466 | 79 | 64 |
| Wayne | 1 233 | 1,573 | Sioux | 1.395 | 1.142 | 174 |
| | 1,200 | 1,010 | Story Webster | 958 | 1,143 | • • • • |
| Total | 15 548 | 16,474 | Woodbury | 370 | 1,547 841 | 87 |
| Majority | ,010 | 958 | " ooubury | 010 | 0.51 | 57 |
| Per cent. of whole | 48 55 | 51.44 | Total1 | 6 490 | 12,338 | 1 900 |
| Total vote | | 01.74 | Majority over all. | | 16,000 | 1,202 |
| 1876Cummings (R.) 19,496 | Gilnin /D | 111 699 | Per cent of whole | | 41.08 | 4.00 |
| 20.0 oummings (10.) 10,430 | . Gupin (D | .,11,000 | Total vote | | 41.00 | 4.00 |
| | | i | 1876Oliver (R.) 1 | | Rees (D.) | 10 500 |
| | | | 1010(R.) 1 | 0,000 | ACCO (D.) | 10,003 |

The Legislature of 1878-79 stands: Rep., 109; Dem, 38; Gr., 3. Total, 150.

STATE OF KANSAS.—State Ticket.

| | GOVERNOR. 1878. | | | LIEU | LIEUTGov. 1877. | | | HIDENT. 1876. | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Counties-76. | St. John. Rep. | Good- in. Dem. | Mitch- ell. Gr. | Humph rey. Rep. | Watter- son. Dem. | Hadley Gr. | Hayes. Rep. | Tilden. Dem. | Cooper. Gr. | |
| Allen | 944 638 1,870 171 | 648 222 1,559 133 | 173 516 87 11 | | 235 1,189 56 | 211 | 1,040 760 1,863 78 | | 224 | |
| Barton Bourbon Brown Butler Chare | 1,067 1,667 1,127 1,506 473 | 801 800 492 653 246 | 77 944 410 459 240 | 678 1,821 | 224 447 57 179 | 1,005 148 147 | 604 1,966 1,255 1,563 | 289 817 593 712 536 | 690 23 0 | |

STATE OF KANSAS.-State Ticket. (Continued.)

| STATE OF RANSAS.—State Ticket. (Continued.) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|---|--|--|--|
| į | Gov | ERNOR. | 1878. | Lieu | rGov. | 1877. | Pres | IDENT. | 1876. | | | |
| COUNTIES-76. | St. | Good- | Mitch- | Humph- | Watter- | Hadlev. | Hayes. | Tilden. | Cooper. | | | |
| | John. Rep. | in. Dem. | ell. Gr. | Rep. | eon. Dem. | Gr. | Rep. | Dem. | Gr. | | | |
| (Ibautanana | | | 819 | | 6 | 648 | 1,046 | 214 | 40 | | | |
| Chautauqua Cherokee | 866 1,803 | 213 1,216 | 962 | 884 1,183 | 1,267 | 856 | 1,339 | 1,043 | 221 | | | |
| Clay Cloud | 1,180 | 279 | 147 | 1,088 | 24 | 135 | 1,184 | 268 | 1 | | | |
| Coffey | 1,164 800 | 427 898 | 167 424 | 1,067 675 | 6 331 | 8 81 | 1,184 945 | 489 550 | 69 | | | |
| Cowley | 1,545 | 631 | 718 | 1,432 | 728 | - 3 | 1,669 | 955 | 5 | | | |
| Crawford Davis | 1,190 477 | 1,012 402 | 589 148 | | 789 146 | 226 383 | 1,269 472 | 874 321 | 257 146 | | | |
| Dickinson | 1,464 | 564 | 141 | 1,226 | 403 | •••• | 1,842 | 469 | 50 | | | |
| Doniphan | 1,493 | 875 | 409 | | 857 | 45 | 1,644 | 1,024 934 | 1,015 494 | | | |
| Douglas Edwards | 1,907 413 | 1,075 99 | 805 33 | | 299 26 | 1,417 | 2,822 183 | 155 | | | | |
| Elk | 6 86 | 56 | 695 | 1,083 | 19 | 5 | 1,006 | 428 | 89 | | | |
| Ellis | 668 664 | 274 311 | | 815 539 | 216 12 | 12 | 210 418 | 142 181 | • | | | |
| Ford | 247 | 809 | 87 | 185 | 145 | | 132 | 180 | | | | |
| Franklio | 1,257 | 446 | 938 | 1,203 | 830 | 408 | 1,499 | 513 | 419 | | | |
| Greenwood | 836 251 | 815 77 | 447 87 | 757 | 438 | ••••• | 977 | 471 | 1 | | | |
| Harper | 907 | 295 | 260 | 833 | 299 | 10 | 1,006 | 851 | | | | |
| Jackson | 927 | 578 | .109 | 795 | 573 | · · · · · · · · | 885 1,395 | 592 864 | 213 | | | |
| Jefferson Jewell | 1,883 1,219 | 1,025 80 0 | 804 429 | | 1,167 | | 1,333 | 448 | 130 | | | |
| Johnson | 1,445 | 710 | 1,001 | 767 | 424 | 972 | 1,088 | 759 | 615 | | | |
| Kingman | 211 1,594 | 43 968 | 66 804 | 1,554 | 215 | 848 | 2,092 | 1,373 | 8 | | | |
| Labette Leavenworth | 2,111 | 2,48 5 | 258 | | 2,327 | 23 | 1,821 | 2,564 | 56 | | | |
| Lincoln | 699 | 251 | 99 | 408 | 165 | | 479 | 261 | 221 | | | |
| Linn Lyon | 1,303 1,333 | 264 3 88 | 1,198 801 | 1,110 1,494 | 79 818 | 80 191 | 1,647 1,579 | 545 430 | 67 | | | |
| Marion | 926 | 233 | 415 | 752 | 154 | 262 | 860 | 369 | 24 | | | |
| Marshall | 1,455 | 653 126 | 539 606 | 690 807 | 1,406 261 | 74 | 1,604 1,894 | 789 834 | 172 | | | |
| McPherson Miami | 931 1,373 | 126 897 | 666 | 1,126 | 512 | 482 | 1,578 | 833 | 334 | | | |
| Mitchell | 1,052 | 538 | 1 | 651 | | | 1,010 | 395 | 358 | | | |
| Montgomery | 1,287 6 90 | 1,054 276 | 999 236 | 1,529 926 | 1,251 22 | 145 | 1,824 707 | 1,177 870 | 24 | | | |
| Morris Nemaha | 964 | 710 | 61 | 906 | 712 | | 1,136 | 638 | 12 | | | |
| Neosho | 1,014 | 857 | 601 | 1,069 | 865 | 4 | 1,370 194 | 955 48 | 168 8 | | | |
| Norton Osage | 823 1,358 | 115 853 | 1,050 | 178 1,655 | 5 | 238 | 1,084 | 520 | 291 | | | |
| Osborne | 1,090 | 68 | 85 | 608 | | | 661 | 283 | 11 | | | |
| Ottawa | 655 647 | 189 196 | 415 133 | 549 563 | 82 | 2 | 837 309 | 246 119 | 11 | | | |
| Pawnee Phillips | 558 | 283 | 121 | 359 | | | 479 | 197 | | | | |
| Pottawatiomie. | 1,181 | 843 | 446 | 1,085 | 619 | 48 9 | 1,335 | 720 843 | 73 | | | |
| Reno Republic | 1,477 1,150 | 462 95 | 149 163 | 1,057 1,342 | 7 22 | | 1,117 1,390 | 408 | ii. | | | |
| Kice | 755 | 32 8 | 141 | 568 | 196 | | 595 | 114 | 41 | | | |
| Riley | 945 | 210 | 408 | 414 170 | 111 | 6 | 1,133 116 | 223 49 | 65 | | | |
| Rooks Rush | 297 564 | 74 143 | 78 37 | 170 | 31 | | 141 | 10 | | | | |
| Russell | 566 | 95 | 258 | 243 | 14 | 247 | 828 | 75 | 29 | | | |
| Saline Sedgwick | 1,429 1,572 | 651 1,137 | 171 854 | 1,297 1,456 | 269 738 | | 1,314 1,774 | 870 975 | 4 | | | |
| Shawnee | 2,340 | 853 | 455 | 1,549 | 480 | 126 | 2,549 | 1,044 | 29 | | | |
| Smith | 651 | 171 | 439 | 596 | 62 | 80 | 731 1,009 | 276 766 | 27 | | | |
| Sumner Wabaunsee | 1,048 640 | 735 424 | 677 93 | 1,027 | 678 16 | | 728 | 274 | | | | |
| Washington | 1,201 | 659 | 156 | 1,011 | 496 | | 1,194 | 497 | 39 | | | |
| Wilson | 1,145 | 442 820 | 683 119 | 1,116 783 | 619 90 | 5 15 | 1,492 673 | 765 306 | 40 | | | |
| Woodson Wyandotte | 644 1,086 | 1,178 | 481 | 1,115 | 978 | 195 | 1,260 | 993 | 243 | | | |
| | | | | | 21,740 | 9,590 | 78,322 | 37.002 | 7,770 | | | |
| Total | 74,020 53 52 | 37,208 26.90 | 27,057 19.57 | 62,570 63.88 | 25.26 | 9.79 | 63.16 | 80.68 | 6.21 | | | |
| Maj. over next. | 36,812 | .55.20 | | 37.830 | | | 40,120 82,517 | | | | | |
| Maj. over all Total vote | 9,741 | 138,285 | | 27,261 | 97,939 | District | (-,011 | 123,991 | | | | |

KANSAS.—Representatives in Congress.

| 1878. 1876. | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | nderson. | McClure | Gale. | Phillips. | Fenlon. | | | | | | |
| 1st Dist. | F. | D. | G. | R. | D. | | | | | | |
| Atchison. | 1,927 | 1,537 | 9 | 1,789 | 1,557 | | | | | | |
| Brown | 1,139 | 489 | 398 | 1,233 | 781 | | | | | | |
| Cloud | 1,141 | 281 | 171 | 1.058 | 500 | | | | | | |
| Clay | 1,168 | 441 | 151 | 1.068 | 286 | | | | | | |
| Davis | 452 | 494 | 86 | 600 | 847 | | | | | | |
| Dickinson | | 554 | 129 | 1,352 | 504 | | | | | | |
| Doniphan | 1,529 | 861 | 885 | 1,722 | 1,048 | | | | | | |
| Ellis | 655 | 295 | 18 | 206 | 149 | | | | | | |
| Elisworth | 725 | 249 | 4 | 389 | 208 | | | | | | |
| Jewell | 984 | 587 | 79 | 1,373 | 453 | | | | | | |
| Jackson | 1,409 | | 200 | 861 | 596 | | | | | | |
| Jefferson. | 1,169 | 807 | 441 | 1,514 | 927 | | | | | | |
| Leaven- | 1,100 | 901 | 441 | 1,014 | 021 | | | | | | |
| worth | 2,298 | 2,327 | 228 | 2,556 | 2,788 | | | | | | |
| Lincoln | 709 | 257 | 85 | 467 | 239 | | | | | | |
| Marshall | 1,533 | 574 | 537 | 1,720 | 634 | | | | | | |
| Mitchell | | 550 | | 999 | 399 | | | | | | |
| | 1,049 | 676 | 51 | | 656 | | | | | | |
| Nemaha | 1,007 | | | 1,110 | | | | | | | |
| Norton | 827 | 114 | • • • • | 195 | 46 | | | | | | |
| Osborne | 1,113 | 54 | *::: | 687 | 186 | | | | | | |
| Ottawa | 658 | 195 | 446 | 803 | 275 | | | | | | |
| Phillips | 564 | 275 | 117 | 455 | 204 | | | | | | |
| Pottawato | | | | 4 | | | | | | | |
| _ mie | 1,172 | 831 | 457 | 1,386 | 721 | | | | | | |
| Republic. | 1,104 | 95 | 210 | 1,393 | 422 | | | | | | |
| Riley | 878 | 246 | 416 | 940 | 839 | | | | | | |
| Rooks | 297 | 90 | 72 | 99 | 67 | | | | | | |
| Russell | 584 | 90 | 246 | 254 | 98 | | | | | | |
| Saline | 1,498 | 586 | 170 | 1,349 | 410 | | | | | | |
| Smith | 653 | 155 | 454 | 684 | 304 | | | | | | |
| Washing- | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ton | 1,242 | 616 | 156 | 1,188 | 548 | | | | | | |
| _Total | 30,457 | 14,919 | 5,716 | 29,352 | 15,642 | | | | | | |
| Maj. over | | | | | | | | | | | |
| _next | 15,538 | | | 13,415 | | | | | | | |
| Per cent | 57.61 | 29.20 | 11.20 | | | | | | | | |
| Total v. | | 51,092 | | 44, | 994 | | | | | | |
| In 1876, | | | | | votes, | | | | | | |
| and J. Wei | isbach | (Grcen | back), | 35. | • | | | | | | |

| | | • | | | |
|-----------|----------|--------|-------|----------|--------|
| | Haskell. | Blair. | | Haskell. | |
| 9d Diet. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. |
| Allen | | | 173 | | |
| Anderson. | 612 | 248 | 504 | | 518 |
| Bourbon | 1,512 | 1,226 | 676 | 1,884 | 1,581 |
| Cherokee. | 1,255 | 1,546 | 668 | 1,297 | 1,279 |
| Crawford. | | | 483 | 1.220 | |
| Douglas | | 1,269 | 571 | 2,176 | 1.518 |
| Franklin. | 1.090 | 439 | 1,103 | 1,465 | 962 |
| Johnson | 1,511 | 892 | 794 | 1,601 | 1,462 |
| Labette | 1,632 | | 811 | 2,025 | 1,453 |
| Linn | 1,318 | 504 | 958 | 1,614 | 799 |
| Montgo- | 1,010 | 001 | ••• | 2,012 | |
| | 4 040 | 1 000 | 274 | 1,806 | 1,533 |
| mery | | 1,003 | 574 | | |
| Miami | | 1,087 | 991 | 1,534 | 1,188 |
| Neosho | 1,072 | 826 | 572 | 1,255 | 1,238 |
| Wilson | 1,142 | 501 | 624 | 1,427 | 854 |
| Wyan- | | | | | |
| dotte | 1,131 | 1,168 | 460 | 1,187 | 1,295 |
| | | | | | |
| Total | 19,029 | 18,327 | 9,962 | 22,088 | 17,518 |
| Maj. over | | - | | | |
| next | 5,702 | | | 4,508 | |
| Per cent | 44.94 | 81.49 | 21.17 | | |
| Total . | | 42.318 | | 89 | 606 |
| | | | | | , |

| | | 1878. | | 18 | 76. |
|-----------|--------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|
| | Ryan. | Fugate. | Doster. | Ryan. C | rawford |
| _8d Dist. | R. | D. | G,_ | R | D. |
| Barbour | 173 | 127 | | 75 | |
| Barton | 1,082 | 777 | | 582 | |
| Butler | 1,488 | 108 | | 1,562 | |
| Chatauqua | 489 | 230 | | 1,050 | |
| Chase | 882 | 165 | 855 | 598 | 246 |
| Coffey | 823 | 854 | 418 | 948 | 616 |
| Cowley | 1,549 | 545 | 797 | 1,655 | 970 |
| Edwards. | 298 | 46 | 202 | 184 | 147 |
| Elk | 696 | | 736 | 944 | |
| Ford | 260 | 287 | | 181 | 174 |
| Greenwood | | 286 | 433 | 960 | |
| Harvey | 229 | 72 | 42 | 1,002 | |
| Kingman. | 920 | 254 | 203 | 1,002 | |
| Lyon | 218 | 37 | 65 | 1.477 | 565 |
| Marion | 1,395 | 848 | | 857 | |
| Marion | 1,090 | | | | |
| McPherson | | 57 | 664 | 1,385 | 848 |
| Morris | | 179 | 595 | 897 | 190 |
| Osage | 722 | 229 | 254 | 1,974 | 803 |
| Pawnee | 1,378 | 292 | 1,076 | 369 | 46 |
| Reno | 613 | 171 | 162 | 1,005 | 856 |
| Rush | 1.404 | 166 | 403 | 185 | |
| Rice | 734 | 814 | 178 | 597 | . 184 |
| Sedgwick. | 576 | 126 | 42 | 1,783 | 985 |
| Shawnee | 1.643 | 871 | 391 | 2,594 | 1,000 |
| Sumner | 2,447 | 788 | 413 | 1,011 | 790 |
| Wabaun- | , | | | ., | |
| sec | 1,080 | 690 | 692 | 725 | 284 |
| *** | - | | 40= | | |
| Woodson. | 678 | 298 | 107 | 665 | 811 |
| Total | 25,228 | 8.109 | 11,055 | 25,171 | 11,634 |
| Maj. over | , | -, | ,,,,, | , | , |
| | 14,173 | | | 13,475 | |
| Per cent | 56.82 | 18.26 | 24.93 | 20,210 | |
| Total v. | 30.04 | 44.392 | 42.03 | 26 | 805 |
| Iviai 1. | | 77,000 | | 3 0, | |

In 1876, there were 628 scattering votes. In 1878, Hallowell (Republican) received 73,978 votes as member of Congress at large, and Crawford (Ind. Rep. and Greenback), 60,168 votes to the same office, contingent upon the claim of Kansas to a fourth Representative in Congress being allowed.

Note.—No returns were received from the Counties of Comanche, Ness, Wallace, and Pratt, which added to the 72 counties above given make 76 counties in the State. The Legislature of 1879-80 stands: Re-

The Legislature of 1879-80 stands: Republicans, 124; Democrats, 27; National or Greenback party, 18. Total, 169.

KENTUCKY.—Representatives in Congress.

| | 1878. | | 187 | 'R | 1 | 1878. | | 104 | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 COUNTIES T | | . Pambu | | | 4. COUNTIES. Kno | | | 187 | |
| 1. COUNTIES. Turne I. D | | | R. | D. | 1 : | D. F | den. Lewi R. I. D | . D. | R. |
| Ballard 1,106 | 397 | 266 | | 225 731 | Breckin'ge. 1,20 | 578 | | | 629 |
| Caldwell 127 Calloway 926 | 544 551 | 857 136 | 1,088 813 | | Bullitt 89 Green 55 | | | 962 | |
| Crittenden. 218 | 447 | 522 | | 912 | Grayson 618 | | | 1,059 944 | 725 |
| Fulton 161 | 167 | 6 | 725 | 120 | Hardin £5 | | 70 | 2,057 | 653 |
| Graves 1,837 | 918 | 869 | 2,096 | 811 | Hart 969 | 418 | | 1,564 | 978 |
| Hickman 190 | 528 | 88 | 991 | 836 | Larue 54' | | 10 | 951 | 885 |
| Livingston. 320 Lyon 38 | 268 400 | 28 328 | 710 727 | 192 466 | Marion 977 Meade 542 | | 74 | 1,582 | 809 |
| Lyon 38 Marshall 779 | 838 | 193 | 451 | 150 | Meade 549 Nelson 1,089 | 510 | | 1.183 1,835 | 121 793 |
| McCracken 610 | 797 | 737 | 1,141 | 845 | Spencer 414 | 193 | | 891 | 154 |
| Trigg 1,066 | 261 | 530 | 585 | 909 | Washingt'n 709 | 445 | | 1,870 | 992 |
| Total 6,878 | 5,611 | 8,553 | 10,994 | 9,374 | Total 8,969 | 4,616 | 204 | 15,785 | 6,982 |
| Turner's | | | | | Majority 4,358 Per cent 64.44 | 83.16 | 1.46 | 8,758 | |
| plurality 1,267 | 94 07 | 60 1 | 8,454 | | Scattering votes, | | 1.40 | | |
| Per cent 42.86 Total vote, 16,044. | 84.97 | 22.1 | 20,368 | | Total vote, 13,9 | 17. | | 22,717 | |
| | | Engl?h | • | Maare. | 6. COUNTIES. | Carlisle | . Hermes | . Carlisle | . Lan- |
| McKenzie D. | R. | . Z. S. | D. | R. | _ | D, | I. D. | D. | drum. R. |
| Christian 1,167 | 1,011 | 171 223 | | 2 758 932 | Boone | . 557 | 81 | 1,660 | 892 |
| Daviess 1,179 Haucock 837 | 270 83 | 295 | 8,041 798 | 167 | Campnen | . 043 | 635 52 | 2,847 | 2,309 247 |
| Henderson. 780 | 156 | 847 | 2,573 | 1,385 | Carroll | . 171 | 0.6 | 1,243 661 | 240 |
| Hopkins 992 | 455 | 260 | 1,877 | 922 | Grant | . 400 | 21 | 1,234 | 706 |
| McLean 498 | 184 | 138 | 906 | 303 | Harrison | . 1,256 | 70 | 1,891 | 973 |
| Muhlenb'rg 619 Ohio 854 | 893 889 | 249 238 | 1,167 | 883 1,022 | Kenton | . 1.512 | 949 | | 2,308 |
| Ohio 854 Union 1,269 | 68 | 18 | 1,606 2,169 | 526 | Pendleton Trimble | . 460 . 820 | 119 | 1,651 1,042 | 871 87 |
| Webster 633 | 180 | 112 | 1,281 | 581 | | | | | |
| Total 8,328 | 3,189 | 9.051 | 17,557 | 0.974 | Total | . 5,901 | 1,877 | 16,404 | 8,183 |
| McKenzie's | 0,100 | 2,001 | 11,001 | 8,014 | Per cent | . 4.024 . 75.86 | 24.18 | 8,271 | |
| plurality. 5,129 | | | 8,131 | | Per cent Total vote, 7,80 | 5. | 22.20 | 24,557 | |
| Per cent 61.22 | 28.44 | 15.07 | 0,202 | | 7. COUNTIES. Black | burn. Dr | ane, Black | kb'n. Sha | cklefd. |
| Scattering votes, S | | | | | | D. | G. 307 | D. | R. |
| Total vote, 18,608. | | | 26,931 | | Bourbon | . 618 | 285 | 1,738 1,262 | 1,565 909 |
| a. COUNTIES. Caldwe | ll. Hunter | r. Wrigh | t. Cald- | Matt. | Kranklin | 795 | 220 | 2,964 | |
| | | _ | well. D. | ley. | Fayette | . 1,432 | 1,409 | 1.953 | 1,031 |
| Allen 524 | R. 423 | G. 268 | 1.005 | 630 | Henry | . 803 | 727 | 1,837 | 718 |
| Barren 1,555 | 984 | 115 | 2,156 | 1,800 | Jessamine Owen | 1,108 | 26 | 1,144 2,644 | 1,079 470 |
| Butler 855 | 510 | 850 | 390 | 510 | Scott | . 768 | 13 | 1,839 | 1,215 |
| Cumberl'd. 853 | 693 | 59 | 839 | 461 | Shelby | . 1.079 | 209 | 2,095 | 1,165 |
| Clinton 250 Edmonson. 276 | 416 412 | 118 102 | 591 472 | 592 409 | Woodford | 727 | 48 | 1,818 | 1,075 |
| Logan 1,811 | 1,285 | 112 | 2,149 | | Total | 8,682 | 9 549 | 18,884 1 | 1 448 |
| Metcalfe 466 | 480 | 74 | 702 | 660 | Majority | 5.084 | 0,020 | 7,586 | 1,110 |
| Monroe 843 | 503 | 190 | 581 | 646 | Per cent | . 71.44 | 29.21 | ., | |
| Simpson 652 Todd 878 | 490 9∷4 | 247 145 | 1.2:4 1,136 | 611 | Scattering votes | , 202. | | | |
| Warren 1,896 | 1,402 | 559 | 2,350 | | Total vote, 12,8 | | | 80,832 | D., J |
| | 8,502 | 0 990 | 13,295 1 | | o. COUNTIES. | hompson | | ham. | ley. R. |
| Total 9,854 | 0,000 | 2,000 | 10,230 1 | 0,550 | Adair | . 939 | 883 | | 1,661 |
| Caldwell's plurality. 854 | • | | 8,183 | - 1 | Anderson | . 769 | 455 | 1,148 | 524 |
| Per cent 46.12 | 41.90 | 11.58 | 0,100 | | Boyle | . 1,079 | 1,210 | 1,449 | 1,174 |
| Total vote, 20,195. | | | 23,875 | - 1 | CaseyGarrard | . 722 968 | 648 1,327 | 872 1,092 | 783 1,163 |
| 6. COUNTIES. Willis. | Kearny. | Scott. | Willis. E | vans. | Lincoln | . 1,262 | 1,078 | 1 505 | 1,096 |
| Jefferson 8,403 | 7,30 3 | R. | D. | 5,222 | Madison | . 1,849 1 AAA | 1,481 847 | | 1,987 1,144 |
| Oldham 712 | 189 | 344 | 915 | 845 | Mercer Pulaski | 1,811 | 1,587 | 1,607 | 2,019 |
| | | | | | Russell | . 588 | 454 | 648 | 534 |
| Willis's plu- | 7,492 | - | 15,046 | 0,007 | Taylor Wayne | . 713 . 788 | 296 560 | 991 1,061 | ·473 694 |
| rality 1.623 Per cent 40.50 | | | 9,479 | | • | | | <u> </u> | |
| Per cent 40.50 | 30 60 | 24.49 | | ag in | Total | 12,588 | 10,766 | 15,484 1 2,830 | 2,654 |
| Duncan, Greenb 1878. | aca, it | cer ea | | .c5 III | Majority Per cent | 53.80 | 46.10 | æ,000 | |
| Total vote, 22,499 | 3. | | 23,603 | | Per cent Total vote, 23,3 | 5. by G | 000 | 28,138 | |
| | | | | | | | 0 | | |

KENTUCKY.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| 9. COUNTIES. Turner. Dill. Carter. Turner. Boyd. Bell 170 189 10 04 543 Breathitt. 645 191 3 643 273 Clay 551 418 18 790 951 Elliott. 550 65 4 734 141 Estill 606 312 890 681 Estill 606 312 890 681 Floyd 891 417 961 295 Harlan 145 454 13 126 670 Jackson 223 483 26 527 1,069 Laurel 449 474 16 464 777 Lee 833 277 839 383 Leslie 68 212 2 | | | 1878. | | 187 | 73. | | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
|---|--------------|--------|-------|------|--------|-------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Bell 170 189 10 04 543 Breathitt 645 191 3 632 873 Clay 551 418 18 790 951 Elliott 550 65 4 734 141 Estill 606 812 890 681 Floyd 821 417 961 295 Harlan 145 454 13 126 670 Jackson 223 895 5 260 622 Knox 522 408 26 527 1,069 Laurel 449 474 16 454 777 Lee 383 277 339 382 Leslie 68 212 2 Letcher 382 341 21 389 427 Magoffin 420 352 1 455 444 Menifee 345 66 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,273 785 Morgan 852 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Perry 255 487 1 288 663 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 388 257 Rockcastle 899 342 107 825 750 Whitley 380 844 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality. 2,392 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | 9. COUNTIES. | | | | | . Boyd. | 10. COUNTIES. | Phister | . Bennet | t. Kilgo | ur. Clark | e. Den- |
| Clay 551 418 18 790 951 Boyd 403 159 323 1,059 890 EBillott 550 65 4 734 141 Beacken 435 83 10 1,529 504 Estill 606 312 890 681 Floyd 821 417 961 295 Fleming 761 295 Fleming 761 485 83 10 1,529 504 Carter 277 129 877 761 696 Floyd 821 417 961 295 Fleming 769 316 3 1,533 1,036 964 Jackson 252 488 28 557 1,669 Laurel 449 474 16 454 777 Lee 333 327 339 382 Lesile 68 212 2 839 882 Lesile 68 212 2 839 882 Lesile 68 212 2 Letcher 382 341 21 369 427 Magoffin 430 352 1 485 444 Menifee 345 66 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,733 785 Morgan 852 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Perry 255 487 1 288 663 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Rockcastle 89 342 107 823 750 Whitley 390 314 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality 2,392 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Bell | 170 | 189 | 10 | 04 | 543 | | | | | | R. |
| Ellíott. 550 65 4 734 141 Estill 606 312 890 681 Floyd. 821 417 . 961 295 Harlan 145 454 13 126 670 Jackson 233 895 5 250 622 Knox 522 468 26 527 1,069 Laurel 449 474 16 464 777 Lee 833 277 839 382 Leslle 62 212 2 - 648 62 62 62 12 Letcher 322 341 21 369 427 Magoffin 480 352 1 485 444 Menifee 345 66 . 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,273 785 Morgan 852 279 8 1,028 634 Morgan 852 279 8 1,028 636 Perry 255 437 1 288 663 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 388 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 380 344 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality 2,392 Per cent 55 45 43.15 1,39 25,613 | Breathitt | | | | | | Bain | | | | 1,120 | |
| Estill 606 312 890 681 Floyd. 821 417 961 295 Harlan. 145 454 13 126 670 Jackson. 223 895 5 250 622 Knox. 522 468 26 527 1,069 Laurel. 449 474 16 454 777 Lee 333 277 339 382 Lealle. 68 212 2 —— Letcher. 382 341 21 389 427 Magoffin. 430 352 1 485 444 Menifee 345 68 . 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,273 785 Morgan. 852 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Perry. 255 487 1 288 663 Pike. 588 898 4 966 450 Powell. 246 187 1 338 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley. 380 344 26 447 1,135 Wolfe. 516 225 2 520 282 Total. 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality, 2,392 Per cent. 55 45 43,15 1,39 25,613 | Clay | | | | | | Boya | | | | 1,059 | |
| Floyd | Elliott | | | 4 | | | Bracken | | | | | |
| Harlan. 145 454 13 126 670 Jackson. 233 895 5 250 622 Knox. 522 408 26 527 1,069 Laurel. 449 474 16 454 777 Lee. 333 2777 339 382 Leslie. 68 212 2 — — Letcher. 382 341 21 369 427 Magoffin. 430 352 1 485 444 Menifee. 345 66 . 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,273 785 Morgan. 852 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Pike. 588 984 966 450 Pike. 588 984 4 966 450 Pike. 588 984 4 966 450 Pike. 589 342 107 823 750 Whitley. 390 844 26 447 1,135 Wolfe. 516 225 2 520 282 Total. 10,784 8,392 272 13,108 12,710 Turner's plurality. 2,392 Per cent. 55, 45 43,15 1,39 25,613 | Estill | | | • • | | | Carter | | | | | |
| Jackson 283 893 5 280 692 Johnson 861 160 155 557 706 Knox 522 468 26 527 1,069 Lawrence 456 250 35 1,050 559 706 Lawrence 456 250 35 1,050 559 708 Lawrence 456 250 35 1,050 559 50 592 Lawrence 456 250 35 1,050 559 708 Lawrence 456 250 35 1,050 559 708 160 160 15 557 708 11,14 1,154 1,114 | Floyd | | | | | | Fleming | | | | | |
| Knox. 522 488 98 527 1,069 Laurel. 449 474 16 484 777 Lee. 333 277 339 382 Leslie. 68 212 2 — — Letcher. 832 341 21 389 427 Magoffin. 430 332 1 485 444 Menifee. 345 66 428 112 Montgom'y 952 681 3 1,273 785 Morgan. 832 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Pike. 588 898 4 966 450 Pike. 588 898 4 966 450 Pike. 588 898 4 966 450 Pike. 588 898 4 966 450 Pike. 390 814 26 447 1,135 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley. 390 814 26 447 1,135 Wolfe. 516 225 2 520 282 Total. 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality. 2,392 Per cent. 55,45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Harlan | | | | | | Greenup | | | | | |
| Laurel. 449 474 16 454 777 Lee . 333 277 . 339 382 Leslie. 68 212 2 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,148 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Masom 1,448 375 . 2,324 1,488 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nowan 149 134 35 251 296 Total . 7,293 2,645 1,244 14,409 10,561 Phister's Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nowan 149 134 35 251 296 Total . 7,293 2,645 1,244 14,409 10,561 Phister's Philater's Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Nicholas . 860 96 2 1,310 749 Nowan 149 134 35 251 296 Phister's Philater's Philater's Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Whitley . 390 314 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total . 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality . 2,392 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Jackson | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lee 833 277 | Knox | | | | | 1,069 | Lawrence | | | | | |
| Leslie 68 212 2 — — Mason | Laurel | | | 16 | | | Lewis | | | | 1,154 | |
| Leslie | Lee | | | | 839 | 382 | Martin | | | 8 | | |
| Letcher | Leslie | | | 2 | - | | Mason | | | | | |
| Menifec 345 66 | Letcher | | | | | 427 | | | | | | |
| Montgom'y 952 681 8 1,279 785 Morgan 852 279 8 1,024 340 Owsley 196 368 6 194 563 Perry 255 487 1 288 663 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 388 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 890 314 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality 2,392 Per cent 55,45 43,15 1,39 25,613 | Magoffin | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Morgan 832 279 8 1,024 840 Owsley 196 368 6 194 553 Perry 225 487 1 288 663 Pike 568 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 890 814 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality 2,392 Per cent. 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,813 | Menifee | 345 | | •• | | 112 | Rowan | 149 | 134 | 35 | 251 | 296 |
| Morgan 852 279 8 1,024 340 Oweley 106 363 6 194 563 Perry 255 437 1 288 663 Pike 658 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 390 314 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality 2,392 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,813 | Montgom'y | 952 | 681 | | | 785 | _ | | | | | |
| Oweley 196 | Morgan | | 279 | 8 | 1,024 | 34 0 | Total | 7,293 | 2,645 | 1,244 | 14,409 | 10,561 |
| Perry 255 487 1 288 663 plurality .4,648 3,818 Pike 588 898 4 966 450 Powell 246 187 1 338 257 Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 380 314 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality .2,392 Per cent 55,45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Owsley | | | 6 | 194 | | | - | - | • | | • |
| Pike | Perry | 255 | 437 | 1 | 288 | 663 | plurality. | 1,648 | | | 3,818 | |
| Powell | Pike | 588 | 898 | 4 | 966 | 450 | | | 28.65 | 11.12 | | |
| Rockcastle 589 342 107 825 750 Whitley 390 344 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality. 2,392 Per cent 55,45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Powell | 246 | 187 | 1 | 338 | 257 | Scattering vo | tes, 19. | | | | |
| Whitley 380 814 26 447 1,135 Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 | Rockcastle | 589 | 842 | 107 | | 750 | Total vote, | 11,202, | | | 24,970 | |
| Wolfe 516 225 2 520 282 Total 10,784 8,392 272 13,103 12,710 Turner's plurality. 2,392 833 Per cent 55,45 43,15 1,39 25,613 | Whitley | 890 | 814 | 26 | 447 | 1.135 | • | • | | | - | |
| Turner's plurality. 2,392 833 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,613 | Wolfe | 516 | 225 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| plurality. 2,392 833 Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25,813 | | ,784 | 8,392 | 272 | 13,103 | 12,710 | | | | | | |
| Per cent 55.45 43.15 1.39 25.813 | | .392 | | | 893 | | | | | | | |
| 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Per cent 5 | 5.45 4 | | 1.39 | | 313 | | | | | | |

LOUISIANA.

| | Rep. in | Congre | ss—1878. | | Presiden | t—1876. | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 1st District. | Gibso | n. Ca | stellanos. | Democrat | ic Count. | Returning | Board Count |
| 240 2134104 | D. | Gr | and R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. |
| Plaquemines St. Bernard Orleans, part of City | 9: 22 11,2 | 37 | 905 476 5,732 | 712 336 14,093 | 1,754 691 9,671 | 712 336 13,443 | 1,754 691 9,421 |
| TotalScattering, 3 Majority Per cent | 12,41 5,30 63.57 | 3 | 7,118 33.41 | 15,141 3,025 | 12,116 | 14,491 2,625 | 11,866 |
| Total vote | | 19,53 | | 27 | ,257 | 26, | 357 |
| 2d District. | Ellis. Dem. | Cullom. R.&Gr. | | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. |
| Orleans, part of City Jefferson St. Charles St. John the Baptist St. James | 8,630 467 258 454 454 | 8,553 1,049 288 1,036 150 | | 10,830 785 263 743 980 | 5,467 1,761 1,141 1,283 1,989 | 10,629 782 229 743 979 | 5,279 1,761 1,229 1 288 1,989 |
| Total | 10.263 4,187 | | | 13.651 2,005 | 11,646 | 13.362 1,816 | 11,546 |
| Per cent | 91.08 | 34.09 17,821 | 8.21 | 25,9 | 297 | 2 | 1 4,908 |

LOUISIANA. (Continued.)

| | Rep. in | Congress | | T | Presid | ent—1876. | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---|---------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 41 5 1 | Acklen. | Hebert. | Merch't | Democr | atic Count. | Returning | Board Count. | | |
| 8d District. | D. | R. | Ind. D. | 1 | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | | |
| Iberville | 421 | 1,174 | 18 | | 2,297 | 954 | 2,257 | | |
| Ascension | 1,050 | 888 | | 1,197 | 2,071 | 1,197 | 2,071 | | |
| Assumption | 996 1,283 | 1.025 1,165 | •••• | 0,00% | 1,697 | 1,686 1,688 | 1,691 | | |
| Lafourche | 903 | 1,578 | • | 1,387 | 2,018 1,969 | 1,389 | 1,867 1,969 | | |
| St. Mary | 413 | 798 | 1,012 | 1,484 | 2,405 | 1,459 | 2,405 | | |
| Iberia | 887 | 8 | 1,417 | 1,427 | 1,452 | 925 | 1,441 | | |
| St. Martin | 923 | 1,037 | 1 8 | 1,023 | 1,097 | 1,028 | 1.099 | | |
| Lafayette | 992 | | 684 | | 661 | 633 | 654 | | |
| Vermillion | 802 | •••• | 245 | | 277 | 909 | 277 | | |
| Cameron | 285 1,841 | •••• | 47 41 | 246 1,208 | 52 84 | 246 1,252 | 52 84 | | |
| | | | | i | · | · | | | |
| Total | 10,296 8,133 | 7,163 | 8,666 | 14,766 | 15,975 1,209 | 12,364 | 15,767 3,403 | | |
| Per cent | 48.27 | 83.91 | 17.81 | | 7,200 | 1 | 0,100 | | |
| Total vote | • • • • • • • | 21,125 | | 80, | 741 | 28 | ,131 | | |
| 4th District. | Elam. D. | V | Tells. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | | |
| Rapides | 1,86 | | 1,042 | 1,619 | 1,751 | 1,619 | 1,756 | | |
| Vernon | 650 |) | 2 | 647 | l | 469 | 178 | | |
| Sabine | 909 | | 2 | 906 | 23 | 906 | 23 | | |
| Natchitoches | 2,819 | 9 | •::: | 1,761 | 2,099 | 1,418 | 2,092 | | |
| Grant | 48 | | 885 | 518 | 803 | Rejec | | | |
| Winn | 606 | | • • • • | 540 | 76 | 550 | 76 | | |
| Red River | 677 1,040 | | • • • • • | 413 1,304 | 832 898 | 412 513 | 833 717 | | |
| De Soto | 1,81 | | 279 | 1,654 | 2,687 | 1,656 | 2,687 | | |
| Bossier | 1,40 | íl | 45 | 883 | 1,703 | 603 | 1,626 | | |
| Webster | 1,12 | 3 | 1 | 886 | 864 | 451 | 670 | | |
| Bienville | 1,027 | 7 | | 953 | 227 | 956 | 227 | | |
| Total Scattering, 3 | 14,42 | 3 3 | 1,756 | 12,094 | 11,465 | 9,653 | 10,984 | | |
| Majority | 12,664 | | | 619 | | | 1,331 | | |
| Per cent | 89 13 | | .85 | 20 | - 10 | | - 0.00 | | |
| Total vote | ••••• | 16,182 | | 23 | ,549 | 20, | 37 | | |
| 5th District. | King. D | Luc | leling. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | | |
| Concordia | 1,037 | | 955 | 807 | 2,523 | 809 | 2,523 | | |
| Caldwell | 772 | | 84 | 631 | 285 | 481 | 211 | | |
| Franklin | 944 | | 10 | 789 | 129 | 716 | 101 | | |
| Tensas | 2,795 | : I . | 90 | 464 | 3,207 | 464 | 8,207 | | |
| Madison | 178 1,008 | | 1,962 8 | 832 963 | 2,528 277 | 828 194 | 2,584 120 | | |
| Ouachita | 2,841 | | 18 | 1,865 | 798 | 849 | 745 | | |
| Jackson | 467 | | | 460 | 28 | 462 | 23 | | |
| Lincoln | 1,344 | | | 1,064 | 831 | 1,070 | 831 | | |
| Union | 1,809 | | 130 | 1,465 | 94 | 1,492 | 94 | | |
| Morehouse | 1,102 |) | 19 | 1,377 | 782 | 894 | 427 | | |
| East Carroll | 137 | | ,344 | 592 | 2,410 | 592 | 2,432 | | |
| West Carroll | 478 | | 55 | 1.576 | 432 | 1,392 | 432 | | |
| Claiborne Catahoula | 1,515 834 | i | 109 176 | 907 | 820 | 839 | 802 | | |
| Total Scattering, 128 | 17,251 | 4 | ,903 | 12,792 | 14,610 | 9,082 | 14,032 | | |
| Maj. over next Per cent | 12,846 77.84 | 22 | .13 | | 1,848 | | 4,950 | | |
| Total vote | | 22,161 | | 27, | 402 | 23,1 | 23,114 | | |

LOUISIANA. (Continued.)

| | Rep. in Co | ngress—1878. | | Preside | nt—1876. | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| 6th District. | Robertson. | Larimore. | Democra | tic Count. | Returning Board Coun | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | D. | Ind. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | Hayes. R. | |
| Pointe Conpée | 1,062 | 1,034 | 1,083 | 1,987 | 1,083 | 1,987 | |
| St. Landry | 3,584 | 2,260 | 8,746 | 2,432 | 8,626 | 2,894 | |
| Avoyelles | 1.804 | 1,082 | 1,470 | 1,504 | 1,471 | 1.504 | |
| East Feliciana | 994 | 1 | 1,736 | · | Rejec | ted. | |
| West Feliciana | 1,706 | 98 | 1,248 | 778 | 238 | 624 | |
| East Baton Rouge | 1,148 | 1,408 | 2,238 | 1,623 | 796 | 1,466 | |
| West Baton Rouge. | 275 | 80 | 440 | 912 | 441 | 912 | |
| t. Helena | 593 | 562 | 648 | 520 | 649 | 520 | |
| ivingston | 625 | 95 | 769 | 121 | 891 | 121 | |
| langipahoa | 827 | 804 | 930 | 565 | 855 | 565 | |
| Washington | 581 | 414 | 514 | 165 | 514 | 165 | |
| st. Tammany | 768 | 237 | 649 | 551 | 649 | 551 | |
| Total | 13,977 | 7.605 | 15,471 | 11,158 | 10,703 | 10,809 | |
| Majority | 6,372 | | 4,313 | | | 106 | |
| Per cent | 64.76 | 85.24 | 7 | | | | |
| Total vote | | | 26.6 | 20 | 21.5 | 12 | |

STATE OF MAINE.-State Ticket.-Governor, 1878.

| | | <u> </u> | | | <u> </u> | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| | Go | vernor, 1 | 378. | Govern | or, 1877. | PRESIDE | NT, 1876. |
| Counties—16. | Connor. R. | Garcelon. D. | Smith. | Connor. R. | Williams. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. |
| Androscoggin Aroostook Cumberland Franklin Hancock Kennebec. Knox Lincoln Oxford Penobscot. Piscataquis. Sagadahoc. Somerset. Waldo Washington. | 8,802 2 365 7,838 1,839 8,105 5,755 2,223 1,939 8,441 6,173 1,575 2,219 2,962 2,907 3,514 | 2,136 1,926 5,614 681 1,376 2,337 1,703 1,864 1,671 646 203 817 1,054 644 2,112 | 2,280 1,349 3,051 1,472 1,799 3,133 2,172 963 2,449 8,113 1,364 5775 3,269 4,270 1,872 | 2,919 2,325 6,354 1,665 3,104 5,106 2,397 2,046 3,205 5,925 1,429 1,655 3,118 8,444 3,338 | 2,065 2,277 0,237 1,376 2,112 8,318 8,021 2,201 2,554 2,728 826 996 2,012 2,680 2,680 2,680 | 4,294 1,839 8,831 2,116 3,376 6,751 3,149 2,263 3,704 8,206 1,799 2,439 3,919 3,465 3,465 | 3,076 1,293 7,456 1,559 3,689 4,083 2,843 1,986 5,211 1,016 1,421 8,148 2,862 |
| York | 56,519 | 27,872 | 8,824 41,404 | 53,631 | 42,114 | 6,636 | 5,545 49,823 |
| Plurality | 15,115 44.91 | 22.15 125,826 81 | 82.90 | 11,517 52.67 101 | 41.36 ,821 | 16,477 56.77 126 | 42.67 ,786 |

There was no choice of Governor by the people, a majority of all the votes cast being required to elect. The Legislature which convened Jan. 1, 1879, chose Alonzo Garcelon, Dem., as Governor, and elected other State officers, all Democrats except Edward H. Gove, Greenback, who was chosen Secretary of State.

In 1877 the Greenback party cast 5266 votes. In 1876 Cooper, G., received 663 votes for President

President.

Legislature of 1879 has in Senate 20 Rep., 8 Nat. Gr., 2 Dem., 1 Ind.—Total, 31. In House, 66 Rep., 57 Nat. Gr., 27 Dem., and 1 Ind.—Total, 151.

MAINE -Representatives in Congress -1878.

| | | | entramines in Co. | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| | Rep. | | Dem. | | Gr. | |
| 1st | DistrictReed | 13,483 | Anderson | 9,333 | Gove | 6,348 |
| zu | District Frye | 11,434 | Beicher | 8,407 | Chase | 8,474 |
| 8d | DistrictLindsey | 11,378 | Smith | 5,895 | Philbrick | 8,322 |
| | | | | | | |
| 5th | DistrictPowers DistrictHale | 10,059 | Martin | 2,198 | Murch | 11,400 |
| 1st | DistrictReed | 16,248 | Goodwin | 15.156 | | |
| | District Frye | | | | Chase | 550 |
| 8d | DistrictLindsey | 15,741 | O'Brien | 12,788 | | |
| 4th | DistrictPowers Oak (Ind Rep.) | 12,866 | Donworth | 10,690 | | |
| 5th | DistrictHale | 15,089 | McLellan | 12,178 | | |
| | Total | 73,627 | ····· | 62,732 | | 550 |
| | Majority in State | | | 10,895 | | |

MARYLAND.—Representatives in Congress.

| | 1 | 878. | 1 | 1876. | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | ,188 ,489 ,703 ,477 ,606 ,052 | Graham. R. 898 1,232 1,072 1,667 1,650 1,296 928 1,600 | Henry. D. 2,086 1,905 2,091 2,072 1,802 1,248 2 151 1,932 | Spence. R. 1,204 1,794 1,788 1,082 1,803 1,075 1,475 1,684 | | |
| Total11 Majority 1, Per cent 5 Tot. vote. | ,419 ,031 2.48 | 10,888 47.51 757 | 15,287 8,832 56.21 | 11,905 43.78 192 | | |

Milligan. Talbott. Mc- Roberts. Harris. 2,951 2,849 5,937 2,521 2,207 4,870 3,296 2,886 1,876 Total..... 9,826 8,598 1,268 15,038 11,984 Major, over

next 6,228 Per cent... 66.87 25.17 3,049 8.63 55.64 44.35 Tot. vote. 14,692 27,017 Morling, Ind. Gr., received 98 votes; Miller, Ind., received 11 votes.

| Kin | nmel. The | omp'n. K | immel. G | oldsb'b. |
|------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 3d Dist. | D. Gr. | & Pro. | D. | R. |
| Baltimore: | | | | |
| 1. Ward | 1,618 | 966 | 2,198 | 1,488 |
| 2. " | 986 | 867 | 1.860 | 805 |
| 3. " | 1,474 | 509 | 1,386 | 893 |
| 4. " | 1.080 | 229 | 1,064 | 465 |
| 5. " | 1.095 | 505 | 1,357 | 1,178 |
| 6. " | 881 | 694 | 1.840 | 1,282 |
| 7. " | 1.886 | 1.087 | 2,620 | 1,551 |
| 8. " | 1.120 | 386 | 1.806 | 472 |
| 9. " | 1,382 | 165 | 1,126 | 425 |
| Makal | 11 450 | 4 000 | 14 050 | 0.500 |
| Total | 11,472 | 4,908 | 14,257 | 8,562 |
| Majority | 6,564 | | 5,695 | |
| Per cent | 70.03 | 29.96 | 62.47 | 37.52 |
| Total vote | 16,38 | 30 | 22,8 | 19 |

The Legislature of 1878-79 stands: Democrats, 84; Republicans, 26: total, 110.

| 1 | 18' | 78. | | 18 | 376. |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Mc- | Hol- | Quig- | Git | Swann | Butler |
| 4th Dist. D. | land. R. | Gr. | tings. I. D. | D. | R. |
| Baltimore : | | • | ~~ | 4 000 | |
| 10. W'd 974 | | | | 1,267 | |
| 111 014 | | | | 1,261 1,326 | 978 807 |
| 10 44 001 | | | | 1,048 | |
| 14. " 827 | | | | | 947 |
| 15. " 1,121 | 548 | | | 1,285 | 1,194 |
| 16. " 1,511 | 937 | | | 1.714 | 1.684 |
| 18. '' 1,550 | 1,094 | 143 | | 2,257 | 2,057 |
| 19. " 1,499 | 980 | 71 | | 2,261 | 1.835 |
| 20. " 1,185 | 893 | 95 | 35 | 1,729 | 1,674 |
| Total. 11,064 Maj. ov. | 6,671 | 627 | 398 | 15,259 | 12,728 |
| next 4,393 | | | | 2,531 | |
| Per cent. 58.44 | | | | | 45.47 |
| | 18,760 | | | 27,9 | |
| 5th Dist. D | kle. Cr | ane. Ci R. | dvert. Gr. | Henkle. | Bellman. R. |
| Baltimore Co. | • | | G 1. | ъ. | 14. |
| 2 Districts | 662 | 397 | 4 | 1,189 | 748 |
| 17. Ward 1,0 | 619 | 497 | 86 | 1,748 | |
| Anne Arun- | | | | • | |
| del 2,8 | | ,541 | 6 | 8,118 | |
| | 948 | 918 | •••• | 982 | 1,022 |
| | | ,712 | 5 | 1,651 | 1,697 |
| Howard 1,1 | 157 | 8 8 8 | 20 | 1,633 | 1,189 |
| | 332 2 | 105 | 40 | 2,620 | 2,413 |
| | | 692 | ĩ | 1,500 | |
| I | | | | | |
| Total 11,8 Maj. over | | 695 | 162 | • | 11,705 |
| | 363 | | | 2,731 | |
| | | 5.27 | .75 | | 44.77 |
| Tot. vete | | ,415 | | 26,1 | |
| 6th Dist. D. | r. Urn R | | sie y . V Gr. | Valsh. Mo D. | Comas. R. |
| Washing- | | • | | ٠. | *** |
| ton 3,18 | 35 3,4 | 61 | 447 | 3,893 | 3,986 |
| Garrett 87 | 75 8 | 78 | 51 | 950 | |
| Frederick 3.99 | | 26 | 183 | 4,921 | 5,305 |
| Allegany. 1,85 | 4 2,2 | 46 1 | ,176 | 1,103 | 8,804 |
| Montgo- mery 2,53 | 0 2,2 | 57 | 85 | 2.858 | 2,098 |
| | _ <u>_</u> | | | | |
| Total 12,43 | 9 14,1 | 63 1 | ,892 | 15,727 | 15,713 |
| Maj. over | | | | 4.4 | |
| next Per cent 43.7 | 1.7 | | 0 61 | 14 | 49.97 |
| Per cent 43.7 | 75 49. 98 5 | 4A | 6.61 | 90.02 31 A | |

31,440

Tot. vote.

MASSACHUSETTS.—Representatives in Congress.

| 1st Dist | 1878. -William W. Crapo, Rep12,575 Matthias Ellis, Dem | 1876. 1st Dist.—William W. Crapo, Rep14,158 Joseph M. Day, Dem 6,179 |
|-------------|--|--|
| | Scattering 80 | Crapo's majority 7,974 |
| 2d Dist | Crapo's majority over all. 4,978 -Benjamin W. Harris, Rep. 14,579 Edgar E. Dean, Gr | 2d Dist.—Benjamin W. Harris, Rep. 15,550 Edward Avery, Dem |
| 81 Dist | Scattering | 3d Dist.—Walbridge A. Field, Rep. 9,330 Benjamin Dean, Dem. 9,315 Field's majority |
| 4th Dist | 155 Scattering | 4th Dist.—Rufus S. Frost, Rep |
| 5th Dist | Morse's majority over all. 8,734 -Selwyn Z. Bowman, Rep. 12,908 Nathan Clark, Gr. and Dem. 10,653 Nathan J. Clark, Pro. 265 Scattering. 71 | 5th Dist.—Nathaniel P. Banks, Rep13,325 Rich'd Frothingham, Dem. 12,317 Banks's majority1,003 |
| 6th Dist | Bowman's majority over all 1,319 -George B. Loring, Rep. 10,339 E. Moody Boynton, Gr. 10,226 James H. Carleton, Dem. 2,658 Scattering 52 | 6th Dist.—George B. Loring. Rep 12,319 Chas. P. Thompson, Dem 11,171 Loring's majority |
| 7th Dist.— | Loring's maj'ty over next. 118 -William A. Russell, Rep13,169 John K. Tarbox, Dem 7,700 Samuel M. Stevens, Gr 2,441 James C. Abbott, Pro 148 | 7th Dist,—Benjamin F. Butler, Rep. 12,100 John K. Tarbox, Dem 9,319 E. Rockwood Hoar, Ind 1,933 |
| 8th Dist.— | Scattering 18 Russell's majority over all. 2,477 William Claffin, Rep. 14,300 Isaac Bradford, D. and Gr.11,758 George W. Stacy, Pro. 223 Scattering 35 | Bu:ler's maj. over Tarbox. 2,721 " all 766 8th Dist.—William Claffin, Rep 14,245 William W. Warren, Dem. 12,497 Claffin's majority |
| 9th Dist.— | Claflin's majority over all. 2,284 William W. Rice, Rep. 18,295 Eli Thayer, Gr. and Dem. 6,960 Timothy A. Smith, Pro. 265 Scattering. 6 | 9th Dist.—William W. Rice, Rep 13,890 George F. Terry, Dem 10,248 Rice's majority |
| 10th Dist | Rice's majority over all | 10th Dist.—Amasa Norcross, Rep 15,779 Samuel O. Lamb, Dem 8,928 Norcross's majority |
| 11th Dist.— | Norcross's maj'ty over all. 2,572 George D. Robinson, Rep10,927 Edward H. Lathrop, Gr 7,994 Jarvis N. Dunham, Dem 2,069 Scattering 270 Robinson's maj'ty over all. 594 | 11th Dist.—George D. Robinson, Rep. 11,983 Chester W. Chapin, Dem. 9,769 Robinson's majority |
| | | |

STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS.-State Ticket.

| | (| doverno | r—1878 | | (| Governo | r—1877 | | Pres. | —1876. |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------|---------------|
| Counties-14. | Tal- bot. | But- ler. | Ab- bott. | Min- er. | Rice. | Gas- ton. | Pit- man. | Phil- lips. | Hayes | Tilden |
| | R. | D.&G. | D. | Pro. | R. | D. | Pro. | L.R.G. | R. | D. |
| Barnstable | 5,662 | 1,400 | 168 | 61 | 1,777 | 536 | 382 | | 3 493 | 785 |
| Berkshire | 2.046 | | | 40 | 3,977 | 3.825 | 230 | | | |
| Bristol | 9.887 | 6,723 | | 233 | 5,939 | 4,315 | 1,775 | | 11,576 | |
| Dukes | 363 | | 39 | 27 | 201 | 93 | 34 | | 299 | |
| Cssex | 17.443 | 17,672 | 1,288 | 231 | 11,591 | 9,932 | 3,313 | | 21,686 | 14,895 |
| Franklin | 3.541 | 2,352 | | 6 | 2,639 | 1,582 | 263 | | 4.072 | |
| ${f Hampden}\dots\dots$ | 6.562 | 6,086 | 532 | 49 | 5.082 | 4,071 | 586 | 457 | 7,963 | |
| ${f Hampshire}$ | 3.948 | 2,832 | 217 | 14 | | | 354 | | 5,018 | |
| Middlesex | 26,118 | 19,324 | 1,578 | 374 | 16,866 | 13,209 | 3,364 | | 27,301 | 19,561 |
| Nantucket | 363 | 53 | 36 | 1 | 149 | 43 | 19 | | 379 | 103 |
| Norfolk | 8.680 | 5,808 | 635 | 153 | 5,226 | 4,090 | 1.187 | | 8,963 | 6,685 |
| Plymouth | 7.407 | 4.307 | 770 | 91 | 4.173 | 2,800 | 982 | 55 | 8,310 | 4,518 |
| attolk | . 22,894 | 26,675 | 1.793 | 186 | 17,468 | 17,136 | 1.477 | 469 | 22,837 | 25,101 |
| Worcester | . 19,812 | 12,416 | 1,420 | 447 | 13,247 | 10,357 | 2,388 | 277 | 22,051 | 14,319 |
| Total | . 134.725 | 109,435 | 10,162 | 1.913 | 91,255 | 73,185 | 16,354 | 3,552 | 150,063 | 108,777 |
| Per cent | 52.57 | 42.70 | 3.96 | .74 | 49.47 | 39.67 | 8.86 | 1.92 | | 42.08 |
| Plu r ality | 25,290 | | | | 18,070 | | jority. | | | |
| Scattering votes, 97. Total vote | | 256. | 242 | | 18 | 4,454 | | | 259 | 9.619 |

The Legislature of 1879 stands: Republicans, 219; Democrats, 44; National Greenback party, 17: total, 280.

MICHIGAN.-State Ticket.

| | G | OVERNO | or, 1878 | 3. | Gove | ERNOR, | 1876. | PRESI | DENT, | 1876. |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Counties—76. | Cros- well. R. | Barnes. D. | Smith G. | Sny- der. Pro. | Cros- well. R. | Webber. | Sparks. | Hayes. | Til- den. D. | Coo- per. G. |
| Alcona | 215 | 219 | 18 | 1 | 145 | 171 | | 155 | 162 | |
| Allegan | 3,205 | 363 | 3,170 | 8 | 4,299 | 3,181 | 247 | 4,281 | 3,169 | 27 |
| Alpena | 618 | | 101 | 1 | 624 | 633 | | 629 | 635 | |
| Antrim | 377 | 37 | 224 | 1 | 475 | 283 | 1 | 475 | 280 | |
| Baraga | 133 | | | 1 | 218 | 232 | | 218 | 232 | |
| Barry | 2,224 | 553 | 2,386 | 129 | 2,941 | 1,864 | 673 | 2,966 | 1,902 | 6 |
| Bay | 1,387 | 1,592 | 1,909 | 11 | 2,405 | 2,859 | 93 | 2,408 | 2,840 | 1 |
| Benzie | 324 | 41 | 234 | 2 | 473 | 191 | 4 | 474 | 186 | |
| Berrien | 3,241 | 2,199 | 1,434 | | 4,179 | 3.683 | 292 | 4.188 | 3,679 | 3 |
| Branch | 3,013 | 362 | 2,966 | 94 | 4,007 | 2,384 | 446 | 3,998 | 2,370 | 4 |
| alhoun | 3,422 | 1,517 | 2,427 | 290 | 5,132 | 3,824 | 78 | 5,167 | 3,885 | |
| lass | 2,325 | 1,414 | 899 | 4 | 2,751 | 2,354 | 162 | 2,750 | 2,336 | 1 |
| harlevoix | 476 | 94 | 153 | 1 | 410 | 202 | | 411 | 205 | |
| Thehoren | 262 | 276 | | - | 263 | 444 | | 262 | 445 | |
| Cheboygan | | | | | 172 | | | 172 | 195 | |
| chippewa | 272 | 308 | *:1: | | | 283 | | 272 | 236 | |
| lare | 249 | 144 | 156 | 8 | 269 | 239 | •••• | | | |
| Clinton | 2,446 | 2,124 | 1,100 | 27 | 3,253 | 3,074 | 27 | 3,247 | 3,074 | |
| elta | 572 | 260 | 7 | | 507 | 449 | **** | 505 | 452 | |
| aton | 3,139 | 1,225 | 2,140 | 237 | 3,982 | 2,913 | 42 | 4,010 | 2,903 | |
| mmet | 402 | 357 | 155 | | 311 | 432 | 3 | 312 | 426 | |
| enesee | 3,598 | 1,811 | 1,982 | 379 | 5,031 | .3,755 | 6 | 5,044 | 3,736 | |
| ladwin | 164 | 71 | 65 | | 87 | 159 | | 84 | 162 | |
| rand Traverse | 864 | 121 | 302 | 3 | 1,005 | 329 | | 1,000 | 330 | 100 |
| Fratiot | 1,646 | 787 | 1,158 | 5 | 2,146 | 1,370 | 130 | 2,150 | 1,312 | 1 |
| Hillsdale | 3,875 | 743 | 2,913 | 39 | 5,086 | 2,342 | 557 | 5,109 | 2,329 | 5 |
| loughton | 1,880 | 1,141 | | | 2,263 | 1,442 | | 2,266 | 1,439 | |
| Iuron | 976 | 705 | 240 | 14 | 1,273 | 1,036 | | 1,269 | 1,036 | |
| ngham | 3,141 | 2,646 | 1,584 | 101 | 4,043 | 4,005 | 8 | 4,058 | 3,994 | |
| onia | 2,864 | 1,261 | 2,227 | 187 | 4,286 | 3,246 | 61 | 4,308 | 3,230 | |
| 08CO | 465 | 314 | 161 | 2 | 469 | 366 | | 467 | 369 | |
| sabella | 844 | 439 | 427 | 1 | 1,025 | 720 | | 1,021 | 720 | |
| sle Royale | No re | | | | 12 | 43 | | 12 | 44 | |
| ackson | 3.051 | 1.829 | 3,570 | 244 | 4.845 | 5,332 | 24 | 4,913 | 5,254 | |
| Kalamazeo | 3,480 | 2,286 | 1.074 | 71 | 4,493 | 3,595 | 80 | 4,496 | 8,583 | |

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MICHIGAN.-State Ticket. (Continued.)

| | G | OVERNO | R, 1878 | 3. | Gove | RNOR, | 1876. | PRESI | DENT, | 1876. |
|----------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Counties-76. | Cros- well. R. | Barnes. D. | Smith G. | Sny- der. Pro. | Cros- well. R. | Web- ber. D. | Sparks. | Hayes R. | Tilden. D. | Coo- per. G. |
| alkaska | 322 | 154 | 101 | 10 | 382 | 128 | 2 | 384 | 130 | 10 |
| Cent | 5,691 | 1,633 | 6,076 | 24 | 7,402 | 5,764 | 2,062 | 7,403 | 5,678 | 2,055 |
| eweenaw | 482 | 307 | 29 | | 736 | 413 | | 735 | 414 | |
| ake | 312 | 105 | 122 | | 407 | 213 | 9 | 414 | 209 | |
| peer | 2,619 | 1,906 | 349 | 9 | 3,216 | 2,510 | | 3,230 | 2,498 | - |
| elanaw | 394 | 306 | 156 | **** | 635 | 413 | | 634 | 412 | |
| nawee | 4,710 | 2,894 | 2,421 | 435 | 6,556 | 5,523 | 6 | 6,540 | 5,564 | - |
| vingston | 2,387 | 2,514 | 260 | 43 | 2,728 | 2,947 | | 2,735 | 2,929 | -195 |
| ckinac | 55 | 188 | **** | | 74 | 204 | *3: | 74 | 204 | |
| acomb | 2,036 | 2,391 | 615 | 36 | 3,008 | 3,465 | 14 | 3,009 | 3,453 | 1 |
| anistee | 591 | 816 | 354 | 33 | 884 | 820 | 77 | 896 | 811 | 7 |
| anitou | 33 | 154 | 10 | | 34 | | | 40 | 94 | |
| arquette | 1,985 | 997 | 104 | 31 | 2,311 | 1,746 | **** | 2,308 | 1,750 | |
| ason | 670 | 384 | 398 | | 926 | 687 | 45 | 933 | 680 | 5 |
| ecosta | 1,192 | 311 | 729 | 1 | 1,341 | 945 | 85 | 1,342 | 926 | 10 |
| enominee | 675 | 473 | 85 | * | 394 | 349 | | 393 | 351 | |
| dland | 607 | 130 | 554 | 8 | 663 | 476 | | 655 | 484 | |
| issaukee | 169 | 37 | 47 | | 160 | 109 | | 159 | 108 | |
| onroe | 2,184 | 2,674 | 1,238 | 15 | 3,013 | 3,918 | 5 | 3,032 | 3,893 | 2 |
| ontcalm | 2,230 | 1,140 | 1,494 | 43 | 3,099 | 2,461 | 66 | 3,106 | 2,445 | 7 |
| iskegon | 1,730 | 558 | 880 | 3 | 2,254 | 1,514 | 130 | 2,255 | 1,511 | 16 |
| ewaygo | 964 | 282 | - 1,147 | 19 | 1,304 | 792 | 226 | 1,315 | 801 | 28 |
| kland | 4,133 | 4,192 | 1,018 | 146 | 5.028 | 5,346 | | 5,053 | 5,313 | |
| eana | 920 | 179 | | 22 | 1,368 | 594 | 28 | 1,365 | 599 | 2 |
| gemaw | 76 | 122 | 100 | | 101 | 87 | | 101 | 87 | |
| itonagon | 184 | 236 | | 1 | 203 | 324 | | 201 | 321 | - |
| ceola | 598 | 220 | | 132 | 793 | 628 | | 804 | 650 | 29 |
| sego | 251 | 118 | | 2 | 184 | 145 | | 184 | 145 | |
| tawa | 2,390 | 1,056 | | 32 | 3,381 | 2,652 | | 4,401 | 2,620 | 7 |
| esque Isle | 198 | 195 | 1 | | 150 | 163 | | 153 | 168 | |
| oscommon | | turns. | | *** | 54 | 184 | | 54 | 184 | |
| ginaw | 2,767 | 3,099 | | 84 | 3,982 | 5,051 | | 4,182 | 4,850 | |
| nilac | 1,453 | 630 | | 1 | 1,910 | 1,037 | | 1,896 | 1,829 | |
| hoolcraft | 81 | 41 | 1 000 | | 119 | 104 | | 121 | 103 | |
| iawasse | 2,522 | 1,679 | | 203 | 3,182 | 2,485 | | 3,192 | 2,469 | |
| . Clair | 2,998 | 2,404 | | | 4,058 | 3,719 | | 4,067 | 3,710 | 11 |
| . Joseph | 2,263 | 909 | | 10 | 3,152 | 2,489 | | 3,165 | 2,490 | . 74 |
| ıscola | 1,977 | 594 | | | 2,423 | 1,338 | | 2,463 | 1,284 | 14 |
| an Buren | 3,016 | 1,025 | 2,195 | 15 | | 2,596 | | 4,046 | 2,599 | 50 |
| ashtenaw | 3,338 | 3,239 | | | | | | | 5,117 | 1 00 |
| ayne exford | 9,337 | 9,967 | | · · · · i | 12,242 | 15,570 | 1,011 | 12,578 | 15,076 318 | |
| | | | | - | | - | | | | _ |
| Total | 126,280 | 78,503 | 73,313 | 3,469 | 165,926 23,434 | 142,492 | 8,297 | 166,901 25,306 | | 9,06 |
| er cent | | 97 76 | 25.04 | 1.23 | | 45.01 | 2.63 | | | 2.8 |
| Total vote | . 11.00 | 282, | | 1.20 | | 317,160 | 2.00 | | 316,689 | *** |

Scattering, 1878, 1,200. In 1876, Smith, Prohib. Candidate, had 769 votes for President.

The Legislature of 1879-80 stands: Republicans, 83; Democrats, 25; National or Greenback party, 19. Total, 182.

MICHIGAN-Representatives in Congress.

| | 1 | 1876. | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st Dist. Wayne | New- berry. R. 9,894 | Williams. D. 8,567 | Hef- ron. G. 5,760 | Duf- field. R. 12,417 | Wil- liams. D. 14,474 |
| Maj. over ne Per cent Total vote In 1876, Jo 1,736 votes, tion, had 12 | 41.16 3 2 ohn V. | 35.26 4.275 Ruehl | e. Gre | 28,6 enbacl | k, had |

| | Willits. | Card. I | homas. | Willits. | |
|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2d Dist. | _ | _ | ~ | - | D. |
| Hillsdale | | D. 959 | 2,772 | R. 5,142 | 2,398 |
| Lenawce | | 2,920 | 2,414 | 6,541 | 5,566 |
| Monroe Washtenaw | | | 1,233 1,293 | 8,050 4,478 | 8.877 5.183 |
| | | | | , | |

Total..... 14,812 9,557 7,712 19,211 17,024 Maj. over next, 4,755 Maj. 2,187 Scattering, 559

Per cent... 44.48 29.70 23.97 Total vote.....32,170 36,879 In 1876, B. F. Granger, Gr., had 506 votes; R. Hathaway, Prohib., 109, and 29 scattering.

MICHIGAN.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | <u> </u> | - DIO | OH CAU | ves III COII | Rices. | (000 | tinueu. | ., | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1878. | | 187 | 6. | | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
| Mc- 8d Dist. Gowan. | Up- Daw- | Mc- Gowan. | Liver- | 8th Dist. | Horr. | Thomp- | Hoyt. | Ells- worth. | Rolter. |
| R. | D. G. | R. | D. | 1 | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. |
| Barry 2,185 Branch 2.907 | 554 2,284 664 2,524 | 2,877 3,563 | 1,973 2,592 | Alcona | 217 609 | 210 723 | 19 104 | 144 622 | 178 |
| Calhoun 8,171 1. | 807 2,171 | 4,994 | 8,992 | Alpena Bay | 1,402 | 1,607 | 1.881 | 2,483 | 635 2,866 |
| Eaton 8.104 1 | 844 1,972 | | 3,032 | Cheboygan | 261 | 272 | 187 | 268 | 439 |
| Jackson 3,014 1 | 972 3,396 | | 5,634 | Clare | 245 | 185 | 190 | 296 | 212 |
| m. 1.3 11.001 0 | 244 42 24 | | | Emmet | 401 | 368 | 146 | 309 | 432 |
| Total 14,381 6 | 841 12,347 | 19,878 | 17,223 | Gladwin | 145 | 62 792 | 14 | 108 | 138 |
| M.j. over next, 2,034 Scattering, 1,460 | muj. | 2,655 | | Gratiot Iosco | 1,626 459 | 302 | 1,157 189 | 2,142 460 | 1,496 874 |
| Per cent 41.63 18 | 3.36 85.75 | | | Isabella | 844 | 441 | 420 | 1,017 | 719 |
| Total vote84, | 529 | 88,8 | 44 | Midiand | 595 | 129 | 560 | 661 | 478 |
| NOTE.—Of the sc | attering 1 | rote, I |)ickie, | Montcalm., | 2,180 | 1,185 | 1,594 | 8,149 | 2,468 |
| Prohibition, received | 1,436. | - had | 1 008 | Ogemaw | 117 | 71 194 | 105 | 98 155 | 94 157 |
| In 1876, George T and M. C. Woodman | Rec Pro | r., nau 218 | 1,020, | Presque Lile Saginaw | | 8,130 | 13 1,920 | 4,182 | 4,906 |
| Burrows. El | dred. Sher- | Keight- | | Duginaw | ~,100 | | | | |
| 4th Dist. | wood. | ley. R. | bers. | Total | 11,998 | 9,571 | 8,500 | 16,098 | 15,760 |
| | D. G. , 241 1,4 15 | R. 4,150 | D. 8 978 | Maj. over ne | ext, 2,4 | 22 | Ma | . 33 8 | |
| Cass. 2,271 1 | 466 876 | 2,752 | 2,515 | Scattering, | 137 | 01 60 | 00 14 | | |
| Kalamazoo 8,458 2 | 876 999 | 4,512 | 3.612 | Per cent Total vote | 89.71 | 81.69 | 28.14 | 81,8 | 250 |
| St. Joseph. 2,240 1. | ,094 2,331 | 3,252 | 3,140 | | | Power. | Parme. | | |
| Van Buren. 8,065 | 994 2,170 | 4,050 | 8,085 | 9th Dist. | | | lee. | | |
| Total 14,236 8, | 171 7,791 | 18,716 | 16 990 | Antrim | R. 351 | D. 36 | G. 249 | R. 472 | D. 282 |
| Maj. over next, 6,065 | | 2,386 | 10,330 | Baraga | 156 | 183 | 240 | 223 | 228 |
| Scattering, 19 | | , | | Benzie | 814 | 81 | 247 | 459 | 202 |
| Per cent 47.11 2 | 7.04 25.77 | | | Charlevoix. | 508 | 61 | 152 | 415 | 199 |
| Total vote30, | | 85,0 | | Chippewa | 271 | 310 | •••• | 167 | 286 421 |
| 5th Dist. | loyt. Com- | Stone. | Harris. | Delta Gr. Traverse | 580 798 | 254 101 | 384 | 581 969 | 421 850 |
| R. | D. G. | R. | D. | | 1,820 | 1,188 | | 2,256 | 1,487 |
| Allegan 8,185 | 252 3,285 | 4,304 | 8,382 | Isle Koyal | | | | 12 | 43 |
| Ionia 2,954 | 890 2,510 ,036 6,449 | 4,335 | 3,274 | Kalkaska | 328 | 110 | 185 | 872 | 189 |
| Kent 5,870 1 Muskegon 1,600 | ,036 6,449 506 1,041 | 7,623 2,267 | 7,541 1,652 | Keweenaw. | 441 8 01 | 374 111 | 1 126 | 732 410 | 416 210 |
| Ottawa 2,365 | 784 1,988 | 8,379 | 2,697 | Lake Leelanaw | 367 | 296 | 191 | 624 | 419 |
| | | | | Mackinaw | 47 | 184 | | 78 | 201 |
| Total 15,983 8, | 468 15,278 | 21,908 | 18,546 | Manistee | 591 | 803 | 858 | 869 | 909 |
| Maj. over next, 710 Scattering, 209 | maj. | 8,362 | | Manitou | 83 | 154 | *** | 84 | 93 |
| Per cent 45.75 9 | .92 43.75 | 54.15 | 45,84 | Marquette Mason | 629 | 1,000 379 | 46 439 | 2,082 926 | 1,599 730 |
| Total vote84, | | 40,4 | | Mecosta | 1,179 | 806 | 744 | 1,828 | 1,020 |
| | Mc- Mead. | Brewer. | Du- | Menominee | 800 | 479 | 2 | 475 | 267 |
| 6th Dist. C | ardy. D. G. | R. | rand. D. | Missaukee. | 157 | **** | 48 | 141 | 128 |
| Clinton 2,878 2. | 260 1,039 | 3,257 | 8,090 | Newaygo | 964 918 | *264 183 | 1,172 748 | 1,314 1,367 | 1,008 606 |
| Genesec 3.771 1. | 794 1,891 | 5,004 | 3,809 | Oceana Ontonagon. | 182 | 224 | 65 | 283 | 243 |
| Ingham 8,250 2 | 655 1,452 | 4,065 | 3.991 | Osceola | 647 | 230 | 268 | 800 | 687 |
| Livingston. 2,454 2 Onkland 4,882 4 | 507 218 101 891 | 2,745 5,082 | 2,933 5,305 | Otsego | 245 | . 118 | 192 | 184 | 144 |
| | 233 780 | 8,203 | 2,487 | Schoolcraft | - 99 | 24 | **** | 115 | 84 |
| | | | | Wexford | 522 | 85 | 452 | 596 | 852 |
| Total 18,459 15, | 549 6.271 | 23,356 | 21,615 | Total | 15.264 | 7,478 | 6.014 | 18.224 | 12,656 |
| Maj. over next, 2,710 Scattering, 661 | Maj. | 1,741 | | Maj. over ne | | | | . 5,568 | |
| Per cent 45.08 8 | 7.99 15.56 | 51.93 | 48.06 | Scattering, 1 | 79 | ~ ~ . | 00 50 | | |
| Total vote 40, | 940 | 44,9 | | Per cent Total vote | 52.75 | 25.84 20.093 | 20.78 | 30,8 | |
| Conger. Mit | chell. Mai- | Conger. | Chad- | Total vote | | | 18 | | 1876. |
| 7th Dist. | D. G. | R. | well. D. | Congre | samen. | VII | -10 | · - | 1010. |
| Huron 1,007 | 742 191 | 1.292 | 1,024 | Republican. | | | 126 | 5,461` | 164,626 |
| Lapeer 2.610 1. | .936 341 | 8,228 | 2,493 | Democratic. | | | 99 | 3,350 | 147,002 |
| Macomb 2.012 2 | 437 617 | 2,981 | 3,499 | Greenback. | • • • • • • | ••••• | | 3,984 | 8,506 |
| Sanilac 1,392 St. Clair 2,953 2 | 719 686 ,47 3 1 ,420 | 1,883 4,013 | 1,038 8,731 | Scattering | • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | 6 | 3,327 | 465 |
| Tuscola 1,965 | 633 1,061 | 2,421 | 1,372 | ł | | | 297 | 7,122 | 815,5\$9 |
| | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | | 15,818 | 13,177 | 1 | | | | | |
| Maj. over next, 2,999 | maj. | 2,641 | | | | | | | |
| Scattering, 19 Per cent 47.85 3 | 5.43 17.11 | 54.55 | 45.44 | ł | | | | | |
| Total vote 25, | 214 | 28,9 | | | | C | 70gI | 0 | |
| | | , | | | Digitized | $_{lby}G($ | IZUC | C | |

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MINNESOTA.—Representatives in Congress.

| | | | | | T | 400 | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|-----------|---------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | 18 | 78. | 18 | 76. | 1 | 187 | 8. | 18 | 76. ~ |
| | Dunnell. | Meighen. | Dunnell | Stacey. | Wa | shburn. l | | Stewart. | McNair. |
| 1. DISTRICT. | R. | Gr. | R. | D. | #. DISTRICT. | R. | D. | R. | D. |
| Blue Earth | 1,588 | 1,544 | 2,398 | 2,060 | Aitkin | 22 | | 41 | |
| Cottonwood | 570 | 63 | 400 | 68 | Anoka | 618 | | | |
| Dodge | 1,241 | 623 | 1,621 | 702 | Becker | 385 | | | |
| Faribault | 920 | 703 | 1,582 | 727 | Benton | 147 | | | |
| Fillmore | 2,030 | 2,184 | 8,779 | 1,779 | Big Stone | 152 | | 97 | 8 |
| Freeborn | 1,594 | 561 | 2,013 | 703 | Carlton | 124 | 150 | 110 | 138 |
| Houston | 1,539 | 1,252 | 1,970 | 1,468 | Cass | • • • • • | | 28 | 10 |
| Jackson | 412 | 53 | 520 | 64 | Chisago | 676 | 188 | 966 | 289 |
| Martin | 572 | 183 | 623 | 165 | Clay | 556 | 203 | 352 | 152 |
| Mower | 1,113 | 1,119 | 1.939 | 1,043 | Crow Wing | 160 | 158 | 140 | 121 |
| Murray | 249 | 26 | 237 | 88 | Douglas | 682 | 489 | 856 | 544 |
| Nobles | 338 | 127 | 488 | 57 | Grant | 262 | 45 | 215 | 83 |
| Olmsted | 1,787 | 1,019 | 2,406 | 2.031 | Hennepin | 6.333 | 2,849 | 4.725 | 5,749 |
| Rock | 528 | 185 | 542 | 44 | Isanti | 538 | 137 | 639 | 163 |
| Steele | 1.405 | 845 | 1,567 | 945 | Kanabec | 109 | 24 | 105 | 83 |
| Waseca | 556 | 743 | 821 | 1.031 | Lac qui Parle | 273 | 114 | 272 | 95 |
| Watonwan | 726 | 177 | 553 | 184 | Lake | 29 | 114 | 16 | ñ |
| Winona | 1.556 | 1,435 | 2,601 | 2,960 | Meeker | 946 | 914 | 1,094 | 787 |
| *************************************** | 1,.00 | 1,200 | *100T | 2,500 | Millo Logg | | 184 | 137 | |
| _ Total | 18,729 | 10 040 | 80 010 | 10.00 | Mille Lacs | 111 | | | 146 |
| Dunnelliamei | | 12,848 | 26,010 | 16,065 | Morrison | 145 | 896 | 810 | 814 |
| Dunnell's maj | 5,831 | 40.00 | 9,945 | 00 40 | Otter Tail | 904 | 755 | 1,380 | 694 |
| Per cent | 59.31 | 40.68 | 61.58 | 28.18 | Pine | 159 | 188 | 132 | 158 |
| Total vote | 31, | 577 | 42,0 | 75 | Polk & Kittson. | 832 | 182 | 219 | 130 |
| | | | | | Pope | 479 | 242 | 641 | 207 |
| | 1878. | | 1876. | | Ramsey | 1,621 | 4.191 | 2,852 | 3,517 |
| | | <u></u> | | | St. Louis | 410 | 209 | 469 | 272 |
| Strai | | | Wilder. D | | Sherburne | 317 | 267 | 388 | 265 |
| 2. DISTRICT. R. Brown 57 | 0 D. 0 72 | R. | D. | G | Stearns | 558 | 1,951 | 1,145 | 2,388 |
| | | | | 234 | Stevens | 168 | 350 | 167 | 136 |
| Carver 65 | | 0 1,036 | | 12 | Todd | 265 | 166 | 489 | 253 |
| Chippewa 34 | | | | 217 | Traverse | 12 | 9 | | |
| Dakota 1,08 | | | | 690 | Wadena | 126 | 50 | 54 | 20 |
| Goodhue 1,98 | | | | 277 | Washington | 1.877 | 1,129 | 1,641 | 1,444 |
| Kandiyohi 52 | | | | 122 | Wilkin | 131 | 69 | 88 | 44 |
| Le Sueur 83 | | | | 31 | Wright | 1.125 | 1,201 | 1,326 | 1.435 |
| Lincoln 18 | | | 15 | | Yellow Medicine | 494 | 61 | 451 | 116 |
| Lyon 50 | | | 78 | 9 | | | | | |
| McLeod 71 | | | | 158 | Total | 21.036 | 18,024 | 22,823 | 20,727 |
| Nicollet 61 | | | 604 | 99 | Washburn's maj | 3.016 | -0,0-2 | 2 906 | -0, |
| Redwood 88 | 7 218 | 3 417 | 109 | 45 | Per cent | 53.85 | 46.13 | 52.40 | 47.59 |
| Renville 45 | | 1 878 | 271 | 115 | Total vote | | 000 | 43. | |
| Rice 1,71 | 6 1,119 | 2,389 | 1,348 | 505 | Total voic | ω, | 000 | 20,0 | ~~ |
| Scott 82 | 3 1.291 | 852 | | 14 | 2d Dist. Poehler's | amai # | 0.1 1 001 | (Moi - | w olt \ |
| Sibley 32 | | 3 720 | | 18 | Per cent 48.7 | | | | |
| Swift 49 | 9 80; | 3 544 | 161 | 86 | | | 1 02.41 | | 7.65 |
| Wabashaw. 1,63 | | | 1,640 | 247 | Total vote | 28,210 | | 37,599 | |
| | | | | | Mha Tantalatus | | 000 000 | -44- | . D. |
| Total13,74 | 3 14,467 | 7 19,730 | 14,990 | 2,879 | The Legislatur | | | | |
| | ,,,,,, | , | ,_, | ,0.0 | publicans, 96; | Democi | acs, 46 | , Greei | idack, |
| | | | | | 5. Total, 147. | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | |

| | | | | | 5. Total, 14 | 7. | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| | MIS | sissi | PPI | Repre | sentatives i | Con | gress | | | |
| | 18 | 378. | 1870 | 3. | 1 | 18 | 78. | | 187 | 6. |
| First District. Alcorn Chickasaw Clay Itawamba | 1,159 922 | Davis. G. 576 1,084 662 235 | Muldrow. D. 1,605 1,894 1,948 1,396 | Lee. R. 661 1,005 816 44 | Benton DeSoto Lafayette | D. . 875 . 829 | ker. G. 277 161 | G. 1 54 2 | D. 1,147 2,542 2,468 | R. 754 1,661 |
| Lee | 1,002 919 1,189 1,021 882 802 | 639 93 2,008 428 515 125 147 | 2,724 2,074 2,705 1,399 1,633 1,877 1,282 | 208 2 1,915 993 565 181 30 | Marshall Panola Tallahatchie. Tate Tippah Union Yalobusha | . 1,098 . 305 . 679 . 537 . 718 | 590 155 243 | 886 1 11 | | |
| Total | s, 67. 3.039 72.79 | 27.24 | 20,597 Laj. 14,17 27,01 | | Total Per cent Maj. ov. next Scattering i cast in Panols Total vote, | . 52.00 , 1,370 n 1876, i Connt | 42.30 897, of y for 1 | 2.87 Maj. whi | 7,731 ch 336 | cker. |

MISSISSIPPI.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | 18 | 376. | | 187 | 8. | 187 | 6. |
|---|------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | | | | EAL DILLI | | D | S | baughn- |
| Third District. | Money. | | Chisholm. | Fifth District. | D. | R. | . Hooker. D. | R. |
| Atollo | D. 593 | D. 1.997 | R. 975 | Amite | 291 | | 1,477 | 73 |
| Atalla | 309 | 1,801 | 117 | Copiah | 1,029 | | 2,615 | 1,689 |
| Carroll | 324 | 2,008 | 996 | Covington | 190 | 1 | 623 | 281 |
| Choctaw | | 968 | 155 | Franklin | 246 | 2 | 921 | 438 |
| Grenada | | 1.297 | 625 | Greene | 48 | 8 | 880 | 58 |
| Kemper | | 1,578 | 890 | Hancock | 60 | 71 | 517 | 304 |
| Leflore | 191 | 1,367 | 696 | Harrison | 223 | 33 | 752 | 801 |
| Montgomery | 360 | 1,545 | 415 | Hinds | 524 | | 4,416 | 1,473 |
| Neshoba | 126 | 1,106 | 119 | Jackson | 238 | 40 | 890 | 340 |
| Noxubee | 527 | 1,632 | 1,405 | Lawrence | 362 | 17 | 852 ' | 621 |
| Sunflower | 630 | 523 | 234 | Lincoln | 235 | | 1,280 | 866 |
| Winston | | 1,177 | 287 | Marion | 218 | 5 | 458 182 | 240 11 |
| Sumner | 205 | 989 | 406 | Pearl | ••• | •••• | 839 | 24 |
| m . 1 | 4.00 | 15000 | 0.000 | Perry | 843 | 151 | 1,586 | 862 |
| Total | | 17,953 | 6,320 | Rankin | 557 | 45 | 1,800 | 776 |
| Majority4 | ,020 | 11,633 | | Simpson | 252 | 23 | 790 | 839 |
| Scattering votes, 12 | 00.50 | | | Dimpout | | | | |
| Per cent | 80.12 | | 1,270 | Total | 4,816 | 686 | 19,858 | 8,646 |
| Total vote, 4,040. No opposition car | didata i | n 1979 | ±,210 | Majority | 4,130 | | 11,212 | 0,020 |
| | | | ***** | Per cent | 87.35 | 12.44 | , | |
| Fourth District. | D. | D. | . Hancock. R. | Total vote | | | 28,5 | 04 |
| Clark | 386 | 1,443 | 805 | Sixth District. C | halmers. | Castello | . Chalmers | . Lynch. |
| Holmes | 578 | 2,612 | 1,149 | | D. | R. | D. | R. |
| Jasper | 877 | •::: | • • • • • • | Adams | 718 | 1,208 | 1,684 | 2,265 |
| Jones | 86 | 838 | 18 | Bolivar | 239 | • • • • • • | 1,298 | 2,078 |
| Lauderdale | 290 | 2,039 | 587 | Claiborne | 631 | 82 | | 428 |
| Leake | 439 | 1,474 | 441 | Coahoma | 305 | 2 | | 1,162 |
| Madison | 1,037 | 1,466 1,642 | 10 800 | Issaquena, | 187 | • • • • • | 939 | 909 419 |
| Newton | 369 260 | 1,888 | 49 | Jefferson | 582 | 5 | 1,545 | 419 |
| Scott | 293 | 1,115 | | Quitman | 66 338 | • • • • | 591 | 92 |
| Wayne | 118 | 621 | 464 | Sharkey Tunica | 142 | ····i | | .1,897 |
| Yazoo | 417 | 8,678 | 2 | Warren | 2,069 | ĝ | | 628 |
| - | | | | Washington | 240 | | 2.905 | 1,598 |
| Total | 4,650 | 19,130 | 4,547 | Wilkinson | 1,196 | 118 | | 1,425 |
| Scattering votes, 21 | | 4 | | 1 | | | 45.000 | 43.000 |
| Majority 4,629 | | 14,583 | | Total | 6,663 | 1,870 | 15,788 | 12,386 |
| Per cent | 99.33 | _ | | Scattering votes | | | | |
| Total vote, 4.681. | 3:3-4- 1 | 40000 2 | 3,677 | Majority | | 4× 00 | | |
| No opposition car | ididate i | n 1878. | | Per cent | | 17.00 | 00 | 1774 |
| | | | | Total vote | 0,004 | 1070 | | 174 Total |
| ** | | | | Total vote of vote, 1876, 64,778 | 2 1977 | 07 550 | , 10,001. | 1 Otal |
| | | | | In 1876, Tild | en D | m. r | eceived | 112,178 |
| | | | | votes and Have | a Ron | 59 605 | i votes fo | r Prest- |
| | | | | dent. In 1877, | Stone | Dem. | had 96.3 | 32 votes |
| | | | | for Governor, | there | being | no Rep | ublican |
| | | | | ticket, but 1,165 | scatter | ing vo | tes. | |
| | | | | , | | | | |

MISSOURI.—Representatives in Congress.

| 1. COUNTIES. St. Louis 1st, 2d, | Clardy. D. | hein. R. | baugh. G. | Wester- meyer. S. | 2. COUNTIES. | Wells. | Cole. | Hogan. G. | Hoss- feld. S. |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------|----------------------|
| and 8d wards. | 2,641 | 8,542 | 808 | | St. Louis 4th, | | | | |
| Carondelet Madison | 285 773 | 462 280 | 294 | | 6th, 7th, and 8th wards | 6,216 | 5,640 | 2,316 | 499 |
| Jefferson | 1,719 | 786 | 710 | | St. Louis | 1,453 | 1,768 | 75 | • • • • • |
| Washington | 1,377 | 449 | 852 | | | | | | |
| St. François | 1,575 | 434 | 189 | | Total | 7,669 | 7,403 | 2,391 | 499 |
| Ste. Genevieve | 1,067 | 536 | 117 | <u></u> | Maj. over next Per cent | 266 42 .69 | 41.21 | 13.31 | |
| _Total | 9,437 | 6,489 | 2,476 | 3 1,110 | Total vote | | 17,962 | | |
| Maj. over next | | | | | | | | | |
| Per cent | | 83.25 19.512 | 12.68 | 5.66 | | | | | |

MISSOURI. Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | Frost. | Metcalfe. | | Barthol- | | Waddill | . Burton. Rite | hey. Scat- |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| 3. COUNTIES. | D. | R. | Dillen. | omeus. | 6. COUNTIES. | D. | R. (| tering. |
| | | | | | Greene | 1,456 | 1,484 1,9 |)22 |
| St. Louis 9th, | | | | | Barry | 1,077 | | 304 |
| 10th, 11th, and | R 944 | 4,726 | 0 1 10 | 1 148 | McDonald | 636 1,200 | | 499 210 |
| 12th wards St. Ferdinand | 6,341 | 4,140 | 2,140 | 1,146 | Jasper | 2,285 | 2,096 1,7 | 722 |
| and St. Louis | | | | | Barton. | 530 | 341 7 | 722 |
| townships | 898 | 593 | 73 | •••• | Vernon | 1,579 | | 51 |
| M-4-1 | - coa | F 010 | 010 | 1 140 | St. Clair | 698 | | 061 2 |
| Total | 7,287 1.918 | 5,319 | 2,218 | 1,140 | Bates | 2,811 783 | | 573 528 |
| Per cent | 45.47 | 83.42 | 13.90 | 7.20 | Dade | 767 | | |
| Total vote | | 15,915 | | - | Lawrence | 1,281 | | 306 159 1 |
| | Danie | Witchen | Mass | Cast | Henry | 2,146 | | 363 |
| 4. COUNTIES. | Davis. | Kitchen. | | tering. | Webster | 972 | 482 | 567 |
| | D. | G. | R. | . • | _Total | 17,769 | 11 622 11,0 | 004 3 |
| Ironton Bollinger | 642 996 | 15 472 | 42 | | Maj. over next. | 6,147 | ,,. | |
| Cape Girardeau | 2,153 | 586 | 24 | | Per cent | 43.98 | 28.76 27 | .22 |
| Scott | 718 | 761 | 18 | | Total vote | | 40,398 | |
| Mississippi | 875 | 787 | 820 | •••• | 7. COUNTIES. | Lay. D. | Atherwood. R. | Boyd. G. |
| New Madrid | 838 | 822 | • • • • | •••• | Cole | 1,846 | 835 | 1:35 |
| Pemiscot Dunklin | 609 580 | 189 728 | •••• | i | Miller | 621 | 660 | 426 |
| Stoddard | 497 | 1,296 | 102 | i | Camden | 877 | 322 | 271 |
| Butler | 295 | 556 | 8 | •••• | Hickory | 808 975 | 439 184 | 393 639 |
| Ripley | 486 | 112 | 1 | • • • • • | Polk Dallas | 882 | 484 | 604 |
| Oregon | 602 | 194 | 6 | | La Fayette | 2,919 | 938 | 455 |
| Carter Reynolds | 173 614 | 62 117 | 83 70 | | Johnson | 2,362 | 1,127 | 759 |
| Wayne | 895 | 450 | 59 | | Pettis | 2.332 | 865 | 1,400 |
| Perry | 1,579 | 187 | 75 | | Moniteau Morgan | 1,256 899 | 200 16 | 1,1 77 701 |
| | 10.00 | 0.004 | | | Benton | 7771 | 738 | 333 |
| Total | 12,052 5,218 | 6,834 | 758 | 3 | Cooper | 1,912 | 862 | 1,498 |
| Per cent | 61.34 | 84 78 | 8.85 | | | 10.000 | | |
| Total vote | | 19,647 | | | Total | 16,960 8,150 | 7,170 | 8,810 |
| | D11 | **** | 361 | | Per cent | 51.48 | 21.76 26. | 74 |
| 5. COUNTIES. | Bland. | Ware. | Mings. | tering. | Total vote | | 82,940 | |
| | D. | G. | I. G. | | 8. COUNTIES. | Sawyer. | Crisp. | Jeffers. |
| Phelps Franklin | 1,069 2, 249 | 844 | ··ii | 1 | Com | I. D. 2,339 | D. | G. 264 |
| Crawford | 920 | 1,519 395 | 11 | 26 | Jackson | 5,041 | 1,139 3,581 | 712 |
| Dent | 800 | 103 | ã | | Clay | 529 | 2,701 | 130 |
| Shannon | 457 | 89 | • • • | •••• | Platte | 1,818 | 1,497 | 91 |
| Howell | 611 | 542 | • • • • | • • • • • | (Taka) | 0.700 | 0.017 | 1 007 |
| Ozark Taney | 227 215 | 505 472 | • • • • | • • • • • | Maj. over next. | 9,727 810 | 8,917 | 1,237 |
| Christian | 394 | 524 | 571 | • • • • • | Per cent | 48.95 | 41.87 6 | .17 |
| Douglas | 147 | 700 | 4 | •••• | Total vote | | 19,871 | |
| Stone | 135 | 101 | | •••• | 9. COUNTIES. | Rea. | Ford. | Scattering. |
| Wright | 446 1,081 | 436 541 | 20 | • • • • • | Buchanan | D. 8,194 | g. 8,218 | 2 |
| Texas Laclede | 835 | 1,040 | ···i | • • • • • | Andrew | 1,430 | 1,824 | |
| Pulaski | 780 | 112 | •••• | • • • • • | Holt | 1,194 | 1,084 | 83 |
| Maries | 924 | 149 | | •••• | Atchison | 1.119 | 1.420 | •••- |
| (Total | 11 901 | 0.000 | 60.1 | 27 | Nodaway | 1,738 639 | 2,704 | 1 |
| Total Maj. over next. | 11,291 3,269 | 8,023 | 62) | 21 | Worth Gentry | 1,357 | 757 1,418 | ···i |
| Per cent | 56.56 | 40.19 | 3.10 | | DeKalb | 1,010 | 1,105 | 2 |
| Total vote | | 19,950 | | | Clinton | 1,610 | 1,204 | •••• |
| | | | | | Caldwell | 926 | 1,811 | •••• |
| | | | | | Ray | 2,040 | 1,885 | •••• |
| | | | | | Total | 16,257 | 17,480 | 89 |
| | | | | | Maj. over next. | 1,173 | • | • |
| | | | | | Per cent | 48.20 | 51.68 | • |
| | | | | | Total vote | | 83,726 | |

MISSOURI.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| 10. COUNTIES. | Rothwell | | Pollard. | | | luckner. | Fagg. | Robinson. | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| IV. COUNTIES. | D. | dus. G. | R. | tering. | 12. COUNTIES. | _ | _ | _ | tering. |
| Randolph | . 2,756 | 858 | 636 | | Audrath | D. 1.601 | 6. 1 007 | R. | |
| | | | | •••• | | | 1,093 | | ••• |
| Chariton | . 2,440 | 923 | 1,027 | | Mouroe | 3,768 | 337 | | 6 |
| Linn | . 1,800 | 349 | 1,501 | • • • • | Montgomery | 1,489 | 1,439 | | 1 |
| Sullivan | . 1,588 | 191 | 1,378 | •••• | Pike | 2.500 | 2,793 | | |
| Mercer | . 654 | 773 | 1.081 | | Lincoin | 1,735 | 1,531 | 1 1 2 | |
| Grundy | . 1,042 | 163 | 1.540 | | St. Charles | 2.434 | 141 | 1.928 | |
| Livingston | 1.559 | 1.488 | 746 | | Ralls | 1.467 | 644 | | |
| Daviess | | 449 | 1.326 | i | Warren. | 897 | 214 | | 13 |
| Harrison | 1.137 | 486 | 1,638 | _ | W 411CH | | 0.1 | | • |
| 11411115OH | . 1,101 | 100 | 1,000 | •••• | Tratal 1 | 7 801 | 0 272 | 9 161 | 11 |
| Total | 14 000 | | | | | 5,501 | 8,575 | 2,164 | 11 |
| | | 5,052 | 10,875 | 1 | Maj. over next. | 7,016 | | | |
| Maj. over next. | 3.918 | | | | | 59.52 | 32 92 | | |
| Per cent | 47.15 | 13.12 | 34.68 | | Total vote | | 26,341 | l . | |
| Total vote | | 31,251 | | | į. | | | | |
| 11. COUNTIES. | | lark, Jr. | ٠. | attering. | i | | | | |
| | | D. | - | | REPRESE | NTATI | ES IN | 1876. | |
| Callaway | | 3,830 | | | District. | | | | |
| Boone | • • • • • • • | 4.184 | ` | ` :: | 1. Anthony Ittno | т. В | | | 7.043 |
| Howard | ••••• | 2.33) | | 3 | E. C. Kehr, D | | | | 6,884 |
| Galina | •• •••• | | | • | 2. Nathan Cole, | IP | | | 7.816 |
| Saline | ••••• | 2,912 | | • | Krastus Wells | , n | • • • • • • | | 7.096 |
| Carroll | | 1,965 | | 35 | O T Q Material | , H | • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | 8,001 |
| Osage | · | 998 | | _ 1 | 8. L. S. Metcalfe | , 16 | • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | |
| Gasconade | | 372 | | 113 | R. Graham Fr | ע, אספר, | | • • • • • • | 8,073 |
| | | | | | 4 L. Davis, R | | • • • • • • | | 8,953 |
| Total | | 16,600 | | 183 | R. A. Hatcher | , D | · · • • • • | | 91,880 |
| Per cent | | | | | W. Ballentine | R | | | 1,737 |
| Total vote | | | 16,785 | 2 | 5. J. Q. Thomps | on, R. | | | 11,494 |
| | | | | | Rich, P. Blanc | ł. Ď | | | 14,590 |
| 12. COUNTIES. | Hatch | a. London | . Draper. | Scat- | 6. H. E. Havens, | R | | | 17.857 |
| IL COUNTIES. | D. | G. | R. | tering. | Chas, H. Morg | mn D | | | 18,081 |
| Adair | 726 | 797 | 1.254 | | 7. John H. Stove | aub 1 | | • • • • • • | 15,858 |
| | | | | •••• | TO TO CHANNE | 71, 10. | • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | 18,700 |
| Clark | . 1,556 | 408 | 1,021 | • • • • | T. T. Crittend 8. D. S. Twitche | en ν. | • • • • • | | |
| Marion | . 2,166 | 848 | 536 | *::: | 8. D. S. Twitche | 11 K | • • • • • • | | 7,166 |
| Knox | . 1,165 | 1,142 | 44 | 114 | B. J. Franklin | դ <u>.</u> D | | | 15,330 |
| Lewis | 1,813 | 1,105 | 191 | | 9. Benj. F. Loan | , R | | | 18,848 |
| Macon | 2,095 | 2,187 | 283 | | David Rea, D. | | . | | 15,715 |
| Shelby | 1,249 | 1.198 | 42 | •••• | 10. Har. Pollard, | | | | 16,583 |
| Scotland | 1,156 | 1.159 | 25 | | R. A. DeBolt, | | | | 15,803 |
| Schuyler | . '887 | 821 | 155 | | 11. M. L. DeMott | | | | 9,915 |
| Putnam | . 350 | 873 | 1.028 | - | J. B. Clarke, | | | | 81,671 |
| _ umam | . 500 | 010 | 1,020 | • • • • | 10 T TO W Frame | D | • • • • • • • | | 11,616 |
| m-4-1 | 10.400 | 10 500 | 4 550 | | 12. J. T. K. Hayw | aru, n | • • • • • • | | 16,158 |
| Total | . 12,463 | 10,597 | 4,578 | 117 | John M. Glov | er, "D | • • • • • • • | | 4.715 |
| Maj. over next. | 1,866 | | | | 18. T. B. Robinso | n, ina, | | • • • • • • • | |
| Per cent | . 44.90 | 8 8.18 | 16.49 | | A. H. Buckne | r, D | | | 22,578 |
| Total vote | , | 27,755 | | | 8. Clarkson, I | nd | | | 065 |

The State having been re-districted since 1876, comparison by counties and districts with that year's vote is not possible.

In the St. Louis Districts, S. stands for the Socialist or Labor Party.

The Legislature of 1878-79, stands: Democrats, 128; Republicans, 18; National Greenback Party, 20; Independent. 11—total, 177.

TERRITORY OF MONTANA. - Delegate to Congress.

| | 187 | 8. | 101 | ů. |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------|
| Counties—10. | Maginnis. D. | Orr. Ind. | Maginata | 1.544 |
| Beaverhead | 451 | 174 | 1 140 | 414 |
| Choteau | | .7 | ¥ાનો | 44 |
| Custer (new county) | 312 | 11) | 1 1 | 2.5 |
| Deer Lodge | 1,742 | fissi | 1 249 | 731 |
| Gallatin | 544 | 8.4) | 1 4/4 | 334 |
| efferson | 298 | 214 | 411 | 377 |
| ewis and Clarke | | 667 | 1 731 1 | 217 |
| Madison | | 404 | ' 33 1 | 777 |
| Meagher | | 149 | 1 300 | 444 |
| Missoula | 514 | 19 | \$4.4 | 100 |
| Total | 6.455 | #,,01 | di (13) y | #,600) |
| Majority over next | | | P4, , | |
| Per cent. | 1 20.17 | \$11\$ | 4 <u>56</u> sal | 43.77 |
| Total vote | | History Kill | ad by Good | 71 |

STATE OF NEBRASKA.—Congress and Supreme Court. 1878.

| | Judge of S | up. Court. | Member 4 | 6th Con. | Preside | nt—1876. |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| Counties—62. | Cobb. | Howe. | Valentine | Davis. | Hayes. | Tilden. |
| | R. | D. | R. | D. | R. | D. |
| Adams | 757 | 267 | 778 | 266 | 767 | 204 |
| AntelopeBoone | 165 270 | 139 90 | 166 263 | 134 97 | 206 262 | 65 45 |
| Buffalo | 544 | 204 | 547 | 202 | 491 | 160 |
| Burt | 399 | 515 | 872 | 525 | 674 | 810 |
| Butler | 484 1,061 | 581 994 | 486 989 | 558 1,050 | t83 1,867 | 418 901 |
| Cedar | 131 | 243 | 181 | 240 | 144 | 287 |
| Cheyenne | 189 846 | 282 310 | 193 848 | 272 301 | 108 1,037 | 900 841 |
| Colfax | 454 | 452 | 468 | 440 | 465 | 458 |
| Cuming | 357 22 | 424 86 | 502 22 | 276 44 | 408 | 496 |
| Dakota | 205 | 812 | 215 | 805 | •••• | |
| Dawson | 154 849 | 99 294 | 153 854 | 100 288 | 171 863 | 76 294 |
| Dodge | 936 | 892 | 004 | 200 | 984 | 294 956 |
| Douglas | 1,937 | 2,391 | 2,066 | 2,257 | 2,342 | 2,270 |
| Fillmore | 880 311 | 867 198 | 879 | 376 196 | 839 857 | 251 157 |
| Frontier | P41 | 15 | 88 | 15 | | •••• |
| Furnas | 166 610 | 101 572 | 176 613 | 92 _ 569 | 201 847 | 64 242 |
| Greeley | 75 | 67 | 75 | 67 | 28 | 8 |
| Gosper | 706 | 11 854 | 761 | 11 801 | 23 720 | 9 295 |
| Hamilton | 465 | 362 | 454 | 366 | 637 | 81 |
| Harlan | 897 | 141 | 898 | 137 | 842 | 115 |
| Hitchcock | 20 281 | 21 169 | 20 296 | 21 154 | 16 292 | 10 84 |
| Holt | 71 | 165 | 105 | 130 | 22 | |
| Jefferson | 472 595 | 470 403 | 473 599 | 471 895 | 531 697 | 187 876 |
| Kearney | 267 | 112 | 257 | 119 | 186 | 42 |
| KeithKnox | 11 249 | 58 115 | 278 | 57 86 | 16 216 | 55 50 |
| Lancaster | 1,981 | 837 | 1,872 | 922 | 1,951 | 711 |
| Lincoln | 273 | 254 372 | 283 378 | 246 830 | 251 866 | 239 299 |
| Madison | 866 540 | 272 | 528 | 277 | 564 | 205 |
| Nemaha | 903 | 863 | 880 | 861 | 1,087 | 608 |
| Nuckolis. | 225 1,256 | 176 787 | 285 1,233 | 169 801 | 218 1,256 | 94 1,087 |
| l'awnee | 560 | 324 | 599 | 289 | 751 | 165 |
| Phelps | 176 22 | 115 | 176 47 | 90 | 61 20 | 8 101 |
| Platte | 530 | 528 | 502 | 530 | 514 | 530 |
| Polk | 511 57 | 111 52 | 518 60 | 104 50 | 548 82 | 79 20 |
| Red WillowRichardson | | [1,290 | 1,069 | 1,269 | 1,264 | 1,076 |
| Saline | j 930 | 918 469 | 921 832 | 919 453 | 1,058 891 | 469 421 |
| SarpySaunders | 839 815 | 1,399 | 834 | 1,368 | 1,106 | 464 |
| Seward | 772 | 643 | 769 | 645 | 905 | 825 |
| Sherman Stanton | | 24 172 | 99 137 | 24 150 | 61 126 | 89 181 |
| Thayer | 417 | 215 | 416 | 247 | 828 | 128 |
| Washington | 170 811 | 25 556 | 173 817 | 21 469 | 182 977 | 462 |
| Wayne | 68 | 24 | 66 | 24 | 49 | 18 |
| WebsterYork | 485 612 | 243 832 | 485 624 | 246 329 | 509 504 | 116 298 |
| Total | 28,956 5,765 | 28,191 | 28,841 6,589 | 21,752 | 81,916 14,862 | 17,554 |
| Per cent | 55.52 | 44.07 | 56.57 | 43.42 | 64.51 | 85.48 |
| Total vote | . 52,1 | 58 | 50,2 | 47 | 51, | 306 |

Cooper, Greenback, for President, received 2.386 votes in 1876. The Legislature of 1878-79 stands: Rep., 75; Dem., 17; Nat. Greenback, 22—total, 113.

NEVADA.

| | _ | | | | in Congres | | | |
|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|-------|------------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | or, 1878. | 187 | | 187 | | Presiden | |
| COUNTIES—14. | Kinkead. | | Daggett. | Deal. | Wren. | Ellis. | Hayes. | Tilden |
| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. |
| Churchill | | 74 | 67 | 72 | 29 | 40 | 34 | . 40 |
| Douglass | 257 | 232 | 276 · | 211 | 295 | 200 | 332 | 179 |
| Elko : | 757 | 1,109 | 887 | 971 | 759 | 815 | 763 | 820 |
| Esmeralda | 456 | 535 | 500 | 490 | 353 | 387 | 870 | 87 |
| Eureka | 1,079 | 1.058 | 1,105 | 1.019 | 884 | 655 | 779 | 769 |
| Humboldt | 508 | 455 | 434 | 524 | 387 | 492 | 394 | 500 |
| Lander | 441 | 620 | 449 | 610 | 854 | 399 | 880 | 523 |
| Lincoln | 855 | 429 | 367 | 417 | 364 | 534 | 859 | 898 |
| Lyon | | 207 | 868 | 233 | 500 | 332 | 533 | 305 |
| Nye | | 384 | 805 | 364 | 436 | 425 | 429 | 436 |
| Ormsby | | 400 | 688 | 400 | 818 | 529 | 844 | 500 |
| Storey | | 2.491 | 8,024 | 2,668 | 8,575 | 8,319 | 8.692 | 8,226 |
| Washoe | | 673 | 794 | 618 | 896 | 656 | 906 | 662 |
| White Pine | | 484 | 513 | 450 | 591 | 538 | 568 | 568 |
| Total | 9,678 | 9,151 | 9,727 | 9,047 | 10,241 | 9,330 | 10,383 | 9,306 |
| Majority | 527 | | 680 | • | 911 | • | 1.075 | , |
| Per cent | 51.40 | 43.CO | 51.82 | 48.18 | 52.32 | 47.68 | 52.78 | 47.27 |
| Total vote | 18, | 829 | 18, | 774 | 19, | 571 | 17, | 691 |

The Legislature of 1879 stands: Republicans, 61; Democrats, 14.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.—State Ticket—Governor, Nov., 1878.

| | | Governo | or, 1878. | | Governo | or, 1877. | PRESIDE | President, 1876. | | |
|--|--|--|--------------|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| COUNTIES—10. | Head. R. | McKean. D. | Brown. G. | Scat- tering. | Pres- cott. R. | Marcy. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | | |
| Belknap Carroll Cheshire Coos Grafton Hillsborough Merrimack Rockingham Strafford Sullivan | 1,898 1,786 8,729 1,285 4,285 7,548 5,433 5,997 3,794 2,420 | 2,076 2,423 1,868 4,208 5,156 4,652 4,816 2,619 | 375 486 | 8 7 23 16 3 20 28 24 5 | 2,006 2,017 3,925 1,673 4,677 7,900 5,599 6,376 4,036 2,546 | 2,252 2,553 2,668 2,103 4,852 6,296 5,417 5,429 8,194 1,957 | 2,016 4,162 1,679 4,763 8,190 5,660 6,422 | 2,130 5,091 6,790 5,687 5,576 | | |
| Aggregates Maj. over all | 38,175 391 | 31,135 | 6,507 | 142 | 40,755 | 36,721 | 41,539 | 88,509 | | |
| Maj. over next Per cent Total vote | | | 8.56 ,959 | .18 | 4,034 52.60 77,8 | | | 46.11 048 | | |

In March, 1878, an election for Governor was held, at which B. F. Prescott was chosen for the last annual term (June, 1878-9). The Nov., 1878, election was for the first biennial term of Governor under the new State Constitution. The vote in March, 1878, was—Prescott, Rep., 39,427; McKean, Dem., 36,860; scattering, 576—total, 77,863.

The Legislature elected, Nov., 1878, stands: House, Rep. 168, Dem. 100, Gr. 11, vacancies, 20—total, 299; Senate, Rep. 20, Dem. 4—total, 21. Rep. majority on joint ballot, 73.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.—Representatives in Congress.

| | | Novemb | er, 1878. | | MARCE | r, 1877. |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Counties—10. | Hall. R. | Norris. D. | Ches- ley. G. | Scat- tering. | Mars- ton. R. | Jones. D. |
| 1st District—Belknap | 1,899 1,795 5,991 8,825 | 2,086 4,354 | 416 920 | 27 15 | 1,991 1,990 6,205 3,695 | 2,290 2,579 5,596 8,459 |
| Total | 18,510 158 50.29 | 11,026 41.04 26,862 | 8.49 | 42 .15 | 13,881 49.92 | 13,924 43 50.07 27,805 |
| | Briggs. R. | A. W. Sullo- way. D. | C. A. Sullo- way. G. | Scat- tering. | Briggs. R. | Sullo- way. D. |
| 2d District—Hillsborough | 7,567 5,414 | 5,108 4,752 | 1,348 729 | 9 11 | 7,801 5,406 | 6,443 5,672 |
| Total | 12,981 1,026 52.05 | 9,860 89.54 £4,986 | 2,075 8.82 | .08 | 13,207 1,093 52.15 | 12,114 47 84 25,321 |
| | Farr. R. | Kent. D. | John- son. G. | Scat- tering. | Blair. R. | Kent. D. |
| Bd District—Cheshire | 8,745 1,320 4,307 2,336 | 2,480 2,006 4,266 1,911 | 268 329 722 177 | 38 11 1 58 | 3,900 1,636 4,661 2,483 | 2,758 2,161 4,868 2,041 |
| Total | 11,708 1,045 | 10,663 | 1,496 | 108 | 12,683 855 | 11,828 |
| MajorityPer cent | 48.88 23, | 44.47 975 | 6.23 | .45 | 51.74 | 49.2 5 24,511 |

| | EHE | RI FF S, 187 | 8. | Governor, 1877. | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| Counties-21. | R. | D. | G. | Newell. R. | McClel- lan. D. | Hoxsey G. | Bing- ham. Pro. | |
| Atlantic | 1,825 | 1,086 | 137 | 1,546 | 1,471 | 82 | 20 | |
| Bergen | 3 209 | 3,117 | 121 | 2,387 | 8,540 | 84 | 44 | |
| Burlington | 5,095 | 5,110 | 1,494 | 5.150 | | 99 | 436 | |
| Camden | . 6.040 | 1 4,925 | • • • • • | 5,119 | 4,636 | 383 | 69 | |
| ape May | 764 | 865 | 116 | 832 | 796 | | 18 | |
| Jumberland | 2,720 | 1,696 | 2,452 | 2,803 | 2,802 | 1,297 | 23 | |
| lssex | . 14,827 | 13,750 | 1,632 | 14,712 | 13,626 | 806 | 27 | |
| loucester | 2,403 | 2,272 | 254 | 2,622 | 2,177 | 814 | 76 | |
| ludson | . 14,687 | 10,668 | 1,066 | 9,177 | 14,412 | 159 80 | 41 | |
| lunterdon | . 8,019 5,649 | 8,719 4,208 | 1,033 462 | 2,849 5,715 | 4,638 5,804 | 102 | 78 178 | |
| fercer | 4.940 | 4,534 | 506 | 5,028 | 4.978 | 56 | 57 | |
| fonmouth | 5.663 | 4,671 | 816 | 4.815 | 5,405 | | 131 | |
| forrie | 4,875 | 3,568 | 459 | 4,018 | 4,860 | 43 | 53 | |
| cean | 1,338 | 1.027 | 518 | 1,608 | 1,605 | 84 | 38 | |
| assaic | . 5.114 | 8,518 | 624 | 8,668 | 4,102 | 648 | ĩĩ | |
| alem | 2.664 | 2,635 | 639 | 2,834 | 2,876 | 36 | 45 | |
| omerset | . 2,935 | 2,210 | 269 | 2,612 | 2,595 | 46 | 22 | |
| ussex | . 904 | 2.034 | 2,008 | 1.563 | 8,070 | 20 | 16 | |
| Inion | 4.900 | 4,207 | 740 | 4.509 | | 140 | 85 | |

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NEW JERSEY.—State Ticket. (Continued.)

| | Suzi | riffs, 187 | 78. | Governor, 1877. | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| Counties—21. | R. | D. | G. | Newell. R. | McClel- lan. D. | Hoxsey G. | Bing- ham. Pro. | |
| Warren | 2,839 | 2,726 | 1,354 | 2,032 | 4,443 | 734 | 30 | |
| TotalMaj. over nextPer cent | 94,951 12,375 48.86 | 82,576 42.49 | 16,793 8.60 | | 97,840 12,746 51.64 | | 1,438 | |

¹ Combined Dem. and Green. vote. ² Rep. and Ind. Dem. vote. Scattering votes in 1873: Ind. Rep., 497; Ind. Dem., 187; Prohibition, 1,249.

Summary of total Vote in 1876, 1877, and 1878.

| | R. | D. | G. | Total. | Mai. over next. |
|----------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| 1878—Congress | 90.488 | 80,029 1 | 24.699 2 | 195,882 | 10.459R. |
| 1878 - Sheriffs | 94,951 | 82,576 | 18,728 3 | 196,255 | 12.375R. |
| 1877—Governor | | 97.840 | 6.507 4 | 189.427 | 12.746D. |
| 1876—President | | 115,962 | 714 | 220,236 | 11.688D. |
| 1876—Congress | | 115,168 | 520 | 219,162 | 11.474D. |
| I Including Democratic and | Greenhack | vote in Seco | nd District | | ling 616 Pro- |

Including Democratic and Greenback vote in Second District. Including 616 Prohibition votes. Including 1,249 Prohibition, 497 Independent Republican, and 187 Independent Democratic votes. Including 1,438 Prohibition votes.

| The Legislature of 1879 stands ; Senate | R. 11 28 | D. 9 27 | Ind. D. 1 0 |
|---|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | | _ | |
| | 44 | 36 | 1 |

| | | | | | | | | 44 | 1 1 | 36 | 1 |
|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|--------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | | | R | eprese | ntativ | es in Cop | gress. | | | | |
| | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. | 1 | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
| | Robe- | Strat- | | Sinnick- | | 43.54 | Potts. | | | Veghte. | Clark. |
| 1st Dist. | son. R. | ton. D. | cup. | eon. R. | man. D. | 4th Dist. Hunter'n. | R. 3,056 | D. 8,527 | G. 1, 368 | I. Ď. & I 3.848 | |
| Camden | 6,208 | | 4.036 | 6,513 | 5,262 | Somerset. | 2,876 | 2,233 | 277 | 3,202 | |
| Cape May | | | 204 | 1.053 | 863 | Sussex | 1,512 | | 937 | 2.119 | |
| Cumb'nd. | 2,656 | 1,696 | 2,508 | 3,860 | 3,777 | Warren | 2,408 | | 1,539 | 2,731 | 5,385 |
| Glou'ster. | 2,487 | 1.011 | 2,033 | 2,981 | 2,729 | | | | | | |
| Salem | 2,715 | 2,067 | 1,099 | 2,955 | 2,841 | Total | 9,852 | 11,449 | 4,111 | 11,900 | 17,351 |
| Total | 14 094 | B 915 | 9,890 | 17 989 | 15,472 | Maj. over | | 4 204 | | | P 484 |
| Mai. over | 14,024 | 0,610 | 0,000 | 11,000 | 10,210 | next Per cent | 00.50 | 1,597 | 16.15 | | 5,451 |
| next | 5.044 | | | 1,890 | | To'l vote. | 33.10 | 45.13 | 10.13 | 00.01 | = 1 |
| Per cent. | | 20.05 | 81.86 | 1,000 | | 1 | | 25,412 | | 29,2 | |
| To'l vote. | 40.01 | 80,019 | 01.00 | 82,8 | 24 | 5th Dist. | oorhis, I | Demarest D. | . Potter. G. | Mills. R. | D. |
| 10110. | | 00,010 | | 0.0,0 | ~- | Bergen | 2.594 | | 272 | 3,209 | |
| | Pugh. | Smith. | Baker. | Pugh. | Smith. | Morris | 4.052 | | 995 | | 5.209 |
| 2d Dist. | R. | D. & G. | | R. | D. | Passaic | 4,244 | | 2,001 | 5,579 | |
| Atlantic | 1,600 | | 4 | 1.692 | 1,433 | I decare | | | ~,001 | - 0,0.0 | |
| Burl'gton. | 5,186 | | 280 | 6,397 | 6,460 | Total | 10.893 | 10.029 | 3 268 | 13,882 | 15.034 |
| Mercer | 5,535 | 5,350 | 521 | 6,102 | 6,013 | Maj. over | ,000 | , | -, | , | , |
| Ocean | 1,378 | 1,507 | 13 | 1,824 | 1,579 | next | 804 | | | | 1,153 |
| | | | | | | Percent | | 44.16 | 13.43 | | -, |
| Total | 13,699 | 14,610 | 568 | 16,015 | 15,485 | To'l vote. | | 24,250 | | 28.91 | 16 |
| Maj. over | | | | | | | | Albright. | Rlies. | Peddie. | |
| next | | 911 | | 530 | | 6th Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. |
| Per cent | 47.48 | 56.25 | .19 | | | Essex | 14,771 | 12,832 | 2,106 | 17,565 | 16,041 |
| To'l vote. | | 28,877 | | 81,5 | 00 | Maj. over | • | • | • | • | • |
| | | | | | | next | 1,939 | | | 1,524 | |
| | Clark. | Ross. | Hope. | Atherton | | Per cent | 49.70 | 43.19 | 7.08 | | |
| 8d Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. | To'l vote. | | 29,709 | | 83,60 | |
| Middle'x. | 4,712 | 4,503 | 792 | 5,308 | 5,776 | In 1876 | Willian | n Baxt | er (Gre | en.) rec | ccived |
| Monm'th. | 4,016 | | 1,662 | 4,750 | 6,901 | 520 votes. | | | | | |
| Union | 4,448 | 8,984 | 1,889 | 5,306 | 5,848 | | | | | 1 | Harden- |
| Total | 18.176 | 18.509 | 3.843 | 15,859 | 18,525 | 7th Dist. B | krigham. R. | Laverty. D. | Winant. G. | Stiastny. R. | . bergh. D. |
| Maj. over | , | , | -, | | , | Hudson | 13,199 | 11,234 | 1,424 | 11,891 | 17,260 |
| next | | 333 | | | 8,166 | Maj. over | • | • | • | • | |
| Per cent | 43.17 | 44.61 | 12.56 | | | next | 1,960 | | | | 5,869 |
| To'l vote. | | 80,601 | | 33,88 | | Per cent | | 43.61 | 5.49 | | |
| In 1878 | James | A. Bra | dley (I | ro.) rec | ceived | To'l vote. | | 25,970 | | 28,65 | |
| 78 votes. | | | • | | | In 1878 | C. C. 1 | Burr (I | nd. Gre | een.) re | ceived |
| | | | | | | 113 votes. | | 0 | 000 | L | |
| | | | | | | | Digitiz | ed by 🔽 | 100g | IC | - |

NEW MEXICO.—Delegate in Congress.

| | 18 | 78. | 185 | 76. | 1874. | | |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| Counties-12. | M. S. Otero, R. | Benito Baca. D. | Romero. R. | Valdez. D. | Elkins. R. | Valdez D. | |
| Bernalillo | 1,611 | 606 | 1,096 | 474 | 720 | 297 | |
| Colfax | 121 | 643 | 158 | 441 | 893 | 800 | |
| Doña Anna | 609 | 643 | 826 | 878 | 716 | 2:26 | |
| Grant | 200 | 267 | 155 | 857 | 811 | 851 | |
| Lincoln | 6 | 160 | 141 | 188 | 89 | 179 | |
| Mora | 542 | 1,117 | 365 | 1,082 | 428 | 1,234 | |
| Rio Arriba | 993 | 683 | 963 | 801 | 1,508 | 232 | |
| Santa Ana* | | | | | 366 | 112 | |
| Santa Fé | 822 | 839 | 775 | 649 | 793 | 498 | |
| San Miguel | 1,726 | 2,037 | 1,662 | 1,394 | 625 | 2,828 | |
| Socorro | 781 | 548 | 821 | 472 | 880 | 444 | |
| Taos | 973 | 842 | 1,001 | 715 | 1,093 | 614 | |
| Valencia | 1,295 | 2 | 1,628 | 521 | 759 | 285 | |
| Total | 9,789 | 9,067 | 9,591 | 7,418 | 8,681 | 7,100 | |
| Rep. majority | 673 | | 2,173 | 1 | 1,381 | l | |
| Total vote | 18,806 | | 17,0 | 009 | 15,781 | | |

Legislature, 1878, Republicans 22, Democrats 17, on joint ballot. In 1876, Republicans 27, Democrats 12.

* Attached to Bernallilo.

NEW YORK.-State Ticket.

| Counties-60. | Court | 1878 of App | 8. PEALS JUI | OGE. | SECRET STA | | PRESI | 76. DENT. |
|--------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| | Dan- forth. R. | Brad- ley. D. | Tucker. G. | Van Cott. Pro. | Church- ill. R. | Beach. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. |
| Albany | 12,977 | 10,769 | 5.984 | | 14,173 | 14.580 | 16,462 | 17,649 |
| Alleghany | 4,807 | 2,140 | 1,820 | 35 | 4,557 | 2,489 | 6,739 | 3,741 |
| Broome | 5.466 | 4,010 | | 92 | 4.764 | 3,981 | 6,765 | 5,424 |
| Cattaraugus | 5,556 | 2,521 | 2,553 | 36 | 4.697 | 3,351 | 6,713 | 5,054 |
| Cayuga | 6,398 | 3,063 | 2,102 | 105 | 6,707 | 5,048 | 8,957 | 6,120 |
| Chautauqua | 6,642 | 3,437 | 1,917 | 63 | 7,146 | 4.074 | 10,065 | 5,685 |
| Chemung | 3,235 | 2,656 | 2,881 | - 6 | 2,528 | 2,683 | 4.700 | 5,228 |
| Chenango | 4.075 | 2,500 | 2,788 | 150 | 4,771 | 4,124 | 6,173 | 4.325 |
| Clinton | 4,316 | 3,285 | 560 | 11 | 4,340 | 4,255 | 5,503 | 4.796 |
| Columbia | 5,450 | 4,032 | 459 | - | 4,797 | 5,212 | 5,799 | 6.309 |
| Cortland | 2,838 | 1,479 | 1,113 | 56 | 3,284 | 2,310 | 4.038 | 2,642 |
| Delaware | 4,430 | 2,929 | 1,594 | 175 | 4.734 | 4,290 | 5,867 | 5,272 |
| Dutchess | 8,519 | 6,324 | 398 | 284 | 8,300 | 7,401 | 9,501 | 9,102 |
| Erie | 18,728 | 15,879 | 1,427 | | 18,457 | 15,192 | 20,298 | 19.533 |
| Essex | 3,558 | 2,345 | 474 | i | 3,348 | 2,412 | 4,477 | 2.955 |
| Franklin | 3,552 | 1.876 | 280 | 43 | 3,182 | 2,286 | 4,104 | 2,936 |
| Pulton | 3,574 | 2,472 | 95 | 86 | 3,810 | 3,070 | 3,940 | 3.66 |
| Fulton | 3,694 | 2,511 | 223 | 12 | 3,230 | 2,475 | 4,322 | 3,32 |
| Troops | 2,010 | 2,993 | | 109 | 2,199 | 3,606 | | |
| Freene | 2,010 | | 1,742 | 109 | 364 | 526 | 3,678 | 4,771 |
| Hamilton | | 529 | ***** | **** | | | 322 | 569 |
| Herkimer | 4,643 | 3,110 | 911 | 153 | 4,843 | 4,113 | 5,966 | 5,212 |
| Tefferson | 7,287 | 5,983 | 407 | 153 | 6,977 | 6,032 | 9,227 | 7,094 |
| Kings | 53,957 | 39,338 | 2,632 | 4 | 31,493 | 41,249 | 39.066 | 57,556 |
| ewis | 2,978 | 2,728 | 456 | 6 | 2,860 | 2,787 | 3,610 | 3,708 |
| Livingston | 4,602 | 3,157 | 526 | 50 | 4,448 | 3,835 | 5,267 | 4,24 |
| Madison | 4,864 | 3,259 | 1,393 | 214 | 4,835 | 3,343 | 6,683 | 4,76 |
| Monroe | 10,773 | 7,739 | 3,171 | 15 | 8,466 | 7,305 | 14,738 | 13,127 |
| Montgomery | 3,964 | 3,725 | 366 | 18 | 3,618 | 4,239 | 4,457 | 4,760 |
| New York | 51,702 | 87,716 | 1,988 | | 46,965 | 77,189 | 58,561 | 112,530 |
| Niagara | 4,906 | 4,438 | 363 | 130 | 4,449 | 4,692 | 5,075 | 5,89 |
| Oneida | 10,083 | 8,743 | 3,450 | 471 | 10,165 | 10,125 | 14,019 | 12,844 |
| Onondaga | 11,570 | 5,312 | 3,781 | 93 | 9,539 | 7,103 | 14,867 | 11,16 |

NEW YORK.-State Ticket. (Continued.)

| | Court | 1878 OF APP | Bals Jui | GE. | SECRET. STA | ARY OF | 1876. PRESIDENT. | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| Counties—60. | Dan- forth. R. | Brad- ley. D. | Tucker. G. | Van- cott. Pro. | Church- ill. R. | Beach. D. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. | |
| Ontario | 5.091 | 3.982 | 647 | 105 | 4,690 | 4,415 | 6,334 | 5,52 | |
| range | 7,417 | 6,745 | 761 | 221 | 7,037 | 7,330 | 9,430 | 9,776 | |
| rleans | 3,275 | 1.942 | 345 | 261 | 3,322 | 2,589 | 4.252 | 3.117 | |
|)swego | 6,815 | 3,864 | 8,427 | 162 | 7,637 | 4,943 | 10,228 | 7.41 | |
| tsego | 6,392 | 6.015 | 472 | 277 | 5,500 | 6,055 | 6,809 | 7.02 | |
| utnam | 2,073 | 1.204 | - 1 | - 9 | 1,715 | 1,704 | 1,949 | 1.80 | |
| neens | 4,838 | 6,446 | 687 | 9 | 3,954 | 5,992 | 6,970 | 9,094 | |
| ensselaer | 10,552 | 7,905 | 2,892 | 117 | 8,406 | 10,129 | 12,254 | 12,920 | |
| ichmond | 2,295 | 3,089 | 64 | | 1,886 | 2,711 | 2,883 | 4,338 | |
| ockland | 2,403 | 2,567 | 67 | ***** | 1,793 | 2,952 | 2,349 | | |
| . Lawrence | 8,517 | 2,987 | 203 | 29 | 8,854 | 3,730 | 13,461 | 5,78 | |
| | 6,092 | 3,559 | 1,214 | 8 | 6,410 | 4,928 | 7,488 | 6,497 | |
| ratoga | 2,452 | 2,027 | 788 | . 8 | 2,142 | 2,234 | 2,689 | 2,94 | |
| henectady | | 4.345 | 281 | 23 | 2,697 | 4.184 | 3,549 | | |
| hoharie | 2,811 | 1.2.0 | 648 | 95 | | 1,598 | 2,860 | 2,25 | |
| huyler | 2,051 | 2.726 | 330 | | 2,064 | | 3,076 | 3,61 | |
| neca | 2,769 | | | 8 | 2,458 | 2,951 | | 8,80 | |
| euben | 6,468 | 6,212 | 2,992 | 2 | 7,243 | 6,258 | 9,762 | | |
| ffolk | 4,414 | 4,460 | 119 | 190 | 3,718 | 3,694 | 5,589 | 5,80 | |
| illivan | 1,865 | 2,662 | 1,786 | 4 | 2,130 | 2,903 | 3,262 | 4,405 | |
| oga | 3,804 | 2,105 | 1,619 | 22 | 3,611 | 2,837 | 4,675 | 3,906 | |
| mpkins | 3,549 | 2,586 | 1,379 | 47 | 3,293 | 3,158 | 5,032 | 4,028 | |
| ster | 6.646 | 6,945 | 567 | 27 | 6,736 | 7,915 | 8,914 | 10,636 | |
| arren | 2,203 | 958 | 1,581 | 11 | 2,594 | 2,344 | 3,135 | 2,66 | |
| ashington | 5,470 | 2,508 | 809 | 4 | 5,030 | 3,457 | 7,303 | 4,81 | |
| avne | 4,985 | 3,027 | 1,458 | 46 | 5,215 | 3,873 | 7,081 | 5,199 | |
| estchester | 8.377 | 7,504 | 1,075 | 15 | 7,872 | 9,072 | . 9,574 | 12,050 | |
| yoming | 3,408 | 2,325 | 86 | 26 | 3,005 | 2,009 | 4,123 | 3,26 | |
| ates | 2,679 | 1,518 | 877 | 5 | 2,677 | 1,720 | 3,327 | 2,046 | |
| Total | 391,112 | 356,451 | 75,133 | 4,294 | 371,798 | 383,062 | 489,207 | 521,949 | |
| lajority over next | 34,661 | | | | | 11,264 | | 32,742 | |
| er cent | 47.21 | 43.02 | 9.06 | .53 | 47.26 | 48.64 | 48.17 | 51.89 | |
| Total vote | 211.021 | 828. | | • | 786,6 | | 1,015, | 502 | |

In 1878, 1455 scattering votes were cast. In 1877, 20,282 Workingmens'; 17,250 Prohibition; 1799 Socialist; 997 Greenback, and 1448 scattering. In 1878, Cooper, Gr., had 1987 votes, and Smith, Pro., 2859. The Legislature of 1879 stands:

| Re | p. Dem. | Ind. | Gr. |
|-----------|---------|------|-----|
| Senate 1 | | 1 | |
| House 90 | 3 28 | •• | 2 |
| - | | _ | _ |
| Total 117 | 7 40 | 1 | 2 |

Representatives in Congress.

| | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. | | | 1878. | | 18 | 76. |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|
| 1st Dist . | Otis. R. | Covert. | Crooks. | King. | Covert. D. | PART O | KING | B COU | NTY (BE | OOKLY | n). |
| Suffolk Queens | 4,674 4,713 | 4,221 6,665 | 278 1.032 | 5,449 6.823 | 5,829 10,074 | | O'Reilly | . Litch- field. | Bennett. | Cava- nagh. | Voeder. |
| Richmond | | | 120 | 2.350 | | 2d Dist. Kings Co. | I. D. 13,138 | D. 9,881 | G. 779 | R. | D. 18,400 |
| Total Maj. over | 11,798 | 13,815 | 1,430 | 15,222 | 20,145 | Maj. over | 8,257 | ٠ | | • | 5,075 |
| next Per cent | 43.63 | 2,017 51.08 | 5.29 | 43.40 | 4,923 56.59 | Per cent Total v. | 55.21 | 41.59 28,798 | | 88.82 22,8 | |
| Total v. | | 27,048 | | 85, | 581 | In 1876, 520 scattering votes were cas | | | | | st. |

Smith, Prohib., received 128 votes in 1878, and Reeve, Prohib., 174 votes in 1876.

NEW YORK.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| 1878. 1876. | 1678. 1876. |
|---|--|
| PART KINGS COUNTY (BROOKLYN). | N. Y. CITY.—PARTS OF WARDS 18, 19, AND 21. |
| Chitten- Huntley. Steele. Chitten- Dakin. #d Dist. R. D. I. D. & G. R. D. Kings Co. 16,667 10,017 857 18,110 17,858 Majority. 5.793 252 Per cent 60.51 80.87 8.11 50.01 49.48 Total v. 27.541 In 1876, there were 128 scattering votes. | Potter. O'Brien. Hewitt. Babcock. T. D. A. T. D. R. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. |
| PART OF KINGS COUNTY. | NEW YORK CITY.—PARTS OF WARDS 12, 19, 20, 21, AND 22. |
| 4th Lyon. Blis. Kelly. Hanson. Spitzer. Blis. II. G. R. II. Blis. II. Blis. II. II. G. R. II. Blis. II. Blis. II. II. Blis. II. III. II. III. > Morton, Willia, Morton, Willia, 11th Dist R. T. D. R. D. R. D. Dist 13,013 6,063 12,092 12,519 427</td> | Morton, Willia, Morton, Willia, 11th Dist R. T. D. R. D. R. D. Dist 13,013 6,063 12,092 12,519 427 |
| NEW YORK CITY.—WARDS 1-6, 8, AND 14. | A. Cobb. N. Bran- Potter. |
| Muller. Bourkc. Muller. Kerrigan. 5th Dist. T. D. A. T. D. T. D. Ind. | Smith. Smith. dreth. 12th Dist. R. D. G. R. D. Westches- |
| 5th Dist. T. D. A. T. D. T. D. Ind. 9,509 8,197 15,259 4,775 Majority 1,312 10.504 | ter 11,838 9,082 2,421 11,160 16,078 Maj. over |
| Per cent 53.70 46.29 76.24 83.75 Total vote 17,706 20,286 In 1876, scattering, 272. | next 2,256 4,918 Per cent 49 G3 39.75 10.59 40.97 59.64 Total v. 22,841 27,238 |
| NEW YORK CITY.—WARDS 7, 11, AND 13. Cor. De Vries. Cor. Duganne. T. D. A. T. D. D. R. 10,901 6,497 17,098 41 | Ketcham. Baker. Doty. Ketcham. Davics. 1 'th Dist. R. D. G. R. D. Columbia. 5.886 3,747 334 6,173 5,964 Dutchess. 10,189 4,838 446 10,096 8,372 Putnam. 2,165 1,113 12 1,956 1,777 |
| 10,901 6,497 17.098 41 Majority 4,404 16,1:6 Per cent 61.50 38.49 94.95 Total vote 17,398 18,006 In 1876, scattering, 867. | Total 18,240 9,698 792 18,225 16,113 Maj. over next 8,542 2.76 53.07 46.92 Total v. 28,780 34,338 |
| NEW YORK CITY.—WARDS 10 AND 17. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Ein- Eickhoff. Groom. Eickhoff. 1th Dis. R. T. D. T. D. R. T. D. | In 1878, Potter, Prohib., had 241 votes, and Davies, Ind. Dem., 39. In 1876, Deney, Prohib., had 233 votes. Ferdon. Beebe. Voorhis. Sweet. Beebe. 14th Dist. R. D. G. R. D. Orange 7,332 6,400 2,237 9,333 9,800 Rockland. 2,570 2,182 427 2,338 3,483 |
| N. Y. CITY.—WARDS 15, 16, AND PART OF 18. | Sullivau 1,959 2,751 1,597 2,996 4,450 |
| McCook. Jerome. McCook. Ward. R. T. D. R. D. L. D. R | Total 11,861 11,323 3,261 14,667 17,732 Maj, over next 588 2,603 Per cent 44.85 42.81 12.83 45.26 54.70 Total v. 26,445 32,399 |
| Per cent | Nichols. Louns-Erkson. Tremper. May- bery. han. 15th Dist. R. D. G. R. D. |
| N. Y. CITY.—PARTS OF WARDS 12, 20, AND 22. | Greenc 2,187 2,811 1,839 3,715 4,713 Schoharie 2,733 4,019 757 8,465 5,399 Ulster 6,571 6,850 935 9,086 10,386 |
| Berryman, Wood, Hardy, Da Wood, Cucha. 9th Dist. R. T. D. A. T. D. R. D. | Total 11,441 13,680 8,524 16,267 20,498 |
| 5.584 6,980 6,122 8,217 14.280 Majority 858 6,063 Per cent. 29.19 37.45 32.85 36.52 63.47 Total v. 18,636 22,987 In 1876, scattering, 490. | Maj. over next |

NEW YORK-Representatives in Congress. (Continued).

| | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. | | | 1878. | | 18 | 76. |
| | Bailey. | Woods. | Hilton. | Harris. | Quinn. | | Miller | . Brown. | Lewis | Barley | Smith |
| 16th Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. | 22d Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | Smith. |
| Albany | 12,199 | 12,004 | 5,455 | 16,596 | 17,497 | Herkimer. | 4,726 | 2,997 | 987 583 | 5,818 | |
| Maj. over | 195 | | | | | Jefferson. Lewis | 7,105 3,024 | | 532 | 9,289 3,561 | 6,979 8,782 |
| Per cent | 41.18 | | 18.39 | 48.09 | 51.32 | 10000 | 0,044 | ~,077 | | | 0,100 |
| Total v. | | 29,658 | | 84,0 | 98 | Total | 14,855 | 11,648 | 2,102 | 18,668 | 15,995 |
| | **** | D-44 | w | m | D | Maj. over | | | | | |
| | Wood. | Patter- | Fergu- | Town- send. | Par- menter. | next Per cent | 3,207 51.93 | | 7.84 | KO UK | 46.14 |
| _17th Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. | Total v. | 51.56 | 28,894 | | 34.8 | |
| Renseclaer | 10,462 | 7,392 | 3,067 | 12,467 | 12,606 | Gray, Pr | ohib | receive | d 289 v | | |
| Washing- ton | 5,653 | 2,400 | 811 | 7,222 | 4,842 | In 1876, | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Prescott. | Spriggs. | Mitchel | l. Bacon. R. | Lord. |
| Total | 16,115 | 9,792 | 3,878 | 19,689 | 17,448 | 93d Dist. Oneida | | 8,730 | | R. 13,779 | |
| Maj. over | | | | | | Maj. over | 9,106 | 0,100 | 0,101 | 10,110 | 10,009 |
| Per cent | 6,323 | 32.87 | 18.01 | E9 01 | 46.98 | _next | 1.032 | | | | |
| Total v. | 54.10 | 29,785 | 10.01 | 87,1 | | Per cent | 48.81 | 89 18 | 16.99 | | 48.67 |
| 20001 11 | | 40,100 | | 0.,1 | | Total v. | L /L | 22,730 | -3 454 | 26,8 | |
| Ha | | Ross. M | cDonald. | | | Mears, P | | | | | |
| 18th Dist. Clinton | R. 4,439 | D. 8,183 | G. 631 | R. 5,630 | D. 4,611 | 24th Dist. | Mason. R. | Duffy. G. & D. | Pro. | Baker. R. | Bond. D. |
| Essex | 8,978 | 1,692 | 728 | 4,442 | 2,967 | Madison | 4,671 | 4,664 | 280 | 6,661 | 3,994 |
| Warren | 2,233 | 890 | 1,646 | 8,103 | 2,668 | Oswego | 7,372 | 6,643 | 148 | 9,894 | 7,804 |
| Total | 10 650 | 5,765 | 3,005 | 18,177 | 10 948 | Total | 12.043 | 11.807 | 428 | 16,553 | 11.798 |
| Maj. over | • | 0,100 | 0,000 | 20,211 | 10,010 | Maj. over | 786 | , | | , | , |
| next Per cent | 4,885 54.84 | 29.68 | 15.47 | KR OK | 43.74 | Per cent | 50.64 | 47.55 | 1.79 | 68.89 | 41.61 |
| Total v. | J2.02 | 19,420 | 10.41 | 23,4 | | Total v. | 00.01 | 23,778 | 2 | 28,9 | |
| 20122 11 | | 20,200 | | , _ | | In 1876, | C. T. | Richard | lson, F | | |
| 19th Dist. | J | ames. H | asbrouck. D. | James. N R. | lagone. D. | votes. | Ttk | Wiston | C+++ | Lilanah | Docto |
| Franklin | | 8,620 | 1,970 | 4,070 | 2,957 | 25th Dist. | R. | G. & D. | Pro. | . Hiscock R. | D. |
| St. Lawrence | ce | 8,513 | 3,086 | 13,205 | 5,799 | Cortland | 2,868 | 2,562 | 84 | 3,957 | 2,629 |
| | | | | | | Onondaga | 11,786 | 8,612 | 280 | 14,468 | 11,105 |
| Total Maj. over n | | 7,077 | 5,056 | 17,275 | 8,756 | Total | 14 500 | 11 174 | 814 | 18,425 | 18 894 |
| Per cent | CAL | 70 58 | 20 41 | 66.86 | 33.63 | Maj. over | 17,000 | 11,112 | 0.1 | 20,200 | 10,001 |
| Total vot | | 17,1 | | 26,0 | | next | 3,425 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Per cent. | 55.96 | 42.83 | 1.20 | 57.11 | |
| 20th Dist. | Starin.T | hompson 1). | .Wendell G. | . Starin. : R. | Decker. D. | Total v. In 1876, s | | 26,087 | | 32,4 | 10 |
| Fulton | 3,873 | 2,189 | 114 | 3,898 | 8,674 | 111 1010, 5 | | | | 7. Camp. | Van |
| Hamilton. | 380 | 465 | 7 | 822 | 563 | | | | _ | - | Auken. |
| Montgo- | 4,588 | 2,972 | 584 | 4,774 | 4,417 | 96th Dist. | R. 6,310 | D. 819 | G. 4,429 | R. 8,897 | D. 6,111 |
| mery Saratoga | 6,225 | 8,451 | 1,169 | 7,430 | 6,515 | Cayuga Seneca | 2,829 | 132 | 2,880 | 8,102 | 3,654 |
| Schenec- | | 0, 202 | -, | ., | 0,010 | Wayne | 5,216 | 657 | 8,667 | 7,127 | 5,114 |
| tady | 2,675 | 1,801 | 761 | 2,718 | 2,920 | | | 1 000 | 10.000 | | |
| Total | 17 796 | 10 979 | 2,585 | 19,142 | 19 090 | Total Maj. over | 14,800 | 1,638 | 10,976 | 19,036 | 14,879 |
| Maj. over | 11,100 | 10,010 | 2,000 | 10,14.0 | 10,000 | next | 8.879 | | | | |
| next | 6,858 | | | | | Per cent. | 53.22 | 6.07 | 40.69 | 56.12 | 43.87 |
| Per cent | 56.84 | | 8.25 | 51.41 | | Total v. | | 27,070 | | 84,0 | |
| Total v. | | 81,283 | horio | 87,2 74 vot | | Osborne, 1878. | Prom | b., rec | eivea | ios voi | es in |
| Bronson, 1878. | From | b., rec | erveu | 14 100 | .CB 111 | In 1876, s | catteri | nø. | | | |
| V | Vilber. | Scoffeld. | Cone. B | undy. Ma | atteson. | | | | . Howell | . Lapham | . Com- |
| elst Dist. Chenango | R. 4,804 | D. 2,345 | G. 2,782 | R. 6,158 | D. 4,768 | | - | - | Pro. | R. | D. |
| Delaware. | 4,375 | 2,489 | 2,257 | 5,844 | 5,282 | 27th Dist. Livingeton | R. 4.472 | G. & D. 8,795 | 23 | 5,232 | 4.256 |
| Otsego | 6,698 | 5,846 | 978 | 6,823 | 7,006 | Ontario | 5,107 | 4,541 | | 6.257 | 5,482 |
| | | | 0.017 | 14 005 | | Yates | 2,686 | 1,896 | • • • • | 3,237 | 2,114 |
| Total 1 Maj. over | 5,877 | 10,180 | 6,017 | 18,825 | 17,006 | Total | 10 ORF | 10 999 | 23 | 14,726 | 11 839 |
| next | 5,197 | | | | | Maj. over | , | 10,404 | ~ | , | ,000 |
| Per cent | 48.70 | 82.24 | 19.05 | 52.45 | | next | 2,033 | | | | |
| Total v. | | 81,888 | | 26.17 | | Per cent | 54.46 | 45,43 | .10 | 55 40 | |
| Jarvie, Pr | onib., | receive | ea 314 v | otes in | 1878. | Total v. | | 22,120 | Junt-12 ' | 26,67 | |
| In 1876, so | atten | пК, 294 | • | | l | In 1876, £ | icre w | ere vi 1 | -ronibi | HOD VOI | CF. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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NEW YORK.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | | | 1876. | | | | 1878. |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|----------|-----------|
| | Dwight | . Howe | . Mudge | . Dwight. | Jones. | 1 | Crowley | . Davis. |
| 28th Dist. | R. | G. & D | | R. | D. | 81st Dist. | R. | D. |
| Broome | 5,469 | | .4 | 6,467 | 5,3:2 | Genesee | | |
| Schuyler | | | | 2,782 | 2.307 | | | 4.026 |
| Tioga | 8,886 | | | 4,621 | 3,923 | Niagara | 9 460 | |
| Tompkins | 8,850 | 2,839 | 655 | 4,939 | 4,100 | Wyoming | 8,468 | 2,808 |
| Total | 15,568 | 11,161 | 1,871 | 18,839 | 15,662 | Total | | 8,713 |
| Maj. over | | | • | • | • | Maj. over | | |
| next | 4,407 | | | | | _ next | | |
| Per cent | 54.43 | 89.02 | 6.54 | 54.60 | 45.39 | Per cent | 57.46 | 89.96 |
| Total v. | | 28,750 | | 84.5 | 01 | Total v. | | 22,064 |
| Hibbard. | Labor | r Com | munist. | receive | ed 150 | _ | | |
| votes in 18 | | | | , | | Grosven | or, Pro | hib., rec |
| In 1876, 2 | | hibitio | n votes | were c | ast. | 1878. | | |
| | | | | | | In 1876, | Flagle | r, Ind. T |
| | | - Babcocl | | Hunger- | | votes, and | | |
| | son. | _ | mont. | ford. | idge. | | _ | - |
| 29th Dist. | R. | D. | G. | R. | D. | 1 | Pierce. | |
| Allegany. | | 2,779 | 1,729 | 6,584 | | 32d Dist. | R. | wood. |
| Chemung. | | 2,427 | 8,067 | 4,703 | 5.247 | Erie | 18,998 | D. |
| Steuben | 6,648 | 5,755 | 8,878 | 9,800 | 8,725 | | 10,000 | 10,100 |
| PT - 4 - 3 | 14.00 | 10.001 | ~ 484 | 04.00** | 44 000 | Maj. over | 2,893 | |
| Total | 14,827 | 10,961 | 8,174 | 21,087 | 17,978 | next Per cent | | 44.39 |
| Maj. over | | | | | | | | |
| _next | 3,36 6 | | | | | Total v. | | 86,276 |
| Per cent. | | | 24.42 | | 46.01 | ł | Van | Morris, V |
| Total v. | | 88,462 | | 89,0 | 60 | | Aernam. | MOTTIS. 1 |
| | | | _ | _ | | 33d Dist. | k. | D. |
| 80th Dist. | R. | G. & D. | n. Brown G. | . Davy. R. | Hart. D. | Cattarau- | | |
| Orleans | | 1,712 | | 8,617 | | gus | 5,442 | 2,481 |
| Monroe | | 8,6.5 | | 18,521 | | Chatauqua | 5,922 | 4.301 |
| MOMOC | <i>5</i> , 400 | 0,0.0 | æ,002 | 10,021 | 12,112 | • | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total | 19 000 | 10 987 | 9.780 | 17,188 | 17 707 | Total | 11.364 | 6,782 |
| Maj. over | 12,000 | 10,001 | 2,100 | 11,100 | 11,101 | Mai. over | • | |
| next | 1.651 | | | | | next | 4.632 | |
| Per cent | | 41.22 | 10.00 | 49.05 | KA 04 | Per cent | | 29.54 |
| Total v. | \$1.19 | 27,592 | 10.80 | 35,1 | | Total v. | | 22,784 |
| | | | hih m | | | | | |
| In 1878, | порки | us, Pro | шо., г | eccivea | 1,201 | T 46-00 | | |

8,319 5,785 2:20 8.527 4,122 8 269 4,217 В 70 3,203 559 11,866 12,250 49.20 50.79 2.56 26,766 received 265 votes in . Rep., received 2,527 Pro., 128 votes. Grote. Spauld- Lock-1,178 19,716 20,125 8.23 49.48 50.51 89,841 s. Vinton. Patter-

1876.

dict.

Miller, Hoskins, Bene-

land. D. a. 2,703 6,737 5,117 10,173 5,484 1 1,985 4,688 16,910 10,501 61 69 88.30 20.57 27,510

In 1876, scattering, 99 votes.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Representatives in Congress.

| | | 1878. | 1876. | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--------|--|
| | Yeates. | Martin. | Yeates. | Lindsay. | | |
| _1st Dist. | D. | R. | I. R. | D. | R. | |
| Beaufort | 1,397 | 1,129 | 178 | 1,708 | | |
| Bertie | 988 | 1,499 | 1 | 1,156 | 1,626 | |
| Camden | 567 | 417 | 8 | 682 | 544 | |
| Chowan | 601 | 797 | 1 | 641 | 792 | |
| Currituck. | 635 | 289 | 1 | 968 | 891 | |
| Dare | 112 | 181 | 10 | *808 | 210 | |
| Gates | 751 | 449 | 2 | 945 | 511 | |
| Hertford | 905 | 1,029 | | 998 | 1,086 | |
| Hyde | 554 | 406 | 104 | 944 | 646 | |
| Martin | 1,275 | 1,166 | 1 | 1,883 | 1,182 | |
| Pamlico | 428 | 332 | 51 | 738 | | |
| Pasquo- | | | | | | |
| tank | 428 | 749 | 2 | 843 | 1,184 | |
| Perqui- | | | | | -, | |
| mans | 706 | 864 | | 833 | 992 | |
| Pitt | 1,935 | 1,806 | ····ė | 2,136 | 1,898 | |
| Tyrrell | 332 | 240 | ž | 585 | 249 | |
| Washing- | | | - | | | |
| ton | 480 | 832 | 61 | 698 | 991 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Total | 12,084 | 12,135 | 430 | 15,466 | 14,278 | |
| Maj. over | , | , | | , | ,,- | |
| next | | 51 | | 1,188 | | |
| Per cent | 49.02 | | 1.74 | -,0 | | |
| Total v. | | 24,649 | | 29,748 | 1 | |
| | | | | , | | |

votes in Orleans County, and 1,206 in Mon-

In 1876, 169 Prohibition votes were cast.

roe; total, 2,467.

| | | 1878. | | 1876. | | | |
|------------|----------|---------|---------|--------|----------|--|--|
| | litchin. | O'Hara. | Harris. | Green. | Brogden, | | |
| 2d Dist. | D. | R. | R. | D. | R. | | |
| Craven | 765 | 1,883 | 284 | 1,235 | 2,861 | | |
| Edgecombe | 805 | 1.802 | 26 | 245 | 3,855 | | |
| Greene | 842 | 930 | 16 | 885 | | | |
| Halifax | 1,119 | 1,348 | 709 | 1,616 | | | |
| Jones | 584 | 548 | 114 | 585 | 800 | | |
| Lenoir | 1,164 | 702 | 70 | 1,190 | | | |
| Mosthern | 1,102 | 100 | 10 | 1,130 | 1,203 | | |
| Northamp- | | 4 000 | - | 040 | 1 000 | | |
| _ton | 831 | 1,883 | 227 | 860 | | | |
| Warren | 926 | 757 | 867 | 1,902 | | | |
| Wayne | 2,244 | 242 | 1,353 | 2,229 | | | |
| Wilson | 1,424 | 637 | 812 | 1,727 | 1,192 | | |
| Total | 10.704 | 9,682 | 8,948 | 11.874 | 21,060 | | |
| Maj. over | , | 0,000 | 0,0-0 | ,01- | A-,000 | | |
| next | 1.022 | | | | 9,186 | | |
| Per cent | 43.84 | 39.76 | 16.22 | | 0,100 | | |
| | 20.02 | 04.004 | 10.22 | 99 004 | | | |
| Total v. | - | 24,334 | | 82,934 | | | |
| J. William | ns Th | orne, (| reenb | | ccived | | |

584 votes, all in Warren. There were 28 votes scattering.

In Edgecombe, the canvassers threw out, as irregular, returns giving O'Hars, R., 1968 votes, Harris, R., 357, and Kitchin, D., 3

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NORTH CAROLINA.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1879. | | | 76. | | 1878. | | 1876. | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Waddell. | Russell. W G. & R. 1,295 | addell. C | anaday. | | | i. Brower. | | Dula. |
| Rd. Dist. Bladen | D. | G. & R. | ມ. 1 950 | R. | 7th DIST. Alexander | D. 209 | G. R. 58 | D. 807 | к. 237 |
| Brunswick | 433 | 697 | 994 | 1,052 | Alleghany | 208 | 122 | 516 | 188 |
| Carteret | | 476 | 1.109 | 711 | Ashe | No re | | 1,083 | 811 |
| Columbus | . 1,052 | 765 | 1,412 | 766 | Davie | 257 | 187 | 1,018 | 697 |
| Cumberland. | . 1,325 | 1,538 | 2,183 | 2,129 | Forsyth | 806 | 629 | 1,490 | 1,486 |
| Duplin | . 1,494 | 858 | 2,144 | 1,266 | Iredell | 873 | 271 | 2,354 | 1,207 |
| Moore | | 438 397 | 1,037 1,328 | 741 1,200 | Rowan | 573 543 | 336 779 | 2,169 1,360 | 1,201 979 |
| New Hanove | | 2,411 | 1,554 | 8,045 | Watauga | 166 | 45 | 699 | 236 |
| Onslow | 451 | 408 | 1,229 | 543 | Wilkes | 648 | 666 | 1,328 | 1,484 |
| Pender | . 716 | 1,160 | 1,151 | 1,264 | Yadkin | 475 | 507 | 900 | 1,073 |
| Sampson | . 1,400 | 1,168 | 2,023 | 1,665 | M-4-1 | 4 550 | | 10.004 | 0.540 |
| Total | 10.730 | 11,611 | 17,524 | 15,796 | Total | 4,758 | 8,630 | 13,724 | 9,549 |
| Maj. over nex | 10,100 rt | 881 | 1,728 | 10,100 | Scattering, 126 Maj. over next | 1 108 | | 4,175 | |
| Per cent | 47.99 | 51.92 | -,,,,, | | Per cent | 56.56 | 43.43 | 2,2.0 | |
| Total vote. | . 22, | | 83,8 | 20 | Total vote | 8,59 | | 23,273 | |
| | | | | | | = | | | |
| 4th Dist. | D. I | rner. Jones . R. – R. | D, | Young. R. | 8th Dist. | | vance. D. | Vance. H: D. | unpton. R. |
| Chatham. 1 | ,348 1 | 90 458 | 2.140 | 1,854 | Buncombe | | 288 | 2.038 | 1,032 |
| | ,961 5 | 76 718 | 1,873 | 1.910 | Burke | I | Vo ret'ns | . 1,222 | 889 |
| Granville. 1 | ,911 2,5 | 64 3 59 | 2,208 | 2,368 1,702 | Caldwell | | 206 | 1,140 | 196 |
| Johnston. 1 Nash 1 | | 27 414 | 2,179 1,694 | 1,337 | Cherokee & Gr | | 165 89 | 667 324 | 474 141 |
| Orange 1 | ,528 1,3 | 78 51 | 2,409 | 1,651 | Clay | | 451 | 1,716 | 817 |
| | 576 2,4 | 27 872 | 4,830 | 4,407 | Haywood | | 155 | 1,013 | 331 |
| | | | 40.000 | | Henderson | | 148 | 741 | 716 |
| Total 11 | ,864 8,3 | 53 2,911 | 16,832 | 15,229 | Jackson | • • • • • | 116 | 553 | 231 |
| Maj. over | 3.511 | | 1,603 | | Macon Madison | ••••• | 178 To pot'ng | 684 927 | 215 669 |
| | 51.29 86. | 12 12.57 | 1,000 | | McDowell | | 146 | 559 | 636 |
| Total v. | 23,2 | | 81,6 | 061 | Mitchell | | 145 | 962 | 423 |
| | - | | | | Polk | | 83 | 421 | 283 |
| 5th Diet. | Scales. D. | Tourgee. R. | Scales. D. | Boyd. | Rutherford | | 838 | 1,299 | 1,018 |
| Alamance | | 785 | 1,846 | R. 1.147 | Swain | ••••• | 61 97 | 377 449 | 19 186 |
| Caswell | | 1,413 | 1,467 | 1,598 | Transylvania Yancey | | 183 | 776 | 219 |
| ·Davidson | . 1,003 | 731 | 1,812 | 1,696 | Tancey | • • • • • • • | 1.,, | | ~10 |
| Guilford | 1,807 | 1,226 | 2,352 | 1,864 | Total | | 2,894 | 15,868 | 7,493 |
| Person Randolph | 974 | 847 1,050 | 1,193 1,788 | 978 1,475 | No opposition | candi- | | | |
| Rockingham | 1.650 | 1,200 | 2,125 | 1,385 | date. | | | | |
| Stokes | 1.006 | 428 | 1,186 | 858 | Scattering, 96. | | | 0 9~4 | |
| | | | | | Majority Per cent | • • • • • • • | 93.78 | 8,373 | |
| Total | . 10,826 | 7,680 | 13,264 | 11,001 | Total vote | | 2,990 | 23,361 | |
| Scattering, 4 Maj. over ne | -+ 9 8/8 | | 2,263 | | } | | • | | |
| Per cent | 57.33 | 42.64 | 2,200 | | No oppositio | n candi | date in ti | ne 8th D | istrict |
| - Total vote. | 18,0 | | 24,2 | 33 | in 1878. | 1070 100 | 100.10 | 72 00 8 4 | 07 |
| | | | - | | Total vote : | 1010, 12 | ,100; 10 | 10, 220,4 | |
| 6th Dist. | Steele. D. | Covington. | Steele. D. | Jordan. R. | The Legislat | nre of 1 | 979_70 at | · phra | |
| Auson | 528 | | 1,578 | 1,099 | I IIC LOGISIAL | | | | T-1-+ |
| Cabarrus | 286 | i | 1,617 | 898 | 1 | Senate | . Hot | | Joint Ballot. |
| Catawba | 484 | •••• | 1,840 | 249 | D | 97 | 0 | | |
| Gaston | 263 261 | •••• | 1,215 1,139 | 544 815 | Democrats | 85 15 | 8 | | 119 51 |
| Lincoln Mecklenburg | | ···i | 8,390 | 2,611 | Republicans | 10 | 0 | u | OI |
| Montgomery | | 19 | 645 | 678 | | | | | |
| Richmond | 639 | 237 | 1.326 | 1,417 | 1 | | | | |
| Robeson | 888 | | 2,110 | 1,713 | i | | | | |
| Stanly | 235 | • • • • | 914 | 847 | I | | | | |
| Union | 280 | •••• | 1,482 | 412 | 1 | | | | |

Total..... 4,908
Scattering, 162
Maj. over next
Per cent.... 96.74
Total vote. 5,

258

27,589

5,328

STATE OF OHIO-State Ticket.

| | Secre | tary of | State, | 1878. | | Gove | ernor, | 1877. | | Pres't, 1876. | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| Counties, 88. | Barnes R. | Paige. | Ray. G. | Robin- son. P. | West. R. | Bis- hop. D. | Bond. W. | Thomp. | John- son. N. | Hayes R. | Til- den. D. | |
| | - | | - | - | | - | | | 33.5 | | | |
| Adams | 2,349 | 2,549 | 7 | 9 | 1,862 | 2,221 | | 24 | | 2,141 | 2,54 | |
| Allen | 1,871 | 2,857 | 230 | 4 | 1,956 | 3,048 | | 13 | 150 | 2,481 | 3,518 | |
| Ashland Ashtabula | 2,335 4,984 | 2,838 1,518 | 359 | 197 | 2,121 5,151 | 2,824 1,930 | | 88 | 63 | 2,387 | 3,02 | |
| Athens | 2,687 | 1,731 | 447 | 327 | 2,568 | 2,051 | | 145 | 15 | 6,771 $3,413$ | 2,193 | |
| Auglaize | 1,028 | 2,416 | 185 | | 1.121 | 2,312 | 7 | | 3 | 1,521 | 3,560 | |
| Belmont | 3,953 | 4,218 | 689 | 8 | 4,055 | 4,632 | | 61 | 258 | 4,976 | 5,024 | |
| Brown | 2,228 | 3,835 | 187 | | 2,211 | 3,359 | | 19 | 13 | 2,956 | 4,068 | |
| Butler | 2,737 | 5,027 | 52 | 17 | 2,581 1,888 | 4,997 | 338 | 20 | 4 | 3,351 | 60,29 | |
| champaign | 1,904 3,282 | 1,354 2,425 | 98 57 | 5 119 | 3,279 | 1.465 2,582 | ·····i | 10 31 | 8 12 | 2,060 3,528 | $\frac{1,554}{2,872}$ | |
| Clarke | 4,142 | 2,857 | 244 | 500 | 3,351 | 2,785 | 4 | 290 | 210 | 5,136 | 3,536 | |
| Clermont | 2 932 | 3,725 | 1,029 | 1 | 3.043 | 3,859 | 2 | 12 | 268 | 3,848 | 4,315 | |
| Clinton | 3,103 | 1,927 | 1 | 71 | 2,766 | 1,709 | | 88 | 18 | 3,500 | 2,048 | |
| Columbiana | 4,395 | 2,976 | 868 | 16 | 4,255 | 3,441 | | 12 | 545 | 5,417 | 4,000 | |
| Coshocton | 2,338 | 2,877 | 108 | 20 | 2,228 | 2,886 | | 3 | 15 | 2,518 | 3,312 | |
| rawford | 1,924 12,849 | 3,489 8,111 | 258 5,743 | 113 685 | 1,581 $11,634$ | 3,498 $10,644$ | 1,519 | 88 83 | 1,567 | 2,312 18,198 | 4,365 14,425 | |
| Cuyahoga Darke | 2,980 | 4.202 | 254 | 20 | 2,612 | 3,947 | 1,013 | 39 | 211 | 3,577 | 4,667 | |
| Defiance | 1,077 | 2,149 | 285 | | 1,017 | 2,095 | | | 455 | 1,520 | 2,888 | |
| Delaware | 2,832 | 2,585 | 78 | 352 | 2,383 | 2,501 | | 291 | 20 | 3,237 | 2,809 | |
| Crie | 2,600 | 2.558 | 524 | 11 | 2,424 | 2,486 | | 23 | 377 | 3,158 | 3,112 | |
| fairfield | 2,557 | 4,365 | | 9 | 2,417 | 4,161 | 12 | 60 | | 2,770 | 4.597 | |
| ayette | 2,330 | 1,936 | 63 | 143 | 1,992 | 1,726 | 10 | 0=1 | 6 | 2,436 7,557 | 1,874 | |
| ranklin | 6,555 $2,013$ | 8,371 1,299 | 1,142 582 | 17 | 5,028 1,600 | 7,804 1,156 | 16 | 251 11 | 694 387 | 2,697 | 9,383 1,597 | |
| Fallia | 2.801 | 2,251 | 4 | 10 | 2,586 | 1,997 | 7 | 18 | 901 | 3,202 | 2,302 | |
| deauga | 2,235 | 492 | 190 | 36 | 2,256 | 714 | | 6 | 13 | 3,004 | 803 | |
| reene | 3,380 | 1,886 | 37 | 89 | 3,031 | 2,003 | 216 | 162 | | 4,488 | 2,494 | |
| duernsey | 2,843 | 2,320 | 118 | 25 | 2,701 | 2,341 | 1 | 64 | 12 | 3,106 28,869 | 2,460 | |
| Iamilton | 25,622 | 24,458 | 503 | 8 | 17,156 | 20,525 | 9,076 | 6 | 24 | 28,869 | 29,451 | |
| Iancock | 2,363 2,908 | 2,804 | 362 | 96 | 2,366 2,724 | 2,854 2,724 | | 39 | 14 | 2,811 2,830 | 3,215 2,702 | |
| Iarrison | 2,129 | 2,786 1,739 | 90 | 11 | 2,232 | 1,912 | 2 | 23 | 7 | 2,564 | 20,20 | |
| Henry | 767 | 1,853 | 507 | | 967 | 1,843 | | 10 | 19 | 1,527 | 2,445 | |
| lighland | 3,191 | 3,338 | | 7 | 3,021 | 3,056 | 5 | 22 13 | | 3,341 | 3,323 | |
| locking | 1,355 | 1.820 | 272 | | 1,165 | 1,876 | | | 3 | 1,475 | 2,259 | |
| Iolmes | 904 | 2,401 | 17 | 2 | 1,000 | 2,780 | | 16 | | 1,241 | 3,171 | |
| luron | 3,366 2,294 | 1,514 2,011 | 1,811 | 136 34 | 3.274 2,003 | 2,454 1,845 | 2 | 128 | 239 | 4,504 2,522 | 3,014 $-1,954$ | |
| efferson | 3,254 | 2,156 | 525 | 49 | 3,178 | 2,484 | ~ | 65 | 324 | 4,067 | 2,922 | |
| (nox | 2,493 | 3,072 | 601 | 189 | 2,588 | 3,063 | 117 | 199 | 26 | 3,151 | 3,301 | |
| ake | 2,172 | 958 | 356 | 2 | 2,159 | 906 | | 25 | 58 | 2,941 | 1,141 | |
| awrence | 8,282 | 2,312 | 382 | 32 | 2,650 | 2,417 | . 1 | 19 | 463 | 3,975 | 2,949 | |
| licking | 3,061 | 4,650 | 907 | 63 | 2,982 | 4,719 | 1 | 100 | 490 | 3,962 | 5,473 | |
| ogan | 2,761 | 1,989 | 42 | 99 | 2,717 | 2,045 | | 98 | 14 | 3,259 | 2,286 2,720 | |
| orian | 4,398 3,294 | 2,018 $3,521$ | 485 3,993 | 99 | 3,886 2,671 | 2,162 3,155 | 7 | 87 | 4,076 | 5,187 6,524 | 5,155 | |
| Madison | 2,093 | 2,137 | 28 | 108 | 2,165 | 2,127 | | 25 | 4,010 | 2,191 | 2,145 | |
| lahoning | 3,562 | 2,684 | 1,184 | | 2,947 | 2,820 | | 84 | 1,339 | 3,921 | 3,691 | |
| larion | 1,770 | 2,196 | 61 | 46 | 1,534 | 2,252 | 23 | 49 | 2 | 1,918 | 2,603 | |
| Iedina | 2,609 | 1,781 | 71 | 49 | 2,548 | 1,933 | | 32 | 36 | 3,119 | 2.193 | |
| leigs | 3,678 | 2,425 | 236 | 99 | 2,985 | 2,178 | 350 | 97 | | 3,962 | 2,773 | |
| Aercer | 3,814 | 2,182 2,834 | 87 | | 708 | 1,878 | | 54 | 12 | 1,128 4,388 | 2,840 3,509 | |
| Miami Monroe | 1,084 | 2,947 | 86 | 93 | 3,564 1,092 | 3,015 | | 4 | 65 | 1.462 | 3,805 | |
| Montgomery. | 7,367 | 8,572 | 254 | 127 | 6,311 | 7.930 | 549 | 100 | 9 | 7,921 | 8,971 | |
| Aorgan | 2,169 | 2,041 | 43 | 146 | 2,065 | 1,981 | | 132 | 16 | 2,376 | 2,108 | |
| Morrow | 2,126 | 1,855 | 164 | 172 | 1,942 | 1,945 | | 242 | 19 | 2,450 | 2,046 | |
| duskingum | 4,584 | 4,828 | 495 | 60 | 4,292 | 4,994 | 1 | 68 | 309 | 5,232 2,225 | 5,457 | |
| Noble Ottawa | 1,719 789 | 1,808 1,985 | 527 583 | 24 | 2,058 946 | 2,017 | | 4 | 82 | 2,225 1,336 | 2,096 2,208 | |
| Paulding | 1,171 | 1,097 | 67 | | 973 | 1,944 984 | | 2 | 52 | 1 313 | 1,180 | |
| Perry | 1,916 | 2,630 | 823 | | 1,763 | 2,521 | | 14 | 519 | 2.034 | 2,810 | |

STATE OF OHIO.—State Ticket. (Continued.)

| | Secre | tary of | State, | 1878. | İ | Gove | rner, 1 | 877. | | Pres't | . 1876. |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|----------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| COUNTIES,88. | Barnes | Paige. | Ray. | Robin- son. P. | West R. | Bis- hop- D. | Bond. W. | Thomp. | John- son. N. | Hayes | Til- den. D. |
| TV . 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pickaway | 2,303 | | 97 | 2 | | | 2 | 9 | 3 | | |
| Pike | 1,314 | | 103 | | | | 31 | 42 | | 1,465 | 2,090 |
| Portage | 3,221 | 2,451 | 408 | | | | | 69 | 287 | 3,712 | 8.00 |
| Preble | 2,595 | 2,396 | 31 | | | | | 197 | | 3,004 | 2,55 |
| Putnam | 1,110 | | 162 | | 1,183 | | 1 | 27 | 2 | 1,606 | 8,17 |
| Richland | 2.928 | 3,840 | 61 | | 3,091 | | | 63 | 10 | | 4,40 |
| Ross | 3,915 | | 292 | | 3,445 | | 31 | 3 | 60 | 4,177 | 4,43 |
| Sandusky | 1,912 | 2,718 | 1,504 | | 2,320 | | | 11 | 139 | 3,032 | 8,33 |
| Scioto | 3,179 | | 26 | 9 | 2,610 | | 6 | 5 | | 3,359 | 8,02 |
| Seneca | 3,345 | 4,210 | 544 | | 3,009 | | 3 | 84 | 26 | 3,793 | 4,51 |
| Shelby | 1,614 | 2,340 | 263 | 5 | 1,565 | | | 12 | 35 | 1,985 | 8,14 |
| Stark | 5,455 | 5,255 | 969 | 69 | | | | 111 | 903 | 6,410 | 6,77 |
| Summit | 3,923 | 3,200 | 763 | 121 | 3,630 | 3,248 | | 95 | 649 | 5,055 | 3,80 |
| Trumbull | 4,299 | 2,152 | 852 | 109 | 4,763 | 2,584 | | 123 | 478 | 6,133 | 3.03 |
| Tuscarawas | 2,677 | 3.578 | 687 | - 8 | 2,858 | 3,959 | 143 | 1 | 95 | 3.574 | 4,54 |
| Union | 2,436 | 1,590 | 5 | 184 | 2,530 | 1,924 | | 61 | 2 | 2 939 | 2.07 |
| Van Wert | 2,116 | 2,214 | 52 | 6 | 1,958 | 2,139 | | 11 | 81 | 2,290 | 2.41 |
| Vinton | 1,450 | 1.795 | 17 | | 1.250 | 1,749 | | 9 | 2 | 1,533 | 1.81 |
| Warren | 3,798 | 2,322 | 6 | 18 | 3,393 | 2,087 | 3 | 67 | 11 | 4,146 | 2,55 |
| Washington. | 3,626 | 3,861 | 400 | 44 | 3,464 | 40.53 | | 54 | 27 | 4,361 | 4.49 |
| Wayne | 3,708 | 4,165 | 230 | 5 | 3,243 | 4.114 | | 30 | 188 | 4,009 | 4,59 |
| Williams | 2,269 | 2,280 | 269 | 5 | 2,330 | | | 13 | 1 | 2,701 | 2,54 |
| W'ood | 2,901 | 2,690 | 1.041 | 27 | 2,719 | | | 70 | 69 | 4,079 | 8,24 |
| Wyandot | 1,907 | 2,448 | 2 | 12 | 1,722 | 2,405 | | 18 | 1 | 2,079 | 2,61 |
| Totals | 274,120 | 270.96€ | 38,332 | 5.682 | 249,105 | 271,625 | 12.489 | 4.836 | 16.912 | 330,698 | 828,18 |
| Per cent | 46 52 | | 6.50 | .56 | 44.88 | 48.94 | 2,25 | | | 50.214 | |
| Maj. over next Maj. over all, | 3,154 | | | | | 22,520 | | | | 7,516 2,747 | |

Total vote, 569,123 555,060 650,771
The Legislature of 1878-79 stands: Democrats, 93: Republicans, 43; National Greenback Party, 3: total 144.

OHIO-Representatives in Congress-1878.

| 1st DIST. Butterwort | | Spohn. | Clark. | 4th DIST. | Keifer. | | Hance. | Spahr. |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| HamiltonCo.12,756 Plurality 720 | 12,686 | G. 156 | 8. 273 | Champaign | 4,143 | D. 2,425 2,813 | 64 464 | P. 118 276 |
| Scattering 16 Per cent 50.54 Total vote. | 47.68 25, | 289 | . | Greene Logan Union | 2,639 | 1,881 2,109 1,577 | 94 88 190 | 41 45 2 |
| 2d DIST. Young. R. Hamilton12,914 | Goss. D. 11,540 | Flatt. (7. 272 | Rath- enburg. S. 260 | Total | 5,090 | 10,805 | 900 | 462 |
| l'lurality 974 Scattering 8 Per cent 50.86 | 47.02 | 1.07 | 200 | Scattering Per cent Total vote. | 56.60 | 38.47 28 | 3.20 ,083 | |
| Total vote. | | 389 | | 5th DIST. | Wilson. | Le Fever. | Johnson, I | Blackf'd. |
| 2d DIST. Schults. | McMahon. D. | Nolan. G. | Staley. P. | | R. | D. 2 193 | G. 842 | P. |
| Montgomery 7,616 Rutler 2,905 | 8,802 4,849 | 214 72 | 112 | Darke Mercer | | 3,93 3 1,978 | 449 241 | 20 |
| Warren 3,831 | 2,286 | 12 | 15 | Miami Preble | 3,722 | 2,164 2,316 | 824 64 | 94 205 |
| Total14,252 Plurality | 15,437 1.085 | £28 | 127 | Shelby | 1,587 | 2,092 | 472 | |
| Per cent 47.45 Total vote. | 51.04 80, | 1.08 244 | | Total Plurality Scattering | | 14,676 1,883 | 2,892 | 819 |
| | | | | Per cent Total vote. | 42.47 | 48.58 80, | 7.91 ,287 | |

OHIO.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| 6th DIST. | Price. | Hill. | Holgate. | 11th DIST. | McKnight. R. | Dickey. D. | Printy. |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 431am 1 | R. | D. 2.834 | G. 232 | Ademe | 9 409 | 2,499 | · · · |
| Allen 1 | ,800 | | 263 | Adams | 0.907 | 2,435 8,771 | 154 |
| Defiance 1 Fulton 2 | ,010 | 2,092 | | Brown | 2,00 <i>t</i> | 8,733 | 946 |
| Fulton 2 | ,009 *********************************** | 1,382 | 568 682 | Clermont | 0,040 | 1,968 | 1 |
| Henry | 607 | 1,816 | | Clinton | 9 100 | | 2 |
| Paulding 1 | ,186 | 1,093 | 108 | Highland | 0,120 | 8,384 | Z |
| Putnam 1 | ,001 | 2,502 | 253 | Made) | 10.000 | 15 955 | 1 100 |
| Van Wert 2 | ,144 | 2,169 | 53 | Total | 19,900 | 15,355 | 1,137 |
| Williams 2 | ,2 14 | 2,272 | 295 | Plurality | | 1,369 | |
| m-4-1 10 | 000 | 10 110 | 0.544 | Scattering | 44.90 | 52.13 | 9 72 |
| Total 12 | ,072 | 16,110 | 2,544 | Per cent | 40.00 | | 8.75 |
| Plurality | | 4,088 | | Total vote | . * | 9,454 | Kirken- |
| Scattering | | FO 40 | 0.00 | 12th DIST. Nea | l. Emmit | t. Suiter. | dall. |
| Per cent 8 | 9.28 | 52.42 | 8.27 | R. | D. | G. | P. |
| Total vote | 8 | 0,727 | | Jackson 2,34 | 9 1.922 | 32 | 69 |
| | | | | Lawrence 3,49 | 9 2,088 4 1,900 2 8,722 | 394 | 16 |
| 7th DIST. La | ickey. R | Hurd. D. | Kahlo. | Pike 1,37 | 4 1,900 | 88 | 87 |
| Hancock 2 | 242 | 2,732 | 443 | Ross 4,10 | 2 8,722 | 297 | |
| Lucas 8 | 187 | 8,546 | 4,094 | Scioto 3,24 | 2,858 | 81 | |
| Ottawa 1 | 027 | 1,693 | 580 | | <u> </u> | | |
| Ottawa | 920 | 2,697 | 1,527 | _Total14,56 | 6 12,490 | 843 | 122 |
| Wood 2 | 831 | 2,514 | 1,249 | Plurality 2,07 | 18 | | |
| | | , | | Per ccnt 51.9 | 2 44.55 | 8.00 | |
| _ Total 11. | 278 | 13,182 | 7,893 | Scattering 1 | .8 | | |
| Plurality | | 1,904 | ., | Total vote. | 2 | 8,033 | |
| Scattering | 7 | -, | | 13th DIST. Van | | | McEl- |
| Per cent 8 | 1.83 | 40.64 | 24.89 | Vorhe | | Geddes. | hinny. |
| Total vote | | 82,860 | | R. | D. | G. | P. |
| | | , | | Athens 2,93 | 4 1,740 | 86.3 | 155 |
| 8th DIST. Foster. | Finley. | Brown, | Deal. | Monroe 1,17 | | 136 | . 2 |
| R. | D. | G. | P. | Morgan 2,20 | 1 2,037 | 38 464 | 112 |
| Crawford 2,232 | 8,255 | 217 | P. 43 | Noble 1,76 | 0 1,807 | | .8 |
| Hardin 8,02) | 2,706 | 4 | | Washington. 8,76 | 0 8,587 | 437 | 87 |
| Marion 1,850 Morrow 2,176 Seneca 3,710 | 2,180 | 59 | 84 | Total 11.00 | 7 11 050 | 1 407 | 314 |
| Morrow 2,170 | 1,826 3,966 | 157 42 1 | 141 | Total11,82 | 7 11,950 128 | 1,437 | 914 |
| Wrandet 1004 | 0,800 | 2 | • • • • | Scattering | 2 | | |
| Wyandot 1,994 | 2,354 | 20 | •••• | Per cent 46.2 | | 5.80 | |
| | | | | TOI COME TOW | | | |
| Total 14 08 2 | 18 937 | OAA | 990 | Total vote | 9 | 5 570 | |
| Total14,983 | 16,237 | 860 | 280 | Total vote. | | 5,579 | -Cii- |
| Plurality | 16,237 1,255 | 860 | 280 | 14th DIST. | Morton | Atherton. M | |
| Plurality 4 | 1,255 | • | 280 | 14th DIST. | Morton | Atherton. M D. | G. |
| Plurality Scattering 4 Per cent 46.20 | 1,255 50.17 | 2.65 | 280 | 14th DIST. Guernsey | Morton. R. 2,673 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 | G. 196 |
| Plurality 4 | 1,255 50.17 | • | 280 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 | G. 196 981 |
| Plurality 4 Scattering 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. | 1,255 50.17 | 2.65 2,863 | 280 Coulter. | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4,783 | G. 196 981 588 |
| Plurality Scattering 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. 9th DIST. English. | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse | 2.65 2,363 . Lewis. G. | Coulter. P. | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 | Atherton. M D. 2,825 4,589 4,783 2,653 | G. 196 981 |
| Plurality Scattering 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. 9th DIST. English. R. Delaware 2.856 | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 | Coulter. | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 | Atherton. M D. 2,825 4.589 4,783 2,653 14,850 | G. 196 981 588 |
| Plurality Scattering 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. 9th DIST. English. R. Delaware 2.856 | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 | Atherton. M D. 2,825 4.589 4,783 2,653 14,850 | G. 196 981 568 776 |
| Plurality 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. 9th DIST. English. Delaware 2,856 Fayetto 2,292 Franklin 7,176 Madison 2,100 | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering | Morton. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 | Atherton. M D. 2,825 4.589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49.64 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4,783 2,653 | 2,491 8.61 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,290 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 15th DIST. Jone | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4. Geddes, | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4,783 2,653 | 6. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 8,290 17,786 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 | 14th DIST. Guernsey | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 4. Goddes, D. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. | Atherton. M D. 2,825 4.589 4,783 2,653 14,850 2,287 49.64 8,905 Pepper. | 2,491 8.61 Kohr. |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,290 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote Listh DIST. Jone R Coshocton. 2,33 | Morton. R 2,673 2,948 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 s. Geddes. D. 2 2,889 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49.64 8,905 Pepper. | 2,491 8.61 Kohr. |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,280 17,786 968 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | 14th DIST. Gnernsey Licking Muskingum Perry. Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 1sth DIST 98. Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 | Morton. R. 2,673 2,948 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 4. Gedden. D. 2 2,889 3 2,298 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. |
| Plurality 4 Per cent 46.20 Total vote. 9th DIST. English. R. Delaware 2,856 Fayetto 2,292 Franklin 7,176 Madison 2,100 Plckaway 2,374 Total 16,793 Plurality Scattering 2 Per cent 46.18 | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 3,230 17,786 988 48,90 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | 14th DIST. Guernsey. Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. R. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 | Morton, R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4.540 1,22 2,889 2 2,288 9 2,288 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. (103 5,881 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 3,230 17,786 988 48,90 | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | 14th DIST. Guernsey. Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. R. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 | Morton, R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4.540 1,22 2,889 2 2,288 9 2,288 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4.783 2,653 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,230 17,766 988 48.90 8 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 10.1 86 964 28 96 -1,275 | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 508 | 14th DIST. Gnernsey Licking Muskingum Perry. Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 1sth DIST 98. Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 | Morton, R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4.540 1,22 2,889 2 2,288 9 2,288 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. (103 5,881 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 8,230 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. | 2.65 2,863 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 | Coulter. P. 810 119 .79 | Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 15th DIST. Jone R. Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 Knox 2,29 Richland 2,50 Tuscarawas 2,59 | Morton, R. R. 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 2,889 3 2,298 9 2,983 9 3,865 6 3,532 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. (1. 103 5 881 86 771 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 60 8 |
| Plurality 4 Per cent 46,20 Total vote 9th DIST English R. Delaware 2,856 Fayetto 2,392 Franklin 7,176 Madison 2,100 Pickaway 2,374 Total 16,793 Plurality Scattering 2 Per cent 46,18 Total vote 10th DIST Horton R. Fairfield 2,573 2,574 Fairfield 2,575 2,575 10th DIST Horton R. Fairfield 2,575 2,575 2,575 10th DIST Horton R. Fairfield 2,575 2,575 2,575 10th DIST Horton R. | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 8,230 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. D. 4,354 | 2.65 2,863 Lewis, G. 1001 86 964 28 96 ——————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 179 508 | 14th DIST. Guernsey | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 4. Gedden. D. 2,2,289 3,2,286 3,2,286 6,3,532 6,3,532 7 15,597 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4.589 4.783 2,653 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 3,290 17,766 968 48.90 8 Eving. D. 4,354 2,293 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 —1,275 3.60 Smart. G | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 508 | Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 Richland. 2,80 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Plurality. | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 41,73 2,286 2,286 3,228 9 3,865 6 3,532 6 1,563 | Atherton, M D. 2, 325 4, 583 4, 783 2, 553 14, 380 2, 287 43, 64 49, 64 8, 905 Pepper, 103 5 881 103 66 771 1,849 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 60 8 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,290 17,786 48.90 8 Ewins. D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 90 -1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 508 | Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 15th DIST. Jone Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 Kuox 2,29 Richland 2,80 Tuscarawas 2,59 Total 11,02 Plurality Per cent 3,3,3 | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 41,73 2,286 2,286 3,228 9 3,865 6 3,532 6 1,563 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. (1. 103 5 881 86 771 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 60 8 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,135 8,290 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewins. D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 —1,275 3.60 Smart. G | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 508 | Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Purality Per cent Scattering Total Vote 18th DIST Jone Roshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 Knox 2,29 Richland 2,80 Tuscarawas 2,59 Total 11,02 Plurality Per cent 3,33 Scattering 3,33 Scattering 3,35 | Morton Rec. 2,673 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 2 4.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6 | Atherton, M D. 2,325 4,589 4,783 2,553 14,250 14,250 2,287 42,64 8,905 Pepper, it 103 5 581 86 771 1,849 6.49 | G. 196 981 568 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 60 8 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 8,290 17,786 48.90 8 Ewins. D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 90 -1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G | Coulter. P. 810 119 79 508 | Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 13th DIST. Coshocton. 2,333 Holmes. 99 Ruchland. 2,80 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,38 Scattering. Total vote. | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4. Gedden, 2 2,889 3, 2,288 9 9 2,933 9 3,865 6 6 7 15,567 4,568 8 54,28 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,583 4,783 2,553 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. 103 5 861 -71 1,849 6,49 8,782 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 7,900 2,135 8,230 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,734 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 90 1,275 8.60 Smart. G 76 100 | Coulter. P. 810 | Total vote. Isth DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. Scattering. Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39.3 Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. M*Kin | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4. Gedden, D. So 3, 2,298 90 2,983 90 3,885 6 6 7 15,597 4,598 8 54,28 1 2 ley. Wiley. The | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,583 4,783 2,553 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. 103 5 861 -71 1,849 6,49 8,782 | G. 196 931 588 776 779 8.61 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 1,950 3,290 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. 1,971 2,329 1,971 2,328 1,774 12,679 | 2.65 2,363 . Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 96 -1,275 3.60 8mart. G | Coulter. P. 810 | Total vote. Isth DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. Scattering. Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39.3 Scattering. Total vote. 18th DIST. M*Kin | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 4. Gedden, D. So 3, 2,298 90 2,983 90 3,885 6 6 7 15,597 4,598 8 54,28 1 2 ley. Wiley. The | Atherton, M. D. 2, 283 M. 2, 263 M. 4, 783 M. 2, 2653 M. 2, 287 M. 49, 64 M. 8, 905 M. 1, 849 M. | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 52 172 69 8 256 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 7,900 2,135 8,230 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,734 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. G. 101 86 964 28 90 1,275 8.60 Smart. G 76 100 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. R. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox 2,29 Richland. 2,50 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39.3 Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. M'Kin R. Ashland. 2,48 | Morton. R 2,673 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2, 84 6,624 1,937 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2,238 2,238 2,238 9 2,263 9 2,963 9 2,963 9 15,567 4,568 8 54,28 1 2 1ev Wiley- D. D. D. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. | Atherton, M D. 2,285 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,850 14,850 14,850 14,850 5 881 8,905 Pepper, (103 5 881 8,905 11,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, G. 7 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 52 172 69 8 256 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 3,290 17,766 988 48.90 8 Ewing. 1,971 2,328 1,971 2,328 1,734 12,679 484 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis, G. 101 86 964 28 96 —1,275 8.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —176 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey. Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 Richland. 2,30 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,3 Scattering Total vote. 15th DIST. Mrkin R. Ashland 2,43 Portage. 3,244 | Morton. R. 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 2 4,850 3 2,298 3 2,298 3 9 2,993 9 15,597 4,568 8 54,28 1 12 10,597 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,583 4,783 2,553 14,350 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. 103 5 881 -71 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter. | G. 196 981 598 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 52 172 69 8 256 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,726 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum Perry Total Plurality Per cent Scattering Total vote 15th DIST Mones 99 Knox 2,29 Richland 2,30 Total 11,02 Plurality Per cent 39.3 Scattering Total vote 15th DIST M'Kin Ashland Ashland 4,3 Portage 3,24 Stark 5,93 | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 44,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 4. Gedden, D. 2,289 9 2,963 9 2,963 9 2,963 9 3,865 6 3,552 9 15,562 1 1 2 ley. Wiley. S 5,2469 1 5,027 1 5,027 | Atherton, M D. 2,325 4,563 4,763 2,553 14,350 2,287 44,64 48,905 Pepper, 103 581 866 771 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, 6,7 7 578 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 55 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,726 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis, G. 101 86 964 28 96 —1,275 8.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —176 | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey. Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 Richland. 2,30 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,3 Scattering Total vote. 15th DIST. Mrkin R. Ashland 2,43 Portage. 3,244 | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 4. Gedden, 1 2,289 2,289 9 2,983 9 2,983 9 2,983 9 3,865 6 3,552 6 4,568 8 54,28 1 1 2 ley. Wiley. 5 5 2,478 5 2,478 1 5,927 8 4,028 | Atherton. M D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 5 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,726 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking Muskingum. Perry. Total Plurality. Per cent. Scattering Total vote. 15th DIST. Mose Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 94 Kuox 2,29 Richland 2,29 Richland 2,29 Total 11,02 Plurality Por cent 39.3 Scattering Total vote. 15th DIST. Mrkin Ashland 2,44 Portage 3,24 Stark 5,93 Wayne 8,87 Total 15,48 | Morton. R 2,673 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2, 2,289 4,540 0, 2,283 9 2,283 9 2,283 9 15,597 4,568 1 2 1ey Wiley 15, 527 8 4,028 1 14,285 | Atherton. M D. 2,325 4,583 4,783 2,553 14,380 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. 103 5 881 71 1,849 6.49 8,782 Hunter. 7 878 719 168 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 55 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,726 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | Idth DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. Coshocton 2,33 Holmes 99 Knox 2,29 Rchland 2,30 Rchland 2,30 Tuscarawas 2,59 Total. Il,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,3 Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. M'Kin R. Ashland 2,43 Portage 3,24 Stark. 5,93 Wayne 3,877 Total 15,48 Plurality. 1,283 | Morton. R 2,673 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2 41,73 1 2 2,850 2,286 9 1,597 4,668 1 5,597 4,968 1 1,597 4,028 1 1,597 1 1,597 4,028 1 1,286 1 1 1,286 1 1 1,286 1 1 1,286 1 1 1,286 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Atherton, M D. 2,325 4,563 4,763 2,2553 14,350 2,287 43,64 43,64 43,64 8,905 Pepper, 103 5 881 86 771 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, 6,7 37 37 37 37 168 1,272 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 5 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,746 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | 14th DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. Scattering. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox 2,29 Richland. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39.3 Scattering. Total vote. 15th DIST. M'Kink Ashland. 2,49 Portage. 3,24 Stark. 5,93 Wayne. 3,87 Total. 15,48 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,7 Per cent. 49,7 | Morton. R 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2,288 2,288 3,2288 9,2,933 0,3,532 9 15,597 4,548 1 2 ley. Wiley. D. 3,731 5,527 4,628 4,028 14,255 4,409 14,255 8,458 4,028 14,255 8,458 4,582 | Atherton, M D. 2,825 4,589 4,783 2,653 14,850 2,287 49,64 8,905 Pepper. (103 5 881 8,905 771 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, G. 7 373 719 168 1,272 4,08 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 5 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,746 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | Idth DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 Rchland. 2,30 Rchland. 2,30 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,3 Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. M'Kin. R. Ashland. 2,43 Portage. 3,24 Stark. 5,93 Wayne. 3,877 Total. 15,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 15,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 105,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 105,489 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 | Morton. R. 2. 943 4.540 1,907 12,063 41.73 1 2 2 4.540 1,73 1 2 2 2,889 3 2,286 9 1,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 2 1,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,568 8 54.28 1 1 5,597 4,798 1 1 5,597 4,798 1 1 5,597 4,798 1 1 5,597 4 5,788 1 1 5,597 4 5,59 | Atherton, M D. 2,325 4,563 4,763 2,2553 14,250 2,287 43,64 48,905 86 77 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, G. 6,7 37 87 87 14,206 1,472 4,416 1,110 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 5 33 |
| Plurality | 1,255 50.17 8 Converse D. 2,565 1,956 7,900 2,185 988 48.90 8 Ewins- D. 4,354 2,292 1,971 2,328 1,746 12,679 434 49.44 | 2.65 2,363 Lewis. 6,6 101 86 964 28 964 1,275 3.60 6,360 Smart. G 76 100 —————————————————————————————————— | Coulter. P. 810 | Idth DIST. Guernsey Licking. Muskingum. Perry. Total. Plurality. Per cent. Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. Coshocton. 2,33 Holmes. 99 Knox. 2,29 Rchland. 2,30 Rchland. 2,30 Tuscarawas. 2,59 Total. 11,02 Plurality. Per cent. 39,3 Scattering. Total vote. Isth DIST. M'Kin. R. Ashland. 2,43 Portage. 3,24 Stark. 5,93 Wayne. 3,877 Total. 15,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 15,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 105,489 Plurality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Total. 105,489 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 Purality. 1,23 Per cent. 49,77 | Morton. R 2,943 4,540 1,907 12,063 41,73 1 2,288 2,288 3,2288 9,2,933 0,3,532 9 15,597 4,548 1 2 ley. Wiley. D. 3,731 5,527 4,628 4,028 14,255 4,409 14,255 8,458 4,028 14,255 8,458 4,582 | Atherton, M D. 2,325 4,563 4,763 2,2553 14,250 2,287 43,64 48,905 86 77 1,849 6,49 8,782 Hunter, G. 6,7 37 87 87 14,206 1,472 4,416 1,110 | G. 196 981 588 776 2,491 8.61 Kohr. P. 5 2 172 69 8 256 Bruth. P. 5 33 |

OHIO.-Representatives in Congress. Continued.)

| | | | | III COLBIUM: CO | | | <u>.</u> |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|
| 17th DIST. | 1 | Monroe, R. | Miller. D. | 19th DIST. Garfield. R. | Hubbard. D. | Tuttle. | Reoves. |
| Erie | | 2.613 | 8,069 | Ashtabula 4,916 | 1,566 | 386 | ••• |
| Huron | | 8.415 | 8,844 | Geauga 2,208 | 441 | 247 | - |
| Lorain | | | 2.515 | Lake 2,161 | 757 | 528 | •••• |
| Medina | | 9 648 | 1,853 | Mahoning 8,592 | 2.647 | 1,181 | •••• |
| Summit | • | 4,087 | 8,794 | Trumbull 4,289 | | | •••• |
| ~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ | | 3,001 | 0,104 | 11umbuit 4,209 | 2,142 | 806 | 96 |
| Total | 1 | 7,213 | 14,575 | Total17,166 | 7,553 | 8,148 | 98 |
| Majority | | 2,688 | | Plurality 9,618 | ., | 0,220 | • |
| Scattering | | 1 | | Per cent 61.84 | 26.99 | 11.25 | |
| Per cent | | 54.14 | 45.84 | Scattering 17 | 20.00 | 11.00 | |
| Total vote | | 31, | | Total vote. | 27. | 982 | |
| 18th DIST. Updegraff | Lawson. | Smith. | Grimes. | | | | |
| R. | D. | G. | P. | 90th DIST. Townsend. | Poe. | Shove. | Doan. |
| Belmont 3,842 | 4,303 | 685 | 8 | R. | D. | . G. | Ρ. |
| Carroll 1,899 | 1,270 | 96 | 8 | Cuyahoga13,081 | 7,271 | 4,984 | 2,085 |
| Columbiana. 4,294 | 8,076 | 839 | | Plurality 5,810 | | | |
| Harrison 2.077 | 1.768 | 80 | 11 | Per cent 47.79 | 26.56 | 17.66 | 7.61 |
| Jefferson 3,208 | 2,174 | 581 | 20 | Total vote. | 27, | 871 | |
| Total15,320 | 12,593 | 2,281 | 87 | | | | |
| | 12,000 | 2,201 | 64 | | | | |
| Plurality 2,727 | | | | 1 | | | |
| Scattering 90 | 44 60 | = 0~ | | | | | |
| Per cent 50.60 | 41.60 | 7.37 | | | | | |
| Total vote. | 80. | 271 | | | | | |

Norz — The Congressional districts having been radically changed by re-districting at the Legislative session of 1878, comparisons with the Presidential vote of 1876 may be made by counties.

STATE OF OREGON.-June, 1878.

| | Congress, 1878. | | SEC | of St | ATE. | Congress, '76 | | Presid't, '76. | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Countils—23. | Hines. R. | White- aker. D. | Camp- bell. G. | Ear- hart. R. | Reames. D. | Cates. G. | Wil- liams, R. | Lane. D. | Hayes R. | Tilden D. |
| Baker | 334 | 562 | 1 | 372 | 538 | | 829 | 540 | 819 | 549 |
| Benton | 578 | 749 | 81 | 665 | 596 | 131 | 651 | 594 | 615 | 567 |
| Clackamas | 944 | 790 | . 62 | 1.003 | 760 | 56 | 952 | 784 | 950 | 724 |
| Clatsop | 509 | 527 | 1 | 530 | 504 | 1 | 430 | 387 | 482 | 885 |
| Columbia | 184 | 200 | 2 | 187 | 201 | 2 | 158 | 197 | 156 | 179 |
| Coos | 544 | 544 | | 566 | 526 | | 558 | 530 | 571 | 515 |
| Curry | 149 | 168 | • • • • | 156 | 165 | ••• | 181 | 128 | 181 | 126 |
| Douglas | 1,035 | 1,098 | 8 | 1,076 | 1,072 | 8 | 1,028 | 828 | 1,002 | 847 |
| Grant | 459 | 478 | 7 | 4 9 | 445 | 7 | 817 | * 280 | 814 | 277 |
| Jackson | 592 | 819 | 185 | 545 | 850 | 172 | 592 | 828 | 585 | 840 |
| Josephine | 198 | 277 | 2 | 187 | 242 | 73 | 208 | - 247 | 209 | 252 |
| Lake | 190 | 296 | 1 | 195 | 284 | 1 | 171 | 250 | 178 | 258 |
| Lane | 872 | 999 | 131 | 945 | 928 | 142 | 964 | 944 | 949 | . 946 |
| Linn | 1,100 | 1,477 | 392 | 1.134 | 1,411 | 444 | 1,871 | 1,438 | 1,824 | 1,404 |
| Marion | 1,645 | 1,258 | 123 | 1,705 | 1,200 | 124 | 1,780 | 1,155 | 1,782 | 1,154 |
| Multnomah | 2,226 | 1,814 | 20 | 2,379 | 1,750 | 18 | 2,109 | 1,527 | 2,122 | 1,525 |
| Polk | 686 | 766 | 121 | 689 | 692 | 159 | 625 | 567 | 608 | 542 |
| Tillamook | 119 | 67 | 3 | 121 | 67 | . 8 | 120 | 76 | 119 | . 76 |
| Umatilla | 631 | 985 | 11 | 658 | 965 | 14 | 503 | 738 | 486 | 742 |
| Union | 452 | 620 | 78 | 474 | 611 | 87 | 870 | 539 626 | 866 | 625 621 |
| Wasco | 618 | 851 | 4 | . 685 | 857 | 2 | 482 | | 491 | 428 |
| Washington | 740 | 556 | 6 | 755 | 548 | 5 | 694 | 417 | 692 | |
| Yamhill | 848 | 848 | • • • • • | 865 | 830 | 2 | 814 | 669 | 810 | 674 |
| Total | 14,593 | 16,744 | 1,184 | 16,333 | 16,042 | 1,447 | 15,347 | 14,239 | 15,206 | 14,149 |
| Maj. over next. | | 1,151 | | 291 | | ••• | 1,108 | .:-:: | 1,057 | 4 |
| Per cent | 46.51 | 49.95 | 4.53 | | | 4.27 | 51.85 ¹ | 48.15 | 50.90 | _47.49 |
| Total vote | | 83,521 | | | 83,822 | | 29,5 | 86 | 29,8 | 55 |

In 1878 the vote for Governor was as follows: W. W. Thayer (Dcm.), 16.201 (elected); C. C. Beekman (Rep.), 16,132; M. Wilkins (Greenback), 1,432 John Whiteaker (Dcm.) was elected to Congress by 1,151 plurality. P. Earhart (Rep.) was elected Secretary of State by a plurality of 201 votes.

PENNSYLVANIA.—State Ticket.

| | | Governo | n. 1878. | | | TREASUR | ER. 1877. | | PRESIDI | ENT. 1876 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Countles 67. | Hoyt. Rep. | Dill. Dem. | Mason. Gr. | Lane. Pro. | Hart. Rep. | Noyes. Dem. | Wright. Gr.&La. | C'rnt. Pro. | Hayes. Rep. | Tilden. Dem. |
| Adams | 2,742 | | 139 | 1 | 2,032 | | 76 | 6 | 2,921 | 3,439 |
| Allegheny | 20,601 3,207 | 13,186 | 7,724 | 396 | 13,468 1.859 | 10,331 | 7,575 204 | 120 | 28,729 4,613 | 19,24 |
| Armstrong Beaver | 3,571 | 2,693 2,968 | 1,899 436 | 31 | 2,929 | | 267 | 12 | 3,982 | 3,821 |
| Bedford | 3,014 | 3.347 | 202 | 7 | 2,164 | 2,655 | 58 | 9 | 3,210 | 3,535 |
| Berks | 6,506 | 13,480 | 1,755 | 7 | 4,455 | 10,579 | 1,123 | 5 | 8,020 | 15,609 |
| Blair Bradford | 3,700 6,010 | 3,390 3,132 | 968 1,846 | 37 105 | 2,903 4,223 | 2,779 2,683 | 1,248 578 | 40 447 | 4,752 8,008 | 3,938 4,989 |
| Bucks | 7,601 | 7,552 | 200 | 26 | 5,442 | 6,020 | 147 | 84 | 7,722 | 8,023 |
| Butler | 3,766 | 3,892 | 2,216 | 93 | 2,939 | 3,218 | 277 | 62 | 5,643 | 4,830 |
| Cambria Cameron | 2,196 408 | | 1,081 219 | 55 | 1,489 310 | 2,921 588 | 820 13 | 98 | 2,989 572 | 4,257 |
| Carbon | 2,150 | 2,260 | 1.041 | 6 | 1,198 | 1.611 | 825 | 13 | 2,758 | 3,100 |
| Centre | 2,059 | 3,827 | 1,466 | 21 | 1,854 | 3,046 | 421 | 25 | 3,266 | 4,065 |
| Chester | 8,178 2,265 | 5,466 4,032 | 205 1,482 | 499 12 | 5,852 1,388 | 4,231 2,347 | 44 | 303 | 9,715 3,060 | 6,621 |
| Clarion Clearfield | 1,602 | | 1,108 | 18 | 1,157 | 2,589 | 56 | 12 | 2,318 | 4,167 |
| Clinton | 1,814 | 2,699 | 347 | 19 | 794 | 2,209 | 404 | 21 | 1,809 | 2,973 |
| Columbia | 1,451 | 3,278 | 1,159 | 20 | 902 | 2,760 | 300 | 10 | 2,069 | 4,390 |
| Crawford | 5,957 3,743 | 3,833 4,831 | 3,528 556 | 27 | 6,002 2,865 | 5,266 3,893 | 486 191 | 11 | 7 345 4,150 | 6,530 5,062 |
| Dauphin | 6,591 | 5,320 | 1,468 | 4 | 4,848 | | 1.036 | 8 | 7,494 | 5.474 |
| Delaware | 4,769 | 3,137 | 364 | 51 | 3,121 | 1,789 | 513 | 42 | 5,484 | 3,250 1,330 |
| Elk | 426 | 1,100 | 378 | 1 2 | 447 | 1,098 | 74 | | 534 | 1,330 |
| Erie Fay e tte | 6,044 2,654 | 4.237 4,211 | 1,635 1,937 | 201 | 4,883 3,163 | 3,677 4,053 | 181 929 | 45 25 | 8,724 4,379 | 6,479 5,594 |
| Forest | 318 | 267 | 277 | 2 | 316 | 251 | 020 | 16 | 464 | 385 |
| Franklin | 4,734 | 4,691 | 41 | 14 | 4,042 | 3,936 | 2 | 25 | 4,897 | 4,620 |
| Fulton | 794 | 1.222 | | | 712 | 1,056 | | | 821 | 1,199 |
| Greene | 1,606 3,073 | 3,229 2,736 | 120 639 | 59 33 | 1,350 2,871 | 2,812 1,995 | 720 | | 1,956 3,493 | 3,719 2,982 |
| Indiana | 3,486 | 1,557 | 2.155 | 18 | 3,125 | 1,328 | 28 | 64 | 4,934 | 2,243 |
| Jefferson | 1,944 | 2,140 | 814 | 1 | 1,195 | 1,450 | 62 | 7 | 2,350 | 2,450 |
| Juniata Lackawa'a (New Co.) | 1,473 | 1.851 | 142 | | 837 | 1,146 | 69 | 6 | 1,550 | 2,013 |
| Lancaster | 4,898 15.518 | 1,974 8,714 | 3,588 225 | 157 148 | 12,134 | 7,494 | 86 | 110 | 17,425 | 9,638 |
| awrence | 2,876 | 1,605 | 393 | 137 | 2,491 | 1,663 | 128 | 113 | 3,429 | 1,763 |
| Lebanon | 3,914 | 2,616 | 382 | 17 | 2,859 | 1,866 | 21 | 7 | 4,552 | 3,028 |
| Lehigh Luzerne | 4,975 7,322 | 6,705 4.414 | 270 6,086 | 5 27 | 3,708 6,599 | 5,881 4,469 | 225 14.538 | 226 | 5,585 14,920 | 7,758 18,395 |
| Lycoming | 3,207 | 4.909 | 2,062 | 45 | 2,263 | 4,278 | 1,551 | 9 | 4,110 | 5,423 |
| McKean | 1,504 | 1,282 | 742 | 1 | 814 | 811 | 1 | | 1,427 | 1,320 |
| Mercer | 4,436 | 3,708 | 1,850 | 273 | 3,383 | 3,160 | 272 | 99 | 5,508 | 4,586 |
| Mifflin Monroe | 1,744 602 | 1,756 2,829 | 59 430 | 39 3 | 1,323 498 | 1,520 2,349 | 51 26 | 22 | 1,717 776 | 1,892 3,280 |
| Montgomery | 9,006 | 9,164 | 381 | 47 | 7,369 | 7,760 | 511 | 30 | 9,386 | 9,654 |
| Montour | 772 | 1,378 | 483 | 4 | 500 | 1,237 | 344 | 11 | 1,136 | 1,727 |
| Northampton Northumberland | 4,035 3,281 | 7,504 4,584 | 1,079 1,489 | 10 28 | 3,101 | 6,243 | 1,600 | 12 65 | 5,311 4,269 | 9,271 5,061 |
| Perry | 2,697 | 2,711 | 97 | | 2,164 2,174 | 2,391 | 203 | 5 | 2,664 | 2,789 |
| Philadelphia Pike | 70,099 | 53,755 | 3,211 | 154 | 56,837 | 51,317 | 5,095 | 49 | 77,075 | 62,110 |
| Potter | 497 1,326 | 1,135 694 | 56 669 | 3 | 332 | 925 | 900 | 2 | 443 | 1,387 |
| chuylkill | 5,994 | 7,657 | 6,508 | 15 16 | 1,133 5.250 | 6,731 | 360 4,020 | | 1,621 8,679 | 10,456 |
| nyder | 1,814 | 1,494 | 154 | 3 | 1,340 | 1,059 | 61 | 4 | 1,922 | 1,539 |
| somerset | 3,134 | 2,140 | 398 | 15 | 2,438 | 1,556 | 56 | 16 | 3,784 | 2,336 |
| Sullivan Susquehanna | 456 3,832 | 602 2,246 | 379 1.825 | 106 | 372 2,511 | 546 1,894 | 363 822 | 21 66 | 502 4,823 | 879 3,835 |
| Fioga | 4,253 | 2,128 | 1,681 | 62 | 3,113 | 1,670 | 816 | 20 | 5,892 | 2,720 |
| Union | 1.836 | 1,656 | 172 | 11 | 1,187 | 972 | . 59 | 10 | 2,154 | 1,490 |
| Venango | 3,482 | 3,035 | 1,229 | 311 | 2,355 | 2,316 | 509 | 208 | 3,841 | 3,470 |
| Warren Washington | 2,175 5,263 | 1,026 4,994 | 1,822 | 29 23 | 1,753 4,211 | 1,490 3,977 | 320 310 | 108 | 3,151 5,806 | 2,365 5,323 |
| Wayne | 1,937 | 1,625 | 1,384 | 206 | 2,046 | 2,638 | 135 | 66 | 2,760 | 3,680 |
| Westmoreland | 4,795 | 5,968 | 1,642 | 18 | 3,649 | 5,121 | 792 | 2 | 6,217 | 7,466 |
| Wyoming York | 1,417 5,960 | 1,600 9,644 | 474 | 20 | 1,331 | 1,666 | 53 | 18 | 1,679 | 2,020 |
| | - | | 79 | 38 | 3,943 | 7,102 | 48 | 36 | 6,827 | 10,403 |
| Total Per cent of whole | 319,490 | | 81,758 | | 241.816 | | 52,854 | | 384,122 | |
| majority over next. | 45.50 22,353 | 42.31 | 11.64 | 0.53 | 44.02 | 45.83 | 9.62 | 0.51 | 50.62 | 48.25 |
| Total vote | ,000 | 702. | 44 | | | 9,901, | 14 d by | 300 | 17.964 | |

FENNSYLVANIA .- Representatives in Congress.

| | 1878. | 18 | 76. | 1878. 1876. |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|---|
| 1. Bing- | M'Can- Ste | ven- Free- | Thack. | 6. Ward. Custer. Hibbard. Ward. Hartman |
| Philadelphia. R. | dless. so | n. man. I. R. | D. | R. D. G. R. D. |
| 1st word 9.805 | 1 520 1 2 | 33 8 ,591 | 2,749 | Chester 8,195 5.402 211 9,709 6,579 Delaware 4,846 2,888 498 5,511 8,188 |
| 2d ward 1.898 | 1.245 1.6 | 58 2,203 | 8,108 | |
| 7th ward 3,027 | 1,245 1,6 1,171 2 | 80 8,560 | 1,790 | Total 18,041 8,285 709 15,220 9,717 |
| 2d ward 1,898 7th ward 3,027 26th ward 2,793 80th ward 2,728 | 1,097 | 71 2,733 | 1,790 1,785 | Majority. 4.756 5.503 |
| 80th ward 2,728 | 1,282 8 | 81 2,934 | 1,849 | Per cent 59.18 37.59 8.22 61.08 38.96 |
| Total18,751 | 6.324 4.2 | 23 15.021 | 11.231 | Majority 4,756 5,503 Per cent 59.18 37.59 8.22 61.08 38.96 Total vote 22,035 24,937 |
| | | | | 7. Godshalk. James. Acker, Evans. Rambo. |
| Per cent 06. | D⊌ 20.U2 17 | 7.37 52.21 | 42.77 | R. D. G. R. D. |
| Total vote | 24,298 | 26 | ,252 | Bucks (part) 6,147 4,501 185 6,403 4.684 |
| 2. O'Neill. | Gibson. Keys | ar. O'Nelli. | Gibson. | Montgom'y. 8,945 9,258 884 9,362 9,613 |
| K. | D. G | ł. R. | D. | Total 15.092 13,754 569 15,765 14,247 |
| 8th ward 1,924 | 1 000 | 4 9 100 | 1,274 | Majority 1,838 1.538 Per cent 51.65 47.06 1.28 52.22 47.77 |
| 9th ward 1,312 | 958 | 11 1,427 97 9,676 | 1,236 | Per cent 51.65 47.06 1.28 52.22 47.77 |
| 9th ward 1,312 10th ward 2,494 13th ward 1,873 14th ward 1,979 | | 87 2,676 87 1,934 | 1,834 1,462 | Total votc 29,415 80,012 |
| 14th ward 1,979 | | 03 2,372 | 1.654 | 8. Maltrherger, Clymer, Voder Markley Clymer |
| 17th w. (pt.) 580 20th ward 3,951 | 1,867 | 03 2,372 47 531 | 1,654 1,725 | 8. Maltzberger. Clymer. Yoder. Markley. Clymer. R. D. G. R. D. |
| 20th ward 3,951 | 2.264 1 | 63 4,152 | 8,196 | Berks 6.428 12.419 2.830 6.218 15.289 |
| Trate) 14.000 | ~ 100 | 00 17 001 | 11 001 | Majority 5,991 9,026 Per cent 80.85 58.64 11.02 28.96 71.08 |
| Total14,063 | | 02 15,201 8,320 | | Total vote 91 177 99 990 |
| Majority 4,886. Per cent 59. | 50 38 86 1 | .62 56.13 | 43.86 | Total vote 21,177 28,230 In 1876, Shearer, Greenback, had 1780 |
| Total vote | 23,642 | 27. | 082 | votes. |
| | · | | | A 0.11 WILL CITY OF 11 25 |
| 6 Suedd | on. Randall. R. D. | Berry, 1 | T) | 9. Smith. Wilson. Clair. Smith. Nauman. |
| G. & 3d ward | 3 1,802 | 1,226 | 2,027 | R. D. G. R. D. Lancaster 15,486 8,605 273 17,419 9,574 Majority 6,881 |
| 4th ward 1,16 | 4 2,073 | 1 419 | 2,264 | Majority 6,881 7,825 |
| 5th ward 1,57 | 7 1,364 | 1.853 | 1,489 | Per cent 68.56 85 81 1.12 64.53 85.46 |
| oin ward 87 | 7 1,069 | 728 773 | 1,227 | Total vote 24,364 26,993 |
| 12th ward 1 10 | 6 1,410 6 1,897 | 1,420 | 1,606 1,411 | 10. Whitaker. Bachman. Longaker. Reeder. Brid- |
| 6th ward 87 11th ward 78 12th ward 1,10 16th ward 1,81 | 7 1,609 | 1,570 | 1,727 | get. |
| | | | | R. D. G. R. D. Bucks (part) 245 2,895 1,088 1,824 8,356 |
| Total 7,97 Majority 42 | 0 10,717 | 8,969 | 11,751 | Bucks (part) 245 2,895 1,088 1,824 8,356 Lehigh 996 6,619 4,858 5,556 7,627 |
| Per cent 49 | 20 57 90 | 49 95 K | 2,702 8 83 | N'thampton. 3,278 7,164 1,983 5,376 9,186 |
| Total vote | 18.687 | 20,74 | 0 | |
| | • | | | Total |
| 4. Kelley G. & | R. Banes. | Kelley. R. | School, D. | Per cent 15 57 58 65 25 77 87 87 69 18 |
| 15th ward 4 16 | 1 2 125 | 4,952 | 8.350 | Total vote 28.436 82.375 |
| 21st word . 2 ()3 | 5 1054 | 1,932 | 1,872 | |
| 24th ward 3,56 | 1 2,677 | 8,655 | 2,778 | vote were made—one throwing out Montour Co. entirely, as follows: |
| 27th ward 2,16 | 2 862 | 2.307 | 1,021 | Co. entirely, as lollows: |
| 24th ward 3,56 27th ward 2,16 28th ward 2,82 29th ward 3,04 | 6 1,592 1 2,377 | 2,639 8,335 | 1,740 2,176 | 11. Al- Klots. Brock- Orvis. Waller. Collins. |
| | | | W, 110 | l hright. way. |
| Total 17,78 | 6 11,697 | 18,820 | 12,432 | R. D. D. G. R. D. Carbon. 2,319 2,061 181 898 2,842 3,100 Columbia 1,528 1,088 1,930 1,277 2,271 4,151 Lz'ne (pt) 1,924 1,238 618 1,867 3,039 4,807 Lbw'ne (pt)448 2,474 3,8474 3,039 4,807 |
| Majority 6.08 | 9 | . 6,388 | | Carbon 2,319 2,051 181 898 2,842 3,100 Columbia 1,528 1,088 1,930 1,277 2,271 4,151 |
| Majority 6.08 Per cent 60 Total vote | .89 89.60 | 60.22 8 | 9.77 | Lz'ne (pt) 1,924 1,293 618 1,267 8,089 4,807 |
| TCMI VOIC | 20,400 | 61,20 | 25 | |
| Harmer. | Dallam. Step | h- Harmer. | Duvall. | Monroe 655 2,230 287 445 719 8,192 Pike 463 596 556 89 99 601 |
| R. | D. G | | D. | Pike 463 596 556 89 99 601 |
| 17th w. (pt.) 534 | 502 | 6 727 | 681 | Total 7,382 7,271 8,946 4,715 10,172 18,548 |
| 18th ward 3,071 | 1,728 20 | 3 8,270 | 2,171 | Majority 8,376 |
| 19th ward 3.010 | 2,436 4 | | 2,171 8,254 | Majority 8,376 Per cent 35 41 64 57 |
| 22d ward 2,854 23d ward 2,562 | 1,383 | 36 2,870 | 1,965 | 1 TOTAL VOICE |
| 25th ward 9.222 | 1,465 9 2 645 2 | 96 2,803 79 2,321 | 1,841 2,768 | Klotz Them 2011: Albeight Don 2112. |
| 25th ward 2,333 81st ward 2,420 | 1,588 85 | | 2,042 | The other two returns were as follows: Klotz, Dem., 8211; Albright, Rep., 8116; Brockway, Dem., 4345; Orvis, Gr., 5173. (Signed by the judges of Monroe, Pike, |
| | <u> </u> | | | (Signed by the judges of Monroe. Pike. |
| Total 16,784 | 11,742 1,58 | 9 17 973 | 14,722 | |
| Majority 5.042 | . | 8.251 | | Klotz, 4867; Albright, 3873; Brockway, 3896; Orvis, 3018. (Signed by the judges of Mon- roc, Pike, Montour, Columbia, Carbon, part |
| Per cent 55.8 Total vote | 80,065 | 18.¥U ⊕1. 29. | 4ก.บะ 695 | roe. Pike. Montant. Columbia Cerbon port |
| | 30,000 | JU, | | of Luzerne, and part of Lackawanna.) |
| | | | | Coogle |

PENNSYLVANIA.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| 1878. 1876. | 1878. 1876. |
|---|---|
| Roberts. Wright. Payne. Wright. R. G. & D. R. D. | 18. Fisher. Stenger. Dough- Mahon. Stenger. |
| Lackawa'a (pt.) 4,081 4,432 | R. D. G. R. D. Franklin 4,622 4,806 2 4,814 4,694 |
| | Fulton 799 1.230 815 1.195 Huntingd'n, 8,878 2,663 432 3,437 8,079 |
| Total 9,124 11,817 1,456 Per cent 43.86 56.48 47.16 52.83 | Juniata 1,483 1,855 99 1,542 2,019 Perry 2,736 2,683 85 2,680 2,805 |
| Total vote 20,941 25,658 | Snyder 1,850 1,484 136 1,944 1,517 |
| 13. Fisher, Ryon, Brumm, Nutting, Reilly, R. D. G. R. D. | Total14,878 14,671 754 15,282 15,801 Majority 207 |
| Schuylkill. 5,698 7,820 7,128 10,026 10,107 Majority 192 81 Per cent. 27.78 36.87 35.88 49.79 50.20 | Per cent 49.09 48.41 2.49 50.24 49.75 Total vote 30,303 30,533 |
| Per cent 27.78 86.87 35.88 49.79 50.20 Total vote 20,146 20,133 | 19. Cochran. Beltz-Slayton. Bressler. Maish. |
| 14. Killin- Withing- Earley, Killin- Wilson, ger. ton, ger. | R. D. G. R. D. Adams 2,787 8,350 154 2,934 8,444 |
| R. D. G. R. D. Dauphin 6,483 5,079 1,844 7,848 5,471 | Cumberland 8,497 4,980 581 4,146 5,126 York 6,088 9,489 86 6,818 10,362 |
| Lebanon 8,813 2,465 606 4,487 8,013 Northum'd. 8,363 4,489 1,512 4,624 5,239 | Total12,322 17,819 821 18,896 18,932 |
| Total18,659 12,033 .8,902 16,454 13,723 | Majority 5,497 5,084 Per cent 29.80 57.54 2.65 42.3 57.66 |
| Majority 1,626 2,781 | Total vote 30,962 32,830 20. Yocum. Curtin. Lincoln. Mackey. |
| Per cent 46.06 40 58 18.35 54.52 47.47 Total vote 29,654 80,177 | G. & R. D. R. D. |
| In 1876, Deming, Gr., had 532 votes in Dauphin and 1 each in Lebanon and North- | Centre 8,486 3,525 3,287 4,100 Clearfield 2,914 3,084 2,335 4,207 Clinton 2,264 2,565 1,610 3,245 |
| umberland. 15. Overton, Dimmick, DeWitt, Over-Powell. | Elk |
| R. D. G. R. D. | Union 2,220 1,455 2,226 1,392 |
| Bradford 6,074 1,826 3,056 7,742 5,849 Susqueha'a. 3,829 218 8,601 4.779 8,926 | Total13,454 13,381 11,193 16,229 |
| Wayne 1,927 1,059 1,704 2,778 8,676 Wyoming 1,815 680 959 1,655 2,007 | Majority 73 5,036 Per cent 50.18 49.86 40.81 59.18 Total vote 26,835 27,422 |
| Total 13,145 8,783 9,821 16,954 14,958 | 21. Bailey. Wise. McFarland. Rush. Turney. R. D. G. R. D. |
| Majority 3,824 | Favette 2.893 4.005 1.965 4.432 5.704 |
| Total vote 25,849 81,912 | Greene 1,602 3,144 142 1,941 3,705 Westmor'd. 4,858 5,731 1,712 6,890 7,553 |
| 16. Mitchell. Smith. Davis. Mitchell. White. R. D. G. R. D. | Total 9,848 12,880 8,819 12,763 16,962 |
| Cameron 433 852 887 517 601 Lycoming 8 088 2,898 4,273 8,776 5,143 | Majority 3,532 4,199 Per cent 85.89 49.44 14.65 42.93 57.05 |
| McKear. 1,515 1,252 774 1,414 1,332 Potter 1,350 11 1,157 1,590 1,334 | Total vote 20,047 29,725 |
| Sullivan 424 597 413 499 914 1 | R. D. G. R. D. |
| Tioga 4,828 744 8,109 5,779 2,768 | Allegheny (part) 9,099 7,260 7,447 14,551 12,913 |
| Total11,183 5,849 10,063 13,575 12,097 Majority 1,070 1,478 Per cent 41.16 21 62 37.20 52.87 47.12 | Majority 1,652 1,638 Per cent 38.22 30.49 31.27 26.00 73.99 Total vote 23,806 17,464 |
| Total vote 27,045 25,672 | 23. Bayne. McKenna. Watson. Bayne. Cochrane. |
| In 1876, Davis, Gr., had 1814 votes in Ly- coming and 204 in Tioga. | Allogher |
| 17. Campbell. Coffroth. Adams. Camp-Reilly. | ny (pt), 9,104 5,621 2,781 12.556 8,326 Maj'ity 8,463 |
| R. D. G. R. D. Bedford 8,048 8,303 186 8,204 8,514 | Total vote |
| Blair 3,769 3,389 925 4,681 8,988 Cambria 2,415 8,246 1,003 2,973 4,385 | 94. Shallen- Clen- Emer- Shallen- McComb. berger. dennin. son. berger. |
| Somerset 2,985 2,584 161 8,810 2,811 | R. D. G. R. D. Beaver 3,501 2,999 524 5,801 5,585 |
| Total 12,167 12,472 2,275 14,668 14,148 Majority 520 520 Per cent 45.19 46.83 8.47 50.90 49 09 | Lawrence. 2,470 2,111 451 4,061 8,169 Washington 5,290 4,915 926 3,286 1,944 |
| Per cent 45.19 46.83 8.47 50.90 49 09 | |
| Total vote 26,919 28,816 | Total11,261 10,025 . 1,901 18,151 10,648 |

PENNSYLVANIA.-Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | | 1878. | • | 18 | 76. | | | 1878. | | 187 | 6. |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| Majority. Per cent. Total vot The I publicans | R. 3,056 1,994 817 8,512 1,865 1,718 37,1 | D. 1,861 3,626 262 1,341 1,941 9,031 50 81.5 28,64 | grove. Q. 2,965 2,150 2,364 1,105 8,874 | 4,598 457 4,854 2,294 15,156 1,789 7 53 06 28, | D. 4,257 3,850 893 2,857 2,540 13,397 46.91 553 | Butler Crawford. Mercer. Total Majority. Per cent Total vote 91. Erie Venango Warren Total Majority. | 0. 6,191 14,267 14,010 1,297 22. 0smer. R. 5,596 8,409 2,200 11,205 2,654 | 743 2,890 6,558 89 19.4 83,2 Al'en. D. 4,796 2,934 821 8,551 | 12,713 13,8.1 12,713 11 38.1 11 38.1 Camp. G. 1,684 1,446 2,047 5,127 | 5,556 7,313 18,511 2,025 9 52 89 84 Watson. R. 8,557 8,762 8,821 15,640 3,547 | 16,450 4,694 5,04: 6,74: 16,450 47.10 ,997 Scott. D. 6,360 8,523 2,20: 12,096 |
| | | | | | | Per cent Total vote | ···· | 24,8 | 88 | 27 | ,783 |
| | ATE | | HOD | | | D.—State T | icket, | 1878- | -Gov | ernor | <u> </u> |
| | | 1877. | | \ _ _ | 878. | REPRES | ENTATIV | | | | 878. |
| | | Law- F | | Van t. Zand | | Malaan W | FIRST | | | • | F 000 |

| | 1011. | 1010 | REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS—18 | 78. |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Van | Law- Fos- | Van Bar- | FIRST DISTRICT. | |
| Zandt. | | cat. Zandt. naby. | Nelson W. Aldrich (R.) | 5.968 |
| Rep.&Pro | | ring R.&T. D | Thomas Davis (D.) | 1.332 |
| Bristol 743 Kent 947 | | 2 1,144 1,231 | Lycurgus Sayles (G.) | 627 |
| Newport., 1.567 | | 3 2,049 940 | Scattering | 104 |
| Prov'dnce 6,848 | | 0 7.005 7.849 | | |
| | | 1 1.417 1.142 | Aldrich's majority over all, 3,905. | |
| Wash'ton. 1,849 | 000 14 | 1 1,211 1,192 | CHOONED DIGHTON | |
| M-4-1 11 484 | 7 690 FOO 0 | 6 18.455 11.788 | SECOND DISTRICT. | |
| Total11,454 Ma. ov'rall.8.199 | | daj. 454 | Latimer W. Ballou (R.) | 5.569 |
| | | 50.09 48.18 | J. B. Barnaby (D.) | 4.585 |
| Per cent. 58.12 | 10.700 | | J. F. Smith (G.) | 311 |
| Total vote In 1877 there we | ana PT water 4 | on the Green | Scattering | 15 |
| | | | | |
| back ticket, and | 141 Butilering | 5. nda e Depublic | Ballou's majority over all, 708. | |
| i ne Legislatu | LE OI 191A BIS | nus: repuone | ans, 89; Democrats, 28, | |

| BOUTI | I CAROLI | NA-B | presentatives in C | ongress. | |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|
| COUNTIES, 83. | | | 84 DISTRICT. | Aiken. | Ensor. |
| 1st DISTRICT. | Richardson. | Rainey. | | D. | R. |
| | D. | R. | Oconee | 1,607 | 210 |
| Chesterfield | 1,545 | 985 | Pickens | 1,489 | 85 |
| Marlboro | 2,583 | 1,682 | Anderson | | 309 |
| Darlington | | 2,773 | Abbeville | | 8 |
| Sumter | | 2,940 | Newberry | | 2,122 |
| Georgetown | | 1,307 | Richland | | 1,783 |
| Williamsburg | 3.037 | 2,195 | Lexington | | 2,100 |
| Marion | | 2,238 | Laurens | | 1.880 |
| Horry | | 426 | Laurens | 0,010 | 1,000 |
| Holly | 1,150 | 200 | Made) | 24,588 | 6.348 |
| (Florida) | 00 707 | 14,546 | Total | | 0,040 |
| Total | | | Majority | 10,100 | 00.00 |
| Majority | ****** 00.05 | 8,101 | Per cent, | 79.44 | 20.88 |
| Per cent | 60.95 | 89.04 | Total vote | 80,8 | 81 |
| Total vote | 87, | 253 | ł | | |
| 2d DISTRICT. | O'Connor. D. | Tharin. R. | | | |
| Charleston | 14.245 | 9,090 | 1 | | |
| Orangeburg | | 2,626 | 1 | | • |
| Clarendon | | 1,466 | İ | | |
| Ciarendon | 2,101 | -,200 | 1 | | |

 Total
 20,568

 Majority
 7,386

 Per cent
 60.94

 Total vote
 60.94

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| Union 2,800 Colleton 4,299 2 Spartauburg 8,181 Beaufort 420 4, Greenville 2,918 Barnwell 5,679 1, York 2,952 Edgefield 7,185 Chester 2,798 Aiken 4,989 | alls. R. |
|---|-------------|
| Spartauburg 8,181 Beaufort 420 4, Greenville Greenville 2,918 Barnwell 5,679 1, York York 2,252 Edgefield 7,185 Chester 2,798 Aiken 4,989 | .152 |
| Greenville 2,918 Barnwell 5,679 1, York 2,952 Edgefield 7,185 Chester 2,798 Aiken 4,989 | 945 |
| York | 611 |
| Chester | 170 |
| | 535 |
| Lancaster | 251 |
| Kershaw 2,743 741 | |
| | 664 |
| —— Majority15,745 | , |
| Total | 8,75 |
| Majority | ., |
| Per cent £6.83 3.16 Total State vote on Con- | |
| Total vote | 198 |
| In 1878, Wade Hampton, Dem., was elec | |
| Governor by 119,550 votes, with 2123 scatt | |
| ing. No Republican candidate was not | |
| nated. The Legislature of 1878-79, stan | |
| Democrats. 150: Republicans. 8. | ٠ |

TENNESSEE-Representatives in Congress.

| | 18 | 378. | 187 | 6. | | 10 | 378. | 18 | 76. |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Ist Dist. Carter Claiborne. Cocke Grainger Greene Hamblen Hamblen Hawkins Johnson Sullivan Wash gton Total1 | 936 422 1,420 229 1,914 1,667 | Pettibone. R. 985 715 1,101 650 1,657 835 696 1,465 632 843 1,431 10,960 | McFar- land. D. 437 779 895 860 1,902 890 427 1,410 222 1,985 1,449 | Randolph. R. 1,186 908 1,129 946 1,945 850 616 1,388 705 961 1,695 | 3d Dist. Bledsoc. Bradley. Cannon. Cumberl'nd De Kalb. Grundy. Hamilton. James. Marion. McMinn. Meigs. Polk. Rhea Sequachie. | Dibrell, D. 85.7 448 796 241 917 270 715 206 865 973 494 490 580 167 | Wheeler. 149 438 97 90 107 42 1,114 22) 883 760 176 139 204 87 | Dibrell. D. 430 763 1,110 253 1,038 1,615 285 583 1,248 619 699 617 256 | Drake. R. 824 935 819 235 866 54 1,857 845 715 1,435 828 8382 875 |
| Majority Per cent Tot. vote, | 738 51.53 22, | 48.46 | 47.59 23, | 1,184 52.40 564 | Van Buren. Warren White Total Majority | 189 1,146 1,045 9,399 | 200 86 4,205 | 1,659 1,215 13,132 4,914 | 80 446 111 8,218 |
| Anderson Blount Campbell Jefferson | 1. D. 360 811 205 864 | R, 572 965 706 1,158 | D. 645 892 435 802 | R. 778 1,198 686 1,655 | Per cent Total vote | 69.08 13,6 | 80.91 04 | 61.60 21 8 | 88.89 350 |
| Knox. Loudon. Monroe. Morgan. Roane. Scott. Sevier. Union. | 2,147 426 830 256 606 48 299 815 | 2,088 682 408 153 745 824 1,063 684 | 2,914 601 1,306 268 801 83 843 518 | 3,618 968 718 465 1,582 844 1,494 | 4th Dist. Clay Fentress Jackson Macon Overton Putnam Robertson | | Golliday 1. D. 188 55 148 42 291 176 769 | D. 419 185 853 587 825 606 1,863 | Cox. 1. D. 220 210 1,088 85 231 857 808 |
| Total Majority Per cent Tot. vote, F. M. Eirb | 42.87 16.7 | | 9,603 40.08 23,0 es for Co | | Smith Sumner Trousdale Wilson Total Majority Per cent Tot. vote, In 1876 Pa | 362 944 7,466 8,175 64.90 12,2 | | 1,470 2,254 566 2,880 11,957 8,412 77.13 15,437 | |

TENNESSEE.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | | 18 | 76. | | 1 | 1878. | 18 | 376 |
|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Lil- | War- | | Gal- | | Atkins. | Warren. | | Hawkins |
| 5th Dist. Bright. | lard. | der. Isbe | II. Bright | . braith. | 8th Dist. | D. | G. | D. | R. |
| Redford 1 704 | υ. | к. с | . D. | R. | Benton | | 204 | 854 | 31 |
| Bedford1,784 Coffee 850 | 207 | 196 49 | | 3 1,727 5 135 | Carroll | | 1,418 | 1,83 } | 2,11 |
| Franklin1,551 | 527 | | | | Decatur | | 151 | 807 | 82 |
| Lincoln1,860 | 493 | | | | Hardin | | 481 | 968 | 1,07 |
| Marshall 939 | 500 | | 3 2,089 | | Henderson. | 829 | 598 | 1,814 | 1,02 |
| Rutherford 1,401 | | 769 9 | | 1.952 | Henry | | 261 | 2,483 | 82 |
| TERRITOR 1,401 | 100 | 100 8 | . 4,00 | 1,000 | Madison | | 995 | 8,037 | 1,58 |
| Total8,285 | 2 504 | 965 97 | 6 15 00 | 4 5 800 | McNairy | | 986 | 1,812 | 96 |
| Maj.ov.next 5,691 | | 550 OI | 9.78 | | Perry | 847 | 163 | 804 | 7 |
| Per cent65.13 | 20.89 | 6.88 7 5 | | | Motel | 0 001 | E OFF | 19 110 | 0.00 |
| Tot. vote, | 12,7 | | | 408 | Total | | 5,257 | 13,112 | 8,09 |
| | 200,00 | •• | ~~ | , | Majority | | 97 19 | 5,017 | 97 0 |
| | (| Camp- P | ros- | Pros- | Per cent | | 87.12 | 62.80 | 87.69 |
| | . Akers. | bell. se | er. Hous | e, ser. | Tot. vote, | 10, | 618 | 21, | ,207 |
| Cheatham 699 | G. 181 | | i. D. 6 90 | 8 270 | 1 | Simonton. | Black. | Caldwell | Folk |
| Davidson. 4,411 | | 60 1,59 | | 9 5,540 | 9th Dist. | D. | G. | D. | R. |
| Dickson 673 | 859 | | 2 1,34 | | Crockett | 501 | 254 | | • • • • |
| Houston 300 | 51 | | 8 496 | 3 101 | Dyer | 893 | 805 | 1,868 | 100 |
| Humphr'ys 773 | 243 | | 0 1,36 | | Gibson | | 1,099 | 3,324 | 1,070 |
| Montgom'y1,935 | | 46 | | 3 2,111 | Haywood. | 976 | 1,801 | 1,827 | 8,071 |
| Stewart 823 | | 15 | | | Lake | _96 | 43 | 391 | • • • • • |
| | | | | | Lauderdale. | | 829 | 1,267 | 699 |
| Total 9,614 | 4.666 | 130 2.40 | 3 15.71 | 9 8.987 | Obion | | **** | 2,408 | 478 |
| Maj. over | -, | ~, | | ,501 | Tipton | 814 | 579 | 1,471 | 983 |
| next4.948 | | | 6.782 | 3 | Weakley | 1,475 | 154 | 2,743 | 113 |
| Per cent 57.18 | 27.75 | .07 14.2 | | | Total | 7 000 | 4,564 | 14.799 | 0 500 |
| Tot. vote, | 16,813 | | | ,706 | | | 4,004 | 8,290 | 6,509 |
| • | • | | | • | Majority Per cent | | 86.85 | 68.80 | 81.19 |
| | | | | | Tot. vote. | | | 21,5 | |
| Whit- | | ***** | Whit- | ave. | 101. 1016, | 10,01 | JAV | ء,1ء | ~ |
| 7th Dist. thorne D. | . Moore. D. | Haghes. R. | thorne. D. | Cliffe, R. | 1 | | Ran- | | Ran- |
| Giles 1,169 | | | 3.273 | 8 | 10th Di.t. | Young. | dolph. Ke | ller. Young | . dolph. |
| Hickman 195 | | 28 | 1,078 | 65 | | D. | | G. D. | R. |
| Lawrence 408 | | 54 | 901 | 246 | Fayette | | | 83 2,614 | |
| Lewis 88 | 188 | | 190 | 6 | Hardeman | 878 | | 14 1,897 | |
| Maury 2,854 | | | 8,695 | 1,222 | Shelby | 0,410 | 1,884 1,0 | 60 8,503 | 8,002 |
| Wayne 417 | | | 686 | 477 | Total | 5 599 | 2 100 1 9 | 57 12 014 | 10 124 |
| Williamson. 1,450 | 964 | 350 | 2,434 | 1,738 | Total | 0,066 | 0,199 1,0 | 01 13,014 | 12,134 |
| | | | | | Major. over next | 9 202 | | 880 | |
| _Total 6,581 | 5,583 | 8,138 | 12,237 | 3,767 | Per cent | 54 79 | R1 74 19 | | |
| Major. over | | | | | Tot. vote. | 10,0 | | 25.148 | |
| | 3 | | 8,470 | | The Legis | ature of | 1879_80 | | |
| next 1,048 | 36.28 | 20.45 | 76.46 | | crats, 80; Re | nuhlice | ns. 17. T | ndenond | ents 6 |
| Per cent 43.16 | | 247 | | 004 | Total, 103. | Panica | ,, . | penu | once, U. |
| Per cent 43.16 Total vote, | 15, | | | | | | | | |
| Per cent 43.16 Total vote, In 1876 G. W. I | 15, | | l. Rep. | , nau | For Gover | mor in | 1878 the | vote wee | A .S |
| Per cent 43.16 Total vote, | 15, | | l. Rep. | ., пач | For Gover | | | | |
| Per cent 43.16 Total vote, In 1876 G. W. I | 15, | | l. Rep. | ., пач | For Gover Marks, Den 42,328; R. M | 1., 89,01 | 8; E. M | . Wight, | Rep., |

| La Dist. COUNTES. Angelina. Chambers. Cherokee. Hardin Henderson Houston Jasper Jefferson Liberty Nacogdoches. Newton Orange Panola Polk Rusk Sabine SanAugustine Shelby Smith |
|--|

TEXAS.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| Culberson, Dem., vote | | Limestone 1,617 | 817 | Bandera | 180 | 191 |
|---|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| of 1876, Cong 17 | 7,320 | Madison 570 | | Bee | 139 | 233 |
| Russell, Rep., vote of | | McLennan 2,660 | | Bexar | 2,995 | 1,595 |
| 1876, Congress 9 | 9,130 | Montgomery. 911 | 1,009 | Blanco | 121 | 441 |
| | | Navarro 2,701 | . 1 | Caldwell | 766 | 1,078 |
| Culberson's majority 8 | 3,190 | Robertson 1,771 | 1,864 | Calhoun | 281 | 77 |
| 3d Dist. Wellborn. Dag D. | ggett. | San Jacinto 844 | •••• | Cameron | 1,617 | 835 |
| D. | R. | Waller 1,436 | | Comal | 724 | 104 |
| Callahan 248 | . 7 | Walker 829 | • • • • • | De Witt | 824 | 809 |
| Clay 510 | 192 | | | Duval | 831 | 28 |
| Collin 3,153 | 878 | Total 30,535 | | El Paso | 521 | _1 |
| Cook 2,748 | 84 | Majority 21,496 | | Frio | 179 | 98 |
| | 1,642 | Per cent 75.67 | | Gillespie | 738 | 36 |
| Denton 1,949 | 464 | Scattering. 775 | | Goliad | 547 | 407 |
| Eastland 469 | 1 | Total vote. 40,849 | | Gonzales | 584 | 1,874 |
| Ellis 8,042 | 844 | Mills, Dem., vote | 01 ~~ ~~ | Guadaloupe | 832 | 1,130 |
| Erath 1,586 | 93 | 1876, Congress | 20,731 | Hays | 390 | 69 |
| Grayson 4,296 1 | ,481 | Osterhout, Rep, vo | te o coo | Hidalgo | 20 | 238 |
| Hill 2,042 | 570 | 1876, Congress | 8,839 | Jackson | 197 | 245 |
| Hood 1,078 | 21 | 35111-1 | 11.000 | Karnes | 290 | 283 |
| Jack 580 | 172 | Mills's majority | 11,892 | Kendall | 419 | 84 |
| Johnson 2,584 | 486 | Fil. Dist. House | L T | Kerr | 157 | 219 |
| Kauffman 1,849 | 721 | 5th Dist. Hancoc D. | k. Jones. G. & D. | Kimball | 27 323 | 181 |
| Montague 1,317 | 117 | Austin 1,139 | 1.061 | Kinney | | 119 |
| Palo Pinto 771 | 5 | Bastrop 513 | 2,229 | Llano | 104 | 398 |
| Parker 1,781 | 414 | Brazoria 705 | 84 | Live Oak | 191 · 210 | 167 |
| Rockwall 418 | 57 | Brown 789 | 877 | Mason | 210 296 | 167 163 |
| Shackleford 400 | 4 | Burleson 406 | 997 | Maverick | 582 | |
| Somervell 830 | 52 | Burnet 409 | 541 | Medina Menard | 98 | 120 35 |
| Stephens 641 | 4 | Colorado 1,184 | 1,891 | McMillan | 33 | 71 |
| Tarrant 8,304 1 | ,005 | Coleman 821 | 99 | | 801 | 156 |
| Taylor 132 | 951 | Fayette 2,415 | 1.520 | Nueces | 804 | |
| Wise 1,144 Young 666 | 801 | Galveston 8,425 | 1,229 | Presidio | 352 | •••• |
| Young 666 | ٥ | Lampasas 280 | 518 | Perugio | 222 | 63 |
| Total 40,848 9 | ,718 | Lavaca 890 | 387 | San Patricio | 181 | 64 |
| Majority 31,130 | ,,,,, | Lee 877 | 1,059 | Starr | 395 | 40 |
| | 9.15 | Matagorda 329 | 239 | Tom Green | 244 | 118 |
| Scattering. 158 | 3.10 | Milam 1,628 | 1,157 | Uvalde | 139 | 206 |
| Total vote., 50,724 | | McCulloch 112 | 119 | Victoria | 617 | 625 |
| Throckmorton Dem | | San Saba 253 | 563 | Webb | 536 | 899 |
| Throckmorton, Dem., vote of 1876, Con 24 | ,138 | Travis 2,015 | 2,685 | Wilson | 207 | 999 |
| Bigger, Rep., vote of | ,,,,,,,,, | Washington . 1,309 | 8,109 | Zapata | 178 | 75 |
| 1876, Con 2 | ,283 | Wharton 138 | 569 | Dupuu | | |
| 2010, 00 | -,~00 | Williamson 1,084 | 1,162 | Total | 19.199 | 15,671 |
| Throckmorton's ma- | | | | Majority | | , |
| | ,855 | Total 19,721 | 21,101 | Per cent | 55.05 | 44.98 |
| | | Majority | 1,381 | Scattering | 4 | |
| | mith. R. | Per cent 48.23 | 51.60 | Total vote | 34.874 | |
| Bell 8,278 | 8 | Scattering. 66 | | Schleicher, Der | n., vote | 3 |
| Bosque 1,508 | . " | Total vote 40,888 | | of 1876, Cong | | |
| | ,373 | Giddings, Dem., vo | ie | Newcomb, Rep | o., vote | ; |
| Comanche 1,105 | 8 | of 1876, Cong | | of 1876, Cong | | 2,711 |
| Coryell 1,864 | . • | Jones, Ind., voto | | ' ' | • | |
| Falls t 1,148 | 972 | 1876, Cong | . 18,277 | Schleicher's 1 | najority | y 9,243 |
| Fort Bend 249 | 11 | G/331 | 0.000 | | | • |
| Freestone 1,384 | 806 | Giddings's majority | 7. 2,009 | The Legislati | are of 1 | 870_90 |
| | | 6th Diet Schleich | m Indian 3 | stands: Demo | | |
| Hamilton 971 | _i | 6th Dist. Schleiche D. | r. Ireland. D. | publicans, 16 | Gre | enback |
| Harris 2,815 | 806 | Aransas 169 | 27 | | penden | |
| Leon 1,123 | 20 | Atascosa 243 | | total, 128. | | ,, |
| | | | | | | |
| TERRIT | UR | Y OF UTAH.—I | Jelegate | in Congress. | | |

| | 1878. | 187 | 6. | 1 | 1878. | 18 | 76. |
|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| COUNTIES-20. | Cannon. Mormon. | Cannon. Mormon. | Baskin. Anti- Mermon. | COUNTIES. | Cannon. Mormon. | Cannon. Mormon. | Baskin. Anti- Mormon. |
| Beaver Box elder | . 883 | 488 - 1,145 | 270 263 | Morgan Piute | . 57 | 251 5 | 7 88 |
| Cache Davis Iron | . 664 | 2,146 942 60 | 26 10 | Rich | | 224 4,499 | 1,787 |
| Juab Kane | . 807 | 587 722 | 18 118 | Sanpete Sevier Summit | 484 | 1,921 638 | 40 |
| Millard | . 826 | 613 | 20 | Summit | . 830 Digitizad h | . G 485 | Te 201 |

TERRITORY OF UTAH.—Delegate in Congress. (Continued.)

| | 1878. | 187 | в. | | 1878. | 1876. |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| COUNTIES-20. | Cannon. Mormon. | Cannon. Mormon. | Baskin. Anti- Mormon. | COUNTIES. | Cannon. Mormon. | Cannon. Baskin. Mormon. Anti- |
| Tooele | . 566 | 488 | 692 | Majority | | 17,689 |
| Utah | . 2,023 | 8,886 | 5 ŏ | Scattering vo | otes 57 | · |
| Wasatch | . 144 | 298 | ••• | | | |
| Washington | . 606 | 837 | 16 | Total vote | 14,278 | 25,378 |
| Weber | . 867 | 1,856 | 200 | | | |
| | | | | No opposi | ition candida | ate was nominated |
| Total | . 14,221 | 21,531 | 3,842 | by the Anti- | Mormons in | 1878. |

STATE OF VERMONT.-State Ticket-Governor, 1878.

| | • | Governo | | PRESIDENT, 1876 | | |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Counties —14. | Proctor. R. | Bing- ham, D. | Martin. G. | Scat- tering. | Hayes. R. | Tilden. D. |
| Addison | 3,873 | 652 | 189 | 7 | 3,787 | 835 |
| Bennington | 2,521 | 1,685 | | 5 | 2,428 | 1,733 |
| Caledonia | 2,734 | 1,443 | | 2 | 2,885 | 1,558 |
| Chittenden | 8.418 | 1,905 | | 8 | 8,962 | 2,287 |
| Essex | 716 | 465 | | 8 | 755 | 467 |
| Franklin | 3,182 | 1,638 | 623 | | 8,152 | 1,895 |
| Grand Isle | 435 | 274 | 86 | | 424 | 271 |
| Lamoille | 1,861 | 501 | 508 | | 1,841 | 707 |
| Orange | 2,853 | 1,743 | 51 | | 3,080 | 1,727 |
| Orleans | 2,417 | 814 | 239 | | 2,822 | 835 |
| Rutland | 4,025 | 2,367 | 89 | 85 | 5,287 | 2,480 |
| Washington | 2,750 | 1,809 | 593 | 1 | 8,653 | 2,246 |
| Windham | 8,061 | 507 | 10 | 696 | 4,895 | 1,298 |
| Windsor | 8,971 | 1,471 | 80 | 11 | 5,671 | 1,915 |
| Total | 87,812 17,617 | 17,247 | 2,685 | 763 | 44,092 | 20,254 |
| Majority over all | 64.87 | 29.75 | 4.54 | 1.81 | 23,838 68.52 | 81.47 |
| Total vote | OZ.01 | | 957 | 1.01 | | .460 |

The Legislature of 1879 stands: Republicans, 204; Democrats, 44; Greenback or National party, 9; Independents, 5. Total, 262.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

| Rutland 4,278 2,008 5,396 2,447 Essex 230 283 173 668 404 Washington 2,040 1,834 3,455 2,148 Franklin 8,451 401 206 3,035 1,371 Total 12,600 5,895 14,496 7,057 430 Lamoillo 1,187 475 163 1,879 681 Majority oversall 68.06 31.84 67.25 32.74 Corleans 1,118 1,454 213 2,240 816 Total vote 18.512 21.558 Majority 2,887 4,330 1,095 1,974 5,367 | | 18 | 378. | 18 | 76. | | 1 | 878. | | 187 | 6. |
|--|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|--------|----------|----------|------------|---------|
| Addison | Let District | Joyce. | Randall. | Joyce. | Childs. | | Barlow | . Grout. | | Hendee. E. | dwards. |
| Rutland | | | 564 | | | 8d District. | Ge R. | R. | | R. | D. |
| Rritland | | | | | | Chittenden | 2,071 | 1,591 | 279 | 3,742 | 1,851 |
| Washington. 2,080 1,834 3,455 2,148 Franklin. 8,451 401 266 3,085 1,384 1,284 7,489 7,439 7,067 Franklin. 8,451 401 266 3,085 1,879 681 Majority over all 6,698 7,439 7,057 82.74 Caledonia. 18,512 21,558 21,558 1,118 1,454 213 2,240 816 Total vote. 18,512 21,558 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 2,538 1,285 3,625 1,343 0,036 3,435 7,790 69.05 30.93 Windso | Rutland | | | | | Essex | 230 | | | | 404 |
| Total | | | | | | Franklin | 8,451 | 401 | 206 | 8,085 | 1.871 |
| Majority over all Per cent. 6.088 31.84 67.25 82.74 67.25 82.74 Orleans 1,118 1,454 218 2,240 816 816 2,240 816 Scattering votes. 17 Total vote 18,512 21,558 21,558 Total 8,367 4,330 1,005 11,974 5,367 6,607 Per cent 6,607 Per cent 6,607 Per cent 6,607 Per cent 6,607 Per cent 6,007 Per cent 10,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.94 Seattering Majority over all Per cent 12,281 4,390 4,036 1,589 1,5 | W daming com | | | | | | | | 61 | | 244 |
| Majority over all 6.688 7.439 82.74 Creams | Total | 12,600 | 5.895 | 14.496 | 7.057 | Lamoille | 1.137 | 475 | 163 | 1,879 | 681 |
| Per cent. 68.06 81.84 67.25 32.74 Scattering votes. 17 17 Total vote. 18,512 21,553 Total vote. 18,512 21,558 21,558 Majority. 2,887 6.607 Per cent. 60,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.93 Scattering votes. 2,584 1,372 3,024 1,764 Note. 13,47 17,341 Windsor. 3,750 1,339 4,036 1,689 1,769 Note. 13,47 17,341 Total. 12,281 4,890 14,490 5,789 14,400 5,789 Majority over all Per cent. 7,846 8,691 7,846 8691 8691 Yer cent. 78,46 26.20 71.54 28.45 845 | | | | | ., | | | 1,454 | 218 | 2,240 | 816 |
| Total vote. | | | | | 82.74 | | | | | | |
| Total vote 18,512 21,558 Majority 2,887 Per cent 63,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.94 Scattering votes Total 2,672 1,285 2,588 1,372 3,024 1,764 Windham 3,275 894 4,082 1,101 Windsor 3,750 1,839 4,036 1,589 Total 12,281 4,390 14,490 5,789 Majority over all 7,846 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 691 Per cent 78,46 8 71.54 28.45 Per cent 60,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.94 Scattering vote 60,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.94 Scattering vote 60,42 31.27 7.90 69.05 30.94 Scattering vote 13,847 17,341 Note At the first Congressional election in the 3d District, Sept., 1878, there was required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679 Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; scattering, 185. To- tal, 20,306. | | 00.00 | | ••••• | | Total | 8.367 | 4.830 | 1.095 | 11.974 | 5.367 |
| 3d District. Tyler. Dickey. R. D. R. D. Caledonia. D. R. D. R. D. Caledonia. D. Caledonia. Per cent | | 18 | | 91.5 | XR. | | | -, | | | -, |
| Tyler. Dickey. Denison. Dickey. Scattering Scattering Votes 55 Votes 55 Votes 55 Votes 55 Votes 55 Votes 55 Votes 55 Total vote 13,347 17,341 Votes 13,347 17,341 Votes 13,347 17,341 Votes 13,347 Votes 14,341 | 10001 1000 | 10, | | ~_,0 | | | | 31.27 | 7.90 | 69.05 | 80.94 |
| A District. R. D. C. Caledonia. 2,672 1,285 2,588 1,295 2,584 1,372 3,024 1,764 Windham. 3,275 894 4,082 1,101 Windbam. 3,275 1,339 4,036 1,589 Total. 12,281 4,390 14,490 5,739 Majority over all 7,846 26,20 71.54 28.45 Per cent. 78.46 26,20 71.54 28.45 Scattering votes. 45 Votes. 55 Total vote. 13,847 17,341 Note. — At the first Congressional election in the 3d District, Sept., 1878, there was no choice, a majority of all the votes being required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679 Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; scattering, 185. To-station of the condition | | Tyler. | Dickey. | Denison. | Dickey. | | •••• | | * | | |
| Caledonia. 2,672 1,285 2,588 1,285 Orange. 2,584 1,372 3,024 1,784 Windham. 3,275 894 4,082 1,101 Windsor. 3,750 1,339 4,086 1,589 Total. 12,281 4,390 14,490 5,739 Majority over all 7,846 8,691 Per cent. 78,46 26,20 71.54 28.45 Scattering votes. 45 Total vote. 18,847 1,7341 Note.—At the first Congressional election in the 3d District, Sept., 1878, there was no choice, a majority of all the votes being required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679 Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; scattering, 185. Total vote. 18,847 17,341 Note.—At the first Congressional election in the 3d District, Sept., 1878, there was no choice, a majority of all the votes being required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; scattering, 185. Total vote. 18,847 17,341 | | Ř. | D. | R. | D. | | | 55 | | | |
| Orange. 2,584 1,372 3,024 1,764 Windham. 8,275 84 4,082 1,101 Windsor. 3,750 1,339 4,036 1,589 Total. 12,281 4,890 14,430 5,739 Majority over all Per cent. 7,846 8,691 8,691 Per cent. 78,46 26,20 71.54 28.45 Scattering votes. 45 45 28.45 | Caledonia | 2,672 | 1,285 | 2,538 | 1,285 | | te | | 17 | 17.341 | ı |
| Windham 8,275 894 4,082 1,101 Windsor 3,750 1,839 4,036 1,589 Total 12,281 4,890 14,420 5,789 Majority over all 7,846 8,691 8,691 Per cent 78,46 28,20 71.54 28,45 Scattering votes 45 Note: At the lift Congressional relation in the 3d District, Sept., 1878, there was no choice, a majority of all the votes being required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679: Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919: Waterman, Dem., 8,572; scattering, 185. Total, 20,306. | Orange | 2,584 | 1,372 | 3,024 | 1,764 | | | | | | |
| Total 12,281 4,390 14,430 5,789 Majority over all 7,846 8691 Per cent 78,46 28,20 71.54 28,45 Scattering votes. 45 no choice, a majority of all the votes being required. Grout, regular Rep., had 6,679 Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; scattering, 185. Total, 20,306. | Windham | 8,275 | 894 | | 1,101 | NOTE.—A | n ine | HISE C | Congr | essionar | Clec- |
| Total | Windsor | 3,750 | 1,839 | 4,036 | 1,589 | tion in the | ad Dis | trict, a | sept., 1 | oro, thei | e was |
| Majority over all 7,846 8 991 Per cent 78.46 26.20 71.54 28.45 Scattering votes. 45 Barlow, bolting Rep., and Greenback, 9,919: Waterman, Dem., 8,572; scattering, 185. To-tal, 20,306. | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| Majority over all 7,846 8 691 Per cent | Total | 12,281 | 4,890 | 14,480 | 5,739 | required. | Grout | regu | ar Ke | p., nace | 0,019; |
| Per cent 78.46 26.20 71.54 28.45 Waterman, Dem., 3,572; Scattering, 155. 10 Scattering votes. | Majority over all | 7.846 | • | 8 691 | - | | | | | | |
| Scattering votes. 45 Tai, 20,300. | Per cent | 78.46 | 26.20 | 71.54 | 28.45 | | Dem. | , 3,572 | ; rcatt | ering, 10 | ə. Tu- |
| | Scattering votes. | | | | | tai, 20,306. | | | | | |
| | | 16. | 716 | 2 | 0,169 | | | | | | |

VIRGINIA-Representatives in Congress-1878.

| V | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-------------|--|------------------|---------------|
| FIRST DISTRICT. | Round. | Critcher. | FOURTH. | Hinton. | Jergen- |
| Con. D. | R. | Ind. D. | Detembron | Con. D. 1,571 | R. 1,097 |
| Accomac 724 | 416 | 19 10 | Petersburg | | 931 |
| Northampton 537 | 551 461 | 48 | Dinwiddie | 988 | 1,282 |
| Gloucester 415 Matthews 24 | 140 | 17 | Mecklenburg | 958 | 1,904 |
| 212400110110110111111111111111111111111 | 459 | 20 | Lunenburg | 758 | 741 |
| | 635 | 9 8 | Nottoway | 866 | 1,069 |
| | 536 | ă | Amelia | 416 | 882 |
| King William 889 King and Queen 444 | 565 | 18 | Greensville | 470 | 710 |
| Northumberland 472 | 868 | 142 | Prince Edward | 538 | 1,850 |
| Lancaster 427 | 487 | 21 | Charlotte | 709 | 803 |
| Richmond county 252 | 6 | 561 | Powhatan | 269 | 634 |
| Westmoreland 228 | 5 | 799 | Cumberland | 876 | 886 |
| King George 822 | 11 | 475 | m-4-1 | 7 000 | 12,322 |
| Stafford 519 | 103 | 44 | Total | 7,976 | 60.68 |
| Prince William 544 | 260 | 16 | Per cent | | |
| Nhotavivania 400 | 270 | 1 | Total vote in 1878, 20,298; | in 1876 | , 26,771; |
| Fredericksburg 420 | 192 | 4 | 883 of which number were cas | st for M | l. R. Do |
| · | - 474 | 0.004 | Mortie (ind. rep.). Majority gensen over W. E. Hinton | 01 1086 | pn Jor- |
| Total 7,266 | 5,474 | 2,296 | gensen over W. E. Hinton | ın 1878 | , 4,340; |
| Per cent | 80.40 | 10.20 | same over same in 1876, 1,404. | | |
| Plurality of R. L. T. Beale of | ver Ge | 4 070 | FIFTH. | Cabell. | Witcher. |
| Round, 1,792; over John C | lucuei | in 1876 | FIFTIL | Con. D. | Ind. D. |
| Majority of B. D. Douglas (| To | tal vote | Halifax | 1,938 | 1,960 |
| Total | , ₁₀ | | Pittsylvania | 1,979 | 829 |
| 111 1878, 15,030; 111 1670, 20,100. | | Dezen- | Henry Franklin | 761 | 497 |
| SECOND. | Goode. | dorf. | Franklin | 1,009 | 510 |
| | Con. D. | . R. 627 | Patrick | 504 | 57 |
| | 1,178 878 | 897 | Floyd | 531 | 72 |
| Portsmouth | | 1,290 | Floyd Carroll | 645 | 29 |
| | 1,093 752 | 531 | Gravson | 621 | 139 |
| Princess Anne | 1,384 | 683 | Danville North Danville | 501 56 | 163 11 |
| Tala of Micht | 1,347 | 879 | North Danvine | | |
| Elizabeth City | 261 | 753 | Total | 8 545 | 4,267 |
| York | 415 | 895 | Per cent | 66.69 | 83.27 |
| Wassink | 125 | 202 | | | |
| James City | 163 | 169 | Total vote in 1878, 12,812; i | п 1010, | 24,900 ; |
| Charles City | 210 | 872 | George C. Cabell's majorit Witcher in 1878, 4,278; Cab | ell ove | r 1) S |
| | 865 | 280 | Towis (rep.) in 18'6 5 204 | CII OVC | 1 1. 13. |
| | 698 | 683 | Lewis (rep.) in 18:6, 5,304. | | |
| Southampton | 1,621 | 885 | SIXTH. | Tucker. | Patteson. |
| Southampton | 488 | 413 | | Con. D. 156 | Ind. D. 71 |
| Prince Heorye | 000 | 65 5 | Alleghany | 156 | 71 869 |
| Williamsburg | 111 | 65 | Botetourt | 536 1,351 | 609 |
| | 1 547 | 8,808 | Bedford | 1,265 | 967 |
| _ Total 1 | 56.82 | 43.16 | Rockbridge | 891 | 887 |
| Per cent | 1878 | 81 874 | Ambanat | 910 | 879 |
| Total vote in 1878, 20,355; in John Goode's majority in 1878 | over . | John F. | Amherst | 467 | 109 |
| Dezendorf, 2,780; in 1876, ov | er Jos | enh Se- | Buckingham | 583 | 735 |
| gar (rep.), 1,896. | •• • • • • | | Nelson | 980 | 535 |
| THIRD. | huston. | Newman. | NelsonLynchburg | 824 | 839 |
| 2 | on. D. | G. | | | |
| Richmond city | 2,653 | 641 | _ Total | 7,893 | 4,520 |
| Henrico | 433 | 537 | Per cent | 63.60 | 86.37 |
| Chagterfield | 616 | 615 | Total vote in 1878, 12,413 : | in 1876 | . 27.552. |
| Hanover | 704 | 810 | J. Randolph Tucker's major | ity over | Camm |
| Caroline | 605 | 474 | Total vote in 1878, 12,413; J. Randolph Tucker's major Patteson in 1878, 3,373; Tuck | ker (det | n.) over |
| Lonies | 507 269 | 777 818 | George H. Burch (rep.) in 187 | 6, 5,298 | • |
| Manchester | 200 | 010 | 1 | | |
| · · | K 797 | 4,172 | SEVENTII. | Harris. D. | Paul. D. |
| Total | 58.10 | | Roth | 223 | 141 |
| Total vote in 1978 9 959: it | n 1876 | . 28,966. | Highland | 251 | 255 |
| Per cent | n ove | w.w. | HighlandAugusta | 1,553 | 691 |
| Newman in 1878, 1.615; Gilb | ert C. | Walker | Rockingham | 939 | 1,795 |
| Newman in 1878, 1,615; Gilbe (dem.) over Charles S. Mills | (rep.) | in 1876, | Rockingham Page Shopendoch | 546 | 866 |
| 2,106. | | | Shenandoah | 1,123 | 252 |
| 7th District. | | | Shenandoah | 1,403 | 1,218 |
| Total vote in 1878, 12,815; i | n 1876 | , 23,393. | Greene | 206 | 881 |
| In 1878 no nomination was m | ade b | y either | Fluvanna | 482 | 188 |
| party; Harris and Paul both | claim | ed to be | Goochland | 522 | 208 |
| Conservatives. J. T. Harris's | major | ity over | [m-4-1 | e doe | * ** |
| Total vote in 1878, 12,815; i In 1878 no nomination was mearty; Harris and Paul both Conservatives. J. T. Harris's John Paul. 1,702; Harris over (rep.) in 1876, 10,803. | E. 11 | . Larly | Per cent Bighted by GO |) <u>0</u> 287 | 5,583 |
| (LCD') III 1940' IA'9A'7' | | | is or cent | 56.43 | 48 53 |
| | | | | | |

STATE OF VIRGINIA.—Representatives in Congress. (Continued.)

| , | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| EIGHTH. | Hunton. Con. D. | Carter. | Wythe | 483 | 15 | 607 | |
| Frederick | | 101 | Pulaski | 213 | 124 | 225 | |
| Clarke | | 85 | Bland | 80 | 29 | 543 | 2 |
| Warren | | 17 | Montgomery | 380 | 122 | 242 | 32 0 |
| Loudoun | 1.189 | 861 | Giles | 603 | 106 | 265 | 10 |
| Alexandria city | 727 | 214 | Roanoke | 252 | 850 | 76 | 5 |
| Alexandria county | | 9 | Craig | 61 | 87 | 123 | 10 |
| Fairfax | | ออั | 1 | | | | |
| Fauquier | | 47 | Total | | | | 613 |
| Rappahannock | 833 | - 5 | Per cent | | | | |
| Madison | | ક્ષ્યું | J. B. Richmond's | plura | ity over | r Faye | tte Mc- |
| Orange. | | 25 | Mullin, 291; Pri | demor | e's (de | m.) m | ajority |
| Culpepper | | 28 | over George T. Eg | sbert (| rep.) in | 1876, | 10,186. |
| Winchester | | 98 | SUMMAR | Y-TO | CAL VO | TE. | |
| ** Inchesca | | | | | 10 | 78. | 1876. |
| Total | 5 772 | *1,119 | First district | | | 086 | 25.168 |
| Per cent | 78 03 | 21.95 | Second district | | •••• | | 81.874 |
| *There were 506 votes ca | | | Third district | • • • • • • | 🔊, | 050 | 28,966 |
| ran (ind.) | Stror values | OOCH- | Fourth district | ••••• | ജ്, | อดอ อดอ | 26,771 |
| | | | Fifth district | • • • • • • | 10 | 480 Q19 | 24,988 |
| _ Total vote in 1878, 7,39 | 7; in 1876, | 20,885. | Sixth district | •••• | 19 | 410 | 27.552 |
| Eppa Hunton's majority i | in 1878 over | DOLE, | Seventh district | ••••• | 10 | 815 | 23,393 |
| 4,147; m 1876 over J. C. O | | | Eighth district | ••••• | 12, | 397 | 26,835 |
| | McMul- New- | | Ninth district | • • • • • • | ···· 15, | 102 | 19,918 |
| NINTil. mond. Con. D. | lin. berry. Ind. D. Ind. D. | bell. . R. | Minut district | •••• | 10, | 106 | 19,310 |
| Lee 935 | 60 1897 | . Kio | Aggregate | | 198 | 104 | 235,465 |
| Scott 820 | 733 279 | 54 | The prepaymen | | | | |
| | 59 279 | 56 | quired in 1878 and | not in 1 | 10 pon | iah na | ocupte |
| Wisc 274 Buchanan 4 | 201 51 | 5 | in great part for the | ha falli | na off a | of the | toto |
| | 1.218 256 | 56 | Aggregate vote | in 1 | מליל לילו | n Gov | voic. |
| Washington 451 1 Russell 178 | 477 223 | 23 | 106,329, of which | Hollid | lav (da | m) ro | havian |
| Tazewell 423 | 295 487 | 19. | 101,940. There w | ag no | rannhli | 111./ JC | mine |
| 8myth 253 | 951 85 | 4. | tion, but 4,889 rep | | | | |
| ышуш 203 | 221 00 | * | | uvillai | 1 10103 | 4010 C | aoi. |
| | | | | | | | |

The Legislature of 1878 stands: Democrats, 180; Republicans, 18; Independents, 22.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

| | | ATE IN 88, 1878. | For | Against | | ATE IN 88, 1876. |
|--------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Counties—24. | Brents. R. | Caton. D. | Constitu- | Constitu tion. | Jacobs. R. | Judson D. |
| Chehalis | 74 | 67 | 91 | 42 | 77 | 69 |
| 'lallam | 78 | 55 | 103 | 8 | 70 | 49 |
| larke | 450 | 366 | 386 | 330 | 453 | 312 |
| Columbia | 632 | 579 | 426 | 513 | 842 | 385 |
| Cowlitz | 231 | 136 | 115 | 207 | 193 | 162 |
| sland | 80 | 97 | 164 | 1 | 64 | 90 |
| efferson | 219 | 149 | 832 | 80 | 198 | 188 |
| King | 878 | 584 | 1.284 | 30 | 806 | 751 |
| Kitsap | 257 | 187 | 198 | 85 | 220 | 222 |
| Klickitat | 894 | 206 | 229 | 101 | 144 | 68 |
| Lewis | 218 | 220 | 230 | 78 | 198 | 186 |
| Mason | 43 | 81 | 54 | 49 | 28 | 124 |
| Pacific | 205 | 68 | 158 | 93 | 222 | 70 |
| Pierce | 389 | 449 | 230 | 839 | 227 | 840 |
| kamania | 28 | 61 | 17 | 47 | 4 | 80 |
| San Juan | 96 | 113 | 167 | 20 | 71 | 112 |
| Snohomish | 237 | 170 | 808 | 20 | 224 | 143 |
| Stevens | 171 | 164 | 75 | 5 | 117 | 145 |
| Thurston | 433 | 853 | 259 | 118 | 865 | 34 |
| Wahkiakum | 82 | 96 | 62 | 28 | 25 | 5 |
| Walla Walla | 686 | 540 | 89 | 847 | 893 | 54 |
| Whatcom | 402 | 809 | 482 | 89 | 299 | 19 |
| Whitman | 529 | 395 | 716 | 116 | 174 | 61 |
| Yakima | 212 | 208 | 210 | 90 | 169 | 12 |
| Total | 6,974 | 5,673 | 6,537 | 8,236 | 5,073 | 4,831 |
| Majority | 1,801 | 1 | 8,301 | | 242 | 1 |
| Per cent | 55.14 | 44.85 | 1 | ١ | 51.22 | 48.77 |
| Total vote | 12,6 | | | | 9,9 | 904 |

ŧ.

Note.—The second vote, recorded in 1878, was upon the question of adopting a State Constitution as preliminary to seeking admission to the Union.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA.

| Congress—1878. President—1876. | Congress—1878. President—1876. |
|---|---|
| COUNTIES. Wil- Hub- Bas- Til- Coop- | COUNTIES. Kenna. Walker. Tilden. Hayes. Cooper. |
| 54. son. bard. sell. den. Haves, er. | 8d District, D. G. D. R. G. |
| 1st District. D. R. G. D. R. G. | Boone 656 424 526 176 3 |
| Brooke 450 345 216 641 495 2 | Braxton 1,005 428 941 871 |
| Calhoun. 675 248 12 525 258 | Cabell 1,082 1,104 1,355 742 4 |
| Dodd'rge 726 888 451 734 673 56 | Clay 147 356 142 129 13 |
| Gilmer 850 243 41 583 276 | Fayette 1,188 631 983 633 |
| Hancock. 417 423 2 428 518 | Greenbrier. 1,059 699 1,669 619 |
| Harrison, 1,677 1,090 1,002 1,958 1,711 99 | Jackson 1,087 984 1,298 1,239 |
| Lewis 1,019 673 290 1,198 883 | Kanawha 2,153 2,907 2,833 2,121 484 |
| Marshall. 1,047 1,400 44 1,499 1,971 | Lincoln 739 533 617 291 |
| Ohio 2,878 8,325 229 3,831 3,240 | Logan 1,058 114 683 61 |
| Pleas'nts 550 298 121 510 889 8 | Mason 1,617 2,125 1,900 1,890 50 |
| Ritchie 868 770 244 977 1,099 21 | McDowell 298 6 139 18 |
| Tyler 767 758 187 810 985 9 | Mercer 693 466 738 161 |
| Wetzel., 1,412 526 85 1,378 595 104 | Monroe, 766 1,122 1,239 605 |
| Wirt 750 420 36 599 435 11 | Nicholas 726 346 528 277 |
| Wood 1,771 1,546 1,177 2,285 2,096 271 | Putnam 568 1,166 977 604 150 |
| | Raleigh 523 898 525 314 |
| Total15,857 12,448 4,087 17,911 16,076 576 | Roane 997 851 924 648 85 |
| Plurality.8,409 Majority1,259 | Summons 740 E04 000 400 |
| Total vote, 32,393 84.563 | Warma 1 4kg 000 1 000 E01 |
| Per cent. 48.95 88.42 12 61 51.82 46.51 1.66 | Wroming 400 100 100 000 |
| D. D. Johnson (dem.) received one vote in | Wyoming 476 180 188 289 |
| Tyler. | Total 19,040 16,213 20,436 12,165 739 |
| · | Majority 2,827 7,531 |
| COUNTIES, Mar- Thomp- Til- Coop- 2d District, tin, Burr. son. den. Hayes, er. | Total vote 35,274 33,840 |
| D. R. G. D. R. G. | • |
| Barbour, 1,202 899 859 1,228 898 | Per cent 54.00 46.00 61.29 36.48 |
| Berkeley 1,284 667 695 1,897 1,563 | Mann Mile nemabilees make in Abia dia |
| Grant 227 248 124 816 606 | Note.—The republican vote in this dis- |
| Hampsh. 1,113 17 155 1,657 278 2 | trict was mainly cast for Henry S. Walker, |
| Hardy 912 5 114 877 147 | there being no republican nominee. |
| Jefferson 1,279 118 237 2,022 975 2 | M1-4-1 04-000 |
| Marion 1,448 1,036 634 1,735 1,560 46 | Total vote in State, 1878, 94,907 |
| Mineral. 786 183 478 971 697 | Total vote, 1876 100,526 |
| Mon'g'lia 1,182 1,227 48 1,136 1,572 8 | Total State, 1876 56,455 42,698 1,373 |
| Morgan 540 199 112 422 519 | Per cent, democratic vote, 1878, 58.01 |
| Pendlet'n 636 88 833 808 346 | |
| Poca'tas, 500 627 239 | Per cent, 1876 56.16 42.48 1.36 |
| Preston. 1,185 1,484 164 1,224 2,183 | |
| Rand'lph 922 184 148 944 300 | The Legislature of 1879-80, stands: Demo- |
| Taylor 1,088 992 249 1,022 1,227 | crats, 61; Republicans, 10; National Green- |
| Tucker. 279 71 71 816 130 | back Party, 18 -total, 89. |
| Upshur., 454 764 307 582 1,029 | · · |
| Webster, 484 5 8 824 43 | |
| | |
| Total 15,421 7,587 4,281 18,108 14,457 58 | |
| Majority. 8,603 8,598 | |
| Total vote, 27,240 82,623 | |
| Per cent56.61 27.85 15.53 55.50 44.31 | • |

WYOMING TERRITORY.—Delegate in Congress, 1878.

| Counties—5. | Downey. R. | Pease. D. |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Laramie Albany Carbon Surbon Surbon | 1,118 651 518 | 1,042 448 818 526 445 |
| Total | 1,079 58.25 | 2,769 41.74 |

WISCONSIN.—Representativés in Congress.

| COUNTIES,-60. | 400 | | I | 18 | 78. | | 1876. | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1878. | 18 | | 6th DIST. | Jones. | Bouck. | Steele. | Kimball | Bouck. |
| 1st DIST. Williams. Parkers. R. D. | er. Williams.\ R. | | Brown | R. | D. 2,422 | G. | R. | D. |
| Kenosha 1,292 1,2 | | D. 1.441 | Calumet | 665 | 1,390 | 674 511 | 2,765 994 | 8,566 |
| Racine 8,206 2,17 | | 2,896 | Door | 676 | 252 | 513 | 1,037 | 2,168 641 |
| Rock 4,216 2,4 | | 2,832 | Green Lake | 1.089 | 1,108 | 252 | 1,669 | 1.567 |
| Rock 4,216 2,4 Walworth 8,221 1,4 | | 1,967 | Kewaunee | 434 | 1,718 | 41 | 424 | 1,748 |
| Waukesha 2,694 2,56 | | 3,342 | Outagamie | | 2,756 | 1,083 | 1,789 | 8.702 |
| <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | Waupaca | | 1,106 | 660 | 2,545 | 1,673 |
| Total14,629 9,94 | | 12,478 | Waushara | 1,641 | 479 | 262 | 1,934 | 662 |
| Plurality 4,680 | 5,728 | | Winnebago. | 2,776 | 8,128 | 1,198 | 4,640 | 4,901 |
| Scattering 21 | 42 | 40.00 | l | | | | | |
| Per cent 59.52 40.6 | | 40.66 | Total | 11,748 | 14,849 | 5,144 | 17,847 | 20,623 |
| Total vote. 24,599 | 30, | 004 | Majority | 15 | 2,601 | ۰ | | 2,776 |
| 2d DIST. Caswell. Davis. T | enney. Caswell | . Orton. | Scattering. Per cent | | 45.90 | 10,05 | 46.89 | 53.60 |
| R. D. Columbia 2,500 1,834 | G. R. 192 3,468 | D. 2,566 | Total vote | 01.00 | 81,256 | 10,00 | | 470 |
| | 946 5,274 | 5,905 | | • | | | | |
| Danc 4,554 4,207 Jefferson 2,959 2,481 | 296 2,936 | 4,060 | 7th DIST. | Humphr | ey. Par | | mphrey. | Gage. D. |
| Sauk 2,594 980 | 948 3,40 | 2,214 | Buffalo | R. | |). 141 1 | R. 1,160 | 1,060 |
| Daux 2,007 500 | . 010 0,10 | | Clark | 882 | 8 | 27 1 | ,196 | 656 |
| Total12,607 9,502 9 | 2,376 15,078 | 14,475 | Eau Claire. | 1 594 | | ia s | 266 | 1,771 |
| Majority. 3,105 | 328 | , | Jackson | . 804 | . 8 | 89 1 | .500 | 716 |
| Scattr'g 8 | 6 | | La Crosse | . 1.787 | 1,48 | | 678 | 2,448 |
| Per cent. 51.06 88.66 | 9.66 51.01 | 48.99 | Monroe | . 1,462 | 2,2 | 22 2 | ,142 | 2,008 |
| Total vote. 24,518 | 29 | ,548 | Pepin | . 658 | 85 | 28 | 856 | 872 |
| 8d DIST. Hazelton. King | . Hazelton. | Orton. | Pierce | . 1,544 | 1,0 | 66 2 | 2,277 | 791 |
| R. D. | R. | D. | St. Croix | . 1.705 | 1,5 | 56 1 | ,886 | 1,667 |
| Crawford 1,023 1,30 | 01 1,400 | 1,540 | Trempeleau | | | 98 8 | ,375 | 779 |
| Grant 8,245 2,66 | | 8,250 | Vernon | . 1,718 | 1,7 | 18 3 | ,416 | 982 |
| Green 2,027 1,89 | 90 2,587 | 1,862 | (Total | 15 050 | 10.00 | ~ ~ | ,702 | 13,220 |
| Iowa 1,861 2,27 Lafayette 1,885 2,00 | | 2.389 2.359 | Total Majority | | | | ,482 | 10,220 |
| Lafayette 1,885 2,06 | | 1,634 | Scattering. | . 7,370 | 6 | 5 | ,204 | |
| Richland 1,654 1,40 | 2,026 | 1,001 | Per cent | 58.96 | | | 1.02 | 38.97 |
| Total11,695 11,60 | 03 15,582 | 13,034 | Total vote | | 8,258 | | 83,9 | 22 |
| Majority 92 | 2,548 | , | OLL DYCE | | | | - | Cate. |
| Scattering 7 | ,8 | | 8th DIST. | Pour R. | | rows. | Pound. R. | D. |
| Per cent 50.19 49.8 | | 45.54 | Adams | | | 30 | 959 | 465 |
| Total vote. 23,298 | 28, | 616 | Ashland | . 245 | | 38 | 152 | 145 |
| | | | Barron | . 532 | | 5 1 | 578 | 812 |
| 4th DIST. Frisbie. Deuster. R. D. | Judd. Smith. | Lynde. D. | Bayfield | . 145 | | 17 | 111 | 51 |
| Milw'kee 8,577 7,252 | 979 10,046 | 12,064 | Burnett | . 158 | | 2 | 285 | 28 |
| Ozaukee. 778 1,681 | 584 | 2,492 | Chippewa | | 1,4 | 10 1 | ,765 | 1,581 |
| Wash'tn. 1,667 2,224 | 226 1,322 | 8,097 | Douglas | 1 960 | | 19 25 1 | 46 1,777 | 65 1,152 |
| | | | Juneau | 1 9/5 | | 11 1 | ,674 | 1,520 |
| | 1,205 11,952 | 17,653 | Lincoln | . 271 | 1,0 | 16 | 79 | 237 |
| Majority. 185 | | 5,701 | Marathon | | | | 619 | 1,867 |
| Scatter'g. 154 | 1 40 07 | 69.62 | Marquette . | | | 20 | 682 | 1.120 |
| Per cent. 50.19 47.88 | 5.17 40.37 29. | | Oconto | . 1,331 | . 19 | | ,808 | 1,175 |
| Total vote 23,538 | 20. | 000 | Polk | . 725 | . 21 | 35 ` | 963 | 428 |
| 5th DIST. Smith. Bragg. Gi | ddings. Carter. | Bragg. | Portage | . 1,811 | 1,4 | 10 1 | ,860 | 1,787 |
| R. D. | G. R. | D. | Shawano | | | 28 | 579 | 864 |
| | 1,216 8,287 | 6,360 | Taylor | . 274 | | 77 | 235 | 249 |
| F.DuLac. 3,188 3,395 | 1,687 4,829 | 5,618 | Wood | . 719 | 9 | 06 | 666 | 814 |
| M'nito'oc 1,787 2,852 | 29 2,692 | 8,918 | Total | 12 705 | 11,4 | 21 14 | 1,838 | 13,860 |
| Sheboyg. 2,688 2,036 | 1,225 8,228 | 8,653 | Majority | | | v. 15 | 798 | 20,000 |
| Total. 10,285 12,392 | 4,157 14,081 | 19,544 | Scattering | | Į. | | ••• | |
| Total10,285 12,892 4 Majority. 2,107 | x,101 17,001 | 5,513 | Per cent | 52.86 | 47.1 | 3 5 | 1.70 | 48.29 |
| Scatter's. 79 | 54 | 0,010 | Total vote | . 24 | 1.230 | | 28, | 698 |
| Per cent. 88.36 46.18 | 5.49 41.79 | 58.20 | Total vote | in St | ite, 187 | 3 | | 06,665 |
| Total vote. 26,913 | | ,575 | Total vote | , 1876. | | | \$ | 253,372 |
| , , , | | - | i | | | | | |

The Legislature of 1879-80, stands; Republicans, 90; Democrats, 36; National Greenback Party, 8-total, 138.

NUMBER OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS FROM EACH STATE From the Beginning of the Government in 1789 to 1879.

| = | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| - | States. | PRESIDENTS. | VICE- PRESIDENTS. | SECRETARIES OF STATE. | SECRETARIES OF TREASURY. | SECRETARIES OF WAR. | SECRETARIES OF NAVY. | SECRETARIES OF INTERIOR. | POSTMASTERS- GENERAL. | ATTORNETS- GENERAL. | SUPREME COURT | PRES'TS pro tem. | SPEAKERS OF HOUSE. | Total. |
| , | Alabama | | 1 | | l | | 1 | | | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| | Arkansas | | l . . | l | | | | | | | ļ | | | |
| | California | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | i |
| | Colorado | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Connecticut | | | <u>.</u> . | 1 | 1 | 2 | | 4 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 14 |
| | Delaware Florida | | •••• | 2 | 1 | | | | | 1 | | | | 4 |
| | Georgia | •••• | • • • • | ;. | 2 | 2 | • • • • | · · · · | | 2 | ··i | 8 | ··i· | •••: |
| 8 | Illinois | | •••• | 1 | | ĩ | • • • • • | ··i | 1 | Z. | i | _ | _ | 13 |
| 10 | Indiana | ~ | i i | 1 | 1 | • | 1 | 6 | i | • • • • • | | ··i | | 6 13 |
| | Iowa | | | | • | 2 | 1 * | Ω 1 | 1 . | | i | • | | 4 |
| | Kansas | | | | | 1 | l | | | | ı | | | • |
| 13 | Kentucky | | 2 | 1 | 8 | ï | | | 4 | 8 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 21 |
| | Louisiana | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | | | | 8 7 21 |
| | Maine | | 1 | | 2 | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 7 |
| | Maryland | | | 1 | 2 | 1 | 8 | | 2 | 5 | 5 | 2 | | 21 |
| 17 | Massachusetts | 2 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 5 | | 1 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 54 |
| | Michigan Minnesota | •••• | • • • • | 1 | | 1 | | 2 | • • • • | • • • • | • • • • | 2 | • • • • • | 6 |
| | Mississippi | | • • • • | • • • • | ···i | · i | | i | • • • • • | | • • • • • | ··i | • • • • | •••• |
| 21 | Missouri | ļ | •••• | ••• | 1 | • | | i | | | | 1 | | 8 |
| 22 | Nebraska | | | | •••• | | • • • • | | | • | | | | 0 |
| 23 | Nevada | | | | ••• | | | | | | | | | •••• |
| | New Hampshire | i | | | i | | 1 | | | | ï | 8 | | ***** |
| 25 | New Jersey | l | | | | | 8 | | | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 8 |
| 26 | New York | 2 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 2 | | 2 | 8 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 7 8 85 |
| 27 | North Carolina | | | | . | | 4 | | | | 2 | 8 | 1 | 10 |
| 28 | Ohio | 2 | | | 4 | 8 | | 8 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 1 | | 23 |
| 29 | Oregon | ••• | | | | • • • | | | | 1 | | | | 1 86 |
| 30 | Pennsylvania | 1 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 2 | | 2 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 86 |
| 81 | Rhode Island | • • • • | ••• | | | . :- | : | | • • • • | ••;• | | 28 | | 2 14 |
| 82 83 | South Carolina Tennessee | 8 | 1 | 2 | ··• | 2 2 | 1 | • • • • | 8 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 16 |
| | Гехая | ٥ | 1 | • • • • • | 1 | Z | | • • • • | ° | 1 | 1 | 2 | - 1 | 10 |
| | Vermont | | •••• | ٠٠. | | | | | · i | | | 2 | •••• | 8 |
| 36 | Virginia | 5 | 2 | 6 | | 3 | 4 | · i | l | 4 | 5 | ã | 4 | 40 |
| 87 | West Virginia | | | | | ١ | l | l l | | | l | | | |
| 88 | Wisconsin | | | | ļ | ļ | l | | 1 | | | i | | 2 |
| - 1 | | | | _ | | | | | - | | | | | |
| - 1 | Total | 19 | 19 | 27 | 32 | 36 | 28 | 12 | 26 | 85 | 45 | 48 | 28 | 35 i |
| | | | | <u></u> | | <u></u> | | <u>' </u> | | | | | | |

OFFICERS OF THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Sccretary-Spencer F. Baird.

Chief Clerk-William J. Rhecs.

Executive Committee. { Peter Parker, John Maclean, Wm. T. Sherman. REGENTS OF THE INSTITUTION.

Morrison R. Waite, Chief-Justice of the U. S. James A. Garfield, member of the House. T. W. Ferry, President of the Senate, pro tem. H. Hamilin, member of the Senate. R. A. A. Sargent, member of the Senate. A. A. Sargent, member of the Senate. Hiester Ciymer, member of the House. Alex. H. Stephens, member of the House.

Agricultural Crops of 1878 in the United States.

[Estimate by the Department of Agriculture.]

| | - · · · · |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Wheat | Potatoes 129 000 000 bushels |
| Dariey 42 000,000 " | Corn1,746,325,000 " |
| Rye | Oats410,000,000 " |
| Hay 37,955.300 tons. | Cotton 5.200 000 balce |

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Statistics of Schools for the Unfortunate Classes in the United States.

THE number of institutions for the instruction of the Deaf and Dumb in the United States for 1876 was 42, with 312 instructors, 5200 pupils, and \$1,232,858 expenditure for the year.

The number of schools for the Blind in 1876 was 29, with 580 instructors and other employés, 2083 pupils; \$786,550 expenditures.

The number of schools for Feeble-Minded Youth (idiots and imbeciles) was 11, having 318 instructors and other employés, 1560 inmates, at an expenditure of \$202,686.

The number of Reform Schools in the United States was 51, all located in 19 Northern and Western States, and having 800 teachers, officers, and assistants, with 12,087 inmates, at an annual cost for instruction of \$1,404,483, and annual carnings by the inmates of \$174,119.

The number of Orphan Asylums in the United States, in 1876, was 188, in 29 States and 2 Territories, having 1530 officers and assistants, 18,759 immates, maintained at an expenditure of \$1,541,444. Of Soldiers' Orphan Homes, there were 20, with 366 officers, etc.; 4146 immates, and an expenditure of \$433,678 in 1876.

Of Industrial Schools there were 36, located in 17 States, employing 425 teachers and assistants, with 13,662 pupils, and an expenditure last year of \$342,599.

Railroad Building in 1878.—The railroad construction of the year 1878, in the United States, is given by the Railroad Gazette (N. Y.) at 2,688 miles, distributed among thirty-five States and Territories. This is a larger number of miles of new railroad than have been constructed in any year since 1873.

Failures in 1878.—The records of failures in the United States during the whole year 1878, as tabulated by Dun, Barlow & Co., aggregate 10,478 failures, involving liabilities to the amount of \$234,383,132; being an increase over the failures of 1877 of 1,606 in number of failures, and \$43,713,196 in liabilities.

United States Bonds held by the Treasury to secure National Bank Circulation, and Interest received by the Banks thereon—1870–1879.

[Compiled from the Reports of the Comptroller of the Currency.]

| DATE. | 6 per cent. Bonds. | 5 per cent. Bonds. | | 4 per cent. Bonds. | Total Bonds. | Total. Interest. |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. | Dollars. |
| Nov. 1, 1870. | 247,460,950 | 97,284,600 | | | 344,745,550 | 19,711,887 |
| Nov. 1, 1871. | 181,158,600 | 185,955,850 | | | 367,114,450 | 20,167,308 |
| Nov. 1, 1872. | 173,303,100 | 211,665,800 | | | 384,968,900 | 20,981,476 |
| Nov. 1, 1873. | 157,834,950 | 235,017,150 | | | 392,852,100 | 21,220,954 |
| Nov. 1, 1874. | 145,981,650 | 239,440,100 | | | 385,421,750 | 20,730,904 |
| Nov. 1, 1875. | 128,503,212 | 239,046,200 | | | 367,549,412 | 19,662,50 |
| Nov. 1, 1876. | 103,819,300 | 223,602,700 | 10,305,800 | | 337,727,800 | 17,873,054 |
| Nov. 1, 1877. | 81,984,550 | 200,090,500 | 45,089,700 | | | 17,588,000 |
| Nov. 1, 1878. | 72,829,750 | 196,615,600 | 49,397,250 | | | 17,646,09 |
| Feb. 1, 1879. | | 184,856,300 | 43,578,550 | 52,542,700 | 348,939,200 | 17,383,256 |

Note.—The Comptroller's Report states the average rate of State taxation on the capital of the National Banks at 2 per cent.; the U. S. tax on circulation at 1 per cent.; and the profit to the Banks on amount of circulation is Baya, 408, 900 Bonds deposited (being \$314,468,010, less 5 per cent. redemption fund), at \$8,961,519, or about 2½ per cent. on the capital invested in the Bonds (on the basis of keeping their whole issues loaned), more than would be derived from loaning the whole capital at 8 per cent., without the privilege of circulating notes.

STATE CAPITALS AND GOVERNORS IN 1879.

| STATE. | CAPITAL. | Governor. | Years of Bega | | | | | erm nds. | Salary. |
|-------------------|----------------|--|---------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------------------|---------|
| Alabama | Montgomery | Rufus W. Cobb, D | 2 | Nov. | 28, | ۱78 | Nov. | 27, '80 4, '81 | \$3,000 |
| | Little Rock | William R. Miller, D. | | Jan. | 7, | '79 | Jan. | 4, '81 | 3,500 |
| California | Sacramento | William Irwin, D | 4 | Dec. | 4, | 775 | Dec. | 1, '75 | 7,000 |
| | Denver | Fred. W. Pitkin, R | 2 | Jan. | 14, | 79 | Jan. | 10, '81 | 3,000 |
| | Hartford | Charles B. Andrews, R. | 2 | Jan. | 9, | '79 | Jan. | 13, '81 | 2,000 |
| Delaware | Dover | John W. Hall, D | 4 | Jan. | 21, | '79 | Jan. | 21, '89 | 2,000 |
| | Tallahassee | George F. Drew, D | 4 | Jan. | 1. | 777 | Jan. | 1, '81 | 3,500 |
| | | Alfred H. Colquitt, D. | | Jan. | 1, | '77 | Jan. | 1, '81 | |
| Illinois | | Shelby M. Cullom, R. | | Jan. | 8, | '77 | Jan. | 10, '\$1 | |
| Indiana | Indianapolis | Jas. D. Williams, D | | Jan. | 8, | '77 | Jan. | 3, '81 | |
| | | John H. Gear, R | 2 | Jan. | 14, | '78 | Jan. | 11, '80 | |
| Kansas | Topeka | John P. St. John, R | | Jan. | 18, | | Jan. | 10, '81 | |
| Kentucky | Frankfort | Jas. B. McCreary, D Francis T. Nicholls, D. | | Aug. | 81, | 75 | Sept. | 8, '79 | |
| Louisiana | New Orleans | Francis T. Nicholls, D. | | Jan. | 8, | '77 | Jan. | 10, '81 | 8,000 |
| Maine | Augusta | Alonzo Garcelon, D | | Jan. | 4, | 79 | Jan. | 1, 60 | |
| Maryland | Annapolis | John Lee Carroll, D Thomas Talbot, R | | Jan. | 1, | '76 | Jan. | 1, '80 | |
| Massachusetts | Boston | Thomas Talbot, R | | Jan. | 1, | '79 | Jan. | 7, '80 | |
| Michigan | Lansing | Chas. M. Croswell, R. | | Jan. | 1, | 779 | Jan. | 1, '81 | 1,000 |
| Minnesota | St. Paul | John S. Pillsbury, R | | Jan. | 8, | '78 | Jan. | 13, '80 | 3,000 |
| Mississippi | Jackson | John M. Stone, D | | Jan. | 8, | '78 | Jan. | 3, '82 | 4,000 |
| Missouri | Jefferson City | John S. Phelps, D | | Jan. | 8. | 777 | Jan. | 10, '81 | 5,000 |
| Nebraska] | Lincoln | Albinus Nance, R | | Jan. | 7, | '79 | Jan. | 4, '81 | 2,500 |
| Nevada | Carson City | John H. Kinkead, R | | Jan. | 6, | '79 | Jan. | 1, '8; | 6,000 |
| New Hampshire | Concord | Benj. F. Prescott, R. 1 | | June | 5, | '78 · | June | 4, '79 | 1,000 |
| New Jersey | Frenton | Geo. B. McClellan, D. Lucius Robinson, D. | | | 15, | '78 · | Jan. | 18, '81 | 5,000 |
| New York | Albany | Lucius Robinson, D | | Jan. | 1, | 777 | Jan. | 1, '80 | |
| North Carolina. I | Raleigh | Thomas J. Jarvis, D | | Feb. | 5; | ′79 | Jan. | 1, '81 | 4,000 |
| Ohio (| Columbus | Richard M. Bishop, D. | | | 14, | '78 | Jan. | 12, '80 | 4,000 |
| Oregon S | | W. W. Thayer, D | | Sept. | 11, | 78 | Sept. | 18, '82 | 1,500 |
| | | Henry M. Hoyt, R | | | zı. | 79 | Jan. | 17, 62 | 10,000 |
| Rhode Island 1 | | Chas. C. Van Zandt, R | | | 28, | 78 | May | 27, '79 | 4,000 |
| South Carolina. C | Columbia | W.D.Simpson, Actg. D | | | • • • | 78 | | '80 | 4,500 |
| Tennessee | Nashville | Albert S. Marks, D | | | 15, | 79 | Jan. | 15, '81 | 4,000 |
| Texas | lustin | Oran M. Roberts, D | | | | | Jan. | 15, '81 | 4,000 |
| Vermont | Montpelier | Redfield Proctor, R., | | Oct. | | | Oct. | 5, '80 | 1,000 |
| Virginia I | Richmond | F. W. M. Holliday, D. | | Jan. | | | Jan. | 1, 82 | 5,000 |
| West Virginia V | Wheeling | Hy. M. Mathews, D | | Mar. | 4, | 77 | Mar. | 4, '81 | 2,700 |
| wisconsin | Madison | William E. Smith, R. | 2 | Jan. | 7, ' | 78 | Jan. | 5, '80 | 5,000 |

¹ Natt Head, R., was elected Governor Nov. 5, 1878, for the first biennial term under the new constitution, beginning June 4, 1879.

Democratic Governors, 23.

Republican Governors, 15,

Governors of the Territories in 1879.

| TERRITORY. | CAPITAL. | Governor. | Years of Term. | Term Began. | Term Ends. | Salary. |
|------------|---|--|----------------------|---|---|--|
| Dakota | Yankton Boise City Helena Santa Fé Salt Lake City Olympia | John C. Fremont, R Wm. A. Howard, R Mason Brayman, R Benjamin F. Potts, R. Lewis Wallace, R George W. Emery, R. Elisha P. Ferry, R John W. Hoyt, R | 4 4 4 4 | June 12, '78 Mar. 12, '78 July 24, '76 July 18, '78 Sept. 3, '78 Suly 1, '75 Apr. 26, '76 Apr. 10, '78 | Mar. 12, '82 July 24, '80 July 13, '82 Sept. 8, '82 July 1, '79 Apr. 26, '80 | 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 |

LEGISLATURES AND ELECTIONS OF STATES.

| STATES. | Ses- sions. | Next Legisla- ture meets. | Limit of Session. | Term of Sen. | Term of Rep. | Salary. | Next Election. |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---|--|
| Alabama | Bien. | Nov. 9, '80 | 50 days. | 4 | 2 | \$4 per day & 10 } c. mileage. | Bien. Aug. 2, '8 |
| Arkansas | Bien. | Jan. 13, '79 | 60 days. | 4 | 2 | \$6 per day. | Bien. Sept. 6, '9 |
| California | Bien. | Dec. 1, '79 | 120 days. | 4 | 2 | \$10 per day & \$3 } for 20 m. travel. | Bien. Sept. 3, 77 |
| Colorado | Bien. | Jan. 1, '79 | 40 days. | 4 | 2 | 354 per day. | Bien. Oct. 5, '8 |
| Connecticut | Bien. Bien. Bien. | Jan. 1, '79 Jan. 8, '79 Jan. 7, '79 | None. None. | 2 | 1 2 | \$300 and mileage. \$3 per day & mil'ge. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Florida | Bien. | Jan. 1, '79 | 60 days. | 4 | 2 | \$6 per day. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Georgia | | Nov. 4, '80 | • | ı | 2 | \$4 per day & mil'ge. } \$5 per day & 10 { | Bien, Oct. 6, '8 |
| Illinois | Bien. | | None. | 4 | 2 | c. mileage & \$50. \ | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Indiana Iowa | Bien. Bien. | Tan 19 190 | 60 days. None. | 4 | 2 | \$5 per day. \$550. | Bien Oct. 12, '8 |
| Kansas | Bien. | Jan. 14. '79 | 50 days. | 4 | 2 2 | \$3 per day for 50 d. \$5 day & mil'ge 15 c. | Bien. Oct. 12, '8 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Kentucky | | Dec. 31, 79 | 60 саув. | 4 | 2 | \$5 day & mil'ge 15 c. | Dien. Aug. 4, " |
| Louisiana | | Jan. 6, '79 | 60 days. | 4 | 2 | mileage. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Maine | Ann. | | None. | 1 | 1 | \$150. \$5 per day and | Ann. Sept. 8, '7 |
| Maryland | Bien. | | 90 days. | 4 | 2 | mileage. | Bien. Nov. 4, '7 |
| Massachus'tts. Michigan | Ann. Bien. | Jan. 1, 79 | None. None. | 1 2 | 1 2 | \$650. \$3 day & 10 c. mile. | Ann. Nov. 4, '7 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Minnesota | Bien. | Jan 7 '70 | 60 days. | 2 | 2 | \$5 per day and 15 c. | Rien Nov 9 '2 |
| Mississippi Missonri | Bien. Bien. | Jan. 8, '79 | None. 70 days. | 4 | 2 2 | \$500. \$5 day & mile. & \$30. | Bien. Nov. 4, '7 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Nebraska | Bien. | Jan. 7, '79 | 40 days. | 2 | 2 | \$3 per day. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Nevada | Bien. | Jan. 6, '79 | 60 days. | 4 | 2 | \$8 per day and \\ 40 c. mileage. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| N. Hampshire. | Bien. | June 4, '79 | None. | 2 | 2 | \$8 per day and mileage. | Bien. Nov 2, '8 |
| New Jersey New York | Ann. | Jan. 14, '79 Jan. 7, '79 | None. None. | 3 2 | 1 1 | \$ 500. | Ann. Nov. 4, '7 |
| N. Carolina | | Jan. 8, 79 | CO days. | 2 | 2 | \$1,500. § \$4 per day and \{ | Ann. Nov. 4, '7 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| | - | | | | 1 | 10 c. mileage. { | |
| Ohio | - 1 | Jan. 7, '79 | None. | 2 | 2 | \$3 for 25 m. { \$3 per day and { | Ann. Oct. 7, 7 |
| Oregon | | Sep. 13, '80 | 40 days. | 4 | 2 | 33 for 20 m. | Bien. June 7, '8 |
| Pennsylvania | | Jan. 7, '79 | None. | 4 | 2 | \$1,000. § \$1 per day and } | Ann. Nov. 4, '7 |
| Rhode Island * | Ann. | Jan. 14, '79 | None. | 1 | 1 | 8 c. mileage. | Ann. Apr. 2, '7 |
| S. Carolina | Ann. | Nov. 5, '79 | None. | 4 | 2 | \$5 per day and \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Tennessee | Bien. | Jan. 6, '79 | 75 days. | 2 | 2 | \$4 per day and \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Texas | Bien. | Jan. 14, 179 | co days. | 4 | 5 | \$5 per day. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Vermont Virginia | Bien. | Oct. 6, '80 Dec. 3, '79 Jan. 8, '79 | None. 90 days. | 2 | 2 2 | \$3 per day. \$540. | Bien. Sept. 7, 8 Bien. Nov. 4, 7 Bien. Oct. 12, '8 |
| West Virginia. | Bien. | Jan. 8, '79 Jan. 8, '79 | 45 days. | 4 | 2 | \$4 day & mileage. | Rien Oct 19 '8 |
| Wisconsin | Ann. | Jan. 8, 79 | None. | 2 | 1 | \$850 & 10 c. mile. | Ann. Nov. 4, '7 |
| TERRITORIES. | | | 1 | | | | |
| Arizona | Bien. | Jan. 6, '79 | 40 days. | 2 | 2 | h r | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| DakotaIdaho | Bien. | Jan. 6, '79 Jan. 14, '79 Jan. 12, '80 Jan. 14, '79 | 40 days. | 2 | 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 | 11 1 | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Montana | Bien. | Jan. 14, '79 | 40 days. 40 days. | 2 2 | 2 | \$6 per day and | Bien. Nov. 4, '7 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| New Mexico | men. | Jan. 5, 80 | 40 days. | 2 | 2 | milcage. | Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Utah | Bien. Bien. | Jan. 12, '80 Oct. 6, '79 | 40 days. 40 days. | 2 2 | 2 | | Ann. Aug. 4, '7 Bien. Nov. 2, '8 |
| Wroming | | Nov. 4, '79 | 40 days. | | 2 | ا زا | Ann. Sept. 7, '8 |

The Rhode Island Legislature is required to meet annually the last Tucsday in May, at Newport, and an adjourned session to be holden annually at Providence.
Nore.—In Ohio, and a few other States where the legislative sessions are biennial, the legislature solds "adjourned sessions," practically amounting to annual meetings.

STATE DEBTS, VALUATION, AND TAXES.

THE following statistics of the finances of the thirty-eight States in the Union have been derived in most cases from the officers of the States themselves:

| STATES. | Date of | AMOUNT O | OF STATE BT. | Amount Raised by | Amount of Property A | F TAXABLE S ASSESSED. | Tax |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| S1111201 | Statement. | Funded. | Unfunded. | Taxation Last Year. | Real. | Personal. | \$100. |
| | | | \$ | \$ | \$ 117.4 | 86,581 | Cts. |
| Alabama | Sept. 30, 1878. | 9,452,669 | | 827,399 | Real and | Personal. | 70 |
| Arkansas | Sept. 30, 1877. | 4,153,035 | 13,967,012 | 457,450 | 61,960,452 | | 60 |
| California | Oct. 81, 1878. Nov. 30, 1878. | 3,403,000 | None. | 4,105,884 | 454,641,311 | 140,431,866 | |
| Colorado | Nov. 30, 1878. | None. | 123,803 | 155,506 | | 17,268,303 | 36 |
| Connect't | Dec. 1, 1877. | 4,967,600 | | 2,246,490 | 238,027,032 | 106,379,945 | |
| Delaware | | 1,201,000 | 63,572 | 134,400 | 10 719 400 | 10 107 001 | 50 |
| Florida Georgia | Jan. 1, 1878. Jan. 1, 1878. | 1,284,700 10,644.500 | 03,312 | 225,000 1,129,990 | | 10,197,991 95,506,280 | 90 |
| Illinois | | 502,742 | None. | 3,330,000 | 994,214,374 | | 50 36 |
| Indiana | Nov. 1, 1878. | 4,998,178 | Tione. | 1,211,600 | 639,963,057 | 215,829,988 | 14 |
| | Oct. 30, 1877. | 545,435 | | 965,062 | 302,279,661 | 102,392,383 | 20 |
| Kansas | | 1,181,975 | | 705,060 | 96,695,457 | 41.131.186 | |
| Kantneky | Oct. 10, 1878. | 1 ' ' | | 1,430,957 | 357,8 | 26,013 | 40 |
| • | | | 1 | | 1 Iteal and | Personal. | |
| Louisiana | Jan. 1, 1878. | 11,624,500 | 1,035,943 | 2,473,629 | 139,220,457 | 35,483,337 | 1.45 |
| Maine | Jan. 1, 1878. | 5,873,900 | | 675,178 | | 79,569 Personal. | 40 |
| Maryland | Oct. 1, 1877. | 10 758 678* | | 1,063,958 | 547.0 | 44,271 | 17 |
| • | | | | | Lear and . | Personal. | 1 |
| Massac'ts Michigan | Jan. 1, 1879. Oct. 1, 1878. | 959,150 | ••••• | 603,348 | 1,118,557,164 308,753,036 | 66,127,992 | 06 ₁ \7 17 |
| Minnesota | Dec. 22, 1877. | 2,675,000 | 122,002 | 672,647 | 175,788,979 | 45,141,650 | |
| Mississippi. | January, 1878. | 2,954,458 | 120,000 | 634,701 | 94,940,254 | 32,186,480 | 50 |
| Missouri | Jan. 1, 1879. | 16,758,000 | 250,000 | 2,843,953 | 438,663,920 | | 40 |
| Nebraska | Nov. 30, 1878. | 599,267 | | 918,413 | 39,263,823 | 25,125,712 | 631 |
| Nevada | Jan. 1,1878 | 557,017 | 88,625 | 601,760 | 16,820,384 | | 90 |
| N. Hamns | June 1, 1878. | 3,420,100 | 124,408 | 400,000 | | 80,353 | 20 |
| - | | , , , | | | (near and | Personal. | |
| N. Jersey | Oct. 31, 1878. Sept. 30, 1878. | 2,196,300 | | 820,000 | 445.918,221 | 160,497,340 | 10 |
| New York. | Sept. 30, 1878. Sept. 30, 1878. | 9,154,055 | 926,695 | 533,635 | 2,376,252,178 91,679,918 | 379,488,140 | 29 |
| Ohio | Nov. 15, 1878. | 16,960,045 6,476,905 | 10,100,133 | | 1,084,455,378 | 56,884,639 490,1 90, 387 | · 38 29 |
| | • | | | | ('41 49 | 36,086 | |
| Oregon | Sept. 9, 1878. | • | | 286,914 | Real and | Personal. | 50 |
| Pennsylv'a. | Dec. 1, 1878. | 21,875,621 | 113,883 | 6,092,001 | No tax on Real Estate. | 159,882,242 | 80 |
| Rhode I l'd | Oct. 1, 1878. | 2,534,500 | None. | 492,360 | 188,655,569 | 67,897,249 | 12 |
| S. Carolina. | Oct. 31, 1878. | 5,130,966 | 1,603,730 | 715,982 | 85,633,878 | 40,083,341 | 45 |
| Tennessee | Dec. 21, 1878. | 20,221,800 | 4,201,902 | 626,529 | 202,340,815 | 20.871,338 | 10 |
| Texas | Scot. 1, 1878. | 5,073,861 | | 1,396,170 | 83,174.600 | 174,457,409 | 50 |
| Vermont | Aug. 1, 1878. | 88,000 | | 323,424 | 70,849,886 | 16,845.123 | 30 |
| Virginia | Dec. 1, 1878 | 29,350,826 | | 2,500,000 | 246,891,193 | 76,178,438 | 50 |
| West Va | Creation of | State Debt Constitution. | prohibited | 822,462 | 107,852,719 | 62,740,489 | 80 |
| | Sept. 30, 1878. | 2,252,057 | | 554,911 | 423,59 | 6,290 | 13 7 ₀ |

^{*} The State of Maryland held \$4,235,713 in interest-paying securities of corporations, besides \$23,360,682 in unproductive securities.

[†] Massachusetts held \$10,885,690 in sinking fund, January 1, 1878.



Historical and Statistical Table of the United States and Territories, showing the Area of each in Square Miles and in Acres; the Date of Organization of Territories; Date of Admission of New States into the Union, with the Statutory References for each.

Corrected from Report of Commissioner of the General Land Office.

| THE THIRTEEN ORIGINAL STATES. | Ratified the | Area of the Original States. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Constitution. | In Square Miles. | In Acres. | | |
| New Hampshire Massachusetts Riode Island Connecticut New York New Jersey Pennsylvania Delaware Maryland Virginia—East and West North Carolina South Carolina Georgia | Feb. 6, 1788 May 29, 1790 Jan. 9, 1788 July 26, 1788 Dec. 18, 1787 Dec. 7, 1787 April 28, 1788 | 9,280 7,800 1,300 4,750 47,750 47,000 8,330 46,000 2,120 11,124 61,352 50,704 34,000 58,000 | 5,939,200 4,992,000 835,840 30,080,000 5,324,800 29,440,000 7,119,366,200 7,119,366,200 39,265,280 32,460,600 37,120,000 | | |

| STATES Admitted. | Act Organiz- ing Territory. | U. Stati | S. ites. | Act Admit- ting State. | U. Stati | | Admission Took Effect. | Admit | rea of ted States erritories. |
|---|---|------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | Vol. | P. | | Vol. | P. | | In Sq. Miles. | In Acres. |
| Vermont. Tennessee. Ohio Louisiana Indiana Mississippi Illinois. Alabama Maine Missouri Arkansas Michigan Florida Iowa Texas Wisconsin California Minnesota Oregon Kausas | Out of N. C.) Ordn'e of 1787 March 3, 1805 May 7, 1800 April 7, 1798 Feb. 3, 1807 (Out of Mass.) June 4, 1812 March 2, 1819 Jan. 11, 1805 Mar. 30, 1823 (Annexed.) April 20, 1838 (Fr'm Mexico) March 3, 1842 Aug. 14, 1848 | 1 2 2 1 2 3 2 8 2 8 5 5 5 5 9 9 10 | 58311 58 549 5144 8711 743 493 309 654 235 797 10 403 323 277 | Feb. 18, 1791 June 1, 1796 Apr. 30, 1802 Apr. 8, 1812 Dec. 11, 1816 Dec. 10, 1817 Dec. 3, 1818 Dec. 14, 1819 Mar. 3, 1820 Mar. 2, 1821 June 15, 1836 Jan. 26, 1837 Mar. 3, 1845 Mar. 1, 1845 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 Mar. 3, 1847 | 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 | 189 191 191 173 701 399 472 536 608 544 742 742 742 108 178 452 285 383 126 633 | Mar. 4, 1791 June 1, 1796 Nov. 29, 1802 Apr. 30, 1812 Dec. 11, 1816 Dec. 10, 1817 Dec. 8, 1818 Dec. 14, 1819 Mar. 15, 1820 Aug. 10, 1821 June 15, 1836 Jan. 26, 1837 Mar. 3, 1845 Dec. 28, 1846 Dec. 29, 1845 May 29, 1848 Sept. 9, 1859 May 11, 1858 Feb. 14, 1859 Jan. 29, 1861 | 87,680 9,612 45,600 39,964 41,346 41,346 55,410 50,722 85,000 65,350 52,198 56,451 59,268 55,045 274,356 51,7601 83,531 195,274 80,891 | \$3,406,720 \$6,128,640 \$7,931,520 \$5,228,800 175,587,840 \$4,511,360 100,992,640 53,459,840 60,975,360 51,770,240 |
| Nevada Nebraska Colorado | March 2, 1861 May 30, 1854 | 12 | 209 277 172 | Mar. 21, 1864 Feb. 9, 1867 | 13 14 18 | 80 891 474 | Oct. 81, 1864 Mar. 1, 1867 | 112,090 75,995 104,500 | 71,737,60 48,636,80 |

POPULATION, CAPITALS, AND AREA OF PRINCIPAL NATIONS.

| Countries. | CAPITAL. | Last Cen- sus. | Population. | Area Square Miles. | Inhabitants to the Square Mile. |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Argentine Republic Austria-Hungary Belgium Bolivia Brazil | Vienna Brussels La Paz | 1875 1869 1876 1861 1872 | 1,715,681 85,904,485 5,836,185 1,742,852 10,108,291 | 871,000 226,406 11,373 473,300 8,275,826 | 1.96 158.58 469.23 3.70 8.08 |
| Canada, Dominion of Chili | Ottawa Santiago Pekin Bogota | 1871 1875 Est. 1870 | 8,602,321 2,075,971 433,500,000 2,951,311 | 8,483,952 130,977 8,924,627 482,400 | 1.08 15.79 110.45 6.83 |
| Egypt. Denmark. Ecuador. France. Germany. | . Copenhagen | Est. 1870 1875 1876 1875 | 5,252,000 1,912,142 866,137 86,905,788 42,727,360 | 212,600 14,558 218,984 201,900 212,091 | 24.70 181.82 8.49 182.79 201.45 |
| Great Britain and Ireland Greece India, British Italy | l. London Athens Calcutta. Rome | 1871 1870 1871 1871 | 81,628,338 1,457,894 190,663,623 26,801,154 | 121,230 19,941 950,919 112,677 | 268.08 72.96 200.50 243.91 |
| Japan Mexico Morocco Netherlands Norway | . Mexico | 1874 1871 Est. 1869 1875 | 83,623,319 9,276,079 6,000,000 8,579,529 1,806,900 | 156,604 761,640 219,000 12,680 122,280 | 214.71 12.18 27.39 282.30 14.78 |
| Paraguay. Persia Peru Portugal Russian Empire | . Teheran . Lima . Lisbon | 1873 Est. 1876 1875 1876 | 221,079 6,500,000 2,699,945 4,441,037 86,952,847 | 57,303 648,000 502,760 86,510 8,404,767 | 8.85 10.03 5.31 121.81 10.84 |
| RoumaniaServiaSiamSpain | Bucharest Belgrade Bangkok Madrid | Est. 1874 Est. 1870 | 5,376,000 1,720,270 6,300,000 16,222,814 | 51,033 19,721 250,000 182,758 | 105.84 87.83 25.20 92.11 |
| Sweden. Switzerland. Turkey. Uruguay. United States | Berne | 1876 1870 Est. 1876 1870 | 4,429,718 2,759,854 81,669,147 445,000 88,925,598 | 170,980 15,283 1,812,048 70,000 8,608,884 | 25.90 181.17 17.62 6.85 10.80 |
| Venezuela | . Caracas | 1878 | 1,784,197 | 868,285 | 4.92 |

ORGANIZATION AND AREA OF TERRITORIES.

| Territories. | Act organizing | U. S. Statutes. | | Area of the Ter- ritorics. | |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1.22.1.0.1.20.1 | Territor y . | Vol. Page. | | In Sq. Miles. | In Acres. |
| New Mexico. Utah. Washington Dakota. Arizona Idaho Montana | Sept. 9, 1850 Sept. 9, 1850 Mar. 2, 1853 Mar. 2, 1861 Feb. 24, 1863 Mar. 3, 1863 May 26, 1864 | 9 9 10 12 12 12 12 | 446 458 172 239 664 808 85 | 121,201 84,476 69,994 150,982 118,916 86,294 148,776 | 77,568,640 54,064,640 44,796,160 96,596,480 72,906,804 55,228,160 92,016,640 |
| Wyoming | July 25, 1868 June 80, 1834 July 16, 1790 Mar. 8, 1791 July 27, 1868 | 15 4 1 1 15 | 178 729 180 214 240 | 97,888 68,991 } +64 577,890 | 62,645,120 44,154,240 41,060 865,529,600 |

^{*} No Territorial government.

[†] Reduced from 100 to 64 square miles by recession of part to Virginia in 1846.

The whole area of the States and Territories, including water surface of lakes and rivers, is nearly equal to flur million aguang miles.

HEADS OF THE PRINCIPAL NATIONS OF THE WORLD IN 1879.

| | III 1019. | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------------|--|
| Governments. | Rulers. | Title. | Year of Birth. | Date of Accession. |
| Argentine Republic Austria-Hungary | Nicolás Avellaneda Franz Joseph I Leopold II Hilarion Dazz Pedro II. Alcántara. Anibal Pinto Kwong Shu General Trujillo. Tomas Guardia. Christian IX José de Vintimilla. François P. Jules Grévy. | President Emperor. King President Emperor. President Emperor. President Fresident Fresident King President King President King Bresident Emperor. Oberpräsid't. Duke. Grand Duke. Grand Duke. Burgomasters Burgomasters Grand Buka. | 1838 1830 | Oct. 12, 1874 Dec. 2, 1848 |
| Bolívia Brazil | Hilarion Daza Pedro II Alcántara | President Emperor | 1835 | May 4, 1876 April 7, 1831 |
| Chili | Anibal Pinto Kwong Shu | Emperor President | 1871 | Sept. 18, 1876 Jan. 12, 1875 April 1, 1878 |
| Costa Rica Denmark | Tomas Guardia Christian 1X | President | 1818 | Provisi onal. Nov.15, 1863 |
| FranceGermany | François P. Jules Grévy. Wilhelm I Eduard von Möller | President Emperor | 1813 1797 | Jan. 30, 1879 Jan. 18, 1871 |
| Alsace-Lorraine Anhalt Baden | Eduard von Möller Friedrich Friedrich I Ludwig II | Duke Grand Duke | 1814 1831 1826 | May 22, 1871 Apl. 24, 1852 |
| | Ludwig II | King Burgomasters Duke. | 1845 | Mar.10, 1864 Apl. 20, 1831 |
| Hamburg | Ludwig IV | Burgomasters Grand Duke | 1834 | June 13,1877 Dec. 8, 1875 |
| Lubeck. Mecklenb'rg-Schwerin | Wilhelm I Ludwig IV. G. F. Waldemar. Friedrich Franz II. Friedrich Wilhelm Peter. Wilhelm I. Henrich XXII. Hetherich XIV. Ernst II. Georg II. Karl Alexander Adolf. Georg Günther II. Georg Victor Karl I. Victoria I. Georgios I. J. Rufino Barrios | Burgomasters Grand Duke. | 1823 | Mar. 7, 1842 |
| Oldenburg Prussia | Peter | Grand Duke King | 1819 1827 1797 | Feb. 27, 1853 Jan. 2, 1861 |
| Reuss-Greiz Reuss-Schleiz Saxe-Altenburg | Henrich XXII Heiurich XIV Ernst | Prince Prince Duke | 1846 1832 1826 | Nov. 8, 1859 July 10, 1867 Aug. 3, 1853 |
| Saxe-Coburg & Gotha. Saxe-Meiningen | Ernst II | Duke Duke Grand Duke | 1818 1826 1818 | Jan. 29, 1844 Sept.20,1866 July 8, 1853 |
| Saxony. Schaumburg-Lippe | Albert | King Prince | 1828 1817 | Oct. 29, 1873 Nov.21, 1860 Nov. 26, 1869 |
| Schwarzburg-Rudolph Schwarzburg-Sonders. Waldeck | Günther II | Prince | 1801 1831 | Aug. 19,1835 May 14, 1845 |
| Gt. Britain & Ireland Greece | Karl I Victoria I Georgios I | Queen&E.ofI. King | 1823 1819 1845 | June 20,1837 June 6, 1863 |
| Guatemala Haiti Hawaijan Islands | J. Rufino Barrios Kalakana I | President President King President King | 1836 | May 7, 1873 Feb. 12, 1874 |
| Honduras | M. A. Soto | President King | 1844 | May 29, 1877 Jan. 9, 1878 Feb. 13, 1867 |
| Mexico Morocco | Porfirio Diaz | President Sultan | 1830 1831 | May 5, 1877 Sept. 25, 1873 |
| Nicaragua | Pedro Chamorro Higinio Uriarte | President | 1817 | Nov. 10, 1875 Apr. 12, 1877 |
| Persia Peru Portugal | Nassr-ed-Deen Mariano Ignacio Prado Luis I | President King | 1838 | Aug. 2, 1876 Nov. 11,1861 |
| Russia | Alexander II | Emperor President President | 1818 | Mar. 2, 1855 Dec. 10, 1876 Apl. 30, 1876 |
| Haiti Hawaiian Islands Honduras Italy Japan Mexico Morocco Morocco Netherlands Nicaragua Paraguay Persia Peru Portugal Russia Santo Domingo San Salvador Spain Sweden and Norway Switzerland Turkey Egypt Roumania Servia United States Uruguay Venezuela | Alfonso XII Oscar II | King King | 1857 1829 | Dec.80, 1874 Sept. 18, 1872 Jan. 1, 1879 |
| Turkey Egypt | Abdul-Hamid-Khan | Sultan Khediye | 1842 1830 | Aug. 31, 1876 Jan. 18, 1863 May 10, 1866 |
| Servia. United States. | Mari I. Domnu | Prince President | 1855 1822 | July 2, 1868 Mar. 5, 1877 |
| Uruguay Venezuela | L. Latorre F. L. Alcantara | President | | Feb. 27, 1877 |

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RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE.

From the United States Official Postal Guide, October, 1878.

The standard single rate is ½ ounce avoirdupois.

* Prepayment optional in case of country marked with a star, embraced in the Postal Union Treaty of 1874. "When not prepald, double rates are collected.

| DESTINATION. | Let | News- | DESTINATION. | Let- | News- |
|---|----------|------------------|--|----------|-----------------------------|
| | ters | papers | | ters. | papers |
| Add Dutab Descendence | Cts. | Cts. | T | Cts. *10 | Cts. |
| Africa, British Possessions on W. Coast, by British Mail | 10 | 4 | Jamaica Japan, dir., via S. Francisco | *10 | 4 |
| Africa, Spanish Possessions | 10 | * | Java, British Mail, viâ | 10 | |
| on Northern Coast | *5 | 2 | Southampton | *10 | 4 |
| Argentine Confederation | 10 | 4 | Southampton Liberia, British Mail, viâ | | |
| Australia, except New South Wales and Queensland, | 1 | 1 1 | Southampton | 15 | 4 |
| Wales and Queensland, | | اما | Luxembourg | *5 | 2 |
| U. S. Mau | *5 | 2 2 2 2 | Madelra | *5 | 2 2 |
| Austria | *5 | ا ۋ ا | Malta | | - |
| AzoresBalearic Isles | +5 | 2 | nia St. Thomas. | *10 | 4 |
| Belgium | *5 | 2 | via St. Thomas Mexico, by sea | 10 | 2 |
| Bermuda | 10 | 4 | " overland | 3 | 1 |
| Bermuda | | | Morocco, British Mail Western Coast— | *15 | 4 |
| Aspinwall | 1 40 | 4 | Western Coast- | *5 | |
| Brazil, British Mail | *10 | 1 1 | Spanish Postal Stations | 3 | 2 |
| British Columbia | 10 | 4 | Nassau, N. P | *15 | 6 |
| Rurmah German Mail | 17 | 8 | New Brunswick. | 3 | ĩ |
| Buenos Ayres | ** | | New Foundland. | 5 | 2 |
| | | 4 | Naw Granada direct Mail | 5 | 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 4 |
| Canada | 8 | 1 1 | New Zealand, direct Mail | 12 | 2 |
| Canary Islands | *5 | 2 | New Zealand, direct Mail | 12 | 2 |
| Canada. Canary Islands Cape of Good Hope Carthagens, New Grenada. Ceylon, British Mail, viā | 15 | 4 | | *5 | 2 |
| Carthagena, New Grenada | 13 | 4 | Norway | 3 | 2 |
| Southampton | *10 | 4 | Nova Scotia Panama, direct Mail | 5 | 9 |
| Southampton | 17 | 4 | Paragnay, II. S. Packet | 27 | 4 |
| China, vid San Francisco | 5 | 2 | Paraguay, U. S. Packet Peru, British Mail | 10 | 4 2 |
| Costa Rica, direct Mail, via | | | Poland | 5 | 2 |
| China, vid San Francisco Costa Rica, direct Mail, vid Aspinwall | 5 | 2 | Poland Porto Rico, British Mail, vid | | |
| Cuba, direct Mail | 5 | 2 | St. Thomas | *10 | 4 |
| Curaçoa, British Mail, via | 10 | ا ما | Portugal Prince Edward Island | *5 | 2 1 2 2 2 2 |
| St. Thomas | | 2 | Oneoneland | 12 | 9 |
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| Ecuador | 20 | 2 | Russia | *5 | 2 |
| Egypt. England. Faroe Islands. | *5 | 2 | Salvador, direct Mail Sandwich Islands, direct | 10 | 2 |
| England | *5 | 2 | Sandwich Islands, direct | | |
| Faroe Islands | *5 | 2 | Mail, viâ San Francisco Scotland | 6 | 1 |
| Fiji Islands, direct, via San | 5 | | Scotland | *5 | 2 2 2 |
| FranciscoFinland | 5 | 2 | Servia Shanghai Siam, dir. from S. Francisco | 5 | 9 |
| France | *5 | ã l | Siam dir from S. Francisco | 10 | 2 |
| French Colonies | *10 | 4 | Sierra Leone, British Mail, | 20 | |
| Gambia, British Mail | *10 | 4 | via Southampton | 15 | 4 |
| Gambia, British Mail Germany Gibraltar, British Mail Gold Coast, British Mail | *5 | 2442224 | Spain St. Domingo St. Helena, British Mail | *5 | 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 |
| Gibraltar, British Mail | *5 | 23 | St. Domingo. | 13 | 2 |
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| Greenland | 10 | 4 | Tripoli, Italian Mail | 5 | 2 |
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| Guadaloupe, " | *10 | 4 | Turkey Turk's Island, British Mail. | *5 | 2 |
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| Iceland India, British Mail Ireland | *5 | 2 | Zanzibar, British Mail, via | 10 | |
| Italy | *5 | 2 | Southampton | 10 | 4 |
| | | ~ | , ~ 5 uomampeon | 20 | - |

UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

First Class Mail Matter.

LETTERS.—This class includes letters and any thing of which the Postmaster cannot ascertain the contents without destroying the wrapper, or any thing unsealed which may be wholly or partly in writing—except book-manuscript, corrected proofs passing between authors and publishers, and postal cards. Postage, 3 cents each half ounce, or for each fraction above half an ounce. On local or drop letters, at free delivery offices, 2 cents without provided in the content of t free-delivery offices, 2 cents. At offices where no free-delivery by carrier, 1 cent.

Postal cards, 1 cent.

Registered letters, 10 cents in addition to the proper postage.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail matter.

Second Class.

REGULAR PUBLICATIONS.—This class includes all newspapers, periodicals, or matter exclusively in print and regularly issued at stated periods from a known office of publication or news agency. Postage, on daily or weekly issues, 2 cents a pound or fraction thereof. On periodicals issued less frequently than once a week, 3 cents a pound or fraction thereof.

Third Class.

Mail matter of the third class is divided as follows:

One cent for two ounces.—Almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected proofs, hand-bills, magazines, when not sent to regular subscribers, maps (lithographed or engraved), music (printed sheet), newspapers, when not sent to regular subscribers, occasional publications, pamphlets, posters, proof-sheets, prospectuses, and regular publications designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for free circulation, or for circulation at nominal rates.

or tree circulation, or for circulation at nominal rates.

One cent for each ounce.—Blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, cardboards, and other flexible material, chromo-lithographs, circulars, engravings, envelopes, flexible patterns, letter envelopes, letter paper, lithographs, merchandise, models, ornamented piper, postal cards, when sent in bulk and not addressed, photographic views, photographic paper, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, and merchandise, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions, stereoscopic views.

All packages of matter of the third class must be so wrapped or enveloped, with open sides or ends, that their contents may be readily examined by reatmentage.

open sides or ends, that their contents may be readily examined by postmasters without destroying the wrappers.

Matter of the second and third classes containing any writing whatever, will be

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charged with letter postage, except as follows:

The sender may write his name or address therein, or on the outside, with the word "from" preceding the same, or may write briefly on any package the number and names of the articles inclosed.

Postal Money Orders.

An order may be issued for any amount, from one cent to fifty dollars inclusive, but fractional parts of a cent cannot be included.

The Fees for orders are: On orders not exceeding \$15..... over \$15 and not exceeding \$30...15 over 30 " " 40...90

40 over When a larger sum than fifty dollars is required, additional orders must be obtained; but no more than three orders will be issued in one day from the same postoffice to the same remitter in favor of the same payee.

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The free delivery of mail matter at the residences of the people desiring it The free delivery of mail matter at the residences of the people desiring it required by law in every city of 50,000 or more population, and may be established at every place containing not less than 20,000 inhabitants. The present number of free-delivery offices is 87.

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail-matter may be sent free by legislative saving-clauses, viz.:

1. All public documents, printed by order of Congress.

2. Seeds transmitted by the Commissioner of Agriculture, or by any member of Congress are converd from that department.

Congress, procured from that department.

8. All newspapers sent to subscribers within the county where printed.
4. Letters and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, mailed only from an Executive Department, or a bureau or office of the same, in specially printed envelopes.

All communications to Government officers, and to or from members of Con-

gress, are required to be prepaid by stamps.

HS.

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A fine is incurred by retaining it beyond the specified time.

Please return promptly.





